

ALASKA LEGISLATURE COMMITTEE FILES 1985 - 1986 8672
4222.17 SRES CORRESPONDENCE (file 3)

198

* DELIVER TO: JPOH *

* ORIGINAL *

* SENT: 05/10/85 TIME: 11:16 *

* FROM: PAULA GRAY *

* SUBJECT: POM-FAIRBANKS *

* PRINT DATE: 05/10/85 TIME: 11:17 *

TO: SENATORS BENNETT, COGHILL, FAHRENKAMP, STURGULEWSKI

FROM: BILL SWIFT, 108 GRUENING ST., FAIRBANKS, AK, 99701

PHONE: 457-1470-H 456-4911-W

RE: SUBSISTENCE

MSG: I THINK WE SHOULD HAVE FAIR AND EQUAL TREATMENT. THIS SHOULD NOT BE BASED ON WHERE A PERSON LIVES. I AM A 41 YEAR RESIDENT.

05/10/85 10:43
* FROM: PAULA GRAY *
* SUBJECT: POM-FAIRBANKS *
* PRINT DATE: 05/10/85 TIME: 10:43 *
* *

TO: SENS FAHRENKAMP, BENNETT, STURGULEWSKI

FROM: JOY MILLER, PO BX 74202, FAIRBANKS, AK, 99077

PHONE: 479-5859-H

RE: SUBSISTENCE

MSG: I WOULD LIKE FAIR AND EQUAL TREATMENT. DO NOT SEPARATE
RURAL AND URBAN.

*
* DELIVER TO: JPCM
*
* ORIGINAL
* SENT: 05/10/85 TIME: 11:00
* FROM: PAULA GRAY
* SUBJECT: POM-FAIRBANKS
* PRINT DATE: 05/10/85 TIME: 11:00
*

TO: SENATOR STURGULEWSKI
FROM: ALAN JONES, BOX 693, FAIRBANKS, AK, 99707
PHONE: 479-5458-H
RE: SUBSISTENCE

MSG: IN VIEW OF THE FACT THAT YOU HAVE ASPIRATIONS FOR THE GOVERNORSHIP FOR THE STATE AND IN VIEW OF THE FACT YOU KNOW YOU NEED THE SUPPORT OF THE INTERIOR DELEGATION, I URGE YOU TO NOT SUPPORT GOVERNOR SHEFFIELD'S SUBSISTENCE BILL, OR I AS AN INTERIOR RESIDENT WILL URGE THE INTERIOR DELEGATION TO NOT SUPPORT YOUR RACE FOR GOVERNOR.

*
* DELIVER TO: JPOH *
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* ORIGINAL *
* SENT: 05/10/85 TIME: 10:55 *
* FROM: LIOF *
* SUBJECT: POM/FAIRBANKS AN *
* PRINT DATE: 05/10/85 TIME: 10:56 *
*

TO: SENATOR STURGULEWSKI, COPY TO ALL SENATORS
FROM: PHYLLIS AND PETE HAGGLAND, P.O. BOX 81464, COLLEGE 99708
PHONE: 479-6737
RE: SUBSISTENCE

NONE OF THE CURRENT SUBSISTENCE BILLS ARE FAIR AND EQUITABLE FOR ALL ALASKANS.

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* DELIVER TO: JPOH *

* ORIGINAL *
* SENT: 05/09/85 TIME: 15:31 *
* FROM: MICHELE MORSETH *
* SUBJECT: POM FBX/LS *
* PRINT DATE: 05/09/85 TIME: 15:32 *
* *

TO: SENATORS BENNETT, FAHRENKAMP AND STURGULEWSKI
FROM: MICHAEL T. GOTTSCHALK, S.R.BOX 22138, FBX, AK 99701
#456-4911-W
RE: SUBSISTENCE

I'M ASKING FOR FAIR AND EQUAL TREATMENT. DO NOT SEPERATE IT INTO
RURAL AND URBAN.

EOM

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*  
* DELIVER TO: JPOH *  
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* ORIGINAL *  
* SENT: 05/09/85 TIME: 13:48 *  
* FROM: MICHELE MORSETH *  
* SUBJECT: POM *  
* PRINT DATE: 05/09/85 TIME: 13:48 *  
* *  
*****
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TO: SENATORS BENNETT, FAHRENKAMP, STURGULEWSKI
FROM: DAVE MEYER
1490 STEELHEAD, FBX 99701
PHONE: 479-7942
RE: SUBSISTENCE

I WOULD LIKE TO HAVE FAIR AND EQUAL TREATMENT. I DON'T THINK YOU SHOULD SEGREGATE BETWEEN RURAL AND URBAN DWELLERS.

*
* DELIVER TO: JPOM
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* ORIGINAL
* SENT: 05/09/85 TIME: 13:46
* FROM: MICKI HENSON
* SUBJECT: POM
* PRINT DATE: 05/09/85 TIME: 13:47
*

28

TO: THE ANCHORAGE DELEGATION

ESPECIALLY SENATOR KELLY

SENATORS ABOOD, DEVRIES, FAIKS, V. FISCHER, HALFORD,
JOSEPHSON, KELLY, KERTTULA, RODEY, STURGULEWSKI

REPRESENTATIVES BOUCHER, CLOCKSIN, COLLINS, COTTEN, FURNACE,
GRUENBERG, HANLEY, JENKINS, MARTIN, PEARCE,
PETTYJOHN, PHILLIPS, PIGNALBERI, POURCHOT,
RIEGER, SZYMANSKI, UEHLING

FROM: PAT MCGUIRE
515 LOWANA AVE
EAGLE RIVER, AK. 99577 PH. 694-4941 HM.

RE: SUBSISTENCE

SENATOR KELLY, I FULLY AGREE WITH YOU IN OPPOSING THE GOVERNOR'S
SUBSISTENCE BILL. EVEN IF I DO LIVE IN YOUR DISTRICT I AM STILL
AN ALASKAN. WE NEED A WELL STUDIED FAIR AND EQUITABLE LAW NOT
THE DISCRIMINATORY BILL FROM THE GOVERNOR.

KEEP UP THE GOOD WORK.

*
* DELIVER TO: JPOM *
*
* ORIGINAL *
* SENT: 05/11/85 TIME: 15:18 *
* FROM: MICHELE MORSETH *
* SUBJECT: POM MAY 11 *
* PRINT DATE: 05/11/85 TIME: 15:18 *
*
* z *

TO: SENATOR STURGULEWSKI
FROM: PETER BUIST -
BOX 1561, FBX 99707
PHONE: W) 457-7189 W) 479-2243
RE: SUBSISTENCE LEGISLATION

NONE OF THE CURRENTLY PROPOSED SUBSISTENCE BILLS OR AMENDMENTS ARE FAIR TO ALL STATE RESIDENTS. THERE IS NO EMERGENCY; YOUR HASTE TO PASS A BILL IS NOT APPRECIATED. PLEASE WAIT AND LEND YOUR SUPPORT TO A MORE EQUITABLE SOLUTION.

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* DELIVER TO: JPOM *
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* ORIGINAL *
* SENT: 05/11/85 TIME: 15:59 *
* FROM: MICHELE MORSETH *
* SUBJECT: POM 11 MAY *
* PRINT DATE: 05/11/85 TIME: 15:59 *
*

TO: SENATORS BENNETT, FAHRENKAMP, STURGULEWSKI
FROM: H.C. "BUD" WIESE
1426-2ND AVE., FBX 99701
PHONE: H)456-5441 W)452-2046
RE: SUBSISTENCE

DO NOT DISCRIMINATE SUBSISTENCE USERS BY LOCATION. NO SEPARATION
OF PEOPLE BY RURAL OR URBAN.

*
* DELIVER TO: JPOM *
*
* ORIGINAL *
* SENT: 05/11/85 TIME: 15:39 *
* FROM: MICHELE MORSETH *
* SUBJECT: POM MAY 11 *
* PRINT DATE: 05/11/85 TIME: 15:39 *
* 61 *

TO: ALL MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE
FROM: CARL HIGGINS
PO BOX 60786, FBX 99706
PHONE: 479-2313
RE: HB 288 AND SB 231 - SUBSISTENCE

ALASKAS FISH AND GAME RESOURCES SHOULD BE MANAGED THE SAME FOR BOTH RURAL AND URBAN RESIDENTS. TO TREAT ONE DIFFERENTLY FROM THE OTHER WOULD BE DISCRIMINATORY.

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 * DELIVER TO: JFOM *
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 * ORIGINAL *
 * SENT: 04/08/85 TIME: 19:53 *
 * FROM: LIOVAL *
 * SUBJECT: POM SB 231 SUBSISTENCE *
 * PRINT DATE: 04/08/85 TIME: 19:53 *
 *

TO: RESOURCES SEN. STURGULEWSKI, FAHRENKAMP, COGHILL,
 ELIASON,
 FISCHER, HALFORD, AND ZHAROFF
 RULES SEN. KELLY, COGHILL, BENNETT, FAIKS AND
 JOSEPHSON
 JUDICIARY SEN. RODNEY, KELLY, FAIKS, HALFORD AND ZIEGLER
 SR.
 FINANCE SEN. FAIKS, SACKETT, KERTTULA, ELIASON, FERGUSON,
 FISCHER AND HALFORD

FROM: ROY M. ALLEY, BOARD MEMBER, VALDEZ FISH AND GAME ADVISORY
 BOARD, BOX 969, VALDEZ, AK. 99686, 835-4816

RE: SB 231 GOVERNORS SUBSISTENCE BILL

PER MEETING OF 4-3-85, VALDEZ FISH AND GAME ADVISORY BOARD, WE
 RECOMMEND A DO PASS ON, SB 231 AND HB 288.

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* DELIVER TO: JPOH *
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* ORIGINAL *
* SENT: 04/24/85 TIME: 10:23 *
* FROM: VERNITA VESTAL *
* SUBJECT: FOM *
* PRINT DATE: 04/24/85 TIME: 10:23 *

TO: ALL LEGISLATORS

FROM: JERRY MCCUTCHEON
121 W 11TH AVENUE
ANCHORAGE, ALASKA 99501 PHONE UNLISTED

RE: SUBSISTENCE RULING JEOPARDIZES STATE CONTROL OF FISH,
WILDLIFE

IS LITTLE MORE THAN RED HERRING. FEDERAL GOVERNMENT DOESN'T HAVE
CAPACITY OR MONEY. REAGAN HAS BEEN HARD ON REVERSED
DISCRIMINATION. FEDERAL COURTS WOULD CONCUR WITH STATE COURT.
THERE IS A GOOD CHANCE THAT PARTS OF NATIVE LAND CLAIMS
SETTLEMENT MAY BE FOUND UNCONSTITUTIONAL, THEREFORE IT IS
UNLIKELY THAT ANYONE WILL SUE. THE ISSUE NEEDS WORK TO BRING
FAIRNESS TO ALL.

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* DELIVER TO: JPOH *
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* ORIGINAL *
* SENT: 04/24/85 TIME 11:33 *
* FROM: LANA TRUJILLO *
* SUBJECT: POM *
* PRINT DATE: 04/24/85 TIME: 11:33 *
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TO: ALL LEGISLATORS

FROM: BOB HUNTER, 2015 SHEFERDIA, ANCHORAGE, 99508, 276-8134(HH),
276-2761(WK)

RE: HB 288, SUBSISTENCE

THE ALASKA SPORT FISHING ASSOCIATIONS OPPOSITION TO HB 288 AND SB
231 REMAINS UNCHANGED. THESE BILLS DO NOT HAVE A SUNSET CLAUSE
NOR PROVIDE FOR PUBLIC HEARINGS. THE "PERSONAL USE" CATEGORY IS
BEST LEFT FOR USE BY THE BOARDS. THEY WILL NOT PRECLUDE
SUBSISTENCE AS A DEFENSE IN COURT.

*
* DELIVER TO: JPOH
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* ORIGINAL
* SENT: 04/24/85 TIME: 11:09
* FROM: MARY KVALHEIM
* SUBJECT: POMK204a
* PRINT DATE: 04/24/85 TIME: 11:09
*

*****%POMK204
- 4/21

TO: ALL LEGISLATORS

FR: ART DRABECK
JR C BOX 9348
PALMER 99645

RE: HB288 - SB231 - SUBSISTENCE LEGISLATION

I STRONGLY URGE YOU TO NOT TO BUCKLE UNDER TO THE
INCREASING ADMINISTRATIVE PRESSURE AND TO CONTINUE TO DELAY
OR TO VOTE AGAINST SUBSISTENCE LEGISLATION THIS YEAR. THE
ALASKAN SUPREME COURT HAS SAID ALL ALASKANS ARE EQUAL AND
ARE ELIGIBLE FOR SUBSISTENCE NO MATTER WHERE THEY LIVE. DO
YOU FEEL ALL PEOPLE ARE NOT EQUAL?

EDM

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* DELIVER TO: JPDH *
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* ORIGINAL *
* SENT: 04/24/85 TIME: 08:26 *
* FROM: LANA TRUJILLO *
* SUBJECT: PDM *
* PRINT DATE: 04/24/85 TIME: 08:26 *
*

26

TO: SEN. ABOOD, FAIKS, V. FISCHER, HALFORD, JOSEPHSON, KELLY,
RODEY, STURGULEWSKI

REP. BOUCHER, CLOCKSIN, COLLINS, COTTEN, FURNACE,
GRUENBERG, HANLEY, JENKINS, MARTIN, PEARCE, PETTYJOHN, PHILLIPS,
PIGNALBERI, POURCHOT, RIEGER, SZYMANSKI, UEHLING

FROM: BEN HILLIKER, 116 IDAHO, #2, ANCHORAGE, 99512,
333-7972(HM), 265-8174(WK)

RE: HB 288 AND SB 231, SUBSISTENCE

WE REALIZE CONFUSION WAS GENERATED YESTERDAY WITH TESTIMONY
CONCERNING THE POSITION OF SOUTHCENTRAL SPORT FISHERMEN RE: THE
GOVERNOR'S SUBSISTENCE LEGISLATION. THE KENAI RIVER SPORT FISH
ASSN. STEERING COMMITTEE REAFFIRMED YESTERDAY CONTINUOUS,
UNANIMOUS OPPOSITION TO BOTH HB 288 AND SB 231. IF YOU DESIRE
CONFIRMATION, PLEASE CALL. RESPECTFULLY

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* DELIVER TO: JFOM *
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* ORIGINAL *
* SENT: 05/09/85 TIME: 09:47 *
* FROM: TCFBX *
* SUBJECT: POM FBX/LS *
* PRINT DATE: 05/09/85 TIME: 09:48 *
* *

TO: SENATOR STURGULEWSKI

FROM: TOM SCARBOROUGH, 1676 TAROKA DR, FBX, AK 99701
#479-3412

RE: SUBSISTENCE

THANK YOU FOR CONSIDERING THE IMPORTANCE OF THE SUBSISTENCE
ISSUE. THIS ISSUE MUST BE RESOLVED WITH FAIRNESS AND EQUALITY
FOR ALL ALASKANS AND BE IN COMPLIANCE WITH ARTICLE ONE, SECTION
ONE OF THE ALASKA CONSTITUTION. I FIND NO BILL PRESENTLY BEING
CONSIDERED COMPLYING WITH SECTION ONE. CURRENT BILLS ALSO
VIOLATE ARTICLE EIGHT.

EOM

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* DELIVER TO: JFOM *
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* ORIGINAL *
* SENT: 05/08/85 TIME: 15:35 *
* FROM: PAULA GRAY *
* SUBJECT: POM-FAIRBANKS *
* PRINT DATE: 05/08/85 TIME: 15:36 *
* *

TO: SENS ABOOD, DEVRIES, KELLY, RAY, V. FISCHER,
STURGOLEWSKI, FAHRENKAMP, ELIASON, ZHAROFF, HALFORD, COGHILL,
BENNETT

FROM: STAN BLOOM, V.P. CHITINA DIPNETTERS, 303 BENTLEY DR.,
FAIRBANKS, AK, 99701

REPRESENTING THE CHITINA DIPNETTERS ASSOCIATION

PHONE: 452-5068-H 356-5392-W

RE: SUBSISTENCE, SB 231

MSG: OUR 500 MEMBERS STRONGLY OPPOSE YOUR SUBSISTENCE BILL.
WE CANNOT BELIEVE THAT "GOVERNOR MATERIAL" WOULD SUBMIT SUCH ILL
CONCEIVED LEGISLATION. SIMPLE SOLUTIONS WILL NOT SOLVE COMPLEX
PROBLEMS. WE SUPPORT DON BENNETT IN EXTENSIVE STATEWIDE HEARINGS
AND PASSAGE OF COMPREHENSIVE LEGISLATION NEXT YEAR. PRESSURE
FISH & GAME BOARDS TO RECONVENE AND ADDRESS SUBSISTENCE
REGULATIONS.

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* DELIVER TO: JFOM *
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* ORIGINAL *
* SENT: 05/09/85 TIME: 15:07 *
* FROM: LIOF *
* SUBJECT: FOM/FAIRBANKS AN *
* PRINT DATE: 05/08/85 TIME: 15:07 *
* *

TO: SENATOR STURGULEWSKI
FROM: JOSEPH F. WEBB, S.R. BOX 51026, FAIRBANKS 99701
PHONE: 488-9733
RE: SUBSISTENCE

I IMPLORER YOU TO NOT INTRODUCE ANY SUBSISTENCE BILL THIS SESSION.
TO DO SO WILL JEOPARDIZE YOUR POLITICAL FUTURE AND WEAKEN YOUR
SUPPORT AMONG INTERIOR REPUBLICANS AND INDEPENDENTS.

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* DELIVER TO: JFOM
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* ORIGINAL
* SENT: 05/09/85 TIME: 11:17
* FROM: FLORENCE CARRIGHAN
* SUBJECT: POM
* PRINT DATE: 05/09/85 TIME: 11:18
*

***** 10 *****

TO: SENATORS ABOOD, BENNETT, FAHRENKAMP, FAIKS, V. FISCHER,
HALFORD, JOSEPHSON, RODEY, STURGULEWSKI

FROM: WARREN HOFNICH, 6901 TALL SPRUCE, ANCHORAGE, ALASKA
99502 (H) 243-4790

RE: SUBSISTENCE

ANY SUBSISTENCE BILL PASSED BY THE SENATE MUST INCLUDE THE
FOLLOWING: SUBSISTENCE BASED ON NEED WITH A LOGICAL AND
PRACTICABLE DEFINITION OF NEED THAT WILL NOT BE PREJUDICIAL TO
NATIVE OR NON-NATIVE PEOPLE. IT MUST MAKE SUBSISTENCE SUBJECT TO
ENFORCIBLE REGULATIONS AND THE BILL MUST HAVE A SUNSET PROVISION
WITH A MAXIMUM OF TWO YEARS.

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* DELIVER TO: JPOM *
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* ORIGINAL *
* SENT: 05/08/85 TIME: 14:39 *
* FROM: DAVID JENSEN *
* SUBJECT: POM *
* PRINT DATE: 05/08/85 TIME: 14:39 *
* *

TO: ALL SENATORS
REPRESENTATIVE PAT FOURCHOT AND TERRY MARTIN

FROM: SHERWIN START
320 MCCARREY STREET
ANCHORAGE, ALASKA 99504 (H) 337-8988

SUBJ: SUBSISTENCE

ALASKA IS ABOUT TO LOSE ITS AUTHORITY UNDER ANSCA TO MANAGE ITS WILDLIFE RESOURCES. IF A BILL IS NOT PASSED THIS SESSION OF THE LEGISLATURE TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE U.S. DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR, THE U.S. FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE WILL TAKE OVER ALL MANAGEMENT OF ALL OF ALASKAS FISH AND WILDLIFE RESOURCES.

EDM

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* DELIVER TO: JFOM *
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* ORIGINAL *
* SENT: 05/10/85 TIME: 14:23 *
* FROM: SUSAN GULLUFSEN *
* SUBJECT: POM *
* PRINT DATE: 05/10/85 TIME: 14:24 *
*

TO: ALL SENATORS

FROM: TABOR ASHMENT, BOX 989, CORDOVA, ALASKA 99574

RE: HB 288-SUBSISTENCE

I URGE PASSAGE OF HB 288. WE NEED TO ALIGN ALASKA WITH ANILCA.

EOM:*****

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* DELIVER TO JPDH *
*
* ORIGINAL *
* SENT: 05/07/85 TIME: 15:26 *
* FROM: LIOF *
* SUBJECT: POM/FAIRBANKS *
* PRINT DATE: 05/07/85 TIME: 15:26 *
*

TO: SENATOR STURGULEWSKI

FROM: BILL HAGAR, 431 GAFFNEY RD., FAIRBANKS 99701

PHONE: 452-6295

RE: SUBSISTENCE ISSUE

YOUR POSITION TO SEEK A PROPER SOLUTION TO THE SUBSISTENCE ISSUE
SHOULD HELP YOU GREATLY WHEN SEEKING SUPPORT FROM THE INTERIOR.
REGARDS FROM BILL HAGAR.

61

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 * DELIVER TO: JPOM *
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 * ORIGINAL *
 * SENT: 05/01/85 TIME: 09:54 *
 * FROM: FLORENCE CARNAHAN *
 * SUBJECT: POM *
 * PRINT DATE: 05/01/85 TIME: 09:55 *
 *

TO: ALL LEGISLATORS

FROM: ROBERT DUBOIS, 8131 ROVENNA, ANCHORAGE, ALASKA 99502
(H)344-3759

RE: HB288 - SUBSISTENCE

I DO NOT SUPPORT HB288, NOR SB231. THEY DO NOT CONTAIN SUNSET
 CLAUSE, NOR WILL THEY PRECLUDE USING SUBSISTENCE AS A REFERENCE
 IN COURT.

* DELIVER TO: JFOM *
* ORIGINAL *
* SENT: 05/01/85 TIME: 10:09 *
* FROM: VERNITA VESTAL *
* SUBJECT: POM *
* PRINT DATE: 05/01/85 TIME: 10:13 *

TO: ALL LEGISLATORS

FROM: JERRY MCCUTCHEON
121 W 11TH
ANCHORAGE, ALASKA 99501 (PH) 277-3076

RE: SHEFFIELD'S MANIPULATION OF THE DA'S OFFICE TO INFLUENCE THE
LEGISLATURE

ON SUBSISTENCE LEGISLATION BY HAVING THE STATE PROCECUTOR TELL
THESE STATE ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS NOT TO ENFORCE STATE FISH AND
GAME REGULATION. IF THEY ARE NOT GOING TO DO ANYTHING AND IT WAS
GENUINE SHEFFIELD WOULD LAY OFF THE EMPLOYEES INCLUDING THE DA'S
OFFICE WHO SHEFFIELD NOW SAYS HAVE NOTHING DO DO.

*
* DELIVER TO: JPOM *
*
* ORIGINAL *
* SENT: 05/01/85 TIME: 12:33 *
* FROM: LANA TRUJILLO *
* SUBJECT: POM *
* PRINT DATE: 05/01/85 TIME: 12:56 * 61
*

TO: ALL SENATORS

FROM: MAXINE GARCIA, 1200 W. DIMOND, #820, ANCHORAGE, 99515,
344-0940(HM), 561-1466(WK)

RE: HB 288, SUBSISTENCE

I DO NOT APPROVE OF HB 288 OR SB 231. IT DOES NOT CONTAIN A
SUNSET CLAUSE NOR WILL IT PRECLUDE USING SUBSISTENCE AS A DEFENSE
IN COURT.

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* DELIVER TO: JPOM
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* ORIGINAL
* SENT: 05/01/85 TIME: 10:40
* FROM: MICKI HENSON
* SUBJECT: POM
* PRINT DATE: 05/01/85 TIME: 10:42
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TO: SENATORS FAIKS, STURGULEWSKI
 REPRESENTATIVES PETTYJOHN, RIEGER

FROM: JOHN HAVARD
 6865 LOVITT
 ANCHORAGE, AK. 99516 PHONE: 346-2782 HM.

RE: HB 288, SB 231 SUBSISTENCE

I AM STRONGLY OPPOSED TO THE SUBSISTENCE BILL CURRENTLY BEFORE THE LEGISLATURE. IT IS POORLY THOUGHT OUT AND MERELY CONTINUES PAST MISMANAGEMENT OF RESOURCES.

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* DELIVER TO: JFOM *
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* ORIGINAL *
* SENT: 04/29/85 TIME: 09:50 *
* FROM: FLORENCE CARNAHAN *
* SUBJECT: POM *
* PRINT DATE: 04/29/85 TIME: 09:51 *
* * * * *

TO: SENATORS HALFORD AND KELLY
REPRESENTATIVES COTTEN AND PHILLIPS

THE ANCHORAGE DELEGATION: SENATORS ABOOD, DEVRIES, FAIKL, V. FISCHER, JOSEPHSON, KERTTULA, RODEY, STURGULEWSKI AND REPRESENTATIVES BOUCHER, CLOCKSIN, COLLINS, FURNACE, GRUENBERG, HANLEY, JENKINS, MARTIN, PEARCE, PETTYJOHN, PIGNALBERI, POURCHOT, RIEGER, SZYMANSKI AND UEHLING

FROM: MERT STROMIRE, PO BOX 671632, CHUGIAK, ALASKA 99567
(H)688-3609

RE: SUBSISTENCE

I BELIEVE GOVERNOR SHEFFIELD'S SUBSISTENCE BILL TO BE SERIOUSLY FLAWED AS IT DOES NOT TREAT ALL RESIDENTS EQUALLY AND FAIRLY. PLEASE DO NOT VOTE TO PASS THIS BILL WHICH CREATES DIFFERING CLASSES OF RESIDENTS.

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* DELIVER TO: JPOM *
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* ORIGINAL *
* SENT: 05/01/85 TIME: 09:08 *
* FROM: BARBARA NORRELL *
* SUBJECT: POM *
* PRINT DATE: 05/01/85 TIME: 09:09 *
*

21

TO: ALL SENATORS

FROM: BILL BOOTH, 5306 ARCTIC BLVD., ANCHORAGE, AK 99502,
561-1466

SUBJECT: HB 288 AND SB 231, SUBSISTENCE

WE DO NOT APPROVE OF HB 288 AND SB 231. IT DOES NOT CONTAIN A
SUNSET CLAUSE NOR WILL IT PRECLUDE USING SUBSISTENCE AS A DEFENSE
IN COURT.

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* DELIVER TO: JPOM
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* ORIGINAL
* SENT: 05/01/85 TIME: 12:44
* FROM: HARRY MANDREGAN
* SUBJECT: POM
* PRINT DATE: 05/01/85 TIME: 12:57
*

TO: ALL LEGISLATORS

FROM: SAM E. MCDOWELL
336 EAST 23RD AVE.
ANCHORAGE, ALASKA 99503
HOME NO.: 272-6605

RE: FISHING

WHO DENY ALASKANS EQUAL RIGHTS TO HARVEST SALMON WITH ROD, REEL,
HOOK AND LINE FOR THEIR DINNER TABLE, SHOULD BOW THEIR HEADS IN
SHAME.
NON-RESIDENT COMMERCIAL FISHERMEN HARVESTED APPROXIMATELY 26
MILLION SALMON DURING 1984 SEASON.
GOVERNOR SHEFFIELD'S SUBSISTENCE LEGISLATION IS NOT ONLY ANTI
URBAN, ITS PRO NON-RESIDENT. STOP DISCRIMINATION, HAVE A GOOD
DAY.

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 * DELIVER TO: JPOH *
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 * ORIGINAL *
 * SENT: 04/19/85 TIME: 10:50 *
 * FROM: JUNE ROBBINS *
 * SUBJECT: POM *
 * PRINT DATE: 04/19/85 TIME: 10:50 *
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TO: REPRESENTATIVES GOLL, DUNCAN, GRUSSENDORF, SCHULTZ, SUND,
 AND TAYLOR

SENATORS ELIASON, RAY, ZIEGLER, FAIKS, STURGULEWSKI, AND
 BENNETT

FR: JOHN PECKHAM, BOARD MEMBER
 ON BEHALF OF SOUTHEASTERN ALASKA SENIE BOAT OWNERS AND
 OPERATORS ,
 P.O. BOX 8394, KETCHIKAN, AK. 99901
 PHONE 225-6047 (H)

RE: HB 288 AND SB 231

WE SUPPORT HB 288/SB 231. WE NEED A PRACTICAL DEFINITION OF
 SUBSISTENCE USES.

EDM/JR

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* DELIVER TO: JFOM
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* ORIGINAL
* SENT: 04/19/85 TIME: 16:56
* FROM: BARBARA NORRELL
* SUBJECT: POM
* PRINT DATE: 04/19/85 TIME: 16:57
*

TO: ALL LEGISLATORS

FROM: GINGER PETTIJOHN, 915 W. NORTHERN LIGHTS, #4, ANCHORAGE,
AK 99503, 276-5077

SUBJECT: SUBSISTENCE FISHING

URGE YOU TO OPPOSE LEGISLATION WHICH OVERTURNS COURT DECISION
REGARDING SUBSISTENCE FOR ALL ALASKANS. RESIDENTS SHOULD HAVE
RIGHT TO FEED FAMILIES REGARDLESS OF LOCAL INCOME. NOT SOCIALISM
WHICH DESTROYS INCENTIVES OF FREE ENTERPRISE PENALIZES PEOPLE
FOR WORKING HARD. PLEASE KEEP FISH THE PEOPLE'S RESOURCE. PLEASE
MAKE ROD AND REEL SUBSISTENCE.

DELIVERED TO JPOW
ORIGINAL
SENT: 04/18/85 TIME: 08:44
FROM: VERNIE VESTAL
SUBJECT: FCM
PRINT DATE 04/18/85 TIME 08:47

TO ALL LEGISLATORS
FROM: JEFF PHILLIPS
3308 LOIS DRIVE
ANCHORAGE, ALASKA 99503 (H) 279-4622
RE: HB 238 - SB 234 SUBSISTENCE

A RECENT KODIAK COURT DECISION ALLOWED SUBSISTENCE TO BE A DEFENSE FOR POACHING. OUR STATE NEEDS A BIOLOGICALLY REGULATED WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT PROGRAM NOT A COURT DIRECTED PROGRAM. PLEASE PASS SOME TYPE OF INTERIM OR PERMANENT FORM OF GOVERNOR SHEFFIELD'S SENATE AND HOUSE BILLS THIS SESSION.

* DELIVER TO: JFOM *
* ORIGINAL *
* SENT: 05/03/85 TIME: 16:35 *
* FROM: DAVID JENSEN *
* SUBJECT: COPY OF POM *
* PRINT DATE: 05/03/85 TIME: 16:35 *

TO: ALL LEGISLATORS
FROM: CURT JOHNSON
F O BOX 770456
EAGLE RIVER, ALASKA 99577 (H) 694-2543
SUBJ: HB 288

I REQUEST THAT YOU PLEASE OPPOSE HB 288. I AM WORRIED THAT THIS BILL HAS NOT BEEN STUDIED ENOUGH TO WORK THE BUGS OUT. I DON'T FEEL IT IS FAIR TO ALL ALASKANS. IT IS A VERY DISCRIMINATORY BILL.

EOM

TO: ALL LEGISLATORS
FR: JIM TURNER
BOX 1539
FAIRBANKS 99707
PH: 452-7251
RE: MINING SHUT DOWN

Kie

MSG: I AM REPRESENTING NC MACHINERY CO. AND MINING IN THE LAST THREE YEARS HAS AVERAGED 25 PERCENT OF OUR BUSINESS. IF MINING WAS SHUT DOWN, WE WOULD HAVE TO LAY OFF FROM EIGHT TO TEN PEOPLE.

TO: ALL MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE
FROM: MIKE HELMBRECHT
421 3RD ST., FBX 99701
PHONE: 456-1237
RE: HB 288 & SB 231 - SUBSISTENCE

I DON'T FEEL IT IS ANYONE'S RIGHT TO DISCRIMINATE BETWEEN GROUPS OF PEOPLE ESPECIALLY WHEN IT COMES TO THE USE OF A GOD GIVEN RESOURCE SUCH AS FISH AND WILDLIFE.

*
* DELIVER TO: JFOM *
* *
* *
* ORIGINAL *
* SENT: 05/08/85 TIME: 10:06 *
* FROM: VERNITA VESTAL *
* SUBJECT: POM *
* PRINT DATE: 05/08/85 TIME: 12:59 *
* *

TO: ALL LEGISLATORS

FROM: LEONARD HARIE
3760 COVENTRY DRIVE
ANCHORAGE, ALASKA 99507 (H) 349-4025 (W) 563-3263

RE: SUBSISTENCE

I BELIEVE THERE SHOULD BE PUBLIC MEETINGS ON SUBSISTENCE IN ANCHORAGE AND FAIRBANKS.

* DELIVER TO: JFOM *
* *
* *
* ORIGINAL *
* SENT: 05/08/85 TIME: 09:15 *
* FROM: BARBARA NORRELL *
* SUBJECT: POM *
* PRINT DATE: 05/08/85 TIME: 12:51 *
* *

TO: ALL SENATORS

FROM: PEGGY DEAL, 11820 ELLEN AVE., ANCHORAGE, AK 99515,
344-2660

SUBJECT: SUBSISTENCE

NO TO GOVERNOR SHEFFIELD. ALL PEOPLE ARE EQUAL, RURAL AND URBAN.
STAY TOUGH. VOTE NO.

FROM: RUSSELL AND GERTRUDE FELZIEN
PO BOX 634
PALMER 99645

PHONE: 745-3347

RE: HB 288 SUBSISTENCE

I AM AGAINST THIS BILL. YOU SHOULD HAVE MORE PUBLIC HEARING ON THE GOVERNOR'S SUBSISTENCE BILL.

*
* DELIVER TO: JFOM *
* *
* ORIGINAL *
* SENT: 05/09/85 TIME: 16:39 *
* FROM: LIOF *
* SUBJECT: POM/FAIRBANKS AN *
* PRINT DATE: 05/09/85 TIME: 16:40 *
* *

Subsistence

TO: ALL LEGISLATORS

FROM: FRANK THERRELL, P.O. BOX 81701, COLLEGE, ALASKA 99708

PHONE: 479-0163

RE: PERSONAL USE OF ALASKA'S RESOURCES

PLEASE PROTECT MY PERSONAL RIGHTS TO USE ALASKA'S RESOURCES FOR MY HOME AND FAMILY. I FEEL THAT THIS IS YOUR JOB. I WOULD LIKE YOU TO DO IT!

FROM: LYLE CARLSON, BOX 2741, FAIRBANKS 99707

PHONE: 452-3498

RE: SUBSISTENCE

PEOPLE FROM TOWNS AND COUNTRY SHOULD BE TREATED THE SAME. PLEASE VOTE AGAINST EFFORTS TO DIVIDE ALASKANS.

FROM: STEVE CLINE, PO BX 73454, FAIRBANKS, AK, 99707

PHONE: 457-5261-H 451-8000-W

RE: HB 288, & SB 231, SUBSISTENCE

MSG: ANY LAW CONTAINING THE WORD "RURAL" AS A MEANS OF ALLOWING SUBSISTENCE HUNTING WILL BE UNCONSTITUTIONAL AND ALLOW PRIVILEGE BASED ON LOCALITY. THIS WAS NOT ALLOWED IN THE ZORLE CASE. SUBSISTENCE MUST BE A CLASSIFICATION BASED ON NEED NOT LOCALITY.

*
*****61*****

TO: ALL MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE
FROM: JAMES CERNEY
1420 ITHACA, FBX 99701
PHONE: 479-3618
RE: HB 288 & SB 231 - SUBSISTENCE

I WOULD LIKE TO STATE MY OPPOSITION TO BOTH HB 288 AND SB 231. THESE DISCRIMINATORY BILLS PIT ALASKAN AGAINST ALASKAN FOR THE USE OF NATURAL RESOURCES.

*****POM MAT-S12*****

TO: ALL SENATORS
FROM: BOB HAKENSON
PO BOX 1438
PALMER 99645
PHONE: 745-1469
RE: SUBSISTENCE

I RESPECT THE SENATE FOR HOLDING OFF ON A DECISION. THE PEOPLE NEED A CHANCE TO DISCUSS THIS. ONE LAW WON'T COVER ALL THE AREAS AND BE FAIR.

*****POM MAT-S13*****

FROM: NICK STEEN
SR A 6561
WASILLA 99687
PHONE: 745-2739
RE: SUBSISTENCE

PLEASE DO NOT CONSIDER THE SUBSISTENCE ISSUE THIS SESSION. SUBSISTENCE IS A VERY VOLTILE AND POLITCALLY POTENT BILL. IT EFFECTS TOO MANY LIVES TO BE RAMMED THROUGH IN THE REMAINING THREE DAYS.

TO ALL SENATORS

FROM SCOTT MC ALLISTER
9516 N. DOUGLAS
JUNEAU 99801

RE: HB 288

PLEASE PASS THE SUBSISTANCE BILL THIS SESSION. WE NEED THIS LEGISLATION TO PROTECT OUR FISH AND GAME RESOURCES AND TO ALLOW COMMERCIAL AND SPORT FISHING TO CONTINUE AS A VIGOROUS PART OF ALASKA'S ECONOMY.

EOM

FR: FRANK AGUCHAK, MAYOR
CITY OF SCAMMON BAY
SCAMMON BAY, AK. 99662 558-5529

RE: HB 288 - SUBSISTENCE BILL
SB 147 - STATE SUPPORT FOR EDUCATION
CS FOR HB 72 - TITLE 29

I URGE HOUSE AND SENATE PASSAGE OF HB 288, THE SUBSISTENCE BILL,
SB 147, STATE SUPPORT FOR EDUCATION AND COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE HB
72, TITLE 29. I ALSO URGE HOUSE AND SENATE SUPPORT FOR HB 176,
WAGE RATES.

THANK YOU.

FR: JAMES ATTI
BOX 44
KWIGILLINGOK, AK. 99622 588-8114

RE HB 288 - GOVERNOR'S SUBSISTENCE BILL

ASKING FOR THE ADOPTION OF THE BILL. BAG LIMITS AND LICENSES
SHOULD NOT BE USED FOR SUBSISTENCE USERS.

THANK YOU.

*
* DELIVER TO: JPOM *
* *
* ORIGINAL *
* SENT: 04/24/85 TIME: 10:10 *
* FROM: MICKI HENSON *
* SUBJECT: POM *
* PRINT DATE: 04/24/85 TIME: 10:10 *
* *

TO: ALL LEGISLATORS

FROM: T.G. GOTTSTEIN
6201 WEST TREE DRIVE
ANCHORAGE, AK. 99516 PHONE: 346-3765 HM.

RE: SUBSISTENCE

PLEASE SUPPORT PASSAGE OF THE GOVERNOR'S SUBSISTENCE BILL THIS
SESSION. THE STATE AS A WHOLE WILL NOT BENEFIT FROM THE CHAOS
THAT WILL RESULT IF NO ACTION IS TAKEN. PLEASE DO ALL POSSIBLE
TO REMOVE UNNECESSARY POLITICAL ROADBLOCKS. THE PUBLIC WILL NOT
FORGET LEGISLATIVE FAILURE TO ACT ON THIS ISSUE.

FROM:
JIM FENNISON
BOX 3
KENAI, AK 99611
776-8060

SUBJECT: HB 288--SUBSISTANCE

MESSAGE: PLEASE PASS HB 288 THIS SESSION. WE NEED LEGISLATION TO PROTECT OUR RESOURCES AND ALLOW COMMERCIAL AND SPORTS FISHING TO CONTINUE.
EOM

TO: ALL LEGISLATORS

FRL HOMER HUNTER, JR.
GEN. DEL.
SCAMMON BAY, ALASKA 99662 558-5229

RE: HB288--AN ACT RELATING TO SUBSISTENCE AND PERSONAL USE OF FISH AND GAME

ON BEHALF OF THE TRADITIONAL COUNCIL AND ALL COMMUNITY MEMBERS OF SCAMMON BAY, I URGE YOU, IN THE STRONGEST POSSIBLE TERM, TO ADOPT HB288. WE FEEL THAT THIS BILL IS A FAIR ONE FOR ALL ALASKANS WHO RESIDE IN RURAL AREAS. WE HOPE THAT YOU WILL ADOPT THIS BILL BEFORE THE END OF THIS SESSION.

FR: TRADITIONAL COUNCIL
NICK CHANAR, MEMBER
TOKSOOK BAY, ALASKA 99637 427-7728

RE: HB288--AN ACT RELATING TO SUBSISTENCE AND PERSONAL USE OF FISH AND GAME

THE GOVERNOR'S SUBSISTENCE BILL IS A VERY GOOD ONE FOR THE VILLAGES. WE REALLY NEED THIS BILL ADOPTED.

THANK YOU.

FROM: BOB HUNTER
2015 SHEPARDIA
ANCHORAGE, ALASKA 99508 (H) 276-9134

SUBJ: HB 288 -- SUBSISTENCE

THE ALASKA SPORT FISHING ASSOCIATION REITERATES THERE IS A STRONG NEED FOR A GOOD SUBSISTENCE BILL THIS YEAR. WE STILL RECOMMEND A SUNSET CLAUSE AND PROVISIONS THAT WILL ALLOW ENFORCEMENT OF ALL FISH AND GAME REGULATIONS, INCLUDING SUBSISTENCE.

EOM

* SUBJECT: FOM *
* PRINT DATE: 04/25/85 TIME: 13:59 *
* * * * *

TO: ALL LEGISLATORS

FROM: SAM E. MCDOWELL, CONCERNED ALASKAN, 336 E. 23RD, ANCHORAGE,
99503, 272-6605

RE: SUBSISTENCE

I THINK LEGISLATORS VOTING FOR GOVERNOR SHEFFIELD'S ANTI-URBAN
SUBSISTENCE LEGISLATION WILL BE PLAYING A LOSING HAND OF POKER
WITH ALASKANS COMMON PROPERTY FISH AND WILDLIFE RESOURCES.
LEGISLATORS, WILL YOU SUPPORT OUR FUTURE COURT CASES CLOSING
COMMERCIAL AND NON-COMMERCIAL USES OF FISH AND WILDLIFE RESOURCES
FOR PRIORITY SUBSISTENCE IMPLEMENTATION?

TO: ALL LEGISLATORS

FROM: SAM E. MCDOWELL, CONCERNED ALASKAN, 336 E. 23RD, ANCHORAGE,
99503, 272-6605(HM)

RE: RE SUBSISTENCE

THE NOME NUGGETT FEBRUARY 18, 1982 NEWS RELEASE, SUBSISTENCE KEY
TO CONTROLLED ALASKA LANDS IS TRUE. NORTON SOUND AND NAVARIN
BASIN SUBSISTENCE LAWSUITS ARE EXAMPLES. LEGISLATORS, ARE YOU
REALLY WILLING TO CLOSE DOWN OIL FIELD DEVELOPMENT, MINING,
COMMERCIAL FISHING AND ETC. FOR GOVERNOR SHEFFIELD'S ANTI-URBAN
SUBSISTENCE LEGISLATION?

FR: SOPHIE BEANS, PRESIDENT
TRADITIONAL COUNCIL
ST. MARY'S, AK. 99658 438-2318

RE: HB 288 - GOVERNOR'S SUBSISTENCE BILL

WE, THE ANDREAFSKI NATIVE COUNCIL WOULD LIKE TO SEE HB 288
ADOPTED. SUBSISTENCE WAY OF LIFE IS OUR LIFESTYLE FROM TIME
IMMEMORIAL. WE NEED THIS BILL TO SURVIVE. THE GAME AND THE FISH
WE GET TO SUBSIST HELP US THROUGHOUT THE WINTER. WE CANNOT
DEPEND ONLY ON STORE BOUGHT FOODS.

THANK YOU.

FROM: GERALD FOSTER *Kie*
8171 FAIRWOOD CIRCLE
ANCHORAGE, ALASKA 99502 (H) 344-0678 (W) 265-6268

RE: HB 288-SUBSISTENCE

I STRONGLY OBJECT TO THE SUBSISTENCE FISHING BILL PROPOSED BY THE
SHEFFIELD ADMINISTRATION. I AM A NATIVE ALASKAN WHO IS BEING
DISCRIMINATED AGAINST BECAUSE I NOW LIVE IN AN URBAN AREA.

TO: ALL LEGISLATORS

FROM: BOB HUNTER/AK SPORT FISH ASSOCIATION, 2015 SHEPHERDIA,
ANCHORAGE, AK 99508 276-8134 (H) AND 276-2761 (W)

SUBJECT: HB 288, SUBSISTENCE FISHING

THE AK SPORTS FISHING ASSOCIATION STRENUOUSLY OBJECTS TO THE RECENT BOARD OF FISHERIES POLITICAL ALLOCATION OF 13,000 COHO FROM SPORT FISHING TO SUBSISTENCE. THIS DEMONSTRATES COMPLETE LACK OF KNOWLEDGE OF SUBSISTENCE LAW. WE DO NOT SUPPORT THE GOVERNOR'S AMENDMENTS TO THE SUBSISTENCE LAW UNLESS DRASTICALLY CHARGED TO ASSURE FAIRNESS.

PRIMARY DISTRIBUTION
JFOM
LIOA

DATE/TIME SENT
03/29/85 13:02
03/29/85 13:02

DATE/TIME SENT
FROM: KEN CARLSON 424-5597
POB 1063
CORDOVA 99674

RE: SB 231 7 HB 288 - SUBSISTENCE

I SUPPORT SB 231 & HB 288 BECAUSE OF THE ECONOMICAL IMPACT OF FISHING IN THE STATE. CORDOVA IS PARTICULARLY DEPENDENT ON COMMERCIAL FISHING-AS AM I. THE SITUATION AS IT STANDS COULD BE DETRIMENTAL TO THE FISH & GAME OF THE STATE OF ALASKA.

FROM: BOYD KEELING
5901 E 6TH SF A22
ANCHORAGE, ALASKA 99504 (H) NO PHONE

RE: SUBSISTENCE

LEAVE SUBSISTENCE FISHING ALONE. THE TRUTH FINUALLY CAME OUT AND YOU DON'T LIKE IT. IF YOU WANT TO LIVE WHERE THE PEOPLE ARE TOLD WHAT TO DO I WILL HELP RAISE MONEY FOR A ONE WAY PLANE TICKET TO THE COMMUNIST COUNTRY OF YOUR CHOICE. WHAT ARE YOU AMERICANS OR WHAT?

FROM:
GENE MADISON
RT. 1 BOX 965
KENAI, AK 99611
776-5284

SUBJECT: SUBSISTANCE FISHING

MESSAGE: IF I AM REFUSED A PERMIT TO FISH EAST SIDE COOK INLET
FOR EARLY JUNE KINGS, I WILL SUE AGAIN FOR FIVE MILLION DOLLARS.
THIS IS NO JOKE. WE ALL FISH OR NOONE WILL, I WILL HAVE THE
KENAI RIVER CLOSED.
EOM

TO: ALL LEGISLATORS

FR: TOM DUNCAN
PO BOX 1857
BETHEL, ALASKA 99559

RE: SUBSISTENCE

I URGE YOU TO STRONGLY SUPPORT GOVERNORS SHEFFIELD'S VERSION OF
THE SUBSISTENCE BILL. I HAVE LIVED IN URBAN (FAIRBANKS) AND
RURAL (BETHEL) ALASKA AND I AM CONVINCED THAT GOV. SHEFFIELD'S
BILL IS FAIR, PROTECTS THE RESOURCE, COMPLIES WITH FEDERAL LAW
AND IS ENFORCEABLE. IT WILL WORK.

FOM

TO ALL SENATORS AND REPRESENTATIVES

FROM RALPH ANDY JOHNSON
BOX 7031
NIKISKI, AK 99635
776-8701

RE: SUBSISTENCE

MESSAGE: THOSE OF US WHO LIVE OUTSIDE AN UNINCORPORATED TOWN
CONSIDER OURSELVES RURAL. PLEASE DON'T TRY TO TAKE AWAY OUR
RIGHTS TO FISH AND FORCE US BACK INTO COURT.

FROM: EVAN SWENSEN
BOX 6324
ANCHORAGE, ALASKA 99502 (H) 276-2672

RE: SECTION 14-SUBSISTENCE

PLEASE ADD WORDS-HOOK IN LINE HELD IN THE HAND, HOOK IN LINE
ATTACHED TO A ROD OR POLE, DIPNET. I AM AGAINST THE GOVERNORS
ATTEMPT TO LIMIT THE SUBSISTENCE LAW TO RURAL RESIDENTS.

R.R.

MAR 11 1986

Senate and House

March 4, 1986

Resources Standing Committee

Alaska State Legislature

Douch V (MS 3100)

Tuneau, Alaska 99811

Dear Committee:

You are now again considering a subsistence bill to apply to the State of Alaska and its residents. As you are aware your bill, that passes both houses, must be in compliance with Title VIII of Public Law 96-487, better known as ANILCA. The State of Alaska is mandated by this law to give preference to rural residents. Congress recognizes that the Native Americans (aboriginal inhabitants) depend on wild life for their mainstay of livelihood. In the lower 48 people like Buffalo Bill decimated wild life so that he could become a public hero or a hero amongst urban friends. Sports hunters in Alaska are at a similar crossroads: they want to catch the biggest fish (and if they don't they let the fish go after hooking them in the mouth) and make it a trophy; they want to catch the biggest game animal and stuff it for others to see. Native Alaskans on the other hand depend on these resources for their mainstay of livelihood and in a cultural relation to the wildlife. Native Alaskans are offended by sportsmen (on T.V. or in the field) who pursue wildlife in the terms mentioned above. If the bill is not passed in accordance with ANILCA's provisions the controversy will heat up and cause more racial tensions.

On one hand Native Americans are romanticized for their relation to nature and on the other, as drunken savages who can't take care of themselves. In reality the romanticized perception has its merits, but on the issue of drunken savages, this issue is exacerbated by many laws and demands placed on Natives land and mostly their lives: 1) ANCSA and

corporate entities in direct conflict with a communal way of life, and the perception of the general public of rich Natives,
2) federal Indian law and all its complexities, is there a trust responsibility or not in Alaska?, 3) the State of Alaska's position in refusing recognition of tribal entities in Alaska; does the State of Alaska recognize and give concurrent jurisdiction to Native tribes and courts on tribal land? 3) the State of Alaska's educational system; do the Superintendents hired by the REAA's serve the cultural interests of its constituency even though they are broadly guided by local school boards?, 4) the State of Alaska's Judicial system; are judges fair to Native inmates when comparing similar crimes of non-natives in relation to time served for those sentences? I think that I've made my point.
The controversy was settled in 1982 by the State of Alaska's voters at approximately a 60% to 40% majority vote in favor of rural preference.

I think the real problem that you legislators must solve is how to define: rural; the availability of alternative resources; and local residency. Just how far is rural? How do game wardens figure an individual's availability of alternative resources? How long do residents live in an area before they compete for wildlife resources with rural residents?

Please try to come to a solution before racial tensions are heightened and rural residents' lives are further impinged upon by this controversial subject.

Sincerely yours,

Bruce Tungman

Bruce Tungman, Box 1814, Nome 99762

cc: Jack Fuller

Frank Ferguson

Al Adams

MAR 11 1986

3-8-86

Senate Resources Committee
Senator Arliss Sturgulewski Chairperson
Senator Bettye Fahrenkamp Vice Chairperson
Senator Coghill, Senator Clason, Senator Fisker, Senator
Halford and Senator Zhoroff.

Dear Senators:

I am Byron Halcy, 1002 Pioneer Road, Fairbanks, Alaska
99701. President of The Chitina Ripnetters Assoc. and
a 38 year resident of Fairbanks.

The Senate Committee substitute for House bill # 258
is not acceptable to the Chitina Ripnetters Assoc and
myself. The words rural or communities should not be
in this or any other bill that would be on subsistence.
When the original bill was passed in 1978 it was
not the intent of the Legislature to restrict sub-
sistence use to rural or communities areas only
and that intent was brought out in a floor
discussion between Rep. Anderson and Rep. Parr. and
was a deciding factor in the Madison case. To
restrict urban areas from subsistence use is against
the Alaska Constitution. The wild renewable resources
are the use of all residents of Alaska. So the

Subsistence used in Sec. 7 Page 3 on line 24
Sec. 8 Page 4 on lines 1 and 2 The underlined words
moved. Paragraph 32 and 33 in Sec 9 should
be deleted on Pages 4 and 5.

, and Traditional need to be defined as to

CORRECTION

**THIS DOCUMENT
HAS BEEN REPHOTOGRAPHED
TO ASSURE LEGIBILITY**

MAR 11 1986

3-8-86

Senate Resources Committee
Senator Artiss Sturgulewski Chairperson
Senator Bettye Fahrenkamp Vice Chairperson
Senator Coghill, Senator Clason, Senator Fisker, Senator
Halford and Senator Zharoff.

Dear Senators:

I am Byron Halcy, 1002 Pioneer Road, Fairbanks, Alaska
99701. President of The Chitina Ripnetters Assoc. and
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discussion between Rep. Anderson and Rep. Parr. and
was a deciding factor in the Madison case. To
restrict urban areas from subsistence use is against
the Alaska Constitution. The wild renewable resources
are for the use of all residents of Alaska. So the
definition of subsistence used in Sec. 7 Page 3 on line 24
and 25 and Sec. 8 Page 4 on lines 1 and 2. The underlined words
should be removed. Paragraph 32 and 33 in Sec 9 should
also be deleted on Pages 4 and 5.

Customary, and Traditional need to be defined as to

what was and is Customary and Traditional.
The people of Fairbanks were recognize as Customary
and Traditional Subsistence users of Salmon
Taken by dipnet or fishwheel on the Copper River
at Chitina by the Legislature in 1978 and you
have no right to use the words Rural or
Community into any bill that will deprive
us of this given right.

The Federal Government does not have the right
to supersede the Alaska State Constitution. When
we became a state we were given the right to
manage our Fish and Game for the use of all
of the people of Alaska.

Thank You!
Byron W. Haley Pres.
Chitina Dipnetting Assoc.
1002 Pioneer Road.
Fairbanks, Alaska 99701
Phone 456-4426

City of Angoon

P. O. Box 189

Angoon, Alaska 99820

MAR 12 1986

Telephone
(907) 788-3653

March 7, 1986

Senator Arliss Sturguiewski
Pouch V
Juneau, Alaska 99811 M.S. 3100

Dear Senator Sturguiewski,

On February 26, 1986 the former Mayor of Angoon and myself had the opportunity to attend the Senate Resources Committee hearing that was conducted in Juneau. Let me express my appreciation for senate bill 288, which comes the closest to any subsistence user's concerns, of all bills presented so far.

After reviewing the letter written to Governor Sheffield by the Deputy Secretary of Interior and his concerns for tradition, I would make one change in the language of Section 2.(12) to read "regulating commercial and sport fishing for the protection of Traditional subsistence, and personal use fishing as needed for the conservation, development, and utilization of fisheries". If this language is used it should satisfy the concerns of ANILCA and the Deputy Secretary of Interior.

Regulations are detrimental to the subsistence user. There are regulations that are now in effect which concerns the true subsistence user in hunting and fisheries alike. Let's be realistic, there are many things that the subsistence user eats traditionally that would gag a lot of people who claim to have the same rights to the lifestyle that is enjoyed today by traditional subsistence people.

Let me try to explain from the standpoint of our Community on our understanding of Traditional subsistence use. There are those in our little society that do the processing of the traditional gathering of subsistence foods. many of us are subsistence users who obtain the foods from these processors in various forms, mostly bartering. So the permit process of so many per household really is in contrast to the traditional system of subsistence.

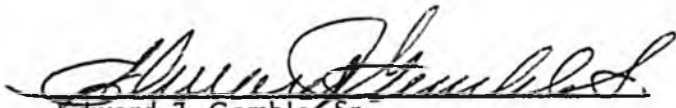
Identification of the traditional subsistence processor would be the only requirement if the language recommended were to be used. Traditional subsistence processing is a skill passed on from generation to generation and a few people have these skills even in a traditional subsistence use community such as ours. A traditional subsistence use community in southeast can be identified by the smoke houses within or around the community.

Senator Arliss Sturgiewski
March 7, 1986
Page Two

We did attend the hearing to voice our concerns, but we forgot to indicate on the sign in sheet that we wished to testify. just a little over-sight on the part of two subsistence users.

Again let me state that I believe the legislature does have a good subsistence bill in Senate bill 288, however the concerns of ANILCA have to be satisfied and I do believe that the language proposed will satisfy the concerns mentioned by the Deputy Secretary of Interior.

Sincerely,



Edward J. Gamble, Sr.
Mayor

cc: Senate Resources Committee
Governor Bill Sheffield
Representative Peter Goll

DELIVER TO: JFDM

ORIGINAL

SENT: 03-11-86 TIME 15 20

FROM: TALLA GRAC

SUBJECT: CIA-FBI/AFGad

SENT DATE: 03-11-86 TIME 15 20

14

STANDARDIZED SECURITY INFORMATION SYSTEM DELIVERY

WE OPPOSE THE USE OF THE UNITED STATES WHICH DOES NOT PROTECT THE RIGHTS OF RURAL (RURAL) PEOPLE AND THE RIGHTS OF THE PEOPLE TO PUT TOGETHER SHOULD PROTECT THE RIGHTS AND FREEDOMS AND RESISTANCE RIGHTS OF THE PEOPLE AND THE RIGHTS OF THE PEOPLE.

MAR 18 1986

MARCH 12, 1986

PO BOX 181
POINT HOPE, AK. 99766

SENATOR ARLISS STURGULEWSKI
700 WEST SECOND AVENUE
ANCHORAGE, AK. 99501

DEAR SENATOR:

ENCLOSED IS A LETTER THAT EACH OF THE TEACHERS HERE IN POINT HOPE RECEIVED FROM THE LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR..I AM NOT SURE THAT HE IS LEGAL ON THIS MAIL OUT..THIS IS A VERY ARBITRARY SUBJECT..MY WIFE, MARY, REMARKED, "I'LL BET THAT HE DIDN'T MAIL THIS LETTER TO ANCHORAGE OR JUNEAU RESIDENTS.

I REALIZE THAT HE IS SECRETLY RUNNING FOR GOVERNOR AND IS TRYING TO GET THE BUSH VOTE WITH THIS ISSUE..SO, HOW CAN THIS BE LEGAL OR AT LEAST VERY UNETHICAL..I THINK THAT HE SHOULD HAVE TO PAY FOR THE MAIL OUTS HIMSELF..

WE ARE STILL FULLY BEHIND YOU IN YOUR QUEST FOR THE GOVERNOR POSITION..WE DO NOT HAVE A TEACHERS CONTRACT FOR THIS YEAR AS YET.. OUR SUPERINTENDENT SEEMS TO BE VINDICTIVE..THAT IS WHY I THINK THAT WE SHOULD HAVE BINDING ARBITRATION..WE ARE NOT HERE TO ARGUE PAY SCALE BUT TO TEACH KIDS..WE WANT TO GET ON WITH THE JOB FOR WHICH WE ARE PAID..IT SEEMS THAT WHOMEVER REPRESENTS THE TEACHERS, THAT THEY FALL INTO DISFAVOR WITH THE SUPERINTENDENT..WE STRONGLY FEEL THAT BINDING ARBITRATION WOULD SOLVE THIS DILEMMA..HOPEFULLY, YOU CAN SUPPORT THIS MEASURE..I HAVE NOT HEARD OF DRAWBACKS TO BINDING ARBITRATION..THERE MAY BE SOME.

CORDIALLY,

TINY BELLAMY

PS:I WILL BE GOING TO WASHINGTON, D.C., FOR CLOSE-UP INSTEAD OF JUNEAU.



STEPHEN McALPINE
LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR

STATE OF ALASKA

P. O. Box AA
JUNEAU 99811
(907) 465-3520

March 7, 1986

Mary Bellamy
Box 181
Point Hope, AK 99766

Dear Mary:

Many of us believed that the question of subsistence rights in rural Alaska was settled with the election of 1982. Since that time, a Supreme Court opinion has opened the question again. Today, a bill is locked up in the Alaska Senate which would again insure subsistence priority for rural Alaskans. I am writing to urge your assistance in helping pass this important law.

The question of subsistence priority is more than one of access to our state's fish and game. It is a question of our state's responsibility to assist in maintaining cultural distinctions which predate most Alaskan's arrival here by thousands of years. It is the responsibility of all of us to protect the rights of Alaskans who depend on fish and game for their daily food and to insure that they have priority access to this food source.

You can assist me in the passage of this legislation by writing letters and sending public opinion messages to members of the Alaska State Senate. With your assistance, we can again insure that the subsistence rights of our fellow Alaskans are protected.

Warmest regards,

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "S. McAlpine".

Stephen McAlpine
Lieutenant Governor

March 12th, 1986

MAR 18 1986

MAR 17 1986

Drive
16

Honorable Artiss Sturgulewski,

I have lived and taught in Shishmaref for the past ten years. Village life seems to derive meaning from subsistence activities. and, a significant number of people here need what they hunt, fish and gather for basic sustenance.

ans

In light of declining state revenues and increased population in urban areas I urge you to pass the subsistence law to insure the subsistence priority for rural Alaskans.

If so
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Yours truly,
Rich Stasenko
Shishmaref, Ak.
99772

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ALASKA WATERFOWL ASSOCIATION

3105A LAKESHORE DRIVE, SUITE 102
ANCHORAGE, ALASKA 99503
TEL. (907) 243-3235

MARK 17 1986

March 12, 1986

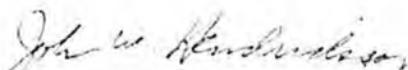
Senator Arliss Sturgulewski
Pouch V
Juneau, Alaska 99811

Dear Senator Sturgulewski:

We are concerned about the form of the proposed subsistence bill before your committee. In the past subsistence has all too frequently meant no management and destruction of the resource. We are missing almost a million geese, more than one half our total state population because of this ignorant, destructive and unfair subsistence notion. There should be one set of regulations, harvest regulations, which all should follow.

Please mail us a copy of the present bill before your committee.

Very truly yours,


John W. Hendrickson
President

JWH:kmf

Arlo Stungelinski
Geneva, Ill.

Dear Mr. Stungelinski:
I am writing to urge you to do

everything in your power to defeat passage of
H.B. 288 relating to the taking of fish and
game for subsistence use.

The definition of "meat" is not exact
and it also kind that, in my opinion,
certain species should be labeled as for
subsistence and others should not be.

The subject of subsistence hunting and
fishing needs to be addressed but this brief
is not a good answer.

Thank you for your time.

Sincerely,
Charles Ramsey #88
2815 old Rich. Hwy.
N. Pole, Ok. 95705

MAR 17 1986

3-13-86

R



Kie
Telegram

02006

1986 MAR 14 10 55

POM TDA CORDOVA ALASKA 15 03-14 1017 AST

PMS

SENATOR ARLISS STURGELEWSKI

JUNEAU AK

PLEASE WORK HARD TO AFFECT PASSAGE OF HB532, HB58, HJR63, SUBSISTENCE

#288.

MARLA ADKINS

BOX 461

CORDOVA AK 99574

*
* DELIVER TO: JPOM *
* *
* ORIGINAL *
* SENT: 03/13/86 TIME: 11:23 *
* FROM: LIOMAT *
* SUBJECT: P.O.MS. J-M #2 *
* PRINT DATE: 03/13/86 TIME: 11:24 *
*

8

KIE

TO JUNEAU INFO.
FROM JUDY-MATSU

TO: SENATORS ~~STURGOULEWSKI~~, FAHRENKAMP, COGHILL, ELIASON, V.
FISCHER, HALFORD, AND ZHAROFF
FR: ART DRABECK
P.O. BOX 8338
PALMER AK 99645 745-4520

RE: HB288 SUBSISTENCE

IT IS INCONCEIVABLE FOR ME TO BELIEVE THAT A PERSON WHO MAKES
200,000.00 PLUS EXPENSES A YEAR CAN CLAIM TO BE A SUBSISTENCE
USER, CATCH FISH TO BARTER, TRADE OR FEED HIS DOGS WITH BEFORE I
CAN FEED MY FAMILY. I BELIEVE IN EQUAL RIGHTS FOR ALL PEOPLE.
REPLY REQUESTED.

STATE OF ALASKA

DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND GAME

DIVISION OF BOARDS

BILL SHEFFIELD, GOVERNOR

BOX 3-2000
JUNEAU, ALASKA 99802
PHONE: (907) 465-4110

MAR 19 1986

March 17, 1986

The Honorable Arliss Sturgulewski
Alaska State Legislature
P. O. Box V
Juneau, AK 99811

Dear Senator Sturgulewski:

The Alaska Board of Fisheries urges swift passage of subsistence legislation currently before the Alaska Legislature. The board is concerned that many fisheries are ongoing or about to commence which can be impacted by the recent series of judicial decisions relating to the current Alaska subsistence law which could significantly disrupt traditional fishing patterns of many Alaskans. Swift passage of legislation currently pending before the Legislature could avoid unnecessary adverse impacts on these participants in many Alaska fisheries.

Further, as time goes on, it will be increasingly difficult for the board and staff of the Alaska Department of Fish and Game to implement legislation due to commitments resulting from ongoing fishing activities.

Sincerely,



Ron Jolin
Chairman
Alaska Board of Fisheries

Rie

PUBLIC OPINION MESSAGE

TO: SENATOR ARLISS STURGULEWSKI
FROM: ART DRABECK
SRC BOX 8338
PALMER 99645 99645
745-4520

BILL NO: HB 288

SUBJECT: SUBSISTENCE QUESTIONS THAT NEED ANSWERS:

MESSAGE:

WHO DECIDES WHAT A RURAL RESIDENT IS; USING WHAT CRITERIA; WILL RURAL RESIDENTS GET PRIORITY OVER ALL FISH & GAME IN ALASKA?
HOW LONG DOES AN URBAN ALASKAN RESIDENT NEED TO LIVE IN A RURAL AREA BEFORE HE BECOMES A RURAL ALASKAN RESIDENT; HOW LONG FOR A RESIDENT OF ANOTHER STATE?

DATE: 03/26/86 TIME: 15:26:26 SENT BY: MATSU LIO

COPIES TO: HOUSE MEMBERS
SENATE MEMBERS

PUBLIC OPINION MESSAGE

TO: SENATOR ARLISS STURGULEWSKI

FROM: STEVEN R. FASSBENDER
7960 RECERCURTIONDRIVIE
ANCHORAGE 99504
337-6250

BILL NO: HB 288

SUBJECT: SUBSISTENCE & PERSONAL USE OF FISH & GAME

MESSAGE:

I AM PLACING MY SUPPORT FOR SEN. HALFORD'S AMENDMENT TO THE SUBSISTENCE BILL. IT IDENTIFIES THOSE WHO ARE TRULY IN NEED OF SUBSISTENCE, WILL NOT CONDONE SUBSISTENCE TAKING FOR COMMERCIAL PURPOSES AND ENABLES PROFESSIONAL RESOURCE MANAGERS TO MAKE DECISIONS ON A BIOLOGICAL BASES RATHER THAN A POLITICAL BASES.

DATE: 03/26/86 TIME: 11:18:33 SENT BY: ANCHORAGE LIO

COPIES TO: HOUSE MEMBERS
SENATE MEMBERS

PUBLIC OPINION MESSAGE

TO: SENATOR ARLISS STURGULEWSKI

FROM: ART DRABECK
P.O. BOX 8338
PALMER AK
745-4520

99645

BILL NO: HB 288

SUBJECT: SUBSISTENCE & PERSONAL USE OF FISH & GAME

MESSAGE:

FINALLY A NEED STANDARD HAS BEEN INCLUDED. IT IS TIME FOR A COMMON SENSE RATHER THAN AN ETHNIC OR AREA APPROACH TO SUBSISTENCE. IF A NEEDS BASED LAW IS NOT ENACTED I WILL BE FORCED TO QUIT MY JOB AND MOVE MY FAMILY TO A "RURAL VILLAGE OR AREA" TO MAINTAIN MY CURRENT SUBSISTENCE LIFESTYLE.

DATE: 03/26/86 TIME: 13:50:44 SENT BY: MATSU LIO

COPIES TO: HOUSE MEMBERS
SENATE MEMBERS

PUBLIC OPINION MESSAGE

TO: SENATOR ARLISS STURGULEWSKI

FROM: RON MCALPIN
8341 E. 11TH COURT
ANCHORAGE 99504
000-0000

BILL NO: HB 238

SUBJECT: SUBSISTENCE & PERSONAL USE OF FISH & GAME

MESSAGE:

I AGREE WITH SENATOR HALFORD. SUBSISTENCE SHOULD BE
BASED ON NEED. THE BEST WAY TO CHANGE A BAD
FEDERAL LAW IS TO START WITH A GOOD STATE LAW.
PLEASE ALSO CONSIDER GIVING THE FISH AND GAME
BOARDS THE POWER TO SUBSTITUTE SPECIES TO MEET
SUBSISTENCE NEEDS.

DATE: 03/26/86 TIME: 09:55:12 SENT BY: ANCHORAGE LIO

COPIES TO: SENATE MEMBERS

PUBLIC OPINION MESSAGE

TO: SENATOR ARLISS STURGULEWSKI

FROM: WILLIAM R. MISSAL
P.O. BOX 3182
KODIAK
486-4658

99615

BILL NO: HB 288

SUBJECT: SUBSISTENCE & PERSONAL USE OF FISH & GAME

MESSAGE:

A FAMILY OF FOUR CANNOT LIVE IN KODIAK FOR \$13,000 A YEAR LET ALONE
BUY GAS FOR AN OUTBOARD TO GILLNET. I AM A 16YR. RESIDENT AND RELY
ON FISH FOR MEALS AT LEAST THREE TIMES A WEEK. WE HAVE A BOAT HOUSE,
CAR PAYMENTS AND HAVE LITTLE LEFT.

DATE: 03/27/86 TIME: 09:45:42 SENT BY: KODIAK LIO

COPIES TO: HOUSE MEMBERS
SENATE MEMBERS

PUBLIC OPINION MESSAGE

TO: SENATOR ARLISS STURGULEWSKI

FROM: TIM HILL
1017 MISSION RD.
KODIAK
486-4998

99615

BILL NO: HB 288

SUBJECT: SUBSISTENCE & PERSONAL USE OF FISH & GAME

MESSAGE:

HOW CAN A FAMILY LIVE ON \$13,750 AND AFFORD A BOAT TO
GO AND SUBSISTENCE FISH! I'VE LIVED IN ALASKA 13 YRS.
AND HAVE LIVED OFF LAND AND SEA AND MAKE ENDS MEET. THIS
HB 288 IS A RIPOFF TO ANY ALASKAN AND I URGE YOU TO THROW
IT OUT.

DATE: 03/27/86 TIME: 09:51:07 SENT BY: KODIAK LIO

COPIES TO: HOUSE MEMBERS
SENATE MEMBERS

MAR 7 1986

OSCAR FRANK, JR.
304 12TH AVENUE, #2
FAIRBANKS, ALASKA 99701

March 5, 1986

The Honorable Arliss Sturgulewski
Alaska State Legislature
Pouch V
Juneau, Alaska 99801

RE: SUBSISTENCE LEGISLATION

Dear Senator Sturgulewski:

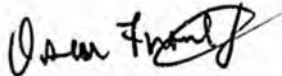
I think the Alaska State Legislature can resolve the subsistence issue before June 1, 1986. I believe that subsistence opportunities cannot be offered to an unlimited number of people. Allocation of subsistence fish and game resources, because of politics, creates the age-old-problem of establishing priorities of users and uses and defining classes of users so those preferences can be implemented.

Perhaps now is the time when the privilege of recreational hunting and fishing is given only to those who met certain standards of understanding and ethics. These tests would reduce the rate of growth in numbers of fishermen and hunters and improve the level of interest, understanding and ability of those who get licenses.

I think subsistence users should have the highest priority among those who want to harvest fish and game. Please consider these comments in your committee deliberations on the subsistence bill.

These comments are my own view.

Sincerely,



Oscar Frank, Jr.
304 12th Avenue, #2
Fairbanks, Alaska 99701



From the desk of:
Senator Mitch Abood
Alaska State Legislature

MEMORANDUM

TO: Senator Sturgulewski, Chair
Senate Resource Committee

FROM: Senator Abood, Chair
Senate State Affairs Committee

RE: Subsistence

DATE: March 3, 1986

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "M. Abood", written over the "FROM" line of the memorandum.

Please find attached a letter which I have receive from Carol Schlentner regarding subsistence.

Since SCS CSHB 288 (SA) is now in your committee, I feel the letter will be best handled to your discretion.

Manley Hot Springs
Alaska, 99756
February 4, 1986

RECEIVED
FEB 7 1986

MM

Pouch V
Juneau, Alaska, 99811

Dear Senator Mitch Abood,

I have read your subsistence bill that you had up for vote last session, but I found the issue of who was a rural person very confusing. I don't want the subsistence issue to become a racial issue.

Thus, I feel very strongly that one has to throw away the word subsistence and make up new words and definitions. Then, hopefully, the issue can be dealt with fairly and unemotionally. I have learned to say that I live a self-sufficient life style in the remote bush. I do not use the word subsistence. I haven't had time to come up with a lot of new words, but here is an example:

Aplūt̄s̄ - (This word can be pronounced easily) just do it phonetically) Alaskan person living and true self sufficiency - this person receives no government assistance and operates all of his survival tools by his own ingenuity.

Aplūt̄s̄ib - Alaskan person living under true self sufficiency in bush.

Aplūt̄s̄i v - Alaskan person living under true self sufficiency in the village.

Aplūt̄s̄ic - Alaskan person living under true self sufficiency in the city.

Please send me any new development pertaining to subsistence because I'll be legislative liaison. Good luck in getting some subsistence law passed.

Sincerely,
Carol DeLentris
(40 male Rivers)

 * TELETYPE UNIT *
 * * * * *
 * ORIGIN *
 * SENT: 03/07/85 TIME: 1019 *
 * FROM: LIOFBX *
 * SUBJECT: POB-PAULA-PEX *
 * PHONE NO: 03/07/85 TIME: 15 46 *
 * * * * *

14

TO: SENATE RESOURCES () ()
 STURMULENKI, FANNENKAMP, ELIASON, ZHAROFF, HALFORD,
 COGHILL, V. FISCHER () ()
 SENATOR BENNETT ()
 REPS FRANK, H.W. MILLER, RINGSTAD, POPOWEN, DAVIS ()
 FROM: NAJ CERENE PAUL
 847 FAULTLINE AVE.
 NORTH POLE, AK, 99705
 PHONE: 460-6402
 RE: PERSISTENCE ISSUE

MSG: PLEASE MAKE SURE THAT THE CUSTOMARY AND TRADITIONAL
 RIGHTS OF THE CHITINA DIDYETTERS ARE KEPT INTACT IN ANY OF THE
 BILLS SCHEDULED FOR ACTIVITY IN EITHER THE SENATE OR THE HOUSE.
 THE SUBSTITUTE FOR SO 326 IS OF GREAT INTEREST AND GREAT CONCERN
 TO ME. THANK YOU.

Nil

RURAL ALASKA RESOURCES ASSOCIATION

P.O. Box 200908
Anchorage, Alaska 99520
(907) 258-2511

Kia

RESOLUTION 86-1

ENTITLED: IN SUPPORT OF THE ORIGINAL GOVERNOR'S BILL
ON SUBSISTENCE.

WHEREAS, ten non-profit and governmental agencies are
members of the Rural Alaska Resources Association;
and

WHEREAS, the Rural Alaska Resources Association is an
organization whose primary purpose is to help
rural areas in need; and

WHEREAS, the Alaska State Senate is considering legislation
to amend the State Subsistence Law; and

WHEREAS, this Subsistence bill, if ratified, would have a
great impact on the way of life in rural areas; and

WHEREAS, rural areas live a majority of their lives through
subsistence; and

WHEREAS, the original Governor's Bill on Subsistence with the
words "rural" and "personal use" included in the
language is compatible with the Rural Alaska
Resources Association;

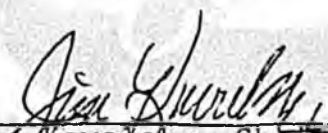
NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED

that the Rural Alaska Resources Association supports
the original Governor's Bill with the language
"rural" and "personal use" included; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED

that any legislation adopted be consistent with
legislation introduced by Governor Sheffield to the
first session of the 14th Legislature.

ADOPTED in Juneau, Alaska on February 27, 1986 by
members of the Rural Alaska Resources Association.



Jim Kowalsky, Chairman
RURAL ALASKA RESOURCES ASSOCIATION

February 27, 1986

Date



From the desk of:
Senator Mitch Abood
Alaska State Legislature

MEMORANDUM

TO: SENATOR STURGULEWSKI
FROM: SENATOR ABOOD
RE: SUBSISTENCE

ATTACHED PLEASE FIND A LETTER FROM SIDNEY HUNTINGTON REGARDING THE LT. GOVERNOR'S LETTER ABOUT SUBSISTENCE.

I AM SURE THIS WILL BE OF INTEREST TO YOU.

Gene Sturgis
md

P. O. Box 27
Galena, Alaska 99741
27 Feb. 1986

Stephen McAlpine
Lieutenant Governor
P.O. Box AA
Juneau, AK 99811

RECEIVED
MAR 4 1986

Dear Mr. McAlpine;

In reply to your letter of 2/25/86, I never did feel that the subsistence issue was solved or settled by the 1982 election. It only complicated the mess.

How could you expect the average voter to solve a problem when 95% of the people don't understand just what subsistence is. It was handed to the legislators by the Federal government and then the very same legislators fumbled and stumbled with it unsolved after messing with it for six years so they dumped it on the Alaska Board of Game. The Board gave it back to Governor Sheffield who gave it to the Subsistence Task Force (remember it). The task force was unable to do any better than anyone else. Now the legislators have the ball back in their court and I do not expect anything that will solve the problems.

In the first place the whole subsistence concept as envisioned by Congress was a bad law with no guts to it. It might have looked good to the people who made it and to the average indian who had the wool pulled over their eyes and were made to think that they were getting something over and above someone else.

At one time here in Alaska, Congress had laws for the B.I.A. to follow pertaining to education in the BIA schools. Only if you were ¼ indian, eskimo or aleut could you attend those schools, all white kids were exempt. Blatant discrimination it was, not that I approved. Congress could have done the same with ANILCA only they did not have the guts so they made a lawyers heaven instead out of the whole program by inserting the word rural into the language where they wanted to put the word native.

I have spent many years here in Alaska and I have seen the country rich with game and furbearers but I have also seen the otherside to an almost famine conditions in 1931 to 1933 and I heard of similar conditions in the late 1980's. Lately, from 1945 to 1975, we have been rich resource wise over most of the state. Along comes the subsistence law and we now are in a battle to see who is entitled to use those resources. Remember there was not enough to go around in the early days of Alaska when there were many thousand less

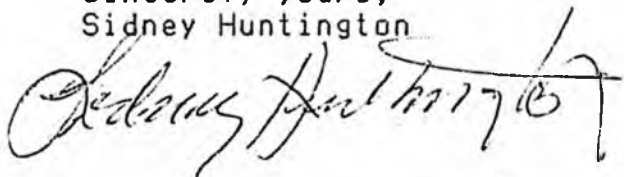
Alaskans. Lately we have had almost no management of the resources since politics, emotionalism and preservationists have tied the hands of the Fish and Game and wildlife numbers are declining.

As long as we fight over who is entitled to what, Alaska as a whole is going to suffer only too soon down the road by losing the right to use the wildlife. The people of the lower 48 States have the power in Congress to push us around and we are leaving ourselves wide open from the radical environmentalists, preservationists and animal rights groups to close down all hunting, trapping and fishing.

The Board is now stacked strongly in favor of those radical groups as shown by their voting actions, or should I say non-actions, on management decisions. This picture again only shows me that we will eventually loose all subsistence use of our land. Which was the long range plan of the Carter Administration, Udall and his tribe. They lied to the indians to get what they wanted and no sooner did they return to Washington that they started to see how fast they could get all the Alaska land back under strangling management plans, rules, and restrictions.

I will not support the quick fix legislation we need to change the ANILCA wording not our own laws.

Sincerely yours,
Sidney Huntington



cc - Mitchell Hood committee

COPY

Thomas D. Lonner, Ph.D.
2212 B Great Western Street
Douglas, AK 99824
907-364-2558
November 14, 1985

Representative Jack Fuller
Chairman
Special Committee on Subsistence

Dear Jack,

It's difficult to sit at a computer and place on the screen, in a very few words, something that will help you resolve the subsistence "crisis." One of the reasons that I have hesitated to testify before the Special Committee is that I have written so much on the topic of subsistence management in Alaska that I feel I have little new to say. Other reasons include the amount of the Committee's time I would take up, the amount of outrage and disappointment that I feel over the failure of administrative agencies to faithfully carry out the purposes of the Legislature, and my inability to find a politically acceptable direct route through the minefield prepared for you by administrators, judges, and lawyers. While I have the reputation as an advocate of subsistence (it should not need advocates), my principal concern has not been with subsistence but with turning a non-punitive legislative action into a positive social action.

You in the Legislature are in a position now where professional administrators have rewritten your 1978 law and are telling you that you must rewrite that law. In essence, they are telling you that you have written a bad law, that they have used every means at their disposal to faithfully implement the intent of that law, and that now you must rewrite the law to save the situation. I do not believe that it is a bad law; I am not sure that it was faithfully implemented, except in the case of Copper River.

If it were such a bad law, how is it that the courts, who can read the English language, are uniformly untroubled by its intent, structure, and language? How is it that the various courts concur about its meaning and requirements while regulatory agencies find it one of the major mysteries of the modern world, a clouded crystal ball more suitable for Ripley's Believe or Not than for the management of public good? Why do regulatory agencies, having failed in their ingenuity to solve one problem, not return to the drawing board to try again rather than, in a panic, run to the Legislature and ask for Daddy to save them? Do they really have no alternatives, in the same way they suggest that you have no alternative but to blindly support their actions against your own wishes and intents?

I do not doubt that you may rewrite the law, but I do not think that revision will save the situation. The alternative revisions before you will reduce the political, administrative, and legal conflict but at the cost of damaging subsistence, even though the purpose of the law is to protect subsistence. In addition, you clearly have the power in the Legislature to define, in law, subsistence as an exclusively "rural" phenomenon; as a non-lawyer. I doubt whether such a definition, either in law or regulation, would withstand a constitutional challenge based on due process, non-discrimination, or the right to travel.

Is there a problem with the law? Of course, there is. The basic problem with the law is that it did not clearly identify who the beneficiaries of the law were to be. If the Alaska State Constitution had provided for ethnic distinctions in law, as federal law provides, you would have identified the beneficiaries to be Alaska Natives and their continuing traditional economic pursuits. You would have generously added those residents whose economic pursuits were essentially indistinguishable from those of Alaska Natives.

Not having this latitude, you took the next best step. You defined subsistence as best you could, in the tradition of deliberative bodies, and assigned the refinement of administration to paid administrators. You created a new scientific body in ADFG to collect information and report to the Boards on the identification of subsistence uses and users.

What is interesting in the law that you wrote was that you did not copy the language in Title 8 of ANILCA. You did not talk about "rural" people. You intended, if I understand it, to protect subsistence in Alaska wherever it appeared. That seems very enlightened to me. Was the federal government wrong, then, in putting "rural" and "Native" into ANILCA? Not at all. They had very good reason to use "rural" because, for practical purposes, federal lands were in "rural" areas and they intended subsistence hunting on those lands to be restricted to nearby rural communities and their residents. This was a practical decision, based on geography, not a matter of ideology.

Why, then, is the state law different? Because state fish and game management governs all Alaska lands, waters, and communities, both urban and rural. As in many other cases, federal management is both more restrictive than state law and is still consistent with it. There is no tension between federal and state laws on subsistence as long as the state does not violate these tighter federal restriction on federal lands. In reviewing the very poor administrative regulations which were to implement your law, the Alaska courts gave an interpretation, by inference, of what the Alaska law meant and, thereby, they placed the state in nonconformance with federal law. The problem, however, is not with the law but with the terrible regulations.

Why should the state law not restrict subsistence to rural communities? In the past fifty years, major urban areas have arisen in the state, particularly in Cook Inlet, hiding from view the small villages that they overwhelmed. The villages, or subcommunities, still remained and still relied upon subsistence. You told the Subsistence Division, in the law, to identify all subsistence and recommend regulations to protect all subsistence. While this was a difficult task, it was clearly not impossible. Recognizing and protecting subsistence use, in this case fishing, by villages-within-urban-settings did not upset the existing federal policy because the fishing did not occur on federal lands. In addition, recognizing and protecting subsistence hunting did not violate federal policy because the federal government had already identified and limited those who could enter federal lands for that purpose.

What are the long-term implications of your endorsing the administration's additional concepts by incorporating them into law? As the original author of those famous implementing criteria, with the one exception of "rural residency," I think that the other criteria fall clearly within the definitional tasks within the law that you assigned to the Subsistence Division and, by inference, to the powers of Boards. The sole requirement of these criteria is that, when they

discriminate among people as they must, the discrimination be necessary, minimal, and based on sound facts and sound reasoning. The court, as I read it, found the "rural" distinction meeting none of these criteria and thereby being arbitrary in the extreme. I absolutely agree with the court, both in philosophy and the reading of the facts.

I do not agree that, by inference or implication, all Alaskans, while hunting or fishing for personal as distinct from commercial use, are considered to be engaged in subsistence. The definitional tasks assigned to the Subsistence Division clearly suggest the desire and need for greater definition. What we need are better regulations which regulate according to necessity, not laws which discriminate without necessity.

Restricting subsistence to a "rural" reality will result in two effects. It will immediately eliminate, by law, the intended protections to be accorded to a significant portion of subsistence adjacent to "urban" areas. It will also endanger the continuation of subsistence for those communities throughout the state (e.g., Nome, Kotzebue, Bethel) which, due to population growth, later become defined by the state as "urban." These are inevitable consequences of the "rural" distinction.

When the Legislature passed the subsistence law, what events did it expect to take place? First, it expected that the Subsistence Division would collect information and report to the Boards on all existing uses and users. Then, because subsistence occurred throughout the state and was affected or unaccounted for by the very complex set of fishing and hunting regulations, the Boards would begin the arduous process of implementing the subsistence law through regulation reform and revision. Not a pleasant or easy task, but clearly the responsibility of the Boards.

There were two ways to concurrently implement the law into regulation and avoid the press of lawsuits. The first way was to create a sunset schedule for all regulations. For years, regulations had been growing at an exponential rate. Regulations, once adopted, were reviewed for equity and effectiveness only when brought to the Boards' attention by ADFG or the public. The Boards knew that scheduled sunset of all regulations (say, by review of 1/4 of all regulations each year for four years) would 1) remove or amend poor regulations and 2) simultaneously implement the subsistence law. In the process, the permit hunts would have been revised at a matter of course, not through lawsuit. Such a sunset schedule was never established or accomplished.

The second way to implement the law was to act swiftly on particularly nasty subsistence matters, such as Cook Inlet and Copper River. After all, once the major urban-rural issues were resolved with fairness, the remaining conflicts in more remote areas could be handled in a more routine fashion. Because the sunset schedule was never established, the problems of permit hunts were not discovered until they had reached crisis proportions for both the hunters and, immediately thereafter, the courts which had become impatient with a long series of failures by the Boards to faithfully execute the subsistence law.

The lack of implementation of your law by the Boards and the subsequent implementation by the courts have resulted in the current "crisis". Crisis often results in crazy, unworkable, and short-sighted solutions. People in crisis lose sight of their goal and rush around like the proverbial chicken with its head cut

off. In this case, though, the chicken is passing a spate of incoherent and probably unworkable regulations and designating "subsistence species," "subsistence zones," "subsistence permits," "subsistence eligibility requirements" (as if ADFG were a social service agency), and so on.

Where did all this administrative garbage come from? And was it required to protect subsistence? I don't think so. The intent of the subsistence law was not to divide up geography, resources, or people but to recognize and protect subsistence through sensitive regulation. It is one thing for ADFG to publicly acknowledge that the harvestable surplus of certain resources in certain areas at certain times is fully utilized by local subsistence users without designating those resources as permanently and totally "subsistence resources." Such a designation is neither socially acceptable nor literally true.

If the true test of the subsistence law is its success in resolving issues near urban areas, has the law been totally unsuccessful? Not at all. The first test of the law was in solving the long-standing and very unpleasant Copper River salmon management conflict among dipnetters, fishwheelers, and commercial fishermen. The local fisheries biologist, the Subsistence Division, and the Department of Law combined their efforts and interests to present a biologically, socially, and politically sound management plan which accounted for subsistence use, differences in residency and income, and the vital interests of all user groups. The Board adopted the plan which, I understand, is still being implemented successfully.

I had anticipated that, in 1980, the Board would adopt a similar plan for the outrageously out-of-compliance Cook Inlet Salmon Management Plan, adopted, I believe, in 1976 or 1977. This plan did not even acknowledge the existence of subsistence anywhere in Cook Inlet, including the small, non road-connected villages of English Bay, Port Graham, or Tyonek, to say nothing of smaller road-connected villages and sub-communities on the East Side. Indeed, the Board was flirting with the idea of simply defining subsistence use out of Cook Inlet by regulation and/or policy.

In any event, efforts to provide for subsistence use in Cook Inlet were accomplished not by Board action, but by court intervention when the courts found that Board actions conformed neither to the subsistence law nor the Administrative Procedures Act which governs all of Alaska's administrative bodies. Court action increased the pressure on the Board to adopt a comprehensive management plan which implemented the subsistence law. Such a plan would not have to operate on the same grounds as Board actions in the Copper River case or the Tanana River case, each of which operated according to different principles. Since the organization of vital interests and the history of each place are always different, it is conceivable that no two plans will operate the same way. They do not have to, as long as they meet basic legal requirements.

In trying to solve the Cook Inlet problem, the Subsistence Division, before it was gavelled silent by the Chairman of the Board of Fisheries, suggested eight science-based criteria for the recognition of subsistence by the Board. These were substantially adopted. The criteria clearly established the traditional subsistence use by non-road-connected villages. The Division said that it lacked full documentation of subsistence use by road-connected villages, subcommunities within Homer and Kenai, and even some residents of the greater Anchorage area; it noted that some time and great energy would be required to develop this information base. It suggested that the Board might wish to treat this problem as

a special case and be quite liberal about what it meant by "traditional" in Cook Inlet, due to the rapid growth in resident populations. It suggested that creating a "closed class" of subsistence users, limited to Alaska Native people, poor people, or residents of non-road-connected areas would be unnecessary, inappropriate, unfair, and without a factual basis.

We suggested that, using very liberal guidelines for Cook Inlet fisheries only, the Board include a large number of persons with a specific historical use of certain fisheries as within a traditional subsistence use. These persons would then be protected under subsistence regulations for fishing from that point in time onward. In order to not create a closed class and discriminate against new residents, we suggested the creation of a new "personal use" fishery, parallel to the subsistence fishery and open to all Alaskans. Those Alaskans who, over time, regularly used that fishery, would, at some point in time designated by the Board, be included in the subsistence fishery. This system would guarantee that those in the subsistence category would be clearly defined and protected - that the growth in that fishery would not be unrestrained to the detriment of the vital interests of commercial and recreational users, that the subsistence user group would not be a closed class, and that litigation would be fairly unlikely.

The Board, for its own reasons (which I found quite suspect, in light of the concurrent political drive to repeal the subsistence law entirely), rejected that system in favor of the elimination of urban users entirely through the baseless and obviously discriminatory "rural" restriction. What resulted was the Madison decision, the rejection of the criteria, and the understanding that, until better regulations were devised to implement the law, all Alaskans were to be considered subsistence users. That means that, rather than true definitions of subsistence identifying uses and users, the state is left with geographic and poverty guidelines.

How your subsistence law became a game like Dungeons and Dragons is a small tragedy in state government. Those who were victimized in the process were subsistence people, the Alaska State Legislature, and those who trust that the regulatory agencies of government will be fair, sensitive, and impartial in their actions. However, while I found in 1980 that the enemies of subsistence in and out of government had a certain negative influence on events, right now I am more troubled by the recommendations of the friends of subsistence, that you damage some subsistence use in order to save the rest. How can the law which was to protect subsistence now become the major legal vehicle for its damage? With those kinds of suggestions, subsistence does not need enemies.

By now, if you have been patient with me, you will see that I do not see the necessity or utility of rewriting the law to limit subsistence to "rural" people. Instead, were the State Constitution to allow it, I would search for language to further describe, as Nels Anderson had intended to do through intent language, who were to be the beneficiaries of this law. On the whole, I would not amend the law in any way at this time.

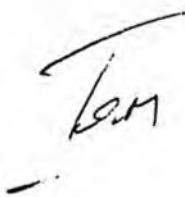
What I would do is return to the regulatory agencies and insist that they find the investigatory and regulatory means to recognize and support traditional subsistence wherever and however it has manifested itself in Alaska. That is their job; it is not their job to oppose subsistence, to arbitrarily limit it, to redefine it, to regulate the heart out of it with elaborate administrative procedures and requirements, or to write their own new legislation. I would also

request some counsel from the State Supreme Court about an acceptable schedule for sunseting and revising regulations and thus avoiding regulation by lawsuit.

I continue to trust that the state will find a means to protect its own independence of action in meeting the important needs of its residents and not simply write laws to satisfy exclusively federal interests. If I can be of any assistance to you, your committee, or the Resources Committee, on this matter, please do not hesitate to let me know. I am totally at your disposal.

Best of luck.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to be the name "Tom". The signature is written in a cursive style with a long horizontal stroke at the top that loops back down to the start of the name.

MAR 4

1986 Bruce Campbell, Pres.
Box 82245
Fairbanks, AK 99708



Senator Arliss Stungulewski
Chairman, Resources Comm.
Box U
Juneau, Ak 99811

Tanana Valley Sportsmen's
Rifle & Pistol Club

Dear Arliss,

I would like to stress the importance of need as the
final preference criteria ^{to be added to} your subsistence bill.
Should a wildlife resource require protection, then
AS 16.05.330(c) must go one step further to
give the Board of Fish & Board of Game authority to
further restrict the user group to those who
qualify on a need basis.

I would ~~use~~ ^{establish} this final need basis in a
manner similar to the present 25¢ hunting & fishing
license, without any reference to foodstamps or welfare.
We are not interested in turning our wildlife resources into
foodstamp species.

Once a person qualifies for the need based subsistence
preference, this permit, or license, etc. could be transferred
to another hunter just as a blind person can presently
assign someone to hunt for him. This is traditionally
done in many native communities.

Need is an important limiter, it is objected to by
those who are looking for the largest possible constituency
for their rural power base.

Sincerely Yours
Bruce Campbell

* DELIVER TO: JPOH *
* ORIGINAL *
* SENT: 03/05/86 TIME: 11:01 *
* FROM: MICKI HENSON *
* SUBJECT: POM *
* PRINT DATE: 03/05/86 TIME: 11:01 *

TO: SENATOR STURGULEWSKI

FROM: RICHARD VAUGHN, 1251 FRIENDLY LANE #3
ANCHORAGE, AK. 99504 PHONE: 333-2643

288- SUBSISTENCE

WHAT WE NEED INCLUDED IN THIS BILL IS TARGET STOCKS OF GAME SPECIES THROUGHOUT THE STATE FOR PURPOSES OTHER THAN SUBSISTENCE.

* ORIGINAL
* SENT: 03/06/86 TIME: 09:02
* FROM: HARRY MANDREGAN
* SUBJECT: POM
* PRINT DATE: 03/06/86 TIME: 09:21
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TO: SENATE RESOURCES

SENS: STURGULEWSKI, FAHRENKAMP, ELIASON, ZHAROFF, HALFORD,
COGHILL, V. FISCHER

FROM: KEITH REED (M) 688-2527
SR-1 BOX 2430 (M) 243-3737
CHUGACH, ALASKA 99567

SUBJECT: HB 288 - SUBSISTENCE

TO TARGET SPECIFIC FISH AND GAME STOCKS AS NOT SUBSISTENCE, SO
LONG AS NOT TO EFFECT SUBSISTENCE ON THE WHOLE IN THE STATE OF
ALASKA.

* SUBJECT: POM
* PRINT DATE: 03/06/86 TIME: 16:52
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TO: SENATE RESOURCES

SENS: STURGULEWSKI, FAHRENKAMP, ELIASON, ZHAROFF, HALFORD,
COGHILL, V. FISCHER

FROM: RON MCALPIN, 8341 E. 11TH COURT, ANCHORAGE, AK 99504
333-1451

SUBJECT: SUBSISTENCE

ALL MEMBER CLUBS POLLED AT TODAYS MEETING OF THE ALASKAN OUTDOOR
COUNCIL, SOUTHCENTRAL REGION, WERE UNANIMOUS IN THEIR OPPOSITION
TO THE WORD "RURAL" FOR ANY GEOGRAPHY PRIORITY IN ANY SUBSISTENCE
BILL.

* SENT: 03/06/86 TIME: 09:19
* FROM: HARRY MANDREGAN
* SUBJECT: POM
* PRINT DATE: 03/06/86 TIME: 09:19
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TO: SENATOR ARLIS STURGELUSKI
POUCH V
JUNEAU, ALASKA 99811

MARCH 3, 1986

MAR 6

1986

SUBJECT: SUBSISTANCE BILL TESTIMONY

DEAR SENATOR,

I HAD THE OPPORTUNITY TO GIVE TESTIMONY ON THE TELECONFERENCE ON FEB. 26TH, AND DURING THAT TESTIMONY I MENTIONED A LETTER FROM LT. GOVERNOR MCALPINE THAT HAS BEEN RECEIVED BY MANY KOTZEBUE RESIDENTS. I HAVE ATTACHED A COPY OF THAT LETTER AND THE "OFFICIAL USE" ENVELOPE IT ARRIVED IN. TO ME THIS LETTER UNDERSCORES THE EFFORTS LAWMAKERS HAVE WORKED TOWARDS TO TAKE THE ETHNIC ISSUE OUT OF THE SUBSISTANCE PRIORITY BILL. THIS FORM OF DEVISIVENESS COMING FROM SUCH A HIGH OFFICE OF THE STATE AND PAID FOR BY THE PEOPLE OF THIS STATE IS UNEXCUSABLE AND SHOULD BE EXPOSED FOR WHAT IT IS; A BLATANT MISS USE OF POLITICAL OFFICE AND STATE FUNDS.

NOW ON TO THE BILL ITSELF. SEVERAL YEARS AGO THE FEDERAL GOVT. AND POLITICIANS BROUGHT THE SUBSISTANCE ISSUE TO THE FOREFRONT. SINCE THAT TIME OUR FISH AND GAME RESOURCES HAVE BEEN CONTROLLED BY POLITICAL WHIMS INSTEAD OF PROPPER GAME MANAGEMENT. THE STATE BOARDS OF FISH AND GAME USED TO BE HELD BY PEOPLE FROM ALL CUTS OF LIFE WITH YEARS OF RESOURCE KNOWLEDGE TO GOVERN THEIR DECISIONS. NOW SOME ARE HELD BY POLITICAL APPOINTEES REPRESENTING SPECIAL INTEREST GROUPS AND THEIR NARROW MINDEDNESS RAISES HAVOC WITH THE BOARDS PROCESS AND ABILITY TO MAKE PROPPER DECISIONS. SUBSISTANCE IN RURAL ALASKA HAS BEEN MISCONSTRUED AS A FORM OF LAWLESSNESS. BECAUSE OF POLITICAL RHETORIC AND THE TRACK RECORD OF THE STATE TO PROSECUTE POACHERS WHEN THEY CRY SUBSISTANCE, PEOPLE BELIEVE THEY HAVE THE RIGHT TO HUNT ANYTHING, ANYPLACE, ANYTIME. THE RESOURCES CANNOT WITHSTAND THAT TYPE OF ATTITUDE VERY LONG. TODAY WE HAVE AIRPLANES, SNOWMACHINES, HIGH SPEED BOATS, JET BOATS, GILL NETS AND SEINE NETS AND SO ON THAT WE DID'NT HAVE 20 YEARS AGO. THE IMPACT OF THESE METHODS AND MEANS HAVE TO BE RECOGNIZED WHEN WE ARE TALKING OF MODERN DAY RESOURCE MANAGEMENT. THE CARIBOU CANNOT SIMPLY RUN OVER THE NEXT HILL TO SAFETY ANY LONGER.

I BELIEVE BILL 288 OFFERS PROTECTION OF THE FISH AND GAME STALKS BY RECOGNIZING THE MANAGABLE SURPLUS OF EACH SPECIES BY AREA. AND I LIKE THE "NO DEFENCE" CLAUSE REFERRING TO POACHERS CLAIMING SUBSISTANCE AS A DEFENCE. HOWEVER, I BELIEVE, THE WORDING IN DEFINING WHO SHOULD BE A SUBSISTANCE USER DOES NOT GO FAR ENOUGH. I DON'T SEE HOW ANYONE CAN CLASSIFY GROUPS OF PEOPLE OR AREAS OF THE STATE AS HAVING AN ACROSS THE BOARD PRIORITY TO THE RESOURCES. I BELIEVE THE PRIORITY SHOULD BE RESERVED FOR THOSE FEW PEOPLE WHO LIVE ENTIELY OFF THE LAND, OUTSIDE THE CASH ECONOMY. AND THIS SHOULD BE EMPLEMENTED ONLY IN TIMES OF GAME SHORTAGES. TO THE REST OF US, SPORT AND PERSONAL USE ALIKE, WE CAN STILL STAY CLOSE TO THE HUNTING AND FISHING HERITAGE WE WERE RAISED INTO THROUGH THE SEASONS AND BAG LIMITS PROVIDED FOR IN THE STATE REGS AND STILL PROVIDE MOST OF THE RESOURCE NECESSITIES WE REQUIRE.

IN LISTENING TO THE OTHER TESTIMONY FROM THE CORPERATION GROUPS DURING THE TELECONFERNCE I AGAIN SINCE THE FORM OF LAWLESSNESS I MENTIONED BEFORE WHEN THEIR TESTIMONY HINGED ON THE DELETION OF THE NO DEFENCE CLAUSE AND THE DELETION OF THE PERMITS AND REPORTING PROCEDURES. IT SEEMS SEEMS THESE PEOPLE WANT A BLANKET PRIORITY BUT THEY DO NOT WANT TO BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THEIR TAKE OR HELPING WITH REPORTING PROCEDURES GOVERNING THE QUANTITY OF TAKE.

THANK YOU FOR YOUR TIME AND CONSIDERATION IN THIS MATTER AND I WISH YOU AND YOUR COMMITTEE THE BEST OF LUCK ON THIS VERY DIFFICULT ISSUE. ALSO, I HAVE ATTACHED ANOTHER LETTER ONE OF MY FELLOW WORKERS SENT TO MR. MCALPINE REGARDING THE LETTER HE RECEIVED FROM HIM.

RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED,



DWIGHT KRAMER
BOX 1145
KOTZEBUE, AK. 99752



STEPHEN McALPINE
LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR

STATE OF ALASKA

POUCH AA
JUNEAU 99811
(907) 465-3520

February 13, 1986

Richard and Judy Spartz
PO Box 42
Kotzebue, AK 99752

Dear Richard and Judy:

Many of us believed that the question of subsistence rights in rural Alaska was settled with the election of 1982. Since that time, a Supreme Court opinion has opened the question again. Today, a bill is locked up in the Alaska Senate which would again insure subsistence priority for rural Alaskans. I am writing to urge your assistance in helping pass this important law.

The question of subsistence priority is more than one of access to our state's fish and game. It is a question of our state's responsibility to assist in maintaining cultural distinctions which predate most Alaskan's arrival here by thousands of years. It is the responsibility of all of us to protect the rights of Alaskans who depend on fish and game for their daily food and to insure that they have priority access to this food source.

You can assist me in the passage of this legislation by writing letters and sending public opinion messages (they are free of charge) to members of the Alaska State Senate. With your assistance, we can again insure that the subsistence rights of our fellow Alaskans are protected.

Warmest regards

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "Acl".

Stephen McAlpine
Lieutenant Governor