

ALASKA LEGISLATURE COMMITTEE FILES 1987-1988 8672

5102 HSTA HJR 51 - HJR 66

674

# Alaska State Senate

P.O. Box V  
Juneau, AK 99811  
Phone: (907) 465-2444  
465-3862/465-4923



Senate Finance Committee  
State Affairs Committee  
Vice-Chair, Rules Committee  
Chair, Administrative Regulation Review

P.O. Box 1069  
Kotzebue, Alaska 99752  
(907) 442-2494

William L. Hensley

## MEMORANDUM

TO: Representative Fran Ulmer, Chair  
House State Affairs Committee

FROM: Senator Willie Hensley *W L H*

SUBJ: Request for scheduling of two resolutions

DATE: February 17, 1988

I would appreciate it if you would schedule two resolutions relating to Alaska and Siberia for hearing before the State Affairs Committee as soon as may be convenient to the Committee.

The two resolutions, which were adopted by the Senate on February 12, are:

- SCR 34: Asks the Governor to appoint a 9-member commission to identify mutually beneficial areas of interaction between the Soviet Union and Alaska;
- SJR 48: Asks the President to give his continued support to opening of the Alaska-Siberia border to air travel, trade, and various exchanges in his 1988 meeting with Secretary General Gorgachev.

One reason I make this request for early scheduling is that a delegation of health officials from the Soviet Union will be in Juneau on February 28 and it would be fitting if final action on the resolutions could be taken by then.

For your information and that of your committee members I am attaching letters of support for the resolutions. There was neither written nor oral opposition in the Senate.

Thank you.

WLH/BA/mjt

Attachments

STATE OF ALASKA

STEVE COWPER, GOVERNOR

**OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR**

**OFFICE OF INTERNATIONAL TRADE**

7TH FLOOR FRONTIER BUILDING  
3601 C STREET, SUITE 798  
ANCHORAGE, ALASKA 99503-5934  
PHONE: (907) 561-5585

February 4, 1988

Senator Willie Hensley  
Senate Finance Committee  
P.O. Box V  
Juneau, AK 99811

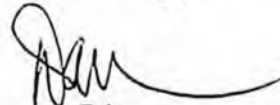
Dear Senator Hensley:

I wanted to take this opportunity to express my support for SCR 34 relating to the establishment of a commission on Alaska-Soviet relations. I specifically wanted to applaud the statesman like approach that you have taken toward our great neighbor. To have the wisdom to see a diplomatic window opening and the courage to pursue endeavors through such a window is a very positive event.

I support the clear intent of the resolution which is to push for increased trade and cultural relations with the Soviet Far East. If you successfully proceed with this resolution I trust that as many interested parties as possible will have the opportunity to participate in the formulation of our state's goals and objectives regarding Alaska and Soviet relations.

If I can be of any assistance to you in any capacity please do not hesitate to contact me.

Sincerely,



Dan Dixon  
Director

January 16, 1988

Senator Willy Hensley  
Alaska State Legislature  
Juneau, Alaska

СИБИРСКОЕ  
АРКТИК  
ПРОГРАММА  
СИБИРСКОГО  
МЕДИЦИНСКОГО  
УНИВЕРСИТЕТА

Dear Senator Hensley:

I am writing this letter in support of Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 34 entitled "Relating to the establishment of a commission on Alaska-Soviet relations" and for Senate Joint Resolution No. 48 "Relating to the promotion of Alaskan and Soviet Exchanges".

There is no doubt in my mind of the importance of these resolutions which address our Siberian neighbors to encourage closer cooperation and relationships with them. These are times of historic importance to both the United States and the USSR and it is only appropriate that Alaska be highly profiled in future agreements and bi-lateral relationships affecting our lives and that of our children.

THEODORE J. NOLA  
MD, MPH  
PROGRAM DIRECTOR

History has created a unique role for Alaska to be not only actively involved in the future destiny of the arctic but also to be a world class model of how well our countries can work together.

THEODORE J. NOLA  
MD, MPH  
PROGRAM DIRECTOR

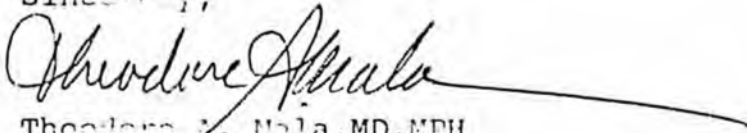
The USSR has some interaction with all of the countries on its borders except for Alaska. It is unconscionable that our small population of under one half million people has no positive relationship with the thirty five million people that are our immediate neighbors just across the Bering Strait.

THEODORE J. NOLA  
MD, MPH  
PROGRAM DIRECTOR

These resolutions are positive first steps towards correcting that situation and I salute you and your Senate colleagues, Senators Josephson, Sturgulewski, Binkley, Luncau, and Zharoff for your insight and global perspectives in sponsoring them.

I look forward to working with you and your colleagues in the future on improving our relationships with our Siberian neighbors.

Sincerely,



Theodore J. Nola, MD, MPH  
Dir

**STEVE COWPER, GOVERNOR**

**DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION**

*OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER*

*GOLDBELT PLACE  
801 WEST 10th STREET  
POUCH F  
JUNEAU, ALASKA 99811*

February 1, 1988

The Honorable William L. Hensley  
Alaska State Senate  
P.O. Box V  
Juneau, Alaska 99811

Dear Senator Hensley:

This letter is in support of Senate Joint Resolution No. 48 which relates to the promotion of Alaskan and Soviet exchanges that you and Senators Josephson, Sturgulewski, Binkley, Duncan, and Zharoff are sponsoring.

Opening the border between Alaska and Siberia to air travel, trade, cultural and scientific exchanges will send a powerful signal to the rest of the world that the present leaders of both nations, the United States and the Soviet Union, are sensitive to the needs of their citizens and indeed willing to work together to address common issues that both countries face.

Certainly, the establishment of exchanges between the two countries will enhance our knowledge of the educational system in the Soviet north especially as it relates to the indigenous minority peoples of which there are more than twenty nationalities.

Canada and the Soviet Union have enjoyed educational exchanges for the past several years. In fact, the teacher education program for the Canadian Inuit of northern Quebec is modeled after a teacher education program developed in the Soviet Union. The teacher training program promotes the use of a Native language as the instructional language. We can learn much from each other in the area of educating minority students whose culture is different from the cultural base of the schools that they attend.

An informal group of circumpolar northern educators organized as the Steering Committee for the International Cross-Cultural Education Seminar Series in the Circumpolar North has organized seminars in Alaska, Greenland, Norway, and Canada for the last twenty years. In fact, I believe you and Bob Arnold were participants at the initial meeting which formed the group in Montreal, Quebec in the late 1960s. The seminars have provided a means for learning how indigenous minorities from different countries have perceived and approached common problems in educational and related social matters. Finland, Sweden, Norway, Greenland, Canada, and Alaska participated in the last seminar series

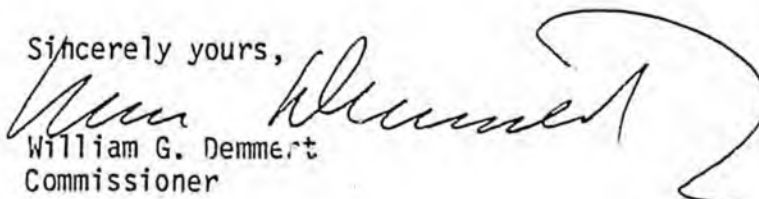
that were held in Iqaluit, Baffin Island, Northwest Territories, Canada. Participants from the Soviet Union are invited to each seminar series, but so far we have not had the pleasure and benefit of their participation.

As a direct result of the meeting at Iqaluit, Northwest Territories, I was selected as chairperson for organizing a meeting of Ministers of Education in Juneau, Alaska. Plans for that meeting are in their final stages, and the University of Alaska Southeast will be the site for the meetings. The meeting dates are May 16-18, 1988. The focus will be on rural education and educational technology. There is a possibility that we may have Soviet participation. Recent developments which have occurred in the last few days indicate progress in securing Soviet participation.

Last December we became aware of a private initiative spearheaded by Jim Stimple, a Nome realtor, to establish friendship and trade ties between Nome, Alaska and Provideniya, U.S.S.R. Mr. Stimple informed the Department of Education that the Nome P.T.A. had endorsed the idea of teacher and student exchanges between Nome and Provideniya. The mayor of Provideniya wrote a warm letter to the people of Nome saying, "We have common interests: the preservation of clean water and shores of Chukotka and Alaska; the preservation of flora and fauna of the North and natural riches. We can and must collaborate in the development of economy, in the region of science, culture, and sports. We must learn more about one another and meet more often: become more friendly and develop commercial ties."

There is certainly ample interest and willingness from both sides of the Bering Sea to initiate exchanges which can be of mutual benefit to both the United States and the Soviet Union.

Sincerely yours,



William G. Demmert  
Commissioner

JOHN C STENNIS, MISSISSIPPI, CHAIRMAN

ROBERT C BYRD, WEST VIRGINIA  
WILLIAM PROXMIRE, WISCONSIN  
DANIEL K INOUE, HAWAII  
ERNEST F HOLLINGS, SOUTH CAROLINA  
LAWTON CHILES, FLORIDA  
J BENNETT JOHNSTON, LOUISIANA  
QUENTIN N BURDICK, NORTH DAKOTA  
PATRICK J LEAHY, VERMONT  
JIM SASSER, TENNESSEE  
DENNIS DICONCINI, ARIZONA  
DALE BUMPERS, ARKANSAS  
FRANK R LAUTENBERG, NEW JERSEY  
TOM HARKIN, IOWA  
BARBARA A MIKULSKI, MARYLAND  
HARRY REID, NEVADA

MARK O HATFIELD, OREGON  
TED STEVENS, ALASKA  
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JAMES A MCCLURE, IDAHO  
JAKE GARN, UTAH  
THAD C JOHRAN, MISSISSIPPI  
ROBERT W KASTEN, JR, WISCONSIN  
ALFONSE M D AMATO, NEW YORK  
WARREN RUDMAN, NEW HAMPSHIRE  
ARLEN SPECTER, PENNSYLVANIA  
PETE V DOMENICI, NEW MEXICO  
CHARLES E GRASSLEY, IOWA  
DON NICKLES, OKLAHOMA

## United States Senate

COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS  
WASHINGTON, DC 20510-6025

January 22, 1988

FRANCIS J SULLIVAN, STAFF DIRECTOR  
J KEITH KENNEDY, MINORITY STAFF DIRECTOR

The Honorable William L. Hensley  
Alaska State Senate  
P.O. Box V  
Juneau, Alaska 99811

Dear Willie:

Thanks for writing and having your assistant, Bob Arnold, call my office in Juneau to let me know of your interest in increasing mutually beneficial interactions between Alaska and the Soviet Union.

This is something I've been working toward from several different angles. For instance, I've taken steps to express my support for the proposal to build an electrical transmission line that would link the U.S. and the Soviet Union via Alaska and Siberia.

I brought this proposal to Howard Baker's attention shortly before the Summit last month. Although the main focus of Reagan and Gorbachev's Summit was the nuclear arms treaty on Intermediate Nuclear Forces (INF), I asked that the proposal put forward by Global Energy Network International (GENI) be given attention and I expect they will consider it as part of the commitment to work toward more cooperation in the Arctic.


I support your efforts to send a clear message from the Alaska State Senate and Legislature that Alaskans want to reap the full advantages of our proximity to the Soviet Union and that we see great potential in the future enhancement of travel, trade, and scientific and cultural exchanges.

In establishing a 9 member commission on Alaskan-Soviet relations, however, the State will necessarily have to work closely with foreign policy-makers at the Federal level as the States are prohibited from developing their own foreign policy. As Alaska's senior representative in the Federal government, I offer my assistance in promoting these interactions and I will continue my efforts to develop Alaska's ties with our Soviet neighbors.

Thanks again for bringing your resolutions to my attention. I look forward to working closely with you and the State on this.

With best wishes,

Cordially,



TED STEVENS



UNIVERSITY OF ALASKA, FAIRBANKS  
Box 900111 Fairbanks, Alaska 99775-0120

FEB 3 1988 February 1, 1988

Senator William L. Hensley  
Alaska State Senate  
P.O. Box V  
Juneau, Alaska 99811

Dear Senator Hensley,

Thank you for sending copies of Senate Joint Resolution No.48 urging President Reagan to give continued support to Alaska-Soviet relations, including opening the Alaska-Siberia border, and Senate concurrent Resolution No.34 urging Governor Cowper to establish a commission to identify the objectives of these relations.

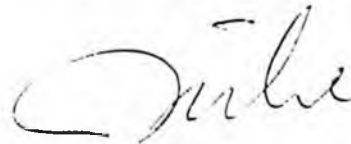
I am pleased indeed to see this initiative, and would be happy to help in whatever way I might to support their adoption by the Legislature and their implementation.

Let me explain why I consider these resolutions so appropriate, timely, and important to Alaska. On any globe Alaska is still obviously the part of the New World that links with the Old. Indeed for Alaska Natives, even all Native Americans (whose ancestors all were once Alaska Natives also) Alaska was the crossroads of the hemispheres. Since 1948, however, the world at our latitudes has become again as though flat, with Alaska at the edge, beyond which it is impossible to go, a dead end. This Cold War closure of the border distorts our perspective of our place in the world, in a way that severely limits our potential. The effect is even more detrimental for one group of Alaskans, the Eskimos of the Bering Strait region and St. Lawrence Island particularly, who are cut off from their kinsmen on the Soviet side, by a barrier like a Berlin Wall without gates.

Because of my concern for the survival of Alaska Native languages, I have been personally involved since 1971 in efforts to allow the resumption of the traditional visits by Alaskan and Siberian Eskimos to each other, and for that purpose have tried to learn as much as I could about the situation of Eskimos on the Soviet side. Only now, with the efforts of so many culminating in the Reagan-Gorbachev summit agreement on the general principles of US-Soviet Arctic

relations, am I optimistic that these visits may soon be possible again. It remains for me a high priority to pursue this goal, and I would personally hope to be of some service as a source of information especially in this connection, and also in the larger perspective, which I recognize, of cultural, economic, and scientific exchange and travel as stated so well in the resolutions you are submitting. I certainly hope these gain a favorable response in our legislature, in the interest of Alaskans quite generally, as well as the Eskimo people in particular.

Sincerely,



Michael E. Krauss  
Professor  
Director, Alaska Native Language Center  
University of Alaska Fairbanks  
College of Liberal Arts



## Nome Chamber of Commerce

Post Office Box 251, Nome, Alaska 99762

January 18, 1988

Alaska State Senate  
William L. Hensley  
P.O. Box V  
Juneau, Alaska  
99811

1988

Dear Willie;

Thank you for introducing Senate Joint Resolution No. 48, Relating to the promotion of Alaskan and Soviet exchanges, and Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 34, Relating to the establishment of a commission on Alaskan-Soviet relations.

As Chairman of the Committee for Cooperation, Commerce, and Peace, the Nome Chamber of Commerce, I support these resolutions and endorse your effort and the members of the Senate who have sponsored these Resolutions, Sen. Josephson, Sturgulewski, Binkley, Duncan, and Zharoff.

Enclosed is a letter my wife, Bernadette Alvanna-Stimpfle just received from Gluhih Margarita Sergeevna, an Eskimo woman living in Siberia, just across from us in the Bering Strait, this letter says to all Alaskans the true meaning of restoring the open border between Alaska and the Soviet Far East.

We in Nome will be organizing our cultural flights from Nome to Provideniya in small groups with the local air carriers. We will submit our first groups on Febuary 15, 1988 to the required State Dept. and Soviet officials. Enclosed are the Aircraft Entry Requirements of the Soviet Union. We invite all Alaskans to participate in up coming friendship and goodwill visits.

Copies of these Resolutions No.48 & 34 have been sent to officials in Provideniya, and I am awaiting the names of officials in Magadan Oblast. We have heard that the Nome to Provideniya exchanges have been discussed in Khabarevsk.

Sincerely

*Jim Stimpfle*

Jim Stimpfle

Chairman, Committee for Cooperation, Commerce, and Peace

# State of Alaska

House Majority Leader

COMMITTEES

HOUSE HEALTH, EDUCATION  
AND SOCIAL SERVICES  
HOUSE JUDICIARY  
HOUSE RULES



Representative Max F. Gruenberg, Jr.  
District 11  
Spenard, Upper Midtown Anchorage

P.O. BOX V  
JUNEAU, ALASKA 99811  
(907) 465-3718  
465-4968/4986

914 CLAY COURT  
ANCHORAGE, ALASKA 99503  
(907) 276-6844

February 22, 1988

MEMORANDUM

TO: House State Affairs Committee

FROM: Max F. Gruenberg, Jr.

Re: HJR 51

HJR 51 supports President Reagan's efforts to secure basic religious freedom for Soviet residents and praises Alaskans who have participated in these efforts.

Thousands of Soviet residents are denied the right to practice their religion and express themselves culturally and are also refused the right to emigrate to countries where they can be free.

**STATE OF ALASKA  
1988 LEGISLATIVE SESSION**

**BILL VERSION:** HJR 51  
**PUBLISH DATE:** 2/17/88

**FISCAL NOTE**

**REQUEST:**

**Revision Date:** \_\_\_\_\_  
**Title:** RELATING TO HUMAN RIGHTS IN  
THE SOVIET UNION  
**Sponsor:** GRUENBERG  
**Requestor:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Agency Affected:** N/A  
**BRU:** \_\_\_\_\_  
**Components:** \_\_\_\_\_

**EXPENDITURES/REVENUES: (Thousands of Dollars)**

OPERATING	FY 88	FY 89	FY 90	FY 91	FY 92	FY 93
PERSONAL SERVICES						
TRAVEL						
CONTRACTUAL						
SUPPLIES						
EQUIPMENT						
LAND & STRUCTURES						
GRANTS, CLAIMS						
MISCELLANEOUS						
<b>TOTAL OPERATING</b>	<b>-0-</b>	<b>-0-</b>	<b>-0-</b>	<b>-0-</b>	<b>-0-</b>	<b>-0-</b>

<b>CAPITAL</b>	<b>-0-</b>	<b>-0-</b>	<b>-0-</b>	<b>-0-</b>	<b>-0-</b>	<b>-0-</b>
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<b>REVENUE</b>	<b>-0-</b>	<b>-0-</b>	<b>-0-</b>	<b>-0-</b>	<b>-0-</b>	<b>-0-</b>
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**FUNDING: (Thousands of Dollars)**

GENERAL FUND						
FEDERAL FUNDS						
OTHER						
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>-0-</b>	<b>-0-</b>	<b>-0-</b>	<b>-0-</b>	<b>-0-</b>	<b>-0-</b>

**POSITIONS:**

FULL-TIME						
PART-TIME						
TEMPORARY						

**ANALYSIS : (Attach a separate page if necessary)**

\_\_\_\_\_

Prepared by: FRAN ULMER, CHAIR  Phone: 465-4947  
Division: HOUSE STATE AFFAIRS/COMMITTEE Date: 2/17/88

Approved by Commissioner: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
Agency: \_\_\_\_\_

- Distribution (by preparer):
- Legislative Finance
  - Legislative Sponsor
  - Requestor
  - Office of Management and Budget
  - Impacted Agency(ies)

55

HJR

STATE OF ALASKA  
THE LEGISLATURE

POUCH Y - STATE CAPITOL  
JUNEAU, ALASKA 99811  
907-465-3800

LEGISLATIVE AFFAIRS AGENCY  
LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE LIBRARY

May, 1988

Copies of minutes listed below were originally included in this file. The minutes are available on the STAIRS database CMPR. In order to save space copies of minutes have not been left in the files.

Mary Van Nimwegen

*House State Affrs:*

*3/25/88*

HOUSE STATE AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

NEXT COMMITTEE: RULES

BILL: HJR 53

CURRENT VERSION:

SCHEDULED: 3/25/88

SPONSOR: MARTIN

PHONE NO: 3782

CONTACT FILE: \_\_\_\_\_

BILL SUBJECT: URGING THE U. S. SECRETARY OF THE NAVY TO NAME A U.S. NAVAL VESSEL AFTER GENERAL CLIFTON CATES

SPONSOR BACKUP: IN FILE

AFFECTED AGENCIES:

<u>DEPARTMENT</u>	<u>CONTACT/PHONE</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
N/A		

FISCAL NOTES

<u>AGENCY</u>	<u>REQUESTED</u>	<u>DATED</u>	<u>FY 88 AMT</u>	<u>FY 89 AMT</u>
N/A		3/25/88	-0-	-0-

ACTION

<u>DATE</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
2/10/88	REFERRED TO STATE AFFAIRS
3/25/88	PASSED FROM HOUSE STATE AFFAIRS

# HOUSE COMMITTEE REPORT

(7)

Date referred: 2/10/88

FURTHER REFERRALS:

DATE: 3-25-88

The State Affairs Committee has considered HJR 53

Urging the United States Secretary of the Navy to name a United States naval vessel after General Clifton B. Cates.

**RECOMMENDS:**

- replace with \_\_\_\_\_  the same title
- attached amendment(s)  a new title
- do pass
- do not pass
- no recommendation
- individual recommendations
- additional referral to the \_\_\_\_\_ Committee

**ADOPTS:**  \_\_\_\_\_ letter of intent

**ATTACHES NEW FISCAL NOTE(S):**

- fiscal impact  same as previous fiscal note published \_\_\_\_\_
- zero fiscal note  same as previous zero fiscal note published \_\_\_\_\_
- zero with analysis

**SIGNING DO PASS:**

W.C. 'Red' Barber

Sam McManus

Dave Douley

Terry Martin

Jim Wren

**SIGNING OTHER RECOMMENDATIONS:**

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Jim Wren

Chairman's signature



House of Representatives  
State of Tennessee

LEGISLATIVE OFFICE:  
ROOM 37, LEGISLATIVE PLAZA  
NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE 37219  
(615) 741-3893

VICTOR ELLIS  
REPRESENTATIVE  
53RD LEGISLATIVE DISTRICT  
CHAIRMAN  
LABOR AND CONSUMER AFFAIRS

(NASHVILLE)

HOME:  
635 ERMAC DRIVE  
NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE 37210  
(615) 883-1782

November 10, 1987

?  
who sponsors passed  
Resolutions?

Dear Legislator & Former Marine:

A group of former Marines from several parts of the nation have begun a project to have a U.S. Navy ship named for the late General Clifton B. Cates, 19th Commandant of the U.S. Marine Corps.

General Cates, a native Tennessean, was commissioned as a Second Lieutenant in the U.S. Marines on June 13, 1917. He served on active duty until June 30, 1954. During that time he was the most decorated Marine in World War I and commanded the Fourth Marine Division during the Saipain, Tinian and Iwo Jima operations in World War II. He served as the Nineteenth Commandant of the Marine Corps and successfully led the political fight against efforts by the Truman Administration to abolish the U.S. Marine Corps just prior to the Korean War.

As part of this worthy project to honor an outstanding American and career Marine officer, I have pre-filed a joint resolution urging that a U.S. Naval vessel be named for General Cates. This resolution will be acted upon when the Tennessee General Assembly reconvenes in January, 1988.

As a former Marine who served in the assaults against the enemy at Guam and Iwo Jima, I am proud to be a part of this national effort and I would like to request your assistance in this cause by having your legislature adopt a resolution urging Honorable James Webb, Secretary of the Navy, Department of the Navy, The Pentagon-4E686, Washington, D.C. 20350, to name an appropriate warship in honor of General Cates.

I am enclosing a copy of the Joint Resolution I have pre-filed and I would appreciate a copy of any resolution you may adopt.

Sincerely,

*Victor Ellis*  
Victor Ellis

VE:cp

Enclosure

REP. TERRY MARTIN

ELECTIVE DISTRICT 13  
MOUNTAIN VIEW  
RUSSIAN JACK SPRINGS  
NUNAKA VALLEY  
ELMENDORF A.F.B.  
CREEKSIDE  
EAST ANCHORAGE



HOME  
3960 REKA DRIVE-B6  
ANCHORAGE, AK 99508  
PHONE 333-6990

DURING SESSION  
P. O. BOX V  
STATE CAPITOL BUILDING  
JUNEAU, AK 99811  
PHONE 465-3783

Alaska House of Representatives

M E M O R A N D U M

DATE: February 23, 1988

TO: Representative Fran Ulmer, Chairman  
House State Affairs Committee

FROM: Representative Terry Martin

SUBJ: HJR 53 - Resolution urging the Secretary of the Navy to  
name a U.S. naval vessel after General Clifton  
Cates

---

I hereby request that HJR 53 be scheduled for hearing in the House State Affairs Committee at the earliest possible date.

Attached is backup information on the resolution.

Thank you.

/laj  
attachments



**STATE OF ALASKA  
1988 LEGISLATIVE SESSION**

**BILL VERSION:** HJR 53  
**PUBLISH DATE:** 2/20/88

**FISCAL NOTE**

**REQUEST:**

**Revision Date:** \_\_\_\_\_  
**Title:** URGING THE U.S. SECRETARY OF THE  
NAVY TO NAME A VESSEL AFTER GENERAL CATES  
**Sponsor:** REP. MARTIN  
**Requestor:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Agency Affected:** N/A  
**BRU:** \_\_\_\_\_  
**Components:** \_\_\_\_\_

**EXPENDITURES/REVENUES: (Thousands of Dollars)**

OPERATING	FY 88	FY 89	FY 90	FY 91	FY 92	FY 93
PERSONAL SERVICES						
TRAVEL						
CONTRACTUAL						
SUPPLIES						
EQUIPMENT						
LAND & STRUCTURES						
GRANTS, CLAIMS						
MISCELLANEOUS						
<b>TOTAL OPERATING</b>	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-

<b>CAPITAL</b>	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
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<b>REVENUE</b>	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
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**FUNDING: (Thousands of Dollars)**

GENERAL FUND						
FEDERAL FUNDS						
OTHER						
<b>TOTAL</b>	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-

**POSITIONS:**

FULL-TIME						
PART-TIME						
TEMPORARY						

**ANALYSIS : (Attach a separate page if necessary)**

Prepared by: FRAN ULMER, CHAIR   
Division: HOUSE STATE AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

Phone: 465-4947  
Date: 3/25/88

Approved by Commissioner: \_\_\_\_\_  
Agency: \_\_\_\_\_

Distribution (by preparer):  
Legislative Finance  
Legislative Sponsor  
Requestor  
Office of Management and Budget  
Impacted Agency(ies)

HJR

57

# Representative Dick Shultz

Alaska State House of Representatives  
P.O. Box V • Juneau, Alaska 99811 • (907) 465-4940  
Home: P.O. Box 487 • Tok, Alaska 99780



Member  
House Resources Committee

MEMORANDUM

FEBRUARY 16, 1988

TO: Rep. Fran Ulmer  
FROM: Rep. Dick Shultz *DS*  
RE: Scheduling of HJR 57

\*\*\*\*\*

Alaska hire is the issue addressed in HJR 57.

As the Air Force begins preliminary work on the 450 million dollar OTH-Backscatter Radar site in Alaska we need to encourage them to use our human and natural resources from the local level on up.

I would sincerely appreciate a hearing for this important Resolution and will be happy to work with you in moving HJR 57 to the floor for a vote.

Thank you.

HOUSE STATE AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

NEXT COMMITTEE: RULES

BILL: HJR 57

CURRENT VERSION:

SCHEDULED: 3/11/88

SPONSOR: SHULTZ

PHONE NO: 4940

CONTACT FILE: \_\_\_\_\_

BILL SUBJECT: RELATING TO OVER-THE-HORIZON BACKSCATTER RADAR SYSTEMS

SPONSOR BACKUP: Notified

AFFECTED AGENCIES:

<u>DEPARTMENT</u>	<u>CONTACT/PHC:JE</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
N/A		

FISCAL NOTES

<u>AGENCY</u>	<u>REQUESTED</u>	<u>DATED</u>	<u>FY 88 AMT</u>	<u>FY 89 AMT</u>
N/A				

ACTION

<u>DATE</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>

HJR

58

HOUSE STATE AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

NEXT COMMITTEE: RULES

BILL: HJR 58

CURRENT VERSION: SS HJR 58

SCHEDULED: MARCH 28, 1988

SPONSOR: WALLIS

PHONE NO: 3732

CONTACT FILE: \_\_\_\_\_

BILL SUBJECT: RELATING TO THE RETURN OF HUMAN REMAINS FROM THE SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION

SPONSOR BACKUP: RETURN TO WHERE/MUSEUM?

AFFECTED AGENCIES:

<u>DEPARTMENT</u>	<u>CONTACT/PHONE</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
EDUCATION	STATE MUSEUM/TOM LONNER	SUPPORTS SS HJR 58

FISCAL NOTES

<u>AGENCY</u>	<u>REQUESTED</u>	<u>DATED</u>	<u>FY 88 AMT</u>	<u>FY 89 AMT</u>
EDUCATION	3/4/88	3/8/88	-0-	-0-

ACTION

<u>DATE</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
3/28/88	PASSED FROM STATE AFFAIRS

# HOUSE COMMITTEE REPORT

(7)

Date referred: 3/21/88

FURTHER REFERRALS:

DATE: 3-28-88

The State Affairs Committee has considered SSHJR 58

Relating to the return of human remains from the Smithsonian Institution.

**RECOMMENDS:**

- replace with \_\_\_\_\_  the same title
- attached amendment(s)  a new title
- do pass
- do not pass
- no recommendation
- individual recommendations
- additional referral to the \_\_\_\_\_ Committee

**ADOPTS:**  \_\_\_\_\_ letter of intent

**ATTACHES NEW FISCAL NOTE(S):**

- fiscal impact  same as previous fiscal note published \_\_\_\_\_
- zero fiscal note
- zero with analysis  same as previous zero fiscal note published \_\_\_\_\_

**SIGNING DO PASS:**

*[Handwritten signatures: J. W. ...]*  
\_\_\_\_\_  
*[Handwritten signature: ...]*  
\_\_\_\_\_  
*[Handwritten signature: ...]*  
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*[Handwritten signature: ...]*  
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**SIGNING OTHER RECOMMENDATIONS:**

\_\_\_\_\_  
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*[Handwritten signature]*  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Chairman's signature



Official Business

# Alaska State Legislature

## House

P.O. BOX V  
State Capitol  
Juneau, Alaska 99811

### M E M O R A N D U M

TO: Representative Fran Ulmer, Chair  
House State Affairs Committee

FROM: Representative F. Kay Wallis *fkw*  
District 24

DATE: February 18, 1988

SUBJ: Scheduling of House Joint Resolution 58

-----

Please consider placing House Joint Resolution 58 on the House State Affairs Committee agenda as soon as possible.

HJR 58 requests that the Smithsonian Institution return to Alaska human remains that were collected from Native villages here around the turn of the century.

This resolution is introduced to encourage the Smithsonian Institution to be helpful and responsive to people from Alaska requesting information about, or return of, the remains of their families that are now in storage or on display in the Smithsonian museums.

This resolution was drafted in response to requests for help from people in my district who had encountered difficulties in recovering the remains of their families.

We recognize that the Smithsonian Institution is already working on identifying the human remains in their collection that date from the turn of the century in order to attempt to return them when possible. However, we feel they need to be reminded of how important this issue is to our people.

Thank you.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS  
ON  
SPONSOR SUBSTITUTE HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION 58

What is the purpose of this resolution?

The purpose of SSHJR 58 is to encourage the Smithsonian Institution to be more responsive to individuals and tribal organizations requesting the return of human remains taken from their families or regions in Alaska around the turn of the century.

To whom will the remains be returned?

The sponsor substitute for HJR 58 makes it clear that human remains, now on display or in storage at the Smithsonian, will be returned to families or tribal organizations (genetic and cultural descendants) that request them.

What will happen to the remains?

While this is a private matter to be determined by the descendants, most remains will probably be given a proper and permanent burial.

Is there a fiscal impact on the State of Alaska?

SSHJR 58 has a zero fiscal note.

What is the extent of the Smithsonian's collection of remains?

It is estimated that the Smithsonian has skeletons of over 14,000 American Indians, including the remains of four to six thousand Alaskan Natives. Many of these were taken unsystematically and unethically from village graves or were bought from people who had no right to sell them. Because of the way they were collected, most of the remains are of limited scientific value.

Does SSHJR 58 address archaeological human remains?

No. These remains, hundreds to thousands of years old, were recovered through archaeological excavations, and many are of scientific value.

When and how was the material addressed by SSHJR 58 collected?

Between the mid 1800's and the early 1900's, dozens of military and scientific expeditions collected geological, botanical, zoological, and anthropological materials throughout Alaska.

While the Smithsonian rarely sponsored these expeditions, many expeditions collected items specifically for the Smithsonian as part of their activities. Many other collections including human remains were either purchased by or donated to the Smithsonian Institution at a later time.

Is the Smithsonian doing anything about the human remains in its collections?

Like most major museums, the Smithsonian is aware of the increasing concern about human remains in their displays and collections. They have created a printout of the human remains in their collections and sent this list to tribes throughout the nation. Their policy is to "establish a dialogue" with anyone who believes that the remains of their relatives are in the Smithsonian's collections, but like most museums, the Smithsonian is reluctant to lose materials from its collections.

If the Smithsonian is already working on this, why do we need a resolution?

Perhaps because of its age and size, the Smithsonian Institution has become a huge bureaucracy. The terminology of Smithsonian officials may be difficult for our village people to understand, but the message is clear. It is very discouraging to those who would like to have the remains of their families returned.

Native Alaskans who can overcome the difficulties of language barriers, expensive telephone calls, and slow mail deserve a more helpful and sympathetic response from the Smithsonian Institution. The purpose of this resolution is to encourage the Smithsonian to be more responsive to requests from Alaska to have human remains restored to their families and sites of origin.

STATE OF ALASKA  
1988 LEGISLATIVE SESSION

BILL VERSION: HJR 58  
PUBLISH DATE: \_\_\_\_\_

FISCAL NOTE

REQUEST:

Revision Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Agency Affected: Education  
Title: Relating to the return of human BRU: Alaska State Museum  
remains from the Smithsonian Institution.  
Sponsor: Wallis Components: Museum operations  
Requestor: House State Affairs

EXPENDITURES/REVENUES: (Thousands of Dollars)

OPERATING	FY 88	FY 89	FY 90	FY 91	FY 92	FY 93
PERSONAL SERVICES						
TRAVEL						
CONTRACTUAL						
SUPPLIES						
EQUIPMENT						
LAND & STRUCTURES						
GRANTS, CLAIMS						
MISCELLANEOUS						
TOTAL OPERATING	0	0	0	0	0	0
CAPITAL						
REVENUE						

FUNDING: (Thousands of Dollars)

GENERAL FUND	0	0	0	0	0	0
FEDERAL FUNDS						
OTHER						
TOTAL						

POSITIONS:

FULL-TIME						
PART-TIME						
TEMPORARY						

ANALYSIS : (Attach a separate page if necessary)

Prepared by: Mary Hakala Phone: 465-2800  
Division: Commissioner's Office Date: 3-8-88  
Approved by Commissioner Mary Hakala Date: 3-3-88  
Agency: Department of Education

Distribution (by preparer):

- Legislative Finance
- Legislative Sponsor
- Requestor
- Office of Management and Budget
- Impacted Agency(ies)

HJR

59

# Alaska State Legislature

REPRESENTATIVE  
MARK BOYER

HOUSE FINANCE COMMITTEE



House of Representatives

FAIRBANKS

1098 LAKEVIEW TERRACE  
FAIRBANKS, ALASKA 99701  
(907) 456-6473

JUNEAU

P.O. BOX V  
STATE CAPITOL  
JUNEAU, ALASKA 99811  
(907) 465-3466

February 22, 1988

Representative Fran Ulmer, Chair  
House State Affairs Committee  
P. O. Box V  
Juneau, Alaska 99811

Dear Representative Ulmer,

You have before you two resolutions regarding deployment of the Sixth Infantry Division (Light) in Alaska. I will not belabor the obvious inaccuracies and misstatements of fact in House Resolution 12, nor extol the merits of HJR 66, which I have co-sponsored with the Interior House delegation. I would rather touch briefly on the importance of a unified state position on all matters involving the federal government and the danger which is posed to the state's best interest when the residents of one area of the state indulge in regional back-biting at another region's good fortune.

Last week the members of this body put aside considerable differences of opinion on major issues to craft a resolution which put the state on record in support of exploration and development of the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge. Like all good compromises, this resolution left some legislators less than satisfied, but the recognition of the fact that we must present a unified front to the federal government, as we agree to disagree and continue the debate on certain issues in the "privacy" of our own Legislature, resulted in a unanimous vote in the House and concurrence by the Senate.

The situation with regard to deployment of the Sixth Light Infantry Division is much the same as that which confronted us in the ANWR debate. When the decision to locate the division in Alaska (with the headquarters in Fairbanks, but temporarily in Anchorage while facilities were constructed at Fort Wainwright) was made in 1985, several other states which had been seeking the division resented our good fortune, and some of their federal representatives have become opponents of funding for facilities necessary for the deployment of the L.I.D. Federal budget cuts under Gramm-Rudman and further reductions under the deficit reduction compromise between the Congress and the Executive Branch represent an additional and very real threat to continued deployment and further funding of the division in Alaska.

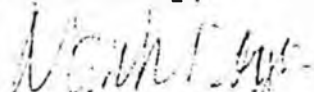
The different regions of the state will always compete with each other for federal installations, new industrial developments, tourist facilities, and any other sources of potential economic

Representative Fran Ulmer  
February 22, 1988  
Page 2

benefit. This competition is normal and healthy, and the regions and, ultimately, the state as a whole, are the better for it. Coastal communities are about to begin vying for deployment of naval ships and personnel, and while my community is hors d'combat in this particular contest, we wish the eventual winners well and stand ready to support them in their endeavors, because we realize that what is good for one region of Alaska will, in the long run, benefit all Alaskans.

Let us not be so short-sighted that we allow regionalism and election year saber rattling to put us in the position of cutting off our nose to spite our face. If the deployment of the Sixth Light Infantry Division (Light) goes on as planned, the state as a whole will benefit from economic diversification, increased employment and, in all likelihood, further federal deployments in Alaska (i.e., the Navy) after a positive experience with the division. It is ludicrous for this body to consider a resolution which questions the Army's judgement in its deployment of the 6th L.I.D. at a time when our congressional delegation is beating back attempts to de-fund that deployment. If we hand the opponents of the deployment here a monkey wrench like HR 12, and they use it to sabotage the deployment in Alaska, we all lose.

Sincerely,



Mark Boyer  
Representative

HJR

66

PUBLIC OPINION MESSAGE

DEAR: REPRESENTATIVE ULMER

NAME: JERRY MUCUTCHEON  
TITLE:  
ADDRESS: 121 WEST 11TH AVENUE  
CITY: ANCHORAGE, ALASKA ZIP: 99501  
PHONE: 277-3076

BILL NO:  
SUBJECT: 6TH INFANTRY DIVISION  
MESSAGE: ISN'T; IT IS A REGIMENT. IF THE MILITARY WANTS TO MOVE THE HEAD-  
QUARTERS TO FAIRBANKS SO BE IT. WHAT IS GOOD FOR FAIRBANKS IS GOOD FOR  
ANCHORAGE. THE ANCHORAGE DELEGATION SHOULD TAKE THE LONG RANGE VIEW. IF  
THE TWO CRUISERS DO COME TO ALASKA ARE WE GOING TO SQUABBLE OVER WHERE.

PHONID: 03101408  
DATE: 02/19/88  
TIME: 10:14:08  
LIONAME: ANCHORAGE LIO

COPIES: REPRESENTATIVES    REPRESENTATIVES    SENATORS

ADAMS	BARNES	ABOOD
BOUCHER	BOYER	BINKLEY
BROWN	CATO	COGHILL
COLLIHS	COTTEN	DUNCAN
DAVIDSON	DAVIS	ELIASON
DONLEY	ELLIS	FAHRENKAMP
FRANK	FURNACE	FAIKS
GOLL	GRUENBERG	FANNING
GRUSSENDORF	HANLEY	FISCHER
HERRMANN	HOFFMAN	HALFORD
HUDSON	KOPONEN	HENSLEY
LARSON	MARTIN	JONES
MENARD	MILLER	JOSEPHSON
HAVARRE	PEARCE	KELLY
PETTYJOHN	PHILLIPS	KERTTULA
POURCHOT	RIEGER	RODEY
SHULTZ	SPRINGER	STURGULEWSKI
SUND	SWACKHAMMER	SZYMANSKI
TAYLOR	WALLIS	UEHLING
ZAWACKI		ZIAROFF



REPLY TO  
ATTENTION OF

Public Affairs Office

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY  
HEADQUARTERS, 6th INFANTRY DIVISION (LIGHT)  
AND US ARMY GARRISON, ALASKA  
FORT RICHARDSON, ALASKA

March 4, 1988



Alaska State Legislature

Dear Sirs:

Recent Fiscal Year 88 and 89 budget decisions by Departments of Defense and the Army have impacted in a number of ways on the 6th Infantry Division (Light) and U.S. Army Garrison, Alaska.

Attached you will find an information paper which describes those impacts. Also attached are copies of slides which will be presented in briefings to the Anchorage Economic Development Committee and the Fairbanks Light Infantry Division Impact Steering Committee.

If you have questions, please contact myself or Chuck Canterbury, Media Relations Officer, at 862-2209/9298.

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "S W Mock".

Sherrel W. Mock  
Major, U.S. Army  
Public Affairs Officer

Attachment

INFORMATION PAPER

SUBJECT: Budget-related Issues for the 6th Infantry Division  
(Light)

PURPOSE: To provide information on effects of the Army's FY88-89 budgets on the 6th Infantry Division (Light): force reduction, modification of stationing plan, civilian personnel actions (furloughs and reductions in force).

DISCUSSION: Reductions in the Army's FY88 and FY89 budgets have resulted in a number of Army-wide actions that have impacted on 6th Inf Div (L). The Division has taken steps to minimize the impacts on its soldiers and their families, its civilian employees, and its neighboring communities. Areas affected are discussed in the following paragraphs.

1. Army Force Reduction.

a. The Army's FY89 budget of \$78 billion which was forwarded by the President to Congress on 18 Feb, represents a "negative growth" compared with the FY88 budget. To accommodate both the FY88 and FY89 budgets the Army will reduce its military end strength by 8,600 to 772,300 by 1 Oct 88. Force structure will also be cut.

b. As a result the activation of two infantry battalions, about 1,300 personnel, for the Division will be delayed. The 6-9th Infantry is expected to be activated at Fort Wainwright in FY90. The 1-501st Infantry is expected to be activated at Fort Richardson in a later year. Because the Division's mission still requires it to be full strength, it is anticipated the Alaska Army National Guard will provide a roundout battalion for the Division in the interim.

2. Modification of Stationing Plan. Copies of slides to be presented to the Anchorage Economic Development Committee and Fairbanks Light Infantry Division Impact Steering Committee are enclosed. They outline the units to be activated at both Forts Richardson and Wainwright, depict the changes in personnel strengths at each post by fiscal year, and show the economic impact at both locations.

a. From the beginning the Division's stationing plan sought to optimize the use of facilities already in place at Fort Richardson in order to minimize building costs at Fort Wainwright. The plan also allowed the Division to maintain optimal readiness. One of the biggest adjustments in the Division plan is the delay in the

AFVR-PO

SUBJECT: Budget-related Issues for 6ID(L)

activation of the 1-501st Inf at Fort Richardson. Once the delay was known the Division began working to adjust its stationing plan to continue optimum use of Fort Richardson facilities. Upon finalization the revised plan will be forwarded to higher headquarters for approval.

(1) The Division plans to hold units in place that are scheduled to move to Fort Wainwright, but are already at Fort Richardson. The units will then move to Fort Wainwright when the 1-501st Inf activates. These units are the 6th Signal Battalion (-), the 16th Military Police Company, and the Division Band.

(2) Two changes to the original stationing plan include the activation of the Division Artillery (DIVARTY) headquarters at Fort Richardson and the split stationing of the 6th Engineer Battalion. The engineer battalion's headquarters company and one line company will be activated at Fort Wainwright, while the third company will be activated at Fort Richardson.

b. The bid opening on the refurbishing of the new Division headquarters building (Bldg 1555) at Fort Wainwright was canceled in order to absorb a major portion of the remaining FY88 budget reductions which were impacting heavily on civilian pay. The remaining few pools of available funds for other than the headquarters building and civilian pay had already been reduced earlier or by the February reductions. The Division hopes to be able to fund the project in FY89 so that it will be complete by late FY90, permitting movement of the Division headquarters.

3. Civilian Personnel Actions (furloughs and reductions in force). The Division has developed plans to minimize the impacts on civilian employees of two separate budget-related actions: a furlough, as a result of a cut in the Division's FY88 budget, and a reduction in force (RIF), as a result of loss of authorized civilian positions.

a. Furloughs.

(1) The Division's initial budget of \$143 million for operations and maintenance (O&M) during the current FY, ending 30 Sep 88, has been reduced to \$127 million, a reduction for the year of \$16 million. To make up for this shortfall the Division has initiated many cost saving measures to include reductions in military and civilian travel, civilian training, purchase of supplies, and unit training. Most overtime has been eliminated and hiring is limited to only critical, essential jobs. Building projects have also been cancelled.

AFVR-PO

SUBJECT: Budget-related Issues for 6ID(L)

(2) These measures will save approximately \$11.4 million. In spite of the many cost-saving steps the Division is still short \$4.6 million in civilian pay for this year. A furlough, or leave without pay, of 79 hours will be taken by 1,714 Department of the Army civilian employees this year beginning in April.

(3) Fort Richardson will furlough 1,073 employees; Fort Wainwright, 468; and Fort Greely, 173. They include most general schedule, wage grade, and temporary employees paid from appropriated funds. These employees were sent their general notification on 12 Feb 88. The 79-hour figure was selected in part to minimize the possibility of employees losing accrual of annual or sick leave because of the furlough.

(4) Not all employees will be furloughed. A total of 111 employees from the Army Reserve's Operations and Maintenance (14), and the Division's Family Housing (30) and petroleum facilities (67) will not be furloughed. Another 1,240 civilian employees in different categories will not be furloughed, at least by the Division. They include some 440 nonappropriated fund employees, 360 Army and Air Force Exchange System employees, and 440 tenant, or non-Divisional, unit employees. Salaries for the 1,351 total employees in the categories exempt from the Divisional furlough are exempt because they are funded from other sources.

(5) In addition to furloughs, it is anticipated that some of the civilian pay deficit will be made up by early retirements. The Office of Personnel Management has approved early retirements for the 191 civilian employees who are eligible. The retirements would take place between 1 Apr and 1 Sep 88, if the employees elect to take them.

b. Reduction in Force (RIF).

(1) In addition to this year's budget reduction the Division also received a reduction in the number of authorized Department of the Army civilian employee positions for FY89, which begins 1 Oct 88. The Division's cut is 334 positions, which means the Division must reduce its authorized civilian positions from 2,027 to 1,693 by October. Positions to be eliminated include 187 at Fort Richardson, 130 at Fort Wainwright, and 17 at Fort Greely.

(2) Many of the 334 positions to be eliminated are not currently filled. However, to execute this 17 percent space reduction, the Division will be forced to release some temporary and full-time permanent civilian employees.

AFVR-PO

SUBJECT: Budget-related Issues for 6ID(L)

(3) It is expected that the number of full-time employees to actually leave will be less than 123. Most of the temporary employee work force will be released. An estimated 117 temporary employee appointments will be terminated.

(4) Displaced permanent full-time employees will leave in June following 60-day notices issued in April. Although there is no requirement, temporary employees to be separated will be given a full 30-day notice next week and will leave on 8 Apr 83.

(5) RIF regulations and procedures must be used to release competing employees from their positions in accordance with the Federal Personnel Manual, Chapter 351. Employees will compete for retention in other occupied and unoccupied positions based on their career tenure, veterans preference, and years of Federal service.

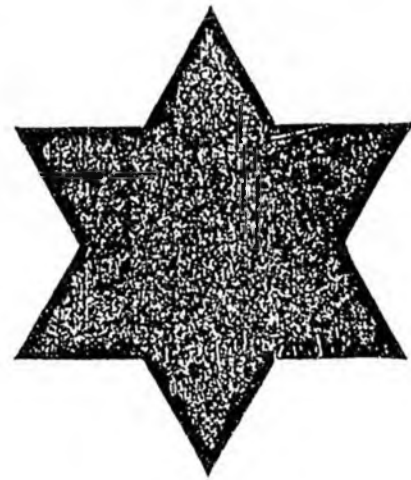
(6) Employees who are released from Federal service will receive assistance in obtaining other Federal employment. They will be eligible for registration in the Department of Defense's computerized priority placement program, which helps to match employees with vacancies for which they are qualified in other DOD activities.

(7) Separated permanent employees may also be eligible for severance pay and early retirement. Temporary employees do not compete in a RIF and per DOD regulations must be released before a qualified permanent employee with the same or similar job skill. Both permanent and temporary employees will be paid for unused annual leave.

4. For further information contact Chuck Canterbury, Media Relations Officer, 6th Inf Div (L), at commercial (907) 862-2209/9298 or Autovon 862-2209/9298.

MAJ Sherrel W. Mock  
Public Affairs Officer  
6th Inf Div (L) & USAG-AK  
862-9298/2209

**6TH INFANTRY DIVISION  
(LIGHT)**



**ALASKA**



# PURPOSE

- 3 MAR 1988

TO PROVIDE AN UPDATE ON THE 6TH ID(L) TRANSITION



# AGENDA

- 3 MAR 1988

- MILESTONES
- MISSION
- STRUCTURE
- STATIONING
- PROJECTED MILITARY  
AUTHORIZATIONS
- ECONOMIC ANALYSIS



# MILESTONES

- 3 MAR 1988

6TH ID(L) ACTIVATION ANNOUNCED BY HQDA	8 FEB 85
HQS, DA APPROVED 6TH ID(L) AS A STANDARD ID(L) WITH ARCTIC UNIQUE REQUIREMENTS	10 MAR 86
6TH ID(L) ACTIVATED	23 MAR 86
CSA APPROVES 6TH ID(L) CONCEPT PLAN	MAR 87
FY89 BUDGET IMPACTS	MAR 88

10  
BKH



6TH INFANTRY DIVISION (LIGHT)

- 3 MAR 1988

## MISSION

BE PREPARED TO DEPLOY RAPIDLY WORLDWIDE  
IN SUPPORT OF UNITED STATES NATIONAL  
INTERESTS AND OBJECTIVES. ADDITIONALLY,  
DEFEND ALASKA, INCLUDING THE INITIAL  
DEFENSE OF THE ALEUTIAN ISLANDS.

- 3 MAR 1988

# 6TH INFANTRY DIVISION (LIGHT) FORT WAINWRIGHT

		AUTHORIZED STRENGTH	
		<u>FY90</u>	<u>FY 92 CHANGES</u>
G	○ HEADQUARTERS & HEADQUARTERS COMPANY	234	
G	○ 6TH INFANTRY DIVISION (LIGHT) BAND	0	40
R	○ ~ DIVISION ARTILLERY FIRE SUPPORT ELEMENT	17	
R	○ 15TH MILITARY POLICE COMPANY	0	77
R	○ 6TH ENGINEER BATTALION (-)	174	
G	○ 6TH SIGNAL BATTALION (-)	0	335

## COLOR CODE:

- G ○ GREEN: ALREADY ON THE GROUND - MATURE
- B ○ BLUE: ACTIVATED & GROWING
- R ○ RED: STILL TO ACTIVATE

- 3 MAR 1988

# 6TH INFANTRY DIVISION (LIGHT) FORT WAINWRIGHT (CONTINUED)

		AUTHORIZED STRENGTH	
		<u>FY90</u>	<u>FY 92 CHANGES</u>
G	○ 2D INFANTRY BRIGADE	117	
G	○ ~ 4-9TH INFANTRY BATTALION	555	
G	○ ~ 5-9TH INFANTRY BATTALION	555	
R	○ ~ 6-9TH INFANTRY BATTALION*	555	
B	○ 5-11TH FIELD ARTILLERY BATTALION	407	
G	○ COMBAT AVIATION BRIGADE	145	
R	○ ~ ASSAULT HELICOPTER BATTALION (-)	175	
R	○ HEADQUARTERS & HEADQUARTERS COMPANY		
G	○ F-123D COMBAT AVIATION COMPANY		
R	○ COMMAND AVIATION COMPANY (-)		
R	○ AVIATION UNIT MAINTENANCE COMPANY		
G	○ ~ 4-9TH AVIATION RECONNAISSANCE BATTALION (-)	191	

\* THE 6TH INFANTRY BATTALION WILL NOT ACTIVATE AT FORT WAINWRIGHT IN FY89 AS PREVIOUSLY SCHEDULED. PLANNED FOR FY90.

6TH INFANTRY DIVISION (LIGHT)  
FORT WAINWRIGHT (CONTINUED)

- 3 MAR 1988

		AUTHORIZED STRENGTH	
		<u>FY90</u>	<u>FY 92 CHANGES</u>
G	○ 6TH SUPPLY & TRANSPORTATION BATTALION (-)	216	
G	○ 706TH MAINTENANCE COMPANY	31	
B	○ 6TH MEDICAL BATTALION (-)	170	
G	○ H-123D AVIATION MAINTENANCE COMPANY	117	

- 3 MAR 1988

# NON-DIVISIONAL UNITS AT FORT WAINWRIGHT

		AUTHORIZED STRENGTH	
		<u>FY90</u>	<u>FY 92 CHANGES</u>
G	○ 47TH ENGINEER COMPANY	139	
G	○ 472D MILITARY POLICE COMPANY	85	
G	○ 203D PERSONNEL SERVICES COMPANY (-)	58	
G	○ C-228TH AVIATION COMPANY	180	
G	○ 283D MEDICAL AVIATION EVACUATION DETACHMENT	53	
G	○ 62D TERRAIN ANALYSIS TEAM	8	
G	○ 534TH SUPPLY & SUPPORT DETACHMENT	14	
R	○ 68TH ARCTIC INFANTRY SUPPORT DETACHMENT	112	
G	○ 58TH AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL PLATOON	35	
R	○ 20TH PUBLIC AFFAIRS DETACHMENT	5	
G	○ 98TH MAINTENANCE COMPANY	260	
G	○ 199TH MISSILE MAINTENANCE DETACHMENT	18	
R	○ 23D AVIATION (INTERMEDIATE) MAINTENANCE DETACHMENT	70	
G	○ ARMY FORCES HEADQUARTERS	23	
G	○ US ARMY ALASKA - GARRISON (TDA/BASOPS)	260	
G	○ TENANT UNITS	465	

- 3 MAR 1988

# 6TH INFANTRY DIVISION (LIGHT) FORT RICHARDSON

		AUTHORIZED STRENGTH	
		<u>FY90</u>	<u>FY 92 CHANGES</u>
G	○ DETACHMENT, HEADQUARTERS & HEADQUARTERS COMPANY, 6TH INFANTRY DIVISION (LIGHT) (ADC-M)	4	
G	○ 6TH SIGNAL BATTALION (-)	441	106
G	○ 106TH MILITARY INTELLIGENCE BATTALION	354	
R	○ 16TH MILITARY POLICE COMPANY	77	0
G	○ 6TH INFANTRY DIVISION BAND	40	0
G	○ 1ST INFANTRY BRIGADE	117	
G	○ ~ 1-17TH INFANTRY BATTALION	555	
G	○ ~ 2-17TH INFANTRY BATTALION	555	
R	○ ~ 1-501ST INFANTRY (AIRBORNE) BATTALION *	0	555
R	○ DIVISION ARTILLERY HEADQUARTERS (-)	88	
G	○ ~ 4-11TH FIELD ARTILLERY BATTALION	407	
G	○ G-123D COMBAT AVIATION COMPANY (+)	91	

\*

1-501ST INFANTRY AIRBORNE BATTALION WILL NOT ACTIVATE AT  
FORT RICHARDSON IN FY89 AS PREVIOUSLY SCHEDULED.  
PLANNED IN FY92. (DIVISION ASSUMPTION FOR PLANNING PURPOSES  
ONLY)

- 3 MAR 1988

6TH INFANTRY DIVISION (LIGHT)  
FORT RICHARDSON (CONTINUED)

		AUTHORIZED STRENGTH	
		<u>FY90</u>	<u>FY 92 CHANGES</u>
G	○ DISCOM HEADQUARTERS	66	
G	○ - 706TH MAINTENANCE BATTALION (-)	252	
G	○ SUPPLY & TRANSPORTATION COMPANY	49	
G	○ MEDICAL COMPANY	62	
G	○ H-123D AVIATION INTERMEDIATE MAINTENANCE DETACHMENT	20	
R	○ ENGINEER COMPANY	64	

# NON-DIVISIONAL UNITS AT FORT RICHARDSON

- 3 MAR 1988

		AUTHORIZED STRENGTH		
		<u>FY90</u>	<u>FY 92 CHANGES</u>	
G	○	23D ENGINEER COMPANY	139	
G	○	56TH MILITARY POLICE COMPANY	170	
G	○	203D PERSONNEL SERVICES DETACHMENT	39	
G	○	267TH FINANCE SERVICES COMPANY	42	
G	○	176TH EXPLOSIVE ORDNANCE DETACHMENT	13	
G	○	534TH SUPPLY & SUPPORT DETACHMENT	20	
G	○	AVIATION INTERMEDIATE MAINTENANCE DETACHMENT	30	
R	○	68TH ARCTIC INFANTRY SUPPORT DETACHMENT	68	8
G	○	UTILITY AIRPLANE DETACHMENT (C-12)	21	
G	○	US ARMY ALASKA - GARRISON (TDA/BASOPS)	512	
G	○	TENANT UNITS	226	

- 3 MAR 1988

PERSONNEL STRENGTH SUMMARY

MILITARY	FY86	FY87	FY88	FY89	FY90	FY91	FY92	DIFFERENCE
FRA - 6TH ID(L)	3635	3246	3280	3470	3242	3242	*3345	+ 153
- EAD	W/DIV	636	491	474	423	423	423	W/DIV
- EAD AUG	0	0	64	121	98	98	106	+ 106
- TENANTS	297	277	266	266	266	266	266	- 31
- BASOPS	609	665	638	535	533	533	533	- 76
-----								
TOTAL	4541	4824	4739	4866	4562	4562	*4673	+ 132
FWA - 6TH ID(L)	1828	1698	2479	2898	*3679	3679	4131	+ 3123
- EAD	W/DIV	788	983	784	820	820	820	W/DIV
- EAD AUG	0	0	99	174	205	205	205	+ 205
- TENANTS	386	445	436	459	465	465	465	+ 79
- BASOPS	445	366	334	293	295	295	295	- 150
-----								
TOTAL	2659	3297	4331	4608	5464	5464	5916	+ 3257

Total FY92 strength includes 1 Inf Bn at both FRA and FWA (1-501st IN FY92 and 6-9th IN FY90) which totals 555 personnel authorized in 6th ID(L) plus 8 personnel authorized in EAD Augmentation at each post. 6th Sig Bn, 16th MP Co, and 6th ID(L) Band will move from FRA to FWA in FY92 when 1-501st activates. (1-501st date is a division assumption for planning purposes only.)



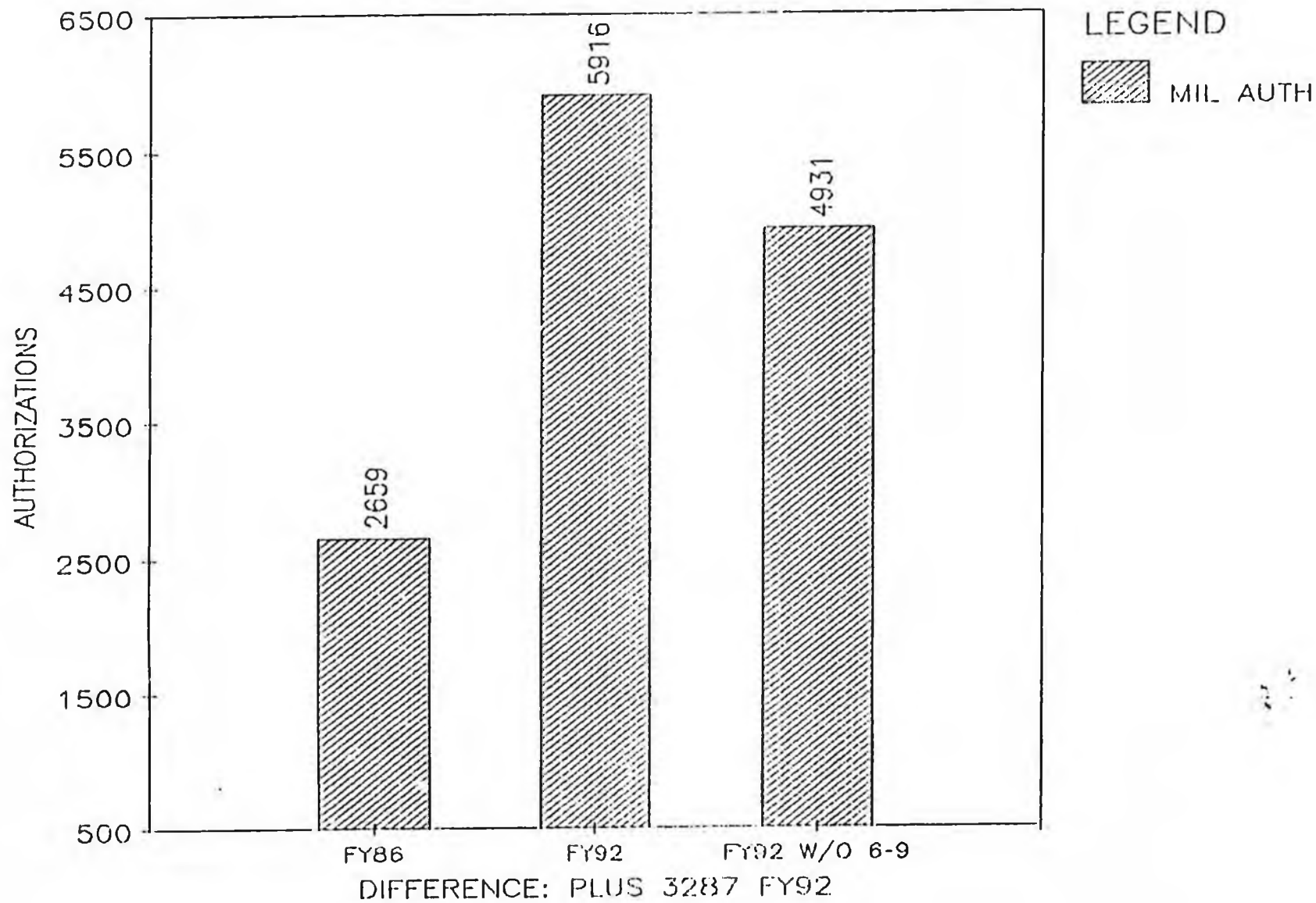
PERSONNEL STRENGTH SUMMARY CONTINUED

- 3 MAR 1968

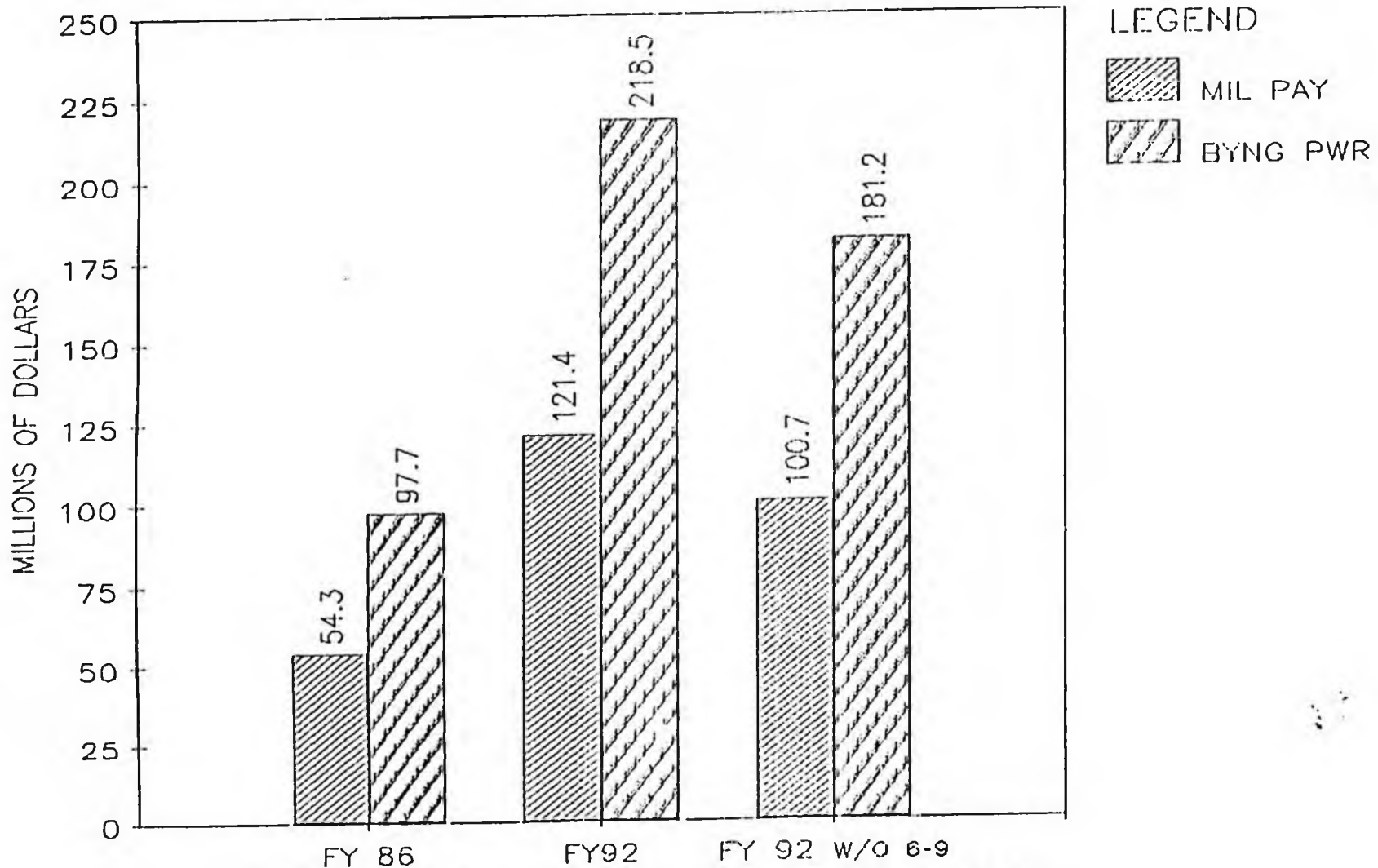
	FY86	FY87	FY88	FY89	FY90	FY91	FY92	DIFFERENCE
FGA - 6TH ID(L)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
- EAD	89	33	33	33	33	33	33	- 56
- EAD AUG	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
- TENANTS	332	321	321	321	321	321	321	- 11
- BASOPS	285	260	241	241	241	241	241	- 44
TOTAL	706	614	595	595	595	595	595	- 111

- 3 MAR 1988

# FWA TOTAL AUTHORIZATIONS BASELINE 86 VS DECISION

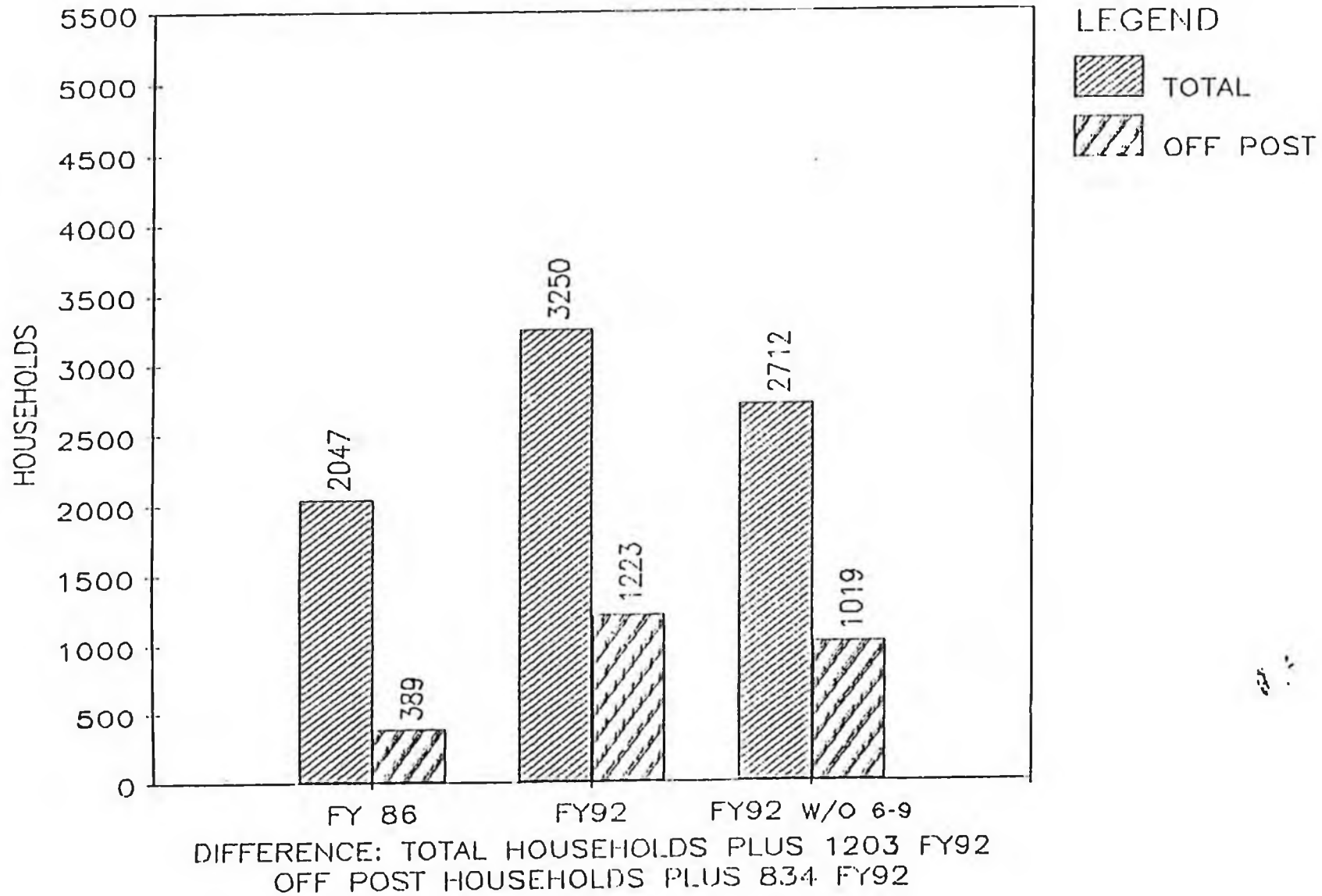


# FWA TOTAL BUYING POWER BASELINE VS DECISION



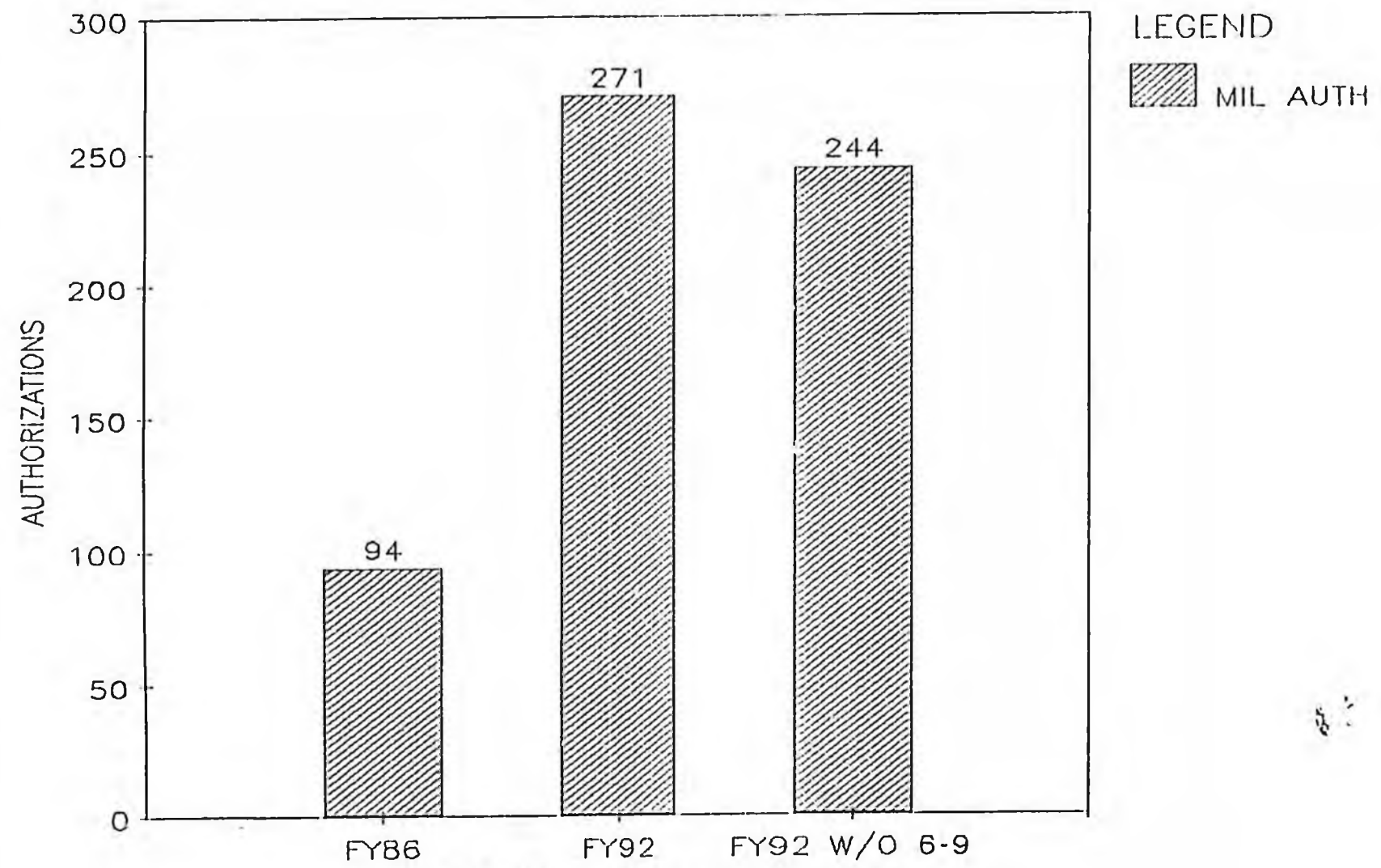
DIFFERENCE: MILITARY PAY PLUS \$67.1 MILLION FY 92  
BUYING POWER PLUS \$120.8 MILLION FY 92

# FWA TOTAL HOUSEHOLDS BASELINE 86 VS DECISION



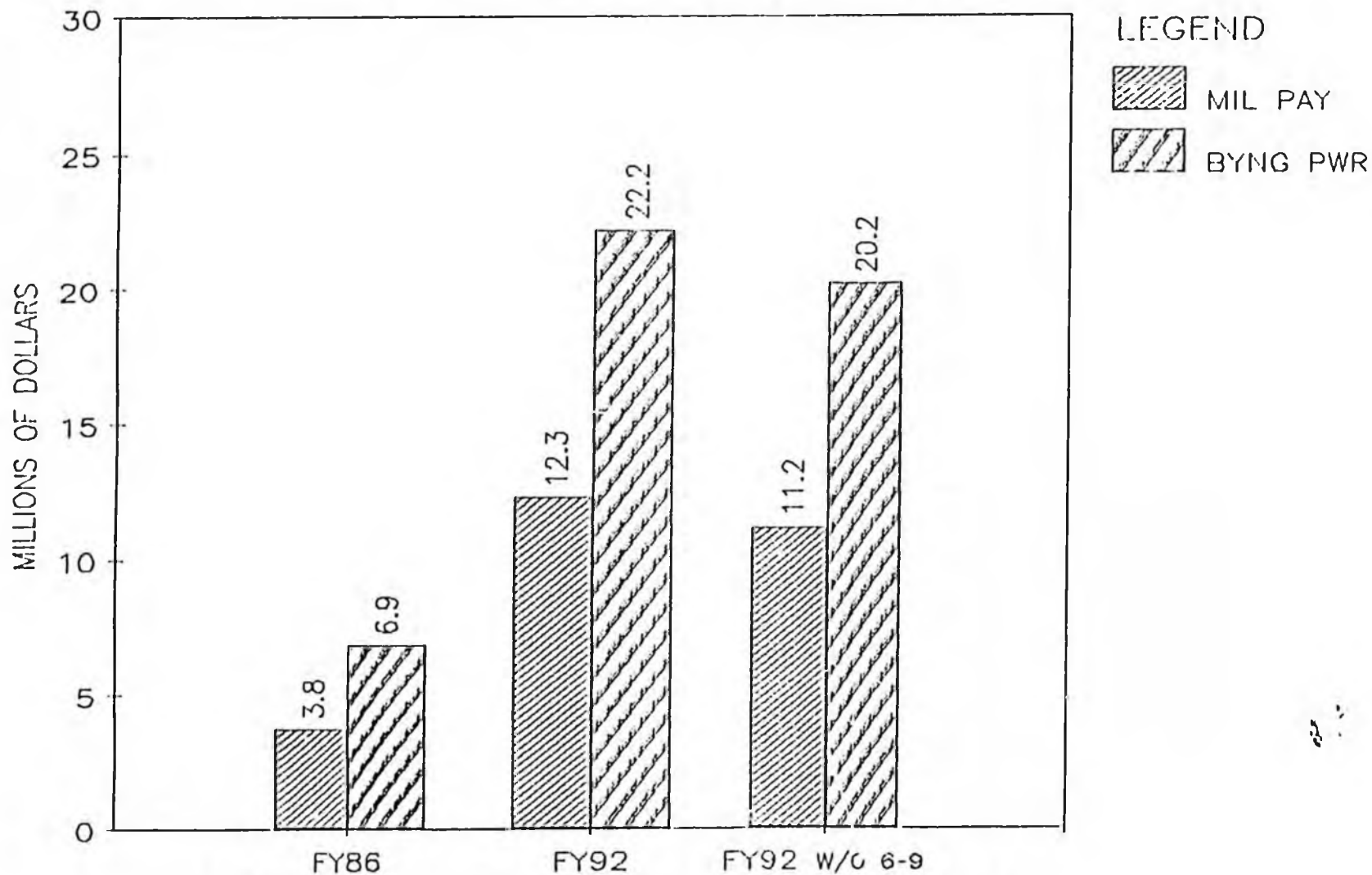
- 3 MAR 1993

# FWA SENIOR RANK AUTHORIZATIONS BASELINE VS DECISION



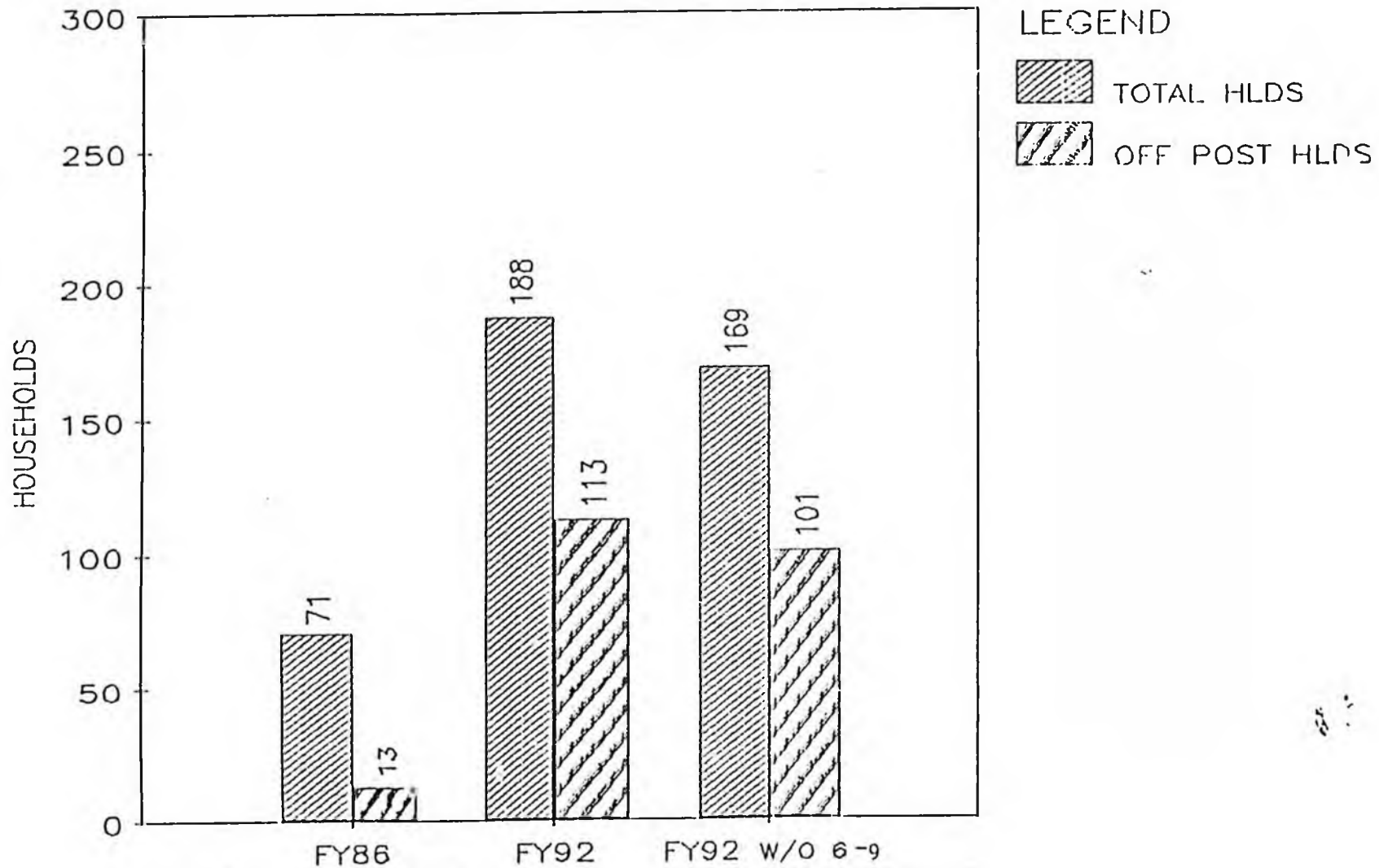
DIFFERENCE: PLUS 177 FY 92  
MIL AUTH CONSIST OF E8/E9; W3/W4; O4-O8

# FWA SENIOR RANKS BUYING POWER BASELINE VS DECISION



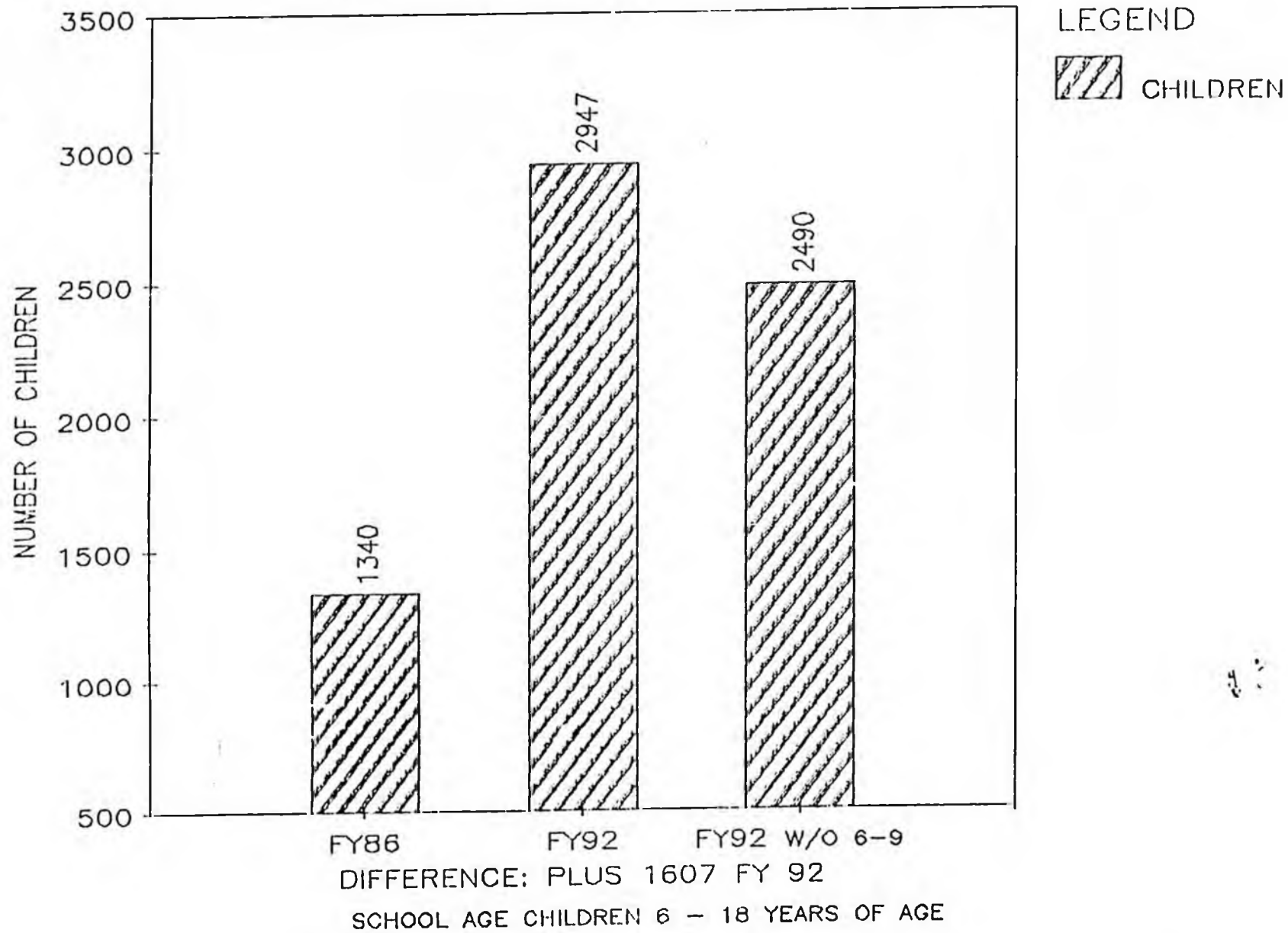
DIFFERENCE: MILITARY PAY PLUS 8.5 MILLION FY 92  
BUYING POWER PLUS 13.3 MILLION FY 92

# FWA SENIOR RANKS HOUSEHOLDS BASELINE VS DECISION

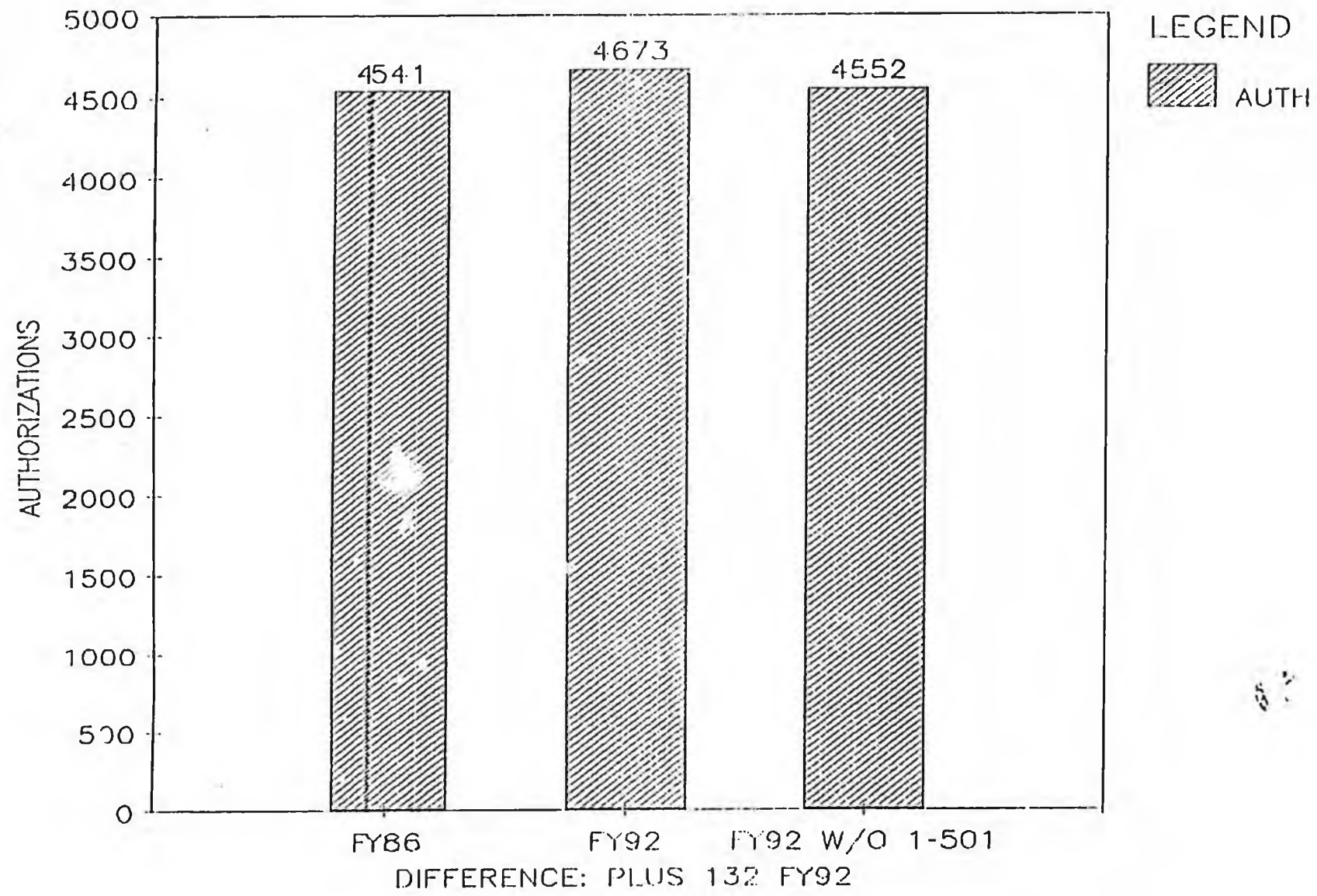


DIFFERENCE: TOTAL HOUSEHOLDS PLUS 117 FY 92  
OFF POST HOUSEHOLDS PLUS 100 FY 92

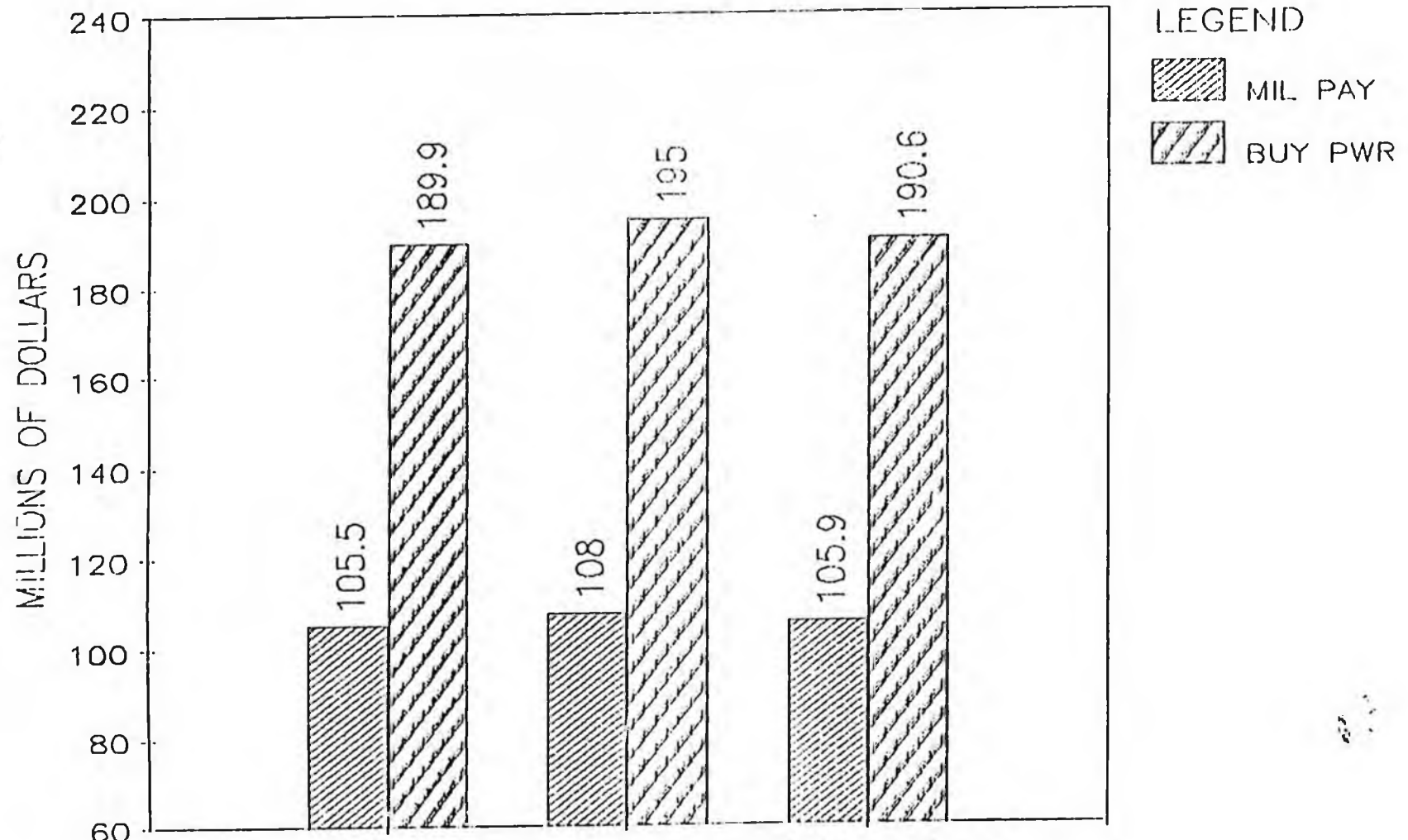
# FWA SCHOOL AGE CHILDREN



# FRA TOTAL AUTHORIZATIONS BASELINE 86 VS DECISION

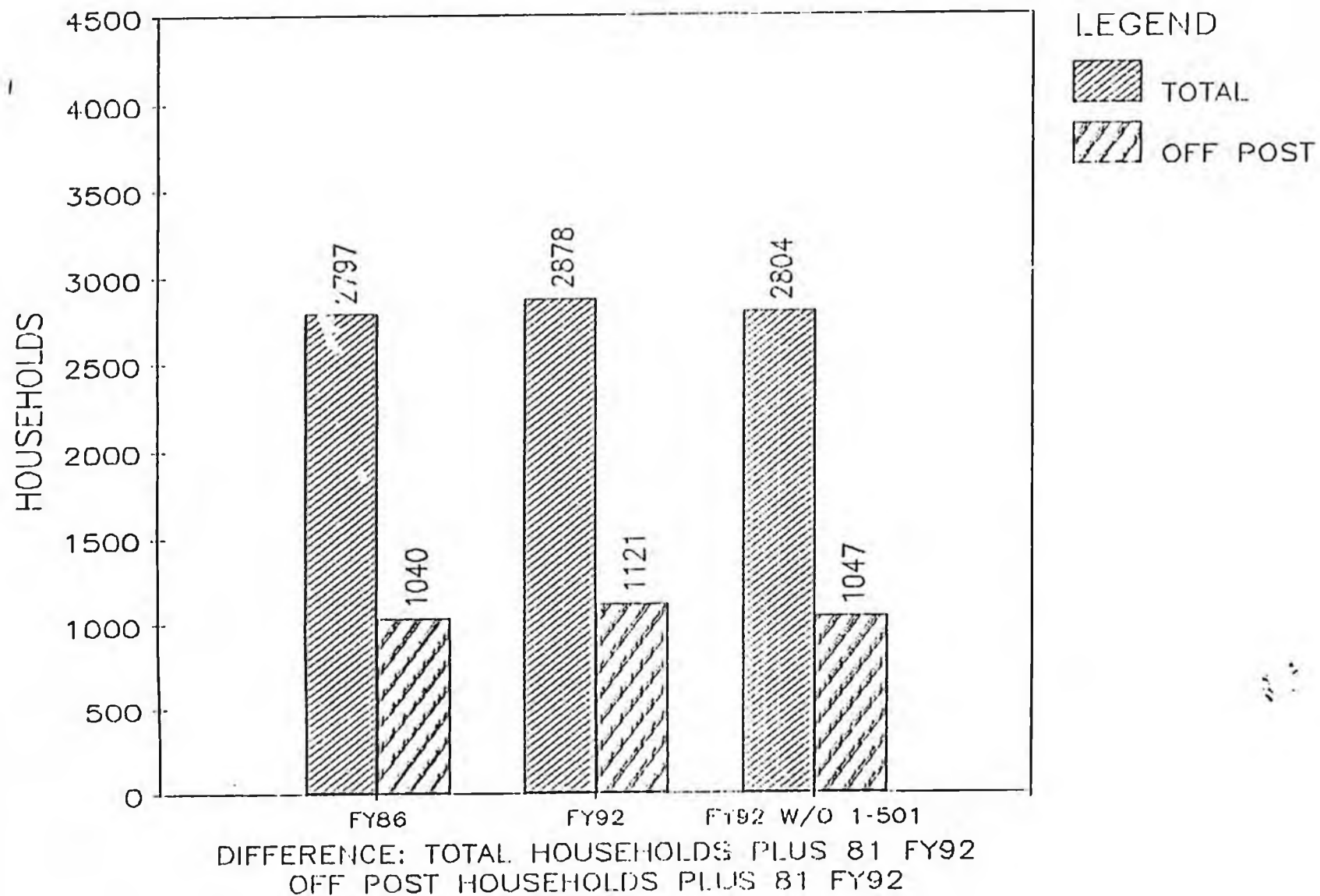


# FRA TOTAL BUYING POWER BASELINE VS DECISION

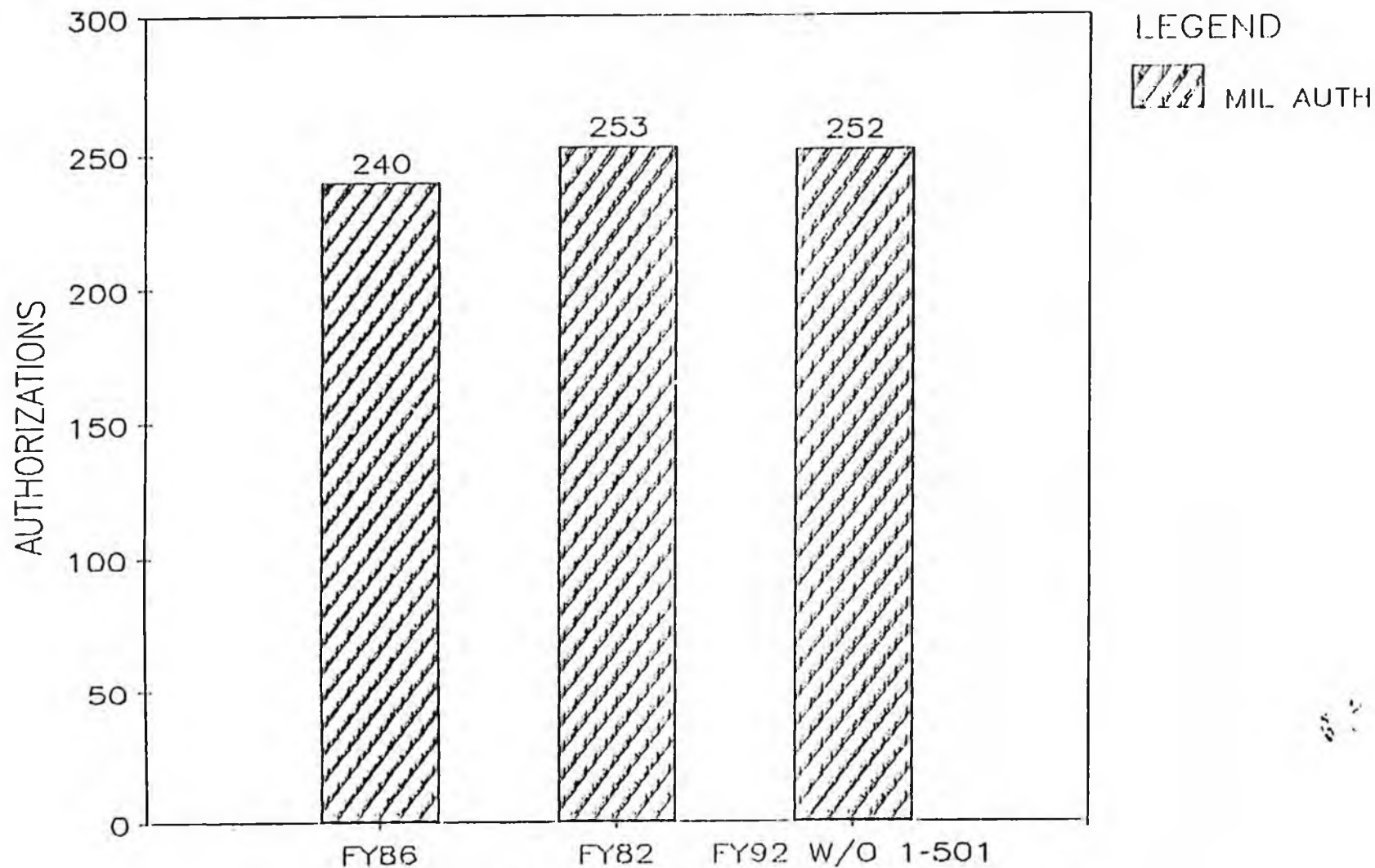


DIFFERENCE: MIL PAY PLUS 2.5 MILLION FY 92  
BUYING POWER PLUS 5.1 MILLION FY 92

# FRA TOTAL HOUSEHOLDS BASELINE 86 VS DECISION



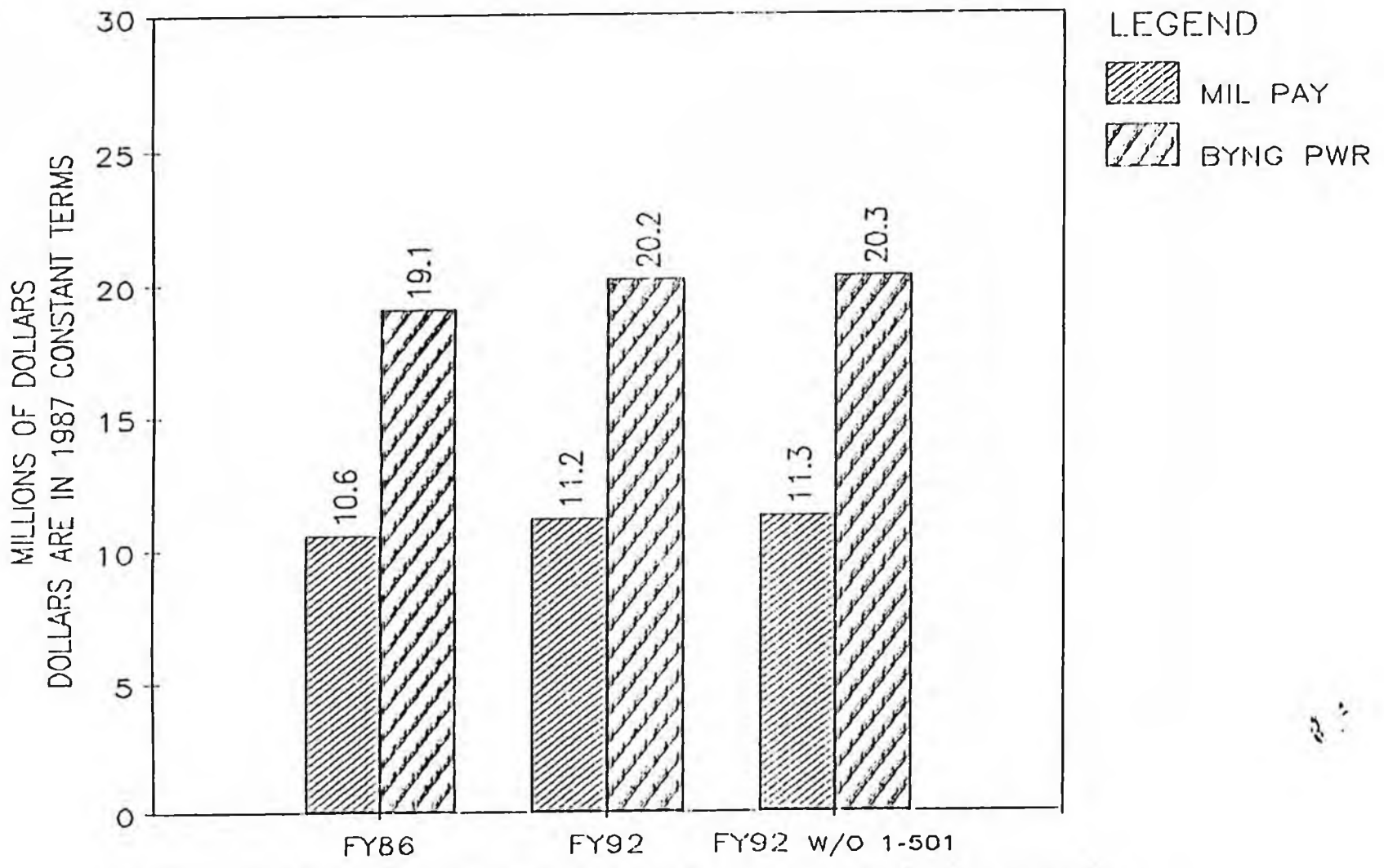
# FRA SENIOR RANK AUTHORIZATIONS BASELINE VS DECISIONS



DIFFERENCE: PLUS 9 FY92  
MILITARY AUTHORIZATIONS CONSIST OF E8/E9; W3/W4; O4-O8

3 MAR 1998

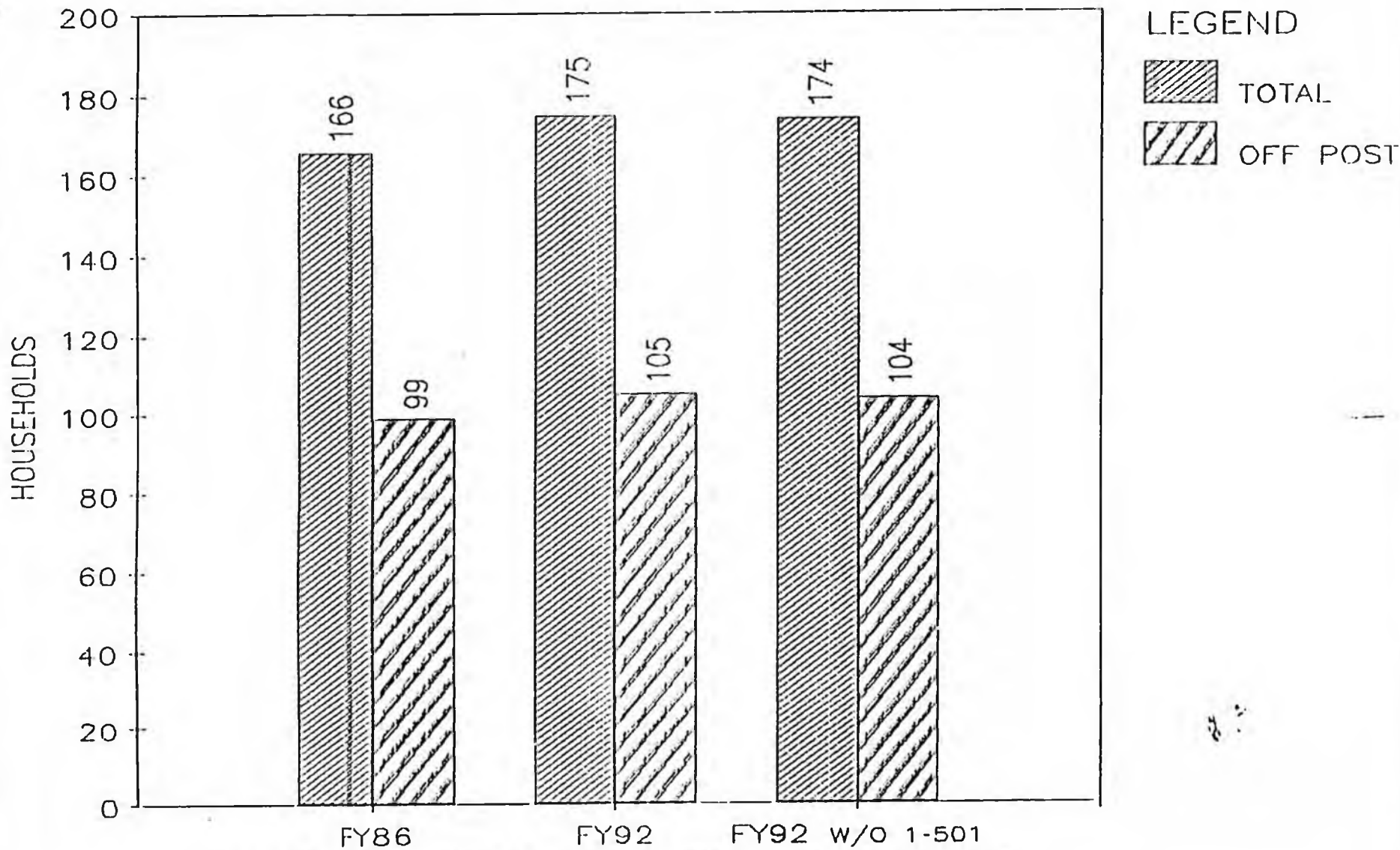
# FRA SENIOR RANKS BUYING POWER BASELINE VS DECISION



DIFFERENCE: MILITARY PAY PLUS .6 MILLION FY92  
BUYING POWER PLUS 1.1 MILLION FY92

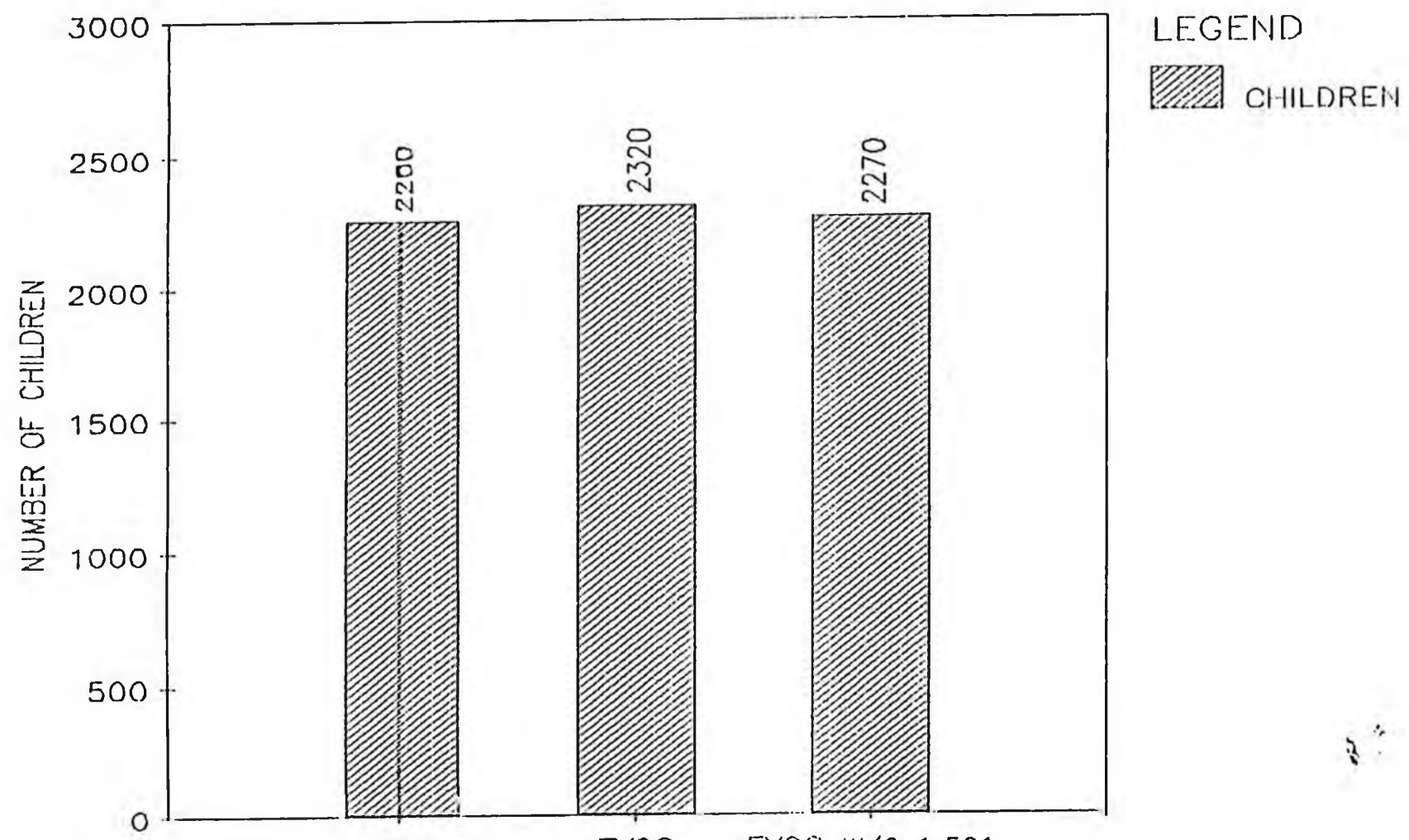
# FRA SENIOR RANKS HOUSEHOLDS - 3 MAR 91

## BASELINE 86 VS DECISION



DIFFERENCE: TOTAL HOUSEHOLDS PLUS 9 FY92  
OFF POST HOUSEHOLDS PLUS 6 FY92

# FRA SCHOOL AGE CHILDREN BASED ON DA POPULATION MODEL



DIFFERENCE: PLUS 60 FY 92  
SCHOOL AGE CHILDREN 6 - 18 YEARS OF AGE

Fiscal Year Resource Comparisons

FORSCOM Forces in Alaska

FY84 Through Current OMA Appropriation

(All \$ in millions)

Funded Item	FY84	FY85	FY86	FY87	Jan FY88	Feb FY88
Civilian Pay	53.4	55.2	56.9	63.9	62.4	60.4
Base Operations	42.3	43.9	48.3	54.3	49.8	48.8
Real Property Maint.	58.1	74.9	66.4	94.6	54.6	47.8
Program 2 Mission (Training and Units)	18.0	26.1	21.9	27.8	23.0	24.3
Total OMA	124.2	151.5	142.8	184.1	133.2	126.8
(columns do not add due to missing minor program amounts)						

Fiscal Year 88 Resource Comparisons

FORSCOM Forces in Alaska

(All \$ in millions)

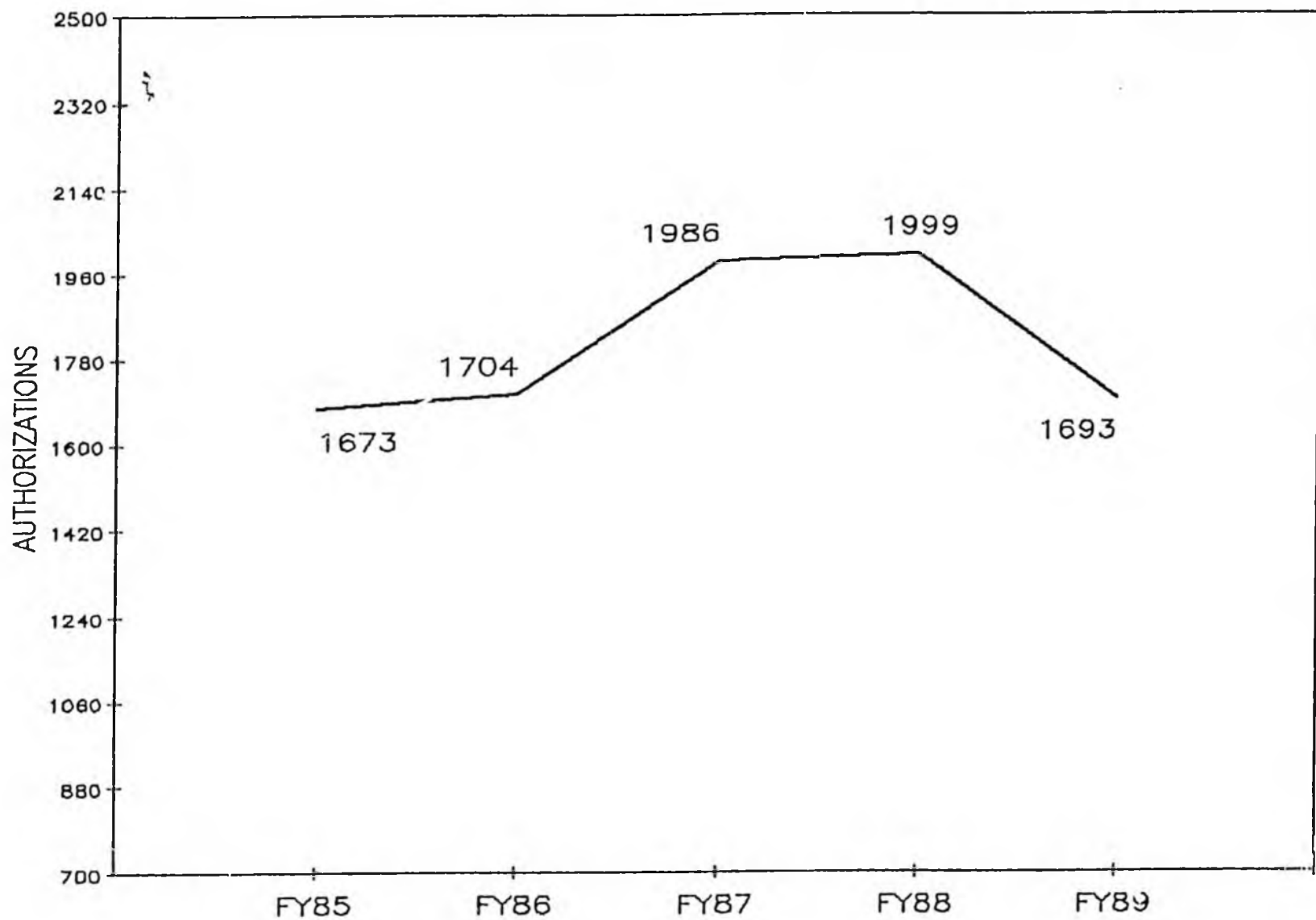
Funded Item	Oct FY88	Jan FY88	Feb FY88
Civilian Pay	63.9	62.4	60.4
Base Operations	41.6	49.8	48.8
Real Property Maint.	63.0	54.6	47.8
Program 2 Mission (Training and Units)	32.5	23.0	24.3
Minor Programs	5.8	5.8	5.9
Total OMA	142.9	133.2	126.8

## STEPS TAKEN FOR RESOURCE SAVING INITIATIVES:

- Reduce hiring to only critically essential positions
- Cancel Engineer projects
- Eliminate temporary civilian positions
- Reduce temporary duty (TDY)/official duty
- Reduce scheduled training for MTOE units and civilian employees

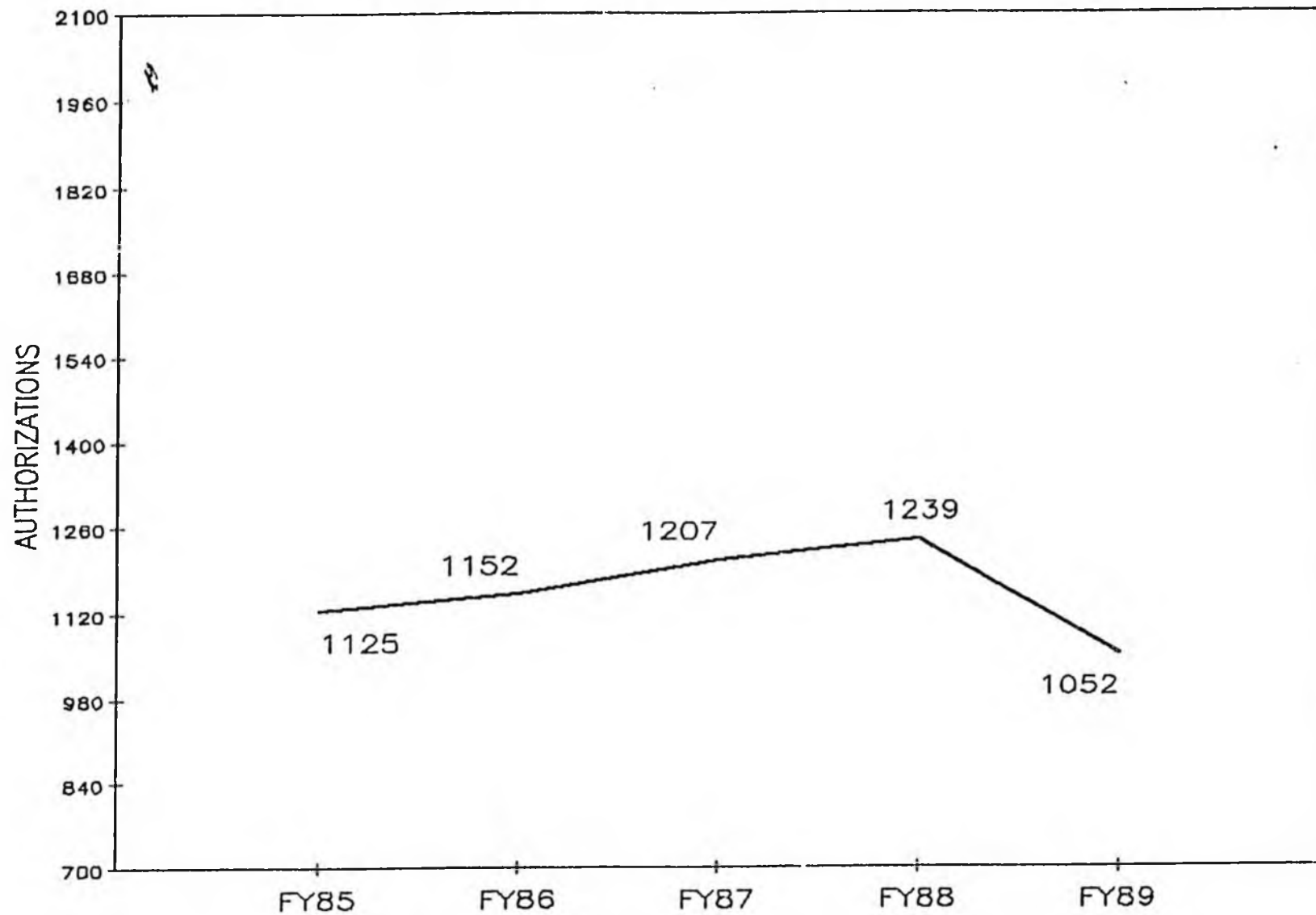
- Reduce purchasing of supplies and equipment by 10 percent
- Eliminate overtime, except for emergencies
- Furlough of civilian employees for 79 hours
- Planning steps to RIF up to 123 civilian permanent employees by mid-summer 88
- Reduce dollar amount of contracting for supplies and services by 10 percent

# TOTAL CIVILIAN AUTHORIZATIONS



DIFFERENCE BETWEEN FY85 & FY89 = PLUS 20

# CIVILIAN AUTHORIZATIONS (FRA)



DIFFERENCE BETWEEN FY85 & FY89 = MINUS 73