



LAWS OF ALASKA

1987

Source

Chapter No.

CSHB 139 (Jud) am S

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AN ACT

Relating to the jurisdiction of the superior and district courts; judicial disqualification, disciplinary actions, and impeachment; the procedure for judicial retirement due to incapacity or disability; proceedings before magistrates; and amending Rule 16(a), Alaska District Court Rules of Civil Procedure.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

THE ACT FOLLOWS ON PAGE 1, LINE 14

UNDERLINED MATERIAL INDICATES TEXT THAT IS BEING ADDED TO THE LAW AND BRACKETED MATERIAL IN CAPITAL LETTERS INDICATES DELETIONS FROM THE LAW; COMPLETELY NEW TEXT OR MATERIAL REPEALED AND RE-ENACTED IS IDENTIFIED IN THE INTRODUCTORY LINE OF EACH BILL SECTION.

Approved by the Governor: June 5, 1987
Actual Effective Date: September 3, 1987

AN ACT

Relating to the jurisdiction of the superior and district courts; judicial disqualification, disciplinary actions, and impeachment; the procedure for judicial retirement due to incapacity or disability; proceedings before magistrates; and amending Rule 16(a), Alaska District Court Rules of Civil Procedure.

* Section 1. AS 09.30.200 is amended to read:

Sec. 09.30.200. FILING AND STATUS OF FOREIGN JUDGMENTS. A copy of a foreign judgment authenticated in accordance with the Act of Congress or the laws of this state may be filed in the office of the clerk of the [SUPERIOR] court with jurisdiction in [OF] this state. The clerk shall treat the foreign judgment in the same manner as a domestic judgment [OF THE SUPERIOR COURT]. A judgment so filed has the same effect and is subject to the same procedures, defenses, and proceedings for reopening, vacating, or staying as a domestic judgment [OF THE SUPERIOR COURT] and may be enforced or satisfied in like manner.

* Sec. 2. AS 09.30.220 is amended to read:

Sec. 09.30.220. STAY. (a) If the judgment debtor shows the [SUPERIOR] court that an appeal from the foreign judgment is pending or will be taken, or that a stay of execution has been granted, the court shall stay enforcement of the foreign judgment until the appeal

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1 is concluded, the time for appeal expires, or the stay of execution
2 expires or is vacated; upon proof that the judgment debtor has fur-
3 nished the security for the satisfaction of the judgment required by
4 the state in which it was rendered.

5 (b) If the judgment debtor shows the [SUPERIOR] court any ground
6 upon which enforcement of a judgment of the [SUPERIOR] court of this
7 state would be stayed, the court shall stay enforcement of the foreign
8 judgment for an appropriate period, upon requiring the same security
9 for satisfaction of the judgment that [WHICH] is required in this
10 state.

11 * Sec. 3. AS 09.30.230 is amended to read:

12 Sec. 09.30.230. FEES. A person filing a foreign judgment shall
13 pay to the clerk of court the fee prescribed for the filing of an
14 action. Fees for docketing, transcription, or other enforcement
15 proceedings shall be as provided for domestic judgments [OF THE SUPE-
16 RIOR COURT OF THIS STATE].

17 * Sec. 4. AS 09.43.170 is amended to read:

18 Sec. 09.43.170. COURT, JURISDICTION. In AS 09.43.010 - 09.43.-
19 180, the term "court" means the [SUPERIOR] court with jurisdiction in
20 [OF] this state. The making of an agreement described in AS 09.43.010
21 providing for arbitration in this state confers jurisdiction on the
22 [SUPERIOR] court to enforce the agreement under AS 09.43.010 - 09.43.-
23 180 and to enter judgment on an award under the agreement.

24 * Sec. 5. AS 15.58.050 is amended to read:

25 Sec. 15.58.050. INFORMATION AND RECOMMENDATIONS ON JUDICIAL
26 OFFICERS. No later than August 7 of the year in which the state
27 general election will be held, the judicial council shall file with
28 the lieutenant governor a statement including information about each
29 supreme court justice, court of appeals judge, superior court judge,
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and district court judge who will be subject to a retention election. The statement shall reflect the evaluation of each justice or judge conducted by the judicial council according to law and shall contain a brief statement describing each public reprimand, public censure, or suspension received by the judge under AS 22.30.011(d)(3) or (4) during the period covered in the evaluation. A statement may not exceed 600 words.

* Sec. 6. AS 22.07 is amended by adding a new section to read:

Sec. 22.07.075. IMPEACHMENT. A judge of the court of appeals is subject to impeachment by the legislature for malfeasance or misfeasance in the performance of official duties. Impeachment must originate in the senate and must be approved by two-thirds vote of its members. The motion for impeachment must list fully the basis for the proceeding. Trial on impeachment shall be conducted by the house of representatives. A supreme court justice designated by the court shall preside at the trial. Concurrence of two-thirds of the members of the house is required for a judgment of impeachment. The judgment may not extend beyond removal from office, but does not prevent proceedings in a court on the same or related charges.

* Sec. 7. AS 22.15.030(a) is amended to read:

(a) The district court has jurisdiction of civil cases, including foreign judgments filed under AS 09.30.200 and arbitration proceedings under AS 09.43.170, as follows:

(1) for the recovery of money or damages when the amount claimed exclusive of costs, interest, and attorney fees does not exceed \$35,000 [\$25,000];

(2) for the recovery of specific personal property, when the value of the property claimed and the damages for the detention do not exceed \$35,000 [\$25,000];

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1 (3) for the recovery of a penalty or forfeiture, whether
2 given by statute or arising out of contract, not exceeding \$35,000
3 [\$25,000];

4 (4) to give judgment without action upon the confession of
5 the defendant for any of the cases specified in this section, except
6 for a penalty or forfeiture imposed by statute;

7 (5) for establishing the fact of death of any person in the
8 manner prescribed in AS 09.55.020 - 09.55.060;

9 (6) for the recovery of the possession of premises in the
10 manner provided under AS 09.45.070 - 09.45.160 when the value [OF THE
11 PROPERTY OR] of the arrears and damage to the property does not exceed
12 \$35,000 [\$25,000];

13 (7) for the foreclosure of a lien when the amount in con-
14 troversy does not exceed \$35,000 [\$25,000];

15 (8) for the recovery of money or damages in motor vehicle
16 tort cases when the amount claimed exclusive of costs, interest and
17 attorney fees does not exceed \$35,000 [\$25,000];

18 (9) over civil actions for taking utility service and for
19 damages to or interference with a utility line filed under AS 42.20.-
20 030;

21 (10) over cases involving injunctive relief for domestic
22 violence under AS 25.35.010 and 25.35.020.

23 * Sec. 8. AS 22.15.120 is amended to read:

24 Sec. 22.15.120. LIMITATIONS ON PROCEEDINGS WHICH MAGISTRATE MAY
25 HEAR. A magistrate shall preside only in cases and proceedings under
26 AS 22.15.040, 22.15.100, and 22.15.110, and as follows,

27 (1) for the recovery of money or damages only when the
28 amount claimed, exclusive of costs, interest, and attorney fees, does
29 not exceed \$5,000;
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(2) for the recovery of specific personal property when the value of the property claimed and the damages for the detention do not exceed \$5,000;

(3) for the recovery of a penalty or forfeiture, whether given by statute or arising out of contract, not exceeding \$5,000;

(4) to give judgment without action upon the confession of the defendant for any of the cases specified in this section, except for a penalty or forfeiture imposed by statute;

(5) to give judgment of conviction upon a plea of guilty by the defendant in a criminal proceeding within the jurisdiction of the district court;

(6) to hear, try, and enter judgments in all cases involving misdemeanors, if the defendant consents in writing that the magistrate may try the case;

(7) to hear, try and enter judgments in all cases involving infractions under AS 28, violations under AS 11, and violations of ordinances of political subdivisions;

(8) for the extradition of fugitives as authorized under AS 12.70.

* Sec. 9. AS 22.15 is amended by adding a new section to read:

Sec. 22.15.205. IMPEACHMENT. A district judge is subject to impeachment by the legislature for malfeasance or misfeasance in the performance of official duties. Impeachment must originate in the senate and must be approved by two-thirds vote of its members. The motion for impeachment must list fully the basis for the proceeding. Trial on impeachment shall be conducted by the house of representatives. A supreme court justice designated by the court shall preside at the trial. Concurrence of two-thirds of the members of the house is required for a judgment of impeachment. The judgment may not

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1 extend beyond removal from office, but does not prevent proceedings in
2 the courts on the same or related charges.

3 * Sec. 10. AS 22.20.020(a) is repealed and reenacted to read:

4 (a) A judicial officer may not act in a matter in which

5 (1) the judicial officer is a party;

6 (2) the judicial officer is related to a party or a party's
7 attorney by consanguinity or affinity within the third degree;

8 (3) the judicial officer is a material witness;

9 (4) the judicial officer or the spouse of the judicial
10 officer, individually or as a fiduciary, or a child of the judicial
11 officer has a direct financial interest in the matter;

12 (5) a party, except the state or a municipality of the
13 state, has retained or been professionally counseled by the judicial
14 officer as its attorney within two years preceding the assignment of
15 the judicial officer to the matter;

16 (6) the judicial officer has represented a person as attor-
17 ney for the person against a party, except the state or a municipality
18 of the state, in a matter within two years preceding the assignment of
19 the judicial officer to the matter;

20 (7) an attorney for a party has represented the judicial
21 officer or a person against the judicial officer, either in the judi-
22 cial officer's public or private capacity, in a matter within two
23 years preceding the filing of the action;

24 (8) the law firm with which the judicial officer was asso-
25 ciated in the practice of law within the two years preceding the
26 filing of the action has been retained or has professionally counseled
27 either party with respect to the matter;

28 (9) the judicial officer feels that, for any reason, a fair
29 and impartial decision cannot be given.
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* Sec. 11. AS 22.20.020(b) is repealed and reenacted to read:

(b) A judicial officer shall disclose, on the record, a reason for disqualification specified in (a) of this section at the commencement of a matter in which the judicial officer participates. The disqualifications specified in (a)(2), (a)(5), (a)(6), (a)(7), and (a)(8) of this section may be waived by the parties and are waived unless a party raises an objection.

* Sec. 12. AS 22.25.010(b) is amended to read:

(b) A justice or judge may be retired for incapacity as provided in this section [BY LAW]. A justice or judge is eligible for retirement pay with two or more years of service at the time of retirement for incapacity. The effective date of retirement under this subsection is the first day of the month coinciding with or after the date that [UPON WHICH] the governor [WITH RESPECT TO A JUSTICE, OR THE SUPREME COURT WITH RESPECT TO A JUDGE] files written notice with the commissioner of administration [A WRITTEN DECLARATION TO THE EFFECT] that a designated justice or judge was retired for incapacity. A duplicate copy of the notice [DECLARATION] shall be filed with the Judicial Council.

* Sec. 13. AS 22.30.011 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

(h) If a judge has been publicly reprimanded, suspended, or publicly censured under this section and the judge has filed a declaration of candidacy for retention in office, the commission shall report to the Judicial Council for inclusion in the statement filed by the judicial council under AS 15.58.050 each public reprimand, suspension, or public censure received by the judge

(1) since appointment; or

(2) if the judge has been retained by election, since the last retention election of the judge.

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1 * Sec. 14. AS 22.30.070(c) is amended to read:

2 (c) On recommendation of the commission or after an appeal under
3 AS 22.30.011(e), the supreme court may (1) retire a judge for dis-
4 ability that seriously interferes with the performance of duties and
5 that is or may become permanent, and (2) publicly or privately censure
6 or remove a judge for action occurring not more than six years before
7 the commencement of the judge's current term which constitutes wilful
8 misconduct in the office, wilful and persistent failure to perform
9 duties, habitual intemperance, conduct prejudicial to the adminis-
10 tration of justice, or conduct that brings the judicial office into
11 disrepute. The effective date of retirement under (1) of this sub-
12 section is the first day of the month coinciding with or after the
13 date that the supreme court files written notice with the commissioner
14 of administration that the judge was retired for disability. A dupli-
15 cate copy of the notice shall be filed with the Judicial Council.

16 * Sec. 15. Rule 16(a) of the Alaska District Court Rules of Civil
17 Procedure is amended to read:

18 (a) Every [ALL] small claims action [ACTIONS] shall be tried by
19 the court without a jury. A judge may not be peremptorily challenged
20 either under Civil Rule 42(c) or AS 22.20.022.
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