

Section 16. The various provisions of this Act shall be severable and if any part or provisions shall be held to be invalid it shall not be held to invalidate any other part or provisions hereof.

Saving clause.

Section 17. FRAUDULENT CERTIFICATES FORBIDDEN. Any person who obtains or attempts to obtain a basic science certificate by dishonest or fraudulent means, or who forges, counterfeits, or fraudulently alters any such certificate, shall be fined not more than \$500.00 or imprisoned not more than six months, or both, in the discretion of the Court.

Fraud under this Act, penalties.

Section 18. An emergency is hereby declared to exist and this Act shall be in effect from and after its passage and approval.

Emergency clause.

Approved April 3, 1946.

CHAPTER 35

AN ACT

[H. B. 56]

To amend Subsection (1) of Section 4651, Compiled Laws of Alaska, 1933, relative to the descent and distribution of real property.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the Territory of Alaska:

Section 1. Subsection (1) of Section 4651 of the Compiled Laws of Alaska, 1933, is hereby amended to read as follows:

(1) If the intestate leave a widow and issue, such widow shall be entitled to receive one-half of the residue of such real property,

Widows of intestate, right to real property.

the remainder to be divided equally among the lawful children of decedent, with descent to the lawful issue of any such deceased child, or children, by right of representation.

Approved April 3, 1946.

CHAPTER 36

AN ACT

[H. B. 55]

To amend Section 5748, Compiled Laws of Alaska, 1933; requiring that persons arrested be taken before a Magistrate without delay; defining offenses and prescribing punishment; fixing amount of civil liability; and declaring an emergency.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the Territory of Alaska:

Section 1. Section 5748, Compiled Laws of Alaska, 1933, is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 5748. **TAKING OF PRISONER BEFORE MAGISTRATE; PENALTIES.** The person arrested must in all cases be taken before the magistrate without unnecessary delay, and in any event within twenty-four hours after his arrest, excluding Sundays and holidays. This requirement shall apply to municipal police officers and city magistrates to the same extent as it does to marshals, deputy marshals and other territorial law-enforcement officers in taking prisoners before territorial magistrates.

Prisoner to get hearing before Magistrate within 24 hours.

After an arrest, any attorney at law entitled to practice in the courts of Alaska may, at the