

Territory of Alaska the President of the United States immediately reorganize the Alaska Game Commission by appointing a new Commission, two members of which shall be men actively engaged in the Raw Fur Industry.

That native Indians be exempted from the provisions of the Alaska Game Law and its regulations to the extent that they be allowed to take game for food when in need of food for themselves and families and such fur as may be required for clothing at all times regardless of any Law Regulation.

And your Memorialist will ever pray.

Passed by the Senate, April 21, 1933.

Passed by the House, April 28, 1933.

SENATE JOINT MEMORIAL NO. 9.

TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES AND TO THE CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES AND TO THE HONORABLE A. J. DIMOND, DELEGATE TO CONGRESS FROM ALASKA AND TO THE COMMISSIONER OF INDIAN AFFAIRS:

Your memorialist, the Legislature of the Territory of Alaska in eleventh regular session assembled, do most respectfully represent that:

WHEREAS, the Vital Statistic records show that more than three times as many persons die in the Territory of Alaska from tuberculosis than from any other cause and further that practically all of the victims of the White Plague are Natives, and the 1930 census shows there are 29,983 natives in the Territory; 5,990 in the First Division, 8,686 in the Second Division, 7,298 in the Third Division, and 8,009 in the Fourth Division; and

WHEREAS, the only facilities for handling this dreaded disease among the natives as reported by the Medical Director connected with the Bureau of Indian Affairs consists of an annex to the Native hospital in Juneau, Alaska; that this institution is not nearly large enough to care for the Indian patients in this immediate vicinity, and that frequently it has been necessary to refuse admittance to many needy cases which necessitates returning these patients to their families and further exposing others and spreading the disease; that this single institution has demonstrated

the wisdom of maintaining such institutions in every Division of the Territory and the need for such places is urgent;

NOW, THEREFORE, we your Memorialists, petition the Congress of the United States to appropriate sufficient funds for the Bureau of Indian Affairs to construct and operate such institutions in each of the four Judicial Divisions of the Territory and at such places as the said Bureau of Indian Affairs shall deem advisable.

And your memorialists will ever pray.

Passed by the Senate, April 24, 1933.

Passed by the House, April 28, 1933.

SENATE JOINT MEMORIAL NO. 10.

TO THE DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, THE BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS and HON. A. J. DIMOND, DELEGATE TO CONGRESS FROM ALASKA:

Your Memorialist, the Legislature of the Territory of Alaska respectfully represents that:

WHEREAS, information has reached this assembly that in order to cut operating expenses of the Bureau of Indian Affairs' Medical Department in Alaska Ten Percentum (10%), the operation of the Yukon Medical Boat of the Bureau of Indian Affairs is in danger of being suspended; and

WHEREAS, the operation of the Yukon Medical Boat is of vital importance to the native Indians and isolated White population of the Interior of Alaska; and

WHEREAS, the Bureau of Indian Affairs should, this summer, complete its program of vaccination and immunization among Native children.

WHEREFORE, your Memorialist, respectfully urges and requests that the Yukon Medical Boat of the Bureau of Indian Affairs be not withdrawn from service and that the work of vaccination and immunization among native Indian children be completed this summer.

And your Memorialist will ever pray.

Passed by the Senate, April 22, 1933.

Passed by the House, April 22, 1933.