

The Prince William Sound Quality Control Standards were implemented as a pilot project to analyze the quality of fishholds in a relatively moderate area of the State of Alaska, assuming that the appreciation of quality was highest in Southeastern and deteriorated as one progressed westward.

One has to accept that this pilot project was disrupted by the fact that there was no early gillnet season, which did not lend itself to the project, and that the early, unexpectedly high volume pink salmon seine season created a crash mobilization of the fleet which also detracted from cooperation and compliance.

On the whole, with consideration of the problems, I feel it was a very successful experiment. The local processors and the fishermen's organization worked together on this project with enthusiasm prior to the seasons, which displayed the mutual concern for improving or proving the quality of Prince William Sound salmon, and eventually salmon from Alaska.

If this pilot project is carried over to the 1981 season, I feel that significantly better compliance with the program will be seen. Both processors and fishermen will be more aware and prepared for the inspection and timing to create an atmosphere for more and better inspections.

The results of the Prince William Sound inspection program were as follows:

Whitney Fidalgo Fisheries Inc.	inspected 14 boats
Chugach Alaska Fisheries	inspected a questionable number of boats-no report was forwarded to the CAMA office.
Alaska Packers Association	inspected 60 boats
Morpac, Inc.	inspected 42 boats
North Pacific Processors	inspected 38 boats
St. Elias Ocean Products	inspected 82 boats
Miscellaneous Processors	inspected 5 boats
An unknown number of boats were inspected in Valdez	

This totals 241 boats in aggregate which were inspected, approximately 35 per cent of the entire Prince William Sound fleet,

Of that: 84 were seine boats
 12 were tenders
 145 were gillnet boats

A construction breakdown on these boats:

 6 steel construction
 1 cement construction
 51 wood construction
 183 fiberglass construction

Of the fiberglass construction, glass over wood was considered fiberglass as the outer hold and deck coating was most pertinent to the project we are concerned with. Only a small percentage of the fiberglass boats listed are of glass over wood construction.

Of the boats inspected, 197 met the preferred standards while only 44 qualified for minimum standards. In analyzing the inspection forms, I ran across a problem with Alaska Packers Association inspections where they disqualified bowpickers for lack of engine room insulation. Since the engines in bowpickers are far removed from the fishholds, I arbitrarily changed those to preferred qualifications. Predominantly all wood boats only met minimum standards.

Overall, considering it was a first-time pilot project, I would say the Prince William Sound project was an immense success. Personally, I would like to give it one more season to accurately evaluate its success or failure as a voluntary program. In the interim, the Salmon Quality Control educational project will have time to at least reach the areas of the state that are least attuned to quality control.

Over the past season I personally observed both in Prince William Sound and Bristol Bay real and sincere attempts to improve the quality of Alaska salmon, both on the part of the processor and the fishermen. In these days of exorbitantly high interest rates and double digit inflation, I would at least hope that we don't push an extremely costly program on the industry unless it is absolutely necessary. I feel we should make an honest effort to make the industry aware that quality control on a mandatory basis is pending if reasonable steps to keep improving quality are not continued. However, I also feel that we must keep in mind the state of the industry's financial health in anything we mandate.

If this committee feels legislation on fishhold improvement is necessary, then I would recommend only basic necessities for the first year of implementation as follows:

1. Ability to pump hold dry.
2. Eliminate heat transfer from engine to fishhold.
3. Ability to keep fish covered.
4. Watertight bulkheads - to keep oil and gas off of fish.
5. Fishholds that can be cleaned and sanitized.

These five basics for fishholds are the most significant and the most important for a first step at this time. This should be all that is required. As the program progresses and as the awareness develops through education, we can, at a later date, expand this program.

REPORT OF THE ALASKA SENATE COMMITTEE ON QUALITY

ASSURANCE IN THE SALMON FISHING INDUSTRY

BY THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON EDUCATION

Background and Need

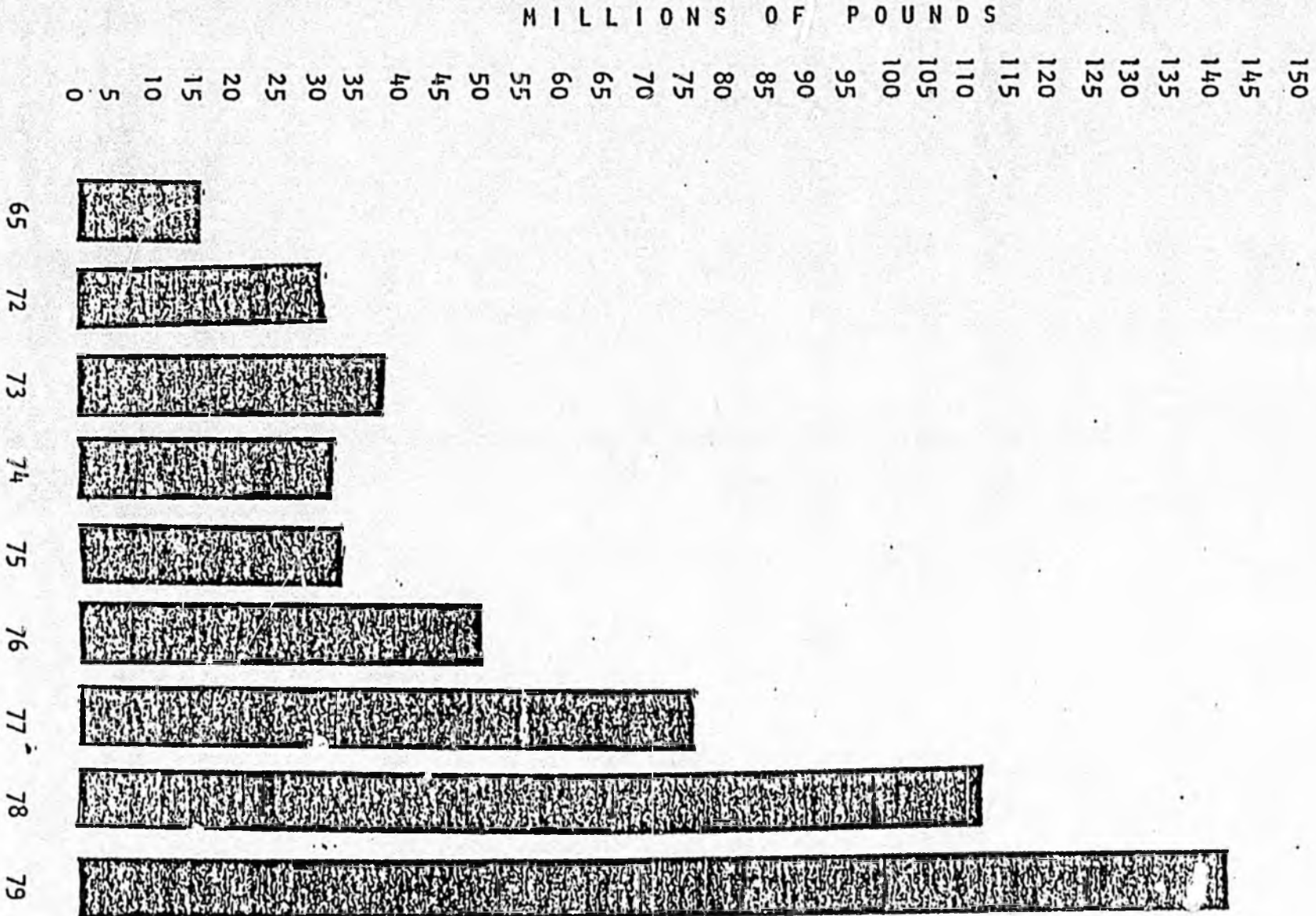
The Alaska salmon industry has undergone a major change in the last ten years. This change consisted of a shift from a primary emphasis on canned salmon to a heavy emphasis on fresh and frozen salmon processing (Fig. 1). This shift is as dramatic as, and is economically more significant than the development of the tanner crab fishery.

Traditionally, the fresh and frozen salmon markets were supplied by troll-caught salmon from Southeast Alaska and the Pacific Northwest. These were high-quality silver and king salmon, bled and dressed immediately after capture and iced within a short period of time. The supply was supplemented by gillnet-caught salmon, again principally silvers and kings.

As the market for fresh and frozen salmon expanded, it had to be filled with net-caught salmon. This move was accompanied by an increase in cold storage capacity in the Gulf of Alaska and air shipments from Bristol Bay and the AYK district.

During the last four years the growth has been dramatic (Fig. 1). In 1979 over 100 million pounds of salmon, including sockeye, chums and pinks that would previously have gone into the can, went to the frozen market. This is accomplished

ALASKA FROZEN SALMON PRODUCTION



by "high grading" at the plant, which has resulted in an overall lowering of quality in both the canned and frozen product.

Many of the fishermen and processors who are now producing for the fresh and frozen market formerly canned all of their product. Therefore, they are not familiar with the proper methods of handling fish to attain a high quality frozen product.

In Japan and Europe the devaluation of the U.S. dollar has put salmon within the buying range of more people. The Japanese market is for high quality dressed salmon with the head on, which are sold whole on the retail market. In Europe, the demand is for frozen salmon which are thawed and split for mild curing and smoking. Both markets demand a quality fish with no external or internal blemishes or visible flaws. North America, too, is experiencing a shift toward fresh and frozen salmon for use as steaks and fillets and, to a lesser extent, the mild cure and smoking market.

European and Asian markets are looking to our competition for a high quality product. This includes Canada and Norway, both of whom have high quality standards set by government regulation.

Processors in Europe complain about bruises, soft flesh, belly burn, rancidity and poor butchering of the product they receive from the U.S., including Alaska. These are all caused by improper handling and processing.

Problem

The Alaska fish are as good as any when they come from the water, but several million pounds of frozen salmon were condemned by state and federal inspectors after the 1979 season. Quality loss occurs in the hands of humans.

The problem of salmon quality is statewide, but is more critical in areas where the production of frozen salmon is a relatively new form of processing.

Goals and Objectives

The goal of this project is to "Raise the quality of Alaska frozen salmon to a level that will meet or exceed that of any other country's product competing on a world market."

Our immediate objective is to improve the overall quality of Alaska salmon. Clearly, efforts need to be made in assisting the industry to improve the quality of salmon submitted to the world markets. Education is needed in proper techniques for handling salmon.

A committee has been appointed to determine these educational needs and the kinds of educational efforts the state should support. A broad-based educational program, directed at fishermen, tendermen and fish processors, is recommended by the committee.

Approach

A broad-based education program will be developed. This program must be delivered to the largest number of industry members possible. The project will reach fishermen, tendermen, processors and shippers of salmon; i.e., all segments of the industry. In order to reach most of the industry, a number of different audio and visual educational techniques will be employed. These will include, but not be limited to:

1. Seminars, workshops and conferences
2. Consultation services
3. Public service radio spots
4. "How-to" fact sheets
5. Slide series on handling salmon
6. 16-mm educational film on salmon handling and processing methods
7. Salmon handler's manual

In order to provide these educational services it will be necessary to employ a full-time specialist in the care, handling and processing of frozen salmon. This will need to be a long-term project. Current practices are ingrained and will take a number of years to change.

Outline of Education Activities

1. Seminars, workshops and conferences. Seminars and workshops will be conducted in fishing ports throughout the

state. These will be directed at fishermen and processing personnel. This mechanism is helpful in making industry members aware of the problem and will offer solutions to specific problems of each fishery and region. This has been demonstrated to be one of the best methods for provoking a desirable change.

A conference will be held to bring together the leaders of the fishermen's organizations with the objective of informing them of the problems poor quality has caused in the marketplace; to obtain their ideas for a long-range solution; and to enlist their support. A second conference will be held with the quality assurance personnel in the processing plants to inform them of the problems that occur in plants and to provide them with information and materials for training their in-plant workers.

2. Consultation services. In order to improve the quality of fish landed it will be necessary to do conversion work on many of the salmon vessels presently in use. This will include the installation of slush ice, refrigeration systems, or other types of cooling systems on the vessel. In some areas of the state the older or smaller vessels are not lined. Fish lay in the bilge or against hot engineroom bulkheads. In some cases boxing may be justified. The specialist would be available to provide technical information on these and other specific problems. In many cases, the

fishermen or processors could make the necessary changes themselves with technical assistance made available through this program.

3. Public service radio announcements (PSA's). All radio stations make time available for public service announcements. Several stations have been contacted and have expressed a willingness to air educational spots relating to good handling practices for salmon. A series of PSA's will be produced and distributed to all radio stations in coastal communities. The PSA's will contain "how-to" tips as well as what not to do. They will each contain an educational message; however, their prime function will be to raise the general awareness of the necessity for good handling practices. Through personal contact with participating radio stations it is expected that the PSA's will be aired at a time most fishermen listen to the broadcast band--at the time of the marine weather forecast.

4. "How-to" fact sheets. A series of "how-to" fact sheets will be written. They will be developed for each fishery by region. It is necessary to develop them by fishery and region because of the differences in the harvesting methods employed and the different conditions existing in each region. Fact sheets will also be developed for in-plant handling. Subjects to be covered will include, but

not be limited to, effects of temperature; sanitation; use of ice; refrigeration; etc. These fact sheets will be given broad distribution to fishermen and processors and be used in workshops and seminars.

5. Slide series on salmon handling and processing. A series of slides is presently being assembled that shows the effect of poor handling and butchering practices. This series will be expanded to show proper methods. The series will be duplicated for use in workshops and seminars and will be available for fish processors to use in their own in-plant training sessions. These slides must be considered as a tool rather than standing on their own as an educational program.

6. 16-mm movie film/television tape on salmon handling and processing methods. A 16-mm educational movie film will be developed showing proper handling and icing and the processing of frozen salmon in the plant. Television tape copies of this film will be made available for circulation to schools and educational TV, and will be used in workshops, seminars, etc. A film will not be a complete educational program but will augment the other educational efforts.

7. Salmon handler's manual. The fact sheets will be completed and supplemented with additional materials to produce a salmon handler's manual. This manual will in-

clude the why as well as the how to. The major use of this manual will be for in-plant training by company personnel. It will also be used to train new quality control people in the plants.

Interactions

It is necessary that this project interact with present education efforts in salmon quality enhancement in both the private and public sectors. This would include the University of Alaska, the National Food Processors Association, fishermen's associations, and the state legislature.

It is recommended that a permanent advisory committee be appointed to monitor the program. This committee should meet on a quarterly basis to review progress and to identify problem areas.

Salmon Quality Education

BUDGET

SALARIES

Instructor 12 mo @ \$3000 mo	\$ 36,000	
Clerical assistance 1/2 time 12 mo	8,000	
	44,000	
Staff benefits @ 20.5*	9,020	
TOTAL		\$ 53,020

EQUIPMENT

Office equipment	1,500	
Audio Visual	950	
	2,450	
TOTAL		2,450

EXPENDABLE SUPPLIES

Recording tape	480	
35-mm film	120	
Office supplies	200	
	800	
TOTAL		800

TRAVEL

7,800

CONTRACTUAL SERVICES

16-mm movie	40,000	
Printing (fact sheets, manual)	13,200	
Postage	1,100	
Communications	3,000	
Xerox and drafting	2,000	
Video tapes	400	
Reproduction of slide sets	500	
Subcommittee travel and per diem	10,000	
	70,200	
TOTAL		70,200

TOTAL DIRECT		134,270
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TOTAL INDIRECT @ 50.8% of S & W		22,352
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GRAND TOTAL		\$156,622
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STATE OF ALASKA

DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER

JAY S. HAMMOND, GOVERNOR

POUCH M
JUNEAU, ALASKA 99811
PHONE:

April 12, 1981

The Honorable Bettye Fahrenkamp
Chairman
Senate Resources Committee
Pouch V
Juneau, Alaska 99811

Dear Senator Fahrenkamp:

Some weeks ago, representatives of Los Alamos laboratory contacted you regarding the existence of minerals samples collected under the NURE program. Said representatives stated that the samples covered a large portion of Alaska and would add substantially to our minerals data base if obtained by the State. However, they pointed out that the samples were scheduled for transmittal to the Federal archives because the NURE program had been defunded, and that approximately \$800,000 would be required to acquire them. They recommended that the State, through an appropriation generated by your committee, act to take possession of this data before it disappeared into a Federal repository.

Since that time, a number of meetings have taken place with you and your staff, our Department, and members of the mining industry for purposes of determining the relative worth of this data. After the most recent meeting in Fairbanks, it was the conclusion of all participants (including those of the Department of Natural Resources) that this would indeed be a valuable acquisition and would act to foster the development of mining in Alaska. It is the purpose of this letter to formally transmit this conclusion to the Committee.

In acting on the subject bill, we recommend that two statements of intent be attached by the committee. First, we ask that the acquisition of the data be handled through a contract entered into and administered by the Department of Natural Resources through the Division of Geological and Geophysical Surveys with Los Alamos. We would draft the contract to insure that the products delivered by Los Alamos lived up to the promises and representations made by them. Moreover, we would exercise some selectivity in the data acquired (excluding, for example, those areas where we already have detailed data, Federal lands closed permanently to mining, and any Federal lands which will be inventoried by USGS under section 1010 of the d2 legislation) to maximize quality and cost effectiveness.

The Honorable Bettye Fahrenkamp


April 12, 1981

-2-

Second, at the Fairbanks meeting, DGGs pointed out that acquisition of additional data is presently less problematic than our inability to undertake computer analysis of data so that useful conclusions can be drawn. Consequently, we recommend that the intent accompanying the appropriation authorize DNR to undertake a data processing effort for minerals data analysis consistent with the overall purpose of the acquisition of NURE samples. A project budget form for a Placer/Geochemical Assessment Project is attached to this letter as an expression of our proposal for this effort.

The Department appreciates your solicitation of our advice on this proposed appropriation.

Sincerely,



Jeff Haynes
Deputy Commissioner

Table I

SEDIMENT SAMPLES TO BE ANALYZED WITH FUNDS
REQUESTED FROM THE STATE OF ALASKA

<u>1° x 3° Quadrangle</u>	<u>Approximate Number of Sediment Samples</u>	<u>Comments</u>
Barrow	90	
Wainwright	209	
Meade River	579	
Teshkepuk	474	
Harrison Bay	239	
Beechey Point	214	
Point Lay	124	
Utukok River	479	
Lookout Ridge	599	
Ikpikpuk River	664	
Umiat	499	
Sagavan. iktok	564	
Point Hope	299	
DeLong Mtns.	630	SE corner unsampled
Misheguk Mtn.	629	Southern half unsampled
Howard Pass	629	Southern third unsampled
Killik River	639	Southern third unsampled
Chandler Lake	499	Southern half unsampled
Coleen	630	
Shungnak	756	
Bettles	923	
Black River	631	
Kateel River	756	
Melozitna	668	
Tanana	669	
Circle	1340	
Charley River	1340	
Nulato	700	
Ruby	700	
Kantishna River	499	
Ophir	700	
Iditarod	1200	
TOTAL	19,571	

STATE OF ALASKA

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE &
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

DIVISION OF ECONOMIC ENTERPRISE
OFFICE OF MINERALS DEVELOPMENT

JAY S. HARMON, GOVERNOR

675 7TH AVENUE
STATION A
FAIRBANKS, ALASKA 99701
PHONE: (907) 452-7464

March 16, 1981

MAR 20 1981

Senator Fahrenkamp
Pouch V
Juneau, Alaska 99811

*Bellevue
Sims*

Dear Senator Fahrenkamp:

Re: S.B. 164

I am writing in support of S.B. 164 under your sponsorship which would provide funds for completion of analytical work on a large number of geochemical samples (both water and sediments) by Los Alamos Scientific Laboratory (L.A.S.L.).

The samples collected under the Hydrogeochemical and Stream Sediment Reconnaissance Program (H.S.S.R.) constitute the initial component of a very valuable baseline tool which could provide the State with a large inventory of information with respect to resource evaluation and exploration strategy.

S.B. 164 will provide funding for the analytical work plus hard copy of the generated data base, location maps and magnetic tapes of the information bank. I would emphasize that this is the first vital step of an ongoing process and the real pay-off in terms of identifiable benefit comes with the subsequent synthesis and massaging of the data by sophisticated procedures. It is my understanding that the Division of Geological and Geophysical Surveys within D.N.R. is keen to develop an in-State capability to work this data following orientation (contractual) by L.A.S.L. personnel. There is however no provision to fund this aspect of the work in either the bill or the proposed Geology and Geophysical Survey budget. I would like to see the ability to utilize this technology within the State and since the programs involved have many ongoing applications, future needs of the State could best be served by having ready access to this powerful tool.

I understand that there is a relatively short time fuse insofar as the analytical work is concerned. In approximately 6-8 weeks the facility set up at Los Alamos may be dismantled and the key technicians allocated to other duties. There is therefore the need to move expeditiously in securing passage of the Bill. I believe that this is an important item of legislation and it has my full support subject to provisions that the analyses once determined will be the subject of ongoing studies.

Sincerely,

John Sims

John Sims
Director

March 1, 1981

Dr. Milton Wiltse
Alaskan Department of
Geological and Geophysical Surveys
P. O. Box 80007
College, Alaska 99708

Dear Milt:

The enclosed map shows the status of the analyses of the National Uranium Resource Evaluation geochemical sediment samples from Alaska. The samples from areas colored in blue are being analyzed with DOE funds. These will be open filed as data tapes only through the Oak Ridge Data Center. The areas in yellow are those for which there are insufficient DOE funds to do the analyses. These quadrangles would be analyzed by State of Alaska funds if they become available (Table I lists these quadrangles and the approximate number of sediment samples in each quadrangle). There are a total of 19,571 sediment samples in the yellow areas. The final count upon completion of analysis may be as much as 200 samples above or below that number. All quadrangles have an approximately uniform sampling density of one sample location per 23 square kilometers in areas where lakes predominate and one sample location per 11 square kilometers in areas where streams predominate.

With the \$800,000 requested from Alaska, we will guarantee the completion of these sample analyses, using the uniform analytical methodologies employed thus far by Los Alamos. We will also provide to the State Geologist's office a hard copy data listing and a 1:250,000-scale, sample-location overlay for each quadrangle in Alaska that has been sampled under this program, no matter who paid for the analyses. As you can see, the sample location overlay is one of the end products of analyses and clean up of data; therefore, we are not able to provide at this time a sample location overlay for the quadrangles in Table I. We also believe that for the \$800,000 we will be able to complete multielement analysis of those samples that we have analyzed for uranium only to date (green quadrangles in the Seward Peninsula region).

In order to get this response to you as quickly as possible, I am sending you this bootleg copy of the map and table. I anticipate being in Fairbanks on March 11 or 12 and would be able to handcarry the master sampling maps for your perusal.

I hope this answers the questions concerning what Los Alamos will provide the State for the \$800,000 requested. If you have further questions, do not hesitate to call me.

Sincerely,

Tom

Thomas A. Weaver
Group Leader, G-4
Resource Characterization

TAW:jab

Enc. As noted

LETTER OF INTENT ON SB 164

BY THE SENATE RESOURCES COMMITTEE

It is the intent of the Senate Resources Committee that the acquisition of the data resulting from the analysis of the geochemical samples referred to in the legislation be handled through a contract entered into and administered by the Department of Natural Resources through the Division of Geological and Geophysical Surveys with Los Alamos Scientific Laboratory. This contract between the Department of Natural Resources and the Los Alamos Scientific Laboratory should include provisions to insure that the Laboratory will fulfill its promises and representations made to both the Senate Resources Committee and the Department of Natural Resources. Moreover, the Department of Natural Resources can exercise some selectivity in acquiring the data to insure the quality of the geochemical samples and to achieve cost effectiveness in the samples' analysis.

In addition, the Committee authorizes the Department of Natural Resources to undertake a data processing effort for minerals data analysis consistent with the overall purpose of the acquisition of the National Uranium Resource Evaluation (NURE) samples.

LETTER OF INTENT ON SB 164

BY THE SENATE RESOURCES COMMITTEE

It is the intent of the Senate Resources Committee that the acquisition of the data resulting from the analysis of the geochemical samples referred to in the legislation be handled through a contract entered into and administered by the Department of Natural Resources through the Division of Geological and Geophysical Surveys with Los Alamos Scientific Laboratory. This contract between the Department of Natural Resources and the Los Alamos Scientific Laboratory should include provisions to insure that the Laboratory will fulfill its promises and representations made to both the Senate Resources Committee and the Department of Natural Resources. Moreover, the Department of Natural Resources can exercise some selectivity in acquiring the data to insure the quality of the geochemical samples and to achieve cost effectiveness in the samples' analysis.

In addition, the Committee authorizes the Department of Natural Resources to undertake a data processing effort for minerals data analysis consistent with the overall purpose of the acquisition of the National Uranium Resource Evaluation (NURE) samples.

ADOPTED AS SENATE LETTER OF INTENT MAY 20, 1981

RECEIVED 1/17/68
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

LETTERS
1/17/68

LETTER OF INTENT
ATTACHED TO
SENATE RESOURCES COMMITTEE'S
REPORT ON SB 164

It is the intent of the Senate Resources Committee that the acquisition of the data resulting from the analysis of the geochemical samples referred to in the legislation be handled through a contract entered into and administered by the Department of Natural Resources through the Division of Geological and Geophysical Surveys with Los Alamos. The contract should be drafted to insure that the products delivered by Los Alamos live up to the promises and representations made by them. Moreover, the Department of Natural Resources can exercise some selectivity in the data acquired to maximize quality and cost effectiveness.

In addition, the Committee authorizes the Department of Natural Resources to undertake a data processing effort for minerals data analysis consistent with the overall purpose of the acquisition of the NURE samples.

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COMMITTEE REPORT

HOUSE

FURTHER: FINANCE

5/20/81

(11)

Date: JUNE 1, 1981

Mr. Speaker:

The Committee on RESOURCES has had CSSSSB 111(Res)am

"An Act relating to fishing and hunting license fees and fishing permits; and providing for an effective date."

under consideration and reports it back as follows:

- do pass do not pass
- do pass with attached amendments(s)
- replace with CS for CSSSSB 111 same title
 new title
- and recommends _____
- AND attaches a "Letter of Intent" New Fiscal Note
- reports it back without recommendation INDIVIDUAL
- referred to the _____ Committee

MEMBERS SIGNING
DO PASS

MEMBERS HAVING
OTHER RECOMMENDATIONS:

60- CHAIRMAN

STATE OF ALASKA

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER

JAY S. HAMMOND, GOVERNOR

POUCH 5
JUNEAU, ALASKA 99811

June 2, 1981

The Honorable Fred W. Zharoff
The Honorable Terry Gardiner
Co-Chairmen
House Resources Committee
Room 118 - Capitol Building
Juneau, Alaska

Dear Mr. Zharoff and Mr. Gardiner:

Re: CS for Sponsor Substitute for Senate Bill No. 111 (Resources) am

CS for Sponsor Substitute for Senate Bill No. 111 (Resources) am, an Act relating to fishing and hunting license fees and fishing permits, upon first reading in the House on May 20, 1981 was referred to the House Resources and Finance Committees.

For the consideration of the House Resources Committee, I am enclosing copies of Fiscal Notes prepared by Mr. Phil Wall, Director, Administrative Services Division of the Department of Revenue concerning the Committee Substitute.

Sincerely,



R. D. Stevenson
Special Assistant

RDS/rdh

cc: The Honorable Samuel R. Cotten
Chairman
House Finance Committee

Joseph K. Donohue
Deputy Commissioner
Department of Revenue

Phil Wall, Director
Administrative Services Division
Department of Revenue

THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA
TWELFTH LEGISLATURE

FISCAL NOTE

I. REQUEST

Bill/Resolution No. CSSSSB 111 (Resources) am
 Title Fishing & Hunting License Fees & Fishing Permits
 Requested by Resources Committee Date 5-28-81

II. FISCAL DETAIL

Agency Affected _____ Revenue _____
 Program Category Affected _____ General Government _____
 BRU, Program, or Subprogram(s) Affected Administration & Support, Fish & Game Licensing
 (Note: If more than one budget component is affected, separate line-item amounts and funding for each component in the analysis section.)

EXPENDITURES (Thousands of Dollars)

	FY 81	FY 82	FY 83	FY 84	FY 85	FY 86
100 PERSONAL SERVICES						
200 TRAVEL						
300 CONTRACTUAL		(6.2)				
400 COMMODITIES						
500 EQUIPMENT						
600 LAND & STRUCTURES						
700 GRANTS, CLAIMS, ETC.						
TOTAL		(6.2)				

FUNDING (Thousands of Dollars)


GENERAL FUND						
FEDERAL FUNDS						
OTHER (Specify Fund Source)						

POSITIONS

FULL TIME						
PART TIME						
TEMPORARY						

III. ANALYSIS (See Fiscal Note Preparation Instructions, Section III)

Contractual costs for printing the King Salmon and Steelhead Trout Permit applications and stamps decrease 6.2 with repeal of this permit.

IV. DATE June 1, 1981 PREPARED BY  Philip A. Wall
 AGENCY Revenue
 PHONE 465-2313
 Original: Legislative Finance
 cc: Budget and Management
 Prime Sponsor (First Legislator Named)

THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA
TWELFTH LEGISLATURE

FISCAL NOTE

I. REQUEST

Bill/Resolution No. CSSSB 111 (Resources) am
 Title Fishing & Hunting License Fees & Fishing Permits
 Requested by Resources Committee Date 5-28-81

II. FISCAL DETAIL

Agency Affected _____ Revenue _____
 Program Category Affected _____ General Government _____
 BRU, Program, or Subprogram(s) Affected Administration & Support, Fish & Game Licensing
 (Note: If more than one budget component is affected, separate line-item amounts and funding for each component in the analysis section.)
EXPENDITURES (Thousands of Dollars)

	FY 81	FY 82	FY 83	FY 84	FY 85	FY 86
100 PERSONAL SERVICES						
200 TRAVEL						
300 CONTRACTUAL						
400 COMMODITIES						
500 EQUIPMENT						
600 LAND & STRUCTURES						
700 GRANTS CLAIMS, ETC.						

TOTAL

FUNDING (Thousands of Dollars)


	FY 81	FY 82	FY 83	FY 84	FY 85	FY 86
GENERAL FUND						
FEDERAL FUNDS						
OTHER (Specify Fund Source)						
Sport Fish & Game Funds		15.7	32.7	34.0	35.4	36.8

POSITIONS

	FY 81	FY 82	FY 83	FY 84	FY 85	FY 86
FULL TIME						
PART TIME						
TEMPORARY						

III. ANALYSIS (See Fiscal Note Preparation Instructions, Section III)

This increase is based on an assumed sales increase of 4 percent for all classes of licenses projected from the base year 1980. Income to the Sport Fish & Game Fund is net increase after revenue has been decreased by loss of proceeds from the repealed King Salmon & Steelhead Trout permit.

IV. DATE June 1, 1981 PREPARED BY  Philip A. Wall
 AGENCY Revenue
 PHONE 465-2313
 Original: Legislative Finance
 cc: Budget and Management
 Prime Sponsor (First Legislator Named)

THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA
TWELFTH LEGISLATURE

FISCAL NOTE

I. REQUEST

Bill/Resolution No. CS-SSSB 111

Title "An Act relating to fishing and hunting license fees and fishing permits."

Requested by Resources Date _____

II. FISCAL DETAIL

Agency Affected Dept. of Fish and Game

Program Category Affected _____

BRU, Program, or Subprogram(s) Affected _____

(Note: If more than one budget component is affected, separate line-item amounts and funding for each component in the analysis section.)

EXPENDITURES (Thousands of Dollars)

	FY 81	FY 82	FY 83	FY 84	FY 85	FY 86
100 PERSONAL SERVICES						
200 TRAVEL						
300 CONTRACTUAL						
400 COMMODITIES						
500 EQUIPMENT						
600 LAND & STRUCTURES						
700 GRANTS, CLAIMS, ETC.						

TOTAL

FUNDING (Thousands of Dollars)

GENERAL FUND						
FEDERAL FUNDS						
OTHER (Specify Fund Source)						
FISH AND GAME FUND	-0-	29,561	29,561	29,561	29,561	29,561

POSITIONS

FULL TIME						
PART TIME						
TEMPORARY						

III. ANALYSIS (See Fiscal Note Preparation Instructions, Section III)

IV. DATE 4/22/81

PREPARED BY Louis S. Bandirala

AGENCY Fish and Game

PHONE 465-4180

Original: Legislative Finance

cc: Budget and Management

Prime Sponsor (First Legislator Named)

WASHINGTON

Nonresident

7 day \$7.50

Steelhead
Stamp 3.00Resident

Sport Fish 8.50

Steelhead
Stamp 3.00

MONTANA

Nonresident

2 day \$4.00

Seasonal 30.00

Conservation
License*** 2.00Resident

Sport Fish 7.00

Conservation
License*** 2.00

IDAHO

Nonresident

7 day \$10.50

1 day 4.50

Steelhead Stamp 2.50

Salmon Stamp 2.50

1982:
7 day 14.50Steelhead
Stamp 2.50

Salmon Stamp 2.50

Resident

Sport Fish 8.50

Steelhead
Stamp 2.50

Salmon Stamp 2.50

1982:
Sport Fish 10.50

ALASKA

Nonresident

10 day \$15.00

1 day 5.00

Sport Fish 30.00

Resident

Sport Fish 10.00

ALASKA (CSSSSB 111)

Nonresident

5 day \$20.00

1 day 10.00

Sport Fish 36.00

Resident

***Idaho Conservation license is required of residents and nonresidents prior to the purchase of anyother fishing license.

THIS PRINTED MATERIAL IS MADE AVAILABLE THROUGH THE
OFFICE OF
Richard I. Ellason
State Senator
District B

S

B

140

COMMITTEE REPORT

HOUSE

FURTHER: FINANCE

5/18/81

(11)

Date: MAY 29, 1981

Mr. Speaker:

The Committee on RESOURCES has had CSSB 140(Fin)am

"An Act establishing a fishery product revolving loan fund and providing for loans and loan guarantees for commercial fish purchasers; and providing for an effective date."

under consideration and reports it back as follows:

- do pass do not pass
- do pass with attached amendments(s)
- replace with CS for CSSB 140 same title
 new title
- and recommends DO PASS
- AND attaches a "Letter of Intent" New Fiscal Note
- reports it back without recommendation
- referred to the _____ Committee

MEMBERS SIGNING
DO PASS

Tony Andriani

Bob Bennett

Frank J. Murphy

James J. Walsh

John J. ...

...

...

...

...

MEMBERS HAVING
OTHER RECOMMENDATIONS:

Tony Andriani
CHAIRMAN

...

AMENDMENTS TO CS SB 140

Amendments to CS SB 140 which would allow commercial banks in the State, besides CFAB, to participate in the fish processing loan guarantee account:

Page 5, line 2D after "Bank" add "or by a state or federally chartered financial institution which has offices in Alaska."

Page 6, line A: after "Bank" add "or by a state or federally chartered financial institution which has offices in Alaska."

Page 6, line b after "Bank" add "or by a state or federally chartered financial institution which has offices in Alaska."

Page 6, line 14: ^{13?} add new section (e):

"(e) The Department of Revenue may enter into guarantee agreement from the fish processing loan guarantee account under this section only if the individuals are residents or the corporation, partnerships or joint ventures have a majority interest of which is beneficially owned by residents of the state and a majority of the owners of which are residents of the state."

MEMORANDUM

TO: Cochairmen
Gardiner and Zharoff

FROM: Sund

DATE: May 22, 1981

RE: CSSB 140 Amendments

Committee members requested some proposed amendments be drafted for their consideration.

page 3 line 13 delete (80) replace with 50.

page 3 line 17 delete (domiciled in) replace with who are residents of

page 3 line 20 delete (domiciled in) replace with who are residents of

S B

141

COMMITTEE REPORT

HOUSE

5/18/81

FURTHER: FINANCE

(11)

Date: MAY 25, 1981

Mr. Speaker:

The Committee on RESOURCES has had CSSB 141(Fin)

"An Act making a special appropriation to the Department of Revenue for loan guarantees for commercial fish purchasers; and providing for an effective date."

under consideration and reports it back as follows:

- do pass do not pass
- do pass with attached amendments(s) same title
- replace with CS for _____ new title
- and recommends _____
- AND attaches a "Letter of Intent" New Fiscal Note
- reports it back without recommendation
- referred to the _____ Committee

MEMBERS SIGNING
DO PASS

[Handwritten signatures]

MEMBERS HAVING
OTHER RECOMMENDATIONS:

[Handwritten signature]

CHAIRMAN

S

B

1

6

4

COMMITTEE REPORT

HOUSE

FURTHER: FINANCE

5/21/81

(11)

Date: MAY 27, 1981

Mr. Speaker:

The Committee on RESOURCES has had SB 164

"An Act making a special appropriation to the Department of Natural Resources for completion of the analysis of certain geochemical samples; and providing for an effective date."

under consideration and reports it back as follows:

- do pass do not pass
- do pass with attached amendments(s)
- replace with CS for _____ same title
 new title
- and recommends _____
- AND attaches a "Letter of Intent" New Fiscal Note
- reports it back without recommendation
- referred to the _____ Committee

MEMBERS SIGNING
DO PASS

MEMBERS HAVING
OTHER RECOMMENDATIONS:

[Handwritten signatures]

[Blank lines for other recommendations]

[Handwritten signature]

CHAIRMAN

S

B

214

COMMITTEE REPORT

HOUSE

FURTHER: FINANCE

4/9/81

(11)

Date: MAY 18, 1981

Mr. Speaker:

The Committee on RESOURCES has had SB 214

"An Act making a supplemental appropriation to the Department of Commerce and Economic Development for the mining loan fund; and providing for an effective date."

under consideration and (a majority of the committee) (the committee) reports it back with the following recommendations:

- do pass do not pass
- do pass with attached amendments(s)
- replace with CS for _____ same title
 new title
- and recommends _____
- AND attaches a "Letter of Intent" New Fiscal Note
- reports it back without recommendation
- referred to the _____ Committee

MEMBERS SIGNING
DO PASS

Steve Anderson
Fred T. Stewart
Robert B. Stewart
[Signature]
[Signature]
A. Smith
[Signature]

MEMBERS HAVING
OTHER RECOMMENDATIONS:

Tommy Kaska No rec
[Signature]

[Signature]

CO-CHAIRMAN

[Signature]

THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA
TWELFTH LEGISLATURE

FISCAL NOTE

I. REQUEST

Bill/Resolution No. SB 214
 Title An Act making a supplemental appropriation to the Dept. of Com. & Econ. Dev. for the mining loan fund.
 Requested by Bennett, Fahrenkamp & Parr Date 2-25-81

II. FISCAL DETAIL

Agency Affected Commerce & Economic Development
 Program Category Affected Development
 BRU, Program, or Subprogram(s) Affected Division of Business Loans
 (Note: If more than one budget component is affected, separate line-item amounts and funding for each component in the analysis section.)
EXPENDITURES (Thousands of Dollars)

	FY 81	FY 82	FY 83	FY 84	FY 85	FY 86
100 PERSONAL SERVICES						
200 TRAVEL						
300 CONTRACTUAL						
400 COMMODITIES						
500 EQUIPMENT						
600 LAND & STRUCTURES						
700 GRANTS, CLAIMS, ETC.						
TOTAL	-0-					

FUNDING (Thousands of Dollars)

GENERAL FUND	-0-					
FEDERAL FUNDS						
OTHER (Specify Fund Source)						

POSITIONS

FULL TIME						
PART TIME						
TEMPORARY						

III. ANALYSIS (See Fiscal Note Preparation Instructions, Section III)

The additional loans to be made with the \$10,000,000 appropriation can be processed and serviced by the existing staff.

IV. DATE February 27, 1981 PREPARED BY Sharon Traylor, Director
 AGENCY Div. of Business Loans, Dept. of Com. & Econ. Dev.
 PHONE 465-2510
 Original: Legislative Finance
 cc: Budget and Management

Sharon Traylor



JUNEAU ALASKA

Alaska State Legislature House

MEMORANDUM

TO: Rep. Gardiner, Rep. Zharoff
Co-Chairmen, House Resources Committee

FROM: Rep. Bettisworth

DATE: May 13, 1981

RE: SB 214, Mining Loan Fund

Dear Sirs,

I wish to respectfully request that SB 214, heard a few weeks ago, be brought up for passage again. We need to pass this Bill now. The mining season is almost underway and loan funds to date are not available. It is not unlike the need for seed or fertilizer to begin the agricultural season. Both agricultural and mining are dependent on this seasonal timing process. There are a number of loans pending because of this Bill. The money is needed NOW to begin mining. People are becoming frantic at the possibility of not getting these funds in time.

Respectfully,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "R Bettisworth".

Bob Bettisworth

RB/11

Comments on Mining Bill

SB 214

3
APR 29 1981

MSG 81-00014477 FRTY 1 04/28/81 17:20:09 ORIG: LF01 IN= 0009 OUT= 0122
FROM: MAXINE/FAIRBANKS TO: JUNO INFO PAGE 0004
TARGET: LJH2 SUBJ: POM

TO: REP'S GARDINER, ZHAROFF

FR: R. W. TAYLOR, SR 51482, FAIRBANKS 99701 PH. 452-4690

RE: SB 214

I STRONGLY URGE YOU TO MOVE SB 214 FROM COMMITTEE WITH A DO PASS
RECOMMENDATION, AND MAKE EVERY ATTEMPT POSSIBLE TO GET THE BILL
THRU THE LEGISLATURE AND TO THE GOVERNOR RAPIDLY SO THE FUNDS
WILL BE AVAILABLE TO THE MINERS AT THE START OF THE SEASON.

-----EOM

APR 29 1981

MSG 81-00014477 PRTY 1 04/28/81 17:20:09 ORIG: LF01 IN= 0009 OUT= 0122
FROM: MAXINE/FAIRBANKS TO: JUNO INFO
TARGET: LJH2 SUBJ: POM PAGE 0022

TO: REP'S GARDINER, ZHAROFF

FR: RAY KOHLER, 665 - 10TH APT 312, FAIRBANKS 99701 PH. 456-4926

RE: SB 214

REQUEST YOU SCHEDULE ABOVE BILL FOR CONSIDERATION AS SOON AS POSSIBLE.

-----EOM

TO: REP'S GARDINER, ZHAROFF

FR: MARVIN ANDRESEN, BOX 1912, FAIRBANKS 99707 PH. 452-5303

RE: SB 214

I URGE SCHEDULING THIS BILL FOR CONSIDERATION ASAP AND URGE
DO PASS. I AM A MINER.

-----COM

TO: REP'S GARDINER, ZHAROFF
FR: PATRICIA SCHOENBERGER, BOX 2295, FAIRBANKS 99707 PH. 456-1632

RE: SB 214

MINERS NEED MONEY NOW. PLEASE PASS SB 214.

-----EOM

TO: REP'S ZHAROFF, GARDINER

FR: JIM O'SULLIVAN, 2584 RIVERVIEW DR., FAIRBANKS 99701 PH. 456-1872

RE: SB 214

URGENT SB 214 RECEIVE YOUR UNQUALIFIED SUPPORT IN ORDER THAT MINING
GO FORWARD WITHOUT EQUITY COST TO MINERS.

-----EOM

TO: REP'S ZHAROFF, GARDINER

FR: CLYDE SHERMAN, 527 - 4TH AVE., FAIRBANKS 99701 PH. 456-4124

RE: SB 214

I AM RECOMMENDING THAT YOU APPROVE SB 214 FOR APPROPRIATING MONEY
FOR MINERS. IT IS IMPERATIVE THAT THIS FUND BE AVAILABLE EARLY
THIS SPRING.

-----EOM

TO: REP'S GARDINER, ZHAROFF

FR: SYBIL RAMSEY, 1300 DENALI WAY, FAIRBANKS 99701 PH. 452-5088

RE: SB 214

~~RECOMMEND IMMEDIATE PASSAGE OF SB214. THANKS~~

-----EOM

TO: REP'S GARDINER, ZHAROFF

FR: DAVE ROGERS, BOX 1230, FAIRBANKS 99707 PH. 479-5973

RE: SB 214

MINING IS VITAL TO ALASKA'S ECONOMY MONEY IS NEEDED NOW AS THE
SEASON STARTS. I UNDERSTAND BETTISWORTH & BENNETT HAVE THE VOTES
FOR PASSAGE. YET YOU ARE FORSTALLING BY HOLDING IN COMMITTEE

TO: REP'S GARDINER, ZHAROFF

FR: JERRY SIEDSCHLAG, SR BOX 51260, FAIRBANKS 99701 PH. 488-2332

RE: SB 214

URGE PASSAGE OF SB 214 IMMEDIATELY. THANKS

-----EOM

TO: REP'S GARDINER, ZHAROFF

FR: ANNA GROFF, B & A REALTORS, BOX 927, FBX 99707 PH. 452-1811

RE: SB 214

MINERS NEED MONEY NOW. DO PASS ABOVE BILL. MINERAL DEVELOPMENT IS IMPORTANT TO STATE OF ALASKA AND PEOPLE OF ALASKA.

-----EOM

TO: REP'S GARDINER, ZHAROFF

FR: R. W. GROFF, BOX 927, FAIRBANKS 99707 PH. 452-1811

RE: SB 214

MINERAL DEVELOPMENT IS OF EXTREME IMPORTANCE TO THE STATE OF ALASKA. PLEASE VOTE DO PASS ON THE SB 214.

-----EOM

TO: REP'S GARDINER, ZHAROFF

FR: MAXINE STANLEY, BOX 2351, FAIRBANKS 99707 PH. 455-6078

RE: SB 214

URGE YOUR SUPPORT OF THE ABOVE BILL. WANT IT PASSED.

-----EOM

TO: REP'S GARDINER, ZHAROFF

FR: LARRY KELLY, 221 BENTLEY DR E. FBX 99701 PH. 456-5088

RE: SB 214

I STRONGLY URGE YOU TO CONSIDER AND PASS SB214 ASAP. THE FUNDS
----- THE BEGINNING OF THIS MINING SEASON.

TARGET: LONZ 2000
TO: REP'S GARDINER, ZHAROFF

FR: RICHARD W BLEVENS, BOX 2590, FAIRBANKS 99707 PH. 452-4441

RE: SB 214

THE REVIVAL OF THE MINING INDUSTRY HAS PROMPTED A GREAT NEED FOR INVESTMENT ON START UP FINANCING AT INTEREST RATES OTHER THAN THOSE AVAILABLE THROUGH HIGH INTEREST BANKING FIRMS.

I RECOMMEND YOUR SERIOUS CONSIDERATION TOWARD A DO PASS VOTE ON SB 214 NOW BEFORE YOUR COMMITTEE.

-----EOM

TO: REP'S GARDINER, ZHAROFF

FR: THOMAS MIKLAUTSCH, BOX 1, FAIRBANKS 99707 PH. 456-8679

RE: SB 214

I FAVOR PASSAGE OF SB 214 IN BEHALF OF MINERS. PLEASE SCHEDULE FOR COMMITTEE HEARINGS SO THAT IT MAY MOVE ON TO ACTION ON THE FLOOR.

-----EOM

TO: REP'S GARDINER, ZHAROFF

FR: KAREN L CEDZO, BOX 603 '6, FAIRBANKS 99706 PH. 477-3632

RE: SB 214

I URGE ACTION AND PASSAGE OF SB 214.

-----EOM

TO: REP'S GARDINER, ZHAROFF

FR: JAMES MATTHEWS, SR 31455, FAIRBANKS 99701 PH. 452-3537

RE: SB 214

STRONGLY ENCOURAGE SUPPORT OF SB 214 AND GENERAL CONSTITUTIONAL LIMITS ON ALASKA BUDGET GROWTH.

-----EOM

TO: REP'S GARDINER, ZHAROFF

FR: SYLVIA KING, 1424 UNIVERSITY AVE. FAIRBANKS 99701 PH. 477-4215

RE: SB 214

URGE PASSAGE OF THIS BILL-VERY SOON SO THE MINERS CAN HAVE USE

APR 29 1981

3

MSG 81-00014477 PRTY 1 04/28/81 17:20:09 ORIG: LF01 IN= 0009 OUT= 0122
FROM: MAXINE/FAIRBANKS TO: JUND INFO
TARGET: LJH2 SUBJ: FDM PAGE 0003

TO: REP GARDINER, ZHAROFF
FR: PAUL BARRETT, 1919 LATHROP #19, FAIRBANKS 99701 PH. 452-2211
RE: SR 214

I DON'T THINK THE STATE HAS ANY BUSINESS FINANCING GOLD MINES.
COMMERCIAL LENDERS DO NOT, AND NEITHER SHOULD THE PUBLIC FUNDS.

FOM

APR 29 1981

3

MSG 81-00014477 PRTY 1 04/28/81 17:20:09 ORIG: LF01 IN= 0009 OUT= 0122
FROM: MAXINE/FAIRBANKS TO: JUNO INFO
TARGET: LJH2 SUBJ: POM PAGE 0005

TO: REP'S GARDINER, ZHAROFF

FR: RAY & MARY MARLEY, 213 CUSHMAN ST., (FAIRBANKS) 99701, PH. 452-3724

RE: SB 214

REQUEST YOU MAKE FUNDS AVAILABLE TO MINERS NOW SO THEY MAY PROCEED
IN A TIMELY FASHION.

EQM

APR 29 1981

3
MSG 81-00014477 PRTY 1 04/26/81 17:20:09 ORIG: LF01 IN= 0009 OUT= 0122
FROM: MAXINE/FAIRBANKS TO: JUNO INFO
TARGET: LJH2 SUBJ: POM PAGE 0002

TO: REF'S GARDINER, ZHAROFF
FR: EARL H BEISTLINE, BOX 80148, FAIRBANKS 99708 PH. 479-2843
RE: SB 214

URGE PASSAGE OF SB 214 AS SOON AS POSSIBLE FOR ECONOMIC
DEVELOPMENT OF MINERAL RESOURCES AND HENCE BENEFITING THE
ECONOMY OF THE COMMUNITY AND STATE.

-----EOM

APR 29 1981

3

MSG 81-00014477 PRTY 1 04/28/81 17:20:09 ORIG: LF01 IN= 0009 OUT= 0122
FROM: MAXINE/FAIRBANKS TO: JUNO INFO
TARGET: LJH2 SUBJ: POM PAGE 0006

TO: REP'S GARDINER, ZHAROFF

FR: BILL TOWSLEY, 521 GLACIER, FAIRBANKS 99701 PH. 452-3728

RE: SB 214

MINERS DO NOT ORDINARILY HAVE COLLATERAL OTHER THAN THEIR CLAIMS AND
THE HERITAGE OF HARD WORK. ESTABLISHMENT OF LOAN FUNDS THRU SB 214
WOULD ASSIST GREATLY TOWARD ACTIVE PRODUCTION.

-----EOM

3
APR 20 1981

MSG 81-00014477 PRTY.1 04/28/81 17:20:09 ORIG: LF01 IN= 0009 OUT= 0122
FROM: MAXINE/FAIRBANKS TO: JUNO INFO
TARGET: LJH2 SUBJ: POM PAGE 0007

TO: REP'S GARDINER, ZHAROFF
FR: BOB THOMAS, 212 WEDGEWOOD DR. SUITE C, FAIRBANKS 99701 PH.456-1967
RE: SB 214

WE LEND OUR SUPPORT TO SB 214 SINCE IT WILL PROVIDE A NEEDED SOURCE OF FUNDING TO HELP THE SMALL (TYPICALLY LOCAL ALASKAN) MINER IN CARRYING ON A LIVELYHOOD. WE SUPPORT THIS AS A LOAN NOT GRANT AND TREATED AS A INVESTMENT IN ALASKA'S FUTURE AND THE FUTURE OF THE INDIVIDUAL ALASKAN. PLEASE GET THE LEGISLATION MOVING IN TIME TO BE USEFUL FOR THE MINING SEASON.

-----FROM

3

APR 29 1981

MSG 81-00014477 PRTY 1 04/28/81 17:20:09 ORIG: LF01 IN= 0009 OUT= 0122
FROM: MAXINE/FAIRBANKS TO: JUNO INFO
TARGET: LJH2 SUBJ: POM PAGE 0008

TO: REP'S GARDINER, ZHAROFF

FR: DON O'CONNOR, BOX 60008, FAIRBANKS 99706 PH. 452-4711

RE: SB 214

I RECOMMEND A DO-PASS ON THIS BILL URGENTLY DUE TO THE SHORT SEASON AND THE NEEDS OF THE MINERS TO FINANCE THEIR INITIAL START UPS.

-----ROM

APR 29 1981

3

MSG 81-00014477 PRTY 1 04/28/81 17:20:09 ORIG: LF01 IN= 0009 OUT= 0122
FROM: MAXINE/FAIRBANKS TO: JUNO INFO
TARGET: LJH2 SUBJ: FOM PAGE 0009

TO: REP'S GARDINER, ZHAROFF
FR: WAYNE CRAFTON, 160 STEESE HWY, (FAIRBANKS) 99701 PH. 452-4747
RE: SP 214

MINING IS AS IMPORTANT TO THE STATE AS ANY OTHER ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT.
I STRONGLY URGE THE SPEEDY PASSAGE OF THIS BILL.

-----FOM

1981

3

MSG 81-00014477 PRTY 1 04/28/81 17:20:09 ORIG: LF01 IN= 0009 OUT= 0122
FROM: MAXINE/FAIRBANKS TO: JUNO INFO PAGE 0001
TARGET: LJH2 SUBJ: POM

THE FOLLOWING MESSAGES DO NOT NEED A REPLY. THANK YOU.

TO: REP'S GARDINER, ZHAROFF
FR: TOM OWEN, BOX 770, FAIRBANKS 99707 PH. 452-8101
RE: SB 214

I URGE YOU TO SCHEDULE SB214 FOR CONSIDERATION BY YOUR RESOURCES COMMITTEE, AND STRONGLY RECOMMEND A DO PASS. THIS BILL IS VITAL TO THE MINERS AND THEY NEED THE FUNDS NOW.

-----EOM

12

MSG 81-00014065 PRTY 1 04/24/81 17:30:42 ORIG: LF01 IN= 0018 OUT= 0104
FROM: ANNIE IN FAIRBANKS TO: JUNEAU INFO.
TARGET: LJH2 SUBJ: POM PAGE 0001

TO: REFS. ZHAROFF, GARDINER, CHUCKWUK, BARNES, BETTISWORTH, GRUSSENDORF,
HALFORD, HURLBERT, SMITH, SUTCLIFFE, AND VASKA

FROM: RODNEY A. BLAKESTAD, BOX 80747, FAIRBANKS 99708 479-3670

RE: SB 214

THE 1981 MINING SEASON IS ALMOST UPON US AND SEVERAL ALASKAN COMPANIES
AND INDIVIDUALS HAVE APPLICATIONS PENDING FOR THE MINING LOAN FUND. YOUR
EXPEDITIOUS PASSAGE OF THIS SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATION WOULD BE
APPRECIATED AS WE HAVE A VERY SHORT SEASON WITH WHICH TO OPERATE.

S

B

218

COMMITTEE REPORT

HOUSE

6/4/81

FURTHER:

(11)

Date: 6/4/81

Mr. Speaker:

The Committee on RESOURCES has had CSSB 218(Res)

"An Act relating to waste heat produced by certain pipeline facilities; and providing for an effective date."

under consideration and reports it back as follows:

- do pass do not pass
- do pass with attached amendments(s)
- replace with HCS for CSSB 218 same title
 new title
- and recommends _____
- AND attaches a "Letter of Intent" New Fiscal Note
- reports it back without recommendation
- referred to the _____ Committee

MEMBERS SIGNING
DO PASS

[Signature]
[Signature]
[Signature]
[Signature]
[Signature]
[Signature]
[Signature]
[Signature]
[Signature]

MEMBERS HAVING
OTHER RECOMMENDATIONS:

[Signature]
[Signature]
[Signature]
[Signature]
[Signature]
[Signature]
[Signature]
[Signature]
[Signature]

CHAIRMAN

[Signature]

COMMITTEE REPORT

HOUSE

6/4

5/8/81

FURTHER: RESOURCES

(7)

Room 118

Date: 6/3/81

Mr. Speaker:

The Committee on SPECIAL GAS PIPELINE has had CSSB 218(Res)

"An Act relating to waste heat produced by certain pipeline facilities; and providing for an effective date."

under consideration and reports it back as follows:

do pass do not pass

do pass with attached amendments(s)

replace with CS for CS 218 (R.P.) same title new title

and recommends do pass

AND attaches a "Letter of Intent" New Fiscal Note

reports it back without recommendation

referred to the _____ Committee

MEMBERS SIGNING
DO PASS

Tommy Harding

MEMBERS HAVING
OTHER RECOMMENDATIONS:

None Reported No Rec

Tommy Harding
CHAIRMAN



UNIVERSITY OF ALASKA, FAIRBANKS
Fairbanks, Alaska 99701

School of Agriculture and Land Resources Management
Agricultural Experiment Station
University of Alaska
309 O'Neill Resources Building
905 Koyukuk Avenue North
Fairbanks, Alaska 99701

M E M O R A N D U M

TO: Mr. Mark Wittow, House Special Gas Pipeline Committee,
State Capitol, Room 24, Juneau, AK 99811

FROM: James V. Drew, Dean and Director

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "James V. Drew".

DATE: June 1, 1981

RE: Support of CS for Senate Bill 218

Waste heat for power plants and pumping stations has been successfully utilized to warm greenhouses in northern climates. The Northern States Power Company, Minneapolis, Minnesota and the University of Minnesota with the benefit of a grant from the federal Environmental Protection Agency, began a cooperative venture to demonstrate the technical and economic feasibility of using power plant waste heat for the production of greenhouse crops in 1975. A 1/2-acre greenhouse was constructed in the fall of that year and began using waste heat from the newly constructed power plant in 1976. The project was highly successful and in 1977, two commercial greenhouse operators approached Northern States Power Company for waste heat and suitable sites to begin production. The greenhouse operators were leased sites and began purchasing waste heat in 1977. The original 1/2-acre greenhouse demonstration project was scheduled to terminate in 1977. Because the Environmental Protection Agency was interested in the technology and in the success demonstrated by the project, the termination date was extended to 1978. At that time, the operation of the demonstration greenhouse was taken over by one of the commercial growers already located at the site. This grower still uses the smaller greenhouse for research pertinent to his own operation which is currently being expanded with the eventual goal of five acres in production. (See enclosure A).

There are other examples of commercially successful waste-heat greenhouses. Two Canadian operations are doing quite well. The Canadian federal departments of Agriculture and Energy, Mines and Resources joined with BP-Canada at their refinery in the Montreal suburb of Ville d'Anjou,

June 1, 1981

Quebec. BP conducted its own research and is now in full production, with the capacity to expand to 25 acres. (See enclosure B). A second project is one undertaken by Alberta Gas Trunk Line at one of their compressor stations near Calgary, Alberta. The project was built by Alberta Gas and is operated by a subsidiary, Algas Resources, Limited. It will be operated as a demonstration project for two years to check out the economic and technical conditions under which it can be commercially operated. Its present size is approximately 3/4 of an acre. (See enclosure C).

The important aspect of each of these projects is that the initial research and demonstration greenhouses were converted after a short operating period to commercial facilities owned by private individuals or corporations. A plan similar to those initiated in Minnesota and Canada could become a reality in Alaska. It would provide an opportunity for state and private entities to cooperate to:

- 1) apply a new technology for energy conservation in Alaska,
- 2) expand the greenhouse industry in the state,
- 3) provide an increase in employment throughout the production and marketing sector,
- 4) develop a greenhouse building industry in Alaska,
- 5) ultimately reduce imports of flowers, ornamental plants, fruits, and vegetables.

JVD:cw

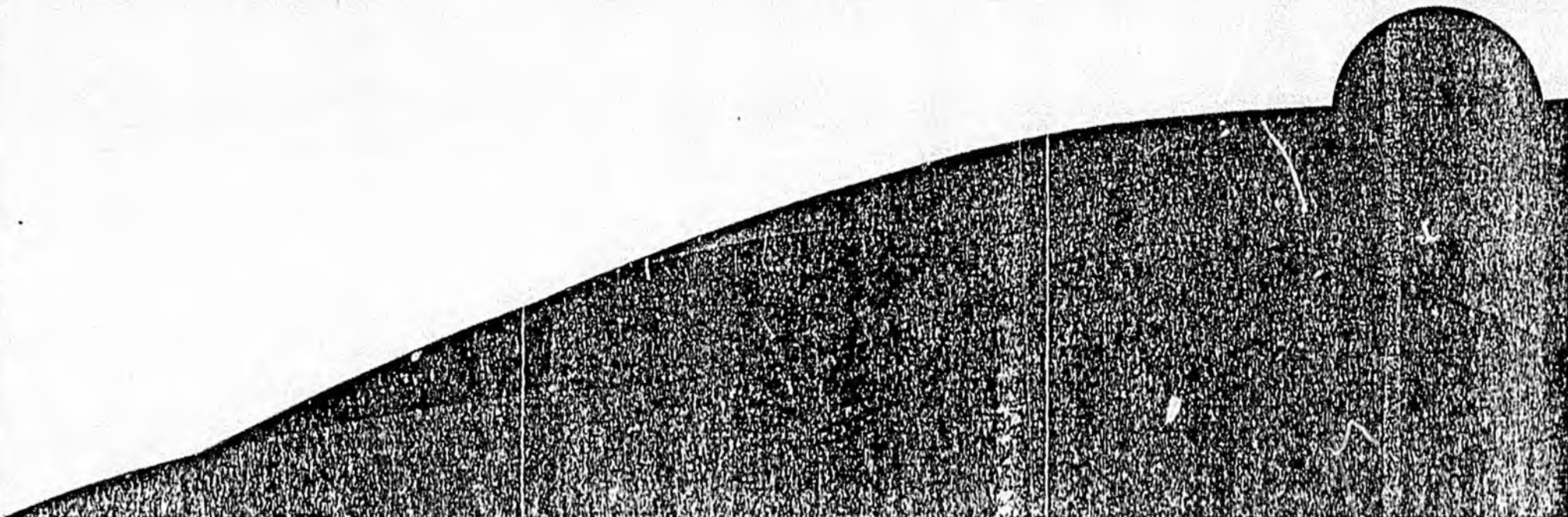
Enclosures



For more information contact: **Stephanie Ho Lem**
Algas Resources Ltd.
Suite 450, 205 Fifth Avenue S.W.
Calgary, Alberta, Canada T2P 2V7
(403) 231-9680

The Princess Greenhouse

A
Demonstration
Project



THE PRINCESS GREENHOUSE

The Alberta Gas Trunk Line's Princess Compressor Station does more than pump natural gas. It's producing enough waste heat as a byproduct to grow top quality tomatoes and other vegetables for the local supermarkets.

A one-acre greenhouse was completed in January 1970 to demonstrate the feasibility of utilizing that otherwise wasted heat to produce top quality vegetables. Under the management and guidance of Alberta Gas Trunk Line's subsidiary, Algas Resources Ltd., the greenhouse has been operating as a demonstration project to determine the actual economic and technical conditions under which a facility heated in this manner will operate.

The quality of the vine-ripened tomatoes is far superior to those picked green from Mexico and southwestern U.S. which are shipped thousands of miles to Alberta and artificially ripened for its consumers.

Also vitally important is that Alberta Gas Trunk Line has diverted that otherwise wasted heat to heat fuel gas and the station buildings, thus saving thousands of dollars in fuel bills and conserving valuable natural gas that would normally be used.

HOW THE WASTE HEAT GREENHOUSE WORKS

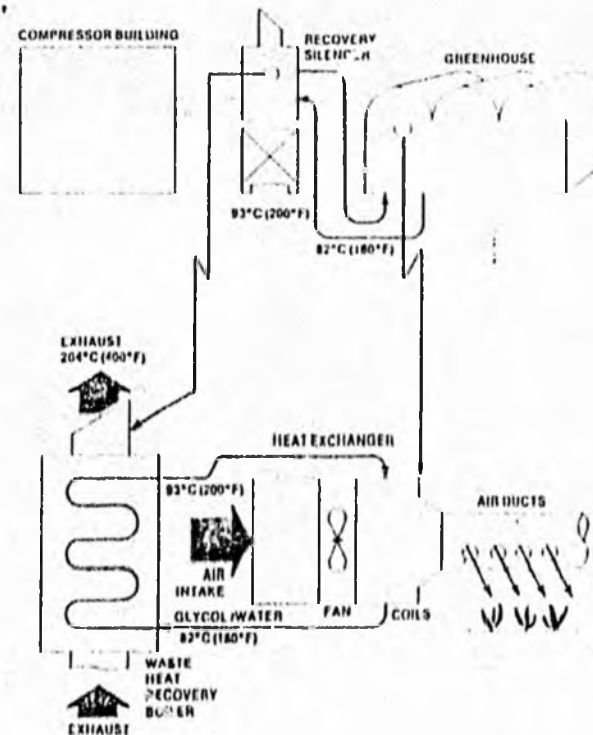
Princess Compressor Station, Alberta Gas Trunk Line's largest station, was chosen as the site for the waste heat recovery system because of its engines' nearly continuous operation on an annual basis.

Approximately 10 million Btu's per hour are recovered (enough to heat 100 homes) from two running engines. A 50/50 water/glycol mixture is the transport medium. The water/glycol mixture enters the waste heat recovery boiler at 82°C (180°F). Once the mixture is heated to 93°C (200°F) it flows through the station buildings, fuel gas heat exchangers and the greenhouse.

The heat energy is then transferred to the greenhouse air by means of 18 heat exchangers. The heated air is distributed throughout the greenhouse by a series of roof-supported polyethylene tubes.

The greenhouse structure is located some 200 metres (650 ft.) to the south of the waste heat recovery unit. The greenhouse consists of 10 connected bays each 5.3 metres (17.5 ft.) wide by 40.2 metres (132 ft.) long. The greenhouse is constructed out of galvanized metal and ribbed translucent fibreglass. Adjacent to the greenhouse is a service room which houses the control systems, cold room, employee facilities and produce packaging.

PRINCESS WASTE HEAT RECOVERY



GREENHOUSE OPERATIONS

The greenhouse growth system underwent a major change in 1970. The entire greenhouse floor was excavated, graded and 30 cm (12 inches) of concrete over sand was placed in the greenhouse. Sand culture (a form of hydroponics) was chosen over soil and other growth mediums for its ease of maintenance and economics. Soil is the most common growing medium but is not always the best medium for greenhouse crop production.

It is anticipated that the greenhouse should yield an average of 91 tonnes (100 short tons) of tomatoes on an annual basis. These will be marketed locally under the "Prairie Sun Vine Ripened" label and will be recognized as an energy conservation product in the supermarkets. According to Agriculture Canada, approximately 12,300 tonnes (13,500 short tons) of tomatoes were consumed in Alberta in 1970; thus the production at Princess has very little impact on total consumption.

With the population growth being experienced within Alberta, prospects appear to be very good for the development of a strong greenhouse industry.

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COMMITTEE REPORT

HOUSE

4/2/81

FURTHER: FINANCE

(11)

Date: MAY 19, 1981

Mr. Speaker:

The Committee on RESOURCES has had CSSB 244(Fin) and

"An Act suspending the principal and interest due on certain loans authorized by law and by the Alaska Power Authority for power projects, and redesignating the loans as grants for power projects; and providing for an effective date."

under consideration and (a majority of the committee) (the committee) reports it back with the following recommendations:

- do pass do not pass
- do pass with attached amendments(s)
- replace with CS for CSSB 244 same title
 new title
- and recommends _____
- AND attaches a "Letter of Intent" New Fiscal Note
- reports it back without recommendation
- referred to the _____ Committee

**MEMBERS SIGNING
DO PASS**

Tony Anderson

Paul F. Zehner

Ben Duvorsky

**MEMBERS HAVING
OTHER RECOMMENDATIONS:**

Eric Sutcliffe (No Rec)

Rich Bedford (No Rec)

Tony Anderson
CO-CHAIRMAN

Paul F. Zehner

THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA
ELEVENTH LEGISLATURE

FISCAL NOTE

(AMENDED)

I. REQUEST
Bill/Resolution No. CSCSSB 244 Resources (An Act Suspending the Principal & Interest due
Title on Certain Loans Authorized by Law and by the Alaska Power Authority for Power
Requested by _____ Date _____
Projects and Redesignating the Loans as Grants for Power Projects.)

II. FISCAL DETAIL

Agency Affected Commerce & Economic Development

Program Category Affected Development

BRU, Program, or Subprogram(s) Affected Division of Business Loans

(Note: If more than one budget component is affected, separate line-item amounts and funding for each component in the analysis section.)

EXPENDITURES (Thousands of Dollars)

	FY 80	FY 81	FY 82	FY 83	FY 84	FY 85
100 PERSONAL SERVICES						
200 TRAVEL						
300 CONTRACTUAL						
400 COMMODITIES						
500 EQUIPMENT						
600 LAND & STRUCTURES						
700 GRANTS, CLAIMS, ETC.						
TOTAL	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-

FUNDING (Thousands of Dollars)

GENERAL FUND						
FEDERAL FUNDS						
OTHER (Specify Fund Source)						
Loan Principals converted to Grants	-0-	-0-	(1,290.0)	-0-	-0-	-0-
Interest through 6-30-81	- 0 -	(42.1)	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-

POSITIONS

FULL TIME						
PART TIME						
TEMPORARY						

III. ANALYSIS (See Fiscal Note Preparation Instructions, Section III)

FY'81 Funding shows interest earned in FY'81 which will be lost.

FY '82 funding shows the loss of \$1,290,000 in principal from the Water Resources Revolving Loan Fund when the Sitka, Ketchikan and Kodiak loans are converted to grants.

IV. DATE June 1, 1981

PREPARED BY D.A. Hostak, Acting Director
AGENCY Commerce & Economic Development, Division of Business Loans
PHONE 465-2510

Original: Legislative Finance
cc: Budget and Management
Prime Sponsor (First Legislator Named)

FISCAL NOTE

I. REQUEST (fin)am
 Bill/Resolution No. CSSB 244 An act suspending the principal and interest due on certain
 Title loans authorized by law and by the Alaska Power Authority for power projects, and
 Requested by _____ Date _____
 redesignating the loans as grants for power projects.

II. FISCAL DETAIL
 Agency Affected Commerce & Economic Development
 Program Category Affected Development
 BRU, Program, or Subprogram(s) Affected Division of Business Loans
 (Note: If more than one budget component is affected, separate line-item amounts and funding for each
 component in the analysis section.)
EXPENDITURES (Thousands of Dollars)

	FY 81	FY 82	FY 83	FY 84	FY 85	FY 86
100 PERSONAL SERVICES						
200 TRAVEL						
300 CONTRACTUAL						
400 COMMODITIES						
500 EQUIPMENT						
600 LAND & STRUCTURES						
700 GRANTS, CLAIMS, ETC.						
TOTAL	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-

FUNDING (Thousands of Dollars)

GENERAL FUND						
FEDERAL FUNDS						
OTHER (Specify Fund Source)						

POSITIONS

FULL TIME						
PART TIME						
TEMPORARY						

III. ANALYSIS (See Fiscal Note Preparation Instructions, Section III)

No fiscal impact.

IV. DATE 4-7-81 PREPARED BY Sharon Traylor, Director
 AGENCY Commerce & Econ. Dev., Division of Business Loans
 PHONE 465-2510
 Original: Legislative Finance
 cc: Budget and Management
 Prime Sponsor (First Legislator Named)

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MEMORANDUM

State of Alaska

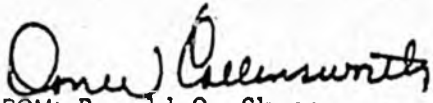
TO: Tom Johnson
Administrative Assistant
Senate Resource Committee

DATE: February 3, 1982

FILE NO:

TELEPHONE NO: 465-4180

SUBJECT: Re: 2d SSSB275


FROM: Ronald O. Skoog
Commissioner
Department of Fish and Game

SB275 will provide a needed benefit to those vendors who perform a State service and who are presently insufficiently compensated. While this bill has merit it should be recognized that this Department must oppose this bill for the following reasons unless it amended.

- 1) The divisions of Sport Fish and Game rely on appropriations from the Fish and Game Fund to support the majority of their programs directly and through federal matching.
- 2) Insufficient funds are collected annually to offset inflation and add-on efforts required by new legislation (Federal and State) from these license sales.
- 3) In order to maintain a reasonable level of program continuity to meet the legislative mandates in Title 16 and other associated titles an increasing amount from the General Fund is required each year.

Therefore passage of 2d SSSB275 in its present form would further reduce the net receivable to the Fish and Game Fund for later appropriation to the operating divisions of Sport Fish and Game of some \$422,000 in 1983 with increasing shortages in later years. This would severely impact the stability of many game and sport fish programs that are of direct benefit to over 250,000 anglers and an estimated 95,000 hunters whose license money is a direct support for those programs. The loss of these funds would require larger requests to be made against the General Fund during a time when such funds are limited.

In discussion with representatives from the Department of Revenue several amendments were considered desirable and necessary. These included more efficient operational procedures for administering the sale of licenses and tags and collection of revenue due the State; providing for administrative procedures for compensating vendors; specifying a funding source for such reimbursements and providing for an effective date.

Memo to Tom Johnson

2

February 3, 1982

The attached draft repeals and re-enacts the section affected (AS 16.05.390) and has been developed through the efforts of both agencies.

cc: Senator Kertulla
Ron Lehr, Governor's Office
Keith Specking, Governor's Office
Ronald Somerville, Game Division
Phil Wall, Department of Revenue
Rupert E. Andrews, Division of Sport Fish

STATE OF ALASKA

WY S. HAMMOND, GOVERNOR

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER

POUCH 5 - JUNEAD 99811

June 22, 1981

The Honorable Bettye Fahrenkamp
Chairperson
Senate Resources Committee
Room 211 - Capitol Building
Juneau, Alaska

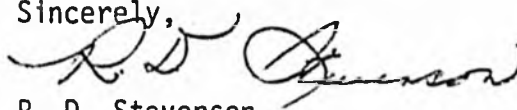
Dear Senator Fahrenkamp:

Re: 2nd Sponsor Substitute for Senate Bill No. 275

2nd Sponsor Substitute for Senate Bill No. 275, an Act relating to the compensation of persons collecting hunting and fishing licenses and tag fees, was introduced in the Senate on May 22, 1981 and was referred to the Senate Resources and Finance Committees.

For the consideration of the Senate Resources Committee, I am enclosing a copy of a Fiscal Note prepared by Ms. Cecelia A Wagoner, Fish and Game Licensing Section of the Department of Revenue concerning the proposed legislation.

Sincerely,



R. D. Stevenson
Special Assistant

RDS/rdh

cc: The Honorable Don Bennett
The Honorable M. E. Dankworth
Co-Chairmen
Senate Finance Committee

Joseph K. Donohue
Deputy Commissioner
Department of Revenue

Cecelia A. Wagoner
Fish and Game Licensing Section
Department of Revenue

THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA
TWELFTH LEGISLATURE

FISCAL NOTE

I. REQUEST

Bill/Resolution No. 2nd SSSB 275
 Title An act relating to compensation of person's collecting hunting & fishing license
 Requested by Kertulla DATE: 5/22/81 ~~Date~~ and tag fees.

II. FISCAL DETAIL

Agency Affected Revenue
 Program Category Affected Revenue Collection and Management
 BRU, Program, or Subprogram(s) Affected Administration and Support
 (Note: If more than one budget component is affected, separate line-item amounts and funding for each component in the analysis section.)
EXPENDITURES (Thousands of Dollars)

	FY 81	FY 82	FY 83	FY 84	FY 85	FY 86
100 PERSONAL SERVICES						
200 TRAVEL						
300 CONTRACTUAL						
400 COMMODITIES						
500 EQUIPMENT						
600 LAND & STRUCTURES						
700 GRANTS, CLAIMS, ETC.						
TOTAL						

FUNDING (Thousands of Dollars)

GENERAL FUND						
FEDERAL FUNDS						
OTHER (Specify Fund Source)						
FISH & GAME FUND	-0-	(294.9)	(613.3)	(637.9)	(663.4)	

POSITIONS

FULL TIME						
PART TIME						
TEMPORARY						

III. ANALYSIS (See Fiscal Note Preparation Instructions, Section III)

See Attachment

IV. DATE 6/19/81 PREPARED BY Cecilia A. Wagoner, Accounting Supervisor
 AGENCY Revenue
 PHONE 465-2376
 Original: Legislative Finance
 cc: Budget and Management
 Prime Sponsor (First Legislator Named)

Cecilia A. Wagoner

2nd SSSB 275 attachment number 1

License sales are increasing approximately 4% each year (not including the King Salmon/Steelhead Trout Stamp). Assuming the License Officer is to receive his/her 5% commission plus \$1.00 for each license and tag sold (or \$50.00 per year, whichever is greater), I projected the 4% increase in license sales less the King Salmon Stamp. I also projected the gross sales at a 4% increase. I then computed the regular 5% commission on the projected gross for each fiscal year and then added to it (the commission) the projected license sales for a projected total cost per fiscal year.

The amount for FY82 is only half of the projected amount due to the recommendation that this bill not be implemented until January, 1982. The reason for this is that all licenses are sold on a calendar year basis from January 1 to December 31 and some vendors have already done the bulk of their business and would not receive the additional remuneration.

This bill would give the License Officers an approximate 10.7 total commission.

LEGISLATION SUMMARY

2cd SSSB 275: "An Act relating to the compensation of persons collecting hunting and fishing license and tag fees."

SPONSOR: Kerttula (by request)

Sec. 1: Requires the state to pay authorized persons selling hunting and fishing licenses and tags \$50 per year or \$1 per each license or tag sold, whichever is greater.

NOTE: Existing statutes allows authorized persons to keep 5% of the fees, or 25¢ for each license or tag sold, whichever is greater. Prior opinions of the state Attorney General state that the legislature may not change the percentages or amount of dedicated license and tag sales proceeds. 2cd SSSB 275 leaves the existing provision unchanged, and adds the extra \$50 per year or \$1 per sale.

STATE OF ALASKA
THE LEGISLATURE

POUCH Y - STATE CAPITOL
JUNEAU, ALASKA 99811
907-465-3800

LEGISLATIVE AFFAIRS AGENCY

M E M O R A N D U M

February 9, 1992

SUBJECT: Vendors of hunting and fishing licenses
(CS2dSSSB 275)

TO: Senator Bettye Fahrenkamp

FROM: Edward H. Hein *E.H.*
Legislative Counsel

You should note that under AS 16.05.390(d) of the enclosed draft of CS2dSSSB 275 (Resources) all state employees are excluded from the provisions of AS 16.05.390(a). Thus, for example, a state trooper who moonlights as a license vendor cannot retain any part of a license or tag fee and cannot be compensated under AS 16.05.390(a)(2) for license or tag sales.

EHH:ljb

Enclosure

THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA
TWELFTH LEGISLATURE

FISCAL NOTE

I. REQUEST

Bill/Resolution No. CS 2nd SSSB 275
Title Relating to the Compensation of Persons Collecting Hunting and Fishing License and Tag Fees Date 2/3/82

II. FISCAL DETAIL

Agency Affected Revenue
 Program Category Affected General Government
 BRU, Program, Or Subprogram(s) Affected Administration & Support, Fish & Game Div.
 (Note: If more than one budget component is affected, separate line-item amounts and funding for each component in the analysis section.)

EXPENDITURES (Thousands of Dollars)

	FY 82	FY 83	FY 84	FY 85	FY 86	FY 87
100 PERSONAL SERVICES						
200 TRAVEL						
300 CONTRACTUAL						
400 COMMODITIES						
500 EQUIPMENT						
600 LAND & STRUCTURES						
700 GRANTS, CLAIMS, ETC.						
TOTAL						

FUNDING (Thousands of Dollars)

GENERAL FUND	-0-	(214.6)	(424.3)	(570.3)	(639.5)	(734.7)
FEDERAL FUNDS						
OTHER (Specify Source)						

POSITIONS

FULL TIME						
PART TIME						
TEMPORARY						

III. ANALYSIS (See Fiscal Note Preparation Instruction, Section III)

The growth in licenses and tags issued is 15% per year. The estimates of cost to the General Fund shown above are based upon 362,751 license and tag transactions for calendar 1982 projected at .15%. The FY83 cost is projected at one-half the calendar year estimate. In addition, there are 100 licensing agents who handle less than 50 transactions per year and who would be compensated at the \$50 minimum rate.

IV. DATE February 3, 1982 PREPARED BY *Philip A. Wall*
 AGENCY Revenue
 PHONE 465-3311
 Original: Legislative Finance
 cc: Budget and Management
 Prime Sponsor (First Legislator Named)
 33-001 (Rev. 12/81)

Alaska State Legislature

BETTYE FAHRENKAMP, CHAIRMAN
VIC FISCHER, VICE-CHAIRMAN
BRAD BRADLEY
DICK ELIASON
DON GILMAN
BOB MULCAHY
ARLISS STURGULEWSKI



POUCH V
STATE CAPITOL
JUNEAU, ALASKA 99811
(907) 465-3834
(907) 465-3835

Senate

Committee on Resources

February 10, 1982
1:40 p.m.

Beltz Room
211 - Capitol

MEMBERS PRESENT

Senator Fahrenkamp
Senator Fischer
Senator Bradley
Senator Eliason
Senator Gilman
Senator Mulcahy
Senator Sturgulewski

Hearing:

SB 275 An Act relating to the compensation of persons collecting hunting and fishing license and tag fees.

SB 702 An Act transferring parts of certain fiscal year 1982 Agricultural Action Council appropriation allocations to the Nenana-Totchaket agricultural development project; and providing for an effective date.

SJR 60/HJR 74 Requesting the Secretary of Commerce to disapprove certain portions of the Bering-Chukchi Sea Fishery Management Plan.

SB 275

Lou Bandirola, Deputy Director, Division of Sport Fish, Alaska Department of Fish and Game, testified that the Department could support the bill if the compensation to the vendors came from the general fund, and if on page 2, line 6 the word 'permit' was changed to 'tags'.

Senator Fahrenkamp stated that the Committee's intent was that the money would come from the general fund.

Senator Sturgulewski moved that the bill be changed to list the funding source as the general fund, and on page 2, line 6 to delete 'permit' and insert 'tags' in its place.

Senator Fahrenkamp directed that a transmittal letter be sent to Finance along with the bill, stating that the source of the increased compensation would depend upon whether license fees are substantially increased.

Senator Gilman moved the bill with individual recommendations.

SB 702

Carl Amstrup, Executive Director, Alaska Agriculture Action Council, stated that a portion of the funds SB 702 would transfer to the Nenana-Totchaket project are needed to carry the Delta II East project to completion, and to pursue the problems associated with Delta II West. If funds are transferred, he would like them used for roads into the tracts so work can begin.

Senators Sturgulewski and Fischer expressed concern over the economic feasibility of the Nenana-Totchaket project, with Senator Fischer referring to the fact that no funds are provided for Nenana in the Governor's proposed FY '83 budget.

Amstrup stressed the need for an in-state feed base for livestock. He anticipates a yearly savings of \$100 million in food costs from in-state production by 1990.

Bob Palmer, Coordinator of Special Projects, Office of the Governor, said Alaska barley is selling for \$130 ton; barley in Seattle is \$130 ton plus \$60 ton for shipping. At present, nearly all the barley produced in the state (approximately 8,000 tons in 1981) is being consumed in-state.

Nick Carney, Director, Division of Agriculture, Department of Natural Resources, expressed concern that the amount of money in SB 702 is inadequate. Money is needed first for survey, so there can be a good description of the land being sold. The town of Nenana has estimated a total cost of \$17,659,000 for roads.

Senator Mulcahy moved the bill with individual recommendations.

SJR 60/HJR 74

Senator Mulcahy's subcommittee on fisheries heard testimony on this resolution. He stated that it is supported by the Alaska Department of Fish and Game and the United Fishermen of Alaska. The resolve clauses have been amended to be identical with HJR 74.

Senator Gilman moved HJR 74 with individual recommendations.

The meeting was adjourned at 2:50 p.m.

Alaska State Legislature

BETTYE FAHRENKAMP, CHAIRMAN
VIC FISCHER, VICE-CHAIRMAN
BRAD BRADLEY
DICK ELIASON
DON GILMAN
BOB MULCAHY
ARLISS STURGULEWSKI



POUCH V
STATE CAPITOL
JUNEAU, ALASKA 99811
(907) 465-3834
(907) 465-3835

Senate

Committee on Resources

February 5, 1982
1:40 p.m.

Beltz Room
211 - Capitol

MEMBERS PRESENT

Senator Fahrenkamp
Senator Fischer
Senator Bradley
Senator Gilman
Senator Mulcahy
Senator Sturgulewski

Hearing:

- SB 275 An Act relating to the compensation of persons collecting hunting and fishing license and tag fees.
- SB 525 An Act relating to land lotteries.

SB 275

Senator Kertulla expressed support for SB 275, stating that the cost to the vendors of selling licenses and tags far outweighs the benefit. It must be made equitable.

Rupe Andrews, Director, Division of Sport Fish, Alaska Department of Fish and Game, recognizes the need for increased funds to vendors, but stated that the Divisions of Game and Sport Fish rely heavily on the fees from the sale of these licenses. They estimate a first-year loss of \$422,000 under SB 275, and have submitted a substitute bill which would allow for vendor compensation from the general fund.

Senator Gilman expressed concern over the increased burden on vendors to fill out vouchers.

Phillip Walls, Director, Division of Administrative Services, Department of Revenue, stated he desires a change in the vendor's reporting period, preferring that the length of the period be left to Revenue's discretion--perhaps quarterly for small vendors and weekly for large vendors. This would require amending the statute.

Senator Mulcahy inquired about an effective date for the bill; Mr. Wall suggested January 1, 1982.

Marian Endicott, vendor, Endicott Ace Hardware, supports SB 275, and feels a change to quarterly reporting would benefit the vendor.

Senator Fahrenkamp stated that SB 275 will be back before the Committee in final version Wednesday, 2/10/82.

SB 525

Senator Kertulla expressed support for SB 525, indicating that this minor change in wording would "plug a loophole".

Carl Amstrup, Executive Director, Alaska Agricultural Action Council, expressed support for SB 525.

Sharon Barton, Special Assistant to the Commissioner, Department of Natural Resources, expressed support for SB 525.

Senator Sturgulewski moved that SB 525 be moved with individual recommendations.

The meeting was adjourned at 2:50 p.m.

ALASKA
STATE LEGISLATURE

JOHN HANLEY
HOUSE RESOURCES COMMITTEE

4/14/82

RF: REQUEST OF 1:10 P.M.

MEMORANDUM

PER YOUR REQUEST ATTACHED IS BACK GROUND INFORMATION ON:

- ✓ SB 275
- SB 759
- SB 525
- SB 772
- SB 87 - WAS WAIVED BY THE SENATE RESOURCES COMMITTEE



JERRY'S TACKLE BOX

2550 TONGASS AVE. - KETCHIKAN, ALASKA 99901 - (907) 225-3188

April 6, 1982

Honorable Eric G. Sutcliffe
Pouch V Alaska House
Juneau, Alaska 99811

Dear Eric,

We would appreciate your support favoring SB 275 that was passed by the Senate to pay sport fishing license vendors a dollar for each license and tag, in addition to the 5% we now receive. This has been a long time coming and certainly due the vendors.

During our busy time one employee spends about 60% of his time doing nothing but issuing licenses. This is in addition to the time spent at the end of the month sorting out the different licenses and filling out the forms for the State. We also at times, must take a lot of static from people who argue about the price of the license and King Salmon, Steelhead stamp. It does get a little annoying when you have other customers in the store waiting to be serviced.

Your consideration on this matter would be greatly appreciated

Sincerely,
Jerry & Ulita Sirvog

Sen Kerttula (2) of (2) File Copy

SB 275

HATANUSKA TRADING COMPANY
P.O. Box 1783, Palmer, Alaska 99645

January 26, 1982

Senator Jay Kerttula
Pouch V
Juneau, Alaska 99811

Dear Senator:

RE: Fish and Game Licensing

It takes approximately two to four hours for each employee to analyze the documentation provided by the State to qualify to sell the licenses. Approximately 15 minutes is required for the simplest sale proportionately more is required for affidavits, tags or other complicated transactions.

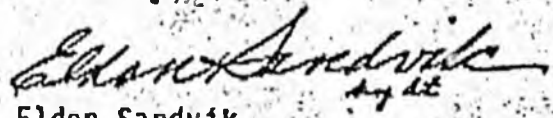
To figure the cost of the time involved allow \$8.00 per hour per employee. The bookkeeping required to administer the program is a minimum of \$50.00 per month.

In addition to the actual cost of processing the licenses is the ill will created in the delays to the customer. The customer purchasing the license is waiting as well as delaying potential cash customers.

During one business day we grossed \$700.00 for fish and hunting licenses. Our total commission was \$35.00 and we had many irate customers. Their irritation was directed to our personnel.

The cost to the store far outweighs the benefits by a long way. Thank you for the opportunity to express my opinion on this subject.

Sincerely,



Eldon Sandvik
Licensed Officer

2nd SSSB 275 attachment number 1

License sales are increasing approximately 4% each year (not including the King Salmon/Steelhead Trout Stamp). Assuming the License Officer is to receive his/her 5% commission plus \$1.00 for each license and tag sold (or \$50.00 per year, whichever is greater), I projected the 4% increase in license sales less the King Salmon Stamp. I also projected the gross sales at a 4% increase. I then computed the regular 5% commission on the projected gross for each fiscal year and then added to it (the commission) the projected license sales for a projected total cost per fiscal year.

The amount for FY82 is only half of the projected amount due to the recommendation that this bill not be implemented until January, 1982. The reason for this is that all licenses are sold on a calendar year basis from January 1 to December 31 and some vendors have already done the bulk of their business and would not receive the additional remuneration.

This bill would give the License Officers an approximate 10.7 total commission.

Amended SSSB 275

16.05.380 is amended by adding:

The Commissioner of Revenue may/shall pay agents for their administrative costs in providing license, tag, banking and reporting functions. The payment is \$1.00 per transaction or \$50.00 per year which ever is larger and shall be paid from funds appropriated by the legislature.

ATTACHMENT 11

Cost of Sport Licenses

<u>Resident</u>	<u>1961</u>	<u>Commission Agent Fee</u>	<u>1973</u>	<u>Commission Agent Fee</u>	<u>1977</u>	<u>Commission Agent Fee</u>
Fish	\$ 5.00	.25	\$ 5.00	.25	\$ 10.00	.50
Hunt	7.00	.35	7.00	.35	12.00	.60
Hunt, Trap	10.00	.50	10.00	.50	15.00	.75
Trap	3.00	.25	3.00	.25	3.00	.25
Fish, Hunt	12.00	.60	12.00	.60	22.00	1.10
Fish, Hunt, Trap	15.00	.75	15.00	.75	25.00	1.25
25¢	.25	.25	.25	.25	.25	.25
<u>Non-Resident</u>						
Fish	10.00	.50	20.00	1.00	30.00	1.50
Hunt	10.00	.50	20.00	1.00	60.00	3.00
Fish, Hunt	20.00	1.00	40.00	2.00	90.00	4.50
Hunt, Trap	100.00	5.00	200.00	10.00	200.00	10.00
Fish (10 Day)	5.00	.25	10.00	.50	15.00	.75
Fish (1 Day)	N/A		N/A		5.00	.25
<u>Military</u>						
Fish	N/A		N/A		10.00	.50
Hunt	N/A		N/A		12.00	.60
Fish, Hunt	N/A		N/A		22.00	1.10
<u>Duplicate</u>	(Established in 1972)		2.00	.25	2.00	.25

Cost of Big Game Tags

<u>Non-Resident</u>	<u>1965</u>	<u>Commission Agent Fee</u>	<u>1973</u>	<u>Commission Agent Fee</u>	<u>1977</u>	<u>Commission Agent Fee</u>
Bear, Brown or Grizzly	75.00	3.75	\$ 150.00	7.50	\$ 250.00	12.50
Polar Bear	150.00	7.50	150.00	7.50	250.00	12.50
Black Bear	10.00	.50	75.00	3.75	100.00	5.00
Glacier Bear	N/A		150.00	7.50	N/A	
Deer	10.00	.50	25.00	1.25	35.00	1.75
Woose	50.00	2.50	100.00	5.00	200.00	10.00
Sheep	50.00	2.50	150.00	7.50	250.00	12.50
Caribou	100.00	5.00	100.00	5.00	250.00	12.50
Elk	25.00	1.25	75.00	3.75	125.00	6.25
Goat	25.00	1.25	75.00	3.75	125.00	6.25
Caribou	25.00	1.25	50.00	2.50	200.00	10.00
Wolf	N/A		50.00	2.50	50.00	2.50
Silverfox	N/A		25.00	1.25	50.00	2.50
Lion	N/A		N/A		250.00	12.50
<u>Resident</u>						
Bear, Brown or Grizzly	N/A		N/A		25.00	1.25
<u>King Salmon/Steelhead Permit</u>		(Established in 1980)			5.00	.25

ATTACHMENT 12

VENDOR SALES - CALENDAR 1980

<u>Vendor No.</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Gross Sales</u>	<u>Commission</u>	<u>Licenses</u>	<u>Tags</u>
<u>TEN LARGEST VENDORS</u>					
1.	Anchorage	\$ 470,755.50	\$24,046.50	25,556	1,242
2.	Anchorage	213,730.25	10,728.90	7,619	790
3.	Anchorage	156,826.00	7,871.25	10,225	305
4.	Juneau	128,450.50	6,451.20	8,560	139
5.	Fairbanks	123,984.75	6,329.05	8,105	210
6.	Anchorage	119,855.25	6,015.55	4,482	416
7.	Anchorage	111,976.00	5,599.10	405	477
8.	Anchorage	109,384.00	5,521.00	9,744	138
9.	Anchorage	104,266.50	5,294.20	7,527	154
10.	Anchorage	100,449.25	5,050.50	8,301	68
TOTAL		<u>\$1,639,678.00</u>	<u>\$82,907.25</u>	<u>91,524</u>	<u>3,939</u>

Average Gross Sales - \$163,967.80

Average Commission - \$8,290.72

<u>Vendor No.</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Gross Sales</u>	<u>Commission</u>	<u>Licenses</u>	<u>Tags</u>
<u>TEN SMALLEST VENDORS</u>					
1.	Chalkyitsik	\$ 4.75	\$ 2.00	7	0
2.	Scammon Bay	7.25	7.25	29	0
3.	Goodnews Bay	16.50	2.25	7	0
4.	Chignik Lake	32.00	1.60	3	0
5.	Tununak	75.00	3.75	5	0
6.	Almatluak	87.00	7.20	30	0
7.	Hooper Bay	95.25	10.75	31	0
8.	Chevak	131.75	11.10	24	0
9.	Elim	161.50	8.75	13	0
10.	White Mountain	164.00	12.10	23	2
TOTAL		<u>\$ 775.00</u>	<u>\$ 66.75</u>	<u>172</u>	<u>2</u>

Average Gross Sales - \$77.60

Average Commission - \$6.67