



LAWS OF ALASKA

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Chapter No.

98

AN ACT

Relating to Regional Resource Development Authorities; and providing for an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

THE ACT FOLLOWS ON PAGE 1, LINE 9

Approved by the Governor: July 25, 1983
Actual Effective Date: July 26, 1983

AN ACT

Relating to Regional Resource Development Authorities;
and providing for an effective date.

* Section 1. LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS AND POLICY. The legislature finds, determines, and declares that:

(1) In most areas of the state, there is a lack of basic transportation and port facilities adequate to permit the development of natural resource enterprises, including mining enterprises.

(2) The development of natural resource enterprises, including mining enterprises, is essential to the long-term economic growth of the state and will directly and indirectly alleviate unemployment in the state.

(3) The achievement of full employment and the establishment and continuing development of natural resource enterprises in the state will be accelerated by authorizing the creation of instrumentalities in the various areas of the state with powers to borrow money to provide for the development of transportation and port facilities, and to own, operate and maintain transportation and port facilities, as provided in this chapter.

(4) The locally elected majority membership of an authority created under this chapter provides a method of assuring that the manner of development and the permanent features of a project will be consistent with the economic, sociological, cultural, environmental, and political aspirations of the residents of the particular region.

* Sec. 2. AS 30 is amended by adding a new chapter to read:

CHAPTER 13. REGIONAL RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITIES.

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1 Sec. 30.13.010. CREATION OF AUTHORITY. (a) The residents of
2 each area of the state within the boundaries of a regional housing
3 authority established under AS 18.55.996 which is located in whole or
4 in part in the unorganized borough of the state may create a public
5 body corporate and politic under the name and style of the "
6 Resource Development Authority" with all or any
7 significant part of the name of the region of the state inserted. The
8 boundaries of the authority created shall be coterminous with the
9 portion of the applicable regional housing authority that lies in the
10 unorganized borough. Creation of an authority is initiated by a
11 petition filed with the Department of Community and Regional Affairs
12 and a statement submitted to the governor before July 1, 1986. The
13 petition must include the proposed name of the authority, its bound-
14 aries, and a statement of the facilities proposed to be provided by
15 the authority. The petition must be signed by 15 percent of the total
16 number of residents in the portion of the applicable regional housing
17 authority that lies in the unorganized borough who cast votes in the
18 preceding general election. The Department of Community and Regional
19 Affairs shall review petitions for content and signatures. If the
20 Department of Community and Regional Affairs determines that the
21 petition is adequate, it shall transmit the petition to the director
22 of elections.

23 (b) The statement required under (a) of this section to be
24 submitted to the governor must include the purposes for which the
25 authority is to be created, the goals and potential projects the
26 authority intends to accomplish, and an analysis of alternative
27 methods of accomplishing the goals and projects of the proposed au-
28 thority. The governor shall determine whether the accomplishment of
29 the goals and potential projects of the proposed authority would be

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1 advantageous to the economic growth of the region and the state and
2 whether the creation of the proposed authority would be an appropriate
3 and desirable method of accomplishing those goals and projects. The
4 governor shall submit findings under this subsection to the division
5 of elections within 90 days after receipt of the statement.

6 (c) The director of elections shall order an election in the
7 area of the proposed authority to determine whether the voters desire
8 the creation of the authority if the director has received the peti-
9 tion and

10 (1) the governor has submitted affirmative findings to the
11 director under (b) of this section; or

12 (2) more than 90 days have elapsed since the statement was
13 submitted to the governor under (a) of this section and the governor
14 has failed to submit negative findings to the division of elections.

15 (d) An order for an election shall be made within 30 days after
16 the requirements of (c) of this section have been met. The election
17 shall be held not less than 30 or more than 120 days after the date of
18 the election order. To the extent practicable, the election shall be
19 held on a date coinciding with the date for other elections in the
20 region. The election order shall specify the dates after which nomi-
21 nation petitions for election of initial officers may be filed.

22 (e) A registered voter who has been a resident within the area
23 of the proposed authority for 30 days before the date of election may
24 vote.

25 (f) If creation of an authority is approved, the director of
26 elections shall, within 10 days of certification, order an election to
27 choose the five initially elected members of the board of governors of
28 the authority. The election shall be held not less than 60 or more
29 than 90 days after the date of the election order. The initially

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1 elected members of the board of governors shall take office on the
2 first Monday following certification of their election. Two of the
3 initially elected members shall be designated by lot to serve for a
4 term expiring on the first day of the second November after the date
5 of their election; two of the initially elected members shall be
6 designated by lot to serve for a term expiring on the first day of the
7 third November after the date of their election, and one of the ini-
8 tially elected members shall be designated by lot to serve for a term
9 expiring on the first day of the fourth November after the date of
10 election.

11 (g) Nominations for elected members are made by petition. The
12 petition shall be in the form prescribed by the director of elections
13 and include the name and address of the nominee and the statement of
14 the nominee that the nominee is qualified under this chapter for the
15 office of member of the board of governors of the authority. A
16 nomination petition shall include the signature and resident address of
17 20 voters in the area of the authority. The director of elections
18 shall supervise the elections in the general manner prescribed by the
19 Alaska Election Code (AS 15). The state shall pay all election costs
20 under this chapter.

21 (h) A copy of each petition for the creation of an authority and
22 of the certificate of the director of elections as to the election
23 shall be filed in the office of the director of elections. Upon proof
24 of filing the authority referred to shall, in any suit, action or
25 proceeding involving the validity or enforcement of, or relating to,
26 any contract or obligation or act of the authority, be conclusively
27 presumed to have been lawfully and properly created as a public body
28 corporate and politic and established and authorized to transact
29 business and exercise its powers under this chapter.

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1 Sec. 30.13.020. BOARD OF GOVERNORS. (a) The authority shall be
2 governed by a board of governors consisting of eight members, five of
3 whom shall be elected and three of whom shall be appointed by the
4 governor. Elections of members to succeed those initially elected
5 under AS 30.13.010(f) shall be held on the first Tuesday of October of
6 each year in which a term expires. Terms of elected members shall be
7 two years.

8 (b) Nominations for elected members to succeed those initially
9 elected under AS 30.13.010(f) shall be in accordance with the proce-
10 dures set out in AS 30.13.010(g).

11 (c) The three members appointed by the governor shall be the
12 commissioner of transportation and public facilities and the heads of
13 two other principal departments of the executive branch.

14 (d) The members of the board of governors shall elect a chair-
15 person and a vice-chairperson from among its members. Five members of
16 the board of governors, one of whom shall be a member appointed under
17 (c) of this section, constitute a quorum for the transaction of
18 business. Action may be taken and motions or resolutions adopted by
19 the board of governors at a meeting at which a quorum is present by
20 vote of a majority of the members present, unless the bylaws of an
1 authority require a larger number. The board of governors may dele-
2 gate to one or more of its officers, agents or employees the powers
3 and duties that it considers proper. The board of governors may
4 appoint persons as officers it considers advisable, including an
5 executive director, and may employ professional advisors, counsel,
6 technical experts, agents, and other employees it considers advisable.

7 (e) A member of the board of governors of an authority may not
8 vote on a resolution of the board relating to any agreement to be
9 entered into by the authority under this chapter if the member is a

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1 party to the agreement or has a direct ownership or equity interest,
2 beneficially or of record, exceeding one percent in, or is employed
3 by, a firm, partnership, corporation or association that is a party to
4 the agreement. A resolution of the board that is approved by a major-
5 ity of all the members who are not barred from voting under this
6 subsection is a valid action of the authority for all purposes.

7 (f) The board of governors may hold meetings by teleconference.

8 Sec. 30.13.030. PURPOSE OF AN AUTHORITY. The purpose of an
9 authority shall be the improvement, establishment and development of
10 facilities in its district for transportation purposes in connection
11 with natural resource enterprises, either directly or by agreement
12 with any public or private entity or person.

13 Sec. 30.13.040. POWERS OF AN AUTHORITY. Subject to AS 30.13.050
14 and AS 30.13.130, in furtherance of its corporate purposes under
15 AS 30.13.030, an authority has the power to

- 16 (1) sue and be sued;
- 17 (2) have a seal and alter it at its pleasure;
- 18 (3) adopt and amend bylaws for its organization and inter-
19 nal management;
- 20 (4) adopt regulations governing the exercise of its corpo-
21 rate powers;
- 22 (5) acquire, rent, hold, use and dispose of projects and
23 other real and personal property necessary, useful, or convenient for
24 its purposes upon the terms and conditions the authority may consider
25 advisable;
- 26 (6) provide for and secure the payment of bonds and the
27 rights of the holders of them, and to purchase, hold and dispose of
28 bonds;
- 29 (7) accept gifts, loans, or grants, including organiza-

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1 tional grants, from, and enter into contracts or other transactions
2 regarding them with, any federal, state, municipal or other agency or
3 instrumentality, private organization, or other person;

4 (8) deposit or invest its funds, subject to agreements with
5 bondholders;

6 (9) charge and collect only those rents, rates, fees, or
7 other charges that are necessary to pay for capital, maintenance, and
8 operating costs of the services and facilities of the authority and
9 for the establishment of reserves to secure, and for the payment of,
0 bonds or notes or interest on bonds or notes;

1 (10) enter into contracts or other transactions with any
2 federal, state, municipal or other agency, or instrumentality, private
3 organization, or person consistent with the exercise of any powers
4 under this chapter; and

5 (11) do all things necessary and convenient to carry out its
6 corporate purposes and exercise the powers granted in this chapter.

7 Sec. 30.13.050. LIMITATION ON POWERS. An authority has only
8 those powers expressly granted in this chapter, reasonably implied
9 from this chapter, or reasonably necessary or convenient to carry out
0 its corporate purposes and to exercise the powers expressly granted in
1 or reasonably implied from this chapter. An authority does not have
2 powers of eminent domain, taxation, land use planning, zoning, permit-
3 ting, or other similar governmental powers. An authority may not use
4 state grants, appropriations, or other transfers from the state to
5 satisfy bond obligations or otherwise establish collateral or security
6 for bonds issued by the authority. An authority may not use rents,
7 rates, fees, or other charges collected through operation of a facil-
8 ity owned by the authority to finance the improvement, establishment,
9 and development of unrelated facilities.

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1 Sec. 30.13.055. CONSIDERATION OF PROJECTS TO BE FINANCED. (a)
2 Before issuing bonds for any project under this chapter, an authority
3 must find, on the basis of all information reasonably available to it,
4 that

5 (1) the project and its development under this chapter will
6 be economically advantageous to the state and the general public
7 welfare and will contribute to the economic growth of the state and
8 the region within which the authority may exercise its powers;

9 (2) the project is financially sound and can be expected to
10 produce revenue adequate to repay the bonds with which it is financed;
11 and

12 (3) the scope of the project is sufficient to provide a
13 reasonable expectation of a benefit to the region and the economy of
14 the state.

15 (b) An authority shall give fair and reasonable consideration to
16 a project presented to it for financing. When the authority deter-
17 mines whether to finance or assist in the financing of the project,
18 the authority shall state the reasons for its determination in a
19 written resolution upon request by a person who presented the project
20 to the authority or a person who presented opposition to the project.
21 The authority shall base its reasons on the information presented to
22 it concerning the project and on other information considered appro-
23 priate by the authority.

24 Sec. 30.13.060. BONDS OF AN AUTHORITY. (a) Subject to the
25 provisions of AS 30.13.055(a), an authority may borrow money and may
26 issue revenue bonds, including but not limited to bonds on which the
27 principal and interest are payable

28 (1) exclusively from the income and receipts or other money
29 derived from the project financed with the proceeds of the bonds;

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1 (2) exclusively from the income and receipts or other money
2 derived from designated projects whether or not they are financed in
3 whole or in part with the proceeds of the bonds; or

4 (3) from the income and receipts or assets generally, or a
5 designated part or parts of them of the authority or of any other
6 person.

7 (b) Bonds shall be authorized by resolution of the authority,
8 and be dated and shall mature as the resolution may provide, except
9 that no bond may mature more than 40 years from the date of its issue.
10 Bonds shall bear interest at the rate or rates, be in the denomina-
11 tions, be in the form, either coupon or registered, carry the regis-
12 tration privileges, be executed in the manner, be payable in the
13 medium of payment, at the place or places, and be subject to the terms
14 of redemption which the resolution or a subsequent resolution may
15 provide.

16 (c) All bonds, regardless of form or character, shall be nego-
17 tiable instruments for the purposes of the Uniform Commercial Code.

18 (d) All bonds may be sold at public or private sale in the
19 manner, for the price or prices, and at the time or times that the
20 authority may determine.

21 (e) The superior court shall have jurisdiction to hear and
22 determine suits, actions or proceedings relating to an authority,
23 including without limitation suits, actions or proceedings brought to
24 foreclose or otherwise enforce a mortgage, pledge, assignment or
25 security interest or brought by or for the benefit or security of a
26 holder of its bonds or by a trustee for or other representative of the
27 holders.

28 (f) Before issuing bonds for a project under this chapter an
29 authority shall submit to the state bond committee a description of

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1 the bond issue and an independent economic feasibility analysis of the
2 project and expected revenues. This information may be contained in a
3 preliminary prospectus, offering circular or official statement relat-
4 ing to the bond issue. Bonds may not be issued unless the state bond
5 committee finds, based upon the information submitted by the authority
6 under this subsection and other information that is reasonably avail-
7 able to it, that the project revenues can be reasonably expected to be
8 adequate for payment of the principal and interest on the bonds to be
9 issued if the bonds are to be secured by project revenues alone, and
10 in any event that issuance of the bonds by the authority would not be
11 expected to adversely affect the ability of the state or its political
12 subdivisions to market bonds.

13 (g) The total principal sum of bonds issued under this section
14 for all authorities formed under this chapter is \$400,000,000 exclu-
15 sive of refunding bonds.

16 Sec. 30.13.070. TRUST INDENTURES AND TRUST AGREEMENTS. In the
17 discretion of the authority, an issue of bonds may be secured by a
18 trust indenture or trust agreement between the authority and a corpo-
19 rate trustee, that may be a trust company, bank, or national banking
20 association, with corporate trust powers, located inside or outside
21 the state, or by a secured loan agreement or other instrument or under
22 a resolution giving powers to a corporate trustee, after this in this
23 section referred to as "trust agreement", by means of which the autho-
24 rity may

25 (1) make and enter into the covenants and agreements with
26 the trustee or the holders of the bonds that the authority determines
27 necessary or desirable, including, without limitation, covenants,
28 provisions, limitations and agreements as to

29 (A) the application, investment, deposit, use and

1 disposition of the proceeds of the bonds of the authority or of
2 money or other property of the authority or in which it has an
3 interest;

4 (B) the fixing and collection of rents or other con-
5 sideration for, and the other terms to be incorporated in an
6 agreement with respect to a project;

7 (C) the assignment by the authority of its rights in a
8 mortgage or other security interest created with respect to a
9 project to a trustee for the benefit of bondholders;

10 (D) the terms and conditions upon which additional
11 bonds of the authority may be issued;

12 (E) the vesting in a trustee of rights, powers,
13 duties, funds, or property in trust for the benefit of bond-
14 holders, including, without limitation, the right to enforce
15 payment, performance and all other rights of the authority or of
16 the bondholders, under a lease, contract of sale, mortgage,
17 security agreement, or trust agreement with respect to a project
18 by mandamus or other proceeding or by taking possession of by
19 agent or otherwise and operating a project and collecting rents
20 or other consideration and applying the same in accordance with
21 the trust agreement;

22 (2) pledge, mortgage or assign money, leases, agreements,
23 property or other assets of the authority either presently in hand or
24 to be received in the future, or both; and

25 (3) provide for any other matters that in any way affect
26 the security or protection of the bonds.

27 Sec. 30.13.080. VALIDITY OF PLEDGE. It is the intention of the
28 legislature that a pledge made in respect of bonds shall be perfected
29 and shall be valid and binding from the time the pledge is made; that

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1 the money or property so pledged and thereafter received by an author-
2 ity shall immediately be subject to the lien of the pledge without
3 physical delivery or further act; and that the lien of the pledge
4 shall be valid and binding against all parties having claims of any
5 kind in tort, contract, or otherwise against the authority irrespec-
6 tive of whether the parties have notice. Neither the resolution,
7 trust agreement or any other instrument by which a pledge is created
8 need be recorded or filed under the provisions of the Uniform Commer-
9 cial Code to be perfected or to be valid, binding, or effective
10 against the parties. This section does not affect title to or convey-
11 ances of real property, and does not limit the applicability of
12 AS 34.15.290.

13 Sec. 30.13.090. NONLIABILITY ON BONDS. (a) Neither the members
14 of an authority nor a person executing the bonds are liable personally
15 on the bonds or are subject to personal liability or accountability by
16 reason of the issuance of the bonds.

17 (b) The bonds issued by an authority do not constitute an in-
18 debtedness or other liability of the state or of a political subdivi-
19 sion of the state, but shall be payable solely from the income and
20 receipts or other funds or property of the authority. The authority
21 may not pledge the faith or credit of the state or of a political
22 subdivision of the state, except the authority, to the payment of a
23 bond, and the issuance of a bond by the authority does not directly or
24 indirectly or contingently obligate the state or a political subdivi-
25 sion of the state to apply money from, levy or pledge any form of
26 taxation to the payment of the bond.

27 (c) An authority issuing bonds shall print the language in (b)
28 of this section in substantial form on the face of the bonds and in
29 any offering circular or statement issued in connection with the

1 bonds.

2 Sec. 30.13.100. PLEDGE OF THE STATE. The state pledges to and
3 agrees with the holders of bonds issued under this chapter and with
4 the federal agency which loans or contributes funds in respect to a
5 project, that the state will not limit or alter the rights and powers
6 vested in an authority by this chapter to fulfill the terms of a
7 contract made by the authority with the holders or federal agency, or
8 in any way impair the rights and remedies of the holders until the
9 bonds, together with the interest on them with interest on unpaid
10 installments of interest, and all costs and expenses in connection
11 with an action or proceeding by or on behalf of the holders, are fully
12 met and discharged. The authority is authorized to include this
13 pledge and agreement of the state, insofar as it refers to holders of
14 bonds of the authority, in a contract with the holders, and insofar as
15 it relates to a federal agency, in a contract with the federal agency.

16 Sec. 30.13.110. EXEMPTION FROM TAXATION. The real and personal
17 property of an authority and its assets, income and receipts are
18 declared to be the property of a political subdivision of the state
19 and, together with any project financed under this chapter are exempt
20 from all taxes and special assessments of the state or a political
21 subdivision of the state. All bonds of an authority are declared to
22 be issued by a political subdivision of the state and for an essential
23 public and governmental purpose and to be a public instrumentality,
24 and the bonds, and the interest on them, the income from them and the
25 transfer of the bonds, and all assets, income and receipts pledged to
26 pay or secure the payment of the bonds, or interest on them, shall at
27 all times be exempt from taxation by or under the authority of the
28 state, except for inheritance and estate taxes and taxes on transfers
29 by or in contemplation of death. Nothing in this section affects or

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1 limits an exemption from license fees, property taxes, or excise,
2 income, or other taxes, provided under any other law, nor does it
3 create a tax exemption with respect to the interest of any business
4 enterprise or other person, other than the authority, in any property,
5 assets, income, receipts, project or lease whether or not financed
6 under this chapter.

7 Sec. 30.13.120. BONDS LEGAL INVESTMENTS FOR FIDUCIARIES. The
8 bonds of an authority are securities in which all public officers and
9 bodies of the state and all municipalities and municipal subdivisions,
10 all insurance companies and associations and other persons carrying on
11 an insurance business, all banks, bankers, trust companies, savings
12 banks, savings associations, including without limitation savings and
13 loan associations and building and loan associations, investment
14 companies and other persons carrying on banking business, all adminis-
15 trators, guardians, executors, trustees and other fiduciaries, and all
16 other persons who are now or may afterward be authorized to invest in
17 bonds or other obligations of the state, may properly and legally
18 invest money including capital in their control or belonging to them.
19 Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, the bonds of an authority
20 are also securities that may be deposited with and may be received by
21 all public officers and bodies of the state and all municipalities and
22 municipal subdivisions for any purpose for which the deposit of bonds
23 or other obligations of the state is now or may afterward be autho-
24 rized.

25 Sec. 30.13.125. AUDIT. The legislative auditor shall audit or
26 shall cause to have audited annually the financial records of an
27 authority. The legislative auditor may prescribe the form and content
28 of the financial records of an authority and shall have access to
29 these records at any reasonable time.

1 Sec. 30.13.130. EQUAL USE AND ACCESS. If an authority owns,
2 leases, or otherwise operates or controls, or participates in the
3 financing of, a facility, the authority shall, to the maximum extent
4 possible, provide for equal rights of access to and use of the facil-
5 ity by members of the public and other persons or entities upon terms
6 and conditions that are fair and reasonable. However, this section
7 does not prevent an authority from establishing fair and reasonable
8 limitations on use of or access to a facility to the extent the limi-
9 tations are necessary in connection with the nature of the facility or
10 the demand for use of or access to the facility. This section applies
11 to the establishment of rates and rate structures as well as all other
12 factors, terms, and conditions relating to the use of or access to the
13 facility, including without limitation the design and location of the
14 facility. The members of the authority shall make a written finding
15 concerning compliance of the facility with the provisions of this
16 section. A written finding signed by at least three of the five
17 elected members and two of the three appointed members that the facil-
18 ity complies with the provisions of this section shall constitute a
19 conclusive presumption of compliance.

20 Sec. 30.13.140. JURISDICTION. An authority is not subject to
21 the jurisdiction of the Alaska Transportation Commission.

22 Sec. 30.13.150. SUCCESSION. Whenever a borough of the first or
23 second class or a home rule municipality is created with an area
24 coterminous with or inclusive of the area of an authority, the author-
25 ity shall be integrated into the borough or home rule municipality
26 within one year of incorporation. On integration the borough or home
27 rule municipality succeeds to all the rights, powers, duties, assets,
28 and liabilities of the authority, except that any indebtedness of an
29 authority does not constitute a general obligation of the borough or

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1 home rule municipality payable from taxes levied by the borough or
2 home rule municipality. The borough or home rule municipality may not
3 levy any taxes to pay the indebtedness.

4 Sec. 30.13.900. DEFINITIONS. In this chapter, unless the con-
5 text otherwise requires,

6 (1) "authority" means a public body created under AS 30.-
7 13.010;

8 (2) "bonds" means bonds or other obligations issued under
9 this chapter;

10 (3) "cost" includes the cost of acquisition or construction
11 of all or any part of transportation facilities and of all or any
12 property, rights, easements and franchises considered by an authority
13 to be necessary, useful, or convenient, including without limitation
14 reimbursements to the authority or any other person of money expended
15 for the purposes of the authority and interest or discount on bonds to
16 finance those expenses, engineering and inspection costs and legal
17 expenses, the cost of financial, professional and other advice, and
18 the cost of issuance of bonds;

19 (4) "district" means the area within the boundaries of an
20 authority;

21 (5) "person" includes a corporation, company, partnership,
22 firm, association, organization, business trust, society, state or
23 agency or subdivision of the state, municipality of the state, or an
24 authority, as well as a natural person;

25 (6) "transportation facilities", or "facilities", or "pro-
26 jects" means harbor, port, shipping and transportation facilities of
27 all kinds, including harbors, channels, turning basins, anchorage
28 areas, jetties, breakwaters, waterways, canals, locks, tidal basins,
29 wharves, docks, piers, slips, bulkheads, public landings, warehouses,

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1 terminals, refrigerating and cold storage plants, rolling stock, car
2 ferries, tugs, boats, conveyors, tunnels, bridges, highways, roads and
3 railroads, and appliances of all kinds for the handling, storage, in-
4 spection and transportation of freight and natural resource products;
5 it also includes all property, rights, easements and franchises rela-
6 tive to a facility and necessary or convenient for the acquisition,
7 construction or operation of the facility, but does not include air-
8 port facilities.

9 * Sec. 3. This Act takes effect immediately in accordance with AS 01.-
10 10.070(c).
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