

and passenger service will be a requirement, to be determined by the length of the route and nature of the waters traversed.

We recognize that compliance with the requests of this memorial will add costs to the mail service of Alaska, but we represent that it will render rich returns.

And your memorialists will ever pray.

Adopted by the Senate, April 23, 1923.

Concurred in by the House, April 26, 1923.

SENATE JOINT MEMORIAL NO. 14.

TO THE PRESIDENT AND THE CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES:

Your memorialists, the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Territory of Alaska, respectfully present:

That the conditions among many of the Indians and native settlements in the Interior of Alaska are fast becoming intolerable by reason of the loss of lives by influenza of many of the male inhabitants and the women are without support and are leaving native settlements to find a means of livelihood in the towns where they become the prey of the unscrupulous. At Fairbanks many Indian women from the native village of Chena, where all but three of the men died of influenza are without means of support. Four were recently sent to detention hospitals as vagrants, and for drunkenness; another unmarried, in the hospital for confinement.

Your petitioners most respectfully ask that an Indian Reservation be made in the Interior, for such Indians without means of support, and that an Industrial school be provided to suit their needs, wherein they may be taught trades and given training that will tend to make them self-supporting.

We most respectfully ask that a thorough investigation of this matter be made at once, that needed relief may be given.

Respectfully submitted.

Passed by the Senate, April 30, 1923.

Passed by the House, May 2, 1923.