

ALASKA LEGISLATURE COMMITTEE FILES 1981-1982 0072

1963 SRES HB 889 - HJR 75 196

Senator Fischer moved the adoption of the Anderson amendment, and Senator Sturgulewski asked unanimous consent.

Mary Malloran, Special Assistant to the Commissioner, Department of Natural Resources, proposed new seismic language that would extend the provision of confidentiality to the analysis, reproduction, and interpretation of data; increase the penalty for breach of confidence to a Class B felony; require that employees who have access to the confidential data post a bond in an amount to be determined by the Commissioner; and include an effective date of January 1, 1982.

Jim Dale, Exxon, Alaska Division Attorney, expressed opposition to the seismic language which states that geological and geophysical data is required in every presale analysis, and to the January 1, 1982 effective date.

Senator Fischer proposed an amendment to delete page 6, lines 26-29, and replace it with "In order to achieve the purposes of this Chapter, the". There was no objection.

Dale explained that because of the value of proprietary data to the company, some may decide to legally challenge any law requiring them to provide the State with such data.

Gene Wiles, Chevron, reiterated Chevron's opposition to the amendment. He urged that it be mandatory that the Commissioner keep the data and its analysis, reproduction, and processing confidential.

Halloran urged support for the January 1, 1982 effective date, stating that the data gathered this past winter is needed by the Department to carry out the upcoming Beaufort lease sale.

The Committee was adjourned at 3:10 p.m. until 8:00 a.m. May 6, 1982.

HB 889 TITLE & SPONSOR SUMMARY

16:08 4/19/82 PAGE 1 OF 2

AMENDED TITLE: CSHB 889(FIN)

AN ACT RELATING TO THE SALE OF ROYALTY OIL BY THE STATE

OF ALASKA TO DOYON, LTD.;

AND PROVIDING FOR AN EFFECTIVE DATE

PRIME SPONSOR: HOUSE RULES COMMITTEE.

CO-SPONSORS:

CURRENT STATUS: 4/17/82 FIN CS ADOPTED (H)

HB 889 HOUSE ACTION

16:08 4/19/82 PAGE 2 OF 2

DATE SEQ PAGE

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

DATE	SEQ	PAGE	LEGISLATIVE ACTION
03/29/82	01	0956	FIRST READING -- COMMITTEE REPORTS
03/29/82	02	0954	GOV TRANSMITTAL LETTER
03/29/82	03	0956	CONTRACT JOINT SUPPL #6
04/07/82	04	1177	GAS -- CS04, NR01
04/07/82	05	1177	ZERO F/NOTE W/ANALYSIS HSE SUPPL #38
04/15/82	06	1293	FIN -- CS07, NR01
04/17/82	07	1346	SECOND READING
04/17/82	08	1346	FIN CS ADOPTED BY UNAN CONSENT
04/17/82	09	1347	FAILED TO ADV 3RD READING BY DIV 28-10-02
****	**	**	*** ** *

HCR

29

Fr.

Steve Leonard
6/6/81

June 5, 1981

RE: Letter of Intent - Senate Resources

It is the intent of the Alaska State Legislature that the Agricultural Experiment Station, School of Agriculture and Land Resources Management, and the Cooperative Extension Service, University of Alaska, be participants in the planning process outlined in CS for House Concurrent Resolution No. 29. It is further the intent of the legislature, that the Department of Natural Resources and other state agencies participate in this agricultural development planning process.

It is the intent of the committee that the consultant contract be competitively bid in normal state contracting procedures.



Fairbanks, Alaska 99701

C.C. Kephart
Sen. Kerttula

School of Agriculture and Land Resources Management
Agricultural Experiment Station
University of Alaska
309 O'Neill Resources Building
905 Koyukuk Avenue North
Fairbanks, Alaska 99701

6/1
MAY 30 1981

May 29, 1981

The Honorable Bettye Fahrenkamp
Alaska State Senate
Pouch V.
Juneau, Alaska 99811

Dear Senator Fahrenkamp:

Here are a few suggestions related to CS for HCR 29 and CS for HB 535.

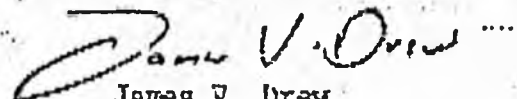
1. CS for HCR 29 directs the Alaska Agricultural Action Council to coordinate the preparation of a 10-year plan for agricultural development. I assume that funds will be provided to the Council to develop the plan.
2. The Executive Director of the Agricultural Action Council could be assigned responsibility by the Council for coordinating and managing the development of the plan.
3. The Agricultural Experiment Station and the Cooperative Extension Service should be prime agents in the planning process. Two key elements in CS for HCR 29 are the provision for an annual updating process for the plan and its projections, and the provision for research, development, education and extension services necessary to support the plan. The Agricultural Experiment Station and the Cooperative Extension Service are repositories for much of the primary data needed for Alaska's agricultural plan. Active participation by these units will maintain and develop in Alaska the research necessary to prepare the plan and revise it annually, and will provide established linkages for education and extension necessary to implement the plan.
4. Segments of the plan could be prepared by consultants on the basis of competitive proposals which would be selected and funded by the Agricultural Action Council.
5. CS for HB 535 modifies the composition of the Agricultural Action Council. Recognition of previous and potential contributions of the University of Alaska to the agricultural planning and development

UNIVERSITY OF ALASKA

The Honorable Bettye Fahrenkamp
page 2.

process would be provided by designating the Dean of the School of Agriculture and Land Resources Management, University of Alaska, as a member of the Agricultural Action Council. This would provide legislative recognition of the University's role in agricultural research, teaching and extension, and indicate to the University administration and the Board of Regents the need to support these areas within the University to meet state goals for agricultural development. The Dean of the School of Agriculture and Land Resources Management is an ex-officio member of the existing Agricultural Action Council.

Sincerely,


James V. Drew
Dean and Director

JVD:gs

Copy to:
Senator Salmon Karthala
Representative Terry Gardiner



UNIVERSITY OF ALASKA, FAIRBANKS
Fairbanks, Alaska 99701

School of Agriculture and Land Resources Management
Agricultural Experiment Station
University of Alaska
209 O'Neill Resources Building
905 Koyukuk Avenue North
Fairbanks, Alaska 99701

MEMORANDUM

TO: Mr. Jim Palmer, c/o Senator Bettye Fahrenkamp, Alaska State Senate
Pouch V, Juneau, Alaska 99811

FROM: Jim Drew *J.D.*

DATE: May 29, 1981

RE: Suggested letter of intent to accompany CS for HCR 29

It is the intent of the Alaska State Legislature that the Agricultural Experiment Station, School of Agriculture and Land Resources Management, and the Cooperative Extension Service, University of Alaska, be prime agents in the planning process outlined in CS for House Concurrent Resolution No. 29. This resolution provides for a 10-year plan for accomplishing the goals of the State of Alaska in the development of agriculture. Two key elements are the provision for an annual updating process for the plan and its projections, and the provision for research, development, education and extension services necessary to support the plan.

The Agricultural Experiment Station and the Cooperative Extension Service are repositories for much of the primary data needed for Alaska's agricultural plan. Active participation by these units will maintain and develop in Alaska the research necessary to prepare the plan and revise it annually, and will provide established linkages for education and extension necessary to implement the plan.

BREAKDOWNS FOR ALASKAN AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT PLANNING

Project Director	\$60,000
Office Expenses	60,000
Consultant time (\$6,000/mo. for first phase of 30 months)	180,000
Travel and Per Diem for Consultants (\$5,000/mo. for first phase of 30 months)	150,000
Other Travel and Per Diem (for Project Director and other staff)	50,000
Computer Services and Publication Expenses	80,000
Hearings (for public input)	40,000
Contingency (5 percent)	40,000
Overhead (about 20 percent)	<u>140,000</u>
TOTAL	\$800,000

ITEMS TO BE INCLUDED IN REPORT

MAN MONTHS REQUIRED

- | | |
|--|---|
| (1) Information concerning the economic and financial situation of agricultural development necessary to evaluate and support agricultural development projects. | Items (1) through (4) will be dealt with together as a group: |
| (2) A planning process to update annually the agricultural plan and its 10-year projections. | Phase 1: 3 months
Phase 2: 10-12 months |
| (3) A planning process to examine annually the long-range economic viability of the existing state agriculture industry, future developments proposed in the agricultural plan, and the distribution of economic and socioeconomic benefits and costs. | |
| (4) Recommendations for changes in the organization of state government to implement the agricultural plan efficiently. | |
| (5) Programs for state support of small-scale and subsistence agriculture. | Phase 1: 3 months
Phase 2: 4 months |
| (6) Recommendations for research and development, education, and extension services necessary to support the plan. | Phase 1: 2 months
Phase 2: 2 months |
| (7) A budget for the upcoming fiscal year for continuing and new state agricultural programs. | Items (7) and (8) will be dealt with together. |
| (8) The cost of associated capital and infrastructure requirements. | Phase 1: 4 months
Phase 2: 6 months |
| (9) Projections of the marketing needs of Alaskan agricultural production. | Phase 1: 6 months
Phase 2: 6 months |
| (10) plans to maintain agricultural land for agricultural uses. | Items (10) through (12) will be dealt with together as a group: |
| (11) methods to ensure that agricultural development is compatible with the optimum uses of other resources, including timber and fish and game, and | Phase 1: 2 months
Phase 2: 3 months |
| (12) methods to ensure that agricultural development will proceed with sound environmental practices and energy efficiency. | |

TO: Bob Palmer

FROM: Hudson Glimp
Lead Consultant to the Winrock International
Livestock Research and Training Center; one
of the founders of Winrock International;
currently a farmer in Danville, Kentucky;
spokesman for Winrock International and
the collaborative team on the Alaska Project

DATE: May 14, 1981

RE: Justification of \$800,000
for Agricultural Planning

These are my own offerings of what I have determined to be the
breakdowns for Alaskan agricultural development planning:

1. PROJECT DIRECTOR	\$60,000
2. OFFICE EXPENSES	60,000
3. CONSULTANT TIME (@\$6,000/mo. for first phase of 30 months)	180,000
4. TRAVEL & PER DIEM FOR CONSULTANTS (@\$5,000/mo. for first phase of 30 months)	150,000
5. OTHER TRAVEL & PER DIEM (for project director and other staff)	50,000
6. COMPUTER SERVICES & PUBLICATION EXPENSES	80,000
7. HEARINGS (for public input)	40,000
8. CONTINGENCY (5 percent)	40,000
9. OVERHEAD (about 20%)	<u>140,000</u>
TOTAL	\$800,000

Alaska State Legislature

BETTYE FAHRENKAMP, CHAIRMAN
VIC FISCHER, VICE-CHAIRMAN
BRAD BRADLEY
DICK ELIASON
DON GILMAN
BOB MULCAHY
ARLISS STURGULEWSKI



POUCH V
STATE CAPITOL
JUNEAU, ALASKA 99811
(907) 465-3834
(907) 465-3835

Senate

Committee on Resources

June 5, 1981
1:30 p.m.

Beltz Room
211 - Capitol

MEMBERS PRESENT

Senator Fahrenkamp
Senator Fischer
Senator Bradley
Senator Sturgulewski
Senator Mulcahy
Senator Eliason
Senator Gilman

HEARING:

- CSHB 535 An Act relating to the Alaska Agricultural Action Council.
- HCR 29 Relating to the development of a plan for Alaska agricultural development.
- SB 588 An Act relating to mineral leasing.
- HB 456 An Act relating to agriculture.
- HB 88 An Act relating to the qualifications for the farm or agricultural lands tax exemption.
- HB 83 An Act making special appropriations to the Department of Fish and Game for bison management.
- HB 538 An Act relating to a small-scale agriculture grant program.

Representative Gardner, stated that HCR 29 and HB 535 outline the state's policies and goals for agricultural development. HB 535 increases the membership on the Agricultural Action Council from 5 to 7 members.

Senator Sturgulewski put forth the motion to move SCS CSHB 535 with individual recommendations.

Senator Sturgulewski put forth the motion to move HCR 29 and the letter of intent with individual recommendations.

Representative Gardiner stated that the purpose of HB 456 is to promote small scale agriculture.

Representative Rogers suggested an amendment to HB 456 on page 1, line 16, place a period after "state" and delete line 17.

Senator Fischer put forth the motion to accept the amendment. He put forth several technical and grammatical amendments which were accepted.

Senator Fischer put forth the motion to move HB 456 as a Senate Committee Substitute with individual recommendations.

Dick Bishop, Regional Supervisor, Fairbanks, Department of Fish and Game, stated that HB 83 provides funding to develop the Delta Bison range and improve the bison summer range to delay their movement.

Representative Gardiner stated that he had looked at other alternatives and HB 83 was the least expensive to help ease the conflict between bison and agriculture.

Senator Mulcahy put forth the motion to move HB 83 with individual recommendations.

Representative Gardiner stated that HB 538 is designed to help small scale and village agricultural programs. He suggested that the Committee consider a letter of intent stating that the funds should be dispersed throughout the state and that no single geographical region receive an abnormal amount of the funds.

Senator Mulcahy put forth the motion to move CS HB 538 with individual recommendations and the letter of intent.

Senator Fahrenkamp put forth the motion to defer consideration of HB 88.

SB 588 was held until the Committee meeting June 8, 1981.

The Committee adjourned at 3:05 p.m.

LETTER OF INTENT

SENATE RESOURCES COMMITTEE

TO ACCOMPANY CS FOR HCR 29

It is the intent of the Alaska State Legislature that the Agricultural Experiment Station, School of Agriculture and Land Resources Management, and the Cooperative Extension Service, University of Alaska, be participants in the planning process outlined in CS for House Concurrent Resolution No. 29. It is further the intent of the legislature that the Department of Natural Resources and other state agencies participate in this agricultural development planning process.

It is also the intent of the Alaska State Legislature that the consultant contract be competitively bid under normal state contracting procedures.

HCR

51

LEGISLATION SUMMARY

HCR 51: "Relating to the enhancement of wildlife populations through predator management."

WHEREAS Alaskans depend on wild game for food; game availability depends on a complex set of factors; of those factors those most easily managed include hunting, trapping and predation; under specific circumstances depressed prey populations require many years to recover without a reduction in hunting and predation; very conservative hunting seasons and bag limits have not necessarily resulted in such growth; reductions in predators in some places has resulted in increased populations of moose, caribou and deer; such increases benefit all resources users; and it may be possible for the Department of Fish and Game to conceive an effective predator control program, with participation from members of the public most familiar with the game management subunit;

RESOLVED that the Legislature request the Governor to recommend that the Department of Fish and Game continue to implement predation control programs in areas where depressed game populations will not recover without such relief;

RESOLVED that the Department examine additional areas where population manipulation may enhance user group opportunities, and develop plans and budgets for enhancement programs for legislative consideration;

RESOLVED that the Department consider alternative predator management programs using hunters and trappers familiar with the areas.



Alaska State Legislature

SENATE Resources Committee

POUCH V
STATE CAPITOL
JUNEAU, ALASKA 99811
(907) 465-3834
(907) 465-3835

Official Business

BETTYE FAHRENKAMP, Chairman
VIC FISCHER, Vice-Chairman
BRAD BRADLEY
DICK ELIASON
DON GILMAN
BOB MULCAHY
ARLISS STURGULEWSKI

MEMBERS PRESENT

Senator Fahrenkamp
Senator Eliason
Senator Gilman
Senator Mulcahy
Senator Sturgulewski

May 12, 1982
1:30 p.m.

Beltz Room
Capitol - Room 211

Hearing:

- CSHJR 78 Relating to commercial fishing by foreign fleets in the 200-mile fishery conservation zone along Alaska's coast.
 - SCR 48 Relating to joint ventures between Alaska commercial salmon fishermen and foreign processors.
 - HCR 51 Relating to the enhancement of wildlife populations through predator management.
 - HCR 52 Relating to habitat management.
 - HJR 75 Relating to habitat management.
 - CSHJR 76 Relating to the enhancement of wildlife populations through predator management.
-

CSHJR 78

Senator Mulcahy moved the adoption of SCS CSHJR 78 (Res). He then moved that this language be placed on CSSJR 60 with a new title. There was no objection. He then moved CSSJR 60 with individual recommendations.

SCR 48

Steve Pennoyer, Director of Commercial Fish, Alaska Department of Fish and Game, explained that current State regulations require the Board of Fish to determine annually if there will be a surplus of salmon. The Board anticipates a surplus of pinks in several areas for the 1982 season, which means that the Department can issue permits to foreign processors for these areas. Although the Department has received several letters of interest from foreign processors, no applications have yet been processed. Pennoyer expressed concern over the second Resolve Clause, which speaks to sockeye salmon, as the Board has not identified a sockeye surplus this year.

Rick Lauber, Pacific Seafood Processors, expressed opposition to the resolution, stating that language regarding Bristol Bay processors placing limits on fishermen is not factual; monetary losses to fishermen in the past have been due to work stoppages and price disputes; the

resolution is not needed; the inviting in of foreign processors should be done in an orderly fashion and not create false hopes for the fishermen.

Norman Staton, Sealaska Corporation, representing Ocean Beauty Seafoods, stated that foreign processors should have to comply with the same laws domestic processors must comply with. He urged a careful analysis to determine if foreign processors' markets are conflicting with domestic markets, and inquired about expeditious processing of foreigners' permits.

Pennoyer agreed that time is of the essence, but stated that at least a month would probably be required for processing of a permit.

Senator Anderson explained that the resolution was drafted by the fishermen of Bristol Bay, who don't believe the processing needs can be met this year without the use of foreign processors. He urged that foreigners be allowed to process both pinks and sockeyes.

Senator Fahrenkamp stated that the bill would be held for further work.

Senator Fahrenkamp asked if there was anyone to testify on HCR 51, HCR 52, HJR 75, or CSHJR 76. She stated that since the bills have been scheduled for hearing several times before, and since noone has offered testimony, they would be held until further notice.

The meeting was adjourned at 2:30 p.m.



Alaska State Legislature

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
COMMITTEE ON RESOURCES

KEN FANNING, CO-CHAIRMAN
ERIC SUTCLIFFE, CO-CHAIRMAN
POUCH V
JUNEAU, ALASKA 99811
(907) 465-3715

MEMORANDUM

To: Tom Johnson, AA
Senate Resources

From: John Manly, AA *jm*
House Resources

Date: April 28, 1982

Re: HJR 75, HJR 76, HCR 51, HCR 52

The attached resolutions were adopted unanimously by the Subsistence Summit Panel which met in Anchorage on October 24, 1981. The primary objective of the meeting was to examine common ground and possible solutions to defuse the volatile subsistence issue. The panel was sponsored by the House Majority Coalition, and was chaired by Representative Eric Sutcliffe. Participants in attendance were: Representatives Adams, Fanning and Barnes; Senator Fischer; Bill Demmert, Deputy Commissioner, ADF&G; Roy Huhndorf, Alaska Federation of Natives; Dan Flynn, North Pacific Fisheries Association; Tom Scarborough, Alaska Sportmen's Council; Mil Zahn, Executive Director, Boards of Fisheries and Game; and Dick Hensel, Board of Game.

The panel received testimony on the resolutions from Dick Bishop, ADF&G, who spoke on all three issues; Jules Tuleston, BLM, who spoke primarily on habitat management through controlled burning; and Ken Thompson and Fred Harnisch, USFS, who related their agency's experiences with burning in the Chugach National Forest.

Based upon that testimony, and the extensive discussion which followed, the panel adopted the resolutions and they were transmitted to the House of Representatives.

The House Resources Committee took up consideration of the resolutions dealing with controlled burning and predator management, while the resolution addressing waste of game meat went to House Judiciary, where that committee considered and passed out HB 47.

If I can be of further assistance with these resolutions, please call.



Alaska State Legislature

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
COMMITTEE ON RESOURCES

KEN FANNING, CO-CHAIRMAN
ERIC SUTCLIFFE, CO-CHAIRMAN
POUCH V
JUNEAU, ALASKA 99811
(907) 465-3715

MEMORANDUM

To: All Members
From: Representative Eric Sutcliffe ^{cc}
Date: March 1, 1982
Re: Subsistence Resolutions

The attached resolutions were passed unanimously by the participants at the subsistence summit meeting on October 24, 1981. The resolutions were then forwarded to the Legislature, with the request that we take action on them.

The resolution on habitat modification through controlled burning is addressed in HCR 52 and HJR 75, while the resolution on predator control is reflected in HCR 51 and HJR 76. These resolutions are nearly identical to those passed by the summit participants.

The resolution on waste of fish and game meat is addressed in HB 47, which was awaiting consideration in House Judiciary Committee at the time the Legislature received the summit resolutions.

It was the unanimous conclusion of the summit panel that the positive approach to resolving the subsistence issue includes the enhancement of wildlife populations, as well as the proper use of fish and game taken. The participants felt that increasing the size of the resource pie, through the use of management tools now available but currently underutilized, was an appropriate request.

We on the Resources Committee have agreed that that approach is correct.

NOTE:

Pursuant to the Uniform Rules, the Resources Committee has found it necessary to generate a concurrent resolution as well as a joint resolution on each of the subject matters dealing with wildlife population enhancement. Rule 49(3) provides that concurrent resolutions are used by the Legislature to, among other things, request action of executive agencies. Rule 49(5) provides that joint resolutions are used to express the views of the Legislature to among others, agencies of the U.S. Government, and are signed by the governor as a ministerial formality. Hence, the HJRs to express ourselves to the Dept. of Interior and Alaska Delegation in Congress; and HCRs to express ourselves to ADF&G and DNR.

Aside from the different recipients for the HJRs and HCRs, HCR 52 has a further resolve not contained in HJR 75, asking state agencies to continue cooperating in this area, and to include in their budgets plans and requested funding for fire management programs.

Furthermore, the resolve in HJR '6 is directed to the Secretary of Interior, while the resolves in HCR 51 are aimed at ADF&G, and ask that that department consider other areas where wildlife predator control programs would make sense.

RESOLUTION ON HABITAT MANAGEMENT

Passed Unanimously by Subsistence Summit Panel, October 24, 1981

Whereas, it is widely known that different stages of ecological succession favor different plant and wildlife species; and

Whereas, in many parts of Alaska vegetation in early stages of succession provide prime food for many highly desirable game and fur animals; and

Whereas, in large portions of the state fire historically has been the major factor in causing beneficial habitat changes; and

Whereas, recent fire control policy generally has followed the principle of "initial attack" on all possible fires; and

Whereas, the result of this policy has resulted in significantly less acreage burned annually compared to the natural condition as determined by studies of fire history in Alaska; and

Whereas, this course of events has resulted in significantly less prime habitat for browsing species and their predators in much of the State; and

Whereas, during the last three years the State of Alaska and Federal agencies have worked to develop Fire Management Plans in Interior Alaska that would enhance habitat improvement opportunities by providing for selective fire control and prescribed fires; and

Whereas, the U.S. Forest Service has used prescribed burns on the Kenai Peninsula to enhance extremely poor moose range; and

Whereas, it is generally known that in much of the State where wild fires or prescribed burns have occurred, populations of moose, hares, grouse and other prey species, and predators of these species, have usually increased substantially; and

Whereas, in some cases other forms of habitat manipulation may also prove beneficial to wildlife populations; and

Whereas, wildlife population increases resulting from habitat improvement can contribute to improved hunting and trapping by all resource users.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, that the Subsistence Summit Panel supports the efforts of State and Federal agencies and private landowners to enhance habitat through management programs such as cooperative fire management planning and other habitat rehabilitation efforts where they are ecologically appropriate.

We further urge the Department of Natural Resources and other State agencies to continue developing plans for fire management and to submit to the Legislature in their budgets plans and funding requests to ensure that these programs go forward.

RESOLUTION ON ENHANCING WILDLIFE POPULATIONS THROUGH PREDATOR MANAGEMENT

Passed Unanimously by Subsistence Summit Panel, October 24, 1981

Whereas, Alaskans heavily depend upon wild game for sustenance; and

Whereas, the availability of game is dependent upon a complex set of factors including adequate habitat, weather conditions, disease and losses due to hunting or trapping and predation; and

Whereas, of all the factors affecting wildlife numbers, those most readily controlled through wildlife management include hunting or trapping and predation; and

Whereas, it has been reaffirmed through current programs of the Department of Fish and Game that under specific circumstances depressed populations of moose and caribou can benefit substantially from the reduction in number of specific predatory species; and

Whereas, under specific circumstances depressed prey populations may require many years to reach moderate or high numbers unless hunting and predator populations are reduced; and

Whereas, hunting seasons and bag limits have been very conservative throughout the State on moose and caribou in order to encourage population growth of these species, but such growth has not necessarily ensued; and

Whereas, the reduction in the numbers of wolves in specific parts of Alaska has resulted in increasing populations of moose and caribou; and

Whereas, increases in moose and caribou benefit all resource users; and

Whereas, it may be possible for the Department of Fish and Game to conceive an effective predator control program involving the participation of those members of the public most familiar with the game management subunit,

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, that the Subsistence Summit Panel recommends that the Department of Fish and Game continue its implementation of its wolf reduction programs in areas where depressed game populations are unable to recover without such relief, and urges the Department to examine circumstances in additional areas where such population manipulation may enhance opportunities for all wildlife user groups.

We further urge the Department to develop plans and budgets relating to such programs for Legislative consideration.

We further urge the Department to consider alternative programs, utilizing hunters and trappers most familiar with the area, for effective predator management.

And further, we urge the U.S. Department of Interior to accommodate such programs on conservation units where resource use is important.

RESOLUTION ON WASTE OF EDIBLE FISH AND GAME MEAT

Passed Unanimously by Subsistence Summit Panel, October 24, 1981

Whereas, game animals and fish contribute a considerable portion to the daily diets of thousands of Alaskans; and

Whereas, it is prudent that the people of the state ensure the proper and full utilization of fish and game resources when they are taken; and

Whereas, the pressures of a growing population with many competing uses and decreasing habitat areas have contributed to a relative decline in wild game populations in recent years; and

Whereas, instances of deliberate waste of edible game meat have occurred; and

Whereas, although instances of deliberate waste of game meat are well documented, few arrests have taken place, and convictions are fewer still; and

Whereas, a clear deterrent would be established by amending existing statutes pertaining to destruction of wild food animals to make imposition of minimum sentences mandatory; and

Whereas, such a mandatory sentencing provision would relieve the judicial system of responsibility for determining minimum sentences, but would allow the imposition of harsher sentences in cases requiring them,

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, the Subsistence Summit Panel petitions the Alaska Legislature to amend existing statutes to impose mandatory sentences for waste of fish and game meat.



Alaska State Legislature

SENATE Resources Committee

Official Business

BETTYE FAHRENKAMP, Chairman
VIC FISCHER, Vice-Chairman
BRAD BRADLEY
DICK ELIASON
DON GILMAN
BOB MULCAHY
ARLISS STURGULEWSKI

POUCH V
STATE CAPITOL
JUNEAU, ALASKA 99811
(907) 465-3834
(907) 465-3835

TO: Senate Resources Committee

FROM: Senate Resources Committee Staff

RE: Committee Meeting, 5/12/82

DATE: May 11, 1982

Please find attached background information for Wednesday's hearing on the following bills:

- SCR 48 Relating to joint ventures between Alaska commercial salmon fishermen and foreign processors.
- CSHJR 78 Relating to commercial fishing by foreign fleets in the 200-mile fishery conservation zone along Alaska's coast.

Also scheduled are the following resolutions, which are continued from Monday's meeting:

- HCR 51 Relating to the enhancement of wildlife populations through predator management.
- HCR 52 Relating to habitat management.
- HJR 75 Relating to habitat management.
- CSHJR 76 Relating to the enhancement of wildlife populations through predator management.

The hearing is scheduled for 1:30 p.m. in the Beltz Room.

HCR

52

LEGISLATION SUMMARY

HCR 52: "Relating to habitat management."

WHEREAS different ecological succession stages favor different plant and wildlife species; early stage vegetation often provides prime food for game and fur animals; fire has been the major factor causing beneficial habitat changes in large areas; recent fire control policy has been to follow the "initial attack" principle whenever possible; this policy results in significantly less burned acreage, compared to the natural condition; this has resulted in significantly less prime habitat for browsing species and their predators in many areas; in the last 3 years state and federal agencies have developed habitat enhancement fire management plans in the Interior, by providing for selective fire control and prescribed fires; the U. S. Forest Service has improved poor moose range on the Kenai Peninsula by prescribed burns; in many areas wild or prescribed fires have increased the populations of prey species and their predators; in some cases other forms of habitat manipulation may prove beneficial to wildlife populations; and wildlife population increases resulting from habitat improvement can improve hunting and trapping by all resources users;

RESOLVED that the Legislature supports state, federal and private efforts to enhance habitats through management programs, such as cooperative fire management planning, and other ecologically appropriate habitat rehabilitation efforts.

RESOLVED that the Department of Natural Resources and other state agencies dealing with habitat management are urged to continue developing fire management plans, and to include plans and funding requests to ensure continuance of cooperative fire management planning and other habitat management programs in their budget submittals to the Governor.

PRIME SPONSOR: Resources



Alaska State Legislature

SENATE Resources Committee

POUCH V
STATE CAPITOL
JUNEAU, ALASKA 99811
(907) 465-3834
(907) 465-3835

Official Business

BETTYE FAHRENKAMP, Chairman
VIC FISCHER, Vice-Chairman
BRAD BRADLEY
DICK ELIASON
DON GILMAN
BOB MULCAHY
ARLISS STURGULEWSKI

MEMBERS PRESENT

Senator Fahrenkamp
Senator Eliason
Senator Gilman
Senator Mulcahy
Senator Sturgulewski

May 12, 1982
1:30 p.m.

Bultz Room
Capitol - Room 211

Hearing:

- CSHJR 78 Relating to commercial fishing by foreign fleets in the 200-mile fishery conservation zone along Alaska's coast.
SCR 48 Relating to joint ventures between Alaska commercial salmon fishermen and foreign processors.
HCR 51 Relating to the enhancement of wildlife populations through predator management.
HCR 52 Relating to habitat management.
HJR 75 Relating to habitat management.
CSHJR 76 Relating to the enhancement of wildlife populations through predator management.
-

CSHJR 78

Senator Mulcahy moved the adoption of SCS CSHJR 78 (Res). He then moved that this language be placed on CSSJR 60 with a new title. There was no objection. He then moved CSSJP 60 with individual recommendations.

SCR 48

Steve Pennoyer, Director of Commercial Fish, Alaska Department of Fish and Game, explained that current State regulations require the Board of Fish to determine annually if there will be a surplus of salmon. The Board anticipates a surplus of pinks in several areas for the 1982 season, which means that the Department can issue permits to foreign processors for these areas. Although the Department has received several letters of interest from foreign processors, no applications have yet been processed. Pennoyer expressed concern over the second Resolve Clause, which speaks to sockeye salmon, as the Board has not identified a sockeye surplus this year.

Rick Lauber, Pacific Seafood Processors, expressed opposition to the resolution, stating that language regarding Bristol Bay processors placing limits on fishermen is not factual; monetary losses to fishermen in the past have been due to work stoppages and price disputes; the

resolution is not needed; the inviting in of foreign processors should be done in an orderly fashion and not create false hopes for the fishermen.

Norman Staton, Sealaska Corporation, representing Ocean Beauty Seafoods, stated that foreign processors should have to comply with the same laws domestic processors must comply with. He urged a careful analysis to determine if foreign processors' markets are conflicting with domestic markets, and inquired about expeditious processing of foreigners' permits.

Pannoyer agreed that time is of the essence, but stated that at least a month would probably be required for processing of a permit.

Senator Anderson explained that the resolution was drafted by the fishermen of Bristol Bay, who don't believe the processing needs can be met this year without the use of foreign processors. He urged that foreigners be allowed to process both pinks and sockeyes.

Senator Fahrenkamp stated that the bill would be held for further work.

Senator Fahrenkamp asked if there was anyone to testify on HCR 51, HCR 52, HJR 75, or CSHJR 76. She stated that since the bills have been scheduled for hearing several times before, and since no one has offered testimony, they would be held until further notice.

The meeting was adjourned at 2:30 p.m.



Alaska State Legislature

SENATE Resources Committee

Official Business

BETTYE FAHRENKAMP, Chairman
VIC FISCHER, Vice-Chairman
BRAD BRADLEY
DICK ELLASON
DON GILMAN
BOB MULCAHY
ARLISS STURGULEWSKI

POUCH V
STATE CAPITOL
JUNEAU, ALASKA 99811
(907) 465-3834
(907) 465-3835

TO: Senate Resources Committee
FROM: Senate Resources Committee Staff
RE: Committee Meeting, 5/12/82
DATE: May 11, 1982

Please find attached background information for Wednesday's hearing on the following bills:

- SCR 48 Relating to joint ventures between Alaska commercial salmon fishermen and foreign processors.
- CSHJR 78 Relating to commercial fishing by foreign fleets in the 200-mile fishery conservation zone along Alaska's coast.

Also scheduled are the following resolutions, which are continued from Monday's meeting:

- HCR 51 Relating to the enhancement of wildlife populations through predator management.
- HCR 52 Relating to habitat management.
- HJR 75 Relating to habitat management.
- CSHJR 76 Relating to the enhancement of wildlife populations through predator management.

The hearing is scheduled for 1:30 p.m. in the Beltz Room.

AMENDMENT

HCR 52

WHEREAS, THE MOSQUITO POPULATION IS DEPENDENT UPON THE NATURAL HABITAT OF THE STATE;

WHEREAS, THE MOSQUITO'S PRIME FOOD SOURCE IS HUMAN AND ANIMAL POPULATION;

WHEREAS THE HUMAN AND ANIMAL POPULATION IS PESTERED BY THE MOSQUITO;

WHEREAS, IT WOULD BE IN THE BEST INTEREST OF THE HUMAN AND ANIMAL POPULATION TO REDUCE OR ELIMINATE THE MOSQUITO;

BE IT RESOLVED, THAT THE ALASKA STATE LEGISLATURE DIRECTS THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND GAME TO ASSUME MANAGEMENT OF THE MOSQUITO POPULATION. WITH THE DEPARTMENT'S HISTORY OF REDUCING THE FISHERIES AND GAME SPECIES, ^(*)IT IS HOPED THAT WITHIN TWO YEARS THEY WILL BE ABLE TO ELIMINATE THE MOSQUITO

^(*) And sets Limits Intuitively ~~on its range~~ Rather than from Sound Inventory Information

HJR

44

COMMITTEE REPORT
SENATE

5/12/81

FURTHER: None

Date: _____

Mr. President:

The Committee on RESOURCES has had HJR 44

Alaska Native Allotment Act

under consideration and (a majority of the committee) (the committee) reports it back with the following recommendations:

- do pass do not pass
- do pass with attached amendments(s)
- replace with CS for _____ same title
 new title
- and recommends _____
- AND attaches a "Letter of Intent" New Fiscal Note
- reports it back without recommendation
- referred to the _____ Committee

MEMBERS SIGNING
DO PASS

[Handwritten signature]

[Handwritten signature]

[Handwritten signature]

[Handwritten signature]

MEMBERS HAVING
OTHER RECOMMENDATIONS:

[Handwritten signature]

 CHAIRMAN

HJR #44; RE ALASKA NATIVE ALLOTMENT ACT

Rationale for HJR #44:

HJR #44 requests Secretary of the Interior James Watt to adjudicate the applications pending for Native allotments in the Tongass and Chugach National Forests. In the case of Shields vs U.S., the federal court denied the right of Native Alaskans to apply for allotment lands within the national forests. That decision (February, 1981) is being appealed to the 9th Circuit Court of Appeals. This resolution asks the Secretary of the Interior to agree to review the pending applications and to resolve them equitably using the standard criteria applicable to Native allotments.

The parcels in question are widely scattered throughout Southeast Alaska (a few in Southcentral) and are not suitable for heavy development. The maximum acres per allotment is 160 acres; only six townships out of 187 have in excess of 1000 acres. Native allotment lands may be conveyed with the approval of the Secretary of the Interior. HJR #44 recognizes the right of Native Alaskans to the use of ancestral lands and promotes the transfer of public land to private ownership.

Facts about Native allotments in re HJR #44:

Total acreage: 44,453 acres

Number of applications: over 300 applications

Maximum acres per application: 160 acres

Total number of townships: 187 townships

Average acreage per township: 160-400 acres

Six townships have over 1000 acres; several townships contain less than 6 acres.

Location: Tongass National Forest (297+ applications)
Chugach National Forest (7 applications)

Primary use of parcels: Subsistence gathering; hunting and fishing camps, trap lines, wood gathering, etc.

Alaska State Legislature

BETTYE FAHRENKAMP, CHAIRMAN
VIC FISCHER, VICE-CHAIRMAN
BRAD BRADLEY
DICK ELIASON
DON GILMAN
BOB MULCAHY
ARLISS STURGULEWSKI



POUCH V
STATE CAPITOL
JUNEAU, ALASKA 99811
(907) 465-3834
(907) 465-3835

Senate

Committee on Resources

June 17, 1981
1:30 p.m.

Beltz Room
211 - Capitol

MEMBERS PRESENT

Senator Fahrenkamp
Senator Mulcahy
Senator Gilman
Senator Sturgulewski
Senator Fischer

Hearing:

- HB 460 An Act relating to the fisheries and salmon enhancement taxes.
- SSSB 555 An Act relating to the Guide Licensing and Control Board, continuing its existence, and amending the qualifications for a special guiding permit.
- CSHB 472 An Act relating to the maximum amounts which may be loaned under the fisheries enhancement loan program.
- HJR 44 Relating to the Alaska Native Allotment Act.

Mark Jensen, Chairman, Guide Licensing and Control Board, stated that he supports the proposed Senate Committee Substitute for SSSB 555 which extends the Board until 1982.

Senator Sturgulewski put forth the motion to move CSSSSB 555 (Res) with individual recommendations.

Senator Mulcahy stated that the Fisheries Subcommittee had waived CSHB 472 to the full Committee. The measure raises the loan limit under the fisheries enhancement loan program.

Joe Davis, Loan Examiner, Department of Commerce and Economic Development, stated that the loan limit should be raised because some non-profit hatcheries will require loans in excess of the present limit of \$6 million.

Senator Mulcahy put forth the motion to move CSHB 472 with individual recommendations.

SENATE RESOURCES COMMITTEE

June 17, 1981

Page: 2

Senator Gilman put forth the motion to move HJR 44 with individual recommendations.

Senator Fahrenkamp stated that the proposed Senate Committee Substitute for HB 460 amends the title and adds some portions of SB 524 which had passed the Senate and deleted in the House.

Tom Williams, Commissioner of Revenue, stated that he saw some problems with raising the tax credit limit to \$20 million. He suggested that on page 1, line 14, after the word "use" insert "in the state". He also stated that the Attorney General had informed him that in order for Section 1 to be retroactive there needed to be a showing of public purpose.

Senator Mulcany put forth the motion to insert the words "in the state" after the word "use" on page 1, line 14, in CSHB 460 (Res).

Senator Mulcahy put forth the motion to move Senate CSHB 460 (Res) with individual recommendations.

The Committee adjourned at 2:25 p.m.

HJR

50

COMMITTEE REPORT

SENATE

5/20/81

FURTHER: Finance

Date: 5/20/81

Mr. President:

The Committee on RESOURCES has had CSHJR 50(Coal)

expressing the sense of the Alaska Legislature that the state's coal resources be developed for sale and export to the Republic of Korea

under consideration and (a majority of the committee) (the committee) reports it back with the following recommendations:

- do pass do not pass
- do pass with attached amendments(s)
- replace with CS for _____ same title
 new title
- and recommends _____
- AND attaches a "Letter of Intent" New Fiscal Note
- reports it back without recommendation
- referred to the _____ Committee

MEMBERS SIGNING
DO PASS

V. Fisher

Alan K. ...

...

...

...

...

...

...

...

MEMBERS HAVING
OTHER RECOMMENDATIONS:

...
CHAIRMAN

Alaska State Legislature

BETTYE FAHRENKAMP, CHAIRMAN
VIC FISCHER, VICE-CHAIRMAN
BRAD BRADLEY
DICK ELIASON
DON GILMAN
BOB MULCAHY
ARLISS STURGULEWSKI



FOUCH V
STATE CAPITOL
JUNEAU, ALASKA 99811
(907) 485-3034
(907) 485-3035

Senate

Committee on Resources

June 3, 1981
1:30 p.m.

Beltz Room
211 Capitol

MEMBERS PRESENT

Senator Fahrenkamp
Senator Fischer
Senator Eliason
Senator Gilman
Senator Mulcahy
Senator Sturgulewski

Hearing:

- HB 9 An Act relating to energy .
- HJR 50 Expressing the sense of the Alaska Legislature that the state's coal resources be developed for sale and export.
- HB 6 An Act relating to historical districts and to loans qualifying under the Historical District Loans Act.

Representative Brian Rogers, District 20, went through HB 9 section by section with the Committee. He requested that the Committee consider putting in effective date clauses, and language to assert that previous audits be considered both abbreviated and extended.

George Danner, Juneau, stated that he supports HB 9. In particular, he supports the section raising the loan limit.

In response to the question, does the Division of Business Loans insist on first mortgages? Dave Massey, Deputy Director, Division of Business Loans, stated that it is the Division's policy to accept a subordinate deed of trust.

Representative Buchholdt, stated that the original intent of HJR 50 was to express gratitude to Korea for bringing Alaska into the world coal market. She further said that

SENATE RESOURCES COMMITTEE

PAGE: 2

June 3, 1981

she understood that there was a proposed Senate Committee Substitute expanding the resolution and including her suggested additional resolve clause. She stated that she had no objections to the Senate Committee Substitute.

Senator Gilman put forth the motion to move S CS CS HJR 50 with a new fiscal note with individual recommendations.

Jeff Petrich, Administrative Assistant for Representative Miller, stated that the intent of HB 6 is to make it clear in the statutes that the existing policy of designating more than one historical district within a municipality is permissible; and to raise the loan limit for a single structure from \$100,000 to \$250,000.

Senator Mulcahy put forth the motion to move HB 6 with individual recommendations.

The Committee adjourned at 2:45 p.m.

Alaska State Legislature

BIETTYE FAHRENKAMP, CHAIRMAN
VIC FISCHER, VICE-CHAIRMAN
BRAD BRADLEY
DICK ELIASON
DON GILMAN
BOB MULCAHY
ARLISS STURGULEWSKI



POUCH V
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(907) 465-3834
(907) 465-3835

Senate

Committee on Resources

May 29, 1981
1:30 p.m.

Beltz Room
211 - Capitol

MEMBERS PRESENT

Senator Fahrenkamp
Senator Sturgulewski
Senator Bradley
Senator Mulcahy
Senator Gilman

Hearing:

- SJR 48 Relating to the implementation of the Surface Mining and Reclamation Control Act by the Secretary of the Interior
- SB 145 An Act providing for free resident hunting and sport fishing licenses for disabled veterans; and providing for an effective date
- SB 573 An Act relating to the sale and labeling of honey
- CSHJR 50 (Coal) Expressing the sense of the Alaska Legislature that the state's coal resources be developed for sale and export

Phil Holdsworth stated that he was speaking in behalf of the state's coal lessees. The lessees approve of SJR 48. The resolution is necessary to notify the Department of the Interior that the state is working on a surface mining act and regulations.

Mr. Holdsworth stated that Section 708 of the federal Act allows for study and recommendations to take special conditions in Alaska into account. The Secretary of the Interior has not yet submitted those recommendations, and the Office of Surface Mining is undergoing changes in personnel and philosophy. It seems wise to delay adoption of an act until the next session of the Alaska Legislature.

Senator Sturgulewski put forth the motion to move SJR 48.

Senator Bradley stated that the State Affairs Committee substitute for SB 145 corrected a citation error and "degendered" the language in the original bill. The committee substitute also adds an effective date.

Senator Bradley stated that 38 states have free hunting and sport fishing licenses for disabled veterans, and that four states have legislation to this effect before their legislatures. There are 515 persons that would be eligible for free licenses under the provisions of the bill.

Senator Mulcahy put forth the motion to move CSSB 145 (State Affairs) with individual recommendations.

Senator Fahrenkamp stated that there was an amendment proposed by the sponsor to SB 573, to delete the words "sold, offered for sale" from line 9, and to insert the word "distribute" in that place.

Don Magnusson (Alaska Retail Association) stated that he had suggested the sponsor's proposed amendment. The intention was to insure that retailers would not be liable for the content of labels on honey.

Senator Gilman put forth the motion to amend SB 573, deleting the words "for sale" from the title and the words "sold, offered for sale, or" from line 9.

Senator Mulcahy put forth the motion to move SB 573 as amended as CSSB 573 (Resources) with individual recommendations.

Senator Fahrenkamp stated that there was a proposed committee substitute for CSHJR 50 (Coal). After discussion, the Committee withheld action on the resolution.

The Committee adjourned at 2:07 p.m.

Senate CS for HCS HJR 50

FURTHER RESOLVED by the Alaska State Legislature that it sends its compliments and thanks to the people of the Republic of Korea for purchasing the initial coal from Alaska which brought our state into the world market.

From:
Rep. Buckwalter
6/1/81

WHEREAS the state of Alaska is on the threshold of becoming a major coal exporter; and

WHEREAS there are vast reserves of coal in Alaska which could be delivered to Alaskan ports for export; and

WHEREAS the economic possibilities of mining coal in commercial quantities for export have been brought to the attention of state officials and interested private parties; and

WHEREAS if the state's goal is to find a market on a national and international basis, the state should begin to study the advisability of constructing and/or improving existing transportation facilities to move coal to deepwater ports, to examine the possible need for financial assistance to parties proposing to mine coal reserves; and

WHEREAS there is a need for the state to be prepared to schedule lease sales as the need arises to meet market demands; and

WHEREAS officials and businesses have counseled state officials on plans to develop and export coal reserves on national and international basis; and

WHEREAS the Alaska State Legislature can play a significant role in providing for economic diversification, and is interested in giving special attention to coal reserves development.

BE IT RESOLVED by the Alaska State Legislature that it;

(1) is interested in the development and export of Alaska's coal reserves;

(2) is interested in providing the developers and producers of coal with a stable economic and taxation climate;

(3) is interested in the location of markets for coal reserves and the identification of transportation facilities that will permit the coal to be moved to markets;

(4) looks forward to the sale and export of quantities of coal on a national and international basis.

COPIES of this resolution shall be sent to Governor Jay S. Hammond, Commissioner of the Department of Natural Resources, Commissioner of the Department of Commerce and Economic Development, Commissioner of the Department of Revenue, and Commissioner of the Department of Transportation.

THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA
TWELFTH LEGISLATURE

FISCAL NOTE

I. REQUEST

Bill/Resolution No. Senate CS for H CS HJR 50

Title Expressing the sense of the Alaska Legislature that the state's coal resources be
Requested to be developed for sale and export. Date 5/29/81

Requested by: Senate Resources Committee

II. FISCAL DETAIL

Agency Affected General Government

Program Category Affected Legislative Council

BRU, Program, or Subprogram(s) Affected _____

(Note: If more than one budget component is affected, separate line-item amounts and funding for each component in the analysis section.)

EXPENDITURES (Thousands of Dollars)

	FY 81	FY 82	FY 83	FY 84	FY 85	FY 86
100 PERSONAL SERVICES	-0-	-0-				
200 TRAVEL	-0-	-0-				
300 CONTRACTUAL	-0-	-0-				
400 COMMODITIES	-0-	-0-				
500 EQUIPMENT	-0-	-0-				
600 LAND & STRUCTURES	-0-	-0-				
700 GRANTS, CLAIMS, ETC.	-0-	-0-				
TOTAL	-0-	-0-				

FUNDING (Thousands of Dollars)

GENERAL FUND	-0-	-0-				
FEDERAL FUNDS	-0-	-0-				
OTHER (Specify Fund Source)	-0-	-0-				

POSITIONS

NONE NONE

FULL TIME						
PART TIME						
TEMPORARY						

III. ANALYSIS (See Fiscal Note Preparation Instructions, Section III)

NONE

IV. DATE May 29, 1981

PREPARED BY Senate Resources Committee

AGENCY _____

PHONE 465-3834

Original: Legislative Finance

cc: Budget and Management

Prime Sponsor (First Legislator Named)

FISCAL NOTE

I. REQUEST

Bill/Resolution No. HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 50

Title Expressing the sense of the Alaska Legislature that the state's coal resources
~~should be~~ be developed for sale and export to the Date 5/1/81
republic of Korea

Requested by: Brian Rogers, Special Committee on Coal

II. FISCAL DETAIL

Agency Affected General Government

Program Category Affected Legislative Council

BRU, Program, or Subprogram(s) Affected _____

(Note: If more than one budget component is affected, separate line-item amounts and funding for each component in the analysis section.)

EXPENDITURES (Thousands of Dollars)

	FY 81	FY 82	FY 83	FY 84	FY 85	FY 86
100 PERSONAL SERVICES						
200 TRAVEL						
300 CONTRACTUAL			200.0			
400 COMMODITIES						
500 EQUIPMENT						
600 LAND & STRUCTURES						
700 GRANTS, CLAIMS, ETC.						
TOTAL			200.0			

FUNDING (Thousands of Dollars)

	FY 81	FY 82	FY 83	FY 84	FY 85	FY 86
GENERAL FUND			200.0			
FEDERAL FUNDS			-			
OTHER (Specify Fund Source)			-			

POSITIONS

None

FULL TIME						
PART TIME						
TEMPORARY						

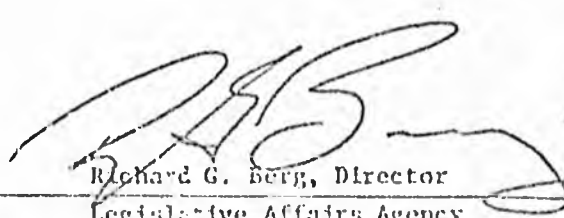
III. ANALYSIS (See Fiscal Note Preparation Instructions, Section III)

Consultants studies in four areas:

State Policy on Taxation	\$30,000
State Policy on Coal Regulation	\$50,000
Feasibility of Marketing Alaskan Coal in Pacific Rim	\$50,000
Infrastructure Requirements for Coal Exports	\$70,000

IV. DATE 5/1/81

PREPARED BY


Richard G. Berg, Director

AGENCY

Legislative Affairs Agency

Original: Legislative Finance

PHONE

467 152

cc: Budget and Management

Prime Sponsor (First Legislator Named)

I. REQUEST

Bill/Resolution No. HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 50

Title Expressing the sense of the Alaska Legislature that the state's coal resources
~~be developed~~ be developed for sale and export to the Date 5/1/81
 republic of Korea

Requested by: Brian Rogers, Special Committee on Coal

II. FISCAL DETAIL

Agency Affected General Government

Program Category Affected Legislative Council

BRU, Program, or Subprogram(s) Affected

(Note: If more than one budget component is affected, separate line-item amounts and funding for each component in the analysis section.)

EXPENDITURES (Thousands of Dollars)

	FY 81	FY 82	FY 83	FY 84	FY 85	FY 86
100 PERSONAL SERVICES						
200 TRAVEL						
300 CONTRACTUAL			200.0			
400 COMMODITIES						
500 EQUIPMENT						
600 LAND & STRUCTURES						
700 GRANTS, CLAIMS, ETC.						
TOTAL			200.0			

FUNDING (Thousands of Dollars)

	FY 81	FY 82	FY 83	FY 84	FY 85	FY 86
GENERAL FUND			200.0			
FEDERAL FUNDS						
OTHER (Specify Fund Source)						

POSITIONS

None

	FY 81	FY 82	FY 83	FY 84	FY 85	FY 86
FULL TIME						
PART TIME						
TEMPORARY						

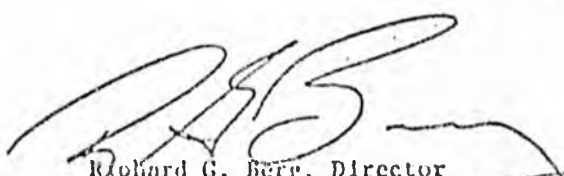
III. ANALYSIS (See Fiscal Note Preparation Instructions, Section III)

Consultants studies in four areas:

State Policy on Taxation	\$30,000
State Policy on Coal Regulation	\$50,000
Feasibility of Marketing Alaskan Coal in Pacific Rim	\$50,000
Infrastructure Requirements for Coal Exports	\$70,000

IV. DATE 5/1/81

PREPARED BY


Richard G. Berg, Director

AGENCY

Legislative Affairs Agency

PHONE

465-3850

Original: Legislative Finance

cc: Budget and Management

Prime Sponsor (First Legislator Named)

THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA
TWELFTH LEGISLATURE

FISCAL NOTE

I. REQUEST

Bill/Resolution No. Senate CS for H CS HJR 50

Title Expressing the sense of the Alaska Legislature that the state's coal resources be
Requested by developed for sale and export. Date 5/29/81

Requested by: Senate Resources Committee

II. FISCAL DETAIL

Agency Affected General Government

Program Category Affected Legislative Council

BRU, Program, or Subprogram(s) Affected _____

(Note: If more than one budget component is affected, separate line-item amounts and funding for each component in the analysis section.)

EXPENDITURES (Thousands of Dollars)

	FY 81	FY 82	FY 83	FY 84	FY 85	FY 86
100 PERSONAL SERVICES	-0-	-0-				
200 TRAVEL	-0-	-0-				
300 CONTRACTUAL	-0-	-0-				
400 COMMODITIES	-0-	-0-				
500 EQUIPMENT	-0-	-0-				
600 LAND & STRUCTURES	-0-	-0-				
700 GRANTS, CLAIMS, ETC.	-0-	-0-				
TOTAL	-0-	-0-				

FUNDING (Thousands of Dollars)

GENERAL FUND	-0-	-0-				
FEDERAL FUNDS	-0-	-0-				
OTHER (Specify Fund Source)	-0-	-0-				

POSITIONS

NONE

NONE

FULL TIME						
PART TIME						
TEMPORARY						

III. ANALYSIS (See Fiscal Note Preparation Instructions, Section III)

NONE

IV. DATE May 29, 1981 PREPARED BY Senate Resources Committee

AGENCY _____

PHONE 465-3834

Original: Legislative Finance

cc: Budget and Management

Prime Sponsor (First Legislator Named)

HUTR

74

COMMITTEE REPORT
SENATE

FURTHER: None

2/5/82

Date: 2/10/82 *same as SFR60*

Mr. President:

The Committee on RESOURCES has had HJR 74

Requesting the Secretary of Commerce to disapprove certain portions of the Bering-Chukchi Sea Fishery Management Plan

under consideration and (a majority of the committee) (the committee) reports it back with the following recommendations:

- do pass do not pass
- do pass with attached amendments(s)
- replace with CS for _____ same title
 new title
- and recommends _____
- AND attaches a "Letter of Intent" New Fiscal Note
- reports it back without recommendation
- referred to the _____ Committee

MEMBERS SIGNING
DO PASS

Sen. Sherman
Sen. [unclear]
[unclear]
[unclear]
[unclear]
[unclear]
[unclear]
[unclear]
[unclear]
[unclear]

MEMBERS HAVING
OTHER RECOMMENDATIONS:

CHAIRMAN

SENATE AMENDMENT

By Resources Committee

To: _____ SENATE BILL No. _____

To: _____ HOUSE BILL No. _____

To: _____ SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION No. 60

PAGE:

LINE:

Delete line 29 on page 2 and lines 1 through 4 on page 3, and Insert

" FURTHER RESOLVED that the Secretary of Commerce is respectfully requested to direct the North Pacific Fishery Management Council to rewrite those portions of the plan that deal with a high seas harvest of herring so as to advise against an offshore allocation until scientific information clearly demonstrates that a high seas fishery of discrete stocks would not harm the inshore fishery."

LEGISLATION SUMMARY

HJR 74: "Requesting the Secretary of Commerce to disapprove certain portions of the Bering-Chukchi Sea Fishery Management Plan."

Whereas: the stocks of Bering-Chukchi Sea herring have not fully recovered from past foreign fisheries overharvesting, and high seas harvesting does not allow proper management of the fishery;

Resolves: the legislature disapproves of those portions of the Fishery Management Plan which provide for a high seas herring Fishery;

requests that the Secretary of Commerce disapprove those portions;

requests the Secretary of Commerce to rewrite the portions of the plan dealing with high seas harvest of herring, advising against an offshore allocation until scientific information demonstrates that it would not harm the inshore fishery.

PRIME SPONSOR: Fuller

CO-SPONSOR(S): Chuckwuk; Hurlbert; Sutcliffe; Vaska

Alaska State Legislature

BETTYE FAHRENKAMP, CHAIRMAN
VIC FISCHER, VICE-CHAIRMAN
BRAD BRADLEY
DICK ELIASON
DON GILMAN
BOB MULCAHY
ARLISS STURGULEWSKI



POUCH V
STATE CAPITOL
JUNEAU, ALASKA 99811
(907) 465-3834
(907) 465-3835

Senate

Committee on Resources

February 10, 1982
1:40 p.m.

Beltz Room
211 - Capitol

MEMBERS PRESENT

Senator Fahrenkamp
Senator Fischer
Senator Bradley
Senator Eliason
Senator Gilman
Senator Mulcahy
Senator Sturgulewski

Hearing:

- SB 275 An Act relating to the compensation of persons collecting hunting and fishing license and tag fees.
- SB 702 An Act transferring parts of certain fiscal year 1982 Agricultural Action Council appropriation allocations to the Nenana-Totchaket agricultural development project; and providing for an effective date.
- SJR 60/HJR 74
Requesting the Secretary of Commerce to disapprove certain portions of the Bering-Chukchi Sea Fishery Management Plan.

SB 275

Lou Vandirola, Deputy Director, Division of Sport Fish, Alaska Department of Fish and Game, testified that the Department could support the bill if the compensation to the vendors came from the general fund, and if on page 2, line 6 the word 'permit' was changed to 'tags'.

Senator Fahrenkamp stated that the Committee's intent was that the money would come from the general fund.

Senator Sturgulewski moved that the bill be changed to list the funding source as the general fund, and on page 2, line 6 to delete 'permit' and insert 'tags' in its place.

Senator Fahrenkamp directed that a transmittal letter be sent to Finance along with the bill, stating that the source of the increased compensation would depend upon whether license fees are substantially increased.

Senator Gilman moved the bill with individual recommendations.

SB 702

Carl Amstrup, Executive Director, Alaska Agriculture Action Council, stated that a portion of the funds SB 702 would transfer to the Nenana-Totchaket project are needed to carry the Delta II East project to completion, and to pursue the problems associated with Delta II West. If funds are transferred, he would like them used for roads into the tracts so work can begin.

Senators Sturgulewski and Fischer expressed concern over the economic feasibility of the Nenana-Totchaket project, with Senator Fischer referring to the fact that no funds are provided for Nenana in the Governor's proposed FY '83 budget.

Amstrup stressed the need for an in-state feed base for livestock. He anticipates a yearly savings of \$100 million in food costs from in-state production by 1990.

Bob Palmer, Coordinator of Special Projects, Office of the Governor, said Alaska barley is selling for \$130 ton; barley in Seattle is \$130 ton plus \$60 ton for shipping. At present, nearly all the barley produced in the state (approximately 8,000 tons in 1981) is being consumed in-state.

Nick Carney, Director, Division of Agriculture, Department of Natural Resources, expressed concern that the amount of money in SB 702 is inadequate. Money is needed first for survey, so there can be a good description of the land being sold. The town of Nenana has estimated a total cost of \$17,659,000 for roads.

Senator Mulcahy moved the bill with individual recommendations.

SJR 60/HJR 74

Senator Mulcahy's subcommittee on fisheries heard testimony on this resolution. He stated that it is supported by the Alaska Department of Fish and Game and the United Fishermen of Alaska. The resolve clauses have been amended to be identical with HJR 74.

Senator Gilman moved HJR 74 with individual recommendations.

The meeting was adjourned at 2:50 p.m.



Alaska State Legislature
Senate

JUNEAU, ALASKA

RESOURCES SUBCOMMITTEE ON FISHERIES

February 1, 1982

TO: Senator Betty Fahrenkamp, Chairman
Senate Resources Committee

FROM: Senate Resources Subcommittee on Fisheries

SUBJ: SJR 60 "Requesting the Secretary of Commerce to disapprove certain portions of the Bering-Chukchi Sea Fishery Management Plan."

The subcommittee has taken testimony and reports SJR 60 back to the committee as a whole with the following recommendations.

Members	Recommendation
Senator Mulcahy <u>Bob Mulcahy</u>	<u>do Pass Am</u>
Senator Eliason <u>Al Eliason</u>	<u>"</u>
Senator Gilman <u>Don Gilman</u>	<u>do Pass</u>

TAPE LOG

1982

Tape no. Eleven

committee: Senate Resource subCommittee on Fisheries date 2/1/82 to

bill numbers: SB 47 | SB 658 | SJR 60 | | | |

other information: Senators Gilman, Eliason and Mulcahy present.

Date/Time	Tape Meter No.	Bill	Significant Information (Witness, Action)
2/1/82 3:05	004		Meeting called to order by Chairman Mulcahy.
	012	SJR 60	Brought before the Committee.
	020		Mr. Roger Painter with United Fishermen of Alaska gives testimony on SJR 60.
	107		Senator Eliason asks a question of Mr. Painter.
	131		Mr. Painter excused.
	144		Mr. Fred Gaffney with the Dept. of Fish & Game gives testimony on SJR 60.
	223		Chairman Mulcahy suggested reviewing this resolution after Mr. Gaffney talks this over with Mr. Painter.
	233		Senator Gilman asks a question of Mr. Gaffney.
	249		Mr. Gaffney excused.
	254	SB 658	Brought before the Committee.
	306		Mr. Rodger Painter with United Fishermen of Alaska gives testimony on SB 658
	390		Mr. Painter excused.
	394		Mr. John Gaguine from the Dept. of Law gives testimony on SB 658.
	488		Mr. John Gaguine excused.
	491		Ms. Judy Knight, Special Assistant with the Dept. of Labor gives testimony on SB 658.
	518		Ms. Knight excused.
	530		Senator Gilman made a motion to move SB 658 with individual recommendations.
	540	SB 47	Brought before the Committee
	544		Mr. Bob Clasby with the Dept. of Fish & Game gives testimony on SB 47.
	567		Senator Eliason ask a question of Mr. Clasby.
	604		Mr. Clasby excused.
	609	SJR 60	Brought before the Committee again - Mr. Rodger Painter back for more testimony on SJR 60.
	630		Mr. Gaffney returns to continue testimony on SJR 60.
	651		Senator Eliason make a motion to move SJR 60 with Amendment #1
	665 to 710		Open discussion by Committee members. Bill moved.

COMMITTEE MINUTES FORM

This form is to be prepared and submitted to the Committee Records Staff within the next legislative day following the public hearing or committee meeting. Please submit this form completed with the following information pursuant to Rule 23 of the Uniform Rules.

Committee Name: Resources Subcommittee on Fisheries Date: 2/1/82
Members Present: Senator Mulcahy, Chairman
 Senator Eliason
 Senator Gilman

Public hearing or committee meeting on:

COMMITTEE CALENDAR

<u>SJR 60</u>	Requesting the Secretary of Commerce to disapprove certain portions of the Bering-Chukchi Sea Fishery Management Plan
<u>bill number</u>	<u>bill title</u>
SB 658	An Act increasing the fees for a commercial fishing license.
<u>SB 47</u>	<u>An Act relating to reports and records of fishermen, fish</u>
<u>bill number</u>	<u>bill title</u>
	fish buyers and fish processors; and providing for an effective date.

WITNESS REGISTER

Witness Name: Judy Knight
Affiliation: Department of Labor
Address: P.O. Box 1149, Juneau, AK 99811
Phone: 465-2700

Summarized Position Statement: Ms. Knight testified in support of SB 658.

PREVIOUS ACTION

Reference Number:
Statutory Reference:
Amendments Formally Considered: Senator Eliason moved SJR 60 and amendment.
Member Moving Adoption: Senator Gilman moved SB 658 and amendment.
Action: Passed or Failed Pass
Voting Record: All Do Pass

ACTION NARRATIVE

Tape Recording
Number 0000 Chair opens at 004 with members 3 present
 etc.
Ms. Knight testified on SB 658 from tape reading 491 to 518.

COMMITTEE MINUTES FORM

This form is to be prepared and submitted to the Committee Records Staff within the next legislative day following the public hearing or committee meeting. Please submit this form completed with the following information pursuant to Rule 23 of the Uniform Rules.

Committee Name: Resources Subcommittee on Fisheries Date: 2/1/82
Members Present: Senator Mulcahy, Chairman
Senator Eliason
Senator Gilman

Public hearing or committee meeting on:

COMMITTEE CALENDAR

SJR 60 .	Requesting the Secretary of Commerce to disapprove certain portions of the Bering-Chukchi Sea Fishery Management Plan
<u>bill number</u>	<u>bill title</u>
SB 658	An Act increasing the fees for a commercial fishing license.
SB 47	An Act relating to reports and records of fishermen, fish
<u>bill number</u>	<u>bill title</u>
	fish buyers and fish processors; and providing for an effective date.

WITNESS REGISTER

Witness Name: Bob Clasby
Affiliation: Department of Fish and Game
Address: P.O. Box 3-2000, Juneau, AK 99802
Phone: 465-4100

Summarized Position Statement: Mr. Clasby testified in support of SB 47.

PREVIOUS ACTION

Reference Number:
Statutory Reference:
Amendments Formally Considered:

Member Moving Adoption:
Action: Passed or Failed
Voting Record:

ACTION NARRATIVE

Tape Recording
Number 0000 Chair opens at 004 with members 3 present
etc.

Mr. Clasby testified on SB 47 from tape reading 544 to 604. SB 47 was not moved out of committee.

COMMITTEE MINUTES FORM

This form is to be prepared and submitted to the Committee Records Staff within the next legislative day following the public hearing or committee meeting. Please submit this form completed with the following information pursuant to Rule 23 of the Uniform Rules.

Committee Name: Resources Subcommittee on Fisheries Date: 2/1/82
Members Present: Senator Mulcahy, Chairman
Senator Eliason
Senator Gilman

Public hearing or committee meeting on:

COMMITTEE CALENDAR

SJR 60 .	Requesting the Secretary of Commerce to disapprove certain portions of the Bering-Chukchi Sea Fishery Management Plan
<u>bill number</u>	<u>bill title</u>
SB 658	An Act increasing the fees for a commercial fishing license.
SB 47	An Act relating to reports and records of fisherman, fish
<u>bill number</u>	<u>bill title</u>
	fish buyers and fish processors; and providing for an effective date.

WITNESS REGISTER

Witness Name: Rodger Painter, Executive Director
Affiliation: United Fishermen of Alaska
Address: 197 S. Franklin St., Juneau, AK 99801
Phone: 586-2820
Summarized Position Statement: Mr. Painter testified in support of SB 658 and SJR 60.

PREVIOUS ACTION

Reference Number:
Statutory Reference:
Amendments Formally Considered:
Senator Eliason moved SJR 60 and amendment.
Member Moving Adoption: Senator Gilman moved SB 65^R and amendment.
Action: Passed or Failed Passed.
Voting Record: All Do Pass.

ACTION NARRATIVE

Tape Recording
Number 0000 Chair opens at 004 with members 3 present
etc.

Mr. Painter testified on SJR 60 from tape reading 012 to 131 and on SB 658 from tape reading 306 to 390.



STATE OF ALASKA
OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR

BILL ANALYSIS

Department Fish and Game	Sponsor (Principal) Ferguson and Sackett	Bill Number SJR #60
Department Position Support		
Division Director Steve Penroyer	Date 1-20-82	Commissioner's Signature <i>Tom Deering</i>
		Date 1-26-82

GOVERNOR'S OFFICE USE

Comments		
<input type="checkbox"/> Position Noted	By	Date

SUMMARY

1. a) Related Bills (Similar or Conflicting) Unknown	1. b) Other Agencies Affected by Bill Public Safety
2. a) Organizational Support for Bill Unknown	2. b) Organizational Opposition to Bill Unknown
3. Program Effects of Bill None	

4. Fiscal Impact: None Fiscal Note Attached

5. Amendments Proposed:
None

6. Comments:
The North Pacific Fishery Management Council members voted 6 to 3 to send the Bering/Chukchi Sea Herring Management Plan back to Washington, D.C. for Secretary of Commerce approval and implementation. The Commissioner's office vigorously argued against the provisions in the plan which would provide for an offshore mixed stock fishery. This new fishery would be in direct competition to the existing sac roe fishery and may present unacceptable management risks. The near shore harvesting and processing sectors are sufficiently capitalize to fully utilize any available surplus.

Table 3. Numbers of buyers and fishermen participating in eastern Bering Sea Pacific herring fisheries, Alaska, 1978-1981.

District	Number of Buyers	Number of Fishermen ^{1/}	
		Gillnet	Purse Seine
<u>1981</u>			
Togiak	28	106	83
Security Cove	7	113	**
Goodnews Bay	5	175	**
Cape Romanzof	4	111	**
Norton Sound	13	332	**
<u>1980</u>			
Togiak	27	363	140
Security Cove	8	175	**
Goodnews Bay	4	165	**
Cape Romanzof	2	69	**
Norton Sound	8	294	**
<u>1979</u>			
Togiak	33	350	175
Security Cove	2	61	**
Goodnews Bay	1	41	**
Cape Romanzof	No Fishery Conducted		
Norton Sound	7	50	17
<u>1978</u>			
Togiak	16	40	25
Security Cove	3	-	-

** Purse seine gear prohibited

^{1/} Refers to # of vessels in Togiak District

Mr. Clement V. Tillion

-2-

December 22, 1981

We urge the Council to endorse the State position and would be pleased to discuss the topic at the joint Board-Council meeting in January.

Sincerely,

RCS
Ronald C. Skoog
Commissioner
Alaska Dept. of Fish and Game

for *Mil Zehn*
Nick Szabo
Chairman
Alaska Board of Fisheries

cc: Governor Hammond

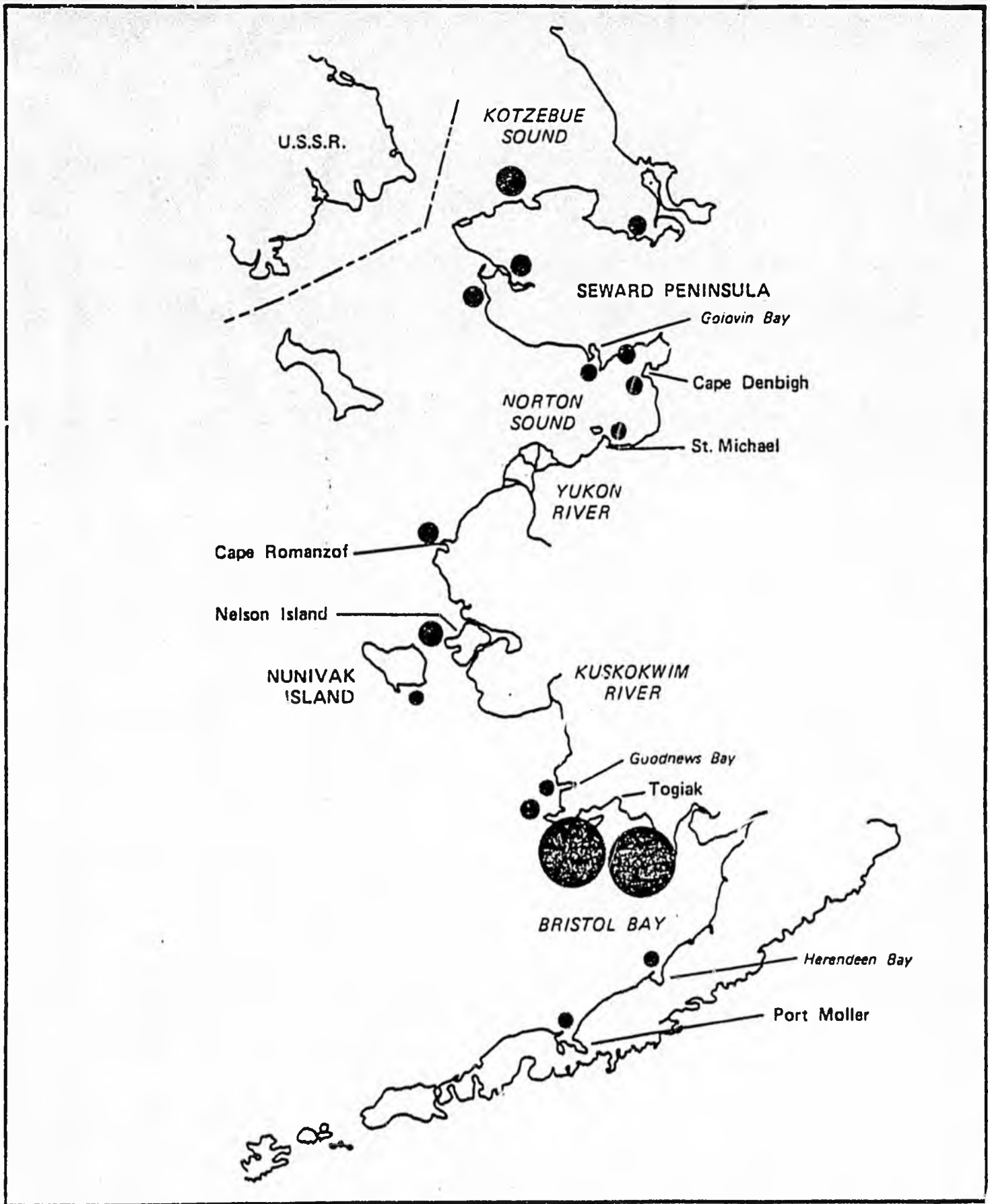


Figure 18. Relative abundance of Pacific herring based upon peak count surface area estimates of schools observed during aerial surveys, 1976-1979.

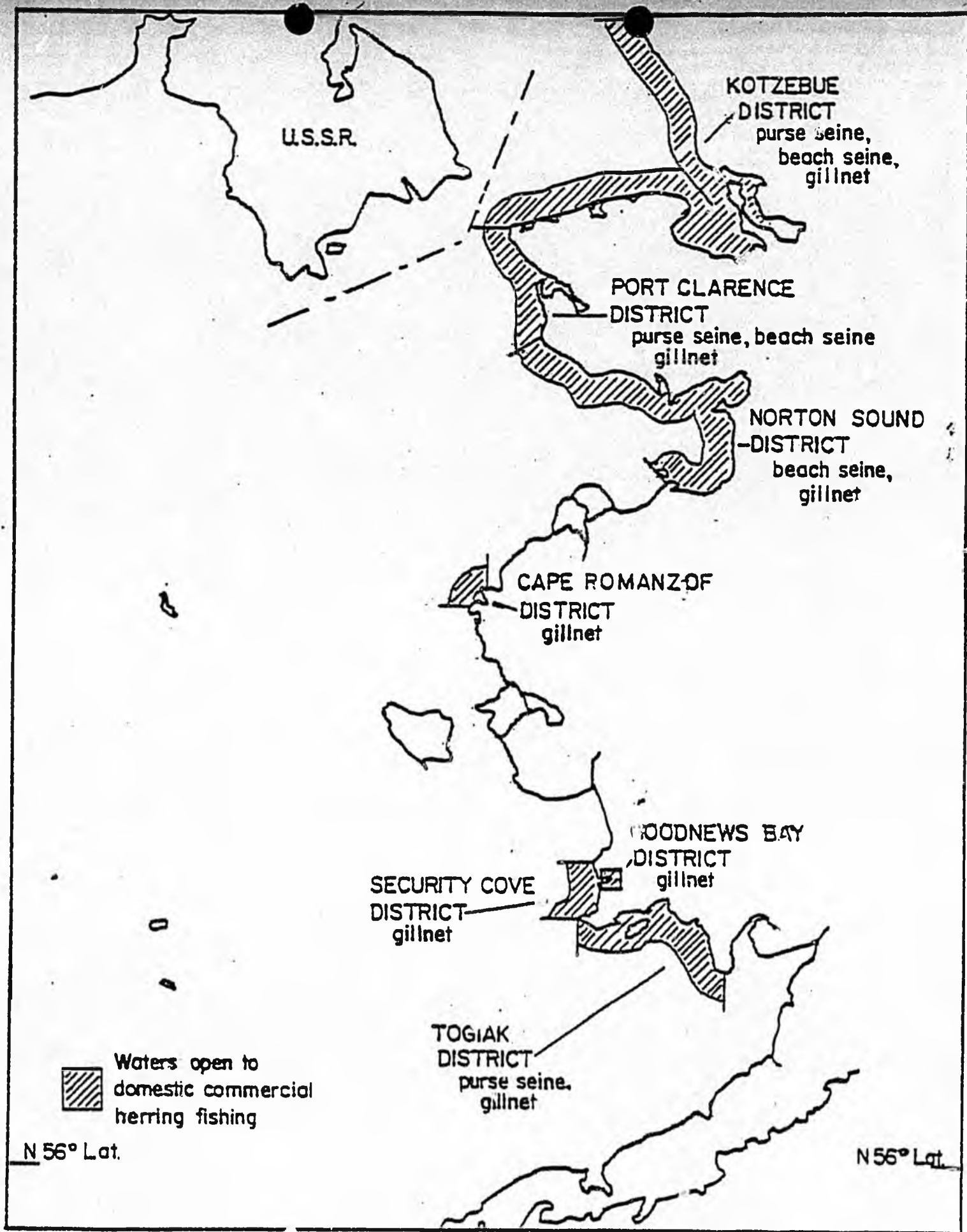


Figure 1. Commercial herring fishing districts and applicable gear, eastern Bering Sea Alaska, 1981.

Table 4. Subsistence herring catch (in metric tons) and effort data by selected areas, eastern Bering Sea, Alaska, 1975-1981. 1/

Village	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981
Nelson Island							
Tununak	19.8	13.9	51.9	34.6	31.0	59.2	36.0
Umkumiut	30.0	8.5	2.8	10.4	7.5	3.1	9.0
Toksook Bay	31.0	31.8	19.3	33.5	46.5	26.6	13.0
Total	<u>80.8</u>	<u>61.2</u>	<u>74.0</u>	<u>78.5</u>	<u>85.0</u>	<u>88.9</u>	<u>58.0</u>
Number of fishing families	109	42	90	83	54	70	93
Yukon-Kuskokwim Delta							
Scammon Bay	-	0.6	-	0.6	5.4	2.8	6.9
Chevak	-	0.6	0.1	-	2.1	3.2	1.7
Hooper Bay	2.5	2.7	2.1	3.5	2.8	3.3	3.6
Kwigillingok	-	9.6	0.9	-	7.2	12.0	-
Total	<u>2.5</u>	<u>13.5</u>	<u>3.1</u>	<u>4.1</u>	<u>17.5</u>	<u>21.3</u>	<u>12.2</u>
Number of fishing families	34	49	39	29	106	80	45
Areas Combined							
Total Catch	83.3	74.7	77.1	82.6	102.5	110.2	70.2
Number of fishing families	143	91	129	112	160	150	138

1/ Other areas with small catches have been surveyed irregularly (1975-1978 estimated total coastal yearly subsistence catch averaged 100 m.t.).

Table 2. Estimated biomass and commercial harvest of Pacific herring in eastern Bering Sea fishing districts, Alaska, 1978-1981.

District	Biomass (m.t.)	Harvest (m.t.)	Roe %	Estimated Value (dollars)	% Biomass Harvested
<u>1981</u>					
Togiak	143,900	11,374	9.1	3,988,000	7.9
Security Cove	7,500	1,064	8.1	347,070	14.2
Goodnews Bay	3,900	596	7.7	196,170	15.3
Cape Romanzof	4,400	653	8.0	211,260	15.0
Norton Sound	<u>22,800</u>	<u>3,965</u>	<u>8.8</u>	<u>1,500,000</u>	<u>17.3</u>
Totals	<u>182,500</u>	<u>17,652</u>	<u>8.9</u>	<u>6,242,500</u>	<u>9.7</u>
<u>1980</u>					
Togiak	62,300	17,774 ^{1/}	9.2	3,205,000	28.5 ^{1/}
Security Cove	1,100	632	8.2	151,000	57.4
Goodnews Bay	1,100	406	9.5	97,000	36.9
Cape Romanzof	2,700	554	9.8	132,000	20.5
Norton Sound	<u>7,600</u>	<u>2,224</u>	<u>8.1</u>	<u>500,500</u>	<u>29.3</u>
Totals	<u>74,800</u>	<u>21,590</u>	<u>8.8</u>	<u>4,085,500</u>	<u>28.9</u>
<u>1979</u>					
Togiak	216,800	10,115	8.6	6,700,000	4.7
Security Cove	19,500	385	8.5	327,000	2.0
Goodnews Bay	6,700	82	4.7	38,500	1.2
Cape Romanzof	2,700	0	-	-	0
Norton Sound	<u>7,000</u>	<u>1,172</u>	<u>7.0</u>	<u>628,200</u>	<u>16.7</u>
Totals	<u>252,700</u>	<u>12,406</u>	<u>8.0</u>	<u>7,694,000</u>	<u>4.9</u>
<u>1978</u>					
Togiak	172,600	7,033	8.2	2,300,000	4.1
Security Cove	1,200	259	-	-	21.6
Goodnews Bay	400	0	-	-	0.0
Cape Romanzof	2,700	0	-	-	0.0
Norton Sound	<u>4,800</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>0.3</u>
Totals	<u>181,700</u>	<u>7,305</u>	<u>8.2</u>	<u>2,300,000</u>	<u>4.0</u>

^{1/} Does not include an estimated 5,200 m.t. of waste.

SUMMARY OF HERRING FMP POLICY AND PROCEDURES

The Bering/Chukchi Sea Herring FMP is designed as a framework FMP which should not need annual amendments. Optimum Yield (OY) can be determined each year based on annual biomass surveys and alternative methodology is included in cases where no annual survey data is available. The determination of OY is based on a series of steps:

1. Annual biomass data is generated from aerial spawning surveys and other sources.
2. A single exploitation rate for the entire management area is calculated based on the current biomass level. This rate increases as the biomass increases and reaches 20% exploitation at MSY. ~~Above MSY levels it can increase to an absolute maximum of 39%.~~
3. An Allowable Biological Catch (ABC) is calculated by multiplying the biomass estimate by the exploitation rate. This is adjusted upwards by 2,000 mt to allow for stocks not included in annual surveys.
4. OY is an adjustment of ABC to account for subsistence stocks (which are to be unexploited by inshore commercial fisheries) and the previous year's Allowable Incidental Catch (AIC) in the groundfish fisheries. The portion of the total ABC which is attributed to subsistence and the AIC are subtracted from ABC.

The FMP recognizes the fact that an offshore fishery would be a mixed-stock fishery and that it is impossible to intentionally avoid any particular stock or group of stocks. However, the method of determining OY coupled with other conservative measures ensure adequate protection to the herring populations. The FMP procedure uses primarily spawning biomass estimates rather than total biomass estimates, thus providing a buffer of pre-recruit herring. This also acts to depress the exploitation rate below what could otherwise be allowed.

An offshore herring fishery per se cannot be viewed as detrimental to either individual stocks or groups of stocks. At the Alaska Herring Symposium in 1980 (Proceedings, p. 265), it was noted that deleterious impacts could occur if the stocks were not well-mixed, but stocks are more evenly distributed at greater distances from the spawning grounds. The likelihood of impacting subsistence stocks in a fishery on the winter grounds is very small as long as these stocks are a small component of the total biomass. Thus, although it may be more difficult to assess the impact of an offshore fishery on individual stocks, it is very unlikely that any stocks would suffer. Rather, inshore and offshore fisheries would probably complement and augment each other in terms of both biological data and economic benefits.

Allocation

The FMP allocates OY in the following order:

1. Subsistence fisheries
2. Domestic Inshore (Roe) fisheries
3. Domestic Offshore (Food and Bait) fisheries
4. Foreign offshore fisheries

If stocks were critically depressed it is possible that subsistence harvests would be the only fisheries allowed. Any surplus beyond subsistence needs automatically goes to domestic inshore commercial fisheries, managed by the State. Any surplus beyond the domestic inshore fisheries is allocated to domestic offshore harvest.

Two modifications of OY take place during this procedure. There is a 2,000 mt allocation made to domestic offshore fisheries to account for food and bait harvest. This allocation is made to prevent interference with domestic non-herring fisheries (e.g. king crab), and to provide for minimal directed fishing. The other adjustment is to account for herring harvested incidentally the previous year in offshore groundfish operations (AIC).

AIC

The Herring FMP accounts for an unavoidable incidental catch of herring occurring in normal groundfish operations but requires that this be the minimum possible. AIC is set prior to the offshore fisheries and becomes part of the groundfish OY, i.e. herring is not a prohibited species at the beginning of the year.

Under the Bering Sea/Aleutian Islands Groundfish FMP, AIC will be allocated among foreign and domestic fishermen according to the proportion of the groundfish OY each receives. When a foreign nation's portion of herring OY (under the Herring FMP) and AIC are harvested, the Herring Savings Area is closed to that nation's trawl operations and herring becomes a prohibited species. The situation for domestic fishermen is slightly different because of the 2,000 mt allocation to this fishery and the possibility of harvesting any surplus after the inshore herring fisheries. Thus herring harvested by U.S. fishermen would be subtracted first from the 2,000 mt initial allocation, second from final herring OY (if any remains unharvested) and lastly from AIC. This will allow U.S. trawlers a degree of freedom from the Herring Savings Area closure, although they can be excluded from the area. As with foreign fisheries, herring becomes a prohibited species for U.S. fishermen after all allocations are harvested.

The procedures for determining exploitation rate, ABC, OY, and AIC are provided in the Appendix.

APPENDIX

Exploitation Rate (E_t)

$$E_t = \frac{\text{biomass estimate}}{\text{MSY biomass}} \times .2$$

$$E_{1981} = \frac{136,100}{240,930} \times .2 = .154$$

Allowable Biological Catch (ABC)

$$ABC = E_t \times \text{biomass estimate} + 2,000 \text{ mt}$$

or

$$= \frac{\text{biomass estimate}}{\text{MSY biomass}} \times .2 \times \text{biomass estimate} + 2,000 \text{ mt}$$

$$\begin{aligned} ABC_{1981} &= .154 \times 186,100 + 2,000 \text{ mt} \\ &= 30,750 \end{aligned}$$

Optimum Yield (OY)

$$OY = ABC - \text{subsistence stock} - \text{previous year's AIC}$$

$$\begin{aligned} OY_{1981} &= 30,750 - (3,700 \times .154) - 1,900 \\ &= 28,278 \end{aligned}$$

Allowable Incidental Catch (AIC)

AIC will not exceed 3,000 mt, and will be adjusted based on changes in groundfish (OY), herring biomass, and incidence rate of herring in groundfish trawl operations (IR).

PROPOSED REVISION OF HERRING FMP

2.0 SUMMARY

The Magnuson Fishery Conservation and Management Act (Magnuson Act) requires each of eight Regional Fishery Management Councils to prepare Fishery Management Plans for fisheries within its area of jurisdiction in the Fishery Conservation Zone (FCZ) from 3 to 200 miles offshore. The purpose of each plan is to provide for an optimum yield of the resource to the fishermen and to the nation, and to promote fair and equitable allocation of the resource.

The present plan has been developed by the North Pacific Fishery Management Council (Council) with the assistance of the Alaska Department of Fish & Game (ADF&G) and the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS) as a framework which will govern management of fisheries for herring conducted beyond the three-mile limit on a multi-year basis.

The domestic inshore fishery within three miles has been managed by the State of Alaska since the fishery developed in 1977. This plan establishes a cooperative management policy of the North Pacific Council, State of Alaska Board of Fisheries (Board) and the NMFS, under which efforts will be made to assure that the Federal offshore and State inshore herring management regimes complement each other. It provides the basis for management measures and regulations for herring resources over a period of several years.

After a long public comment period, the draft fishery management plan has been modified to incorporate decisions on options and alternatives, including the final decision on the implementation of a herring savings area. This plan proposes the following:

2.1 Management Objectives

The plan proposes the following objectives:

- (a) To maintain the herring resource at a spawning biomass level that will provide the maximum production of recruits to the population on an annual basis.
- (b) To maintain the herring resource at a level that will sustain populations of predatory fish, birds and mammals.
- (c) To maintain the herring resource at a level that will enable the traditional subsistence fishery to harvest herring in the amounts necessary for subsistence purposes.

- (d) To promote full utilization of the herring resource by domestic fisheries.
- (e) To encourage development of herring fisheries in Western Alaska.
- (f) To provide, to the extent possible, a unified management regime between Federal and State jurisdictions.

Together, these management objectives suggest that priority should be given to the various herring fisheries in the following order:

- (a) the inshore subsistence fishery;
- (b) the inshore roe fishery;
- (c) the offshore domestic food and bait fishery; and
- (d) the offshore foreign food and bait fishery.

In addition, the incidental harvest of herring in foreign and domestic groundfish trawl fisheries must be limited.

- 2.2 The Fisheries

The subsistence fishery is conducted within territorial waters from the coast of the Alaska Peninsula to the southern part of the Chukchi Sea, with varying degrees of local dependency on the resource. This is a small spring and summer gillnet fishery (average annual catch from 1975-1980 was approximately 100 metric tons) for herring for personal use.

The domestic commercial herring fishery includes a spawn-on-kelp fishery (1980 catch was 108 mt worth \$168,000) and a developing herring sac roe fishery (1980 catch was 26,782 mt worth \$4.1 million). Both fisheries are conducted in a short early summer season, generally by off-season salmon seiners and gillnetters, within territorial waters. There is also a small bait and food fishery.

Japan and the U.S.S.R. have been the historic participants in the directed distant water herring fishery conducted primarily northeast of the Pribilof Islands. Catches have declined since the peak in the late 1960's and early 1970's (Japanese catch in 1968-1969 was 50,857 mt, Soviet catch in 1969-1970 was 92,228 mt, foreign fleet total in 1968-1969 was 128,230 mt). A Preliminary Fishery Management Plan (PMP) for trawl fisheries and herring gillnet fisheries in the Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands was implemented in 1977, substantially ending the foreign directed food and bait herring fishery,

and limiting foreign vessels to an incidental harvest of herring in groundfish trawl fisheries. Since a court order was issued in February, 1980, herring have been a prohibited species, i.e. the taking of herring must be avoided and any herring caught by the foreign fishery must be thrown back and not retained. This order also terminated plans of United States fishermen for pioneering joint venture operations with Soviet processing vessels for 1980.

2.3 Estimation of Yield

The fishery management plan must assess and specify the Maximum Sustainable Yield (MSY) of the fisheries generated by it over a continuing period of time. MSY is based on an assessment of resource biomass. Biomass of the Bering Sea herring stocks wintering off the Pribilof Islands was estimated using data from Soviet hydroacoustic trawl surveys (1965, 1978) and from ecosystem modelling (1978). MSY was calculated from the average annual foreign fishery catch from 1962 to 1976, which was equal to 48,186 metric tons (mt) from an estimated biomass of 240,930 mt, at an exploitation rate of 20%. This estimate may be conservative and may be revised as additional research and catch information become available. The biomass level that will produce MSY over the long term will fluctuate according to growth, recruitment and mortality factors (see Section 9.6.1).

The annual estimate of the acceptable biological catch (ABC) will be calculated by the formula

$$ABC = \frac{\text{annual biomass}}{\text{MSY biomass}} \times .2 \text{ (exploitation rate at MSY)} \times \text{annual biomass} \\ + 2,000 \text{ mt (Aleutian/Alaska Peninsula stocks)}$$

The best available estimate of spawning biomass or total biomass will be used. It is expected that the primary basis for these annual estimates will be counts of herring schools made during aerial surveys conducted by ADF&G throughout the spawning season. The greatest amount of available information is from the Bristol Bay/Good News stock grouping, the Kuskokwim/ Yukon River Delta and the Norton Sound stock grouping. These tentative stock groupings are based on similarities of distribution, behavior, utilization and abundance. Estimates are not available for the Aleutian/Alaska Peninsula stock grouping or the Port Clarence/Kotzebue Sound stock grouping, neither of which has been extensively exploited commercially in the past.

The plan maintenance team (PMT), which will recommend the ABC estimate to the Council each year, may use any other available information to augment the aerial survey counts. It is expected that in some years there may be no reasonable aerial survey data due to weather, ice or other factors. In the absence of spawning survey data the PMT will use the procedure outlined in Section 9.6.2.3.

The Allowable Incidental Catch (AIC) of herring in the groundfish trawl fisheries will not exceed 3,000 mt. AIC applies to both foreign and domestic groundfish trawl fisheries for the fishing year beginning April 1. The guidelines for adjustment of AIC are specified in Section 9.6.2.4.

The Optimum Yield (OY) is a departure from ABC for socioeconomic reasons. OY will be calculated in two stages (preliminary OY and final OY) based on the formula.

$$OY = ABC - \text{previous year's AIC} - \text{subsistence stocks ABC}$$

Stocks utilized exclusively for subsistence will be free from inshore commercial harvest, and the portion of ABC attributed to those stocks will be subtracted from ABC.

The priorities of allocation, the availability of data, and the sequential occurrence of the fisheries require a system of in-season management for timely allocation based on current stock assessment information. In September of each year the PMT will use the most current data to determine ABC, AIC, and OY. This OY will be the final OY for the current year and be the basis for additional allocation to offshore fisheries during the remainder of the herring fishing year. This is also the preliminary OY for the succeeding year and will be the basis for preliminary allocations to the domestic food and bait fishery and to the inshore fisheries. Final allocations of remaining OY will depend on condition of stocks and performance of the fisheries (see Section 14.2).

2.4 Allocation of OY to the Fisheries

2.4.1 Fishing year. April 1 to March 31

A fishing year commencing April 1 coincides with the migration of herring into coastal waters for spawning and is a natural division between the fisheries occurring on the winter grounds and those on the spawning grounds.

2.4.2 Allocation of preliminary OY

In September, a preliminary estimate of OY will be developed by a herring plan maintenance team (PMT or team) appointed by the Council, for the fishing year beginning the following April. The team will consist of representatives from the NMFS and ADF&G, and other individuals that the Council may wish to appoint.

The PMT will analyze all biological and fisheries data relevant to determination of ABC. Following the determination of ABC, the team will make an estimation of Allowable Incidental Catch (AIC) (for the following fishing year, April 1 to March 31) which is deducted from ABC, (see Section 9.6.2.4).

The team will also evaluate all socio-economic data available to it for determination of a preliminary OY (Section 12.0) for the following fishing year. The preliminary OY will be presented to the Council and the Alaska Board of Fisheries for review. The preliminary OY recommended by the Council will be submitted to the NMFS for its consideration in setting the preliminary OY by regulation.

After the establishment of a preliminary OY, allocations will be made to the individual fisheries in the following order:

(a) Domestic Offshore Food and Bait Fishery

An allocation will be made to the domestic food and bait fishery for the period April 1 to September 30. This allocation is primarily to provide for current domestic food and bait fisheries. For the immediate future, this allocation will be no greater than 2,000 mt.

(b) Domestic Inshore Roe Fishery

The remaining portion of the preliminary OY will be allocated to the inshore domestic roe fishery.

2.4.3 Determination and allocation of final OY

By September 30 of the current fishing year, the herring PMT will evaluate biomass estimates, biological parameters, ecological factors and socio-economic data to formulate a final OY for the current fishing year, which will also be the preliminary OY for the following fishing year. This will be submitted to the Council for review, and the Council will forward a final OY recommendation to NMFS, which will consider it in setting the final OY by regulation.

(a) Domestic Offshore Food and Bait Fisheries

If a harvestable surplus is available to the food and bait fishery following the roe fishery, fishing will be allowed throughout the FCZ until the end of the fishing year, March 31, or until the allocation is harvested.

The amount to be allocated to the domestic food and bait fishery will be determined by an intent to operate filed before the start of the winter season by processors and fishermen.

If there is no surplus, then the food and bait fishery will be allowed to harvest only its initial 2,000 mt allocation.

If, after the roe fishery, there is no surplus OY, or there is only a very small surplus OY that cannot be controlled by the regulation of a large fishing fleet, ie. the fishing effort is such that the OY can be taken within a reporting period, then domestic and foreign fisheries having the potential to take herring will be closed in offshore areas of herring concentrations (see Section 14.3.2.).

(b) Foreign Fisheries

If domestic fisheries utilize all of the OY and the domestic portion of AIC, then only the foreign Allowable Incidental Catch of herring in the groundfish fishery may be taken for the remainder of the fishing year.

Any OY remaining following final domestic food and bait allocation will be allocated to foreign herring food and bait fisheries.

If domestic fisheries are not active in December and there are no indications that domestic herring fisheries will be actively engaged in during the remainder of the fishing year, all or a portion of the remaining domestic food or bait allocation will be released to the foreign fisheries. The Regional Director of the National Marine Fisheries Service, Alaska Region (Regional Director), in consultation with the Council shall make the release from DAH to TALEF by January 30.

2.5 Management Measures for Domestic Fisheries

2.5.1 Inshore commercial fishery

- i. Provisions for allocation. See Section 14.2.2(2).
- ii. Regulations for the orderly conduct of the inshore commercial fishery shall be promulgated by the State of Alaska Board of Fisheries and are not provided for in this plan.
- iii. The FCZ will be closed to directed herring fishing from the beginning of the fishing year, April 1 to July 1, south of 60°N latitude; and to August 1, north of 60°N latitude. However, the Regional Director, in consultation with ADF&G and the Council, may open the FCZ by emergency regulation if ice conditions or other factors preclude full development of the roe fishery within state waters.

Rationale

The roe fishery is currently managed exclusively by the State of Alaska because the entire fishery occurs within State waters. It is expected that the roe fishery will continue inside of three miles in the future since roe quality and recovery rates are greatest in close proximity to the spawning grounds. It is desirable to continue restricting the roe fishery to State waters because product quality will be highest, management and regulation of the fishery will be simplified, aerial biomass surveys will be more easily performed, and fishing on discrete stocks is facilitated. Management of the roe fishery by the State is based on the following considerations:

- (a) the effect of overall fishing effort;
- (b) the catch per unit effort and rate of harvest;
- (c) the relative abundance of herring in comparison with pre-season expectations;
- (d) the performance of the roe fishery;
- (e) the proportion of immature or spawned out herring and the age structure of the populations;
- (f) general information on the condition of herring;
- (g) information pertaining to the optimum yield for herring;

- (h) timeliness and accuracy of catch reporting by buyers to the extent that such timeliness or accuracy may reasonably be expected to affect proper management; and
- (i) any other factors necessary for the conservation and management of the herring resource.

These considerations allow adjustment of harvest levels during the fishery and are also the basis for development of preliminary and final OY's by the Council and NMFS.

The third management measure will prevent a targeted fishery on herring from occurring on stocks immediately prior to spawning in order to allow the inshore fishery the maximum opportunity to harvest the spawning stocks.

2.5.2 Offshore food and bait fishery

- i. Provisions for allocation, see sections 14.2.2.(1) and 14.2.3.(1).
- ii. The FCZ will be closed to directed herring fishing from the beginning of the fishing year, April 1 to July 1, south of 60°N latitude; and to August 1, north of 60°N latitude. However, the Regional Director, in consultation with ADF&G and the Council, may open the FCZ by emergency regulation if ice conditions or other factors preclude full development of the roe fishery within state waters.

Rationale

See the rationale discussed above.

- iii. All or part of the Herring Savings Area as described in Appendix 18.2 will be closed to herring and groundfish trawl fisheries by the Regional Director, in consultation with the Council if:
 - a. There is neither remaining DAH, remaining initial 2000 mt domestic allocation, nor remaining AIC; or
 - b. The amount of remaining DAH, remaining initial domestic allocation, and remaining AIC can be harvested within one reporting period.

Rationale

If it is determined that there is no remaining DAH, initial domestic offshore allocation, or AIC, the Herring Savings Area Closure would be implemented to protect the feeding stocks against further harvesting by the winter fisheries. If there is a small amount of remaining DAH, initial domestic offshore allocation, or AIC outstanding that can be taken in one reporting period, an in-season closure could be implemented by the Regional Director in order to avoid exceeding the OY between reporting periods (see In-season Adjustment of Time and Area, Section 14.5).

2.5.3 Other regulations

Regulations in the Bering Sea/Aleutian Islands Groundfish FMP for time and area closures shall also apply to all herring fisheries.

Rationale

Any herring trawl fishery in the FCZ is conducted in conjunction with both domestic and foreign groundfisheries. The restrictions on groundfishing operations have been developed to protect incidentally caught species and prevent gear conflicts. As herring fishing gear is similar to gear used for groundfish (e.g. pollock), the herring fishery has potentially the same impact. Thus, the Bering Sea Groundfish FMP implementing regulations specifying time and area closures shall also apply to the herring fisheries to minimize adverse impacts and to maintain consistency of regulations.

2.5.4 Statistical reporting requirements

Landings must be reported on a fish ticket as required by the State of Alaska commercial fishing regulations or on an equivalent form. Fishery data compiled for the domestic offshore herring fishery should have the following precision: catch by species, by $\frac{1}{2}$ degree latitude x 1 degree longitude areas, by gear type and vessel class, and by month; effort (e.g., hours towed, number of landings, number of trips) by gear type and vessel class, and by month.

2.5.5 Permit requirements

All U.S. vessels operating in the FCZ portion of the Bering/Chukchi Sea must have on board a permit issued by the Secretary of Commerce or a State of Alaska vessel license

2.6 Management Measures and Rationale for the Foreign Fishery

2.6.1 Existing area closures

- i. Fishing for herring is not allowed within 12 miles of the baseline used to measure the Territorial Sea, except in certain waters adjacent to the western Aleutian Islands specified in the Bering Sea/Aleutians groundfish FMP.
- ii. No foreign vessel may fish for herring east of 168°W longitude.

Rationale

These measures prevent conflicts with U.S. fixed gear and small, inshore fishery vessels and also prevent the catch of herring and localized inshore species important to U.S. fishermen.

- iii. The Bering Sea/Chukchi Sea management unit will be closed to herring fishing by vessels of a nation for the remainder of the herring fishing year when that nation's allocation of herring OY is reached.

Rationale

This implements the requirement of the Magnuson Act that a foreign nation's fishery be terminated when the nation's allocation of TALEFF for that fishery has been reached.

- iv. Time/area closures specified in the implementing regulations of the Bering Sea/Aleutian Islands Groundfish Fishery Management Plan apply to herring fishermen using trawl gear in the Bering Sea/Aleutian Island area.
- v. All or part of the Herring Savings Area, as described in Appendix 18.2 will be closed to herring and groundfish trawl fisheries by the Regional Director, in consultation with the Council if:

- a. there is no remaining AIC or herring TALFF; or
- b. the amount of remaining AIC or herring TALFF can be harvested within one reporting period.

Rationale

The purpose of this time/area closure is to minimize the incidental catch of herring by foreign groundfish trawl fisheries. An in-season closure provision is necessary to allow the Regional Director to act within a reasonable amount of time to protect herring stocks from being over harvested during one reporting period (see Section 10.3).

This closure applies to trawl gear only. Longline, pot or other gear types which are not utilized to fish for herring or catch herring above trace amounts (less than 0.001% of total catch) are exempt from this time-area restriction.

2.6.2 Foreign reporting requirements

The operators of all foreign vessels must maintain an accurate log of catch and effort information in accordance with the requirements of the implementing regulations of the Bering Sea/Aleutian Islands Groundfish Fishery Management Plan and other Foreign Fishing Regulations, 50 CFR Part 611.

2.6.3 Permit requirements

All foreign vessels fishing for herring or groundfish in the FCZ must have on board a permit issued by the Secretary of Commerce, as required by the Magnuson Act.

2.6.4 Prohibited species

The retention of salmonids, Pacific halibut, Tanner crab, king crab, coral, snails, scallops, shrimp, surf clams, horsehair crab, lyre crab, or Dungeness crab, or other continental shelf fishery resources is prohibited. This prevents covert targeting on species of importance to U.S. fishermen.

2.7 In-season Adjustment of Time and Area

The Regional Director of the National Marine Fisheries Service, Alaska Region, or his designee, may issue field orders adjusting time and area restrictions.



Alaska State Legislature

Resources Committee

Official Business

Pouch V
State Capitol
Juneau, Alaska 99811

TO: Bob Mulcahy, Chairman
Fisheries Subcommittee

FROM: Bettye Fahrenkamp, Chairman
Senate Resources Committee

DATE: January 28, 1982

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "Bettye Fahrenkamp", written over the typed name in the "FROM:" field.

The following resolution has been referred to the Senate Resources Committee:

SJR 60 Requesting the Secretary of Commerce to disapprove certain portions of the Bering-Chukchi Sea Fishery Management Plan.

I am assigning it to the Fisheries Subcommittee for your Subcommittee's consideration.

cc: Members Senate Resources Committee

SENATE RESOURCES COMMITTEE
LEGISLATION CHECKLIST

BILL NUMBER HJR 74

IDENTIFICATION:

BILL NAME: Requesting the Secretary of Commerce to disapprove certain portions of the Bering-Chukchi Sea Fishery Management Plan

SPONSOR(S): Fuller, Chuckwuk, Hurlbert,
Sutcliffe, Vaska

RELATED BILLS PENDING: SJR 60

DATE INTRODUCED: 1/20/82

REFERRALS Resources

INITIAL RESEARCH:

INITIAL BILL SUMMARY COMPLETED

SUMMARY BY LEGAL DIVISION:
DEPT. OF LAW SUMMARY:

SPONSOR CONTACTED FOR BACKUP
MATERIALS:

FISCAL NOTE:

AGENCY RESPONSE:

OTHER INTERESTED SENATORS OR
REPS. NOTIFIED:

BACKGROUND RESEARCH:

SIMILAR BILLS INTRODUCED IN PREVIOUS LEGISLATURES:

RESPONSES FROM INTERESTED PERSONS AND/OR GROUPS:

OTHER STATE OR FEDERAL PRECEDENTS, REGULATIONS, LAWS:

HEARING PREPARATION:

CHAIRMAN BRIEFED:

DATE AND PLACE SET:

STAFF MEMO TO COMMITTEE:

TELECONFERENCE

BACKGROUND MATERIAL DISTRIBUTED

PSA/PRESS RELEASE

LIST OF WITNESSES:

SUGGESTED AMENDMENTS/CS DRAFTED:

SENATE RESOURCES COMMITTEE
LEGISLATION CHECKLIST

BILL NUMBER 5JR 60

IDENTIFICATION:

BILL NAME: *requesting the Secretary of Commerce to disapprove certain portions of the Bering-Chukchi Sea Fishery Management Plan*

SPONSOR(S): *Ferguson, Sackett*

RELATED BILLS PENDING: *W^o 74*

DATE INTRODUCED: *1-15-82*

REFERRALS *Required*

INITIAL RESEARCH:

INITIAL BILL SUMMARY COMPLETED

SUMMARY BY LEGAL DIVISION:
DEPT. OF LAW SUMMARY:

SPONSOR CONTACTED FOR BACKUP
MATERIALS:

FISCAL NOTE:

AGENCY RESPONSE:

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REPS. NOTIFIED:

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BACKGROUND MATERIAL DISTRIBUTED

PSA/PRESS RELEASE

LIST OF WITNESSES:

SUGGESTED AMENDMENTS/CS DRAFTED:

HJR

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