



LAWS OF ALASKA

1968

Source

Chapter No.

CSHB 247 am S (HWE)

160

AN ACT

Relating to a judgment in an action for divorce or action declaring a marriage void.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

* Section 1. AS 09.55 is amended by adding a new section to read:

Sec. 09.55.205. JUDGMENTS FOR CUSTODY. In actions for divorce or for legal separation the court may, during the pendency of the action, or at the final hearing or at any time thereafter during the minority of any of the children of the marriage, make an order for the custody of or visitation with the minor children which may seem necessary or proper and may at any time modify or vacate the same. In awarding custody the court is to be guided by the following considerations:

(1) by what appears to be for the best interests of the child and if the child is of a sufficient age and intelligence to form a preference, the court may consider that preference in determining the question;

(2) as between parents adversely claiming the custody neither parent is entitled to it as of right.

* Sec. 2. AS 09.55.210(1) is repealed.

* Sec. 3. AS 09.55.210(2) is repealed and re-enacted to read:

(2) for the payment by either or both parties of an amount of money or goods, in gross or installments, as may be just and proper for the parties to contribute toward the nurture and education of their children, and the court may order the parties to arrange with their employers for an automatic payroll deduction each month

or each pay period, if the period is other than monthly, of the amount of the installment; if the employer agrees, the installment is forwarded by the employer to the clerk of the superior court which entered the judgment or the court trustee and the amount of the installment is exempt from execution;

* Sec. 4. AS 09.55.210(3) is repealed and re-enacted to read:

(3) for the recovery by one party from the other an amount of money for maintenance, in gross or in installments, as may be just and necessary without regard to which of the parties is in fault;

* Sec. 5. AS 09.55.210(6) is repealed and re-enacted to read:

(6) for the division between the parties of their property, whether joint or separate, acquired only during coverture, in the manner as may be just, and without regard to which of the parties is in fault, provided, however, that the court in making the division may invade the property of either spouse acquired before marriage when the balancing of the equities between the parties so require; and to accomplish this end the judgment may require that one or both of the parties assign, deliver, or convey any of his or her real or personal property to the other party;

* Sec. 6. AS 09.55.210(4) is repealed and re-enacted to read:

(4) for the delivery to either of their personal property in the possession or control of the other party at the time of giving the judgment;