

Subjects for  
written exami-  
nation desig-  
nated.

Section 8. Each applicant for admission to the Bar, at the time and place designated by the Board of Law Examiners shall submit to an examination upon the following subjects, Constitution of the United States, Blackstone's and Kent's Commentaries, Real and Personal Property, Contracts, Negotiable Instruments, Agency, Bailment, Equity, Pleading, Evidence, Criminal Law, and such other subjects as the Board may direct. Such examination shall be upon written questions and answers, and after the answers have been examined by the Board and marked they shall be filed with the questions in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of the Division in which the examination is held, and if the applicant shall have answered correctly seventy-five (75%) per cent. of the questions so given him, and not less than sixty-five (65%) per cent. thereof on any one subject, he shall be certified to the said District Court by the Board of Examiners for further examination, which said last mentioned examination shall be by the Board of Examiners, orally, in open court, at the date to be fixed by the court at which time the applicant shall be examined upon each of the subjects hereinbefore mentioned, and not less than ten (10) questions in each of the subjects shall be asked him at that time other than those asked him in the said written examination; and if the applicant shall answer correctly seventy-five (75%) per cent. of the questions so put to him upon his oral examination and not less than sixty-five (65%) per cent. thereof on any subject, and if he is otherwise qualified in the opinion of the Board of Law Examiners and the Court before whom the oral examination has taken place, the Court shall make its findings to that effect and shall then make its order admitting the applicant to practice law in the courts of the Territory of Alaska.

Grading exami-  
nations.

Oral examina-  
tion, when, by  
whom.

Admission by  
order of court.

Failure in  
examination,  
effect of

In case any applicant fails to pass satisfactory examination as herein provided he shall not be permitted to

make application for examination again within a period of one year.

Section 9. Whenever an applicant for admission to practice law in the Territory shall present to the District Court a certificate from the Clerk of the highest court in any State or Territory of the United States, showing the applicant to have been duly admitted to practice law as an attorney and counsellor in the highest court of such State or Territory, or in any of the District Courts or the Supreme Court of the United States, that he is in good standing in such court of such State or Territory or the United States, such applicant may be admitted to practice law as an attorney and counsellor in this Territory without further examination, upon his certifying by affidavit that he intends to reside in the Territory of Alaska.

Application of attorney from foreign jurisdiction.

Examination not required.

Nothing in this Act contained shall be so construed as to require an attorney at law who has been duly admitted to the practice of law in another Territory, or in any State or District of the United States, and who is in good standing under the laws of such Territory, State or District, to be admitted to the practice of law in the Territory of Alaska in accordance with the provisions of this Act before such attorney may appear before the District Court of Alaska for the trial of or other proceeding in any one case, or several associated cases; and the District Court of Alaska may permit such non-resident attorney to appear in and practice before the court for the trial of or other proceedings in any such one case or group of cases.

Outside attorney may appear without admission, when.

Section 10. The members of the Board of Law Examiners shall receive no compensation for their services, but shall be entitled to receive actual necessary expenses of travel and subsistence incurred in attending the meetings of the Board.

Board members to receive actual expenses only.

Section 11. The fees paid by applicants for admission to the Bar shall be transmitted to the Territorial

Fees covered into Treasury.

Treasurer and the actual and necessary expenses of the Board of Law Examiners shall be paid out of the Territorial Treasury upon the warrant of the Attorney General and the Attorney General shall annually make a report of the proceedings of the Board to the Governor of the Territory.

Expenses how paid.

Attorney General to make annual report.

False oath to be perjury.

Section 12. Any statement required to be made under the provisions of this Act under oath which is wilfully false shall be deemed perjury and subject the maker thereof to the penalty prescribed by law therefor.

Act effective when.

Section 13. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 1930.

Repeal.

Section 14. All Acts and parts of Acts in conflict herewith and particularly Chapter 75 of the Session Laws of 1915, are hereby repealed.

Approved May 2, 1929.

## CHAPTER 112.

### AN ACT

[H. B. 64]

To suspend Chapter 44, Session Laws of 1921, and authorize cooperation between the Territory and the United States in making investigations and in disseminating information with a view to improving conditions in the mining, quarrying and metallurgical industries, and to provide for the inspection of mines and the protection of the lives of miners in the Territory of Alaska, and making an appropriation and declaring an emergency.

*Be it enacted by the Legislature of the Territory of Alaska:*

Section 1. That the provisions and operation of an Act entitled, "An Act to provide for the appointment of a Mine Inspector and fix his term of office and declaring an emergency" (Chapter 44, 1921) be and the same are hereby suspended for the biennium from March 31, 1929 to March 31, 1931.

Suspension of Chap. 44, SLA 1921, until April 1, 1931.

Section 2. That the Governor be and he is hereby empowered and directed on behalf of the Territory to cooperate with the heads of any executive departments of the United States in making investigations and in disseminating information with a view to improving conditions in the mining, quarrying and metallurgical industries and to provide for the inspection of mines and the protection of the lives of miners in the Territory of Alaska; the work contemplated herein to be carried on under the Supervising Mining Engineer of the U. S. Geological Survey and Bureau of Mines for Alaska, and to come within the scope of his duties as fixed by Federal Statutes.

Governor may cooperate with federal departments for mineral investigations.

Work to be carried on by.

Section 3. That to carry out the purpose of this Act the sum of Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00), or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is appropriated to be expended upon vouchers approved by the Governor to cover the cost during the biennium of preparing and printing reports, blank forms and stationery, salaries of technical assistants to the Supervising Mining Engineer, clerk hire, stenographic assistance and contingent office and field expense, including wages and expense of men employed in the field; and a proper share of travel expense incurred by the said Supervising Mining Engineer and his assistants in performing the duties contemplated by this Act, including such travel expenses between Alaska and other parts of the United States as may be necessary to properly perform the said duties.

Appropriation.

How expended.

Section 4. An emergency is hereby declared to exist and this Act shall take effect from and after its passage and approval.

Emergency.

Approved May 2, 1929.

## CHAPTER 113.

## AN ACT

[H. B. 65]

To amend Chapter 67 of the Laws of 1923 to protect the industry of fur-farming.

*Be it enacted by the Legislature of the Territory of Alaska:*

Section 1. Section 4 of Chapter 67 of the law of 1923 is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Every breeder of blue foxes shall, before disposing of any blue fox skins and before the same are removed from the breeding ground or fox farm, mark such skins on the inside of back at base of tail with a perforating reproduction of his brand which shall be readily visible.

Section 2. Section 5 of Chapter 67 of the Laws of 1923 is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

All unmanufactured blue fox skins legally held in Alaska prior to the passage of this Act shall, before October 1, 1923, be exhibited to the U. S. Commissioner in the precinct in which such skins are held, together with an affidavit showing where such skins were raised or from whom and at what time the owner obtained the same, and such other facts as will show the possessor's legal ownership of said skins. Such skins shall then be tagged for identification by the Commissioner in such manner and pursuant to such rules as shall be provided by the Secretary of the Territory. The Commissioner shall file such affidavits and keep in his office such records of such skins and their owners.

Unmanufactured blue fox skins hereafter legally imported or brought into the Territory shall, at the time of entering the Territory, be presented to the U. S. Commissioner of that precinct, and shall be tagged in like manner to those legally held prior to the passage of this Act. Any unmanufactured blue fox skins hereafter legally acquired in the Territory, other than

Blue fox  
farmers to  
brand skins.

Skins to be  
presented to  
U.S. Commis-  
sioners with  
affidavit.

To be tagged.

Affidavits and  
records filed by  
Commissioners.

Imported skins  
to be tagged.

Skins otherwise  
acquired in  
Territory to be  
tagged.

skins raised on farms having a registered brand and branded with such brand as heretofore provided, shall likewise, on the first occasion when such skins are brought to a place where a United States Commissioner resides or has his office, be presented to such U. S. Commissioner with an affidavit showing the facts proving legal possession, and shall be tagged in like manner. For such services the Commissioner shall receive a fee of One Dollar and Fifty Cents (\$1.50) for each skin, which fee shall be paid by the owner of the skins.

Commissioner's fees.

No person, except a fur farmer on his own fur farm, shall possess any blue fox skin not branded, marked or tagged as herein provided; nor shall any person buy, sell, offer to buy or sell, give, receive or transport any blue fox skin not so branded or tagged as provided in Sections 4 and 5 of this Act. Provided, however, that nothing herein contained shall prevent the legal taking of wild foxes, and the possession, barter, sale or transportation thereof untagged if such possession be had or barter, sale or transportation be made before said skins be brought to any place where a United States Commissioner resides or has an office; but the burden of proving such legal taking and possession, barter, sale and transportation shall rest upon him who asserts the same.

Only fur farmer to possess unmarked skins.

Proviso.

Section 3. Section 6 of Chapter 67 of the Laws of 1923 is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Subsequent to the first day of October, 1923, every blue fox skin not marked in the manner directed in Sections 4 and 5 of this Act and not in possession of a fox farmer on his own fox farm shall be presumed, prima facie, to have been unlawfully obtained and to be unlawfully possessed, bought, sold, given, received or transported as the case may be.

Unlawful possession presumed, when.

Section 4. Section 7 of Chapter 67 of the Laws of 1923 is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Brand to be used on certain skins only.

Counterfeit brand prohibited.

No holder of a registered brand shall therewith mark any skin or animal other than the animals or skins raised by him nor shall any person mark or brand any skin or pelt, or animal, so as to resemble, imitate or counterfeit any registered brand or the system adopted in the Territory for branding such animals or skins.

Owner only to possess branding implements.

It shall be unlawful for any person not the registered owner thereof to have in his possession and under his control any implement for marking skins or live animals with any registered brand mark, or for any person to have in his possession any implement for marking skins or live animals with any brand mark resembling or imitating a registered brand mark or the system adopted in the Territory for branding animals or skins.

Counterfeiting material prohibited.

Penalty.

Any person violating any of the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine of not more than Two Thousand (\$2,000.00) Dollars, or by imprisonment for not more than one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment in discretion of the court.

Section 5. Section 11 of Chapter 67 of the Laws of 1923 is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Pelts open for inspection, when, by whom.

All persons dealing in, possessing or transporting fur pelts in Alaska, at any time during usual business hours, shall afford any Marshal or Deputy Marshal, Federal or Territorial Game or Fur Warden full and fair opportunity to inspect any and all pelts, furs and skins in their possession, and any person failing or refusing to do so, after demand, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine of not more than Two Thousand (\$2,000.00) Dollars or by imprisonment for not more than one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court.

Penalty for denying inspection.

Section 6. Section 14 of Chapter 67 of the Laws of 1923 is hereby amended so as to read as follows: