

ALASKA LEGISLATURE COMMITTEE FILES 1985-1986 86/2

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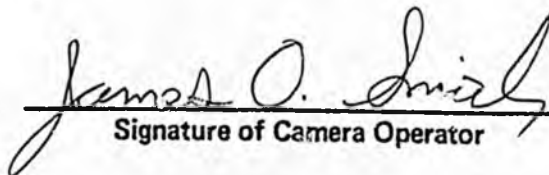
HB 647

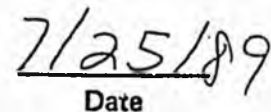


RECORDS CERTIFICATION



I, the undersigned, an employee of the State of Alaska, do hereby certify that the microfilm images on this microform are accurate reproductions of the original records of the State of Alaska as accumulated during the regular course of business, and that it is the established policy and practice of this State to microfilm its records and to dispose of the original records after microfilm reproductions have been made.


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Date

HB

647

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HB 647

Page 4, line 15; after the word "may" insert "shall"

Page 4 line, 15 delete the word "complete"

Page 4 line 26; after the word "made" insert "readily"

Page 4, line 26; after the word "copying" delete "at reasonable times"

ADOPTED RESOLUTIONS OF ASMA HAINES, ALASKA - 1985

Adopted By the Alaska State Medical Association
House of Delegates at Its Annual Meeting in
Haines, Alaska June 7, 1985

Resolution No. 85-1

Subject: Salute to Joseph Rude, M.D.

Whereas, Dr. Joseph Rude has recently celebrated his 90th birthday, and has also marked a milestone of 56 years of the practice of medicine in Alaska; and

Whereas, Joe Rude has enjoyed 64 years of devoted marriage to Amy, and this union has produced 4 children and 11 grandchildren, and 5 great-grandchildren; and

Whereas, "Doc" Rude has been an extremely active member of a wide variety of community groups, having been on the Board of his Lutheran Church for numerous years, been active in the Boy Scout movement for 50 years, and the Salvation Army Board for 40 years, a charter member of the Juneau Lions Club, and a member of the school boards in both Petersburg and Juneau; and

Whereas, in addition to the practice of medicine in Alaska, Dr. Rude has served the missions of the Lutheran Church; and

Whereas, "Doc" continues to be an active skier at Eaglecrest, continues to bag moose each year up the Taku River, and until recently, captained the "Doughboy" on numerous cruises; therefore be it

Resolved, that the Alaska State Medical Association salutes Dr. Rude on his many milestones; and be it further

Resolved, that the Alaska State Medical Association wishes him well and Godspeed with his continuing activities; and be it yet further

Resolved, that the rest of us will try to do better.

Resolution No. 85-3

Subject: Use of Pesticides

Whereas, some pesticides are highly toxic to humans and other non-target organisms, and

Whereas, the inappropriate use of some pesticides may endanger the public health, and

Whereas, present State regulations

- have not been revised in ten years,
- contain no guidelines for application of unrestricted pesticides,
- are silent regarding qualifications for commercial operators,
- are not specific regarding authority for search and seizure,
- provide no authority to ban specific compounds from use in Alaska,
- do not require registration of pesticides used in Alaska,
- directions for use on labels, therefore be it

Resolved, that the Alaska State Medical Association urges the Governor to appoint a task force to include representatives from the Alaska State Medical Association, Department of Environmental Conservation, Department of Health and Social Services, Municipal Health Departments, and other appropriate groups and agencies to review and, if necessary, to develop new regulations regarding the application of pesticides in urban and rural settings.

Resolution No. 85-4

Subject: Community Right-To-Know

Whereas, hundreds of thousands of gallons of hazardous substances are released into Alaskan Air, lands and water by hundreds of documented industrial and transportation accidents each year (1); and

Whereas, residents and entire communities may be exposed to these accidentally released hazardous substances and physical agents as a result of industrial and transportation accidental release of hazardous substances or physical agents; and

Whereas, the public health can be best served by a preventative approach whereby members of the general community, emergency responders, and health care providers have adequate information regarding the existence and identity of hazardous substances and physical agents in their communities; and

Whereas, several states and municipalities have adopted or are considering for adoption community right-to-know legislation including New Jersey, Cincinnati, San Diego, New York, Connecticut, and Massachusetts (2); Therefore be it

Resolved, that the Alaska State Medical Association supports the establishment of statewide and local community right-to-know legislation with at least the following elements:

- a. Mandatory reporting by employers in the form of a standard material safety data sheet (MSDS) to a public agency such as the health department or fire department of all toxic material physical agents which may be stored, manufactured, utilized, produced as a by product, transported to or from, or otherwise found at any time on the property or right of way of any enterprise or site; and
- b. Full access by the general public, health care providers, and emergency responders to this public information; and
- c. An associated educational program for employers, the general public health care providers, emergency responders, and public health professionals and officials; and
- d. Sufficient funding for the legislation to be fully effective.

(1) Based on data provided the Alaska Health Project by the Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation.

(2) Worobec, MR, et al., Chemical Right-To-Know Requirements: Federal and State Laws and Regulations - A Status Report. Bureau of National Affairs: Washington, D.C., 1984.

Resolution No. 85-6

Subject: Three Wheelers and Similar All Terrain Vehicles

Whereas, the use of three-wheeler, all-terrain vehicles by children and adults has contributed to unnecessary deaths and injuries in the State of Alaska; and

Whereas, the medical cost of 538 injuries over a period of two years exceeded \$1.6 million dollars and the cost of institutional care for those 6 brain damaged Alaskans injured in all-terrain vehicle accidents will exceed \$11.5 million if they live to age 65; and

Whereas, measures such as educational safety programs and mandatory helmet requirements have reduced injuries associated with bicycles, motorcycles, and snowmobiles; and

Whereas, Alaska has documented some of the most serious problems among all the states on this subject; therefore be it

Resolved, that the Alaska State Medical Association

urges the passage of legislation:

- (1) To require helmet use by all operators of ATV's and
- (2) To require ATV registration, and
- (3) To require successful completion of a mandatory safe driving course for all ATV drivers 16 years of age and younger, and be it further

Resolved, that the Alaska State Medical Association urges the Department of Health and Social Services to commit additional funds and professional positions to increase its efforts to investigate and prevent injuries in Alaska.

Resolution No. 85-9

Subject: Consulting Corporation

Resolved, that the Alaska State Medical Association further investigate the formation of a Consulting Corporation for broadly defined services to the business community and the professional community and the public at large, and "with specific recommendations reported to the winter council meeting."

Resolution No. 85-11

Subject: Dues Discount

Resolved, that the Alaska State Medical Association reduce an active member's dues by \$50 if dues are received by the office before January 1 of each year; and be it further

Resolved, that Alaska State Medical Association reduce an associate member's dues by \$25 if dues are received by the office before January 1 of each year.

Resolution No. 85-13

Subject: Extension of medicare Fee Freeze Regulations

Whereas, the medicare Fee Freeze was instituted in the face of voluntary action already being done by the AMA and physicians, and

Whereas, such federal regulations interfere with the proper patient-physician relationship; therefore be it

Resolved, that the Alaska State Medical Association oppose Health Care Financing Administration regulations which label as fraud physician benevolence to needy medicare patients; and be it further

Resolved that the Alaska State Medical Association opposes the extension to the Medicare Fee Freeze regulations as a threat to the availability of medical

House Research
April 1985

Source: Evaluation of Collection, Treatment, and Disposal Alternatives for Hazardous Wastes for the State of Alaska, JRB Associates, September 1982



Figure 2 - FACILITY LOCATION OF KNOWN GENERATORS OF HAZARDOUS WASTES IN ALASKA

Representative Davis
April 24, 1985
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Quantities of Hazardous Wastes

The EPA study estimated that 350 to 400 tons of hazardous wastes were generated annually in Alaska. It estimated that there were 25 to 40 industrial and commercial facilities which generate more than 2,200 pounds per month. The study estimated that 58 percent of these wastes were solvents, 18 percent were petroleum sludges, 18 percent were acids and corrosives, and 6 percent were other sludges and solids. According to the study, the military accounts for 65 percent of these wastes.⁴

A report recently prepared for the city of Anchorage estimates that the amount of hazardous wastes disposed of statewide each year is 154 tons.⁵ Corrosives and petroleum wastes accounted for approximately 54 percent and 46 percent of the total, respectively. Solvents accounted for less than one percent of the total.

Another indication of the quantities of hazardous wastes generated each year is provided by the results of the spring cleanup sponsored by the Department of Environmental Conservation (DEC). Under this program, the State pays to ship wastes which are generated by households and businesses out of the state. During the 1983 cleanup, 1,059 pounds of corrosives, 2,852 pounds of flammables and 3,352 pounds of poisons were collected in Anchorage alone.⁶ According to Marilyn Heiman, of the Alaska Center for the Environment, 61,000 pounds of wastes were collected statewide during the 1984 clean up.

Attachment 3 contains information on the quantities of different types of hazardous wastes generated in Alaska.

Location

According to the EPA study, the majority of Alaska's hazardous wastes are generated in the Matanuska and Tanana Valleys. Sources which generate more than 220 pounds per month are all in the vicinity of Anchorage, Kenai, Fairbanks or Prudhoe Bay. Elmendorf and Eielson Air Force Bases and Fort Richardson and Fort Wainright account for 60 percent of

⁴Ibid., p. 48.

⁵Hazardous Waste Management Plan Elements 1, 2, & 3, CH2M Hill, March 1984, p. 2-18.

⁶Ibid., p. 2-7.

Representative Davis
April 24, 1985
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the statewide production.⁷ The first table presented in Attachment B also lists the location of hazardous waste generators throughout the state. Attachment C contains a figure which further illustrates the distribution of hazardous waste generators in Alaska.

Current Disposal Practices

Until recently, the disposal of hazardous wastes was regulated only for generators who produced more than 2,200 pounds of wastes per month. The EPA study concluded that while this regulated waste was shipped to Arlington, Oregon, the majority of hazardous wastes generated in Alaska were stored or disposed on-site, or disposed of in local landfills, sewers or incinerators. The study notes that reliable figures were unavailable, but estimates that only 20 percent of the 173 tons of nonsolvent wastes were shipped out, while most of the solvents were disposed of in Alaska.⁸ Attachment D illustrates the major disposal method for several types of waste.

The DEC recently completed an assessment of 45 potential hazardous waste disposal sites. This assessment provides further examples of disposal practices in recent years. Attachment E contains a summary of the study's findings and the detailed reports from the three sites which the study identified as having the greatest need for further action.

LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Currently, three federal laws influence the management of hazardous wastes in Alaska. The State passed legislation in 1984 which outlines the State's role in hazardous waste management. Regulations to implement these laws must be adopted by July 1, 1986. Federal and State laws are examined below.

Federal Laws and Regulations

The Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA). The RCRA has been the primary vehicle for managing hazardous wastes in Alaska since 1980. In November 1984, the RCRA was reauthorized and amended. These changes will alter the management of hazardous wastes in Alaska. The following discussion first examines the current program and then reviews some of the recent changes.

⁷Evaluation of Collection, Treatment, and Disposal Alternatives for hazardous wastes for the State of Alaska, p. 12.

⁸Ibid., p. 17.

TABLE 1. PRIORITY ACTION RANKINGS

None: No further action required	Low: Inspect on a time-available basis	Medium: Inspection required	High: Inspection required immediately
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Commercial Printing Company • Fairbanks Daily News-Miner • The Letter Shop • Diesel Fuel Dump, Kotzebue • Liquid Air, Inc. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fairbanks City Dump, 2nd Ave. • Juneau Landfill • Alaska Battery Enterprises • Alaska Gold • Big Hurrah Gold Mine • Earth Movers of Fairbanks • Fairbanks Sand & Gravel, Inc. • Alaska Electroplating & Bumper Repair, Anchorage • Alaska Husky Battery, Inc. • Pacific Airmotive Corp. • Red Devil Mine Waste Ponds • Tesoro Alaska Petroleum • Chevron USA Alaska • Crowley Environmental Services • Kenai Landfill • M & H Enterprises • Russian Creek/Bell Flats • Rogers & Babler, Inc. • International Airport Landfill • North Pole Refinery 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fairbanks North Star Borough Landfill • Nome City Dump • City Dump, Fort Yukon • Nome Barrel Dump • Sigwon Airstrip Dump • Muktuk Dump • Sand Dune Landfill • Putulligayuk Landfill • ARCO - Prudhoe Bay Site • Muktuk Freightlines • Municipal Utilities System • University of Alaska, Fairbanks • Alaska Railroad, Fairbanks • White Pass/Yukon Railroad • Alaska Pollution Control • Old Kenai Dump • Frontier Tanning 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Old Creosote Plant • Union Oil of California • Alaska Railroad, Anchorage

Table 2 - HAZARDOUS WASTE GENERATOR WASTE TYPES,
MONTHLY QUANTITIES, AND ALASKAN LOCATIONS

(55 gallon drums month)

<u>Facility</u>	<u>City</u>	<u>Solvents</u>	<u>Petro Sludges</u>	<u>Acids/ Caustics</u>	<u>Other Solids</u>
Adak Naval Station	Adak	--	1	--	--
Alaska Husky Battery	Anchorage	--	--	--	1
Alaska Pacing	Anchorage	--	--	--	1
Alaska Railroad	Anchorage	4	--	--	--
Anchorage Regional TSD	Anchorage	2	2	1	1
Clear AFB	Clear	3	--	--	--
Eielson AFB	Salcha	20*	--	--	--
Elmendorf AFB	Anchorage	12	--	13	2
Fairbanks Regional TSD	Fairbanks	1	1	1	1
Fort Greely	Ft. Greely	1	1	--	--
Fort Richardson	Anchorage	8	--	3	--
Fort Wainwright	Fairbanks	9	--	--	1
Frontier Tanning	Anchorage	--	--	--	1
General Electric Co.	Kenai	2	--	--	--
North Pole Refinery	North Pole	2	4	1	--
Phillips Petroleum	Kenai	<u>2</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>--</u>
Statewide Subtotal (with Military)		66	20	20	8
Commercial/Industrial Total (without Military)		13	18	4	5

Monthly Statewide Waste Rate = 114 drums

Monthly Commercial/Industrial Waste Rate = 40 drums

*Includes 10,353 drums of waste from the State of Alaska, JRB Associates, September 1982
Source: Evaluation of Collection, Treatment, and Disposal Alternatives
for Hazardous Wastes for the State of Alaska, JRB Associates, September
1982

generators, transporters, and treatment, storage, and disposal facilities in Anchorage as of January 1984 are listed in Table 2-5.

Table 2-4
HAZARDOUS WASTE GENERATION IN ALASKA
(PER 1981 ANNUAL REPORTS)

<u>Waste Type</u>	<u>Major Source</u>	<u>Volume/Year (lbs)</u>
Corrosives	Chemical Company (neutralized onsite)	166,013,000
PCB's	Military	132,000
Pesticides	Military	40,000
Petroleum Wastes	Oil Companies (deep-well injected)	141,430,000
Plating Wastes	Military	1,000
Reactive Wastes	Military	30
Solvent Wastes	Military	<u>70,700</u>
Total		307,700,000

Source: Ref. 2-8

^aThe EPA does not have these data compiled by City in Alaska. Volumes generated in Anchorage cannot be determined without reviewing raw data.

Source: Hazardous Waste Management Plan Elements 1, 2, & 3, CH2M Hill,
March 1984

Table S-1
 VOLUMES OF HAZARDOUS WASTE DISPOSAL

Waste Stream	Volume Disposed Per Year (gallons)		Volume in Storage For Disposal (gallons)	
Adhesives/resins/pigments	455	to 1,625	361	to 540
Asbestos	338	to 635	117	to 216
Automobile wastes	17,580	to 25,419	8,007	to 17,511
Corrosives	1,731	to 3,612	577	to 1,009
Developers/fixers	2,734	to 5,677	184	to 643
Explosives	2	to 11	3	to 12
Fertilizer	24	to 222	3	to 3
Household cleaners	3,501	to 6,651	234	to 819
Laboratory/hospital chemicals	56	to 497	23	to 140
Paint waste/thinners	1,359	to 6,165	714	to 2,127
PCB's	312	to 420	301	to 310
Pesticides	32	to 239	126	to 324
Other non-listed wastes	1,351	to 1,756	354	to 741
Preservatives	5	to 32	4	to 4
Solvents/cleaners	5,001	to 11,940	2,254	to 4,864
Miscellaneous oxidizers	15	to 114	3	to 12
Miscellaneous reactives	12	to 111	3	to 12
Miscellaneous toxics	21	to 210	1	to 10
Empty containers	<u>1,901</u>	to <u>4,295</u>	<u>587</u>	to <u>1,145</u>
Total Waste Volume	36,430	to 69,631	13,856	to 30,442

Source: Hazardous Waste Management Plan Elements 1, 2, & 3, CH2M Hill,
 March 1984

Table 2-2
 NUMBER AND VOLUME OF DRUMS USED FOR
 SHIPMENT OF EACH TYPE OF HAZARDOUS WASTE COLLECTED
 DURING 1983 SPRING CLEANUP WEEK
 (Anchorage Only)

No. of Drums	Size of Drums (gal)	<u>Category of Waste for Shipment</u>
1	85	Hazardous waste liquid ^a
6	55	Hazardous waste liquid ^a
1	55	PCB
1	85	Poisonous liquid ^a
20	55	Poisonous liquid ^a
1	35	Poisonous liquid ^a
1	20	Poisonous liquid ^a
1	55	Asbestos
15	85	Flammable liquid ^a
39	55	Flammable liquid ^a
1	85	Compound thinning liquid (flammable)
3	55	Compound thinning liquid (flammable)
3	30	Compound thinning liquid (flammable)
1	85	III Trichloroethane
3	55	III Trichloroethane
3	85	Corrosive liquid
11	85	Corrosive liquid
2	55	Corrosive solid
3	55	Dinitrophenol Solution (Poison B)
1	55	Toxaphene
12	55	Poisonous solid ^a

^aNot otherwise specified.

Source: Hazardous Waste Management Plan Elements 1, 2, & 3, CH2M Hill
 March 1984

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L.S. - SIXTYEVEN STATUS LISTING

REPORT OPTIONS: EXTERNAL REPORT
LEVEL: REG 10
SELECTION: INTEGRATED
SEQUENCE: REGION, STATE, SITE NAME
EVENTS: ALL

LEVEL: REG 10
SELECTION: INTEGRATED
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L.R. - SITE/EVENT STATUS LISTING

* Anchorage
* Fairbanks

BED	EPA_ID_NO	SITE NAME STATE CITY COUNTY NAME	STATE ZIP COUNTY CODE	RESP. ISSUE	PRNG. CODE	EVENT TYPE	ACTUAL START DATE	ACTUAL COMPL DATE	* LEVEL LEAD
10	AKD000078902	ALASKA AUTO CARRIERS 1500 SHEP AV ANCHORAGE ANCHORAGE	AK 99501 020		H01	DS1		05/04/11	STATE
10	AKD004904215	ALASKA BATTERY ENTERPRISES 25 MI RICHARDSON HWY FAIRBANKS FAIRBANKS NORTH STAR	AK 99701 090		H01	DS1 PA1	04/09/07	00/06/01 04/09/29	EPA STATE
10	AKD037995404	ALASKA ELECTROPLATING & BUMPER REPAIR 874 E 15TH AV ANCHORAGE ANCHORAGE	AK 99504 020		H01	DS1 PA1	04/09/07	00/07/01 04/09/29	EPA STATE
10	AKD038526620	ALASKA GOLD 1.5 MI W OF HOME BY DRY CREEK NOME NOME	AK 99762 180		H01	DS1 PA1	04/09/07	01/08/01 04/09/28	EPA STATE
10	AKD009246497	ALASKA HUSKY BATTERY, INC. 4540 MOUNTAIN VIEW DR ANCHORAGE ANCHORAGE	AK 99502 020		H01	DS1 PA1 S11	04/09/07 04/12/01	00/06/01 04/09/01 05/01/01	EPA STATE STATE
10	AKD061673430	ALASKA POLLUTION CONTROL SMALLY HILL-KLATT ROAD TAILOFF ANCHORAGE ANCHORAGE	AK 99510 020		H01	DS1 PA1	04/09/07	00/10/01 04/09/10	EPA STATE
10	AKD009252487	ALASKA PULP CORP SAWMILL CR RD SITKA SITKA	AK 99835 220		H01	DS1 PA1 S11	04/08/21 04/08/21	00/06/01 04/08/27 04/09/27	EPA EPA EPA
10	AKD080495519	ARC0 - PRUDHOE BAY SITES NORTH SLOPE PRUDHOE BAY NORTH SLOPE	AK 99740 185		H01	DS1 PA1	05/01/02	00/06/01 05/02/06	EPA STATE

LEVEL 1
SELECTION: INTEGRATED
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L.S. - SITE/EVENT STATUS LISTING

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10	AKD991281262	ARCO SAND DUMPS LANDFILL - STAGING AREA TEAM PISE SEC 26 PRUDHOE BAY NORTH SLOPE	AK 99740 145		H01	DS1 PA1	05/01/02	01/07/01 05/02/21	EPA STATE
10	AKD990724702	WELLS FLATS & RUSSIAN CREEK SUBDIVISIONS WOMAN'S BAY COMMUNITY KODIAK ISLAND (UNINCORP) KODIAK	AK 99615 150		H01	DS1 PA1	04/09/07	03/01/01 04/02/20	EPA STATE
10	AKD990975932	BEHOLP'S ROAD OILING FACILITY END OF WOODBERRY RD CHUGIAK ANCHORAGE	AK 99567 020		H01	DS1 S01	04/06/11	04/04/01 04/07/01	EPA EPA
10	AKD980665095	BIG HUPRAH GOLD MINE NEAR BIG HUPRAH CR SULLY NOME	AK 99790 180		H01	DS1 PA1 S11 S12	04/09/07 00/10/01 00/10/01 00/10/01	00/10/01 04/02/20 00/10/01 00/10/01	EPA STATE EPA STATE
10	AKD009266149	CHEYRON USA ALASKA REF MI 27 1/2 NORTH KENAI RD KENAI KENAI PENINSULA	AK 99611 122	P	H01	DS1 PA1	05/01/02	77/07/01 05/02/13	EPA STATE
10	AKD020244943	COMMERCIAL PRINTING COMPANY 209 W CUSHMAN ST FAIRBANKS FAIRBANKS NORTH STAR	AK 99701 090	N	H01	DS1 PA1	04/09/07	00/06/01 04/02/17	EPA STATE
10	AKD084611219	CROWLEY ENVIRONMENTAL SERV 111 W BOY RD ANCHORAGE ANCHORAGE	AK 99501 020		H01	DS1 PA1	05/01/02	00/09/01 05/02/06	EPA STATE
10	AKD980495535	DIESEL FUEL DUMP ENTIRE CITY - UNDER GROUND KODIAK KODIAK	AK 99752 140		H01	DS1 PA1 S11 S12	05/01/02 00/11/01 00/11/01 00/11/01	00/10/01 05/02/06 00/11/01 00/11/01	EPA STATE EPA STATE

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L.M - SITE/EVENT STATUS LISTING

BEG	EPA_ID_NO	SITE NAME STREET CITY COUNTY STATE	STATE ZIP COUNTY_CODE	RESP. TERM	PROG. CODE	EVENT TYPE	ACTUAL START DATE	ACTUAL COMPL DATE	EVENI_LEAD
10	AKD049983273	EARTH MOVES OF FAIRBANKS 225 AIRBORNA ST FAIRBANKS FAIRBANKS	AK 99701 090		H01	D.1 PA1	84/09/07	80/06/01 84/09/28	EPA STATE
10	AKD980495543	FAIRBANKS CITY DUMP LOWER 2ND AV FAIRBANKS FAIRBANKS NORTH STAR	AK 99701 090		H01	DS1 PA1	84/09/07	80/06/01 84/09/27	EPA STATE
10	AKD010196277	FAIRBANKS DAILY NEWS MINER 209 N CUSHMAN FAIRBANKS FAIRBANKS NORTH STAR	AK 99701 090	N	H01	DS1 PA1	84/09/07	80/06/01 84/09/17	EPA STATE
10	AKD045771235	FAIRBANKS N STARBUROUGH SLF S CUSHMAN ST EXTENSN FAIRBANKS FAIRBANKS NORTH STAR	AK 99707 090		H01	DS1 PA1 S11	84/09/07 80/09/01	80/08/01 84/09/25 80/09/01	EPA STATE EPA
10	AKD009477464	FAIRBANKS SAND & GRAVEL INC 25 MI RICHARDSON HWY FAIRBANKS FAIRBANKS NORTH STAR	AK 99701 090		H01	DS1 PA1 S11	84/09/07 80/06/01	80/06/01 84/09/28 80/06/01	EPA STATE EPA
10	AKD980664882	FIN CREEK FUEL DUMP T2N P19F SEC 9 SAGAVAYIPTOK NORTH SLOPE	AK 99700 185		H01	DS1 S11 S12	81/07/01 81/07/01	81/01/01 81/07/01 81/07/01	EPA EPA STATE
10	AKD980639751	FORT YUKON CITY DUMP FORT YUKON FORT YUKON YUKON COUNTY	AK 99740 290		H01	DS1 PA1	85/01/07	81/06/01 85/07/06	EPA STATE
10	AKD009276619	FRONTIER TANNING KLATT RD E JOHNS RD ANCHORAGE ANCHORAGE	AK 99507 020		H01	DS1 PA1 S11	84/09/07 80/07/01	80/07/01 84/09/26 80/07/01	EPA STATE EPA

LEVEL: REG 10
 SELECTION: INTEGRATED

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L.R - SITE/EVENT STATUS LISTING

BEG	EPA_ID_NO	SITE NAME STREET CITY COUNTY NAME	STATE ZIP COUNTY CODE	RESP. JOB#	PROG. CODE	EVENT TYPE	ACTUAL START DATE	ACTUAL COMPL DATE	EVENT_LEAD
10	AKD980665046 *	INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT ROAD W INTL ARPT RD E MINNESOTA RD ANCHORAGE ANCHORAGE	AK 99502 020		H01	DS1 PA1 S11	84/09/07 80/07/01	80/06/01 84/07/28 80/07/01	EPA STATE EPA
10	AKD980495568	JUNEAU LDFL 5.5 MI GLACIER HWY JUNEAU JUNEAU	AK 99801 110		H01	DS1 PA1	84/09/07	80/06/01 84/07/27	EPA STATE
10	AKD980664924	KENAI LDFL REDHUNT AV KENAI KENAI PENINSULA	AK 99611 122		H01	DS1 PA1	85/01/02	80/09/01 85/02/06	EPA STATE
10	AKD980664866	KENAI, CY OF, OLD CITY DUMP KENAI SPUR HWY KENAI KENAI PENINSULA	AK 99611 122		H01	DS1 PA1 S11	85/01/02 80/08/01	79/11/01 85/02/14 80/08/01	EPA STATE EPA
10	AKD009243718 *	LIQUID AIR INC 6510 ARCTIC SPUR RD ANCHORAGE ANCHORAGE	AK 99501 020		H01	DS1 PA1 S11	85/01/02 80/08/01	80/06/01 85/02/06 80/09/01	EPA STATE EPA
10	AKD009252230	LOUISIANA PACIFIC - KETCHIKAN DIV MI 7.5 N TONGASS HWY KETCHIKAN KETCHIKAN	AK 99901 130		H01	DS1 PA1 S11	84/08/21 84/08/21	80/06/01 84/07/27 84/07/27	EPA EPA EPA
10	AKD980664981 *	M E W ENTERPRISES WYOMING DR ANCHORAGE ANCHORAGE	AK 99503 020		H01	DS1 PA1	84/09/07	80/07/01 84/07/28	EPA STATE
10	AKD980664791	MANNING PT BARREL DUMP 104 P34F SEC 21 BARBER ISLAND NORTH SLOPE	AK 99790 185		H01	DS1 PA1	84/08/21	81/07/01 84/07/27	EPA EPA

LEVEL: REC 10
SELECTION: INTEGRATED
SEQUENCE: REGION, STATE, SITE NAME

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LEVEL: RFG 10
 SELECTION: INTEGRATED
 SEQUENCE: REGION, STATE, SITE NAME
 EVENTS: ALL

U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
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 C E R C L I S

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L.R - SITE/EVENT STATUS LISTING

REG	EPA ID NO.	SITE NAME STREET CITY COUNTY NAME	STATE ZIP COUNTY CODE	RESP. IEB#	PRG. CODE	EVENT TYPE	ACTUAL START DATE	ACTUAL COMPL DATE	EVENI LEAD
10	AKD980495584	MERRILL FIELD SANITARY LDFL 15TH E. DEBARR RD. ANCHORAGE ANCHORAGE	AK 99502 020		1101	DS1 PA1 S11	84/08/21 84/08/21	80/07/01 85/01/02 85/01/02	EPA EPA EPA
10	AKD980495592	MUKLUK DUMP PRUDHOE BAY MUKLUK NORTH SLOPE	AK 99740 105		1101	DS1 PA1 S11 S12	85/01/02 81/07/01 81/07/01	80/04/01 85/02/13 81/07/01 81/07/01	EPA STATE EPA STATE
10	AKD063374227	MUKLUK FREIGHT LINES PRUDHOE BAY MUKLUK NORTH SLOPE	AK 99740 185		1101	DS1 PA1	85/01/02	80/07/01 85/02/14	EPA STATE
10	AKD980495600	MUNICIPAL UTILITY SERVICE 2ND AV FAIRBANKS FAIRBANKS NORTH STAR	AK 99701 090		1101	DS1 PA1	84/09/07	80/09/01 84/09/28	EPA STATE
10	AKD980664692	NOME RAPPEL DUMP LEE'S CAMP-NOME SOLOMON RD NOME NOME	AK 99762 180		1101	DS1 PA1	84/09/07	81/06/01 84/09/28	EPA STATE
10	AKD980722540	NOME, CY OF, DUMP 3 MI N OF NOME NOME NOME	AK 99762 180		1101	DS1 PA1	84/09/07	81/08/01 84/07/28	EPA STATE
10	AKD000850701	NORTH POLE REFINING .75 RICHARDSON HWY NORTH POLE FAIRBANKS NORTH STAR	AK 99705 090		1101	DS1 PA1 S11 S12	84/09/07 80/08/01 80/08/01	77/11/01 84/09/28 80/09/01 80/08/01	EPA STATE EPA STATE
10	AKD980664635	OLD COPRODOTE PLANT WHITTIER WHITTIER VALDEZ-CORROVA	AK 99693 261		1101	DS1 PA1	85/01/02	81/04/01 85/02/06	EPA STATE

LEVEL: REG 10
 SELECTION: INTEGRATED
 SEQUENCE: REGION, STATE, SITE NAME

U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
 OFFICE OF EMERGENCY AND REMEDIAL RESPONSE
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LEVEL: PFC 10
 SELECTION: INTEGRATED
 SEQUENCE: REGION, STATE, SITE NAME
 EVENTS: ALL

U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
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L.B - SITE/EVENT STATUS LISTING

BEG	REF ID	SITE NAME STREET CITY COUNTY NAME	STATE ZIP COUNTY CODE	RESP. IEBDA	PROG. CODE	EVENT TYPE	ACTUAL START DATE	ACTUAL COMPL DATE	EXEMPT LEAD
10	AKD980639272	PACIFIC AIRMOTIVE CORP. MERRILL FLD ANCHORAGE ANCHORAGE	AK 99501 020		H01	DS1 PA1	04/09/07	01/06/01 04/09/78	EPA STATE
10	AKD980775106	PERSERVANCE MILL 2.5-3.0 MI FROM TRAIL HEAD JUNEAU JUNEAU	AK 99801 110		H01	DS1 PA1	04/12/76	04/05/01 05/01/78	EPA STATE
10	AKD980664734	PULITICAYUK LDFL T114 R14F SEC27 PRUDHOE BAY NORTH SLOPE	AK 99740 185		H01	DS1 PA1	05/01/02	01/07/01 05/02/74	EPA STATE
10	AKD980495618	RED DEVIL MINE WASTE POND KUSKOKWIM RIVER BETHEL BETHEL	AK 99502 050		H01	DS1 PA1	05/01/07	02/07/01 05/02/74	EPA STATE
10	AKDJ18542969	ROGERS & BARLER INC 1301 F 64TH AV ANCHORAGE ANCHORAGE	AK 99510 020		H01	DS1 PA1	04/09/07	00/00/01 04/09/78	EPA STATE
10	AKD980665152	SAGWON AIRSTRIP DUMP TWN 1 S, RAN 14 E, SECS. 10-11 SAGWON NORTH SLOPE	AK 99723 185		H01	DS1 PA1 S11 S12	05/01/02 01/00/01 01/00/01	01/01/01 05/02/75 01/00/01 01/00/01	EPA STATE EPA STATE
10	AKD980664676	SOUTH BARTER ISLAND BARREL DUMP TON, R33F, SEC 25 BARTER IS NORTH SLOPE	AK 99790 185		H01	DS1 PA1	04/08/21	01/07/01 04/09/77	EPA EPA
10	AKD980978787	STANDARD STEEL & METALS 2400 RAILROAD AV ANCHORAGE ANCHORAGE	AK 99501 020		H01	DS1			STATE

LEVEL: REG 10
 SELECTION: INTEGRATED
 SEQUENCE: REGION, STATE, SITE NAME

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 SEQUENCE: REGION, STATE, SITE NAME
 EVENTS: ALL

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L.R - SITE/EVENT STATUS LISTING

BEG	EPA_ID_NO	SITE NAME STREET CITY COUNTY NAME	STATE ZIP COUNTY_CODE	RESP. IERR	PROG. CODE	EVENT TYPE	ACTUAL START DATE	ACTUAL COMPL DATE	LYENI_LEAD
10	AK0980722177	STERLING SPECIAL WASTE DISPOSAL SITE 1.5 MI NW OF STERLING HWY STERLING KENAI PENINSULA	AK 99672 122		H01	DS1 PA1 S11	80/08/01	79/11/01 79/11/01 80/08/01	FPA FPA
10	AK0048679682	TESORO ALASKA PETROLEUM CO MI 77 W KENAI RD KENAI KENAI PENINSULA	AK 99611 122	P	H01	DS1 PA1	85/01/02	81/06/01 85/02/71	EPA STATE
10	AK0049330651	THE LETTER SHOP 157 STEESE HIGHWAY FAIRBANKS FAIRBANKS NORTH STAR	AK 99701 090	N	H01	DS1 PA1	84/09/07	80/09/01 84/09/17	EPA STATE
10	AK0980980791	UNION OIL GRAVEL PIT GRAVEL PIT RD SOLDOTNA KENAI PENINSULA	AK 99611 122		H01	DS1		84/11/01	OTHER
10	AK0092876390	UNION OIL OF CA - KENAI PLANT MI 71 KENAI SPUR HWY NORTH KENAI FAIR PENINSULA	AK 99611 122	P	H01	DS1 PA1	85/01/02	79/11/01 85/02/71	FPA STATE
10	AK0048679567	UNIVERSITY OF ALASKA TANANA DR FAIRBANKS FAIRBANKS NORTH STAR	AK 99701 090		H01	DS1 PA1	85/01/02	80/06/01 85/02/71	EPA STATE
10	AK8570028615	USAF - ANIAK AFB LDPL HEAD SHANK KUSKOKWIM RIV/SLOUGH ANIAK BETHEL	AK 99557 050		H01	DS1		81/06/01	FPA
10	AK9570028622	USAF - BETHEL AFS LDPL AIRPORT - W END OF MAIN ROAD BETHEL BETHEL	AK 99557 050		H01	DS1		81/06/01	FPA

LEVEL: REG 10
 SELECTION: INTEGRATED
 SEQUENCE: REGION, STATE, SITE NAME
 EVENTS: ALL

U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
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EVENTS: REGION, STATE, SITE NAME
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U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
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L.R - SITE/EVENT STATUS LISTING

BEG	EPA_ID_NO	SITE NAME STREET CITY COUNTY NAME	STATE ZIP COUNTY CODE	RESP. ICR#	PROC. CODE	EVENT TYPE	ACTUAL START DATE	ACTUAL COMPL DATE	EVENI LEAD
10	AK0570020623	USAF - BIG MOUNTAIN AFS LDFL S SHORE ILLIAMNA/S SIDE BIG MNT BIG MOUNTAIN AFS DILLINGHAM	AK 99501 070		1101	DS1		01/06/01	EPA
10	AK0572720624	USAF - CAMPION AFS LDFL YUKON AVE - 6 MI E OF CITY CALYNA YUKON-KOYUKUK	AK 99741 790		1101	DS1		01/06/01	EPA
10	AK1572720631	USAF - CAPT LISBURN AFS LDFL 40 MI NE OF PT HOPE CAPT LISBURN AFS NORTH SLOPE	AK 99766 185		1101	DS1		01/06/01	EPA
10	AK0572720632	USAF - CAPT NEWENHAM AFS LDFL BERING SEA CAPT NEWENHAM AFS BETHEL	AK 99651 050		1101	DS1		01/06/01	EPA
10	AK0572720633	USAF - CAPT ROMANZOFF AFS LDFL 20 MI N OF HOOPER BAY HOOPER BAY WADY HAMPTON	AK 99604 270		1101	DS1		01/06/01	EPA
10	AK0570020634	USAF - CAPT SARCHIEF AFS LDFL HWY 3 E MENANA RD ANDERSON ALFUTIAN IS	AK 99685 010		1101	DS1		01/06/01	EPA
10	AK1570020638	USAF - CLEAR AFS LDFL 17 MISSLE WARNING SQUADRON CLEAR AFS YUKON-KOYUKUK	AK 99704 290		1101	DS1 PA1		01/05/01 01/10/01	EPA
10	AK0570020618	USAF - DEWLINE SITE BAR-MAIN N SHORE OF BARTER ISLAND BARTER ISLAND NORTH SLOPE	AK 99747 185		1101	DS1 PA1 S11 S12		01/07/01 01/07/01 01/07/01 01/07/01	EPA EPA STATE

LEVEL 1
SELECTION: REG 10
SEQUENCE: INTEGRATED
REGION, STATE, SITE NAME

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SELECTION: INTEGRATED
SEQUENCE: REGION, STATE, SITE NAME
EVENTS: ALL

U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
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L.B. - SITE/EVENT STATUS LISTING

REG	EPA_ID	SITE_NAME	STATE	ZIP	RESP.	PRG.	EVENT	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	EVENT	LEAD
		COUNTY			ID	CODE	TYPE	START	COMPL		
		NAME						DATE	DATE		
10	AK9570028697	USAF - NEWLINE SITE LIZ-2 KASFGALIK LAGOON-CHUKCHI SEA POINT LAY NORTH SLOPE	AK	99766		H01	DS1	01/06/01	01/06/01		EPA
10	AK6570028716	USAF - NEWLINE SITE LIZ-3 KUK RIVER & CHUKCHI SEA WAINWRIGHT NORTH SLOPE	AK	99782		H01	DS1	01/06/01	01/06/01		EPA
10	AK3570028677	USAF - NEWLINE SITE POW-1 PITT POINT LOULFY NORTH SLOPE	AK	99999		H01	DS1	01/06/01	01/06/01		EPA
10	AK5570028691	USAF - NEWLINE SITE POW-2 SIMPSON LAGOON-BEAUFORT BAY OLIKTOK NORTH SLOPE	AK	99599		H01	DS1	01/06/01	01/06/01		EPA
10	AK2570028652	USAF - NEWLINE SITE POW-3 E OF FLAKMAN ISLAND BULLEN POINT NORTH SLOPE	AK	99723		H01	DS1 S11 S12	01/07/01 01/07/01	01/01/01 01/07/01 03/07/01		EPA EPA STATE
10	AK1570028695	USAF - NEWLINE STA POW-MAIN BURN N SALT LAGOON & IMIKPIK BARPOW NORTH SLOPE	AK	99723		H01	DS1	01/06/01	01/06/01		EPA
10	AK3570028644	USAF - DR. ETWOOD BAY AFS LDFL N COAST U/ALASKA ISLAND ORITWOOD/ RAY ALFUTIAN IS	AK	99553		H01	DS1	01/06/01	01/06/01		EPA
10	AK2570028645	USAF - DUNCAN CANAL LT 56.45°N; LG 133 10°W DUNCAN CANAL WRANGELL-PETERSBURG	AK	99833		H01	DS1	01/06/01	01/06/01		EPA

LEVEL 10
SELECTION: INTEGRATE/
SEQUENCE: REGION, STATE, SITE NAME

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LEVEL 1
SELECTION: REG 10
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EVENTS: REGION, STATE, SITE NAME
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U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
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C F R C L I S

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L.O - SITE/EVENT STATUS LISTING

BEG	EPA_ID_NO	SITE NAME STREET CITY COUNTY NAME	STATE ZIP COUNTY CODE	PESP. JCRN	POPG. CODE	EVENT TYPE	ACTUAL START DATE	ACTUAL COMPL DATE	EVENI_LEAD
10	AK1570028646	USAF - FIFLSON AFB LOFL HWY 2 - 16 MI NE OF FAIRBANKS FAIRBANKS FAIRBANKS NORTH STAR	AK 99702 090		H01	DS1		01/06/01	EPA
10	AK0570028649	USAF - FLEMING AFB N BOUNDRY OF CITY LIMITS ANCHORAGE ANCHORAGE	AK 99506 020		H01	DS1 PA1		01/03/01 01/01/01	EPA
10	AK3572728654	USAF - FORT YUKON AFS LOFL 140 MI NW OF FAIRBANKS FORT YUKON YUKON-KOYUKUK	AK 99740 290		H01	DS1		01/06/01	EPA
10	AK9570028655	USAF - GALEN AIRPORT LOFL HEAD OF TRACTOR CREEK GALFNA YUKON-KOYUKUK	AK 99741 290		H01	DS1		01/06/01	EPA
10	AK9570028659	USAF - GRANITE MOUNTAIN AFS LOFL LT 65 25°47'N; LG 161 13°50'W GRANITE MOUNTAIN NOME	AK 99762 180		H01	DS1		01/06/01	EPA
10	AK3572728662	USAF - INDIAN MOUNTAIN AFS LOFL NW SOURCE OF INDIAN RIVER HUGHES YUKON-KOYUKUK	AK 99720 290		H01	DS1		01/06/01	EPA
10	AK0570028664	USAF - KALAKAKET CREEK S SHORE OF RALA CREEK GALFNA YUKON-KOYUKUK	AK 99741 290		H01	DS1		01/06/01	EPA
10	AK3570028669	USAF - KING SALMON AIRPORT LOFL 15 MI E OF BRISTOL BAY KING SALMON BRISTOL BAY	AK 99613 060		H01	DS1		01/06/01	EPA

LEVEL 1
SELECTION: REG 10
SEQUENCE: INTEGRATED
EVENTS: REGION, STATE, SITE NAME

U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
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SEQUENCE: REGION, STATE, SITE NAME
EVENTS: ALL

U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
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L.R - SITE/EVENT STATUS LISTING

BEG	EPA_ID_NO	SITE NAME STREET CITY COUNTY NAME	STATE ZIP COUNTY CODE	RESP. ID	PROG. CODE	EVENT TYPE	ACTUAL START DATE	ACTUAL COMPL DATE	EVENT LEAD
10	AK4570028684	USAF - NIKOLSKI AFS LDFL W COAST OF UMNAX IS NIKOLSKI ALEUTIAN ISLAND	AK 99639 010		101	DSI		01/06/01	EPA
10	AK3570028685	USAF - NORTH RIVER AFS LDFL MOUTH OF NORTH RIVER NORTH RIVER NOME	AK 99644 180		101	DSI		01/06/01	EPA
10	AK8570028698	USAF - PORT HEIDEN AFS LDFL NW SHORE OF HEIDEN BAY PORT HEIDEN DILLINGHAM	AK 99549 070		101	DSI		01/06/01	EPA
10	AK7570028699	USAF - PORT MOLLER AFS LDFL ALASKA PENINSULA PORT MOLLER ALEUTIAN ISLAND	AK 99695 010		101	DSI		01/06/01	EPA
10	AK8572728709	USAF - SPARRENYOHN AFS HOOK CREEK - 60 MI SE OF CITY STONEY RIVER BETHEL	AK 99557 050		101	DSI		01/06/01	EPA
10	AK4572728711	USAF - TATALINA AFS LDFL 9 MI SW OF CITY ON ROAD TATALINA AFS YUKON-KOYUKUK	AK 99627 290		101	DSI		01/06/01	EPA
10	AK3572728712	USAF - TIN CITY AFS LDFL 5 MI SE CAPE PRINCE OF WHALES TIN CITY AFS NOME	AK 98715 180		101	DSI		01/06/01	EPA
10	AK4170024323	USAF - WHITE ALICE ANTENNA SITE - ADAK ADAK IS ADAK ALEUTIAN ISLAND	AK 99599 010		101	DSI		01/06/01	EPA

LEVEL: REG 10
SELECTION: INTEGRATED
SEQUENCE: REGION, STATE, SITE NAME

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 SEQUENCE: REGION, STATE, SITE NAME
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L.A - SITE/EVENT STATUS LISTING

REG	EPA_ID_NO	SITE NAME STREET CITY COUNTY NAME	STATE ZIP COUNTY CODE	RESP. IEBA	PROG. CODE	EVENT TYPE	ACTUAL START DATE	ACTUAL COMPL DATE	EVENI_LEAD
10	AK7572728742	USAF - WHITE ALICE SITE - KUTZEBUF KUTZEBUF SOUND KUTZEBUF KORUK	AK 99752 140		H01	DS1		01/08/01	FPA
10	AK7570028616	USAF NAME WHITE ALICE SITE ANYIL RT 6.5 MI N OF NAME NAME NAME	AK 99762 180		H01	DS1		01/08/01	FPA
10	AK7210022362	USARMY CERSTLE RIVER TEST SITE 7135 RIAE SEC 2, 19, 16 FORT GREELY SOUTHEAST FAIRBANKS	AK 98733 240		H01	DS1		00/02/01	FPA
10	AK5210070002	USARMY WHITTIER OIL STORAGE TANK 3/4 MI N OF TOWN WHITTIER VALDEZ-CORODIVA	AK 99501 261		H01	DS1		01/06/01	FPA
10	AK5690361139	USCG - POINT SPENCER USCG DUMP SITE 60 MI NW OF NAME NAME NAME	AK 99762 180		H01	DS1		01/06/01	FPA
10	AK9670330742	USCG - SUPPORT CENTER USCG SUPPORT CENTER KODIAK KODIAK	AK 99619 150		H01	DS1		01/06/01	FPA
10	AK6690502459	USOBT - FAA UMIAT AIRSTRIP STAGING AREA N BANK COLVILLE RIVER UMIAT NORTH SLOPE	AK 99723 185		H01	DS1 S11 S12	 01/07/01 01/07/01	 01/07/01 01/07/01	FPA EPA STATE
10	AK7670970004	USOBT - FRR ALASKA RAILROAD 290 N CUSHMAN ST FAIRBANKS FAIRBANKS NORTH STAR	AK 99201 090		H01	DS1 PA1 S11	 05/01/02 00/10/01	 05/01/05 00/10/01	FPA STATE FPA

LEVEL: REG 10
 SELECTION: INTEGRATED
 SEQUENCE: REGION, STATE, SITE NAME

U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
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LEVEL: REG 10
SELECTION: INTEGRATED
SEQUENCE: REGION, STATE, SITE NAME
EVENTS: ALL

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L.8 - SITE/EVENT STATUS LISTING

BEG	EPA_ID_NO.	SITE NAME STREET CITY COUNTY NAME	STATE ZIP COUNTY CL	RESP. TERM	PROC. CODE	EVENT TYPE	ACTUAL START DATE	ACTUAL COMPL DATE	EVENI_LEAD
10	AK6690960030	USDOT - FRR ALASKA RAILROAD 2111 1ST AV (419 W 1ST AV) ANCHORAGE ANCHORAGE	AK 99501 020			H01 PAI	84/09/07	80/06/01 84/09/01	FPA STATE
10	AK0083354202	WHITE PASS & YUKON RAILROAD MAIN ST SKAGWAY SKAGWAY-YAKUTAT-ANGUON	AK 99940 231			H01 PAI	85/01/02	85/02/21	STATE

STATE OF ALASKA 1986 LEGISLATIVE SESSION FISCAL NOTE

Revision Date : _____

REQUEST

Bill/Resolution No. : HB 647
 Title : Requiring Municipalities to
establish reporting & inspection programs
for hazardous materials & wastes
 Sponsor : Reps. Hurley, Koponen, et al
 Requestor : House C & RA
 Date of Request : 2/27/86

FISCAL DETAIL

Agency Affected : Public Safety
 BRU : Fire Prevention
 Components : Fire Prevention

EXPENDITURES/REVENUES : (Thousands of Dollars)

OPERATING	FY 86	FY 87	FY 88	FY 89	FY 90	FY 91
PERSONAL SERVICES		61.7	115.4	121.2	127.2	133.6
TRAVEL		9.2	17.2	18.1	19.0	20.0
CONTRACTUAL		50.7	18.0	18.9	19.8	20.8
SUPPLIES		6.4	6.7	7.0	7.4	7.7
EQUIPMENT		10.4	0	0	0	0
LAND & STRUCTURES						
GRANTS, CLAIMS						
MISCELLANEOUS						
TOTAL OPERATING		138.4	157.3	165.2	173.4	182.1

CAPITAL						
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REVENUE						
---------	--	--	--	--	--	--

FUNDING : (Thousands of Dollars)

GENERAL FUND		138.4	157.3	165.2	173.4	182.1
FEDERAL FUNDS						
OTHER						
TOTAL		138.4	157.3	165.2	173.4	182.1

POSITIONS :

FULL-TIME		2	2	2	2	2
PART-TIME						
TEMPORARY						

ANALYSIS : Attach a separate page if necessary

Prepared by : Gordon Brunton *GB* Phone : 465-4331
 Division : Fire Prevention Date : 2/27/86

Approved by Commissioner : Michael J. Jensen Date : 2-27-86
 Agency : Public Safety

Distribution (by Agency preparing fiscal note) :

- Legislative Finance
- Legislative Sponsor
- Requestor
- Office of Management and Budget
- Impacted Agency(ies)

Position Title Deputy Fire Marshal I (Haz Mat Inspector)			No. of Positions 1	Range/Step 76!	Range Unit PSEA	Gov.	Approv.	Disapp.
Time Status Perm Full Time	Staff Months 9	RP Number	Location AWA	Election District 99	Leg.			
Type of Expenditure			Justification					
Amount			<p>This will be the lead position to implement HB 647. Duties to include:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Develop & maintain lists of persons handling hazardous materials and wastes. 2. Develop & maintain summary and comprehensive lists of hazardous materials required to be inventoried. 3. Design placards and develop guidelines for placarding buildings. 4. Design and distribute inventory forms. 5. Assist/train municipalities in setting up their inspection & placarding programs. 6. Inspect places handling hazardous materials and wastes in unincorporated communities. 					
1	2	3						
Salary 3,242/month 9 mos	29,178							
Benefits 32.5%	9,483							
Premium Pay								
Other Health Ins.	2,255							
Total Personal Services		40,916						
Travel		9,200						
Contractual		50,700						
Commodities		6,200						
Equipment		9,200						
Other								
Total Cost		116,216						
Receipt Code	Funding Source							
	Federal Receipts 1002							
	G. F. Match 1003							
	General Funds 1004	116,216						
	I-A Receipts 1005							
	Program Receipts 1028							
	CIP Receipts 1061							
	Other							
For B&M Use Only Key Number _____								

**Request For
New Position**

Agency Public Safety
 BRU Fire Prevention
 Component Fire Prevention

Page 2 of 5
 Revised Date

FY 87

Position Title Clerk Typist III			No. of Positions 1	Range/Step 8A	Barg. Unit GGJ	Gov.	Approv.	Disapp.
Time Status Perm Full Time	Staff Months 9	RP Number	Location AWA		Election District 99	Leg.		
Type of Expenditure			Justification					
Amount			This position will provide clerical support for the hazardous materials and waste program.					
1	2	3						
Salary 1,631/month 9 mo	14,679							
Benefits 25%	3,670							
Premium Pay								
Other Health Ins	2,408							
Total Personal Services		20,757						
Travel		0						
Contractual		0						
Commodities		200						
Equipment		1,200						
Other								
Total Cost		22,157						
Receipt Code	Funding Source							
	Federal Receipts 1002							
	G. F. Match 1003							
	General Funds 1004		22,157					
	I-A Receipts 1005							
	Program Receipts 1028							
	CIP Receipts 1061							
	Other							
For B&M Use Only								
Key Number _____								

**Request For
New Position**

Agency Public Safety
 BRU Fire Prevention
 Component Fire Prevention

Page 3 of 5
 Revised Date

FY 87

CONTINUATION of FISCAL NOTE ANALYSIS

For Bill/Resolution No. HB 647

TRAVEL

72250/72550 Field Travel

Staff & VPSO training. Trips to local communities to assist with development of hazardous materials inspection program. 24 trips per year, first year 12 trips X \$300.00 (air fare), \$300.00 (per diem) = 7.2

72281/72581 Administrative Travel

One trip per year (outside) to attend hazardous materials training refresher course.
Air fare and per diem = 2.0

Total Travel = 9.2

CONTRACTUAL

73322 Telephones \$250/month x 9 months = 2.3

73381 Postage, mailing lists, forms, placards = 4.0

73560 Printing -

Typesetting placards, lists, forms = 1.5

Print 20,000 summary lists, 2 pages ea. = 1.0

Print 2,000 comprehensive lists,
100 pages ea. = 5.3

Print 10,000 initial inventory forms
(3 pt carbon) = 0.6

Print 5,000 continuation inventory
forms (3 pt carbon) = 0.3

Print 10,000 placards @ \$3.00 ea = 30.0

73563 Subscriptions

Trade Journals = 0.3

Safety Sheets on Micro Fische = 4.0

73700 Equipment Maintenance = 1.4

Total Contractual = 50.7

CONTINUATION of FISCAL NOTE ANALYSIS

For Bill/Resolution No. HB647

SUPPLIES

74220	Educational/Instructional training materials, pamphlets, books, guides	=	2.0
74229	Stationery & office supplies, 2 positions @ \$200 ea.	=	0.4
74560	Computer paper, ribbons, software	=	1.5
74609	Audio Visual training supplies, films, videos, 5 ea. x \$500	=	2.5
			<hr/>
Total Supplies =			6.4

EQUIPMENT

76050	Miscellaneous furniture & office	=	2.4
75830	Microcomputer & printer for maintenance of hazardous materials handlers list, wordprocessing	=	8.0
			<hr/>
Total Equipment =			10.4

ASSUMPTIONS:

The magnitude of the hazardous materials and wastes handled in Alaska is unknown, but estimated to be in the thousands.

The Department of Environment & Conservation estimates that there are between 5,000 and 10,000 hazardous waste producers.

The program will start up on January 1, 1987. The bulk of the summary and comprehensive lists of hazardous materials and wastes, the inventory forms and placards will be produced and distributed during FY87, requiring only maintenance levels in succeeding years.

Equipment purchases will be made in FY87.

A 5% inflation factor was used for succeeding years.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY

POSITION PAPER - HB 647

FEBRUARY 27, 1986

NEUTRAL

The Department of Public Safety supports the concept of HB 647, the "Community-Right-To-Know" bill.

It is our understanding that locations in Alaska handling hazardous materials and wastes number in the thousands.

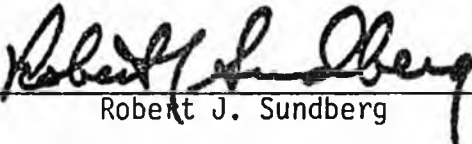
The bill requires the Division of Fire Prevention to make available listings of hazardous materials and wastes to handlers and municipalities; standard inventory forms and placards and guidelines for their posting; and related educational materials.

We see a substantial need in developing the proper framework for this program in order to adequately assist both the industry and communities in its implementation. Additional staffing and support resources will be necessary.

Alternatives that may be considered include examining the placement of the state's responsibilities in the bill with the Department of Labor which now administers the worker's Right-To-Know act.

It is also suggested that a "user's fee" be established to recover the costs of printing and distributing the lists, forms and placards.

This bill, if enacted, will start a very important process to protect lives and property from an increasing number of hazardous materials in Alaska.


Robert J. Sundberg

Scott Burgess - AML - informed all municipalities
will be available to answer questions

Municipalities shall:

- ① require hazardous materials/wastes
annual be reported ^{annually} to the municipality on
an inventory form provided by DPS.
- ② require persons handling hazardous substances
to report.
 - Ⓐ ^{sig} chg in location w/in 24 hours
 - Ⓑ additions w/in 30 days
- ③ require new entities handling hazardous
materials/wastes to submit an inventory
form w/in 30 days of applying for a
business license. ~~etc~~
- ④ require a person who handles hazardous
substances to post placards provided by
Fire Prevention or design in accordance with
the guidelines

Notes for Bob

Jim Swearing 10/6-1/3 1987 Tony
David Wigglesworth also Health project

Problems -

Public Safety is reaching more into
the bill than we are asking them to
do - we want them to do 4 things

- ① Provide inventory forms
- ② Develop Posting guidelines
- ③ Provide Plaerads to those businesses
that don't provide their own (consistent
with the guidelines)
- ④ Provide a descriptive summary of
the substances to be reported

We suggest that they may

- ① Provide a complete list of the materials
: wastes required to be reported.
(upon request).
- ② Provide any other educational material
it deems impt.

Introduced: 2/1/86
Referred: Community & Regional
Affairs and State Affairs

BY HURLEY, KOPONEN, DAVIS,
GOLI, POURCHOT, M. M. MILLER,
CLOCKSIK, UEHLING AND GRUENBERG

1 IN THE HOUSE

2 HOUSE BILL NO. 647

3 IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA

4 FOURTEENTH LEGISLATURE - SECOND SESSION

5 A BILL

6 For an Act entitled: "An Act requiring municipalities to establish report-
7 ing and inspection programs for hazardous materials
8 and hazardous waste; and providing for an effective
9 date."

10 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

11 * Section 1. LEGISLATIVE INTENT. It is the intent of the legislature,
12 in adopting this Act, to

13 (1) ensure the safety of emergency response personnel who re-
14 spond to fires and other emergencies involving hazardous materials and
15 hazardous wastes, and to effectively contain these emergencies;

16 (2) permit the development of a chemical profile of municipal-
17 ities in order to enable local elected officials and municipal agencies to
18 initiate actions necessary to prevent damage to the public health and to
19 property;

20 (3) protect the health and safety of residents of and visitors
21 to municipalities; and

22 (4) inform the public of the existence, location, and dangers of
23 hazardous materials and hazardous wastes.

24 * Sec. 2. § 29.35 is amended by adding new sections to read:

25 ARTICLE 8. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS AND HAZARDOUS WASTES.

26 Sec. 29.35.500. REPORTING: PLACARDING. (a) A municipality
27 shall require a person who handles hazardous materials or hazardous
28 wastes to submit annually to a designated person or office in the
29 municipality, on a form provided by the Department of Public Safety,

1 division of fire prevention, an inventory of the hazardous materials
2 and hazardous wastes the person handles.

3 (b) An inventory required under this section shall include at
4 least the following information about each of the hazardous materials
5 and hazardous wastes that the person handles:

- 6 (1) hazard class;
- 7 (2) maximum estimated quantity;
- 8 (3) general location;
- 9 (4) method of disposal.

10 (c) A municipality shall also require a person who handles
11 hazardous materials or hazardous wastes to report

12 (1) significant change in the location of hazardous mate
13 rials or hazardous wastes within 24 hours after moving the materials
14 or wastes; and

15 (2) additions of hazardous materials or hazardous wastes
16 within 30 days after the addition is made.

17 (d) A municipality shall require a new business that handles
18 hazardous materials or hazardous wastes to submit an inventory under
19 this section within 30 days after applying for a business license from
20 the state. A municipality shall require other persons who handle
21 hazardous materials or hazardous wastes to submit an inventory under
22 this section within 30 days after the municipality's reporting re-
23 quirements take effect.

24 (e) A municipality may require a person who handles hazardous
25 materials or hazardous wastes to submit a federal Occupational Safety
26 and Health Administration (OSHA) form 20 (Material Data Safety Sheet)
27 or equivalent information for each of the materials or wastes the
28 person handles.

29 (f) A municipality shall require a person who handles hazardous

1 materials or hazardous wastes to post placards provided by the divi-
2 sion of fire protection or designed in accordance with guidelines
3 developed by the division of fire prevention under AS 29.35.530.

4 (g) The requirements of this section may be imposed by a munic-
5 ipality on a person who handles hazardous materials or hazardous
6 wastes outside of the boundaries of the municipality if a fire or
7 other emergency involving the materials or wastes would be

8 (1) likely to adversely affect persons or property in the
9 municipality; or

10 (2) responded to by emergency response personnel whose
11 service area includes all or a part of the municipality.

12 Sec. 29.35.510. INSPECTIONS; PENALTIES. A municipality may
13 conduct inspections, and establish and impose penalties necessary to
14 ensure compliance with reporting and placarding requirements adopted
15 under AS 29.35.500.

16 Sec. 29.35.520. FEES. A municipality may impose appropriate
17 fees to fully or partially compensate for the cost of processing
18 reports and administering inspections under AS 29.35.500.

19 Sec. 29.35.530. DUTIES OF DIVISION OF FIRE PREVENTION. (a) In
20 order to assist a person who handles hazardous materials or hazardous
21 wastes to comply with the provisions of AS 29.35.500, the Department
22 of Public Safety, division of fire prevention, shall provide to a
23 person or to a municipality

24 (1) a descriptive summary of the hazardous materials and
25 hazardous wastes that are required to be included in an inventory;

26 (2) inventory forms; and

27 (3) warning placards designed in conjunction with the
28 Department of Labor and the Department of Environmental Conservation.

29 (b) The division of fire prevention may, at the request of a

1 municipality or a person required to submit an inventory under AS 29.
2 35.500, provide a complete list containing the chemical identity,
3 product names, and common names of the hazardous materials and hazard-
4 ous wastes that are required to be included in an inventory.

5 (c) The division shall develop guidelines for the posting of
6 placards that will give adequate warning to the public and to emer-
7 gency response personnel of the type and location of hazardous mate-
8 rials and hazardous wastes.

9 (d) The division of fire prevention may

10 (1) request copies of inventories submitted under AS 29.
11 35.500; and

12 (2) provide educational materials related to hazardous
13 materials and hazardous wastes.

14 Sec. 29.35.590. DEFINITIONS. In AS 29.35.500 - 29.35.590

15 (1) "acutely hazardous waste" means a waste listed by the
16 administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency in accordance
17 with the criteria in 40 C.F.R. 261.11(a)(2);

18 (2) "handles" includes disposes of, generates, processes,
19 stores, treats, and uses;

20 (3) "hazard class" means a class of hazardous substance
21 under 49 C.F.R. 172.101(d);

22 (4) "hazardous material" means a toxic or hazardous materi-
23 al or substance, as defined in 49 C.F.R. 171.8, and any other
24 substance determined by the division of fire prevention to pose a
25 significant health and safety hazard; "hazardous material" does not
26 include consumer commodities in quantities of 1,000 pounds or less, or
27 food, drugs, cosmetics, tobacco, or tobacco products intended for
28 personal consumption; except for the hazard classes of "Poison A,"
29 "Poison B," "Class A Explosive," "Class B Explosive," "Flammable Solid

1 (Dangerous When Wet)," and "radioactive," "hazardous material" does
2 not include an aggregate quantity of hazardous materials, handled at
3 any one time and place, of 500 pounds or less per hazard class, and an
4 aggregate quantity for all hazard classes of 1,000 pounds or less;

5 (5) "hazardous waste" has the meaning given in 49 C.F.R.
6 171.8; "hazardous waste" does not include an acutely hazardous waste
7 in a quantity less than 2.2 pounds or another waste in a quantity
8 less than 220 pounds;

9 (6) "quantity" means the total amount of a material or
10 waste handled at a time and includes the aggregate of a material or
11 waste that is divided among multiple containers.

12 * Sec. 3. This Act takes effect January 1, 1987.

Hein
3/10/86 ✓

MOST RECENT

Original sponsors: Hurley, Koponen,
Davis, et al

BY THE COMMUNITY AND REGIONAL
AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

1 IN THE HOUSE

2 CS FOR HOUSE BILL NO. 647 (C&RA)

3 IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA

4 FOURTEENTH LEGISLATURE - SECOND SESSION

5 A BILL

6 For an Act entitled: "An Act establishing requirements for warning
7 placards and for municipal reporting programs for
8 hazardous materials and hazardous waste; and provid-
9 ing for an effective date."

10 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

11 * Section 1. LEGISLATIVE INTENT. It is the intent of the legislature,
12 in adopting this Act, to

13 (1) ensure the safety of emergency response personnel who re-
14 spond to fires and other emergencies involving hazardous materials and
15 hazardous wastes, and to effectively contain these emergencies;

16 (2) permit the development of a chemical profile of municipal-
17 ities in order to enable local elected officials and municipal agencies to
18 initiate actions necessary to prevent damage to the public health and
19 property;

20 (3) protect the health and safety of residents of and visitors
21 to ^{ALASKA} municipalities; and

22 (4) inform the public of the existence, location, and dangers of
23 hazardous materials and hazardous wastes.

24 * Sec. 2. AS 18.70 is amended by adding a new section to read:

25 Sec. 18.70.310. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS AND WASTES PLACARDS. (a) A
26 business or government agency that handles hazardous materials or
27 hazardous wastes shall post placards, provided by the Department of
28 Public Safety, division of fire protection, in accordance with regu-
29 lations adopted by the department under this section.

1 (b) ^{ADOPT A} The Department of Public Safety, division of fire preven-
 2 tion, shall ~~(design)~~ ^{for} warning placards for hazardous materials and hazar-
 3 dous wastes in conjunction with the Department of Labor and the
 4 Department of Environmental Conservation.

5 (c) The Department of Public Safety shall adopt regulations for
 6 the posting of placards that will give adequate warning to the public
 7 and to emergency response personnel of the type and location of hazar-
 8 dous materials and hazardous wastes.

5

D) The DPS may impose appropriate fees to fully or partially compensate for the cost of placards provided under this section.

9 (d) In this section, "hazardous material" and "hazardous waste"
 10 have the meanings given in AS 29.35.590.

11 * Sec. 3. AS 29.35 is amended by adding new sections to read:

12 ARTICLE 8. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS AND HAZARDOUS WASTES.

13 Sec. 29.35.500. REPORTING. (a) A municipality that establishes
 14 a program for the reporting of hazardous materials and hazardous
 15 wastes shall require a business or a government agency that handles
 16 hazardous materials or hazardous wastes to submit to a designated
 17 person or office of the municipality, on a form provided by the
 18 Department of Public Safety, division of fire prevention, an inventory
 19 of the hazardous materials and hazardous wastes the person handles.

20 (b) An inventory required under this section shall include at
 21 least the following information about each of the hazardous materials
 22 and hazardous wastes that the business or government agency handles:

- 23 (1) hazard class;
- 24 (2) maximum estimated quantity;
- 25 (3) ~~general~~ location;
- 26 (4) method of disposal.

3

27 (c) A business or government agency required to submit an inven-
 28 tory under this section shall submit the first inventory within 30
 29 days after the municipality's reporting requirements take effect or

1 within 30 days after beginning to handle the hazardous materials or
2 ^{Business or government agency} hazardous wastes. Thereafter, the ~~person~~ shall submit an inventory
3 annually.

4 (d) A municipality that establishes a program for the reporting
5 of hazardous materials and hazardous wastes shall also require a
6 business or government agency that handles hazardous materials or
7 hazardous wastes to report

8 (1) significant change in the location of hazardous mate-
9 rials or hazardous wastes within 24 hours after moving the materials
10 or wastes; and

11 (2) additions of hazardous materials or hazardous wastes
12 within 30 days after the addition is made.

13 (e) A municipality that establishes a program for the reporting
14 of hazardous materials and hazardous wastes may require a business or
15 government agency that handles hazardous materials or hazardous wastes
16 to submit a federal Occupational Safety and Health Administration
17 (OSHA) form 20 (Material Data Safety Sheet) or equivalent information
18 for each of the materials or wastes handled.

19 (f) The requirements of this section may be imposed by a munic-
20 ipality on a business or government agency that handles hazardous
21 materials or hazardous wastes outside of the boundaries of the munici-
22 pality if a fire or other emergency involving the materials or wastes
23 would be

24 (1) likely to adversely affect persons or property in the
25 municipality; or

26 (2) responded to by emergency response personnel whose
27 service area includes all or a part of the municipality.

28 Sec. 29.35.510. INSPECTIONS; PENALTIES. A municipality may
29 conduct inspections, and establish and impose penalties, necessary to

1 ensure compliance with reporting requirements adopted under AS 29.35.-
2 500 and placarding requirements adopted under AS 18.70.310.

3 Sec. 29.35.520. FEES.^(a) A municipality may impose appropriate
4 fees to fully or partially compensate for the cost of processing
5 reports and administering inspections under AS 29.35.500 - 29.35.510.

6 ~~(b) The DPS may impose appropriate fees on the business or government agency required to submit an inventory~~
7 Sec. 29.35.530. DUTIES OF DIVISION OF FIRE PREVENTION. (a) The
8 Department of Public Safety, division of fire prevention, at the
9 request of a business or government agency required to submit an
10 inventory under AS 29.35.500 or of a municipality, shall provide

11 (1) a descriptive summary of the hazardous materials and
12 hazardous wastes that are required to be included in an inventory; and

13 (2) inventory forms.

14 (b) The division of fire prevention, at the request of a busi-
15 ness or government agency required to submit an inventory under
16 AS 29.35.500 or of a municipality, shall provide a list containing the
17 chemical identity, product names, and common names of the hazardous
18 materials and hazardous wastes that are required to be included in an
19 inventory.

20 (c) The division of fire prevention may

21 (1) request copies of inventories submitted under AS 29.-
22 35.500; and

23 (2) provide educational materials related to hazardous
24 materials and hazardous wastes.

25 Sec. 29.35.540. PUBLIC ACCESS TO INFORMATION. Information
26 obtained by a municipality under AS 29.35.500, 29.35.510, and 29.35.-
27 530 shall be made readily available to the public for inspection and
28 copying.

29 Sec. 29.35.590. DEFINITIONS. In AS 29.35.500 - 29.35.590

(1) "acutely hazardous waste" means a waste listed by the

1 administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency in accordance
2 with the criteria in 40 C.F.R. 261.11(a)(2);

3 (2) "handles" includes disposes of, generates, processes,
4 stores, treats, and uses;

5 (3) "hazard class" means a class of hazardous substance
6 under 49 C.F.R. 172.101(d);

7 (4) "hazardous material" means a toxic or hazardous materi-
8 al or substance, as defined in 49 C.F.R. 171.8, and any other sub-
9 stance determined by the division of fire prevention to pose a signif-
10 icant health and safety hazard; "hazardous material" does not include
11 consumer commodities in quantities of 1,000 pounds or less, or food,
12 drugs, cosmetics, tobacco, or tobacco products intended for personal
13 consumption; except for the hazard classes of "Poison A," "Poison B,"
14 "Class A Explosive," "Class B Explosive," "Flammable Solid (Dangerous
15 When Wet)," and "radioactive," "hazardous material" does not include
16 an aggregate quantity of hazardous materials, handled at any one time
17 and place, of 500 pounds or less per hazard class, and an aggregate
18 quantity for all hazard classes of 1,000 pounds or less;

19 (5) "hazardous waste" has the meaning given in 49 C.F.R.
20 171.8; "hazardous waste" does not include an acutely hazardous waste
21 in a quantity less than 2.2 pounds or another waste in a quantity
22 less than 220 pounds;

23 (6) "quantity" means the total amount of a material or
24 waste handled at a time and includes the aggregate of a material or
25 waste that is divided among multiple containers.

26 * Sec. 4. This Act takes effect January 1, 1987.
27
28
29

Original sponsors: Hurley, Koponen,
Davis, et al

1 IN THE HOUSE

BY THE COMMUNITY AND REGIONAL
AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

2 CS FOR HOUSE BILL NO. 647 (C&RA)

3 IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA

4 FOURTEENTH LEGISLATURE - SECOND SESSION

5 A BILL

6 For an Act entitled: "An Act establishing requirements for warning
7 placards and for municipal reporting programs for
8 hazardous materials and hazardous waste; and provid-
9 ing for an effective date."

10 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

11 * Section 1. LEGISLATIVE INTENT. It is the intent of the legislature,
12 in adopting this Act, to

13 (1) ensure the safety of emergency response personnel who re-
14 spond to fires and other emergencies involving hazardous materials and
15 hazardous wastes, and to effectively contain these emergencies;

16 (2) permit the development of a chemical profile of municipal-
17 ities in order to enable local elected officials and municipal agencies to
18 initiate actions necessary to prevent damage to the public health and to
19 property;

20 (3) protect the health and safety of residents of and visitors
21 to municipalities; and

22 (4) inform the public of the existence, location, and dangers of
23 hazardous materials and hazardous wastes.

24 * Sec. 2. AS 18.70 is amended by adding a new section to read:

25 *Rewritten to require Statistics Program*

26 Sec. 18.70.310. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS AND WASTES PLACARDS. (a) A

27 business or government agency that handles hazardous materials or
28 hazardous wastes shall post placards, provided by the Department of
29 Public Safety, division of fire protection, in accordance with regu-
lations adopted by the department under this section.

1 (b) The Department of Public Safety, division of fire preven-
2 tion, shall design warning placards for hazardous materials and hazar-
3 dous wastes in conjunction with the Department of Labor and the
4 Department of Environmental Conservation.

5 (c) The Department of Public Safety shall adopt regulations for
6 the posting of placards that will give adequate warning to the public
7 and to emergency response personnel of the type and location of hazar-
8 dous materials and hazardous wastes.

9 (d) In this section, "hazardous material" and "hazardous waste"
10 have the meanings given in AS 29.35.590.

11 * Sec. 3. AS 29.35 is amended by adding new sections to read:

12 ARTICLE 8. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS AND HAZARDOUS WASTES.

13 Sec. 29.35.500. REPORTING. (a) A municipality that establishes
14 a program for the reporting of hazardous materials and hazardous
15 wastes shall require a business or a government agency that handles
16 hazardous materials or hazardous wastes to submit to a designated
17 person or office of the municipality, on a form provided by the
18 Department of Public Safety, division of fire prevention, an inventory
19 of the hazardous materials and hazardous wastes the person handles.

20 (b) An inventory required under this section shall include at
21 least the following information about each of the hazardous materials
22 and hazardous wastes that the business or government agency handles:

- 23 (1) hazard class;
24 (2) maximum estimated quantity;
25 (3) general location;
26 (4) method of disposal.

27 (c) A business or government agency required to submit an inven-
28 tory under this section shall submit the first inventory within 30
29 days after the municipality's reporting requirements take effect or

1 within 30 days after beginning to handle the hazardous materials or
2 hazardous wastes. Thereafter, the person shall submit an inventory
3 annually.

4 (d) A municipality that establishes a program for the reporting
5 of hazardous materials and hazardous wastes shall also require a
6 business or government agency that handles hazardous materials or
7 hazardous wastes to report

8 (1) significant change in the location of hazardous mate-
9 rials or hazardous wastes within 24 hours after moving the materials
10 or wastes; and

11 (2) additions of hazardous materials or hazardous wastes
12 within 30 days after the addition is made.

13 (e) A municipality that establishes a program for the reporting
14 of hazardous materials and hazardous wastes may require a business or
15 government agency that handles hazardous materials or hazardous wastes
16 to submit a federal Occupational Safety and Health Administration
17 (OSHA) form 20 (Material Data Safety Sheet) or equivalent information
18 for each of the materials or wastes handled.

19 (f) The requirements of this section may be imposed by a munic-
20 ipality on a business or government agency that handles hazardous
21 materials or hazardous wastes outside of the boundaries of the munici-
22 pality if a fire or other emergency involving the materials or wastes
23 would be

24 (1) likely to adversely affect persons or property in the
25 municipality; or

26 (2) responded to by emergency response personnel whose
27 service area includes all or a part of the municipality.

28 Sec. 29.35.510. INSPECTIONS; PENALTIES. A municipality may
29 conduct inspections, and establish and impose penalties, necessary to

(by a municipality)

1 ensure compliance with reporting requirements adopted under AS 29.35.-
2 500 and placarding requirements adopted under AS 18.70.310.

3 Sec. 29.35.520. FEES. A municipality may impose appropriate
4 fees to fully or partially compensate for the cost of processing
5 reports and administering inspections under AS 29.35.500 - 29.35.510.

6 Sec. 29.35.530. DUTIES OF DIVISION OF FIRE PREVENTION. (a) The
7 Department of Public Safety, division of fire prevention, at the
8 request of a business or government agency required to submit an
9 inventory under AS 29.35.500 or of a municipality, shall provide

- 10 (1) a descriptive summary of the hazardous materials and
- 11 hazardous wastes that are required to be included in an inventory; and
- 12 (2) inventory forms.

13 (b) The division of fire prevention, at the request of a busi-
14 ness or government agency required to submit an inventory under
15 AS 29.35.500 or of a municipality, ^{shall} may provide a ^{delete} ~~complete~~ list con-
16 taining the chemical identity, product names, and common names of the
17 hazardous materials and hazardous wastes that are required to be
18 included in an inventory.

19 (c) The division of fire prevention may

- 20 (1) request copies of inventories submitted under AS 29.-
- 21 35.500; and
- 22 (2) provide educational materials related to hazardous
- 23 materials and hazardous wastes.

24 Sec. 29.35.540. PUBLIC ACCESS TO INFORMATION. Information
25 obtained by a municipality under AS 29.35.500, 29.35.510, and 29.35.-
26 530 shall be made ^{readily} available to the public for inspection and copying
27 [at reasonable times].

28 Sec. 29.35.590. DEFINITIONS. In AS 29.35.500 - 29.35.590

- 29 (1) "acutely hazardous waste" means a waste listed by the

1 administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency in accordance
2 with the criteria in 40 C.F.R. 261.11(a)(2);

3 (2) "handles" includes disposes of, generates, processes,
4 stores, treats, and uses;

5 (3) "hazard class" means a class of hazardous substance
6 under 49 C.F.R. 172.101(d);

7 (4) "hazardous material" means a toxic or hazardous materi-
8 al or substance, as defined in 49 C.F.R. 171.8, and any other sub-
9 stance determined by the division of fire prevention to pose a signif-
10 icant health and safety hazard; "hazardous material" does not include
11 consumer commodities in quantities of 1,000 pounds or less, or food,
12 drugs, cosmetics, tobacco, or tobacco products intended for personal
13 consumption; except for the hazard classes of "Poison A," "Poison B,"
14 "Class A Explosive," "Class B Explosive," "Flammable Solid (Dangerous
15 When Wet)," and "radioactive," "hazardous material" does not include
16 an aggregate quantity of hazardous materials, handled at any one time
17 and place, of 500 pounds or less per hazard class, and an aggregate
18 quantity for all hazard classes of 1,000 pounds or less;

19 (5) "hazardous waste" has the meaning given in 49 C.F.R.
20 171.8; "hazardous waste" does not include an acutely hazardous waste
21 in a quantity less than 2.2 pounds or another waste in a quantity
22 less than 220 pounds;

23 (6) "quantity" means the total amount of a material or
24 waste handled at a time and includes the aggregate of a material or
25 waste that is divided among multiple containers.

26 * Sec. 4. This Act takes effect January 1, 1987.
27
28
29



Katie Hurley, House of Representatives

Alaska State Legislature

Chair, House State Affairs Committee
Member, Health Education & Social Services Committee
Member, Alaska Legislative Council
Member, House Special Committee on Fisheries
Member, Finance Subcommittee on Corrections
Member, Joint Committee on Local Option Elections

COMMUNITY-RIGHT-TO-KNOW
FACT SHEET
HB 647

Pouch V
Juneau, Alaska 99811
(907) 465-4963

Box 870157
Wasilla, Alaska 99687
(907) 376-4058

WHAT IS "COMMUNITY-RIGHT-TO-KNOW"?

Community-Right-To-Know laws give firefighters, emergency medical technicians, health professionals and community residents the right to know the existence, location and potential dangers of hazardous chemicals being used, stored or produced in their communities.

With basic information about hazardous chemicals in their communities, citizens and emergency response personnel are better able to take measures to protect themselves against dangers posed to health and safety.

WHAT ARE THE MAJOR PROVISIONS OF HB 647?

HB 647 was introduced in response to recommendations made by municipal officials that a statewide framework be established under which municipalities could directly collect information and develop procedures to address problems posed by the presence of hazardous chemicals in their communities. Specifically, HB 647:

- o Enables Alaskan municipalities to enact Community-Right-To-Know ordinances by instituting minimum reporting and posting requirements. Municipalities then would be able to effectively monitor the type, quantity and location of hazardous substances within their boundaries and service districts.
- o Requires the Department of Public Safety, Division of Fire Prevention, to develop and provide municipalities with inventory forms and information about the hazardous substances required to be reported.
- o Calls for the Department of Public Safety, Division of Fire Prevention, to design warning placards and develop posting guidelines to be used in municipalities throughout Alaska.
- o Provides the potential for the future development of a statewide inventory and emergency resource network and coordination system.



Katie Hurley, House of Representatives

Alaska State Legislature

Chair, House State Affairs Committee
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- o Calls for the Department of Public Safety, Division of Fire Prevention, to design warning placards and develop posting guidelines to be used in municipalities throughout Alaska.
- o Provides the potential for the future development of a statewide inventory and emergency resource network and coordination system.

ISN'T THIS INFORMATION ALREADY AVAILABLE?

No. According to the Alaska Department of Labor and the Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation, there is no comprehensive list or systemic method for identifying or locating the use or storage of toxic and hazardous substances in Alaskan municipalities.

WHY DESIGNATE THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY AS THE RESOURCE AGENCY?

Almost every incorporated community in Alaska has a fire hall or public safety officer. The Department of Public Safety has the greatest potential, in comparison to other state agencies, to provide the most effective outreach to municipalities throughout Alaska.

WHY ARE MUNICIPALITIES REQUIRED TO PARTICIPATE?

There is no unified system in existence which would enable residents to spot potential chemical hazards and, when necessary, prepare and advocate for their own safety.

Research done for the Department of Environmental Conservation indicates that between 1983 and 1984, 1,330 distinct, documented incidents involving hazardous materials occurred in Alaska. This is considered to be only a fraction of the actual number of incidences that occurred during that time period. Evidence implicates that the true magnitude of the hazardous substances problem in Alaska is quite serious.

When hazardous substances are involved, ignorance is not bliss. Unless the names and hazardous properties of chemicals being produced, used or stored in a community are publicly available, community residents, government officials and others charged with protecting property and public health are left virtually blindfolded waiting for a crisis to occur.

The price of this ignorance can be much higher than the cost of implementing a local Community-Right-To-Know Law.

WILL IT BE HARDER FOR SMALL MUNICIPALITIES TO IMPLEMENT
COMMUNITY-RIGHT-TO-KNOW PROGRAMS?

It may actually be easier for smaller municipalities to implement Community-Right-To-Know and Protection programs if for no other reason than the fact they have fewer chemicals in their communities.

For small municipalities who need assistance with the program there will be information available from the State Fire Marshals Office. Additionally, the Alaska Health Project is nearing the completion of a project for the Department of Health & Social Services that will assist communities in evaluating hazardous substance problems in their areas and provide suggestions in developing programs to address those problems.

Smaller municipalities are often not fully aware of the hazards of the chemicals they use. A Community-Right-To-Know program will serve to provide small communities with more information about potential chemical hazards.

HAVE OTHER STATES ENACTED COMMUNITY-RIGHT-TO-KNOW LAWS?

Twelve states from New Jersey to Oregon have passed Community-Right-To-Know laws in the past few years. Many cities have also enacted such laws.

Department of Environmental Conservation
Comments on HB 647

HB 647 would require municipalities to adopt "community right to know" programs according to a prescribed framework. The purpose of "community right to know" programs is to ensure that local governments and emergency response personnel have information about hazardous materials and wastes located within their jurisdictions.

Bill Summary

The bill requires municipalities to adopt the following requirements:

1. Those who "handle" hazardous materials or wastes must:
 - a) Report on these substances annually to the municipality
 - b) Report on movement of hazardous materials or wastes within 24 hours
 - c) Report on additions of hazardous materials or wastes within 30 days

2. Placards identifying sites where hazardous wastes or waste area are located must be posted.

Municipalities may conduct inspections to ensure that the requirements are carried out and may collect fees.

The bill provides a coordinating role to the Division of Fire Prevention (DFP) in the Department of Public Safety. The DFP is to provide:

1. a summary of hazardous materials and wastes required to be included in an inventory.
2. inventory forms
3. placards and guidelines for posting

The Department of Environmental Conservation (DEC) is not significantly affected by the bill.

DEC Comments

DEC supports the idea of local community right to know programs. Local firefighters would benefit from knowing what types of substances are located in facilities they might need to enter or approach in emergency situations. The Alaska Municipal League

passed a resolution asking that a standardized format for community right to know programs be established to ensure consistency between the programs that are passed. This bill is intended to do that.

While the Department supports the idea of community right to know programs, we have several comments on this bill. HB 647 has several mandatory requirements for municipalities. It would appear to DEC that mandatory requirements for municipalities are not appropriate. Adoption of a community right to know ordinance should be left to the initiative of each municipality. The provisions would result in a considerable workload for a municipality. We are not aware that there are many municipalities that are ready to assume this burden.

To obtain information on the locations of hazardous substances, two general approaches are available. One is to set up a new series of reporting requirements. Another approach would be to use existing sources of information provided by applications and other reports under the federal Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA). This bill takes the first approach and does create substantial reporting requirements. For hazardous wastes, (not materials) information on storage, transportation, and treatment facilities is available from RCRA documents. Using this information is an approach the Committee might want to consider. The bill then, except for the placard requirements,

could be focused on hazardous materials. Placarding is a useful and appropriate requirement for both materials and wastes.

Another important question is when reports are required. The bill requires annual inventories, notice of movement, and notice of significant additions of hazardous wastes and materials.

Another approach might be to focus the notice requirements on identifying locations where hazardous wastes and materials are normally located. This would seem to be the type of information needed by firefighters. This could reduce the paperwork burden significantly. If this approach were chosen, we would suggest a change to the inventory requirements to allow for initial submittal of a floor plan, and a description of the types and amounts of materials that would be located at a site. Then, a municipality would need to be notified only when substantial changes were made. (This would require deletion of 29.35.500(c) and (d) and modification of 29.35.500(a).

The level of reporting of wastes might be another area the Committee would want to look at. The bill now requires reporting of every waste or substance. Another approach might be to require reporting on classes of wastes or substances. The federal Department of Transportation has a classification system that groups wastes and materials into approximately twenty groups. It could be appropriate to ask for reporting by class, to reduce the complexity of information that must be compiled.

We are not entirely certain about the intent of some of the definitions. The definition of "handles" excludes transporters and includes other terms that could be redundant.

The definition of "hazardous material" is unclear to us, in several respects. The relationship of the various clauses and the extent of the exceptions is hard to understand.

STATE OF ALASKA 1986 LEGISLATIVE SESSION FISCAL NOTE

Revision Date : _____

REQUEST

Bill/Resolution No. : HB 647
 Title : An Act requiring municipalities to establish reporting & inspection programs for hazardous materials...
 Sponsor : Hurley, Koponen, Davis, Gott...
 Requestor : Community & Regional Affairs
 Date of Request : 2/25/86

FISCAL DETAIL

Agency Affected : Labor
 BRU : Labor Standards & Safety
 Components : Occupational Safety & Health

EXPENDITURES/REVENUES : (Thousands of Dollars)

OPERATING	FY 86	FY 87	FY 88	FY 89	FY 90	FY 91
PERSONAL SERVICES						
TRAVEL						
CONTRACTUAL SUPPLIES						
EQUIPMENT						
LAND & STRUCTURES						
GRANTS, CLAIMS						
MISCELLANEOUS						
TOTAL OPERATING	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-

CAPITAL						
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REVENUE						
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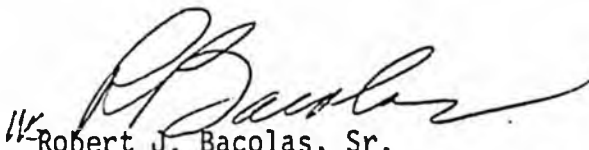
FUNDING : (Thousands of Dollars)

GENERAL FUND						
FEDERAL FUNDS						
OTHER						
TOTAL	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-

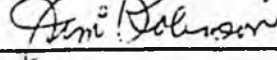
POSITIONS :

FULL-TIME						
PART-TIME						
TEMPORARY						

ANALYSIS : Attach a separate page if necessary

Prepared by : 
 Division : Labor Standards & Safety

Phone : 465-4870
 Date : _____

Approved by Commissioner : 
 Agency : Labor

Date : 2/27/86

Distribution (by Agency preparing fiscal note):

- Legislative Finance
- Legislative Sponsor
- Requestor
- Office of Management and Budget
- Impacted Agency(ies)

**STATE OF ALASKA 1986 LEGISLATIVE SESSION
FISCAL NOTE**

Revision Date : _____

REQUEST

Bill/Resolution No. : HB 647
 Title : An act requiring municipalities to establish reporting and inspection programs for haz. materials and haz. waste;
 Sponsor : Katie Hurley
 Requestor : Peter Goll (C&RA and SA)
 Date of Request : 2/27/86

FISCAL DETAIL

Agency Affected : Environmental Conservation
 BRU : Environmental Quality
 Components : Director's Office

EXPENDITURES/REVENUES : (Thousands of Dollars)

OPERATING	FY 86	FY 87	FY 88	FY 89	FY 90	FY 91
PERSONAL SERVICES						
TRAVEL						
CONTRACTUAL						
SUPPLIES						
EQUIPMENT						
LAND & STRUCTURES						
GRANTS, CLAIMS						
MISCELLANEOUS						
TOTAL OPERATING	0	0	0	0	0	0

CAPITAL	0	0	0	0	0	0
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REVENUE	0	0	0	0	0	0
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FUNDING : (Thousands of Dollars)

GENERAL FUND						
FEDERAL FUNDS						
OTHER						
TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0

POSITIONS : NONE

FULL-TIME						
PART-TIME						
TEMPORARY						

ANALYSIS : Attach a separate page if necessary

Prepared by : Keith Kelton Phone : 465-2640
 Division : Environmental Quality Date : 2/27/86

Approved by Commissioner : Bill Ross Date : 3/2/86
 Agency : Department of Environmental Conservation

Distribution (by Agency preparing fiscal note):

- Legislative Finance
- Legislative Sponsor
- Requestor
- Office of Management and Budget
- Impacted Agency(ies)

STATE OF ALASKA 1986 LEGISLATIVE SESSION FISCAL NOTE

Revision Date : _____

REQUEST

Bill/Resolution No. : HB 647
 Title : An Act Requiring Municipalities to Establish Reporting and Inspection of Programs for Hazardous Material
 Sponsor : Rep. Hurley
 Requestor : Community & Regional Affairs
 Date of Request : 2/27/86

FISCAL DETAIL

Agency Affected : Health & Social Services
 BRU : State Health Services
 Components : P.H. Administrative Services

EXPENDITURES/REVENUES : (Thousands of Dollars)

OPERATING	FY 86	FY 87	FY 88	FY 89	FY 90	FY 91
PERSONAL SERVICES						
TRAVEL						
CONTRACTUAL						
SUPPLIES						
EQUIPMENT						
LAND & STRUCTURES						
GRANTS, CLAIMS						
MISCELLANEOUS						
TOTAL OPERATING		-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
CAPITAL						
REVENUE						

FUNDING : (Thousands of Dollars)

GENERAL FUND		-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
FEDERAL FUNDS						
OTHER						
TOTAL		-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-

POSITIONS :

FULL-TIME						
PART-TIME						
TEMPORARY						

ANALYSIS : Attach a separate page if necessary

Prepared by : Elizabeth Ward, M.N., Director Phone : 465-3090
 Division : Public Health Date : 2/27/86

Approved by Commissioner : [Signature] Date : 3/5/86
 Agency : Health & Social Services

- Distribution (by Agency preparing fiscal note) :
- Legislative Finance
 - Legislative Sponsor
 - Requestor
 - Office of Management and Budget
 - Impacted Agency(ies)

POSITION PAPER

HOUSE BILL 647

"An Act requiring Municipalities to establish reporting and inspections programs for hazardous materials and hazardous waste."

This bill requires municipalities to establish hazardous materials reporting and inspection programs to ensure the safety of individuals who may come in contact with the materials. Under the terms of HB 647, individuals who utilize such materials must annually submit a detailed inventory and notify the municipality within 24 hours any changes in the status of the inventory. In addition, such individuals must place warning placards to notify the public of the presence of the materials.

Position

The Department of Health and Social Services supports HB 647 and its intent to protect the general public and inform emergency response personnel regarding the type and location of hazardous materials in a community. The right of public awareness to the presence of hazardous materials is an effective means of minimizing the dangers. Implementation of this bill will be the responsibility of the Department of Public Safety, Division of Fire Prevention and local municipalities. The department will work with the responsible agencies to provide assistance in coordinating with emergency medical services personnel and other appropriate health care providers.

Recommended by: Elizabeth N. Ward
Elizabeth Ward, M.N.
Director
Division of Public Health

Date: 3/3/86

Approved by: John R. Pugh
John R. Pugh, Commissioner
Department of Health and
Social Services

Date: 3/5/86

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY

POSITION PAPER - HB 647

FEBRUARY 27, 1986

NEUTRAL

The Department of Public Safety supports the concept of HB 647, the "Community-Right-To-Know" bill.

It is our understanding that locations in Alaska handling hazardous materials and wastes number in the thousands.

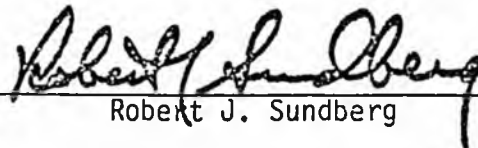
The bill requires the Division of Fire Prevention to make available listings of hazardous materials and wastes to handlers and municipalities; standard inventory forms and placards and guidelines for their posting; and related educational materials.

We see a substantial need in developing the proper framework for this program in order to adequately assist both the industry and communities in its implementation. Additional staffing and support resources will be necessary.

Alternatives that may be considered include examining the placement of the state's responsibilities in the bill with the Department of Labor which now administers the worker's Right-To-Know act.

It is also suggested that a "user's fee" be established to recover the costs of printing and distributing the lists, forms and placards.

This bill, if enacted, will start a very important process to protect lives and property from an increasing number of hazardous materials in Alaska.


Robert J. Sundberg



Department of Environmental Conservation
Comments on HB 647

HB 647 would require municipalities to adopt "community right to know" programs according to a prescribed framework. The purpose of "community right to know" programs is to ensure that local governments and emergency response personnel have information about hazardous materials and wastes located within their jurisdictions.

Bill Summary

The bill requires municipalities to adopt the following requirements:

1. Those who "handle" hazardous materials or wastes must:
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 - b) Report on movement of hazardous materials or wastes within 24 hours
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Municipalities may conduct inspections to ensure that the requirements are carried out and may collect fees.

The bill provides a coordinating role to the Division of Fire Prevention (DFP) in the Department of Public Safety. The DFP is to provide:

1. a summary of hazardous materials and wastes required to be included in an inventory.
2. inventory forms
3. placards and guidelines for posting

The Department of Environmental Conservation (DEC) is not significantly affected by the bill.

DEC Comments

DEC supports the idea of local community right to know programs. Local firefighters would benefit from knowing what types of substances are located in facilities they might need to enter or approach in emergency situations. The Alaska Municipal League

passed a resolution asking that a standardized format for community right to know programs be established to ensure consistency between the programs that are passed. This bill is intended to do that.

While the Department supports the idea of community right to know programs, we have several comments on this bill. HB 647 has several mandatory requirements for municipalities. It would appear to DEC that mandatory requirements for municipalities are not appropriate. Adoption of a community right to know ordinance should be left to the initiative of each municipality. The provisions would result in a considerable workload for a municipality. We are not aware that there are many municipalities that are ready to assume this burden.

To obtain information on the locations of hazardous substances, two general approaches are available. One is to set up a new series of reporting requirements. Another approach would be to use existing sources of information provided by applications and other reports under the federal Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA). This bill takes the first approach and does create substantial reporting requirements. For hazardous wastes, (not materials) information on storage, transportation, and treatment facilities is available from RCRA documents. Using this information is an approach the Committee might want to consider. The bill then, except for the placard requirements,

could be focused on hazardous materials. Placarding is a useful and appropriate requirement for both materials and wastes.

Another important question is when reports are required. The bill requires annual inventories, notice of movement, and notice of significant additions of hazardous wastes and materials.

Another approach might be to focus the notice requirements on identifying locations where hazardous wastes and materials are normally located. This would seem to be the type of information needed by firefighters. This could reduce the paperwork burden significantly. If this approach were chosen, we would suggest a change to the inventory requirements to allow for initial submittal of a floor plan, and a description of the types and amounts of materials that would be located at a site. Then, a municipality would need to be notified only when substantial changes were made. (This would require deletion of 29.35.500(c) and (d) and modification of 29.35.500(a).

The level of reporting of wastes might be another area the Committee would want to look at. The bill now requires reporting of every waste or substance. Another approach might be to require reporting on classes of wastes or substances. The federal Department of Transportation has a classification system that groups wastes and materials into approximately twenty groups. It could be appropriate to ask for reporting by class, to reduce the complexity of information that must be compiled.

We are not entirely certain about the intent of some of the definitions. The definition of "handles" excludes transporters and includes other terms that could be redundant.

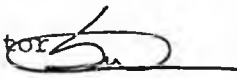
The definition of "hazardous material" is unclear to us, in several respects. The relationship of the various clauses and the extent of the exceptions is hard to understand.

Alaska MUNICIPAL League

TELEPHONE
(907) 586-1325

105 MUNICIPAL WAY, SUITE 301
JUNEAU, ALASKA 99801

TO: Representative Peter Goll, Chairman
Members of the House Community and Regional Affairs Committee

FROM: Scott A. Burgess, Executive Director 

DATE: March 5, 1986

SUBJECT: HB 647 - Hazardous Waste Reporting and Inspection

The Alaska Municipal League supports the concept of HB 647 as another piece of the legislation needed to address a critical and growing threat to the people who live, work and visit in our communities; however, without a financial commitment by the State to fund additional mandates on local government, the mandatory "shall" language referring to municipal action should be changed to "may". The current language appears to place the mandate on municipalities to set up a potentially expensive reporting mechanism. Instead, the language should allow local option by those communities able to implement such a program. The mandatory language requiring the "handler" to report the information should remain. With such a change, the AML supports the program, and appreciates the work of the sponsors of this and other hazardous waste legislation this year. From the attached resolutions debated and adopted by the AML in Fairbanks in November, the Committee can see that hazardous waste and substance issue is a significant one for municipalities.

In addition to the resolutions attached, the following policy language appears on page 8 of the AML 1986 Policy Statement:

"The League supports legislation which would require producers, shippers, distributors, and commercial and industrial users to submit to all affected municipal governments, the Standard Material Safety Data Sheet on all toxic material physical agents being shipped to or through, or stored, manufactured, utilized, produced as a by-product, or otherwise found at any time, on the property or rights-or-way of any enterprise or site within the municipal boundaries."

This legislation gives the legislative intent and statutory language needed for the municipalities and the State to work together to begin developing and implementing a "community right to know" program. Many municipalities are faced with problems presented by our advanced, industrialized and often complex society. HB 674 begins to address the problem by allowing information to be collected and posted on the storage and use of hazardous wastes and substances. The legislation is only a part of the solution because we have not adequately address hazardous wastes and substances clean-up, transportation and disposal disposal. Several other bills are before the legislature this session which do attempt to begin addressing these other problems.

I want to reiterate that the solution to the problems presented by hazardous materials in our communities is not for the federal and state governments to mandate additional responsibilities on local governments. Effective laws are part of the solution; individual and corporate responsibility is another part; and, finally, money, whether from fees and penalties on the generator or from society as a whole in the form of taxes.

One final concern in relation to money that I would request the Committee address in reviewing this and other legislation is the adequacy of training funds and programs to adequately prepare local emergency response personnel. Whether it is to be provided by the Department of Environmental Conservation, the Department of Public Safety, Division of Fire Prevention, or the Department of Military and Veterans Affairs, Division of Emergency Affairs, training in emergency response and clean-up needs to be provided statewide.

Again, the AML is in support of HB 647 with permissive rather than mandatory statute language.

RESOLUTION OF THE ALASKA MUNICIPAL LEAGUE

RESOLUTION NO. 86-09

A RESOLUTION SUPPORTING STATEWIDE
HAZARDOUS MATERIAL DISCLOSURE LEGISLATION.

WHEREAS, the handling, storage, transportation, use, processing, and disposal of hazardous materials and hazardous waste occurs in all communities in Alaska, and

WHEREAS, the potential impacts of accidents associated with hazardous materials and hazardous wastes can have devastating impacts on the public health and the environment, and

WHEREAS, knowledge of the types of hazardous materials and hazardous wastes are critical and central to a community's ability to recognize potentially dangerous situations, and

WHEREAS, firefighters, police officers and other public safety and medical professionals often lack the information necessary to respond quickly and safely to emergencies involving hazardous materials and hazardous waste, and

WHEREAS, the public has the right to know what hazardous materials and hazardous wastes are in their community;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the Alaska Municipal League supports the adoption of state enabling legislation to allow local governments to establish a Hazardous Materials Disclosure (Community Right-to-know) Program. Such a Hazardous Materials Disclosure law should address minimum program requirements for a municipality, including:

- a. Notification
- b. Placarding
- c. Transportation Routing
- d. Transportation requirements for selected materials
- e. Emergency Coordination Procedures

PESOLUTION OF THE ALASKA MUNICIPAL LEAGUE

RESOLUTION NO. 86-05

A RESOLUTION SUPPORTING ADOPTION AND ENFORCEMENT
OF HAZARDOUS MATERIAL TRANSPORTATION LEAD AGENCY
AND REGULATIONS.

WHEREAS, transportation of hazardous materials occurs in nearly every community in Alaska, and

WHEREAS, the potential impacts of accidents during the transportation of hazardous materials can have a devastating effect on the public health and environment, and

WHEREAS, there is no State agency to enforce regulations to assure hazardous materials are moved safely on roads in Alaska, and the federal agency charged with this responsibility is not able to adequately enforce regulations, and

WHEREAS, there are no State of Alaska highway transportation regulations for hazardous materials, and

WHEREAS, there are no state or federal regulations in the State of Alaska for the intrastate shipment of hazardous materials by highway;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the Alaska Municipal League requests the State Legislature to designate and adequately fund a single State agency, such as the Department of Public Safety, to be responsible for assuring hazardous materials are transported safely on highways within the State of Alaska.

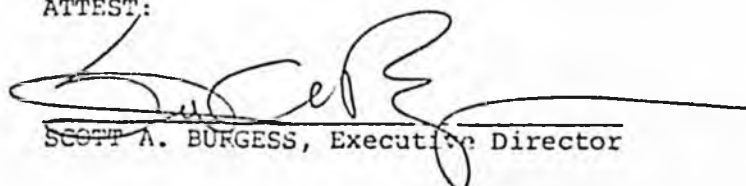
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, the State of Alaska is urged to adopt regulations for the safe transportation of hazardous material on State highways.

Adopted this 16th day of November 1985.



LEO B. RASMUSSEN, President


ATTEST:



SCOTT A. BURGESS, Executive Director

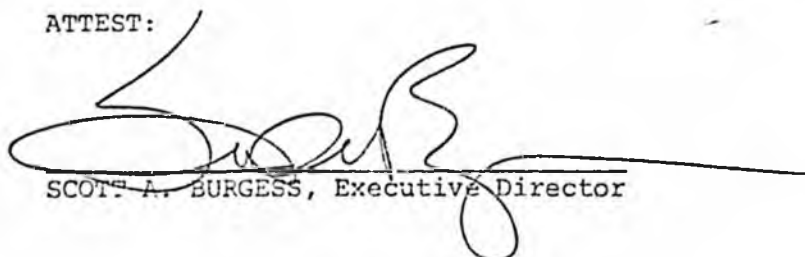
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Alaska Municipal League requests the Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation to work with the Statewide Task Force on Hazardous Materials to develop an equitable allocation of costs by municipal contributions, user fees, etc., by March 1, 1986.

Adopted this 16th day of November 1985.



LEO B. RASMUSSEN, President

ATTEST:



SCOTT A. BURGESS, Executive Director

RESOLUTION OF THE ALASKA MUNICIPAL LEAGUE

RESOLUTION NO. 87-07

A RESOLUTION REGARDING HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE INVESTIGATIONS
AND A STATE HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES RESPONSE FUND.

WHEREAS, nearly 100 potential hazardous waste sites have been identified in the State of Alaska by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and the Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation for investigation as to possible Superfund sites under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA), and

WHEREAS, these potential hazardous waste sites are a possible threat to the public health and environment in each of the communities they are located and are spread throughout the State of Alaska, impacting numerous local governments, and

WHEREAS, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation have initiated preliminary assessments and site investigations at many of these locations, and the Department of Army and Air Force are conducting similar investigations under the Defense Environmental Restoration Program (DERP) for clean-up of hazardous waste sites at abandoned and active facilities, and

WHEREAS, none of the involved agencies have made adequate efforts to include participation by affected local governments in conducting preliminary assessments, site investigations, or emergency or remedial clean-up actions, and

WHEREAS, it is the right and responsibility of affected local governments to know about and participate in any such determinations, and

WHEREAS, local governments do not have the financial capability or technical expertise to assume responsibility for any hazardous waste sites found in a community, and

WHEREAS, many potential hazardous waste sites will not be cleaned up by the Superfund program, even though a potential threat to the health and environment exists, since the Hazard Ranking System used by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency is biased against Alaska sites due to low populations exposed;

RESOLUTION OF THE ALASKA MUNICIPAL LEAGUE

RESOLUTION NO. 86-06

A RESOLUTION SUPPORTING STATE ASSUMPTION
OF THE HAZARDOUS WASTE PROGRAM
AND REQUESTING ADEQUATE FUNDING LEVEL.

WHEREAS, protection of the public health and environment from exposures to hazardous waste is one of the top environmental priorities in the State of Alaska, and

WHEREAS, the hazardous waste management program, referred to as the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) program, is currently under the jurisdiction of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency in the State of Alaska, and

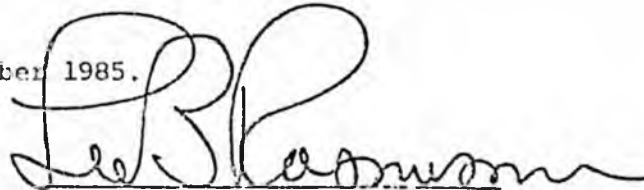
WHEREAS, Senate Bill 503 directed the Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation to develop regulations for assuming authorization of the RCRA program by July 11, 1986, and to implement a State-operated program by July 1, 1987, and

WHEREAS, adequate staffing and trained personnel are essential to prepare for taking over operation of the RCRA, program and to carry out the many complex responsibilities associated with the program.

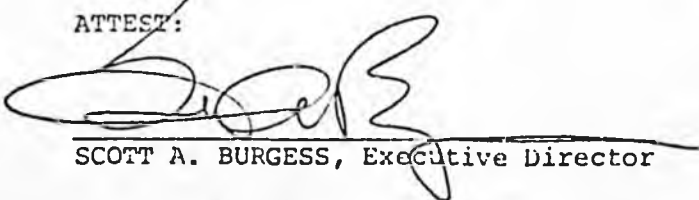
NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the Alaska Municipal League supports assumption of the hazardous waste program by the State of Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation in accordance with the provisions of A.S. 46.03.299 (SB 503), and urges the Governor to actively pursue development of enabling regulations and program capabilities.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Alaska Municipal League requests the Alaska Legislature to fund the State hazardous waste management program at an adequate level to develop needed regulations and for the effective implementation of a program suited to Alaska's conditions.

Adopted this 16th day of November 1985.


LEO B. RASMUSSEN, President

ATTEST:


SCOTT A. BURGESS, Executive Director

RESOLUTION OF THE ALASKA MUNICIPAL LEAGUE

RESOLUTION NO. 86-08

A RESOLUTION REQUESTING THAT THE LEGISLATURE AND GOVERNOR
FULLY FUND THE ANNUAL HAZARDOUS WASTE CLEANUP PROGRAM
SPONSORED BY THE ALASKA DEPARTMENT OF
ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION.

WHEREAS, the State of Alaska is responsible for protecting the health and safety of its citizens, and

WHEREAS, at present there is no location within Alaska available for the proper disposal of hazardous wastes, and

WHEREAS, a large amount of hazardous wastes within Alaska comes from small quantity generators (less than 100 kilograms per month of hazardous wastes or one kilogram per month of acutely hazardous material) as defined by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, and

WHEREAS, such small quantity generators have neither the financial resources nor the technical expertise to ship hazardous wastes to an approved disposal site outside of the State of Alaska, and

WHEREAS, a cutback or cancellation of the annual Hazardous Clean-up Program may result in the unauthorized dumping of significant amounts of hazardous wastes within the State of Alaska, and

WHEREAS, the Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation has been mandated by the State Legislature to provide this program to an increasing number of communities, and

WHEREAS, there are additional Alaskan communities located on the existing road network which have not been serviced by this program in the past, and which may have significant amounts of hazardous wastes which need proper disposal;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Alaska Municipal League that the State Legislature and the Governor fully fund the cost of the Annual Hazardous Waste Clean-up Program for 1986 and 1987, at an amount in excess of \$500,000.

RESOLUTION OF THE ALASKA MUNICIPAL LEAGUE

RESOLUTION NO. 86-08

A RESOLUTION REQUESTING THAT THE LEGISLATURE AND GOVERNOR
FULLY FUND THE ANNUAL HAZARDOUS WASTE CLEANUP PROGRAM
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WHEREAS, there are additional Alaskan communities located on the existing road network which have not been serviced by this program in the past, and which may have significant amounts of hazardous wastes which need proper disposal;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Alaska Municipal League that the State Legislature and the Governor fully fund the cost of the Annual Hazardous Waste Clean-up Program for 1986 and 1987, at an amount in excess of \$500,000.

NOW THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the Alaska Municipal League requests the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation, and Department of Defense to establish procedures to involve affected local governments in all phases of evaluating potential hazardous waste sites identified under CERCLA.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Alaska Municipal League requests the Alaska Legislature to establish a Hazardous Substances Response Fund to provide funds for matching purposes for participation in Superfund clean-ups, to provide funds for clean-up of hazardous waste sites not eligible for federal clean-up actions, and for instances when an emergency response is appropriate.

Adopted this 16th day of November 1985.



LEO B. RASMUSSEN, President

ATTEST:



SCOTT A. BURGESS, Executive Director



Alaska State Legislature

House of Representatives

Committee on Community & Regional Affairs

Pouch V
State Capitol
Juneau, Alaska 99811
(907) 465-4833

HEARING DATE:

HB 647

March 5, 1986

NAME (Please Print)	ADDRESS	REPRESENTING	TESTIFY (Yes or No)	PHONE NUMBER
T.G. Thrasher	Anch	AP Docking Assoc	586-1100	4
David Bruce	P.O. Box 1406 Juneau 99811	AK DHSS	yes	465-3090
NORMA LANG	PO Box H-01	DHSS	NO	3030
Bill Ross	POUCH V	DSE	YES	2600
Gene Amos	Pouch	Rep Ron Larson	NO	-3727
Steve Colt	204 N Franklin Juneau 99811	AK Environmental Lobby	yes	586-2345
Sam Neul or Gordon Bruntn	PO Box N 99811	Public Safety	yes	2-4331
Scott Burgess	Juneau	AML	YES	6-1325
Richard Arab	Juneau	Labor	NO	465-8882