

ALASKA LEGISLATURE COMMITTEES 2007-2008 HSEA 12393

35

3/29 2007

Alaska State Legislature

Chairman

State Affairs Committee

Vice-Chairman

Economic Development, Trade & Tourism
Committee

Member

Judiciary Committee
Joint Armed Services Committee

Finance Subcommittees

Corrections
Labor and Workforce Develop.
Military and Veterans' Affairs
Public Safety



A Communication From
REPRESENTATIVE BOB LYNN
District 31 Anchorage

House State Affairs Committee Chair

Session:

Alaska State Capitol
Juneau, AK 99801-1182

Phone: (907) 465-4931

Fax: (907) 465-4316

Toll Free: (800) 470-4391

Interim:

716 W. 4th Ave., #650
Anchorage, AK 99501-2133

Phone: (907) 269-0205

Fax: (907) 269-0207

Date: March 29, 2007

Re: SB 49 COMMEMORATIVE PLATES: STATEHOOD ANIV.

We the undersigned agree to waive SB 49 from House State Affairs Committee and on to House Finance Committee. Signature and agreement to waive does not constitute support or opposition to the bill, nor obligate the member to a specific vote on the House Floor.

Rep. Bob Lynn, Chair

Rep. Bob Roses, Vice Chair

Rep. John Coghill

Rep. Craig Johnson

Rep. Kyle Johansen

Rep. Max Gruenberg

Rep. Andrea Doll

S B

5 9

AMENDMENT

OFFERED IN THE HOUSE
TO: CSSB 59(FIN)

BY REPRESENTATIVE COGHILL

- 1 Page 1, line 1, following "promote":
- 2 Insert "**dog mushers' contests and**"
- 3
- 4 Page 2, line 20, following "derby":
- 5 Insert "**a dog mushers' contest,**"

25-LS0823VA
Luckhaupt
3/29/07

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO.
IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA
TWENTY-FIFTH LEGISLATURE - FIRST SESSION

BY

Introduced:
Referred:

A RESOLUTION

1 **Suspending Rules 24(c), 35, 41(b), and 42(e), Uniform Rules of the Alaska State**
2 **Legislature, concerning Senate Bill No. 59, relating to charitable gaming.**

3 **BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:**

4 That under Rule 54, Uniform Rules of the Alaska State Legislature, the provisions of
5 Rules 24(c), 35, 41(b), and 42(e), Uniform Rules of the Alaska State Legislature, regarding
6 changes to the title of a bill, are suspended in consideration of Senate Bill No. 59, relating to
7 charitable gaming.

LEGAL SERVICES

DIVISION OF LEGAL AND RESEARCH SERVICES
LEGISLATIVE AFFAIRS AGENCY
STATE OF ALASKA

(907) 465-3867 or 465-2450
FAX (907) 465-2029
Mail Stop 5101

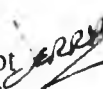
State Capitol
Juneau, Alaska 99801-1182
Deliveries to: 129 6th St., Rm. 329

MEMORANDUM

March 22, 2007

SUBJECT: Sectional Summary - CSSB 59(FIN)
(Work Order No. 25-LS0410AE)

TO: Senator Gary Stevens

FROM: Gerald P. Luckhaupt 
Legislative Counsel

You have requested a sectional summary of the above-described bill. As a preliminary matter, please note that a sectional summary of a bill should not be considered an authoritative interpretation of the bill - the bill itself is the best statement of its contents.

Section 1. Amends AS 05.15.100(a) by adding a conforming amendment to the addition of "cabbage classics" as an authorized form of charitable gaming in sec. 5.¹

Section 2. Amends AS 05.15.115(c) by adding a conforming amendment to the addition of "cabbage classics" as an authorized form of charitable gaming in sec. 5.²

Section 3. Amends AS 05.15.180(b) by adding a conforming amendment to the addition of "cabbage classics" as an authorized form of charitable gaming in sec. 5.³

Section 4. Amends AS 05.15.640(a) to allow radio and television broadcasting to promote raffles and lotteries.

Section 5. Amends AS 05.15.690 by adding a "cabbage classic" conducted by the Palmer Rotary Club at the Alaska State Fair as an authorized form of charitable gaming in Alaska.

GPL:ljlw
07-155.ljlw

¹ Although "a cabbage classic" is listed in this subsection, the plural "cabbage classics" would be the proper form to be used in this subsection.

² Although "a cabbage classic" is listed in this subsection, the plural "cabbage classics" would be the proper form to be used in this subsection.

³ Although "a cabbage classic" is listed in this subsection, the plural "cabbage classics" would be the proper form to be used in this subsection.

FISCAL NOTE

STATE OF ALASKA
2007 LEGISLATIVE SESSION

Fiscal Note Number: 1
 Bill Version: SB 59
 (S) Publish Date: 2/9/07

Revision Date/Time (Note if correction): _____ Dept. Affected: Revenue 04
 Title Broadcasting Promoting Charitable Gaming RDU Taxation and Treasury
 Component Tax Division
 Sponsor Senator Stevens
 Requester (S) Labor & Commerce Component No. 2476

Expenditures/Revenues (Thousands of Dollars)

Note: Amounts do not include inflation unless otherwise noted below.

OPERATING EXPENDITURES	FY 2008	FY 2009	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013
Personal Services						
Travel						
Contractual						
Supplies						
Equipment						
Land & Structures						
Grants & Claims						
Miscellaneous						
TOTAL OPERATING	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

CAPITAL EXPENDITURES						
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CHANGE IN REVENUES ()	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-------------------------------	------------	------------	------------	------------	------------	------------

FUND SOURCE (Thousands of Dollars)

1002 Federal Receipts						
1003 GF Match						
1004 GF						
1005 GF/Program Receipts						
1037 GF/Mental Health						
Other (Specify Type--Do not abbreviate)						
TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Estimate of any current year (FY2007) cost: 0.0

Check this box (X) if funding for this bill is included in the Governor's FY 2008 budget proposal:

POSITIONS

Full-time						
Part-time						
Temporary						

ANALYSIS: (Attach a separate page if necessary)

This bill would allow a permittee (or operator under contract with an authorizing permittee) to broadcast promotion of a charitable raffle or lottery. The means allowable include radio and television. Anyone who can conduct a raffle would be allowed to promote it by broadcasting via radio or television.

Though the bill language applies to raffles and lotteries, the statutory definition [AS 05.15.690(38)] equates the two, effectively giving two different names to the same activity. Thus, there is no apparent authorization to expand the kinds of gaming activity that can be promoted or conducted.

We do not anticipate any additional costs or revenues as a result of this bill.

Prepared by: Larry Meyers and Dan Stickle Phone (907) 269-6620
 Division Tax Division Date/Time _____
 Approved by: Jerry Burnett Date 2/3/2007
 Agency Department of Revenue

FISCAL NOTE

STATE OF ALASKA
2007 LEGISLATIVE SESSION

Fiscal Note Number: 2
 Bill Version: CSSB 59(FIN)
 (S) Publish Date: 3/14/07

Revision Date/Time (Note if correction): _____ Dept. Affected: Revenue 04
 Title Broadcasting Promoting Charitable Gaming RDU Taxation and Treasury
 Component Tax Division
 Sponsor Senator Stevens
 Requester (S) Finance Component No. 2476

Expenditures/Revenues (Thousands of Dollars)

Note: Amounts do not include inflation unless otherwise noted below.

OPERATING EXPENDITURES	FY 2008	FY 2009	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013
Personal Services						
Travel						
Contractual						
Supplies						
Equipment						
Land & Structures						
Grants & Claims						
Miscellaneous						
TOTAL OPERATING	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

CAPITAL EXPENDITURES						
-----------------------------	--	--	--	--	--	--

CHANGE IN REVENUES ()
-------------------------------	---	---	---	---	---	---

FUND SOURCE (Thousands of Dollars)

1002 Federal Receipts						
1003 GF Match						
1004 GF						
1005 GF/Program Receipts						
1037 GF/Mental Health						
Other (Specify Type--Do not abbreviate)						
TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Estimate of any current year (FY2007) cost: 0.0
 Check this box (X) if funding for this bill is included in the Governor's FY 2008 budget proposal:

POSITIONS

Full-time						
Part-time						
Temporary						

ANALYSIS: (Attach a separate page if necessary)

(see attached)

Prepared by: Larry Meyers and Dan Stickel Phone (907) 269-6620
 Division Tax Division Date/Time 3/13/07 12:00 AM
 Approved by: Jerry Burnett Date 3/13/2007
 Agency Department of Revenue

FISCAL NOTE # 2

STATE OF ALASKA
2007 LEGISLATIVE SESSION

BILL NO. CSSB 59(FIN)

ANALYSIS CONTINUATION

This bill will impact charitable gaming in Alaska in two ways: it will allow broadcasting to promote charitable gaming and it will formally authorize a specific cabbage classic. These two changes are addressed separately below.

Broadcasting Promoting Charitable Gaming

Section 4 of this bill would allow a permittee (or operator under contract with an authorizing permittee) to broadcast promotion of a charitable raffle or lottery. The means allowable include radio and television. Anyone who can conduct a raffle would be allowed to promote it by broadcasting via radio or television.

Though the bill language applies to raffles and lotteries, the statutory definition [AS 05 15 690(38)] equates the two, effectively giving two different names to the same activity. Thus, there is no apparent authorization to expand the kinds of gaming activity that can be promoted or conducted.

We do not anticipate any additional costs or revenues as a result of this section of the bill.

Cabbage Classic

Sections 1-3 and section 5 of this bill formally authorize in statute a cabbage classic. A cabbage classic is defined as "a game of chance where a prize of money is awarded for the closest guess of the weight of the winning cabbage at the Giant Cabbage Weigh-Off." This contest would be formally authorized only for the specific cabbage classic operated and administered by the Palmer Rotary Club at the Alaska State Fair in Palmer. There is no authorization to expand gaming activity other than to formally allow this specific cabbage classic.

Since only one specific cabbage classic is authorized, we expect one additional charitable gaming permit. The cost of this annual permit will range from \$20 to \$100 depending on gross receipts of the permittee. Also, assuming gross receipts are at least \$20,000, a small amount of revenue would be collected from the 1% net proceeds fee. Revenues are shown as indeterminate because they would depend on the amount of net proceeds from the cabbage classic.

We anticipate that any additional costs can be absorbed.

Senator Gary Stevens
Majority Leader of the Senate
State Capitol, Room 103
Juneau, Alaska 99801-1182

February 8th 2007

RE: LETTER OF SUPPORT SENATE BILL 59 Introduction charitable raffles and lotteries

Dear Senator Stevens,

Due to unforeseen a work related situation today (February 8th 2007 at 2:00PM) during the legislative teleconference at 2:00PM I was not able to (testify) in support of (SB 59) related to Charitable raffles and Lotteries. I would like to provide my letter of support for the following reasons. I have been involved for several years in the Ketchikan Running Club, Rotary 2000, Big Brothers Big Sisters, Team Diabetes Pennock Swim, Ketchikan Youth Court, Ketchikan Lions Club, Revilla Island Prevention Coalition, and Ketchikan Chamber of Commerce. While not all of these organizations run raffles they are connected in many ways to those who do run raffles.

The reality is that budgets are tight everywhere and will become tighter. Businesses have a long-term plan if they want to survive. Non-profits need to think like business people, and diversify their funding sources too. Many non-profits don't have (a service or product) to sell so they use raffles to generate funds for the non-profit programs and projects. Raffles also allows youth and adult a chance to give their pitch on their organization. The better they can promote the raffle the better the outcome. The great thing about raffles too is it allows everyone to make their own decision whether or not to purchase a raffle ticket.

Today, more than ever with both parents and single parents including myself, working sometime (2 or more) jobs to make ends meet because of the simple cost of increases in day to day living and medical expenses there is a need for many non-profits more than ever. These non-profit programs serve important purposes in our communities. They enhance the quality of our lives and sometimes give us the assets that are missing in our fast paced lives.

These programs make people feel good and they give adults, seniors, teenagers, and kids an improved quality of life. Many sports teams, senior programs, civil groups, and a wide-range of different non-profits rely on raffles to balance their operating budgets. During a time of decreased funds from Federal and State Grants many of us have depended on these local fundraisers to assure we can keep our doors open, send a child on a sports event, debate, or drama event, and generate funds for Senior programs, Homeless Shelter, or Youth programs.

SB 59 will allow raffles to be advertised on the radio and television. This will allow us not only to thank everyone who was involved, but promote it in an effective and professional manner. There is no better time than now to help keep programs in solid positions to reassure our children, teenagers, and adults that we care about the quality of life they have in their communities. It is an awesome opportunity to streamline our fundraising efforts when other funds sources are drying up.

I leave you with these thoughts as these show the impact raffles have on our programs.

-----" A little person beams and raves about the opportunity have a Big in their life who took time to come each week to school. The quiet child is glowing with happiness that someone cares-that someone remembers to follow through—someone did not let them down."

Big Brothers Big Sisters Raffle

-----"A youth court member sticks youth court out for 5 years --graduates high school after struggling in a single family home for years. Not only did that member learn leadership and public speaking skills, took part in countless hours of community service projects, but lead a sport team at school, graduated with honors, and had a chance to go to college."

Ketchikan Youth Court Raffle

-----"The sky lights up with brilliant fireworks and a family of four watches from the 3rd Ave. The fireworks doesn't last more than 15 minutes, but just for those simple moments a family enjoys together time."

Ketchikan Lions Club Raffle

-----"Diabetic Educator Janet takes the opportunity to gives a support group training to teenagers and kids. Those moments when they think they are all (alone) gives them hope that there are others out there fighting the same thing."

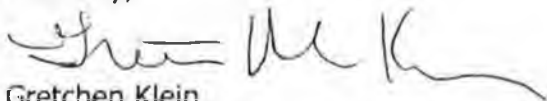
Team Diabetes Raffle Fundraiser

----A soccer team member comes up smiling about a successful win. Dirtying and wet, but smiling because of enough people supported their fundraiser and they get to go to the finals." ---These are just samples of simple thoughts I have heard over the years)

Raffle for Soccer, Wrestling. Or Swim Team

Thank you for your time and consideration of this important SB 59. It will allow us to continue to work we all do to make each community a wonderful place to live.

Sincerely,



Gretchen Klein

Affiliations and Memberships

Ketchikan Youth Court Director

8 years

Alaska Community Services Program Manager

3 years

Ketchikan Lions Club Member

9 years

Ketchikan Chamber of Commerce Member

6 years

Team Diabetes for Running and Swimming Annual Fundraiser

7 years

Ketchikan Running Club Member

15 years

Rotary 2000 Member

3 years

Big Brothers Big Sisters of Ketchikan Friend of Program

5 years

Association for the Education of Young Children Liaison Ketchikan

2034 First Ave

Ketchikan, Alaska 99901


907 225-2072

Emily Stancliff

From: Glen Anderson [glen.anderson@nnbradio.com]
Sent: Thursday, February 08, 2007 5:52 AM
To: Rep. Jay Ramras
Subject: Hi from Glenner

Hi Jay!
Hope all is going well in the city of rain.

I am sending this e-mail in hopes of gaining support for House Bill 110 in regards to advertising gaming and lottery for charitable organizations on TV and Radio. As I am sure you are aware, there is currently a double standard regarding this issue. while the advertisement of charitable gaming and raffles are legal in print form, they are still illegal in our media even though no other form of media does more for charitable organizations then radio. From United Way to FRA, Big Brothers/Big Sisters to RCPC, we constantly receive countless Public Service announcements for various fundraisers and charities which we can not do anything about due to the fact that they are using some form of games of chance. We air more then 50 PSA's per week per station) both recorded and live each and every week over the airwaves. Unfortunately, most charities use some form of gaming, lottery or raffle to raise funds and we can not help them. Is there a monetary gain for the industry? of course there is, one that Newspapers and magazines have used successfully for years. It is time to level the playing field.



Thanks Jay


Glen Anderson
Operations Manager
New Northwest Broadcasters
Fairbanks, Alaska
KXLR/KCBF/KWLF/KUWL/KFAR
(907)451-5910
Cell:907-378-2796



Alaska Juneau
Communications, Inc.

February 6, 2007

The Honorable Gary Stevens
State Senate
State Capitol Room 103
Juneau, AK 99801-1182

Dear Senator Stevens 

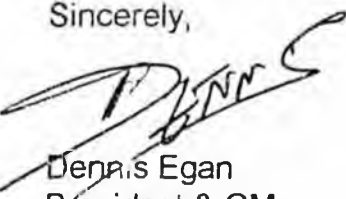
Thank you for introducing SB59 in support of a solution to the disparate treatment currently being imposed on Alaska's broadcasters by current Alaska Statute.

As you know, Alaska Statute §05.15.640(a) bans, but only via radio and television, the advertising of lawful charitable gaming or conduct. Newspapers are free to advertise the very same activity and conduct that radio and television stations may not advertise.

In fact, the current law actually impedes positive governmental interests by prohibiting Alaska's broadcasters from assisting deserving non profit organizations in their efforts to raise money to reach their goals. In a period of tight state revenues and charitable giving, this unwarranted restriction is simply flawed policy.

Broadcasters throughout Alaska appreciate your willingness sponsor legislation to correct this inequity.

Sincerely,


Dennis Egan
President & GM
AJCI (KINY-AM, KSUP-FM)

Emily Stancliff

From: Hutton, Pete [PeteHutton@clearchannel.com]
Sent: Thursday, February 08, 2007 12:25 PM
To: Rep. Jay Ramras
Subject: House bill 116

Jay, we would really like to see your support for this bill. thanks
Pete Hutton
General Manager
Clear Channel Radio-Fairbanks
KFBX-AM-KIAK-FM-KAKQ-FM-KKED-FM
907 450-1023-direct
907 450-1094-fax
907 347-7136-cell

Doug Letch

From: Sen. Gary Stevens
Sent: Thursday, February 08, 2007 10:08 AM
To: Doug Letch
Subject: FW: Letter In support of HB116 and SB59

-----Original Message-----

From: Alaska Broadcasters Association [mailto:akba@gci.net]
Sent: Thursday, February 08, 2007 9:58 AM
To: David Scott; Sen. Gary Stevens
Cc: clark gruening; egan@ptialaska.net
Subject: Letter In support of HB116 and SB59

----- Original Message -----

From: "Ric Schmidt" <rschmidtknom@nome.net>
To: "Alaska Broadcasters Association" <akba@gci.net>
Sent: Monday, February 05, 2007 4:48 PM
Subject: Raffle ad story from KNOM

Darlene:

In the first week of January, when the thermometer was routinely dipping below -20, I received a call from Winnifred in Kotlik.

She politely asked if the folks in Kotlik could announce a charitable raffle on KNOM AM & FM.

She said that the city office needed a monitor heater and due to the lack of city funds the citizens had put together a raffle to collectively raise enough money to purchase the desperately needed heater.

I was forced by Alaska State law to tell her NO! I told her that newspapers are allowed to promote this type of effort, but we are not!

She said that the best way to raise the money was this raffle and the best way to promote it, would be announcing it on KNOM.

I apologized to her, and honestly...I was embarrassed!

Here was a community that didn't look to the state or federal government for help.

They were raising the money themselves, and state law was preventing them from standing on their own and buying a monitor heater for their city office.

I would hope that the people of Alaska can work to help communities like Kotlik, help themselves, without restricting their efforts through outdated laws and regulations.

We can't ask people to stand up and help, if we don't give them the tools to succeed.

Thank you for your interest in this sad story. I hope the future brings bright promise to all Alaskans.

Ric Schmidt
KNOM General Manager

I have her phone number if we want to contact her for any reason. I'd prefer to make the contact, so she has a frame of reference for this issue. Thanks. Ric



**Alaska Broadcasters
Association** AN ALASKAN CORPORATION

700 W 41st Avenue #102 Anchorage, AK 99503

P: 907-258-2424

F: 907-258-2414

Email: akba@gci.net

January 25, 2007

Senator Gary Stevens
State Capitol Room 103
Juneau, AK 99801-1182

Dear Senator Stevens:

Thank you for your introduction of SB 59 as a solution to the disparate treatment currently being imposed on Alaska's broadcasters by existing Alaska Statute.

As you know, Alaska Statute §05.15.640(a) bans, but only via radio and television, the advertising of charitable raffles and lotteries. Newspapers are free to advertise the very same activity that radio and television stations may not.

In fact, the current law actually impedes positive governmental interests by prohibiting Alaska's broadcasters from assisting nonprofit organizations in their efforts to raise money to reach their goals. This restriction is simply flawed policy.

This unwarranted restriction in Alaska law, removed from Federal Law many years ago, means that raffles cannot be promoted by organizations such as the VFW, the Boys and Girls Club, and other local nonprofits through the means of broadcasting.

On behalf of all broadcasters in Alaska, we appreciate and support your willingness to seek this amendment to allow each of us, through the power of radio and television broadcasting, to better serve our communities in their fundraising efforts.

Sincerely,



Scott Smith
President



Alaska Broadcasters Association

"Membership Has Its Benefits"
An Alaskan Corporation

P.O. Box 102424
Anchorage, AK 99510

Phone (907) 258-2424
Fax (907) 258-2414
E-mail akba@gci.net

March 2007

Re: House Bill 116 and SB 59

HB116 and SB 59 would afford an equal playing field for Alaska's broadcasters. Alaska Statute prohibits broadcasters from airing truthful and non-misleading advertisements of lawful "charitable gaming activity". HB 116 and SB 59 would avoid a likely constitutional challenge to the Statute.

As it stands now, Alaska Statute §05.15.640(a) bans, but only via radio and television, the advertising of lawful charitable gaming or conduct. Newspapers are free to advertise the very same activity and conduct that radio and television stations may not advertise.

In addition, the statute also impedes positive governmental interests. ABA member stations cannot assist deserving not-for-profit organizations in their efforts to raise money to meet their goals.

Alaska Statute §05.15.640(a) may well deny broadcasters equal protection under the Federal and State Constitutions since the act prohibits, without rational basis, the broadcast media from engaging in conduct which is allowed by the print media, namely the carriage of third party advertising promoting a lawful "charitable gaming activity"

ALASKA STATE LEGISLATURE




SESSION ADDRESS
Alaska State Capitol
Juneau, AK 99801-1182
(907) 465-4925
Fax (907) 465-3517

INTERIM ADDRESS
112 Mill Bay Road
Kodiak, AK 99615
(907) 486-4925
Fax (907) 486-5264

Senator Gary Stevens
Senate Majority Leader

Memo

To: Representative Bob Lynn, Chair, House State Affairs Committee
From: Senator Gary Stevens 
Date: March 23, 2007
Re: SB 59

I respectfully request a House State Affairs Committee hearing on CS for SB 59(Fin): "An Act relating to the use of broadcasting to promote charitable raffles and lotteries and to establishing cabbage classics as a form of charitable gaming" at your earliest convenience.

Enclosed in the packet is copy of the current bill, fiscal note, sectional analysis and letters of support from the Alaska Broadcasters Association (ABA) and others. I anticipate ABA members will testify in support of this measure during the committee hearing and request the bill hearing be teleconferenced to the Anchorage, Ketchikan and Fairbanks Legislative Information Offices.

Please contact my aide Doug Letch with any questions about the bill at extension 1283.

Thank you for consideration of this request.

SB

171



SARAH PALIN
GOVERNOR
GOVERNOR@GOV.STATE.AK.US

P.O. Box 110001
JUNEAU, ALASKA 99811-0001
(907) 465-3500
FAX (907) 465-3532
WWW.GOV.STATE.AK.US

STATE OF ALASKA
OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR
JUNEAU

May 2, 2007

The Honorable Lyda Green
President of the Senate
Alaska State Legislature
State Capitol, Room 111
Juneau, AK 99801-1182

Dear President Green:

Under the authority of art. III, sec. 18, of the Alaska Constitution, I am transmitting a bill relating to judicial retention election candidates.

The state elections code currently does not contain a process for a candidate for judicial retention to withdraw from candidacy. This bill would amend the state elections code to provide such a process.

I urge your prompt and favorable action on this measure.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Sarah Palin".

Sarah Palin
Governor

COMMITTEE COPY

Lieutenant Governor Sean Parnell

MEMORANDUM

To: Representative Bob Lynn, Chair
House State Affairs Committee

Date: May 11, 2007

From: Lieutenant Governor Sean Parnell

Telephone: (907) 465-3520

Subject: SB 171—*An Act relating to the withdrawal of a candidate from a judicial retention election and the removal of such a candidate's name from the general election ballot; and providing for an effective date.*

The state elections code currently does not contain a process by which a candidate for judicial retention may withdraw from candidacy. This bill would amend the state elections code to provide such a process.

This statutory vacancy was brought to light in the 2006 General Election when the Division of Elections was contacted by a judicial candidate who was considering withdrawing from the ballot. Unfortunately, there was no legal mechanism by which the candidate could do so. Under the advice from the Department of Law, the Division of Elections would have had to rely on the same statutory procedures that allow for the withdrawal of political candidates (AS 15.25.110) and nominating petition candidates (AS 15.25.200). The candidate did not ultimately withdraw, but had he, the Division of Elections would have been forced to deal with the circumstance without proper statutory guidance. Under the proposed language, withdrawal of judicial candidates will be allowed if the candidate submits his/her withdrawal in writing 48 days prior to the General Election, the same procedure for political candidates and nominating petition candidates.

I ask for your support of SB 171. Staff within my office and in the Division of Elections will provide any additional information you may need.


For Lt. Governor Sean Parnell

FISCAL NOTE

STATE OF ALASKA
2007 LEGISLATIVE SESSION

Fiscal Note Number: 1
Bill Version: SB 171
(S) Publish Date: 5/3/07

Revision Date/Time (Note if correction): _____ Dept. Affected: OOG
Title: "An Act relating to the withdrawal of a candidate
from a judicial retention election..." RDU: Elections
Component: Elections
Sponsor: Rules Committee
Requester: Governor Component No: 21

Expenditures/Revenues (Thousands of Dollars)

Note: Amounts do not include inflation unless otherwise noted below.

OPERATING EXPENDITURES	FY 2008	FY 2005	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013
Personal Services						
Travel						
Contractual						
Supplies						
Equipment						
Land & Structures						
Grants & Claims						
Miscellaneous						
TOTAL OPERATING	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

CAPITAL EXPENDITURES						
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CHANGE IN REVENUES ()						
-------------------------------	--	--	--	--	--	--

FUND SOURCE (Thousands of Dollars)

1002 Federal Receipts						
1003 GF Match						
1004 GF						
1005 GF/Program Receipts						
1037 GF/Mental Health						
Other (1175-Business License Receipts)						
TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Estimate of any current year (FY2007) cost: 0.0

Mark this box (X) if funding for this bill is included in the Governor's FY 2008 budget proposal:

POSITIONS

Full-time						
Part-time						
Temporary						

ANALYSIS: (Attach a separate page if necessary)

This legislation will have no fiscal impact on the division.

Prepared by: Gail Fenumial, Asst. Admin. Director
Division: Division of Administrative Services
Approved by: Whitney Brewster, Director
Agency: Office of the Lt. Governor, Division of Elections

Phone: 465-3885
Date/Time: 3/29/2007, 12:51pm
Date: 3/29/2007

FISCAL NOTE

STATE OF ALASKA
2007 LEGISLATIVE SESSION

Fiscal Note: HB252CS-DOLWD-WH-05-10-07

Bill Version: CSHB 252(HES)

() Publish Date: _____

Revision Date/Time (Note if correction): _____

Title: Leave for Organ/Bone Marrow Donations

Department: Labor and Workforce Development

RDU: Labor Standards and Safety

Component: Wage and Hour

Sponsor: Representative Ledoux

Requester: House STA

Component Number: 345

Expenditures/Revenues

(Thousands of Dollars)

Note: Amounts do not include inflation unless otherwise noted below.

OPERATING EXPENDITURES	FY 2008	FY 2009	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013
Personal Services						
Travel						
Contractual						
Supplies						
Equipment						
Land & Structures						
Grants & Claims						
Miscellaneous						
TOTAL OPERATING	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

CAPITAL EXPENDITURES						
-----------------------------	--	--	--	--	--	--

CHANGE IN REVENUES ()						
-------------------------------	--	--	--	--	--	--

FUND SOURCE

(Thousands of Dollars)

1002 Federal Receipts						
1003 GF Match						
1004 GF						
1005 GF/Program Receipts						
1037 GF/Mental Health						
Other (Specify Type--Do not abbreviate)						
TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Estimate of any current year (FY2007) cost: None

Mark this box (X) if funding for this bill is included in the Governor's FY 2008 budget proposal:

POSITIONS

Full-time						
Part-time						
Temporary						

ANALYSIS: (Attach a separate page if necessary)

Due to changes made in the committee substitute, the bill no longer entails enforcement action by the Division of Labor Standards and Safety. With this change no financial impact is anticipated to this department.

Prepared by: Grey Mitchell, Director

Division: Labor Standards & Safety

Approved by: Click Bishop, Commissioner

Agency: Department of Labor and Workforce Development

Phone: 465-4855

Date/Time: 5/10/07 4:01 PM

Date: 5/10/2007

SB

201

ALASKA STATE LEGISLATURE

Session
State Capitol, Rm. 115
Juneau, AK 99801
(907) 465-2435
Fax: (907) 465-6615

Interim
716 W. 4th Ave, Ste. 540
Anchorage, AK 99501
(907) 269-0120
Fax: (907) 269-0122



Co-chair
Joint Armed Services Committee

Member
Resources Committee
Judiciary Committee
Transportation Committee

Senator_Bill_Wielechowski@legis.state.ak.us

SENATOR BILL WIELECHOWSKI

March 27, 2008

Representative Bob Lynn, Chair
House State Affairs Committee
Room 104, State Capitol
Juneau, Alaska 99801

I respectfully request a hearing on SB 201, the Alaska Open Government Act. This bill calls for the creation of a free, searchable website that provides Alaskans with easy access to detailed and comprehensive information on state spending. This will encourage better understanding of state operations and, ultimately, reduce waste and ensure that funding is directed to the state's most important needs.

Across the country, taxpayers are clamoring for better information and greater accountability from government. The federal government recently posted its expenditures online at www.federalspending.gov, following passage of the bipartisan Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act. In 2007, five states (Kansas, Texas, Oklahoma, Minnesota and Hawaii) passed similar legislation calling for the creation of on-line databases with their state's expenditures. Seventeen other states are currently considering "taxpayer transparency acts," including Washington, New Mexico, Kentucky, Michigan, Illinois, Georgia, and Colorado.

SB 201 will give Alaskans easy access to detailed information on state expenditures and revenue, empowering them to become fiscal watchdogs. It will lead to greater government accountability and a public better able to assist in making difficult government decisions.

Thank you for your speedy consideration of this request.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Bill Wielechowski".

Senator Bill Wielechowski

ALASKA STATE LEGISLATURE

State Capitol, Rm. 115
Juneau, AK 99801
(907) 465-2435
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Co-chair
Joint Armed Services Committee

Member
Resources Committee
Judiciary Committee
Transportation Committee

Sen.Bill.Wielechowski@legis.state.ak.us

SENATOR BILL WIELECHOWSKI

Sponsor Statement: SB 201 The Alaska Open Government Act

The intent of S.B. 201, the Alaska Open Government Act, is to create a free, searchable website that provides Alaskans with easy access to detailed and comprehensive information on state spending. This will encourage better understanding of state operations and, ultimately, reduce waste and ensure that funding is directed to the state's most important needs.

Across the country, taxpayers are clamoring for better information and greater accountability from government. The federal government recently posted its expenditures online at www.federalspending.gov, following passage of the bipartisan Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act. In 2007, five states (Kansas, Texas, Oklahoma, Minnesota and Hawaii) passed similar legislation calling for the creation of on-line databases with their state's expenditures. Thirteen other states are currently considering "taxpayer transparency acts," including Washington, New Mexico, Kentucky, Michigan, Illinois, Georgia, and Colorado.

SB 201 will give Alaskans easy access to detailed information on state expenditures and revenue, empowering them to become fiscal watchdogs. It will lead to greater government accountability and a public better able to assist in making difficult government decisions.

Please join me in supporting this much needed legislation.

FISCAL NOTE

STATE OF ALASKA
2008 LEGISLATIVE SESSION

Fiscal Note Number: 1
 Bill Version: CSSB 201(STA)
 (S) Publish Date: 2/13/08

Identifier (file name): SB201-DOA-DOF-1-28-08 Dept. Affected: Administration
 Title: "An act relating to establishment and maintenance of an
Internet website providing public finance information..." RDU: Centralized Admin Services
 Sponsor: Senators Wielechowski and Ellis Component: Finance
 Requester: _____ Component Number: 59

Expenditures/Revenues (Thousands of Dollars)

Note: Amounts do not include inflation unless otherwise noted below.

	Appropriation Required	Information						
		FY 2009	FY 2009	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014
OPERATING EXPENDITURES								
Personal Services								
Travel								
Contractual								
Supplies								
Equipment								
Land & Structures								
Grants & Claims								
Miscellaneous								
TOTAL OPERATING	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

CAPITAL EXPENDITURES								
-----------------------------	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

CHANGE IN REVENUES ()								
-------------------------------	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

FUND SOURCE (Thousands of Dollars)

1002 Federal Receipts								
1003 GF Match								
1004 GF								
1005 GF/Program Receipts								
1037 GF/Mental Health								
Other Interagency Receipts								
TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Estimate of any current year (FY2008) cost: _____

POSITIONS

Full-time							
Part-time							
Temporary							

ANALYSIS: (Attach a separate page if necessary)

The Division of Finance is currently building such a website at the direction of Governor Palin. The source of the financial information will be the State's new Alaska Data Enterprise Reporting System (ALDER), which is currently in field testing by State departments.

This project has been incorporated into the Division of Finance ongoing workload. Therefore, no additional funding needs are anticipated.

Prepared by: Kim Garnero, Director
 Division: Finance
 Approved by: Kevin Brooks, Deputy Commissioner
Department of Administration

Phone 465-3435
 Date/Time 1/28/08 10:00 AM
 Date 1/28/2008

Benefits of the Alaska Open Government Act

Thomas Jefferson's thoughts on government transparency (from 1802):

"We might hope to see the finances of the Union as clear and intelligible as a merchant's books, so that every member of Congress and every man of any mind in the Union should be able to comprehend them, to investigate abuses, and consequently to control them."



AMERICANS for TAX REFORM

Grover G. Norquist
President

January 30, 2008

Dear Committee Member,

I write to urge you to lend your support to SB 201, the Open Government Act sponsored by Sen. Bill Wielechowski.

The Open Government Act would create a single, searchable Internet website providing comprehensive information on state government finance - both revenues and expenditures greater than \$10,000, including, but not limited to grants and contracts. This measure would provide an important step towards greater fiscal accountability.

Since the passage of the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 which resulted in the creation of www.USASpending.gov, Americans for Tax Reform has been working with policymakers and activists around the country to pass legislation and get executive orders signed that emulate and ideally go beyond the federal legislation.

In 2007, five states (Kansas, Oklahoma, Texas, and to a more limited extent Minnesota and Hawaii) passed legislation that mandates the creation of comprehensive websites for state expenditures. In most cases, these bills enjoyed broad bipartisan support. Several other states including Texas, Missouri, South Carolina, and, just this month, Louisiana have already taken executive action or are looking to do so.

Several of the websites mandated by legislative or executive action have already gone live, and provide taxpayers with an opportunity to track their tax dollars at a mouse-click. Among these are Texas, Oklahoma and Missouri, and all these sites have been very well received so far.

This spending transparency effort is consistent with the Founding Fathers' notion of accountable government: It was Thomas Jefferson, who once said: *'We might hope to see the finances of the Union as clear and intelligible as a merchant's book, so that every member of Congress and every man of any mind in the Union should be able to comprehend them, to investigate abuses, and consequently to control them.'*

Creating such a website would provide Alaska taxpayers with a tool to access, search and easily find relevant spending information, and ultimately foster a better understanding of the ways in which government operates. Ultimately, it would help reduce fraud, waste and abuse. Opacity in the way government spends tax dollars often leaves taxpayers frustrated, and can create the perception of possible abuse of the system.

More public scrutiny will help eliminate impropriety in dealing with taxpayer dollars - be it perceived or real impropriety.

Because it goes back to one of the most fundamental principles - accountability - this movement has broad bipartisan support. This is not a Right-Left issue, it is a Right-Wrong issue. There may not be agreement on how the money should be spent, but there is agreement that taxpayers should be able to scrutinize government expenditures. In today's digital age, there is no justification for keeping taxpayers in the dark as to how their tax dollars are being spent.

The founding fathers had the vision, and today, we have the tools at our disposal to make that vision a reality – at little cost to taxpayers:

- *The Missouri Accountability Portal, an expenditure website created via executive order by Gov. Matt Blunt, was created without the appropriation of a single additional tax dollar.*
- *The Oklahoma website, which just went live on December 28, 2007 and can be accessed at www.openbooks.ok.gov, initially carried a price tag of \$300,000. In the end the implementing agency reported that the website cost only \$8,000 plus expended staff time.*
- *Even the federal grant and contract website which was unveiled in December and is accessible at www.USASpending.gov was put together at a price tag of less than \$1 million – and that covers grants and contracts of the entire federal government. The software that was used to create the federal site will soon be available as open source software.*
- *Companies like Google and Microsoft have offered to partner with states in their endeavours to make government spending information more accessible, helping to further defray cost.*

One thing we suggest should be considered as this bill moves forward, is to drop the \$10,000 threshold for disclosure, and to include of the actual expenditure document – the grant, contract, or purchase order for example. This would help taxpayers to get an even clearer picture of how their tax dollars are spent.

With this bill, Alaska has the opportunity to empower its taxpayers, and that is an opportunity that should not be missed.

Americans for Tax Reform urges your support for SB 201 and is looking forward to working with you to advancing accountability and transparency for the sake of Alaska taxpayers.

Onward,



Grover Norquist

Alaska opens checkbook to public

By Pat Forgey | JUNEAU EMPIRE

Alaskans who want to make sure their state government is spending their money wisely can now rummage through the state's checkbook, and see what they can find.

The new Online Checkbook feature in the state's Web site lets the public look through listings of all the bills paid and grants awarded by the state government in the last six months.

"It's a very, very good tool for Alaskans to see where their money is going," said Gov. Sarah Palin at a press conference Monday.

It's a new government program that both ends of the political spectrum agree is needed. National anti-tax advocate Grover Norquist of Americans for Tax Reform and liberal Ralph Nader both support the plans to improve transparency in state government. Norquist testified before a legislative committee supporting the effort, as did Steve Cleary of the Alaska Public Interest Research Group.

Visitors to the Online Checkbook site can look up all the checks and payments made by the state so far this fiscal year, with some notable exceptions. Public employee salary information, while legally public, is not on the site. Nor are payments of less than \$1,000.

Sen. Bill Wielechowski, D-Anchorage, praised the effort Monday.

"I think there are going to be times when elected officials would rather not have this online, but it holds us accountable," he said.

Among those interested in the Online Checkbook are likely to be businesses, which may want to see how much the state is paying their competitors, he said. Those businesses may even underbid their competitors the next time around, and save the state some money.

Wielechowski said other states that have made similar efforts have gotten millions of hits on their Web sites. He brought the idea for a bill requiring the Online Checkbook to the Palin administration and got a positive response.

"They came back to us and said, 'You don't need the bill. We'll just go ahead and do it ourselves,'" he said.

Wielechowski said he's still planning to go ahead with his bill, however, and said elected officials should make the call - and take the heat - about what should and should not go online.

Requiring the state to post the information online ensures that it will remain there, even when administrations change, he said.

"If the Legislature has a say, it gives it permanence," he said. "Look at how many things Palin has reversed that (former Gov. Frank) Murkowski did."

Wielechowski said Department of Administration staff who put the information online exceeded expectations, but said the early version needs more work.

"It's a good start, but it's a little rough," he said. He said he'd like to see aggregated data and more specificity. In some cases, it is difficult to tell what a bill is for.

"We'll continue to refine the tool and respond to suggestions for improvement," said Annette Kreitzer, commissioner of the Department of Administration.

Information from the site can be downloaded in both spreadsheet and PDF formats, with additional lookup and analysis options under consideration, state officials say.

- Contact reporter Pat Forgey at 586-4816 or patrick.forgey@junEAUempire.com.

A peek at the state's pocketbook

by Bill McAllister

Monday, Feb. 11, 2008

JUNEAU, Alaska -- Surfing the Internet now can include a review of the way the state of Alaska spends your money.

The Palin administration has established a state checkbook online. While it may not pose any threat to YouTube, one supporter says similar sites in other states have generated millions of hits.

In any case, Alaskans can look inside state finances with just a few keystrokes.

"It certainly is providing a new connection now between the state's financial information and the people," said Gov. Sarah Palin.

The online checkbook was officially launched last week as part of the administration's stated mission to make state government more transparent.

The site, with Excel spreadsheets and PDF files, can be searched by government agency, by vendor and by account, with purposes for the financial transactions listed.

Gregg Erickson, former publisher of the independent newsletter the Alaska Budget Report, applauds the governor.

"It's definitely a good sign. I think every governor learns that if they don't already know it that it's a lot easier to govern if you can control the flow of information," Erickson said. "If Sarah Palin didn't know that when she was elected, I'm sure she's figured that out by now. But that doesn't mean she still doesn't care about the idea of trying to make public information accessible."

House Finance Co-Chairman Mike Chenault tried out the website and says for him it might raise as many questions about state spending as it answers. He wonders if it will really give Alaskans confidence in the system.

"Is it too much information, or not enough information? I don't know. We'll have to look at it and see," said Chenault, R-Nikiski.

Sen. Bill Wielechowski, who has been working with the administration on the idea, has a bill to make it permanent.

"I think it's important that we enshrine this in law so that future governors have to do that as well. and Also I think it's important that we go ahead and have a public debate about what kind of things should be included in there, what kind of things perhaps shouldn't be included in there," said Wielechowski, D-Anchorage. "This bill gives the Legislature an opportunity to really have a say in what kind of things are in there and the public in general, since we will have public debate on it."

Still, even fans of the site have their criticisms. Wielechowski says the website should have the dates of transactions. And Erickson objects to the listing only of transactions of more than \$1,000.

The governor says she's fine with that.

"We're always in a position of being told what we can do better, so that's OK," she said.

While the site is up and running, the administration hasn't logged off of discussions about how to improve it.

Contact Bill McAllister at bmcallister@ktuu.com

SB

2022

Alaska State Legislature

Chairman
State Affairs Committee

Vice-Chairman
Economic Development, Trade & Tourism
Committee

Member
Judiciary Committee
Joint Armed Services Committee

Finance Subcommittees
Corrections
Labor and Workforce Development
Military and Veterans' Affairs
Public Safety



A Communication From
REPRESENTATIVE BOB LYNN
District 31 Anchorage

E-Mail: Representative Bob Lynn@legis.state.ak.us
"Bob Lynn's Alaska Blog" RepBobLynnBlog.com

Session:
Alaska State Capitol
Juneau, AK 99801-1182

Phone: (907) 465-4931
Fax: (907) 465-4316
Toll Free: (800) 870-4391

Interim:
716 W. 4th Ave., #650
Anchorage, AK 99501-2133

Phone: (907) 269-0205
Fax: (907) 269-0207

FAX

To: Legal Services

Fax #: 2029

From: Nancy Manly x2794
Alaska State Capitol, room 104
Juneau, AK 99801-1182

of Pages (including cover): 2

Phone: 907-465-4931

Fax: 907-465-4316

Re: SB 202 Prohibit State Spending For Real ID Act

4-05-08

SB 202 Version M (25-LS1145\M) passed out of the House State Affairs Committee. Please draft a final CS. Thank you.

25-LS1145M
Luckhaupt
4/1/08

HOUSE CS FOR SENATE BILL NO. 202()
IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA
TWENTY-FIFTH LEGISLATURE - SECOND SESSION

BY

Offered:
Referred:

Sponsor(s): SENATORS WIELECHOWSKI, Elton, Ellis, French

A BILL
FOR AN ACT ENTITLED

1 **"An Act relating to expenditures in aid of or to implement the provisions of the federal**
2 **Real ID Act."**

3 **BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:**

4 *** Section 1.** AS 44.99 is amended by adding a new section to article 1 to read:

5 **Sec. 44.99.040. Limitation on certain state expenditures.** A state agency
6 may not expend funds solely for the purpose of implementing or aiding in the
7 implementation of, the requirements of the federal Real ID Act of 2005 (P.L. 109-13,
8 Division B).

*
* TRANSACTION REPORT *
* APR-04-2008 11:28 PM *
* FOR: REP LYNN 4654316 *
*
* SEND *
*
* DATE START RECEIVER PAGES TIME NOTE *
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* APR-04 11:28 PM 2029 2 35" OK *
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ALASKA STATE LEGISLATURE

Session
State Capitol, Rm. 115
Juneau, AK 99801
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Fax: (907) 269-0122



Co-chair
Joint Armed Services Committee

Member
Resources Committee
Judiciary Committee
Transportation Committee

Senator_Bill_Wielechowski@legis.state.ak.us

SENATOR BILL WIELECHOWSKI

Senate Bill 202

"An Act relating to expenditures in aid of or to implement the provisions of the federal Real ID Act."

Sponsor Statement

The "Real ID Act" is a federal mandate that creates America's first national ID Card. This is a cause for alarm for many Alaskans and Americans, particularly since the federal government is attempting to interfere with the states' sovereignty, and force the states to implement the program through state-issued driver's licenses. Senate Bill 202 prohibits the use of state money to implement this program.

Many people are concerned that the "common machine-readable technology" required by the Real ID Act would convert state-issued drivers licenses and identification cards into tracking devices, allowing computers to note and record people's whereabouts each time they are identified. The Federal government could essentially track citizens' every movement. This is a major step towards creating a surveillance society.

The requirement that states maintain databases of information about their citizens and residents and then share this personal information with all other states will expose every state to the information security weaknesses of every other state and threatens the privacy of every American. States and local governments that contract with private corporations also allow those private organizations to obtain this information. Moreover, through national agreements with Canada and Mexico, those governments will also have access to every Americans' identification information. Essentially, every American's identity will be at risk of substantial threat of ID theft under Real ID.

The concern has also been raised that Real ID will be used as a backdoor attempt to institute a national gun registry. That is why many NRA members oppose Real ID.

The implementation of Real ID is one of the top issues that States all across the country have been addressing. Arkansas, Colorado, Georgia, Hawaii, Idaho, Illinois, Maine, Michigan, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, North Dakota, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, and Washington have all passed legislation opposing Real ID. Similar bills are pending in Arizona, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Massachusetts, Minnesota, New Mexico, New York, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Texas, Utah, Vermont, Washington, D.C., West Virginia, and Wisconsin.

It is time for Alaska to join the effort to stand up for state sovereignty and oppose Real ID. I encourage you to support this legislation.

FISCAL NOTE

STATE OF ALASKA
2008 LEGISLATIVE SESSION

Fiscal Note Number: 1
 Bill Version: SB 202
 (S) Publish Date: 2/19/08

Identifier (file name): SB202-DOA-DMV-01-22-08 Dept. Affected: Administration
 Title: "Expenditures to implement the federal Real ID Act..." RDU: Division of Motor Vehicles
 Component: Motor Vehicles
 Sponsor: Sen. Wielechowski
 Requester: (S) STA Component Number: 2348

Expenditures/Revenues (Thousands of Dollars)

Note: Amounts do not include inflation unless otherwise noted below.

	Appropriation Required	Information						
		FY 2009	FY 2009	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014
OPERATING EXPENDITURES								
Personal Services								
Travel								
Contractual								
Supplies								
Equipment								
Land & Structures								
Grants & Claims								
Miscellaneous								
TOTAL OPERATING	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

CAPITAL EXPENDITURES	0.0							
-----------------------------	------------	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

CHANGE IN REVENUES ()	0.0							
-------------------------------	------------	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

FUND SOURCE (Thousands of Dollars)

	FY 2009	FY 2009	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014
1002 Federal Receipts							
1003 GF Match							
1004 GF							
1005 GF/Program Receipts							
1037 GF/Mental Health							
1156 Receipt Supported Services							
TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Estimate of any current year (FY2008) cost: _____

POSITIONS

Full-time							
Part-time							
Temporary							

ANALYSIS: (Attach a separate page if necessary)

This bill does not have a financial impact on the Division of Motor Vehicles; therefore, the Division submits a zero fiscal note.

Prepared by: Whitney H. Brewster, Director
 Division: Motor Vehicles
 Approved by: Kevin Brooks, Deputy Commissioner
Department of Administration

Phone 907-269-5574
 Date/Time 1/22/08 12:00 PM
 Date 1/22/2008

By: Council Member Hilling
Introduced: February 26, 2008⁷

RESOLUTION NO. 4262

**RESOLUTION PETITIONING THE ALASKA STATE
LEGISLATURE TO PROCLAIM OPPOSITION TO, AND
PASS LEGISLATION AGAINST, THE FEDERAL "REAL
ID" ACT OF 2005**

WHEREAS, a national ID system has been proposed by the federal government pursuant to Public Law 109-13, called the "Real ID" Act of 2005; and

WHEREAS, this system by 2008 will oblige the 50 states to unify all drivers licenses under certain requirements of content, formatting, recording and reporting; and

WHEREAS, at federal and state levels, costs are projected in the several billions of dollars in the near term; and

WHEREAS, the Bill of Rights states in the Tenth Amendment, "The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the states, are reserved to the states respectively, or to the people" and in the Fourth Amendment, "The right of the people to be secure [from federal encroachment] ... shall not be violated"; and

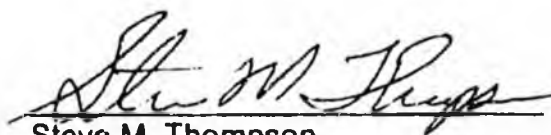
WHEREAS, such issues of states' rights, citizens' privacy, and limitation of federal power have prompted about a dozen states to have active legislation against "Real ID," while another dozen or so states are in process of either resolutions or legislation against its implementation; and

WHEREAS, in the U.S. Congress Sen. John Sununu of New Hampshire, along with Sen. Daniel Akaka of Hawaii, filed a bill last year to repeal the "Real ID" Act of 2005; and

WHEREAS, it behooves the City of Fairbanks and the Alaska State Legislature to participate in this groundswell of objection and opposition to incursion in our affairs by the federal government;

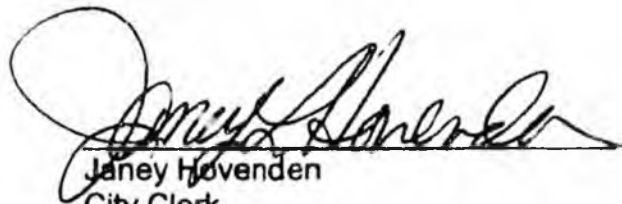
NOW, THEREFORE, THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF FAIRBANKS hereby places itself in solidarity with the above-mentioned states seeking abrogation of the "Real ID" Act of 2005, and petitions the Alaska State Legislature likewise to pass resolutions and/or laws to the end of protecting our state from such unconstitutional federal interference and incursion.

PASSED AND APPROVED THIS 26TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 2007.



Steve M. Thompson
City of Fairbanks

ATTEST:

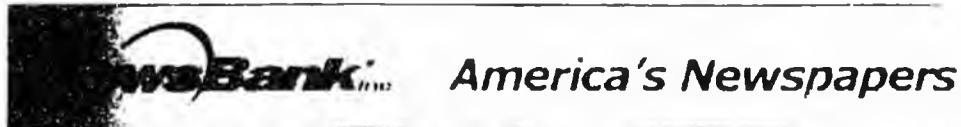


Janey Hovenden
City Clerk

APPROVED AS TO FORM:



Herbert P. Kuss
City Attorney



Opinion

Anchorage Daily News (AK) - January 18, 2008

Author: Staff

The answer is still no REAL ID remains a bad idea

Orwellian talk to the contrary, the REAL ID Act does give the United States its first national identification card. And it will create a national database of information about more than 240 million Americans.

Last week, Michael Chertoff, secretary of Homeland Security, unveiled revised rules for the REAL ID Act, which bombed beyond the Beltway after its passage in 2005. Seventeen states passed resolutions protesting it or prohibiting compliance. So Homeland Security tried to sweeten the deal by granting delays, slashing costs by a claimed 73 percent and exempting Americans 50 and older from carrying federally approved driver's licenses until 2017.

Red flag, citizens. If you can't peddle an idea without a fire sale and years of delay, it's probably not a good idea.

REAL ID requires the states to issue driver's licenses that comply with more rigorous federal rules for checking personal data and that have three layers of technical security to make counterfeiting harder. The law also requires each state database to connect with other state databases and federal databases so that information can be shared and checked.

By 2014, states would have to issue REAL ID licenses to all drivers born after Dec. 1, 1964. States could choose from a menu of high-tech safeguards to include in the card.

Last week's sweeteners came with a warning. Mr. Chertoff said the time for discussion and debate is over. States now must seek waivers for more time to comply with the act, or their licenses won't be valid ID for boarding airplanes or entering federal buildings.

And yet he claims the states aren't being coerced.

There remain two fundamental problems with REAL ID.

* Americans have long and wisely rejected any sort of national identification card, particularly one that could be used to restrict our free passage among the states or collect information about us. REAL ID -- or any American's lack of REAL ID -- would do both.

Americans for generations have conceded the need for a reasonably functioning government to have certain information about us. Social Security requires it. Federal loans require it. So do military service and the census. Justice and security sometimes require it. We bear, sometimes with clenched teeth, the intrusion of baggage and body searches to board airplanes.

But Americans also have maintained that the ordinary commerce, relationships and comings and goings of law-abiding citizens are none of Uncle Sam's business.

With REAL ID, such could become an increasingly routine part of Uncle Sam's business.

* Critics point out that REAL ID would not make us safer. It would not have stopped Timothy McVeigh, a homegrown terrorist, nor would it guarantee the apprehension of foreign-born terrorists like those who carried out the attacks of 9/11. It might provide a limited tool against illegal immigration, and, Mr. Chertoff argues, identity theft. But tech trackers insist shared databases would increase opportunities for ID theft and other information hacking -- not to mention government-sanctioned invasions of privacy.

Paranoia? No, just knowledge of current events, given the Bush administration's determination to tap Americans' communications with no court oversight and no accountability.

If the states want to tighten their rules for driver's licenses and ID verification, fine. Some of the checks required by REAL ID are being done now -- Alaska, for example, double-checks given Social Security numbers.

And few Americans would have any problem with states sharing information with one another and the feds -- given just cause for doing so.

We want law enforcement on any level to have the means to protect us and catch the bad guys before they strike. That calls for precision, not a universal net that restricts our freedoms and threatens our privacy.

REAL ID doesn't need tweaking or more time. It needs repeal.

BOTTOM LINE: Homeland Security gives ground on cost and time, but REAL ID is a bad deal at any price, at any time.

Alaska notebook

Winter biker

Meet Nick Hardigg, winter bicycle commuter.

Age: "Still in his 30s" (but not for long).

Married, no kids. His wife is also a bike commuter.

Lives in: Turnagain.

Works in: Downtown.

Route: Coastal Trail to Second Avenue, then uphill.

Bike: A Marin hybrid (not a mountain bike; not a street bike), with studded tires. "It's not heavy and it's fast. You don't need some fat balloon tire to get around."

Typical winter riding outfit: Multiple layers, rain pants, rain jacket, face mask, wool mittens.

This is his second winter in Anchorage commuting on bike. He's used to cold weather -- he did four years with the National Park Service in Denali.

Advantages: Doesn't need to belong to a health club -- commuting is his daily exercise. He and his wife get by with just one car. That saves thousands of dollars a year.

Disadvantages: When it snows so much during the day he can't pedal the bike. Riding to work through unpacked snow, he may get to the office sweating like a horse, and there is no shower there.

Moose encounters: "I see one every three weeks or so on the Coastal Trail. Generally they move out of way."

Near death experiences with Anchorage drivers: None so far. His bike has "nice, powerful blinkers" and he just added a strobe light to be seen more easily.

Take away message: "I can't believe how easy it is. It's relaxing. I hate traffic. It's just fun."

-- Matt Zencey

Caption: Photo 1: Alaska Notebooks_011808.jpg

Edition: Final

Section: Nation World

Page: B4

Record Number: 1603665901/18/08

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America's Newspapers

Local in brief

Fairbanks Daily News-Miner (AK) - February 28, 2007

Author: Staff Report

Opposition registered to Real ID The Fairbanks City Council has registered concern with the government's progress in creating a national identification card system, and state lawmakers could soon consider a similar resolution.

The council approved a resolution aligning itself with states where legislatures have opposed, or are considering opposing, the upcoming requirement that drivers licenses and other identification documents comply with strict rules crafted by the federal government. The upcoming changes were laid out in the 2005 Real ID Act.

The council voted 5-0 to oppose the ID card requirements, set to take effect next spring. The resolution argues issues of state rights and citizen privacy have prompted states to oppose the upcoming changes.

Interior state lawmakers are considering introducing a similar resolution to the Legislature for consideration.

"There are not a lot that states can generally do aside from logging an opinion," said Rep. Scott Kawasaki, D-Fairbanks. Nonetheless, Kawasaki is working with Rep. John Coghill, R-North Pole, on a resolution similar to the City Council's. Kawasaki said a handful of lawmakers seem to feel the identification card changes would represent federal government overstepping its bounds.

Section: News

Record Number: /fdn/raw/2007-02-28/2007/02/28/5565.html

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America's Newspapers

'Big Brother' is almost here

Juneau Empire (AK) - July 13, 2007

In his eerily farsighted book "1984," George Orwell describes a society in which privacy is unknown, slavish obedience a given, and nonconformity the ultimate enemy of the state.

In a nation crawling with domestic spies, the image of Big Brother is seemingly omnipresent. His gaze of loving authority encourages a compliant populace to maintain its herd mentality. Interestingly, while his face is everywhere, in reality, Big Brother is faceless. No one ever actually sees him. They merely assume he is in charge, that he cares for them like a familial overseer, and that his version of society is the only correct one.

It's taken us a while, but we're beginning to catch up with Orwell's vision. The Bush administration's virtually unrestricted government surveillance of Americans has expanded dramatically in the past few years. And while we still lack Winston Smiti's ultra-cool spying television set in our living rooms, by this time next year we're slated to have something almost as nifty. It's called REAL ID, and when it kicks in, well, (Big) brother, we'll have all the personal security we could want. Really.

On May 11, 2005, President George W. Bush signed the REAL ID Act of 2005, as an attachment to a military spending bill. In essence, the law, which goes into effect in May of 2008 (or a year later with certain caveats), will create a federalized driver's license, with standards to be set by the Department of Homeland Security.

Well, of course it's for our own good. We'd never be able to survive as a nation without it. We haven't so far. And only kooks, right-wing conspiracy theorists and the blatantly unpatriotic would balk at:

1. Providing an incredible amount of often difficult-to-obtain documentation proving they are who they say they are.
2. Either directly paying exorbitant fees for the new identification card or paying for it through ballooning taxation.
3. Submitting to the future possibility of biometric identifiers and radio-frequency identification within the card itself.
4. Being deposited in a massive database.
5. Being forbidden to travel freely in their own country by their method of choice.
6. Surrendering a whole lot more of their privacy and individuality.

But there is rebellion in the wind.

Montana, which as a state has always had the stomach for a good scrap, flatly refuses to implement the federal plan, stating that it is "inimical to the security and well-being of the people of Montana." New Hampshire Gov. John Lynch signed into law that state's official rejection of REAL ID, indicating that the unfunded federal mandate was "repugnant" to both the state and U.S. constitutions. Other states have expressed similar legislative opposition to what is rightly perceived as an egregious intrusion into the privacy of individuals, and a dismembering of states' rights. The National Governor's Association has

also expressed opposition to the federal law.

While compliance with REAL ID is "voluntary," it is also "mandatory," since noncompliance will result in your being barred from flying on a commercial airplane, entering federal buildings, opening a bank account, and engaging in a variety of other daily activities currently taken for granted. What REAL ID amounts to is the creation of a de facto national identification card and internal passport. For Alaskans, whose dependence on commercial air transport is a fact of life, refusal to "voluntarily" participate in this program means a virtual cessation of travel to the Outside.

Supporters of REAL ID claim it will help weed out illegal aliens, but our government's arrogant refusal to seal our southern borders exposes that defense as nothing more than smoke and mirrors. This program is geared toward American citizens, not illegal aliens.

Alaska is embarrassingly slow in opposing REAL ID. Though not currently requiring implementation of the law, our state legislature's milquetoast stance is a far cry from vigorous and outright rejection. For a place that supposedly prizes personal freedom and independence, this reluctance to take a stand is pitiful.

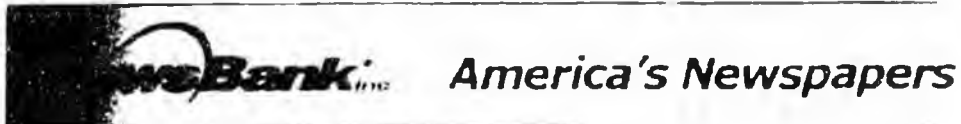
The only two options at this point are equally dramatic: boot REAL ID into the legislative oblivion it so richly deserves, or roll out the welcome mat for one fearmongering British writer. His ideas have been looking for a home for a long time.

• Kevin Reeves is a freelance writer living in Haines.

Section: *Opinion*

Record Number: 11A60BEE06BA4A40

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Opinion

Anchorage Daily News (AK) - August 31, 2007

Author: Staff

REAL ID Alaska should join list of states telling Uncle Sam no thanks

It's hard to believe Alaskans will stand for it.

By the end of 2009, the federal government says Alaska and every other state must produce drivers licenses that effectively function as a national ID card. To issue a license, states must demand to see a birth certificate and proof of residence, verify those documents, make sure the license can easily be read by federal scanners, and link all the license information to a national database. If Alaska dares reject this intrusive, burdensome federal mandate, the feds will refuse to accept Alaska's ID for "federal purposes" and Alaskans will need a passport to board any domestic flight or visit any federal building or national park.

What would we gain if we cave in to this unprecedented federal pressure?

- * More bureaucracy. States would have to vet and maintain huge volumes of personal information, and would have to do most of it on their own dimes. Homeland Security Secretary Michael Chertoff has made it clear that the states will pick up most of the tab -- \$23 billion nationwide over 10 years, by Homeland Security's own estimate.

- * Less security. Mr. Chertoff complains 8,000 separate ID cards for various purposes in the United States make it hard to recognize forgeries and protect our borders from illegal immigrants or terrorists. But the Electronic Privacy Information Center, for example, argues that a single card is like having one key to many doors. In the wrong hands, that key can shatter security and privacy on a vast scale. Security experts also warn that terrorists and other criminals will find ways to forge REAL ID cards, no matter how expensive and difficult, to steal identities of honest citizens.

- * Less freedom. A passport to fly to Seattle? To visit Denali? To walk into the Social Security office in downtown Anchorage? Ridiculous.

It is an absolute lie to say that a federally dictated driver's license is not a national ID.

It is absolutely a national ID. Homeland Security just refuses to call it that.

States are on their own to solve the implementation problems and cover the costs. If states balk, well, your citizens will be second-class, automatically suspect, because the feds reject any state ID that doesn't comply with federal rules.

There's no guarantee all this sound and fury will make us any more secure.

Seventeen state legislatures have taken a stand against the REAL ID Act. In 2006, Alaska Reps. Paul Seaton and Max Gruenberg led a successful effort to delay Alaska from complying. In 2007, a bipartisan group of state House members backed a resolution opposing the act. It languished in committee. So Alaska -- a state that was in the forefront of protests against the worst of the USA Patriot Act -- is still on the bubble about REAL ID.

Time to get off. REAL ID won't make living in the United States safer, just more controlled and complicated for ordinary citizens. This isn't just an overreaction to 9/11 and the tide of illegal immigration. It's a dangerous reaction. Alaska should say no. Congress should repeal a bill that passed with no debate or public hearings, that was tacked into a 2005 spending bill to cover the Iraq and Afghanistan wars and tsunami relief.

Duane Bannock, head of the state Division of Motor Vehicles, says he is neither for nor against REAL ID, but does point out that final regulations haven't been published yet, and that Homeland Security's revised regs may answer some objections. Maybe. But the devil isn't just in the details of REAL ID. It's in the idea.

We need reason to deal with the immigration issue and we need resolution to combat terrorism. A national ID born of fear defies both.

BOTTOM LINE: REAL ID is a real mistake. Alaska should protest and support repeal.

That's our Maggie

Maggie the elephant holds a peculiar place in Alaska's imagination. A peculiarly large place, in fact.

Are Alaskans leaving billions of dollars in oil company pockets? How many ex-Alaska legislators will go to jail for corruption? Will the Alaska gas line ever get built?

Who cares? The welfare of Alaska's lone elephant more than holds her own in the scramble for public attention.

She's our own Paris Hilton, our Brad and Jen, the tragic celebrity story that just gets weirder as it goes. (My GOD! Is that BOB BARKER?) Heck, as if to top off the picture of a celebrity in distress, Maggie even has a world-class cellulite problem. (If only she would hit that treadmill harder ..)

Will it cost too much to ship Maggie someplace warmer? Here comes Hollywood money to the rescue!

But wait, how are they going to ship her out -- by jumbo jet? Will she get a PETA-approved elephant airline safety seat? If she goes by ship, is it humane to send her across the Gulf of Alaska without Dramamine? Will poor Maggie feel deprived if she is no longer the center of so much national attention?

Well, she need not slink off into obscurity. The free ride awaiting her would end at an elephant sanctuary in California. Maybe Paris Hilton will trade in her ferret for an occasional outing with a once-famous elephant.

-- Peter Dunlap-Shohl and Matt Zencey

Caption: Photo 1: 31edit pg1_ID_083107.jpg

Edition: Final

Section: Alaska

Page: B4

Record Number: 1473888008/31/07

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America's Newspapers

National ID card proposal a bad idea

Juneau Empire (AK) - September 10, 2007

It's hard to believe Alaskans will stand for it. By the end of 2009, the federal government says Alaska and every other state must produce drivers licenses that effectively function as a national ID card. To issue a license, states must demand to see a birth certificate and proof of residence, verify those documents, make sure the license can easily be read by federal scanners, and link all the license information to a national database. If Alaska dares reject this intrusive, burdensome federal mandate, the feds will refuse to accept Alaska's ID for "federal purposes" and Alaskans will need a passport to board any domestic flight or visit any federal building or national park.

What would we gain if we cave in to this unprecedented federal pressure?

- More bureaucracy. States would have to vet and maintain huge volumes of personal information, and would have to do most of it on their own dime. Homeland Security Secretary Michael Chertoff has made it clear that the states will pick up most of the tab - \$23 billion nationwide over 10 years, by Homeland Security's own estimate.

- Less security. Mr. Chertoff complains 8,000 separate ID cards for various purposes in the United States make it hard to recognize forgeries and protect our borders from illegal immigrants or terrorists. But the Electronic Privacy Information Center, for example, argues that a single card is like having one key to many doors. In the wrong hands, that key can shatter security and privacy on a vast scale. Security experts also warn that terrorists and other criminals will find ways to forge REAL ID cards, no matter how expensive and difficult, to steal identities of honest citizens.

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Time to get off. REAL ID won't make living in the United States safer, just more controlled and complicated for ordinary citizens. This isn't just an overreaction to 9/11 and the tide of illegal immigration. It's a dangerous reaction. Alaska should say no. Congress should repeal a bill that passed with no debate or public hearings, that was tucked into a 2005 spending bill to cover the Iraq and Afghanistan wars and tsunami relief.

Duane Bannock, head of the state Division of Motor Vehicles, says he is neither for nor against REAL ID, but does point out that final regulations haven't been published yet, and that Homeland Security's revised regs may answer some objections. Maybe. But the devil isn't just in the details of REAL ID. It's in the idea.

We need reason to deal with the immigration issue and we need resolution to combat terrorism. A national ID born of fear defies both.

Section: Opinion

Record Number: 11B97EB172F0C580

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Illegal ID 11/2/07

Real ID is a real problem

IF YOU WONDER whether this nation has gone nuts, consider this: New York, under the federally mandated and widely hated Real ID program, may issue three different kinds of driver's licenses, two for New Yorkers who actually belong in New York — and a third for illegal aliens.

Imagine if you will that someone could present themselves to an official of the state of New York, announce that he or she is an illegal alien and demand a driver's license without repercussions. That he or she would not be snatched up and put on a bus or a plane home is mind-boggling.

REAL ID, passed by Congress in 2005, has its share of critics among civil libertarians who say they worry about the security of information gathered under the program. Proponents say it will make obtaining fake driver's licenses more challenging and increase the safety of the traveling public.

But some 17 states have passed . . .

(cont'd from front page) legislation defying the federal REAL ID mandate that is scheduled to be phased in by 2013. The program requires 245 million drivers to renew their licenses in person and provide various documents to prove their citizenship or legal residency.

The program's costs are staggering. The New York Times reports: "The Department of Homeland Security puts the price of the program nationally at \$23 billion over 10 years, while the National Governors Association estimates that the cost to states will exceed \$11 billion in the first five years alone."

Congress, the Times reports, came up with just \$40 million for start-up costs last year, the rest of the burden was dumped on the states.

In Alaska, officials have made no decision on Real ID pending final release of federal regulations. When they do, we can only hope it is not as nutty as New York's.

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[Set as favorite](#)

Comments (0)

Write comment

Close Window

25-LS1145M
Luckhaupt
4/1/08

HOUSE CS FOR SENATE BILL NO. 202()
IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA
TWENTY-FIFTH LEGISLATURE - SECOND SESSION

BY

Offered:
Referred:

Sponsor(s): SENATORS WIELECHOWSKI, Elton, Ellis, French

A BILL

FOR AN ACT ENTITLED

1 "An Act relating to expenditures in aid of or to implement the provisions of the federal
2 Real ID Act."

3 **BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:**

4 * **Section 1.** AS 44.99 is amended by adding a new section to article 1 to read:

5 **Sec. 44.99.040. Limitation on certain state expenditures.** A state agency
6 may not expend funds solely for the purpose of implementing or aiding in the
7 implementation of, the requirements of the federal Real ID Act of 2005 (P.L. 109-13,
8 Division B).

ALASKA STATE LEGISLATURE



SENATOR BILL WIELECHOWSKI

March 27, 2008

Representative Bob Lynn, Chair
House State Affairs Committee
State Capitol, Room 104
Juneau, Alaska 99801

Dear Representative Lynn:

I am writing to request a hearing in House State Affairs Committee on SB 202, "An Act relating to expenditures in aid of or to implement the provisions of the federal Real ID Act."

People all over the state are becoming increasingly concerned that Real ID is a threat to our state sovereignty. Further, if we comply with this federal mandate we will have to expend millions of dollars in state funds that could otherwise be used to improve the lives of all Alaskans.

I intend to request that representatives from the appropriate state agencies and from legislative legal services be present to respond to any questions that may arise. Further, I would like to allow public testimony to be taken statewide by electronic means.

Included with this letter you will find the latest version of this bill, a Sponsor Statement, and other background materials.

Thank you for your consideration of this request.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Bill Wielechowski".

Senator Bill Wielechowski

S/S 202

pg 1 line 6

after word "expend"

all either state or federal fund

Greenberg

amend ~~not required~~.

Withdrawn

SB

253

ALASKA STATE LEGISLATURE

Senate District H
600 E. Railroad Avenue
Wasilla AK 99654
907-376-4866
907-373-4724 :Fax



State Capitol
Juneau AK 99801-1182
907-465-3878
Fax: 907-465-3265
800-862-3878

Charlie Huggins Senator

SPONSOR STATEMENT: SENATE BILL 253

"An Act relating to the appointment of members of the Board of Game; and providing for an effective date."

Senate Bill 253, if enacted, would change the expiration date for the terms for members of the Alaska Board of Game from March 1 to July 1.

The Board of Game is the regulatory authority that passes regulations to conserve and develop Alaska's wildlife resources. The Board, which has seven members, each appointed by the governor for a three year term, is charged with making allocative and regulatory decisions. The Board generally meets two or three times a year between the months of November and April.

Current law has a different starting date for terms of members appointed to the Board of Fisheries from those members appointed to the Board of Game. Under AS 16.05.221(d), terms for members of the Board of Fisheries begin on July 1; however, under AS 39.05.053, terms for the members of the Board of Game start March 1.

The statute change will

- prevent problems that arise from the short time frame for newly-appointed members to prepare for the large regulatory board meetings that occur near the beginning of March every year;
- reduce confusion among the public over which board member to contact on issues; and
- bring the terms in line with those of the state's Board of Fisheries.

I urge your support of this statute change.

Contact: Jody Simpson
907.465.2661
Version 25-LS1370 \ A
January 28, 2008

FISCAL NOTE

STATE OF ALASKA
2008 LEGISLATIVE SESSION

Fiscal Note Number: 1
Bill Version: SB 253
(S) Publis' Date: 2/19/08

Identifier (file name): SB253-DFG-BSS-02-12-08 Dept. Affected: Fish and Game
Title: Board of Game RDU: Administration and Support
Component: F&G Boards & Advisory Committees
Sponsor: Senator Huggins
Requester: Senate Resources Committee Component Number: 2825

Expenditures/Revenues (Thousands of Dollars)

Note: Amounts do not include inflation unless otherwise noted below.

	Appropriation Required	Information						
		FY 2009	FY 2009	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014
OPERATING EXPENDITURES								
Personal Services								
Travel								
Contractual								
Supplies								
Equipment								
Land & Structures								
Grants & Claims								
Miscellaneous								
TOTAL OPERATING		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

CAPITAL EXPENDITURES								
-----------------------------	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

CHANGE IN REVENUES ()								
-------------------------------	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

FUND SOURCE (Thousands of Dollars)

1002 Federal Receipts								
1003 GF Match								
1004 GF								
1005 GF/Program Receipts								
1037 GF/Mental Health								
Other Interagency Receipts								
TOTAL		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Estimate of any current year (FY2008) cost: _____

POSITIONS

Full-time								
Part-time								
Temporary								

ANALYSIS: (Attach a separate page if necessary)

Passage of this bill will have no fiscal impact on the Department of Fish and Game.

Prepared by: Kristy Tibbles, Executive Director, Board of Game
Division: Boards Support Section
Approved by: Tom Lawson, Director
Division of Administrative Services, Department of Fish and Game

Phone 465-6098
Date/Time 2/12/08 10:00 AM
Date 2/12/2008

STATE OF ALASKA

SARAH PALIN, GOVERNOR

DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND GAME BOARD OF GAME

ADF&G
P.O. BOX 115526
JUNEAU, AK 99801-5526
PHONE: (907) 465-4110
FAX: (907) 465-6094

January 30, 2008

Senator Charlie Huggins
Alaska State Legislature
State Capitol, Room # 126
Juneau, AK 99801-1182

Dear Senator Huggins:

The Alaska Board of Game unanimously supports Senate Bill 253, an act relating to the appointment of members of the Board of Game. If passed, this legislation will better facilitate the state's hunting and trapping regulatory process by giving new members adequate time to prepare for important regional meetings and by depoliticizing the legislative confirmation process.

Senate Bill 253 will help to avoid the problems that can arise with the current system of having two or three of the seven board members serving in an "unconfirmed" status during the large regulatory meetings that occur near the beginning of March each year. New members voting records during the spring meetings can be the focus of the legislative confirmation process rather than the nominee's overall qualifications. The current process has also been disruptive in the past because new board members have been appointed by the serving Governor or rejected by the legislature less than a week prior to these large meetings, and at times, during the meetings. In these instances, new members were given very little time to be prepared to make important regulatory decisions on hundreds of proposals.

The legislation provides consistency with the term appointment and expiration dates for the Board of Fisheries. In 1996, legislation was signed into law to change the term and appointment dates in for the Board of Fisheries for the same reasons mentioned above. Having consistency between the two boards will help to avoid public confusion over the appointment process.

Thank you for your support to the Board of Game by sponsoring this legislation. Please let us know how we can assist you with this effort.

Sincerely,



Cliff Judkins, Chairman
Board of Game

STATE OF ALASKA

SARAH PALIN, GOVERNOR

DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND GAME BOARD OF FISHERIES AND GAME

ADF&G
P.O. BOX 115526
JUNEAU, AK 998011-5526
PHONE: (907) 465-4110
FAX: (907) 465-6094

February 16, 2008

Senator Charlie Huggins
Mail Stop 3100
State Capitol
Juneau, AK 99801-1182

re: Support of Senate Bill 253 (Board of Game Term Dates)

Dear Senator Huggins,

The Department of Fish and Game is in support of Senate Bill 253. The bill makes a simple adjustment in the expiration date for the terms of future Board of Game members and brings the Board of Game terms in line with the Board of Fisheries terms. The change will result in an improved process for appointing, confirming, and preparing board appointees for service on this important regulatory body.

The change from the current March 1 term expiration date to June 30 avoids several problems. The current short time-frame between new member appointments, typically made in February, and the major spring meeting, typically held in early March, results in:

- a) new members having little time to prepare for the March meeting;
- b) last minute uncertainty over reappointment for existing members; and
- c) little time for scheduling new member orientation sessions with Fish and Game and Department of Law staff.

The change would also avoid problems with having two or three of the seven members serving in an "unconfirmed" status during the March meeting. New members are aware their March meeting voting record will be examined during their legislative confirmation hearings, and there can be undue scrutiny on a single vote instead of looking at a nominee's overall qualifications. The proposed legislation also would clarify a time by which appointments should be made.

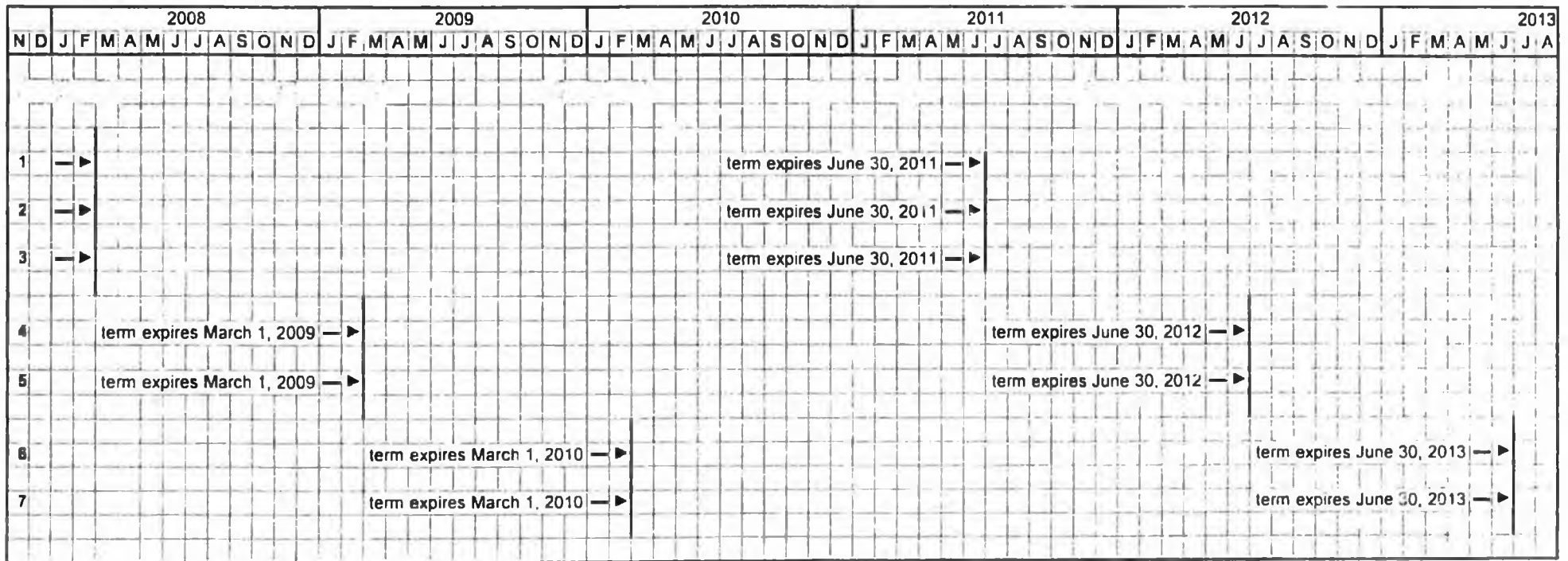
This proposed adjustment in the term expiration date recognizes the importance of the Board of Game and the complexity of issues that come before it.

Sincerely,



Jim Marcotte
Director, Boards Support Section
Alaska Department of Fish and Game

Transition period for Board of Governors term expiration date change - SB 253



Sec. 16.05.221. Boards of fisheries and game.

(a) For purposes of the conservation and development of the fishery resources of the state, there is created the Board of Fisheries composed of seven members appointed by the governor, subject to confirmation by a majority of the members of the legislature in joint session. The governor shall appoint each member on the basis of interest in public affairs, good judgment, knowledge, and ability in the field of action of the board, and with a view to providing diversity of interest and points of view in the membership. The appointed members shall be residents of the state and shall be appointed without regard to political affiliation or geographical location of residence. The commissioner is not a member of the Board of Fisheries, but shall be *ex officio* secretary.

(b) For purposes of the conservation and development of the game resources of the state, there is created a Board of Game composed of seven members appointed by the governor, subject to confirmation by a majority of the members of the legislature in joint session. The governor shall appoint each member on the basis of interest in public affairs, good judgment, knowledge, and ability in the field of action of the board, and with a view to providing diversity of interest and points of view in the membership. The appointed members shall be residents of the state and shall be appointed without regard to political affiliation or geographical location of residence. The commissioner is not a member of the Board of Game, but shall be *ex officio* secretary.

(c) Members of the Board of Game serve staggered terms of three years and, except as provided in AS 39.05.080 (4), each member serves until a successor is appointed. An appointment to fill a vacancy in the membership of the Board of Game shall be made in the same manner as the original appointment and, except as provided in AS 39.05.080 (4), an appointment to fill a vacancy is for the balance of the unexpired term.

(d) Members of the Board of Fisheries serve staggered terms of three years. The terms of members of the board begin on July 1. Notwithstanding AS 39.05.080 (1), by April 1 of the calendar year in which the term expires, the governor shall appoint a person to fill the vacancy that will arise on the board due to expiration of the term of a member of the board and submit the name of the person to the legislature for confirmation. If a vacancy arises on the board, the governor shall, within 30 days after the vacancy arises, appoint a person to serve the balance of the unexpired term and submit the name of the person to the legislature for confirmation. A person appointed to fill the balance of an unexpired term shall serve on the board from the date of appointment until the earlier of the expiration of the term or the failure of the legislature to confirm the person under AS 39.05.080.

ALASKA BOARD OF GAME

Revised February 21, 2007

MEMBER'S NAME AND ADDRESS	TERM EXPIRES
Cliff Judkins, Chairman PO Box 874124 Wasilla, Alaska 99687	3/1/2009
Ted Spraker, Vice Chairman 49230 Victoria Ave. Soldotna, Alaska 99669	3/1/2008
Ben Grussendorf 1221 Halibut Point Rd. Sitka, AK 99835	3/1/2010
Richard Burley 1165 Coppet Street Fairbanks, Alaska 99709	3/1/2009
Paul Johnson PO Box 329 Unalakleet, AK 99684	3/1/2008
Bob Bell 801 West Fireweed Lane Anchorage, AK 99503	3/1/2010
Ron Somerville 4506 Robbie Road Juneau, Alaska 99802	3/1/2008

Alaska Board of Game members may also be reached at:

ALASKA DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND GAME

Boards Support Section

P.O. Box 115526

Juneau, AK 99811-5526

PHONE: (907) 465-4110 FAX: (907) 465-6094

ALASKA BOARD OF GAME MEETING CYCLE

The board meeting cycle generally occurs from October through March. The board considers changes to regulations on a region-based schedule. Each region will be discussed on a two-year cycle. When the regional area is before the board, the following regulations are open for consideration within that region:

- Trapping Seasons and Bag Limits -- All species
- General and Subsistence Hunting Seasons and Bag Limits -- All species
(Except antlerless moose hunts as noted below)
- Wolf Control Implementation Plans
- Bag Limit for Brown Bears
- Areas Closed To Hunting
- Closures and Restrictions in State Game Refuges
- Management Areas
- Controlled Use Areas
- Areas Closed To Trapping

Regulations specific to an area (e.g., Permits for Access to Round Island) will be taken up when the board is scheduled to consider regulations in that region.

Proposals for changes to regulations pertaining to reauthorization of antlerless moose hunts, 5 AAC 85.045, and brown bear tag fee exemptions, 5 AAC 92.015, will be taken up annually, at spring meetings.

The Board of Game does not consider proposals to statewide regulations in every meeting cycle. Instead, the Board of Game reviews statewide regulations on a four-year cycle, distributed between fall meetings, every other year. The list of statewide regulations and the associated "Cycle A" and "Cycle B" meeting schedule is set forth on the next page of this publication.

<u>Regulations for:</u>	<u>Will be considered:</u>		
SOUTHEAST REGION	Fall 2008	Fall 2010	Fall 2012
Game Management Units: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5			
SOUTHCENTRAL & SOUTHWEST REGIONS	Spring 2009	Spring 2011	Spring 2013
Game Management Units: 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17			
All GMUs: Brown Bear Tag Fees Reauthorization of Antlerless Moose Hunts			
ARCTIC AND WESTERN REGIONS	Fall 2009	Fall 2011	Fall 2013
Game Management Units: 18, 22, 23, 26A			
INTERIOR REGION	Spring 2008	Spring 2010	Spring 2012
Game Management Units: 12, 19, 20, 21, 24, 25, 26B, 26C			
All GMUs: Brown Bear Tag Fees Reauthorization of Antlerless Moose Hunts			

BOARD OF GAME MEETINGS, SINCE 1994

Date	Location	Topics
March 26-April 5, 1994	Anchorage	Bear, Statewide
November 4-9, 1994	Juneau	Trapping
December 2-3, 1994	Anchorage	Work Session: Intensive management
January 21-25, 1995	Kenai	Trapping
March 18-31, 1995	Fairbanks	Caribou, Moose
April 11-12, 1995	Juneau	Worksession: Board procedures
June 6, 1995	<i>teleconference</i>	Tier II, Petitions
October 21-28, 1995	Anchorage	Statewide, Fortymile caribou, schedule
January 20-27, 1996	Anchorage	Sheep, Statewide
March 23-29, 1996	Fairbanks	Interior Region
April 17-18, 1996	Juneau	16B moose
June 18, 1996	<i>teleconference</i>	Arctic fox, Unit 9B caribou, Unit 16B moose
October 25-30, 1996	Sitka	Southeast Region
December 16, 1996	<i>teleconference</i>	Wolf initiative, misc.
March 7-8, 1997		Worksession: misc. topics
March 14-23, 1997	Anchorage	Southcentral/Southwest Regions
April 18-20, 1997	Juneau	Misc.
August 1, 1997	<i>teleconference</i>	Muskoxen
October 24-30, 1997	Nome	Arctic/Western Regions
November 14-16, 1997	Anchorage	ORV use in Unit 13
January 17-21, 1998	Bethel	Statewide ("A" list)
March 21-30, 1998	Fairbanks	Interior Region
August 19, 1998	<i>teleconference</i>	Unit 9 Caribou, Unit 24 Moose
August 28, 1998	<i>teleconference</i>	Emergency moose seasons
October 23-28, 1998	Ketchikan	Southeast Region
February 16, 1999	<i>teleconference</i>	Moose season extension
March 5-15, 1999	Anchorage	Southcentral/Southwest Regions
October 25-29, 1999	Barrow	Arctic/Western Regions
January 14-19, 2000	Anchorage	Statewide ("B" list)
March 3-13, 2000	Fairbanks	Interior Region
September 28, 2000	<i>teleconference</i>	Moose season extension
November 1-9, 2000	Juneau	Southeast Region
March 2-12, 2001	Anchorage	Southcentral/Southwest Regions
May 20-21, 2001	Fairbanks	Unit 1 ^c D Intensive management; Denali buffer
November 2-6, 2001	Anchorage	Arctic/Western Regions
January 18-23, 2002	Anchorage	Statewide ("A" list)
March 8-18, 2002	Fairbanks	Interior Region
April 28, 2002	<i>teleconference</i>	Unit 17B&C caribou season
August 23, 2002	<i>teleconference</i>	Unit 1C black bear; Unit 18 moose
October 10-11, 2002	Anchorage	Denali wolf buffer
November 1-7, 2002	Juneau	Southeast Region
January 24, 2003	<i>teleconference</i>	Board committee assignments
February 11, 2003	<i>teleconference</i>	Unit 19D predator management
March 6, 2003	Anchorage	Unit 19D East hearing
March 7-15, 2003	Anchorage	Southcentral/Southwest Regions
April 24, 2003	<i>teleconference</i>	Unit 19D East wolf season extension
May 22, 2003	<i>teleconference</i>	Intensive Management Objectives
June 17, 2003	<i>teleconference</i>	Tier II permit point system
June 30, 2003	<i>teleconference</i>	Meeting Schedule/Budget Reductions
November 1-4, 2003	Anchorage	Southcentral
December 15, 2003	<i>teleconference</i>	Continue southcentral after 2 nd public input
Feb 26 - March 10, 2004	Fairbanks	Interior Region
June 11, 2004	<i>teleconference</i>	Tier II Point System

BOARD OF GAME MEETINGS, SINCE 1994

November 2-5, 2004	Juneau	Southeast (Region I)
March 4-13, 2005	Anchorage	Southcentral and Southwest Regions
June 4-5, 2005	Anchorage	Subsistence
September 7, 2005	<i>teleconference</i>	Skilak Lake small game hunting
November 11-14, 2005	Kotzebue	Arctic and Western Regions
January 25, 2006	<i>teleconference</i>	Emergency Predator Control
January 27-30, 2006	Anchorage	Statewide ("A" list)
March 10-20, 2006	Fairbanks	Interior Region
October 2-9, 2006	Anchorage	Subsistence Hunting in Units 11 and 13
November 10-15, 2006	Wrangell	Southeast Region
March 2-12, 2007	Anchorage	Southcentral and Southwest Regions
April 17, 2007	<i>Teleconference</i>	Skilak Loop small game regs
August 9, 2007	<i>Teleconference</i>	White-Phase black bear emergency petition
October 4, 2007	Anchorage	Skilak Loop Small Game Hunting & Guide Client Agreement for Certain Drawing Hunts
November 9-12, 2007	Bethel	Arctic/Western Region
January 25 - 28, 2008	Anchorage	Statewide ("B" list)
Feb. 29-March 10, 2008	Fairbanks	Interior Region

List of Board of Game Members since 1976

Name	Town	Appointing Governor	Appoint Date	Served Until	Comments
Thomas Meacham	Anchorage	Jay Hammond	7/21/1975	7/1/1976	1976
Charles Evans	Anchorage	Jay Hammond	9/7/1976	7/1/1980	replaced Meacham 77-78
Darrell Farmen	Anchorage	Jay Hammond	7/21/1977	7/1/1980	1976-1979
Urban "Fete" Nelson	Juneau	Jay Hammond	12/12/1978	7/1/1981	1976-1978
Clint Buckmaster	Sitka	Jay Hammond	7/17/1980	1/31/1983	1976-1982
Joel Bennett	Juneau	Jay Hammond	7/18/1980	1/31/1990	1979-1988
Richard Hensel	Anchorage	Jay Hammond	7/18/1980	1/13/1983	1982
Sidney Huntington	Galena	Jay Hammond	2/2/1981	1/31/1990	1976-1991
Jim Reardon	Homer	Jay Hammond	2/2/1981	1/31/1984	1976-1982, F&G brd 1974
John Hanson	Alakanuk	Jay Hammond	2/2/1981	1/31/1984	1979-1982
Sam Harbo	Fairbanks	Jay Hammond	2/5/1982	1/31/1985	1976-1984
John Shively	Anchorage	Bill Sheffield	2/8/1983	1/13/1986	1983
Brenda Johnson	Nome	Bill Sheffield	2/8/1983	1/31/1989	1984-1989
Kirk Gay	Anchorage	Bill Sheffield	2/8/1983	1/31/1986	1984-1985
Nick Jackson	Gakona	Bill Sheffield	2/23/1984	1/31/1990	1984-1989
Sara Scanlan	Anchorage	Bill Sheffield	2/23/1984	1/31/1989	1984-1989
Victor VanBallenberghe	Anchorage	Bill Sheffield	1/15/1985	1/31/1988	
Jay Massey	Girdwood	Steve Cowper	2/10/1986	1/31/1989	replaced Gay, 1987-1989
Samantha Castle	Fairbanks	Steve Cowper	2/26/1988	1/31/1991	1989-1990
Heinrich Springer	Anchorage	Steve Cowper	2/17/1989	1/31/1992	1989-1990
Ben Nageak	Barrow	Steve Cowper	2/17/1989	1/31/1992	
Jack Lentfer	Homer	Steve Cowper	2/17/1989	1/31/1992	
Skip Wallen	Juneau	Steve Cowper	1/31/1990	1/31/1993	
Rosemarie Maher	Northway	Steve Cowper	1/31/1990	1/31/1993	
Doug Pope	Anchorage	Steve Cowper	3/5/1990	1/31/1992	chair 1991
Dick Burley	Fairbanks	Walter Hickel	2/19/1991	1/31/1997	chair 1992-1996
Ken Johns	Copper Ct.	Walter Hickel	3/6/1992	1/31/1995	
Don Hanks	Eagle River	Walter Hickel	3/6/1992	1/31/1994	
Albert Franzmann	Soldotna	Walter Hickel	3/6/1992	1/31/1995	
Roger Huntington	Galena	Walter Hickel	4/14/1992	1/31/1996	resigned 4/94
Jack Didrickson	Palmer	Walter Hickel	5/27/1992	1/31/1994	same seat as Polly
Sue Entsminger	Tok	Walter Hickel	1/31/1993	1/31/1996	
Ann Ruggles	Fairbanks	Walter Hickel	1/31/1993	1/31/1996	replaced Wallen
Earnie Polly	Juneau	Walter Hickel	5/11/1993	1/31/1994	replaced Didrickson
Ed Grasser		Walter Hickel	6/2/1993	1/31/1995	completed Johns' term
Tommy Johnson	Nome	Walter Hickel	4/8/1994	1/31/1996	completed Huntington's term
Walter Sampson	Kotzebue	Tony Knowles	2/9/1995	1/31/2001	
Larry Holmes	Girdwood	Tony Knowles	2/9/1995	1/31/1998	chair 1996-1998
Greg Roczicka	Bethel	Tony Knowles	2/23/1996	1/31/2002	chair 2000-2002
Mike Fleagle	McGrath	Tony Knowles	10/20/1996		replaced VanBallenberghe
		F Murkowski	1/21/2003		
			5/4/2004	10/31/2006	
Greg Streveler	Gustavus	Tony Knowles	10/20/1996	1/31/2002	replaced Ruggles
Lori Quakenbush	Fairbanks	Tony Knowles	2/18/1997	1/31/2001	chair 1998-2000
Nickole Whittington-Evans	Palmer	Tony Knowles	2/18/1997	1997	
Bob Churchill	Anchorage	Tony Knowles	9/23/1997	1/31/2000	replaced Whittington-Evans
Eric Williamson	Anchorage	Tony Knowles	3/19/1998	1/31/2001	replaced Holmes
Leo Keeler	Anchorage	Tony Knowles	2/23/2000	1/31/2003	replaced Churchill
Chip Dennerlein	Anchorage	Tony Knowles	10/20/2000	1/31/2003	replaced Keeler
Julie Maier	Fairbanks	Tony Knowles	1/24/2001	1/31/2003	replaced Quakenbush to 3/
Ben Grussendorf	Sitka	Tony Knowles	1/24/01		replaced Williamson
		F Murkowski	5/04/04		
		Sarah Palin	2/23/07		
George Matz	Anchorage	Tony Knowles	5/17/2001	3/1/2004	replaced Sampson
Dana Pruhs	Anchorage	Tony Knowles	5/17/2001	3/1/2003	replaced Dennerlein
Caleb Pungowiyi	Kotzebue	Tony Knowles	2/20/2002	5/1/2002	
Michelle Sparck	Bethel	Tony Knowles	2/20/2002	5/1/2002	

List of Board of Game Members since 1976

Name	Town	Appointing Governor	Appoint Date	Served Until	Comments
Bruce Baker	Auke Bay	Tony Knowles	2/20/2002	5/1/2002	
Tim Towarak	Nome	Tony Knowles	7/1/2002	3/1/2004	
Rob Hardy	Wasilla	Tony Knowles	7/1/2002	3/1/2003	
Ron Somerville	Juneau	F Murkowski	1/21/03		
		F Murkowski	4/11/05	2/25/2008	
Cliff Judkins	Wasilla	F Murkowski	1/21/03		
		F Murkowski	3/3/06		
Ted Spraker	Soldotna	F Murkowski	3/1/2003		
		Sarah Palin	1/28/08		
Pete Buist	Fairbanks	F Murkowski	04/11/05	03/11/06	
Sharon McLeod-Everette	Fairbanks	F Murkowski	03/01/03	03/01/06	
Carl M. Morgan, Jr.	Aniak	F Murkowski	04/11/05	03/11/06	Resigned to run for public d
Richard Burley	Fairbanks	F Murkowski	03/03/06		Replaced McLeod-Everette
Paul Johnson	Unalakleet	F Murkowski	11/28/06	03/01/08	Replaced Morgan
Bob Bell	Anchorage	F Murkowski	11/28/2006		Replaced Fleagle
		Sarah Palin	2/23/2007		
Lewis Bradley	Palmer	Sarah Palin	01/28/08		
Teresa Sagar-Albaugh	Tok	Sarah Palin	01/28/08	na	Withdrew on 2/8/08
Craig Fleener	Ft. Yukon	Sarah Palin	02/08/08		

SB 253 – Board of Game
Hearing Request to House State Affairs

WITNESS LIST:

1. Jim Marcotte
Director, Board Support Section
Alaska Department of Fish and Game
465-4110

Present in person to testify

2. Kristy Tibbles
Executive Director, Board of Game
Alaska Department of Fish and Game
465-6098

Present in person to answer questions

ALASKA STATE LEGISLATURE

Senate District H
600 E. Railroad Avenue
Wasilla AK 99654
907-376-4866
907-373-4724 :Fax



State Capitol
Juneau AK 99801-1182
907-465-3878
Fax: 907-465-3265
800-862-3878

Charlie Huggins
Senator

MEMORANDUM

February 29, 2008

To: Representative Bob Lynn, Chair
House State Affairs Committee

From: Senator Charlie Huggins

Subject: Hearing Request for SB 253

This is a request that you schedule a hearing on SB 253, "An Act relating to the appointment of members of the Board of Game; and providing for an effective date," at the earliest possible date.

I have attached a copy of the bill, a sponsor statement, a witness list, and some background information for your use.

I appreciate your consideration.

If you have questions regarding the bill, please contact Jody Simpson in my office at ext. 2661.

Thank you.

Attachments

SCR

15

LEGAL SERVICES

DIVISION OF LEGAL AND RESEARCH SERVICES
LEGISLATIVE AFFAIRS AGENCY
STATE OF ALASKA

(907) 465-3867 or 465-2450
FAX (907) 465-2029
Mail Stop 3101

State Capitol
Juneau, Alaska 99801-1182
Deliveries to: 129 6th St., Rm. 329

MEMORANDUM

March 18, 2008

SUBJECT: Amendment to Uniform Rules (HCS CSSCR 15(STA))

TO: Representative Bob Lynn
Chair of the House State Affairs Committee
Attn: Nancy Manly

FROM: Tamara Brandt Cook
Director

TBC

Here is the State Affairs Committee Substitute reported from committee. Please note that, as the second amendment to the Uniform Rules was deleted, the title of the resolution needed to be changed to refer to "an amendment" rather than to "amendments" to the Uniform Rules.

Although this slight title change has been made in the second house, be assured that this does not create a problem under the Uniform Rules provisions that restrict title changes. Those rules apply to bills, but do not specifically apply to most resolutions. (Uniform Rule 24(c), 35, 41, and 42) Only joint resolutions are subject to the title change rules because, under Uniform Rule 49(a)(3) a joint resolution is "treated in all respects as a bill. . . ."

TBC:ljw
08-155.ljw

Enclosure

Alaska State Legislature



Chairman
State Affairs Committee

Vice-Chairman
Economic Development, Trade & Tourism
Committee

Member
Judiciary Committee
Joint Armed Services Committee

Finance Subcommittees
Corrections
Labor and Workforce Development
Military and Veterans' Affairs
Public Safety

A Communication From
REPRESENTATIVE BOB LYNN
District 31 Anchorage

E-Mail: Representative_Bob_Lynn@legis.state.ak.us
"Bob Lynn's Alaska Blog" RepBobLynnBlog.com

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Fax: (907) 269-0207

FAX

To: Legal Services

Fax #: 2029

From: Nancy Manly x2794
Alaska State Capitol, room 104
Juneau, AK 99801-1182

of Pages (including cover): 2

Phone: 907-465-4931
Fax: 907-465-4316

Re: SCR 15 Amend Uniform Rules: Standing Committees

3-18-08

SCR 15 Version C passed out of the House State Affairs Committee this morning with one amendment. Please draft a final STA CS. Thank you.

Version 25-LS1348\C

Amendment #1 (Roses)
(see attached)

Roses moved
Coghlan objected & then removed

AMENDMENT # 1

OFFERED IN:

Passed

25-LS1348/C

TO: CS SCR 15 (SED)

OFFERED BY:

Page 2, Line 25 through Page 3, Line 30
Delete all material

Page 3, Line 31, following ""by""
Delete: "sec. 1 of"

Page 4, Lines 1-2
Delete all material