

husband for a period of twelve months to provide for his wife the common necessities of life, he having the ability to do so, or his failure to do so by reason of idleness, profligacy or dissipation.

Eighth: Incurable mental illness when the spouse has been confined to an institution for a period of at least eighteen months immediately preceding the com-

mencement of the action. The status as to the support and maintenance of the mentally ill person shall not be altered in any way by the granting of the divorce.

Ninth: Addiction of either party, subsequent to the marriage, to the habitual use of opium, morphine, cocaine or other like drug.

Approved March 30, 1957

CHAPTER 137

AN ACT

Relating to the law of trespass; amending Sections 65-5-110, 65-5-112 and 65-5-113, ACLA 1949.

(H. B. 177)

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the Territory of Alaska:

Section 1. Sec. 65-5-110, ACLA 1949, is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 65-5-110. **Trespassing on Improved Lands.** That if any person shall willfully enter upon the garden, orchard, or other improved lands of another, or in his possession, with intent to cut, take, carry away, destroy, or injure the trees, grain, grass, hay, fruit, or vegetable products there growing and being, such person, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by imprisonment in jail not more than six months, or by fine not more than two hundred fifty (\$250.00) dollars, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 2. Sec. 65-5-112, ACLA 1949, is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 65-5-112. **Trespass.** That if any person other than an officer on lawful business shall go or trespass on any lands or premises in the lawful occupation of another, and shall fail, neglect, or refuse to depart therefrom immediately and remain away until permitted to return upon the verbal or printed or written notice of the owner or person in the lawful occupation of said lands or premises, such trespasser shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by fine not more than two hundred fifty (\$250.00) dollars, and shall be committed, in default of payment of the fine and costs imposed, one day for

each five (\$5.00) dollars of the said fine and costs.

Sec. 3. Sec. 65-5-113, ACLA 1949, is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 65-5-113. **Evidence of Notice.** That printed or written notices having attached thereto, by authority, the name of the owner or person in the lawful occupation of said lands or premises, and requiring all persons to forbear trespassing on said lands or premises and to depart there-

from, posted in three conspicuous places on said lands or premises, and if the perimeter of said lands or premises equals or is greater than 330 feet, also posted along the boundaries of said lands, not less than 330 feet apart and at all roads and entrances to give evidence of private ownership, shall be held and deemed to be sufficient prima facie evidence of notice as mentioned in the last preceding section.

Approved March 30, 1957

CHAPTER 138

AN ACT

Providing that the Territory of Alaska may enter into a compact with any of the United States for mutual helpfulness in relation to persons convicted of crime or offenses who may be on probation or parole.

(H. B. 181)

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the Territory of Alaska:

Section 1. **Definition.** As used in this Act the term "State" means the several States and Alaska, Hawaii, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands and the District of Columbia.

Sec. 2. **Authorizing Governor to Execute Interstate Compact.** The governor of Alaska is hereby authorized and directed to execute a compact on behalf of the Territory of Alaska with any of the United States legally joining therein in the form substantially as follows:

A Compact

Entered into by and among the contracting states, signatories here-

to, with the consent of the Congress of the United States of America, granted by an act entitled "An act granting the consent of Congress to any two or more states to enter into agreements or compacts for co-operative effort and mutual assistance in the prevention of crime and for other purposes." (Public Law 970, 84th Congress, Second Session)

The contracting states solemnly agree:

(1) That it shall be competent for the duly constituted judicial and administrative authorities of a state party to this compact (herein called "sending state"), to permit any person convicted of an offense within such state and placed on