

research pertaining to American fisheries; and

WHEREAS, it is believed the original intent of the Saltonstall-Kennedy Act was to provide a means for the Secretary of the Interior to investigate fishery problems as stipulated in the Act by the most efficient method; and

WHEREAS, this could best be accomplished by contracting out projects to the states, territories, universities, and other agencies, who already have qualified competent personnel to handle many of the problems, but have been limited in their activities by the lack of finances; and

WHEREAS, in the precedents established by the Pittman-Robertson and Dingell-Johnson programs the Secretary of the Interior has

been directed to contract with the cooperating agencies; and

WHEREAS, the results achieved in these programs have been eminently successful; and

WHEREAS, it appears that the Saltonstall-Kennedy Act is tending to merely extend the scope of the Federal Government in these fields;

NOW THEREFORE, Your Memorialist, respectfully urges the Secretary of the Interior to cooperate with the states, territories, universities and other agencies by contracting with them for Saltonstall-Kennedy projects.

And your Memorialist will ever pray.

Passed by the Senate March 18, 1957.

SENATE MEMORIAL NO. 9

To the Honorable Dwight D. Eisenhower, President of the United States of America: The Congress of the United States of America: The Honorable E. L. Bartlett, Delegate to Congress from Alaska.

Your Memorialist, the Senate of the Territory of Alaska, in Twenty-third Regular Session assembled, respectfully represents;

WHEREAS, the extraction of Alaska's vast natural resources and the establishment of industry and commerce in the Territory of Alaska, are in their infancy; and

WHEREAS, the initial cost of development is always substantial, and such cost in Alaska is exceptionally high because of the long distances that most capital equipment must be shipped, the heavy

federal taxes, and because employers in Alaska are required to pay the highest rate of unemployment compensation contributions of any territory or state in the United States; and

WHEREAS, the Territorial Legislature in past sessions has made every attempt to attract new industry and enterprise to Alaska by enacting tax exemptions as an incentive to development; and

WHEREAS, if the Federal Government would incorporate the principle of reinsurance in financing in part the employment security program, the standing rate of employers' contributions to the Alaska Unemployment Compensation Fund could be considerably reduced and Alaska's development

would be greatly hastened to the benefit of all the citizens of the United States,

NOW THEREFORE, Your Memorialist, the Senate of the Territory of Alaska in Twenty-third Regular Session assembled, respectfully urges the Congress of the United States to pass, and the President of the United States to approve, if passed, legislation which would incorporate the principle of reinsurance as a means of enabling the

Federal Government to assume its responsibility in financing in part the employment security program and thereby aiding the development of new industry and equalizing the tax burden among the states and territories.

And your Memorialist will ever pray.

Passed by the Senate March 25, 1957.

SENATE MEMORIAL NO. 10

To the Honorable Surgeon General of the United States; the Honorable Waino Hendrickson, Acting Governor of the Territory of Alaska; the Honorable E. L. Bartlett, Delegate to Congress; to the Director, Alaska Rural Development Board; to Dr. Charles R. Hayman, Commissioner of the Alaska Department of Health; and Mr. John Apangalook, President of the Gambell Native Council, Gambell, Alaska:

Your Memorialist, the Senate of the Territory of Alaska, in Twenty-Third Session assembled, respectfully represents:

WHEREAS, a water well is needed for safe drinking water in the village of Gambell, Alaska on St. Lawrence Island; and

WHEREAS, Troutman Lake on St. Lawrence Island is the only source of fresh water supply for the said village of Gambell; and

WHEREAS, a detachment of the United States Army at Gambell discharges liquid waste from the mess hall, shower stalls and latrine through underground lines into

metal leaching barrels without septic action; and

WHEREAS, the effluent from this leaching well is about 400 ft. away from Troutman Lake; and

WHEREAS, in the Spring of 1956, there was an epidemic of stomach disorders in Gambell; and

WHEREAS, the water in Troutman Lake has no doubt been contaminated because of the leaching well from the military being so close to the lake; and

WHEREAS, the Alaska Department of Health has instructed the residents of the village of Gambell that all water must be boiled before being consumed; and

WHEREAS, the cost of fuel oil in the village of Gambell is prohibitively high, to-wit: 49¢ a gallon; and

WHEREAS, the residents of St. Lawrence Island eat locally cured food and not canned or processed food; and

WHEREAS, said residents do not have modern cooking facilities to