

WHEREAS, beyond his local civic service, Boyd Harwood served the state as a member of the Board of Regents of the University of Alaska, the Board of Pharmacy, and the Advisory Board to the Commander of the Alaskan Air Command;

BE IT RESOLVED that the Senate does hereby honor the memory of the late Boyd Harwood as a dedicated and public-spirited citizen of Alaska and express to his wife Mildred and the other members of his family its sincerest condolences on their loss.

Passed by the Senate February 14, 1964.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 8

Relating to increased teacher retirement benefits for retired teachers living in Alaska.

Be it Resolved by the Senate:

WHEREAS, under the Public Employees Retirement System of Alaska (AS 39.35), retired public employees who live in Alaska are entitled to a greater retirement benefit than retired public employees who leave the state, the greater benefit being a reflection of higher costs of living in the state; and

WHEREAS retired teachers living in Alaska have no similar benefit differential under the Teachers' Retirement Act (AS 14.25); and

WHEREAS in the interest of permitting retired teachers to be able to afford to remain in the state, the same increased benefit should be afforded retired teachers, if the financial condition of the Teachers' Retirement Fund will permit it;

BE IT RESOLVED that the Governor is respectfully requested to direct the Department of Administration to make an analysis of the cost of providing to retired teachers who reside in Alaska a higher benefit similar to the benefit allowed retired public employees who remain in the state, and to report to the Legislature in January of 1965 on the feasibility of providing this benefit.

Passed by the Senate February 15, 1964.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 9

Relating to the use of atomic energy for a project at Spiridon Lake.

Be it Resolved by the Senate:

WHEREAS, the peaceful uses of atomic energy have not been exploited; and

WHEREAS the Atomic Energy Commission, through its Division of Peaceful Nuclear Explosives and the Atoms for Peace Program, is seeking meaningful projects for the peaceful and productive uses of atomic energy; and

WHEREAS a modest project at Spiridon Lake on Kodiak Island to give that body of water access to the sea in order to make it a spawning ground for anadromous fish would be in keeping with the purposes of the Atoms for Peace program and provide the Nation and the

world with an example of the peaceful uses of atomic energy and benefit the State of Alaska by increasing its natural facilities for the propagation of its valuable fishery resource;

BE IT RESOLVED that the Atomic Energy Commission is requested to plan and execute an atomic energy project at Spiridon Lake on Kodiak Island to close the Spiridon River outlet for the lake and allow it to drain into Little River in order to make its waters accessible to and suitable for the propagation of anadromous fish; and be it

FURTHER RESOLVED that copies of this resolution be sent to the Honorable Lyndon B. Johnson, President of the United States; the Honorable Stewart L. Udall, Secretary of the Interior; the

Honorable Glenn T. Seaborg, Chairman, Atomic Energy Commission; the Honorable John S. Kelly, Director of Peaceful Nuclear Explosives, Atomic Energy Com-

mission; and the members of the Alaska delegation in Congress.

Passed by the Senate February 20, 1964.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 11

Supporting federal appropriations for expanded Coast Guard surface and air surveillance in Alaskan waters.

Be it Resolved by the Senate:

WHEREAS the seriousness of the increasing depredations of foreign fishing fleets in the waters of and off Alaska has been a cause of serious concern to the people of the state and the federal government; and

WHEREAS the Department of State is supporting requests of the Department of the Treasury for more funds for Coast Guard vessels to patrol Alaskan and other waters; and

WHEREAS the State of Alaska has a vital concern in increased surface and air surveillance of foreign fishing operations in the North Pacific and supports the request for additional money for that

purpose;

BE IT RESOLVED that Congress is requested to provide the Coast Guard with sufficient funds for expanded surface and air surveillance for the protection of national interests in the North Pacific; and be it

FURTHER RESOLVED that copies of this resolution be directed to the Honorable Lyndon B. Johnson, President of the United States; the Honorable Clarence Cannon, Chairman of the House Appropriations Committee; the Honorable Dean Rusk, Secretary of State; the Honorable Douglas Dillon, Secretary of the Treasury; Admiral Edwin J. Roland, Commandant, U. S. Coast Guard; Rear Admiral George D. Synon, Commander 17th Coast Guard District; and the members of the Alaska delegation in Congress.

Passed by the Senate February 15, 1964.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 12

Relating to the federal cost-of-living allowance in Alaska.

Be it Resolved by the Senate:

WHEREAS legislation is now before Congress which would eliminate the cost-of-living allowance for classified federal employees in Alaska; and

WHEREAS H.R. 7401 would replace the allowance with salary adjustments which supposedly would make the salaries comparable to those paid by industry in the state; and

WHEREAS the absence of an industrial economy in Alaska and uncertainty as to the effect of the proposal on take-home pay strongly suggests the need for further study of the legislation;

BE IT RESOLVED that the subcommittee of the House Committee on Post Office and Civil Service is respectfully requested to give H.R. 7401 exhaustive study, with hearings in Alaska, to determine its actual impact on the classified federal employees in Alaska; and be it

FURTHER RESOLVED that copies of this resolution be sent to the Honorable Tom Murray, Chairman, House Committee on Post Office and Civil Service; the Honorable Morris K. Udall, Chairman of the Subcommittee on the Cost-of-Living Allowance; the Honorable Olin D. Johnston, Chairman, Senate Post Office and Civil Service Committee; and the members of the Alaska delegation in Congress.

Passed by the Senate February 20, 1964.