

aggrieved by an order or act of the Commissioner of Labor, or any Deputy Inspector, under this Act may, within fifteen days after notice thereof, appeal from such order or act to the Board which shall, within thirty days thereafter, hold a hearing after having given at least ten days written notice to all interested parties. The Board shall, within thirty days after such hearing, issue an appropriate order either approving or disapproving said order or act. A copy of such order by the Board shall be given to all interested parties. Within thirty days after any order or act of the Board any person aggrieved thereby may file a petition in the District Court for a review thereof. The Court shall summarily hear the petition and may make any appropriate order or decree.

**Section 15. Creation of Boiler Fund.** There is hereby created a fund, designated as the "Boiler Fund" to be administered by the

Commissioner of Labor under the direction of the Board of Boiler Rules. The Territorial Treasurer shall be custodian of the fund. The fund shall be composed of the money hereafter derived from inspection fees, fees paid by applicants for examination, and money appropriated to carry out the purposes of this Act. Payments from the fund for all expenses and other disbursements necessary to carry out the purposes of this Act shall be made upon vouchers approved by the Commissioner of Labor. The Fund shall be continuous until otherwise provided by law.

**Section 16. Severability.** The fact that any section, sub-section, sentence, clause, or phrase of this Act is declared invalid for any reason shall not affect the remaining portions of this Act.

**Section 17. Effective date.** This Act shall take effect July 1, 1955.

Approved March 28, 1955

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## CHAPTER 133

### AN ACT

**Designating November 30th as Anthony J. Dimond Day**

(S. B. 141)

**Be it Enacted by the Legislature of the Territory of Alaska:**

**Section 1.** It is the intent of this Act to honor the memory of An-

thony J. (Tony) Dimond by giving official recognition to the great debt of gratitude owed by Alaskans to a great humanitarian and servant of and for Alaska, evidenced by the following facts and events:

(a) He came to Alaska at the age of 23 years to become a prospector in the Valdez area but shortly thereafter turned to the practice of law.

(b) Beginning in 1913 he was actively connected with the practice of law in Alaska for forty years. He was U. S. Commissioner at Chisana in 1913, and special assistant to the United States Attorney at Valdez in 1917.

(c) His devotion to the public service is witnessed by the fact that he served as a member of the Alaska Territorial Senate in the sessions of 1923, 1925, 1929 and 1931; and that he was Mayor of Valdez for nine years and Delegate from Alaska to the Congress of the United States from 1933 to 1945; and that from 1945 to the time of his death on the 28th day of May 1953 he was a judge of the District Court of Alaska.

(d) As a judge "Tony" Dimond was a protector of human rights particularly of the rights of those accused of crime who came before him during his tenure on the bench in Alaska.

(e) As Delegate from Alaska he warned the Congress to fortify Alaska and had his warnings been heeded the Japanese attack

might never have taken place and the great cost of defense in Alaska would have been much less through following his prudent foresight.

(f) A "Christian gentleman," Judge Dimond was a firm believer in the natural law which existed according to his philosophy always before governments or written laws of man's making, and which was to be regarded as the highest law controlling mortal men.

(g) As a lawyer, legislator and jurist he labored well and diligently for the cause of statehood for Alaska and was an ardent and eloquent advocate and supporter of that cause to which his devotion was dedicated.

(h) His legal ability and qualities as a judge were of the highest type; and his quiet manner and unflinching courtesy to witnesses and counsel who came before him gave clear evidence of his vast knowledge of human nature and its frailties.

(i) A personification of a merciful but impartial judge, he at all times maintained that tranquility of order and spirit which is so rare in the affairs of men; yet he gave unstintingly of his time and ability in public and civic affairs.

(j) Few men in Alaska have ever been called upon to serve their country in such high offices and for such extended periods of time, and none has served with more conscientious fidelity.

Section 2. November 30th of each year is hereby designated Anthony J. Dimond Day in honor of "Tony" Dimond, said day to be observed by appropriate school assemblies and programs, and other suitable observances and exercises by civic groups and the public at large.

Approved March 28, 1955

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## CHAPTER 134

### AN ACT

**To provide for juvenile detention homes in certain cities; to establish a board of juvenile institutions, setting forth its powers and duties and the powers of cities and courts in relation thereto; authorizing an appropriation; and setting an effective date.**

(S. B. 8)

**Be it Enacted by the Legislature of the Territory of Alaska:**

**Section 1. Board; creation; appointment; terms.** There is hereby created a Board of Juvenile Institutions (hereinafter called the board) to be composed of five members, one from each Division and one at large, appointed by the Governor. The term of each member shall be five years. The first board shall be composed as follows: one member appointed for five years; one member for four years; one member for three years; one member for two years; and one member for a term of one year. The term of office of all members shall commence on July 1, 1955, and all members appointed thereafter

shall serve for five years from the July first in the year appointed. Vacancies shall be filled by appointment for the unexpired term of the member replaced.

**Section 2. Confirmation.** All appointments shall be subject to the approval of the Legislature, if it is in session at the time of the appointment. If the Legislature is not in session, the names shall be submitted to the next succeeding Legislature for confirmation, and if such appointments are not confirmed the office shall be considered vacant, and a new member appointed to fill the vacancy, subject to approval or confirmation as aforesaid.

**Section 3. Board; meetings; ex-**