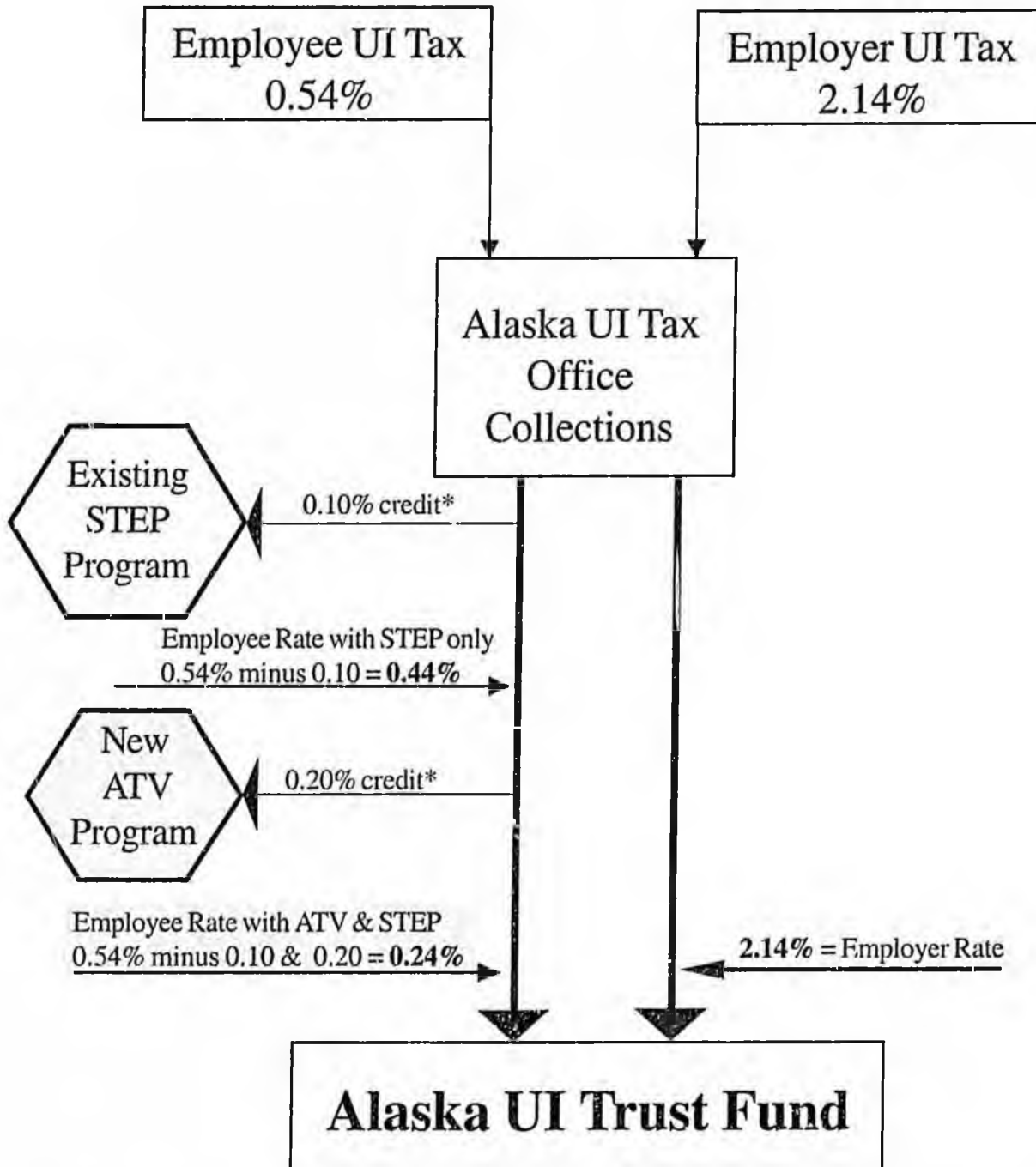


ALASKA LEGISLATURE COMMITTEE FILES 1999-2000 8672

9964 HOUSE LABOR & COMMERCE

Attachment #1

Current STEP & New ATV Program Funding SB 289

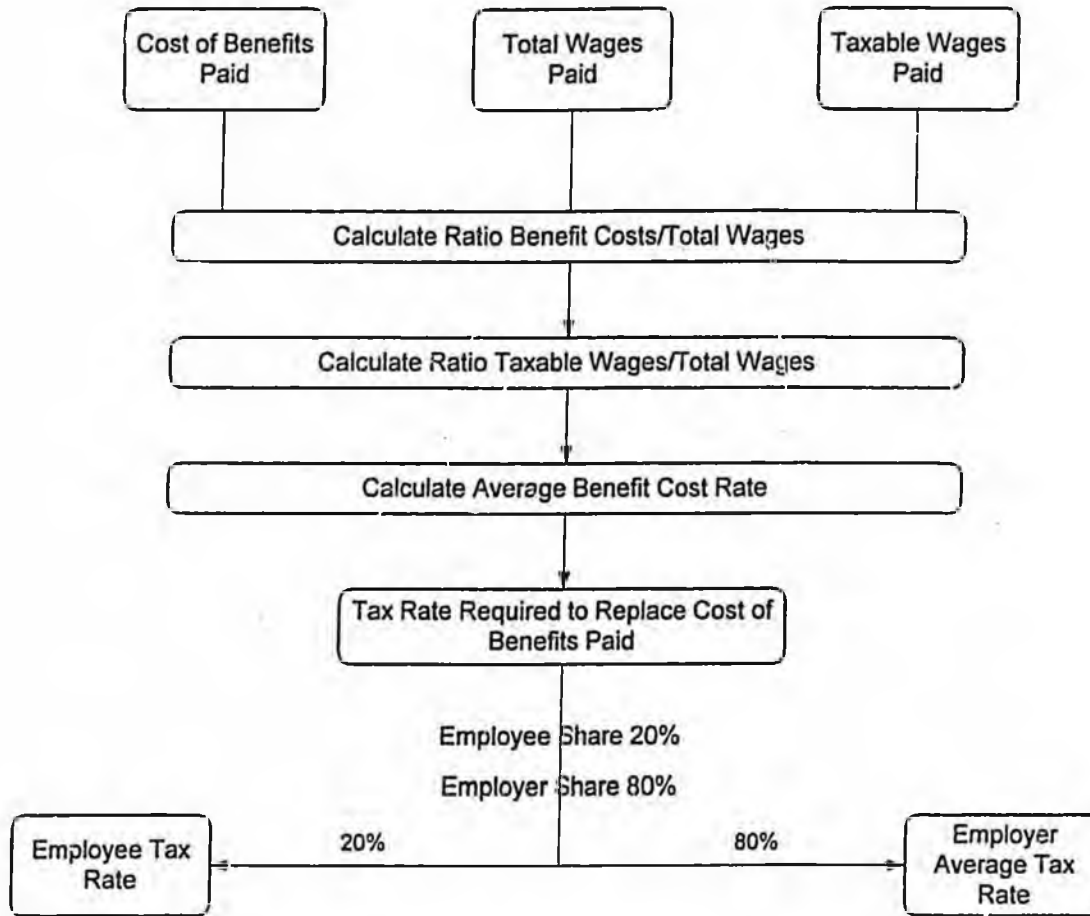


*NOTE: This structure is a diversion from the trust fund and does not affect the employee UI Tax rate. If the trust fund balance requires a solvency adjustment, employer contributions are affected - see Attachment #2.

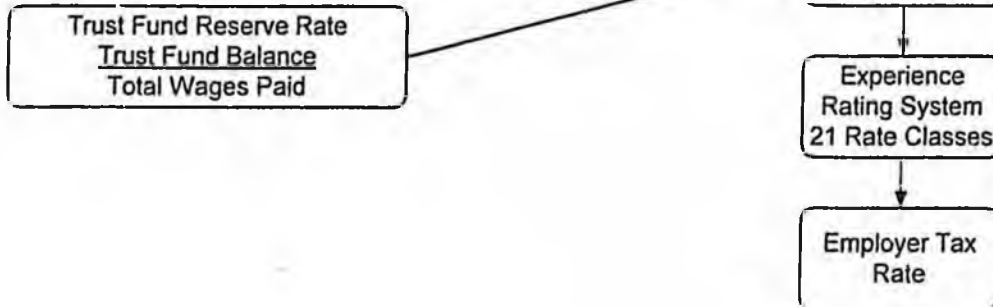
ATTACHMENT #2 - SB 289

Basic Parts of Unemployment Insurance (UI) Tax Rate Calculation

First Stage: Affects Employers and Employees



Second Stage: Affects Employer Only



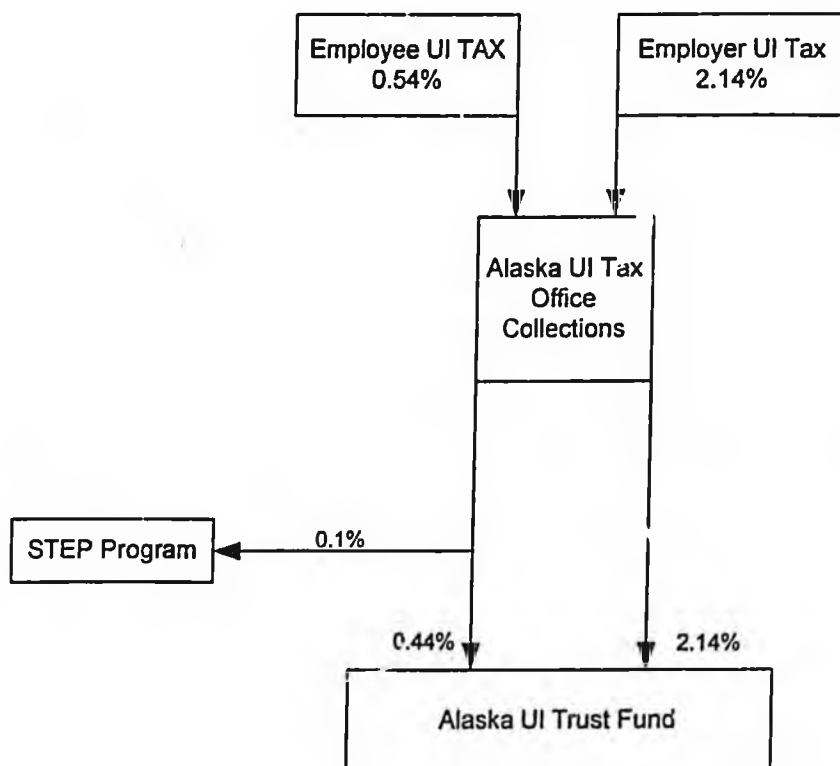
From: DOL-WA

C:\21stLegis2nd\UITaxRate.vsd

Friday, March 31, 2000; 3:51:27 PM

①

STEP Program Funding



0.1% of Employee Tax is diverted to the STEP program

Alaska UI Tax Calculation

A step by step walk through the UI tax calculation process, with citations from the Law, and an explanation of each calculation. The calculation of the 2000 tax rates is used as the example.

UI Tax Rate Calculation Procedures, 2000

There are three major steps to the calculation of UI tax rates, with several substeps.

Step 1. Calculation of the Average 3-year Benefit Cost Rate (ABCR).

Step 2. Calculation of the Trust Fund Solvency Adjustment.

Step 3. Calculation of employer and employee tax rates.

This explanation of the tax rate calculation may be clearer if you follow the actual calculations from the Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet and the Tax Base Calculation Worksheet. The "Line" references below refer to the Rate Calculation Worksheet. We suggest that you print a copy of the worksheets, and follow along through this detailed explanation of the tax rate calculation process.

Step 1. Calculation of Average Benefit Cost Rate (ABCR)

Step 1a. (Benefit Costs)

The Law:

AS 23.20.290(e) The department shall determine the average benefit cost rate as follows:

(1) the department shall determine the amount of benefits paid to insured workers during the last three computation years;

(2) the department shall subtract from the amount determined in (1) of this subsection the amount of any benefits reimbursed to the fund and the amount of interest earned on the trust fund balance during those computation years;

Translation:

Calculate the amount of benefits paid to employees of taxable employers, minus interest earned on the fund balance, for the past three years. The result is benefits costs.

Calculation:

\$ 100,104,207 -- SFY 97
\$ 99,378,442 -- SFY 98
\$ 102,092,954 -- SFY 99

\$ 301,575,603 -- Line 4

Step 1b. (Total Wages & Ratio of Benefit Costs to Total Wages)

The Law:

(3) the department shall divide the amount determined in (2) of this subsection by the total wages paid by all employers required to pay contributions under this chapter during the first three of the last four computation years;

Translation:

Calculate the amount of wages paid to employees of taxable employers during the first three of the past four years, then divide the result into the benefits paid as calculated in Step 1a. The result is the ratio of benefit costs to total wages.

Calculation:

\$ 5,682,267,480 -- SFY 96
\$ 5,783,006,707 -- SFY 97
\$ 6,124,912,128 -- SFY 98

\$ 17,590,186,315 -- Line 5

$\$ 301,575,603 / \$ 17,590,186,315 = 0.017145$ -- Line 6

Step 1c. (Taxable Wages)

The Law:

(4) the department shall determine the amount of total wages subject to contributions under this chapter paid during the preceding computation year;

Translation:

Calculate the amount of taxable wages paid in the past year.

Calculation:

\$ 4,038,792,490 -- Line 3

Step 1d. (Total Wages of Taxable Employers)

The Law:

(5) the department shall determine the amount of all wages paid insured workers during the preceding computation year;

(6) the department shall subtract from the amount determined in (5) of this subsection the amount of wages paid during the preceding year by employers who elect to reimburse the department under AS23.30.276 and 23.20.277;

Translation:

Calculate the amount of wages paid to employees of taxable employers in the past year; this is same wage series used in the step 1.b calculation above, just a differently worded definition.

Calculation:

\$ 6,309,309,628 – Line 2

Step 1e. (Ratio of Taxable Wages to Total Wages)

The Law:

(7) the department shall divide the amount in (4) of this subsection by the amount determined in (6) of this subsection; and

Translation:

Calculate the ratio of taxable wages (from Step 1c) to total wages (Step 1d).

Calculation:

\$ 4,038,792,490 / \$ 6,309,309,628 = 0.640132 -- Line 7

Step 1f. (Average Benefit Cost Rate)

The Law:

(8) the department shall divide the amount determined in (3) of this subsection by the amount determined in (7) of this subsection.

Translation:

Calculate the final Average Benefit Cost Rate (ABCR) by dividing the ratio of benefit costs to total wages (from Step 1b) by the ratio of taxable wages to total wages (from Step 1e).

Calculation:

0.017145 / 0.640132 = 0.026783 -- Line 8

Step 2. Calculation of the Trust Fund Solvency Adjustment

The Law:

AS 23.20.290(f):

An employer shall pay a fund solvency adjustment equal to the contribution rate set out in column B of the table in this subsection opposite the reserve rate of the fund set out in column A. However, the fund solvency adjustment rate of an employer may not increase or decrease more than three-tenths of one percent from one year to the next.

AS 23.20.310(7):

"reserve rate" means the ratio of the total amount available for benefits in the unemployment trust fund on September 30, immediately following the computation date, to the payroll of employers required to pay contributions under the provisions of AS 23.20.165 for the 12 consecutive calendar months ending on the computation date, expressed as a percentage.

Translation:

Calculate the reserve rate as the trust fund balance on September 30 divided by total wages as calculated in Step 1d above. Then compare to the TFSA table to get the TFSA. The TFSA can only increase or decrease by 0.003 each year.

Calculation:

$$\$199,789,331 / \$6,309,309,628 = 0.031666 \text{ -- Lines 9-11}$$

From TFSA table, the reserve rate is "at least 3.0% but less than 3.3%"
Therefore, the TFSA = -0.000% . (In 1999 TFSA was -0.1%.)

Step 3. Calculation of Rates for Employer Rate Classes, for Employees

The Law:

AS 23.20.290:

(c) Beginning January 1, 1997, the rate of contributions for each employer is 80 percent of the average benefit cost rate multiplied by the employer's experience factor set out in column C of the table in this subsection opposite the employer's applicable rate class set out in column A plus the fund solvency adjustment required under (f) of this section. However, the rate of contributions for an employer may not be less than one percent or more than six and one-half percent. The rate of contributions for an employer in rate class 21 may not be less than 5.4 percent. The rate of contributions for an employer must be rounded to the nearest 1/100th of one percent.

(d) Beginning January 1, 1997, and for each succeeding year thereafter, the rate of contributions payable by each employee of an employer who is subject to AS 23.20.165 is 20 percent of the average benefit cost rate as determined in (e) of this section rounded to the nearest 1/100th of one percent. However, the rate of contributions for an employee may not be less than one-half percent or more than one percent.

Translation:

Calculate the employer's share of the Average Benefit Cost Rate (ABCR) as 80%, and the employee's share as 20%. The employer's tax rate at each rate class is equal to 0.80 times the ABCR times the experience factor of the rate class plus the TFSA.

Calculation:

The employee tax is: (0.20 x 0.026783) = 0.54%

The average tax rate is: . . (0.80 x 0.026783 x 1.00) + .000 = 2.14%
(employers in rate)
(classes 10 and 11)

For further information contact: email thomas_wylie@labor.state.ak.us email
james_wilson@labor.state.ak.us



Total and Taxable Wages in SFY 1999 and UI Tax Base Calculation for 2000

YR/QTR	(1) TOTAL WAGES PD BY CONTRIBUTING EMPLOYERS	(2) TAXABLE WAGES	(3) TOTAL WAGES PD BY ALL COVERED EMPLOYERS	(4) AVG MO COVERED EMPLOYMENT
98/3	1,716,400,098	957,271,932	2,128,534,884	261,505
98/4	1,602,109,366	585,104,858	2,118,899,272	247,300
99/1	1,439,604,170	1,341,162,579	1,932,261,087	239,666
99/2	1,551,195,994	1,155,253,121	2,117,745,767	256,308
TOTAL	6,309,309,628	4,038,792,490	8,297,441,010	251,195

- (a) AVERAGE ANNUAL WAGE = (3)/(4) = \$33,031.87
- (b) 75% OF AVERAGE ANNUAL WAGE = (a) X .75 = \$24,773.90
- (c) TAXABLE WAGE BASE = (b) rounded to nearest \$100 = \$24,800
- (d) RATIO OF TAXABLE TO TOTAL WAGES = (2)/(1) = 0.640132
- (e) AVERAGE WEEKLY WAGE = (a) / 52 = \$635.23

SOURCE: Alaska Department of Labor and Workforce Development.
SFY 1998. Employment, Wages, and Contributions,
ES-202 report to the U.S. Department of Labor.

For further information contact: email thomas_wylie@labor.state.ak.us email
james_wilson@labor.state.ak.us

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Alaska UI Tax Rate Calculations and Tax Rates by Rate Class for 2000

Tax Rate Calculations for 2000

	(1) Benefit Cost (Benefits) (-Reimb-Int)	(2) Total Payroll (Taxable) (employers)	(3) Taxable Payroll	
SFY 1996		5,682,267,480		
SFY 1997	100,104,207	5,783,006,707		
SFY 1998	99,378,442	6,124,912,128		
SFY 1999	102,092,954	6,309,309,628	4,038,792,490	
(4) Benefit Cost for 3 Prev SFY			\$301,575,603	
(5) Total Payroll, First 3 of Last 4 SFY			\$17,590,186,315	
(6) 3-Yr Benefit Cost/Total Payroll (4)/(5)			0.017145	
(7) Taxable/Total Payroll, Last SFY (3)/(2)			0.640132	
(8) Average Benefit Cost Rate (6)/(7)			0.026783	
(9) UI Trust Fund Balance, Sep 30			\$199,789,331	
(10) Total Payroll, Last SFY			\$6,309,309,628	
(11) UI Trust Fund Reserve Rate (9)/(10)			0.031666	
(12) Solvency Adjustment			0.000	
(13) Average Employer Tax Rate as a Percent of Taxable Payroll (0.80 x ABCR) + TFSA = (0.80 x #8) + #12			2.14%	
(14) Average Employee Tax Rate: (0.20 x ABCR) = (0.20 x #8)			0.54%	

Tax Rates for Employees and Experience Rated Employers

Rate Class	Experience Factor	Employee Contribution Rate (%)	Employer Contribution Rate (%)	Total Contribution Rate (%)
1	0.40	0.54	1.00	1.54
2	0.45	0.54	1.00	1.54
3	0.50	0.54	1.07	1.61
4	0.55	0.54	1.18	1.72
5	0.60	0.54	1.29	1.83
6	0.65	0.54	1.39	1.93
7	0.70	0.54	1.50	2.04
8	0.80	0.54	1.71	2.25
9	0.90	0.54	1.93	2.47
10	1.00	0.54	2.14	2.68
11	1.00	0.54	2.14	2.68
12	1.10	0.54	2.36	2.90
13	1.20	0.54	2.57	3.11
14	1.30	0.54	2.79	3.33
15	1.35	0.54	2.89	3.43
16	1.40	0.54	3.00	3.54
17	1.45	0.54	3.11	3.65

⑧

18	1.50	0.54	3.21	3.75
19	1.55	0.54	3.32	3.86
20	1.60	0.54	3.43	3.97
21	1.65	0.54	5.40	5.94

Total payroll, taxable payroll, and UI benefits costs are all for employees (current or former) of contributing (taxable) employers only. Reimbursable employers are excluded.

Sources: Alaska Statutes 23.20.290.
Alaska Department of Labor and Workforce Development,
Research and Analysis Section:
ES-202 report to the U.S. Dept. of Labor.
ETA 2-112 report to the U.S. Dept. of Labor.

For further information contact: [email thomas_wylie@labor.state.ak.us](mailto:thomas_wylie@labor.state.ak.us) [email james_wilson@labor.state.ak.us](mailto:james_wilson@labor.state.ak.us)

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Alaska's Workforce Investment System

Governor

State Workforce Investment Board/AHRIC

AKDOL

DEED

Employment Security Division

Alaska Commission on Postsecondary Education

Teacher Learning Support

Muni of Anchorage

MOA Local Workforce Investment Board

BOS Local Workforce Investment Board

Job Training and Work Readiness

AVTEC

Anchorage One Stop System

Juneau Job Center

Yukon Delta Job Center

Peninsula Job Center

Fairbanks Job Center

Ketchikan Job Center

New Job Center

New Job Center

UA System

Local Advisory Committees and One Stop System

Kotzebue Technical Center

- WIA MANDATED PARTNERS**
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 - Unemployment Insurance (AKDOL)
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 - Vocational Rehabilitation (AKDOL)
 - Welfare to Work Grants (AKDOL)
 - Senior Service Training Programs
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 - NAFTAA/TAA (AKDOL)
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57

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Homer, Alaska 99603

Shop (907) 235-0787

April 13, 2000

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APR 13 2000

Senator John Torgenson
Pouch V
Juneau AK

Dear Senator:

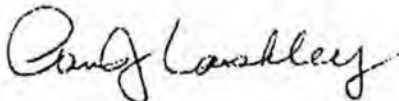
As an employer, I am acutely aware of the need for a trained labor pool. The costs of doing business increases when employees are untrained and businesses risk losing clients, customers, and even contracts when employees are poorly trained.

I understand there could be some employer fee adjustments to the Unemployment Insurance Trust Fund as a result of the new technical and vocational education program. Certainly it is possible that the employer fees could be increased, but it is probable that the costs of doing business will increase when you do not have properly trained employees.

It is also possible that with a better trained residential work pool, the drain on the employment trust fund would be lessened and subsequently, so would any need for employer adjustments.

I support SB 289 and encourage you to pass this much needed focus on technical and vocational education for Alaskans. Not every individual wants or necessarily needs to have a two or four year degree. All of us need to have certain training in order to make a decent living.

Respectfully,



Pam Lashley
Office & Parts Manager



Subject: Senate Bill 289

Date: Wed, 12 Apr 2000 18:29:41 -0700 (PDT)

From: Tony Dassow <tonydassow@yahoo.com>

To: Representative_Norman_Rokeberg@legis.state.ak.us

Dear Legislator:

I would like to bring attention to Senate Bill 289, (SB289) which will increase taxes and cut supportive services.

This Bill will take money from the employee via the Unemployment Insurance Tax, which is normally used for specific employment issues. The first year will generate an estimated \$6,450,000, of which will be distributed as follows:

University of Alaska	\$4,902,000
Kotzebue Technical Center	\$516,000
Alaska Vocational Technical Center	\$1,032,000

RECEIVED
APR 13 2000

This money can be used for most anything, from clearing snow off the sidewalks to repairing roofs. The supportive services that will be eliminated are earmarked for specific employment needs such as commercial drivers' licensing, certified nurses' aide licensing, hazardous materials certificates, etc. Many times, an individual simply needs \$100 to pay for a certification and will be able to get a job paying \$20 an hour or more. Without this, the individual may have to apply for public assistance. It doesn't Alan Greenspan to figure that Alaska wants the workforce paying into the system, not drawing from it.

Alaska's workforce needs to be flexible and competitive. This increased burden will benefit too few people for the wrong purposes. To tax people in this fashion and then not have the money restricted for the proper uses is very suspicious.

In summary, SB289 will effect Alaskans by:

- (1) Increasing taxes
- (2) Redirecting inexpensive and effect services
- (3) Alaskan Employers may have to look beyond Alaska for well-qualified and trained employees-Ruling out ALASKA HIRE.

Let's stop increasing taxes and cutting services! I urge you to vote NO on SB289.

Thank you for your time.

Tony C. Dassow
357-3833

PO BOX 870382
Wasilla, AK 99687-0382

SB

297

(7)

Date Referred to Committee: April 7, 2000

HOUSE COMMITTEE REPORT

FURTHER REFERRALS:

Date of Committee Action: April 12, 2000

The LABOR AND COMMERCE Committee considered:

CSSB 297(L&C) am

CS FOR SENATE BILL NO. 297(L&C) am

BOARD OF CHIROPRACTIC EXAMINERS

"An Act relating to the licensing of chiropractors and to disciplinary actions against chiropractors."

recommends it be replaced with the following committee substitute _____ the same title a new title

additional referral to _____ Committee
 attached amendment(s)

ADOPTS: _____ Letter of Intent

ATTACHES NEW FISCAL NOTE(S): (Dept) _____

APPROVES PREVIOUS: (Dept/Date) _____

fiscal note(s) _____

fiscal note(s) _____

zero fiscal note(s) _____

zero fiscal note(s) DCED 4/9/00

SIGNING WITH RECOMMENDATIONS	DP	DNP	NR	AM
<i>[Signature]</i>			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
<i>Nancy R. Kelly</i>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			
<i>[Signature]</i>				<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<i>[Signature]</i>			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	

CHAIR'S SIGNATURE

Nancy R. Kelly

4-12-2000

Alaska State Legislature



Senator Mike Miller, Chairman
Senator Pete Kelly, Vice Chairman
Senator Drue Pearce
Senator Gary Wilken
Senator Kim Elton

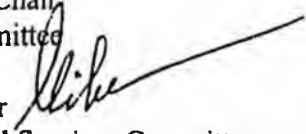
State Capitol, Rm 119
Juneau, Alaska 99801-1182
(907) 465-3762

Senate Committee on Health, Education and Social Services

4/10/00

Memorandum:

TO: Representative Rokeberg, Chair
Labor & Commerce Committee

FR: Senator Mike Miller, Chair 
Health, Education & Social Services Committee

Rc: SB 297 Licensing of Chiropractors Hearing

I would appreciate your scheduling SB 297 in House Labor & Commerce at your earliest convenience.

Thank you for your consideration of this matter.

RECEIVED
APR 11 2000

MEMORANDUM

State of Alaska
Department of LawTO: Dave Gray
The Office of the Honorable
Jerry Mackie


DATE: April 3, 2000

FILE NO: 663-99-0210

TEL NO: 465-3600

SUBJECT: SB 297

FROM:


 G. Ken Truitt
 Assistant Attorney General
 Commercial Section - Juneau

Section 2 of this bill will create some practical legal problems for the Board of Chiropractic Examiners if it is adopted as currently written. The bill proposes to add the language "or refuse to issue a license under this chapter" to subsection (a) (page 3, line 22). This is a good idea from a policy standpoint, however, existing subsection (a) contains the clause "after a hearing" (page 3, line 21). The combination of the two would significantly change the way the Board is able to review routine applications for licensure.

This Board, and all boards established in AS 08, reviews and acts on a voluminous number of applications each time the Board meets as a part of its existing statutory duties. See AS 08.20.055; .110; .120. The Board must deny applicants that do not meet the requirements for licensure. *Id.* Currently, under the Administrative Procedure Act (APA) (AS 44.62.370) an applicant for licensure is entitled to an administrative hearing after the Board denies the applicant's application. This bill, in its current form, would require the Board to hold a hearing before it could deny a license. This would seriously impinge on the Board's authority to operate effectively if it had to convene a hearing to review applications.

This office recommends keeping the proposed language to section 2, line 22 ("or refuse to issue a license under this chapter"), but striking the clause found on line 21: "after a hearing". This will not deny any licensee of a hearing as the APA still would require a hearing before a person's license could be revoked or subject to other discipline. AS 44.62.360. If you have further questions, please do not hesitate to ask.

GKT

E:\TRUITT\K\ALEGRVW\2000\SB297.ADV

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To	Dave Gray	From	Ken Truitt
Co./Dept.		Co.	AG's Office
Phone #		Phone #	
Fax #	3517	Fax #	

Alaska State Legislature

Senator Mike Miller, Chairman
Senator Pete Kelly, Vice Chairman
Senator Drue Pearce
Senator Gary Wilken
Senator Kim Elton



State Capitol, Rm 119
Juneau, Alaska 99801-118
(907) 465-3762

Senate Committee on Health, Education and Social Services

SB 297 SPONSOR STATEMENT

" An Act relating to the licensing of chiropractors."

SB 297 amends the licensing statute for Alaska Chiropractors.

Section 1 allows for a temporary permit to practice chiropractic in Alaska. The temporary license initially is for 60 days and may be extended by the Board of Chiropractic Examiners. It is subject to the same terms and conditions of a regular license. This section also provides for a licensee who does not practice in the state to hold an inactive license. This section finally provides for a retired licensee. A person holding a retired license may not practice chiropractic in the state. A person holding a retired license may apply for an active license subject to terms and conditions set by the board.

Section 2 provides for new reasons why the Board of Chiropractic Examiners may refuse to issue a license in the state. These include conviction of a felony or other crimes that would affect the person's ability to practice competently and safely. Conviction of crime involving the unlawful procurement, sale, prescription, or dispensing of drugs, and attempting to practice after becoming unfit due to an infectious or contagious disease.

Your consideration of this bill is appreciated.



ALASKA PHYSICAL THERAPY ASSOCIATION, INC.

A CHAPTER OF THE AMERICAN PHYSICAL THERAPY ASSOCIATION
 P.O. BOX 140351 ANCHORAGE, AK 99514-0351
 PHONE (907) 564-3749

April 3, 2000

State of Alaska
 Senate Labor and Commerce Committee
 Juneau, AK 99811

Dear Senator Jerry Mackie, Chair
 Senator Tim Kelly, Vice-Chair
 Senator Dave Donley
 Senator Loren Lemen
 Senator Lymen Hoffman

The Alaska Physical Therapy Association has some concerns regarding lines 21 and 22 of SB 297 "An Act Relating to the Licensing of Chiropractors." The language in question is *'or have passed, to the satisfaction of the board, the Physiotherapy Examination of the National Board of Chiropractors.'* We do not have an objection to the current statute, however this is new language in the proposed locum tenens temporary permit section 08.20.153. We respectfully ask that this language be omitted from the proposed SB 297.

Physical Therapy and Physical Therapists are defined in the Physical Therapy and Occupational Therapy Statutes section 08.84.190. Section 08.84.130 prohibits false claim of licensure.

At the April 8-9, 1999 State of Alaska Physical Therapy and Occupational Therapy Board Meeting it was resolved that the Board declare its unanimous opinion that "physical therapy" and "physiotherapy" are identical in meaning and that "physical therapists" and "physiotherapists" are identical in meaning.

World wide, physical therapists are known as physiotherapists. Australia, Great Britain, Germany, Italy, and Austria are just a few of the countries where physical therapists are known as physiotherapists. There is a great potential to cause confusion to the consumers of physical therapy with SB 297 lines 21 and 22 as written.

To protect the consumers of both physical therapy and chiropractic care, please omit the language in question of lines 21 and 22 of SB 297. Thank you.

Sincerely,

Karen Grafton M.S.P.T.

Karen Grafton M.S.P.T.

President

Alaska Physical Therapy Association

Return-Path: <mveale@gci.net>

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Message-ID: <003901bf9d37\$1ab9a780\$ec858ad0@computer>

From: "Mary Veale" <mveale@gci.net>

To: <Senator_Jerry_Mackie@legis.state.ak.us>

Subject: SB 297

Date: Sun, 2 Apr 2000 22:37:36 -0800

MIME-Version: 1.0

Content-Type: multipart/alternative;
boundary="----=_NextPart_000_0036_01BF9CF4.0B9AA260"

X-Priority: 3

X-MSMail-Priority: Normal

X-Mailer: Microsoft Outlook Express 5.00.2919.6600

Disposition-Notification-To: "Mary Veale" <mveale@gci.net>

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L7 C

PO Box 240286
Douglas, AK 99824
April 2, 2000

Senator Jerry Mackie
Chairman, Senate Labor and Commerce Committee
Alaska State Legislature
State Capitol
Juneau, AK 99801-1182

Dear Senator:

I am a Physical Therapist in Juneau. I represent the Alaska Chapter of the American Physical Therapy Association.

We are quite concerned about one word in SB 297. In page one, line 22 a new term is introduced into legislation effecting Chiropractors. This is "Physiotherapy." This would be the first time that this word is introduced to any legislation that does not relate to Physical Therapists. The term "Physiotherapy" is not in the Practice Act of the Chiropractors.

The State of Alaska Board of Physical and Occupational Therapists ruled on April 8-9, 1999 that the term "Physiotherapy" equals the term "Physical Therapy." "Physical Therapy" is protected in the Practice Act for Physical Therapists. Introduction of the term "Physiotherapy" to the Chiropractic Bill could cause confusion to consumers, Chiropractors are not Physical Therapists.

As this language is not currently in the requirements for licensing for Chiropractors, we ask that this term "Physiotherapy" please be removed from the requirements for a temporary permit for locum tenens practice. We could then support this Bill.

Thank you for taking this into consideration.

Sincerely,

FISCAL NOTE

STATE OF ALASKA
2000 LEGISLATIVE SESSION

No. 1
Bill Version: SB297
BIL(S) Publish Date: 4/9/00

Revision Date/Time (Note if correction) _____ Dept. Affected Community & Econ. Dev.
Title An Act relating to the licensing of Chiropractors. BRU Occupational Licensing
Component Occupational Licensing
Sponsor Senate Health, Education and Soc Serv Comm
Requester Senate Health, Education and Soc Serv Comm Component Serial No. 2360

Expenditures/Revenues (Thousands of Dollars)

Note: Amounts do not include inflation unless otherwise noted below.

OPERATING EXPENDITURES	FY 2001	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2005	FY 2006
Personal Services						
Travel						
Contractual						
Supplies						
Equipment						
Land & Structures						
Grants & Claims						
Miscellaneous						
TOTAL OPERATING	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

CAPITAL EXPENDITURES						
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CHANGE IN REVENUES ()						
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FUND SOURCE (Thousands of Dollars)

FUND SOURCE	FY 2001	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2005	FY 2006
1002 Federal Receipts						
1003 GF Match						
1004 GF						
1005 GF/Program Receipts						
1037 GF/Mental Health						
Other (Specify Type)						
TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Estimate of any current year (FY99) cost: 0.0

POSITIONS

Full-time						
Part-time						
Temporary						

ANALYSIS: (Attach a separate page if necessary)

SB 297 allows the Board of Chiropractic Examiners to issue temporary permits, inactive licenses and retired licenses. The bill also permits the board to deny licenses for the same reasons they currently may discipline licenses.

Prepared by Jennifer Strickler, Administrative Manager Phone 465-2144
Division Occupational Licensing Date/Time 4/3/2000 2:17 PM
Approved by Commissioner Deborah B. Beckwith Date 4/3/00
Agency Community & Economic Development

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Copies of minutes listed below were originally included in this file. The minutes are available on the legislative computer database. In order to save space copies of minutes have not been left in the files.

Senate Labor & Commerce Committee, April 4, 2000 1:40 p.m.
Mary Pagenkopf