

ways has applied to the Civil Aeronautics Board for authority to provide air service on the New York - Fairbanks - Tokyo route; and

WHEREAS approval by the CAB of Pan American's application will result in the provision of needed service for the expanding air commerce between East and West; and

WHEREAS the application by Pan American for this route illustrates the value and suitability of Alaska as an air gateway to the Orient; and

WHEREAS an air route to the Orient through Alaska was first pioneered for Pan American by Colonel Charles A. Lindbergh in 1932;

BE IT RESOLVED that the Civil Aeronautics Board is respectfully urged to consider and favorably recommend, at the earliest possible date, Pan American's

application for the New York - Fairbanks - Tokyo route and that the President of the United States approve the application; and be it

FURTHER RESOLVED that Mr. Harold Gray, President of Pan American World Airways; Mr. Juan Trippe, Chairman of the Board of Directors of Pan American World Airways; and the members of the board of directors are commended for their selection of the Alaska route for this proposed service to air travelers; and be it

FURTHER RESOLVED that copies of this resolution be sent to the Honorable Lyndon B. Johnson, President of the United States; the Honorable Alan S. Boyd, Chairman, Civil Aeronautics Board; and the Honorable E. L. Bartlett and the Honorable Ernest Gruening, U.S. Senators, and the Honorable Ralph J. Rivers, U.S. Representative, members of the Alaska delegation in Congress.

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### SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 57

**Urging the enactment of a federal reinsurance program for natural disasters.**

**Be it Resolved by the Legislature of the State of Alaska:**

WHEREAS millions of dollars in property are lost each year from the occurrence of floods, earthquakes, hurricanes and tidal waves; and

WHEREAS present disaster programs fail to compensate the many thousands of homeowners who suffer losses of equity when their homes are destroyed by these catastrophic occurrences; and

WHEREAS a nationwide mandatory insurance program seems to be the only satisfactory method of acquiring commercial insurance protection against such losses at reasonable rates; and

WHEREAS the operation of such an insurance program would be feasible only if the federal government would act as a reinsurer for a portion of the risk assumed by the various private insurance companies;

BE IT RESOLVED that the Alaska State Legislature urges the United States Congress, now assembled, to enact a federal reinsurance program whereby all recipients of federal housing loans would be required to insure their homes against floods, earthquakes, hurricanes and tidal waves, and whereby private insurance companies could sell such insurance on the basis of a nationwide assigned risk plan similar to that used in states where automobile insurance is mandatory and could reinsure a portion of the risk with the federal government; and be it

FURTHER RESOLVED that copies of this resolution be sent to the Honorable Lyndon B. Johnson, President of the United States; the Honorable Hubert H. Humphrey, Vice President of the United States and President of the Senate; the Honorable Carl Hayden, President pro tempore of the Senate; the Honorable John W. McCormack, Speaker of the House of Representatives; and the Honorable E. L. Bartlett and the Honorable Ernest Gruening, U.S. Senators, and the Honorable Ralph J. Rivers, U.S. Representative, members of the Alaska delegation in Congress.

## SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 59

**Relating to harmful radiation in northern Alaska.****Be it Resolved by the Legislature of the State of Alaska:**

WHEREAS there is a large and continuing buildup of radio-nuclides in the inland Arctic Eskimo, especially in the Eskimos inhabiting the Anaktuvuk Pass area, as well as in the Arctic wildlife and flora; and

WHEREAS the amount of radioactive fallout absorbed by the northern Alaska Eskimos has doubled in the last two years; and

WHEREAS the average cesium 137 body burden levels of the villagers at Anaktuvuk Pass are now above the acceptable levels for populations as set fourth in the radiation protection guide established by the Federal Radiation Council; and

WHEREAS the proliferation of atomic weapons has not ceased and the permanent suspension of atmospheric testing is not assured; and

WHEREAS the danger to the health and life of Arctic Eskimos will continue unless thorough studies and research are conducted on radioactivity;

BE IT RESOLVED that the United States Public Health Service is urgently requested to perform more extensive research on the radioactive contamination of the Arctic food chain and its effect on the Alaska Eskimos; and be it

FURTHER RESOLVED that the Bureau of Indian Affairs is urged to consider the advisability and feasibility of moving the village at Anaktuvuk Pass to a safer location; and be it

FURTHER RESOLVED that copies of this resolution be sent to the Honorable Anthony J. Celebrezze, Secretary, Department of Health, Education, and Welfare; the Honorable Stewart L. Udall, Secretary, Department of the Interior; the Honorable Luther L. Terry, Surgeon General, United States Public Health Service; the Honorable Philileo Nash, Commissioner of Indian Affairs; the Honorable Robert L. Bennett, Area Director, Bureau of Indian Affairs; the Honorable Donald Chadwick, Chief of the Division of Radiological Health, United States Public Health Service; and the Honorable E. L. Bartlett and the Honorable Ernest Gruening, U. S. Senators, and the Honorable Ralph J. Rivers, U.S. Representative, members of the Alaska delegation in Congress.

## SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 60

**Relating to discussions between the United States and Canada concerning the use of Yukon River waters.****Be it Resolved by the Legislature of the State of Alaska:**

WHEREAS recent large mineral discoveries and mining development in Northwest Canada have intensified the need for hydroelectric power at reasonable rates; and

WHEREAS a proposed hydroelectric project at Taiya Inlet in Southeastern Alaska was abandoned several years ago because of the refusal of Canadian officials to allow use of the upper waters of the Yukon River; and

WHEREAS a recent agreement by the Canadian and United States government on joint use of the Columbia River has indicated a change of attitude on the part of the Canadian government;

BE IT RESOLVED that the Honorable Lyndon B. Johnson, President of the United States, is respectfully requested to direct the Department of State to enter into discussions with Canadian officials for the purpose of negotiating a mutual agreement on the use of Yukon River waters by both nations to encourage the utilization of the resources of Northwest America by private industry.