

enjoyment of the benefits of through routing over Canadian lines, the same as is bestowed upon every other part of American territory, is a vicious discrimination against and a great injustice and injury to our people; and

WHEREAS, we believe that said discrimination is in violation of Section 9, Article 1, of the Constitution of the United States, which provides that "no preference shall be given by any regulation of commerce or revenue to the ports of one state over those of another;"

NOW, THEREFORE, the Attorney-General is hereby instructed to take all proper measures to test and determine the validity of the law in question, to the end that the discrimination against Alaska by the enforcement of the aforementioned provision may be discontinued.

Passed by the Senate, March 29, 1921.

Passed by the House, April 8, 1921.

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#### SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 8.

BE IT RESOLVED, by the Senate, the House of Representatives concurring, that

WHEREAS, because of the great area of the Territory of Alaska and its consequent unusual diversity of climate and natural resources, and the complex administrative problems arising by reason thereof, it is of supreme importance to the people of the Territory, and to the success of the national administration, that the chief executive of the Territory shall have intimate knowledge of Alaska, its laws, its people, and its problems;

NOW THEREFORE, we do respectfully urge upon the President of the United States and Albert B. Fall, Secretary of the Interior, the importance of the appointment of a bona fide resident of Alaska, having the qualifications above suggested, as Governor of the Territory of Alaska, as speedily as can be done consistent with their duties and responsibilities in the premises.

Passed by the Senate, April 1, 1921.

Concurred in by the House, April 1, 1921.