

House Joint Resolutions

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 2

Relating to the construction of a breakwater at Auke Bay, Alaska.

Be It Resolved by the Legislature of the State of Alaska:

WHEREAS there are as many as 400 boats moored at Auke Bay, Alaska, at one time; and

WHEREAS the available moorage at Auke Bay is exposed to the violence of the sea and is susceptible to severe damage from storms; and

WHEREAS unruly seas have caused considerable damage each year to the fishing

and other craft anchored or moored there;

BE IT RESOLVED that the Corps of Engineers, U.S. Army, be requested to construct a breakwater at Auke Bay, Alaska; and be it

FURTHER RESOLVED that copies of this resolution be sent to Cyrus R. Vance, Secretary of the Army; Lt. Gen. Walter K. Wilson, Chief, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers; George H. Fallon, Chairman, Public Works Committee, U.S. House of Representatives; Col. Clare D. Farley, District Engineer, Corps of Engineers, Alaska; and the members of the Alaska Delegation in Congress.

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 5

Relating to the war against poverty in Alaska.

Be It Resolved by the Legislature of the State of Alaska:

WHEREAS the Legislature of the State of Alaska is vitally concerned with the creation of opportunities for full development of the capabilities of the Alaskan people and the establishment of the economic well-being and prosperity of all Alaskans; and

WHEREAS the full potential of Alaska and its people can be achieved only if each individual has the opportunity to utilize his talents and abilities to their full extent, so that he may participate in the economic benefits of our society; and

WHEREAS the Congress of the United States has enacted the "Economic Opportunity Act of 1964" and other Acts designed to provide all persons with the opportunity for economic development and to eliminate poverty throughout the United States; and

WHEREAS the elimination of poverty and other barriers to the development of human capabilities must be pursued not only by the federal government but by each state and its citizens; and

WHEREAS the elimination of poverty and the establishment of economic and social opportunities in Alaska must be pursued by full state participation in federal programs designed for these purposes and by enactment of useful legislation necessary to implement federal, state and local programs in Alaska for these purposes; and

WHEREAS the Governor of Alaska, through the Department of Economic Development and Planning has initiated Alaskan participation under the "Economic Opportunity Act of 1964" by applying for technical assistance grants and other grants;

BE IT RESOLVED that the Governor of Alaska be commended for his prompt action in pursuing economic opportunities for all Alaskans through the "Economic Opportunity Act of 1964"; and that he be requested to continue his efforts to develop economic opportunity and to eliminate poverty by full participation in available federal programs for these purposes and by every other means at his disposal; and be it

FURTHER RESOLVED that the Fourth State Legislature supports development of economic opportunity and the war on poverty in Alaska and all programs to achieve

these ends to the benefit of Alaskans; and be it

FURTHER RESOLVED that the Fourth State Legislature encourages the enactment of reasonable legislation which will

assist in the implementation of federal, state and local programs to eliminate poverty throughout Alaska and to establish the economic well-being of all Alaskans.

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 6

Requesting Congress to approve the "Alaska Farmland Development Act".

Be It Resolved by the Legislature of the State of Alaska:

WHEREAS Congressman Ralph J. Rivers of Alaska has introduced in the 89th Congress H.R. 1136 which seeks to provide a program of agricultural land development in the State of Alaska; and

WHEREAS the policy and purpose of H.R. 1136 is set forth in the proposal as follows:

Sec. 2. **Declaration of Policy and Purpose.** In order to provide more adequately for the sound, efficient, and orderly development and utilization of agricultural land resources of the State of Alaska; to facilitate and assure the establishment of family-type farms as economic units of production and to encourage, promote, and strengthen this form of farm enterprise; to provide for Alaska's future economic growth by promoting a sound and stable agriculture, thereby insuring a more adequate and dependable food supply for the present and future population of the State; and in recognition of the strategic position of the State of Alaska in relation to national security and defense, it is hereby declared to be the policy of

Congress, and the purpose of this Act shall be, to provide for a program of agricultural land development in the State of Alaska which will assist agricultural producers to develop and utilize more effectively the productive capacity of the State's land resources for agricultural purposes.;

BE IT RESOLVED that the Legislature of the State of Alaska respectfully and earnestly requests Congress to enact H.R. 1136 this year; and be it

FURTHER RESOLVED that copies of this resolution be directed to the Honorable Hubert H. Humphrey, Vice President of the United States and President of the Senate; the Honorable Carl Hayden, President pro tempore of the Senate; the Honorable John W. McCormack, Speaker of the House of Representatives; the Honorable Allen J. Ellender, Chairman of the House Committee on Agriculture and Forestry; the Honorable Harold D. Cooley, Chairman of the Senate Committee on Agriculture; the Honorable Orville S. Freeman, Secretary, Department of Agriculture; and the Honorable E. L. Bartlett and the Honorable Ernest Gruening, U.S. Senators, and the Honorable Ralph J. Rivers, U.S. Representative, members of the Alaska delegation in Congress.

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 7

Relating to conditions on the Pribilof Islands.

Be It Resolved by the Legislature of the State of Alaska:

WHEREAS there exists on the federal wildlife reservation on the Pribilof Islands of Alaska a form of bondage of American citizens contrary to constitutional concepts of government; and

WHEREAS this federally sponsored bondage involves the freedom of assembly,

and property of American citizens under a bureaucratic paternalism incompatible with the rights of man; and

WHEREAS this situation has its basis in law (Sec. 6, P.L.78-237) as administered by the Department of the Interior; and

WHEREAS a citizen may not visit other citizens on the islands without bureaucratic permission in advance and is kept under surveillance while there if he is allowed to visit at all; and