

Section 2. This Act shall take effect April 1, 1953.

Effective date.

Approved March 21, 1953

CHAPTER 41

AN ACT

[H. B. 64]

Making the obstructing of a peace officer while making an arrest, a misdemeanor; and providing a penalty.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the Territory of Alaska:

Section 1. Every person who wilfully obstructs a peace officer in making, or attempting to make, a lawful arrest shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$100.00 or imprisonment for not more than thirty days, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Penalty for obstructing peace officer.

Approved March 23, 1953

CHAPTER 42

AN ACT

[H. B. 102]

Relating to sale of intoxicating liquor to Indians; repealing Section 65-13-7 ACLA 1949.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the Territory of Alaska:

Section 1. Section 65-13-7 ACLA 1949 is hereby repealed.

Prohibition against liquor sales Indians repealed.

Approved March 23, 1953

CHAPTER 43

AN ACT

[H. B. 103]

Relating to the Territorial Liquor Control Board; repealing Sections 35-4-1 to 35-4-6 inclusive, ACLA 1949.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the Territory of Alaska:

Territorial Liquor
Control Board
abolished.

Section 1. Sections 35-4-1 to 35-4-6 inclusive, ACLA 1949, are hereby repealed.

Approved March 23, 1953

CHAPTER 44

AN ACT

[H. B. 105]

Amending Subsection Twelfth of Section 16-1-35 ACLA 1949, as amended, pertaining to penalties for violation of municipal ordinances.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the Territory of Alaska:

Section 1. Subsection Twelfth of Sec. 16-1-35 ACLA 1949, as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows:

Penalty.

Twelfth. PENALTY FOR VIOLATION OF ORDINANCES. To prescribe the punishment for the violation of any municipal ordinance, but such punishment shall not exceed in any case a fine of Three Hundred Dollars (\$300.00) or imprisonment in a municipal jail of thirty days, or both, in the discretion of the court, together with the costs of prosecution, Provided: that a judgment that the defendant pay a fine may also direct that he be imprisoned in the municipal jail until the fine be satisfied, specifying the extent of the imprisonment, which cannot exceed one day for every five dollars of the fine; and in case the entry of judgment should omit to direct the imprisonment and the extent thereof, the judgment to pay the fine shall operate to authorize and require the imprisonment of the defendant until the fine is satisfied at the rate above mentioned: and provided further, that the council shall have the power to prescribe by ordinance, for the suspension of

Defendant may
pay off fine by
imprisonment.

Suspension of
drivers' licenses.