

HRES

HB 590

-

HB 630

11

* Processing does exist in Alaska. Bering Sea must apply.
Canadian herring restrictions.

Rep. Cottor (Sam) Rules House Committee

Steven Noyer Dir. Commercial Fisheries

Similar
Unprocessed fish is now required
Classifying processing

*Foreign not acceptable any
cooking, canning, salting - 20%, freezing.

*Salting not acceptable - in every case the purpose is to get roe.

**Processing required 2 man days/ton for roe

16.10.162

It is policy of legislature process shall be eliminated
Ref. to item 3.

*No reason to utilize carcass.

1979 take	(52,000,000	(9,000,000 is bait)
	(900,000	kelp
	(43,000,000	roe

Bristol Bay 70% salted

Herring is most numerous species in world.

**Salting accomplishes nothing.

Salamatof Seafoods, Inc.



P O Drawer 4220

Kenai, Alaska 99611

Phone (907) 283-7000

February 18, 1980

City of Kenai
P.O. Box 580
Kenai, Alaska 99611

Attn: Mayor Vincent O'Reilly

Gentlemen:

This letter will serve to advise you of a very important bill currently in the House which we believe has the potential to provide tremendous economic impact upon the City of Kenai and the entire Borough. Enclosed you will find a copy of HB 590, relating to a requirement to effect processing of herring within the State's jurisdiction. As President of Salamatof Seafoods, Inc., a substantial employer in the City of Kenai and the Kenai Peninsula Borough, I solicit your support for this most important bill.

It has the impact of not only creating employment, but also of plant utilization and in-State quality control. Stepwise this bill may create a vehicle for further guidelines requiring the maximum value added to be realized within the State for all species of our seafood resources. This I strongly advocate.

Referring specifically to herring, I have included an outline from my testimony before the House Resource Committee on Thursday, February 7th. The notes are not fully descriptive since it was my outline, however, the points are basically:

1. If Alaska wishes to receive the maximum benefit from a seafood harvest, it must so direct the processing industry by legislative action, otherwise, overhead and labor will be utilized elsewhere wherever possible.
2. The adverse market reputation for quality of Alaskan seafood can only be overcome by greater quality control measures. This, in turn, can only be scrutinized as processing occurs within the State's jurisdiction.
3. The current economic depression of the Alaskan seafood industry and especially of the Kenai Peninsula processors can be in part lessened by proper utilization of the vast herring resource just recently proved economically so important.
4. In a worst case analysis and in an industry based out of State, there would be left to the State only \$18 per ton or less by way of taxes for the herring harvested. This correlates to a State-wide return of \$720,000-\$900,000. If a best case analysis is a stake, a first wholesale value by in-State processors of up to \$100 Million Dollars of new dollars in 1980 can be realized. These new dollars, in turn, have even greater

City of Kenai
Attn: Mayor Vincent O'Reilly
February 18, 1980

impact when the particular multipliers are realized via the economics involved.

5. Our industry rule of thumb is that each ton of herring processed to the roe finished product requires about two man days of labor. If the projected Bristol Bay harvest were all processed to the roe state, it would create about 60,000 man days of employment for process workers. This is in addition to the employment of the fishermen and tendermen levels. Processing to a frozen state would require comparable labor plus capital investment only of a slighter consequence. Salting or brining of herring requires an inconsequential labor impact and, hence, a tremendous economic loss to the State and Borough.
6. Of the 1980 Bristol Bay harvest, we estimate it is probable that a minimal 20% will be processed by Kenai Peninsula processors if the product is not taken from them via foreign bulk transport means. If this is the case, at stake is a minimum 12,000 man days of labor plus the sales dollars generated into the economy by the particular Borough seafood processors involved. This will have impact upon the transportation industry and related supply industry and numerous other segments of our local economy.
7. In both the Canadian province of British Columbia and the state of California, the tremendous impact of requiring in-province or in-state processing has been realized. In each of those areas, legislation for the purpose of limiting the exports of unprocessed seafood, and especially herring, has been effected much more strictly than is proposed by HR 590. In both of those areas it has been realized that if the resource is to be harvested, it should be for the maximum economic benefit, which can only be realized by the export of the finished product.

I thank you for your consideration of this hastily prepared message. The time factor involved is that currently the matter will be brought before House Committee again on Thursday, February 22nd. I solicit a strong and immediate support of this bill to our Representatives as you deem appropriate.

Sincerely,

SALAMATOF SEAFOODS, INC.

Tom Waterer, President

TW:dle

Enc: HB 590

Testimony Outline - House Resource Committee

cc: House Speaker Terry Gardiner
Senator Clem Tillion
Representative Hugh Malone

Mayor Tom Bearup - Soldotna
Mayor Jn Gilman - Kenai Pen. Bor.
Mr. Frank McIlhargey, Econ. Dev. Coun.
Mr. George Ford, Kenai Chamb. Commer.



CITY OF KENAI
"Oil Capital of Alaska"

P. O. BOX 580 KENAI, ALASKA 99611
TELEPHONE 283 - 7535

February 19, 1980

9:40 a.m.
Night Letter to:

Honorable Clem Tillion, Senator
Honorable Patrick O'Connell, Rep.
Honorable Hugh Malone, Rep.

Dear Sir:

Please accept my full and strongest support for HB 590 concerning herring processing.

Successful passage would be meaningful to the industry and the interests of this city.

Sincerely,

Mayor Vince O'Reilly

cc: Tom Waterer, Salamatof Seafoods, Inc.

VOR:kh

Kenai Chamber of Commerce

P. O. Box 497
Kenai, Alaska 99611
(907) 283-7989



February 20, 1980

House Resource Committee
Alaska State House of Representatives
Pouch "V" State Capitol Building
Juneau, Alaska 99811

Dear Committee Members:

The Greater Kenai Chamber of Commerce has passed a motion in support of Hb 590.

Since the fish processing industry is a substantial segment of our economy we have a local interest in this bill. Many summer jobs are provided by the local processors. Herring processing is advantageous because it extends the season for these employees. The additional dollars also circulate in our community to the benefit of the local businesses and, therefore, all of our citizens.

We also feel that in-state manufacturing, refinement, or processing of Alaska's natural resources is a goal that should be pursued within practical limitations. There is no question about the practicality of herring processing.

We urge passage of HB 590.

Respectfully submitted,

Richard I. Morgan
Chairman--Legislative Committee

City of Soldotna

BOX 409

PHONE 262-9107

SOLDOTNA, ALASKA 99669



CITY OF OPPORTUNITY

February 20, 1980

Mr. Tom Waterer, President
Salamatof Seafoods, Inc.
Post Office Drawer 4220
Kenai, Alaska 99611

Dear Tom:

I would like to lend my support to the passage of
HB 590.

I support any effort to enhance the economic devel-
opment of the area and the State of Alaska.

Knowing of your expertise in the area of fish pro-
cessing I take a position of support toward the goals
of Alaskan Processors to process herring to the
fullest degree within the State prior to marketing
outside.

If I can be of further assistance, please feel free
to contact me.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Thomas R. Bearup".

Thomas R. Bearup
Mayor

TRB/sf



KENAI PENINSULA BOROUGH

BOX 850 • SOLDOTNA, ALASKA 99669
PHONE 262-4441

DON GILMAN
MAYOR

February 20, 1980

Resources Committee
House of Representatives
Alaska State Legislature
Pouch V
Juneau, AK 99811

Subject: House Bill 590

Dear Sirs:

This requests your favorable consideration and passage of House Bill 590, proposing a requirement to effect minimum processing for herring in-state.

Where there is an industrial capability in-state to accomodate processing which will inject add-on value from fisheries resources into the State's economy and create additional employment for local residents, it would be in the best interests of Alaska that implementing legislation be effected.

House Bill 590 is a means toward this end and I ask that you support this bill.

Sincerely,

Frank McIlhargey
Economic Development Director

FMCI:lm



CITY OF KENAI
"Oil Capital of Alaska"

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TELEPHONE 283 - 7535

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cc: Tom Waterer, Salamatof Seafoods, Inc.

VOR:kh



KENAI PENINSULA BOROUGH

BOX 850 • SOLDOTNA ALASKA 99669
PHONE 262-4441

February 20, 1980

DON GILMAN
MAYOR

Tom Waterer, President
Salamatof Seafoods, Inc.
P. O. Drawer 4220
Kenai, Alaska 99611

Dear Tom:

This is to acknowledge receipt of your letter of Feb. 18, 1980, concerning House Bill 590.

After reviewing your letter and the testimony that you gave to the House Resources Committee on Thursday, Feb. 7th, I have determined that I personally am in full accord with your points.

This letter is written to endorse House Bill 590 and if I can be of personal assistance to you in your efforts to secure passage of this bill, please notify me immediately.

Sincerely,

Donald E. Gilman, Mayor
Kenai Peninsula Borough

DEG:mw

PROPOSED CHANGES

HB 590

Original sponsors: Gardiner and Moss

IN THE HOUSE

BY THE RESOURCES COMMITTEE

CS FOR HOUSE BILL NO. 590

IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA

ELEVENTH LEGISLATURE - SECOND SESSION

A BILL

For an Act entitled: "An Act relating to herring; and providing for an effective date."

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

* Section 1. LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS AND POLICY ON HERRING STRIPPING.

(a) Notwithstanding AS 16.10.172, the legislature finds that in certain circumstances the processing technique described in AS 16.10.172(3), commonly referred to as "stripping", provides benefits of such importance to the state economy that the benefits outweigh the waste even if discard of the carcass is involved in the process.

(b) It is the policy of the legislature that the stripping process wherein the carcass is discarded is acceptable only if the herring is taken from waters in which the herring population is large enough to support a stripping industry ~~without substantially reducing the availability of the herring for other uses,~~ and only if the stripping discarding process is conducted in an area of the state where in which adequate meal or local industry either does reduction facilities do not exist within a 50-mile radius or, if it does exist, is insufficient to provide reasonable economic support to the people who live in the area.

WE PREFER SECTION 2 TO BE DELETED, HOWEVER, IF INCLUDED SHOULD READ AS FOLLOWS:

* Section 2. HERRING STRIPPING.

(a) The legislature finds that the area of purchase described in (b) of this section is an area where the stripping purchase of herring for roe is acceptable under the criteria established in sec. 1 of this Act.

(b) Notwithstanding AS 16.10.173 and until July 1, 1981, or 1982 or 1983, *(options) the stripping of commercially taken herring for the purpose of removing and selling the roe product discard is authorized if herring is taken from, and the stripping process occurs within, an area north of 58 degrees latitude; south of 60 degrees latitude; east of 162 degrees 10 minutes 30 seconds longitude; and west of 158 degrees 53 minutes 30 seconds longitude.

* Section 3. AS 16.10 is amended by adding a new section to article 3 to read:

Section 16.10.175. REMOVAL OF HERRING FROM STATE.

(a) It is unlawful for a person to remove herring from the state before the herring has been frozen or otherwise processed for shipment.

(b) In this section, "processed for shipment" includes, but is not limited to, being no stripping or salting of the herring; however, it does not include salting of the herring if five percent or more of the body weight of the herring consists of roe. Such salted herring should be packed in cartons no larger than 200 lbs. net, as is consistent with packaging requirements for food products.

* Section 4. This Act allow easier enforcement and takes effect immediately in accordance with . 01.10.070(c).

evasion of other applicable state and federal laws and regulations.

(f) The provisions of this section apply to foreign vessels and aliens in the internal waters and the territorial sea of the state.

(g) As used in this section

(1) "aliens" means aliens not admitted to the United States with immigrant or other resident alien status under the immigration and naturalization laws of the United States.

(2) "existing ports" means those Alaskan marine ports designated in 19 C.F.R. sec. 12.;

(3) the phrase "foreign vessels and aliens" includes foreign vessels staffed with aliens, foreign vessels staffed with U.S. citizens, and U.S. vessels staffed with aliens, and

(4) "foreign vessels" means vessels not documented under the laws of the United States or documented under the laws of a state.

Authority: AS 16.05.251 AS 16.05.910
AS 16.05.475 AS 16.05.920
AS 16.05.905 AS 16.05.940

ARTICLE 2 SALMON FISHERY

Section

230. Gear
240. General gear specifications and operation
250. Gill net specifications and operation
260. Seine specifications and operation
270. Troll specifications and operation
280. Identification of stationary fishing gear
290. Closed waters

5 AAC 39.230. GEAR. Only those gill nets, seines, troll lines, fishwheels, spears or other appliances as provided for in chs. 03-39 of this title may be used to take salmon.

Authority: AS 16.05.250(3)

5 AAC 39.240. GENERAL GEAR SPECIFICATIONS AND OPERATION. (a) A salmon fishing vessel shall operate, assist in operating, or have aboard it or any boat towed by it, only one legal limit of salmon fishing gear in the aggregate except as otherwise provided in this title.

(b) Unhung gear sufficient for mending purposes may be carried aboard fishing vessels.

(c) A purse seine, hand purse seine or beach seine may not be fished simultaneously with gill net gear by any individual or vessel.

(d) Salmon fishing nets shall be measured, either wet or dry, by determining the maximum or minimum length of the cork line when the net is fully extended with traction applied at one end only.

(e) The interim-use or entry permit card holder is responsible for the operation of the net.

Authority: AS 16.05.251(4)

5 AAC 39.250. GILL NET SPECIFICATIONS AND OPERATION. (a) The trailing of gill net web is prohibited at any time or place where fishing is not permitted.

(b) Set gill nets shall be removed from the water during any closed period.

(c) Gill net web must contain no less than 25 filaments until December 31, 1978. After December 31, 1978, gill net web must contain no less than 30 filaments.

Authority: AS 16.05.251(4)

5 AAC 39.260. SEINE SPECIFICATIONS AND OPERATION. (a) In the use of purse seines and hand purse seines, not more than one anchor may be used to hold the seine, lead and seine boat during a set.

(b) Repealed 3/26/76.

(c) A purse seine is considered to have ceased fishing when all the rings are out of the water.

(d) A hand purse seine is considered to have ceased fishing when both ends of the seine are fast to the vessel.

(e) A beach seine is considered to have ceased fishing when all of the lead line is above the water on the beach.

(f) Where the use of leads is permitted, a purse seine vessel may not have or use more than one lead of legal length and depth, without purse

(3) press releases and announcements in local newspapers and commercial radio stations;

(4) telegrams and commercial radio facilities.
Authority: AS 16.05.060

5 AAC 39.197. UNLAWFUL POSSESSION OF FISH. No person may possess, purchase, sell, barter or transport fish within the state or within waters subject to the jurisdiction of the state if that person knows or has reason to know that the fish were taken or possessed in contravention of chs. 01-39 of this title.

Authority: AS 16.05.251(a)(1) and (b)

5 AAC 39.198. COMMERCIAL FISHING AND RELATED OPERATIONS BY ALIENS NOT LAWFULLY ADMITTED TO THE UNITED STATES. (a) Foreign vessels or aliens or both are prohibited from

(1) the catching, taking, or harvesting of fish resources;

(2) the tendering, offloading, or other movement or handling of fish resources until processing has been completed;

(3) the processing of fish resources; or

(4) any attempt at, preparation for, or assistance of the foregoing, with the intent of disposing of the fish resources for profit, or by sale, barter, trade, or in commercial channels.

(b) As used in this section, "processing" means completion of

(1) cooking;

(2) canning;

(3) smoking;

(4) salting, which means uniformly mixing at a minimum salting level of at least 20 percent of the weight of the fish resources;

(5) drying; or

(6) freezing.

(c) Aliens and foreign vessels are not prohibited from transporting fish resources

outside the state, or engaging in other business activities respecting fish resources, after processing has been completed. Any vessel used pursuant to this authorization, whether domestic or foreign

(1) must not be equipped for the harvesting of fish resources; and

(2) must be in compliance with applicable state and federal laws.

(d) The commissioner, after consultation with the Board of Fisheries, may, under conditions and limitations determined by him, grant a limited exception to this section with respect to a particular fishery and permit foreign vessels to process fish resources at an existing or constructive port, or to transport fish resources outside the state from an existing or constructive port that processing takes place, if he determines after investigation that

(1) the volume of fish resources expected to be taken in the fishery under current regulations exceeds the anticipated processing capability of facilities operated by United States processors;

(2) there is no practical opportunity for United States processors to make emergency arrangements to handle the excess volume;

(3) there is a likelihood of substantial wastage of fish resources taken in the fishery if foreign processing or transportation capacity is not utilized; and

(4) there is no significant likelihood of clandestine foreign fishing operations if the exception is granted.

(e) With respect to paragraph (d) of this section the commissioner may recognize and designate constructive ports, provided

(1) the ports are within the internal waters of the state;

(2) there is no existing port within reasonable running time from fishing grounds which are the subject of a substantial fishery; and

(3) there is no significant opportunity for clandestine violations of (a) of this section or

THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA
ELEVENTH LEGISLATURE

FISCAL NOTE

I. REQUEST

Bill/Resolution No. HB 590

Title An Act relating to herring process

Requested by House Resources Committee Date 1-30-80

II. FISCAL DETAIL

Agency Affected Department of Fish and Game

Program Category Affected Natural Resource Management

BRU, Program, or Subprogram(s) Affected Commercial Fisheries

(Note: If more than one budget component* is affected, separate line-item amounts and funding for each component in the analysis section.)

EXPENDITURES (Thousands of Dollars)

	FY 80	FY 81	FY 82	FY 83	FY 84	FY 85
100 PERSONAL SERVICES						
200 TRAVEL						
300 CONTRACTUAL						
400 COMMODITIES						
500 EQUIPMENT						
600 LAND & STRUCTURES						
700 GRANTS, CLAIMS, ETC.						
TOTAL		-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-

FUNDING (Thousands of Dollars)

GENERAL FUND		-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
FEDERAL FUNDS						
OTHER (Specify Fund Source)						

POSITIONS

FULL TIME		-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
PART TIME						
TEMPORARY						

III ANALYSIS (See Fiscal Note Preparation Instructions, Section III)

This act has no fiscal impact on the Department of Fish and Game.

IV. DATE 1-30-80

PREPARED BY Russell H. Clark

AGENCY Department of Fish and Game

PHONE 465-4120

Original: Legislative Finance

cc: Budget and Management

Prime Sponsor (First Legislator Named)

1979
Henry

3500 ^{lbs} SALTED ON FOREIGN Bottoms
(order of Japan)
1000 ^{lbs} SALTED + cut to sound + tickets

9000 Tons Foreign

20,000 - 40,000 lbs

5,000 - 12,000
2,000 - 3,000
15,000
freight
handling

1978

1/2 % SALTED on YAKON Bottoms

SB 391--Penalties for fish buyers who purchase fish from non-permit holders, and for fishermen who catch fish without permits (same as HB 630)

SB 392--Requires specific identification and a picture on limited entry permits issued.

RICHARD B LAUBER

To: Rep Osterback

I came across this
article and thought it
might be of interest
to you and your Committee
when considering HB 590

Rich

Japan's Roe Market In Shambles—NW Concerned

By Bruce Ramsey
Marine Writer

The largest bankruptcy in the history of the Japanese fishing industry has sent waves of concern through the Northwest seafood industry.

The victim, according to the Japan Times, was Hoku-sho Co., one of the largest Japanese wholesalers of imported herring roe (eggs) from the U.S. and Canada. Hoku-sho left behind debts of 31 billion yen, or about \$129 million, owed to 130 creditors. It is not known how many of those creditors are Americans.

According to the English-language Japan Times, the Japanese government has offered low-interest loans to prevent further bankruptcies among fish wholesalers.

Herring roe has been a lucrative part of the Northwest and Alaska seafood industry. The fishery only lasts a few days as it moves northward, from San Francisco Bay to northern Puget Sound to Vancouver Island to Southeastern Alaska to Togiak, Alaska, on the Bering Sea. "It is probably the most rewarding fishery in terms of dollars per hour."

Industry sources say the collapse of Hoku-sho has left the Japanese roe market — the world's only roe herring market — in shambles. They relate a tale of avarice and miscalculation stretching across the North Pacific.

Roe is made into "kazunoko," a delicacy eaten only by Japanese, and only during Shogatsu, the three-day New Year's celebration. This Oriental caviar is traditionally believed to promote virility in men.

In 1972, the Japanese government abolished a government monopoly in roe imports, throwing open the business to the powerful Japanese trading companies. What followed, according to the Japanese newspaper Asahi Shimbun (as quoted in the Alaska Fishermen's Journal), was a frenzied struggle for market share among

the top trading companies, including Marubeni, Taiyo and Mitsubishi.

The height of the competition came during last spring's herring roe fishery off the west coast of Vancouver Island. The year before, the season had ended with roe herring at \$250 a ton at Togiak. Last spring, the fishery companies sent boats stuffed with cash to the herring grounds.

The market price was bid to the \$2,000 to \$3,000 level, and briefly hit \$5,000 (Canadian dollars) a ton. At this price, a lucky fisherman could pay for his boat in one well-placed seine.

Gary Spitz, president of the B.C. Fisheries Association, said last May that one fisherman hauled in \$12 million (Canadian). This was by no means an average catch, but it stirred up a kind of 1929-like fever among many fishermen.

When the wholesale markets for herring roe opened last fall in Osaka, the prices were double the 1978 prices. There was little traded, but prices refused to fall.

The newspapers picked up the story, charging a conspiracy to corner the market and demanding an investigation. "Who's to Blame for the Kazunoko Insanity?" screamed a headline in the Dec. 15 Asahi Shimbun.

Prices stayed high as the Shogatsu holiday approached. "Everybody believed that the market is way up there," said a source in a Japanese seafood company. "Our sources in Tokyo kept telling us the market is fake, that if you look at the volume traded, you'll see it is very low."

He said the high price was mainly achieved by allied companies buying and selling to each other. "This product was never going anywhere," the source said. "It was never leaving the cold storage."

But the Japanese housewife, who was assumed to be willing to pay almost any price for the kazunoko, broke with tradition during the New Year's celebration in January. She boycotted it. Industry sources say only half the kazunoko was sold, and the wholesale price plunged from about \$25 a pound to about \$5.

The price collapse broke Hoku-sho and reportedly caused a substantial loss to Mitsubishi.

"This obviously has caused a great shock at Mitsubishi," said Reid Rogers, chairman of Seattle's New England Fish Co. (Nefco). "We anticipate they will continue in the seafood business once they sort themselves out."

"The bankruptcy had no direct impact on Nefco. We had no direct credits with the company that went bankrupt."

A Mitsubishi spokesman said the Seattle office didn't know anything more than what they read in the Japanese newspapers.

The crash has cast a pall over the upcoming herring roe fisheries off Vancouver Island, Southeastern Alaska and Togiak. At 1979 prices, these fisheries had been regarded as a kind of Irish Sweepstakes, with many small losers but a few huge winners for those who found the herring.

"I can't find a buyer in roe herring," says Lyle Johnson, president of Alaska Canada Fisheries Inc., Seattle. "They smile a lot and say, 'Very risky, very risky.' Canada radically cut the quota (from 11,000 metric tons to 4,000) but even that didn't get them excited."

"I think there'll be a market by the time the season starts in Togiak in May," said Johnson. "But there's nothing happening in roe herring now between the Japanese buyer and the independent U.S. processor."

NEW
CS

Original sponsors: Gardiner and Moss

1 IN THE HOUSE

BY THE RESOURCES COMMITTEE

2 CS FOR HOUSE BILL NO. 590

3 IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA

4 ELEVENTH LEGISLATURE - SECOND SESSION

5 A BILL

6 For an Act entitled: "An Act relating to herring."

7 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

8 * Section 1. AS 16.10.172 is amended to read:

9 Sec. 16.10.172. LEGISLATIVE POLICY ON UTILIZATION OF HERRING. (a)

10 The legislature finds the following: (1) extensive and valuable herring
11 populations are available for harvest in waters subject to the jurisdic-
12 tion of the state; (2) commercial markets are available for herring
13 processed in several forms; (3) one processing technique presently
14 employed involves deliberately permitting decomposition of the herring
15 carcass to allow for removal and subsequent sale of the roe product,
16 with the consequence that the flesh is unusable and discarded. The
17 legislature finds that in certain circumstances the processing technique
18 described in (3) of this section, commonly referred to as "stripping",
19 provides benefits of such importance to the state economy that the bene-
20 fits outweigh the waste involved in the process. [DECLARES THAT THE
21 PROCESS REFERRED TO IN (3) OF THIS SECTION IS WASTEFUL AND DOES NOT CON-
22 STITUTE UTILIZATION OF THIS RESOURCE FOR THE MAXIMUM BENEFIT OF THE
23 PEOPLE.]

24 (b) It [THEREFORE, IT] is the policy of the legislature that the
25 stripping [THIS] process is acceptable (1) only if the herring is taken
26 from waters in which the herring population is large enough to support
27 a stripping industry described in (2) of this subsection without sub-
28 stantially reducing the availability of the herring for other uses; and
29 (2) the stripping process is conducted in an area of the state where

1 local industry either does not exist or, if it does exist, it is in-
2 sufficient to provide reasonable economic support to the people who
3 live in the area. The legislature finds that the areas described in
4 AS 16.10.173(f) are areas where the stripping of herring roe is accept-
5 able [SHOULD BE ELIMINATED TO THE FULLEST EXTENT POSSIBLE].

6 * Sec. 2. AS 16.10.173(a) is amended to read:

7 (a) Unless otherwise authorized by this chapter it [IT] is un-
8 lawful for a person, as defined in AS 0..10.060 and including a joint
9 venture, to waste or to cause to be wasted any commercially taken
10 herring.

11 * Sec. 3. AS 16.10 is amended by adding new sections to article 3 to
12 read:

13 Sec. 16.10.174. HERRING STRIPPING. The stripping of commercially
14 taken herring for the purpose of removing and selling the roe product is
15 authorized if the herring is taken from, and the stripping process
16 occurs within, an area north of 58 degrees latitude; south of 60 degrees
17 latitude; east of 162 degrees 10 minutes 30 seconds longitude; and west
18 of 158 degrees 53 minutes 30 seconds longitude. *This sec. appears*
in 3 subsec.

19 Sec. 16.10.175. REMOVAL OF HERRING FROM STATE. (a) It is unlaw-
20 ful for a person to remove herring from the state before the herring has
21 been frozen or otherwise processed for shipment.

22 (b) In this section, "processed for shipment" includes, but is not
23 limited to, icing, stripping or salting of the herring; however, it does
24 not include salting of the herring if five percent or more of the body
25 weight of the herring consists of roe.

26
27 *and : relative time.*
28
29



CITY OF KENAI
"Oil Capital of Alaska"

P. O. BOX 580 KENAI, ALASKA 99611
TELEPHONE 283 - 7535

February 19, 1980

9:40 a.m.
Night Letter to:

Honorable Clem Tillion, Senator
Honorable Patrick O'Connell, Rep.
Honorable Hugh Malone, Rep.

Dear Sir:

Please accept my full and strongest support for HB 590 concerning herring processing.

Successful passage would be meaningful to the industry and the interests of this city.

Sincerely,

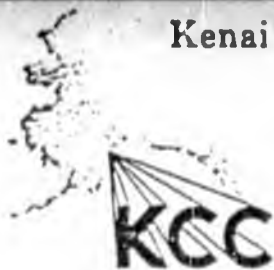
Mayor Vince O'Reilly

cc: Tom Waterer, Salamatof Seafoods, Inc.

VOR:kh

Kenai Chamber of Commerce

P. O. Box 497
Kenai, Alaska 99611
(907) 283-7989



February 20, 1980

House Resource Committee
Alaska State House of Representatives
Pouch "V" State Capitol Building
Juneau, Alaska 99811

Dear Committee Members:

The Greater Kenai Chamber of Commerce has passed a motion in support of HB 590.

Since the fish processing industry is a substantial segment of our economy we have a local interest in this bill. Many summer jobs are provided by the local processors. Herring processing is advantageous because it extends the season for these employees. The additional dollars also circulate in our community to the benefit of the local businesses and, therefore, all of our citizens.

We also feel that in-state manufacturing, refinement, or processing of Alaska's natural resources is a goal that should be pursued within practical limitations. There is no question about the practicality of herring processing.

We urge passage of HB 590.

Respectfully submitted,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, which appears to read "Richard I. Morgan", is written over a horizontal line. The signature is fluid and cursive.

Richard I. Morgan
Chairman--Legislative Committee



KENAI PENINSULA BOROUGH

BOX 850 • SOLDOTNA, ALASKA 99669
PHONE 262-4441

DON GILMAN
MAYOR

February 20, 1980

Resources Committee
House of Representatives
Alaska State Legislature
Pouch V
Juneau, AK 99811

Subject: House Bill 590

Dear Sirs:

This requests your favorable consideration and passage of House Bill 590, proposing a requirement to effect minimum processing for herring in-state.

Where there is an industrial capability in-state to accomodate processing which will inject add-on value from fisheries resources into the State's economy and create additional employment for local residents, it would be in the best interests of Alaska that implementing legislation be effected.

House Bill 590 is a means toward this end and I ask that you support this bill.

Sincerely,

Frank McIlhargey
Economic Development Director

FMcl:tm

City of Soldotna

BOX 409

PHONE 262-9107

SOLDOTNA ALASKA 99669



CITY OF OPPORTUNITY

February 20, 1980

Mr. Tom Waterer, President
Salamatof Seafoods, Inc.
Post Office Drawer 4220
Kenai, Alaska 99611

Dear Tom:

I would like to lend my support to the passage of
HB 590.

I support any effort to enhance the economic devel-
opment of the area and the State of Alaska.

Knowing of your expertise in the area of fish pro-
cessing I take a position of support toward the goals
of Alaskan Processors to process herring to the
fullest degree within the State prior to marketing
outside.

If I can be of further assistance, please feel free
to contact me.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Thomas R. Bearup".

Thomas R. Bearup . . .
Mayor

TRB/ef



KENAI PENINSULA BOROUGH

BOX 850 • SOLDOTNA, ALASKA 99669
PHONE 262-4441

February 20, 1980

DON GILMAN
MAYOR

Tom Waterer, President
Salamatof Seafoods, Inc.
P. O. Drawer 4220
Kenai, Alaska 99611

Dear Tom:

This is to acknowledge receipt of your letter of Feb. 18, 1980, concerning House Bill 590.

After reviewing your letter and the testimony that you gave to the House Resources Committee on Thursday, Feb. 7th, I have determined that I personally am in full accord with your points.

This letter is written to endorse House Bill 590 and if I can be of personal assistance to you in your efforts to secure passage of this bill, please notify me immediately.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Donald E. Gilman".

Donald E. Gilman, Mayor
Kenai Peninsula Borough

DEG:mw

Salamatof Seafoods, Inc.



P. O. Drawer 4226

Kenai, Alaska 99611

Phone: (907) 283-7000

February 18, 1980

City of Kenai
P.O. Box 580
Kenai, Alaska 99611

Attn: Mayor Vincent O'Reilly

Gentlemen:

This letter will serve to advise you of a very important bill currently in the House which we believe has the potential to provide tremendous economic impact upon the City of Kenai and the entire Borough. Enclosed you will find a copy of HB 590, relating to a requirement to effect processing of herring within the State's jurisdiction. As President of Salamatof Seafoods, Inc., a substantial employer in the City of Kenai and the Kenai Peninsula Borough, I solicit your support for this most important bill.

It has the impact of not only creating employment, but also of plant utilization and in-State quality control. Stepwise this bill may create a vehicle for further guidelines requiring the maximum value added to be realized within the State for all species of our seafood resources. This I strongly advocate.

Referring specifically to herring, I have included an outline from my testimony before the House Resource Committee on Thursday, February 7th. The notes are not fully descriptive since it was my outline, however, the points are basically:

1. If Alaska wishes to receive the maximum benefit from a seafood harvest, it must so direct the processing industry by legislative action, otherwise, overhead and labor will be utilized elsewhere wherever possible.
2. The adverse market reputation for quality of Alaskan seafood can only be overcome by greater quality control measures. This, in turn, can only be scrutinized as processing occurs within the State's jurisdiction.
3. The current economic depression of the Alaskan seafood industry and especially of the Kenai Peninsula processors can be in part lessened by proper utilization of the vast herring resource just recently proven economically so important.
4. In a worst case analysis and in an industry based out of State, there would be left to the State only \$18 per ton or less by way of taxes for the herring harvested. This correlates to a State-wide return of \$720,000-\$900,000. If a best case analysis is a stake, a first wholesale value by in-State processors of up to \$100 Million Dollars of new dollars in 1980 can be realized. These new dollars, in turn, have even greater

City of Kenai
Attn: Mayor Vincent O'Reilly
February 18, 1980

impact when the particular multipliers are realized via the economics involved.

5. Our industry rule of thumb is that each ton of herring processed to the roe finished product requires about two man days of labor. If the projected Bristol Bay harvest were all processed to the roe state, it would create about 60,000 man days of employment for process workers. This is in addition to the employment of the fishermen and tendermen levels. Processing to a frozen state would require comparable labor plus capital investment only of a slighter consequence. Salting or brining of herring requires an inconsequential labor impact and, hence, a tremendous economic loss to the State and Borough.
6. Of the 1980 Bristol Bay harvest, we estimate it is probable that a minimal 20% will be processed by Kenai Peninsula processors if the product is not taken from them via foreign bulk transport means. If this is the case, at stake is a minimum 12,000 man days of labor plus the sales dollars generated into the economy by the particular Borough seafood processors involved. This will have impact upon the transportation industry and related supply industry and numerous other segments of our local economy.
7. In both the Canadian province of British Columbia and the state of California, the tremendous impact of requiring in-province or in-state processing has been realized. In each of those areas, legislation for the purpose of limiting the exports of unprocessed seafood, and especially herring, has been effected much more strictly than is proposed by HB 590. In both of those areas it has been realized that if the resource is to be harvested, it should be for the maximum economic benefit, which can only be realized by the export of the finished product.

I thank you for your consideration of this hastily prepared message. The time factor involved is that currently the matter will be brought before House Committee again on Thursday, February 22nd. I solicit a strong and immediate support of this bill to our Representatives as you deem appropriate.

Sincerely,

SALAMATOF SEAFOODS, INC.

Tom Waterer, President

TW:dle

Enc: HB 590

Testimony Outline - House Resource Committee

cc: House Speaker Terry Gardiner
Senator Clem Tillion
Representative Hugh Malone

Mayor Tom Bearup - Soldotna
Mayor Don Gilman - Kenai Pen. Bor.
Mr. Frank McIlhargey, Econ. Dev. Coun.
Mr. George Ford, Kenai Chamb. Commerce

I. INTRODUCTION

A Company - 100% Alaskan owned; incorporated in the State in 1973:

Size, volume, position in industry, particularly in herring, employment, 1979 raw fish tax discussions.

B. Personal -

Time in industry, 18 years fisherman - processor.
Formal education in Biological Sciences.

II. ORIENTATION

Alaska should review its entire philosophies regarding management of its fishing industry. In light of the fact that its 1979 ex-vessel values alone were on the order of 700 Million Dollars, this thought should surely bear some consideration.

However, true impact of fisheries is fact that in addition to this 700 Million is added substantial payrolls of the State's processors and the notable multiplier effect this has on Alaskan economy, especially in light of the fact that generally these are imparted dollars injected directly into the private sector.

Noting that the socio-economic impact is so great it stands that some consideration be given to how best to manage the economics of a fishing as to the best benefit of Alaska and its citizens.

In my opinion HB 590 is one of first examples of such legislation.

The unfortunate reality - usually fisheries are managed only on premise that when a biological surplus exists it should be harvested by whatever means available w/o due consideration of the particular socio-economics involved. This, of course, is as much a fallacy as is conservation for the sake of conservation. I say, what purpose is there for Alaska to allow harvest if there is not maximum benefit to the State and its citizens to do such? It is time that biological management be coupled with economic management and by economic management I mean maximizing economic benefit to State, its resident fishermen, its processors.

I strongly advocate Alaska proceed stepwise toward maximizing value added within the State. Since processing in the fishing industry is very labor intensive, Alaska can only benefit by such direction. Benefit to labor, transport, taxes, etc.

In the case of HB 590, we strongly support it and suggest that since Alaska herring industry is just now experiencing a rapid growth, now is the time to set the guidelines by which to create the most value to the State via in-State processing, and at the same time insure the quality reputation.

DEFINE
PROCESSING
IN CASE
OF HERRING

Without protection of bills such as HB 590, in-State processing will not only not develop, but will likely decline once the alternate modes of handling are developed. This is especially true for herring, since roe in fish can be easily preserved in unprocessed state long enough to allow cheap bulk transport to outside and generally foreign processing facilities where plants already exist, and labor is tremendously cheaper.

What's at stake -- herring -- a probably 1980 1st whole value to processors at up to 100 Million Dollars, depending upon actual volume harvested, quality and current market development. If fully realized, and if properly regulated, the large bulk of those dollars can enter the economy; and being new dollars to the State, would be magnified greatly in impact due to the related multiplier of the particular economies.

What is the worst case if HB 590 doesn't pass?

- *Multitude of Canadian processing plants waiting idle, even greater Japanese trampers carrying lightly salted fish to Korea and Japan. These are being prepared now.

- *1979 Togiak example

 - Trampers, 300-400 ft. tanker barges

- *Once proven, these could transport from SE, CI, PWS, anywhere.

Since out-of-state operators have a greater tendency to attract non-resident fishermen and since this is a developing non-limited fishery, there are a multitude of fishermen from Bellingham, Seattle, Astoria, San Francisco, and S_____ wishing to join these operations.

In a worse case analysis, an out-of-state fisherman, tenderman, barge, or tramper operator, travel to Bristol Bay to harvest and transport the fish out. In 1979 the Bristol Bay case was about \$600/ton. Alaska gets 3% or \$18 return.

Extending the worst case to 40-50,000 state-wide harvest, Alaska gets \$720,000-\$900,000 in raw fish tax--nothing else.

Obviously this won't result, for all herring close to 50% value is likely lost.

We are required to capitalize in Alaska labor, identify each carton by packer origin, and our Alaska health number, where is this, and Alaska quality control on tanker operations hauling product to Canada or Korea?

* Processing does exist in Alaska.
Canadian herring restrictions.

Bering Sea st apply.

Rep. Cotter (Sam) Rules House Committee

Steven Noyer Dir. Commercial Fisheries

Similar
Unprocessed fish is now required
Classifying processing

*Foreign not acceptable any
cooking, canning, salting - 20%, freezing.

*Salting not acceptable - in every case the purpose is to get roe.

**Processing required 2 man days/ton for roe

16.10.162

It is policy of legislature process shall be eliminated
Ref. to item 3.

*No reason to utilize carcasse.

1979 take	(52,000,000	(9,000,000 is bait)
	(900,000	kelp
	(43,000,000	roe

Bristol Bay 70% salted

Herring is most numerous species in world.

**Salting accomplishes nothing.

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§ 16.10.130

FISH AND GAME

§ 16.10.172

(4) better manage the fishery by providing a visible means of determining how much gear is actually being fished."

Sec. 16.10.130. Penalties for violation of § 120 of this chapter. A person who violates § 120 of this chapter is guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction is punishable by imprisonment for not more than six months, or by a fine of not more than \$1,000 or by both. (§ 2 ch 26 SLA 1959)

Editor's note. -- Section 4, ch. 103, SLA 1977, effective August 1, 1978, amended this section to read as follows: "Sec. 16.10.130. Penalties for violation of §§ 120 — 125 of this chapter. A person who violates §§ 120 — 125 of this chapter is guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction is punishable by imprisonment for not more than six months, or by a fine of not more than \$1,000, or by both.

Section 1, ch 103, SLA 1977, provides: "INTENT It is the intent of this Act to require positive identification of shellfish

pots or buoys, or both, used in the taking of king crab within areas in which the Board of Fisheries has regulations limiting the total amount of gear allowed per vessel in order to

- (1) more adequately enforce shellfish pot limits for king crab
- (2) assist in preventing the theft of gear;
- (3) prevent the transfer of gear to prohibited areas; and
- (4) better manage the fishery by providing a visible means of determining how much gear is actually being fished."

Article 3. Herring Spawn.

Section
140 — 170. [Repealed]
172 Legislative policy on utilization of herring

Section
173 Utilization of commercially taken herring

Secs. 16.10.140 — 16.10.170.

Repealed by § 2 ch 91 SLA 1970.

Sec. 16.10.172. Legislative policy on utilization of herring. The legislature finds the following: (1) extensive and valuable herring populations are available for harvest in waters subject to the jurisdiction of the state; (2) commercial markets are available for herring processed in several forms; (3) one processing technique presently employed involves deliberately permitting decomposition of the herring carcass to allow for removal and subsequent sale of the roe product, with the consequence that the flesh is unusable and discarded. The legislature declares that the process referred to in (3) of this section is wasteful and does not constitute utilization of this resource for the maximum benefit of the people. Therefore, it is the policy of the legislature that this process should be eliminated to the fullest extent possible. (§ 1 ch 9 SLA 1977)

Effective date. — Section 2 ch 9, SLA 1977, provides "This Act takes effect January 1, 1978"

Sec. 16.10.173. Utilization of commercially taken herring. (a) It is unlawful for a person, as defined in AS 01.10.060 and including a joint venture, to waste or to cause to be wasted any commercially taken herring.

(b) As used in this section, "waste" means the failure to use the flesh of commercially taken herring for reduction to meal, production of fish food, human consumption, food for domestic animals, scientific or educational purposes, or round herring bait. Normal, inadvertent loss of flesh associated with the uses described in this subsection which cannot be prevented by practical means does not constitute waste. The commissioner may authorize other uses of commercially taken herring not inconsistent with the intent of this section and § 172 of this chapter at his discretion upon receipt of a request accompanied by a detailed justification.

(c) For purposes of this section, "flesh" means all muscular body tissue surrounding the bony skeleton of the herring.

(d) The Board of Fisheries may adopt regulations under the Administrative Procedure Act (AS 44.62) it considers necessary for implementation of this section. The board may delegate its authority under this section to the commissioner.

(e) The provisions of this section do not apply to herring taken commercially in the Bering Sea (including appurtenant bays, sounds, estuaries, and water of the state) north of 56° North Latitude, until January 1, 1979. (§ 1 ch 9 SLA 1977)

Effective date. — Section 2, ch 9, SLA 1977, provides "This Act takes effect January 1, 1978."

Article 4. Migratory Fish and Shellfish.

Section	Section
180 Legislative findings	220 Penalties for violation of §§ 200 and 210 of this chapter
190 Regulations	230 Exemptions
200 Unlawful taking prohibited	
210 Unlawful sale or offer prohibited	

Sec. 16.10.180. Legislative findings. The legislature finds and recognizes these facts.

(1) Migratory fish and migratory shellfish are present in commercial quantities inside and outside the territorial waters of the state.

(2) Migratory fish and migratory shellfish taken from the waters of the state are indistinguishable, in most cases, from those taken from the adjacent high seas.

(3) Substantial quantities of migratory fish and migratory shellfish move inshore and offshore intermittently and at various times during a given year and in so doing often enter and leave territorial waters of the state.

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Effect of amendment. — The 1975 amendment deleted "rule or" preceding "regulation" near the middle of the section and substituted "Board of Fisheries" for "board" near the middle and near the end.

Cited in *Hjelle v. Brooks*, 424 F. Supp. 595 (D. Alas. 1976).

Sec. 16.10.220. Penalties for violation of §§ 200 and 210 of this chapter. A person who violates §§ 200 and 210 of this chapter is guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction is punishable by a fine of not more than \$5,000 or by imprisonment for not more than one year, or by both. (§ 5 ch 121 SLA 1960)

Sec. 16.10.230. Exemptions. Sections 180 — 220 of this chapter do not apply to

(1) those species of salmon in international waters of the Pacific Ocean which are regulated by the International Pacific Salmon Fisheries Commission or by laws of the United States or rules or regulations promulgated under those laws;

(2) the use of nets for fishing for or taking salmon for the purposes of scientific investigation authorized by state law; and

(3) existing laws and regulations prohibiting the taking of salmon by means of nets on the high seas. (§ 6 ch 121 SLA 1960)

Article 5. Transportation of Fish and Shellfish.

Section

240 Transportation of King, Dungeness or Tanner crab

250 Penalty

Sec. 16.10.240. Transportation of King, Dungeness or Tanner crab. No person may take out of, ship, transport, or send from this state any live King crab, species *Paralithodes camtschatica*, live Dungeness crab, species *Cancer magister*, or live Tanner crab, species *Chionoecetes bairdi*, except that all of these species may be shipped live via air freight after pre-packaging. (§ 1 ch 33 SLA 1962, am § 2 ch 5 SLA 1966, am § 1 ch 14 SLA 1969)

Legislative committee reports. — For 14 SLA 1968 (CH 172 am SL see 1969 report on ch. 5, SLA 1966 (SB 182) see 1966 House Journal, p. 216 House Journal, pp. 30, 51. For report on ch.

Sec. 16.10.250. Penalty. A person, association, or corporation violating § 240 of this chapter or contributing to or cooperating in the violation of § 240 of this chapter is guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction is punishable by a fine of not more than \$5,000, or by imprisonment for not more than one year, or by both. Each unlawful removal of live crab is a separate offense. Vessels and equipment used in or in aid of a violation of § 240 of this chapter may be seized and disposed of as provided in AS 16.05.190. Conviction under § 240 of this

Article 7. General Provisions.

Section	Section
905 Alien activities prohibited	930 Exempted activities
910. Penalty	940 Definitions
920. Certain acts made unlawful	950. Title of the chapter

Sec. 16.05.905. Alien activities prohibited. Alien persons not lawfully admitted to the United States are prohibited from engaging in commercial fishing activities or taking marine mammals in the territorial waters of the State of Alaska as they presently exist or may be extended in the future. (§ 1 ch 85 SLA 1964)

Sec. 16.05.910. Penalty. Any alien person who violates § 905 of this chapter is guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction is punishable by a confiscation and forfeiture of the fishing vessel used in such violation, or by imprisonment of any such person for not more than one year, or by fine of not more than \$10,000, or by all or any two of the foregoing punishments. (§ 2 ch 85 SLA 1964)

Sec. 16.05.920. Certain acts made unlawful. (a) Unless permitted by this chapter or by regulation made under this chapter, it is unlawful for a person to take, possess, transport, sell, offer to sell, purchase or offer to purchase fish, game or marine aquatic plants, or any part of fish, game or aquatic plants, or a nest or egg of fish or game

(b) No person may knowingly disturb, injure or destroy a notice, signboard, seal, tag, aircraft, boat, vessel, automobile, paraphernalia, equipment, building or other improvement or property of the department used in the administration or enforcement of this chapter, or a poster or notice to the public concerning the provisions of this chapter, or regulation adopted under this chapter, or a marker indicating the boundary of an area closed to hunting, trapping, fishing or other special use under this chapter. No person may knowingly destroy, remove, tamper with, or imitate a seal or tag issued or used by the department or attached under its authority to a skin, portion, or specimen of fish or game, or other article for the purpose of identification or authentication in accordance with this chapter or a regulation adopted under this chapter. (§ 28 art 1 ch 94 SLA 1959, am. § 3 ch 110 SLA 1970)

State may regulate extraterritorial fishing — Paramount rights in the seabed and subsoil beyond the three-mile limit were vested in the federal government. However, that principle of federal exclusivity does not preclude state regulation of fishery resources in the waters over the seabed State v. Seeminski.

Sup Ct Op No 1339 (file No 2544) 36 P 2d 929 (1956)

Enforcement of the state's regulatory scheme in a case involving crab-fishing activities in extraterritorial waters was within the sphere of the state's prerogative to regulate extraterritorial fishing. State v.

Criterion in determining cost of license. residence of the operator of the gear. 1959
— In determining the amount to be paid for Op Att'y Gen., No. 38
fishing gear licenses, the criterion is the

Sec. 16.05.680. Unlawful purchases. It is unlawful for a person, his agent, or his representative

(1) to have in his employ a fisherman who is not licensed under § 480 of this chapter,

(2) to purchase fish from a fisherman who is not so licensed, if the fisherman is not exempt under § 660 of this chapter from the license requirement of § 480 of this chapter without regard to the employment or purchase, or

(3) to purchase fish from an association which is not exempt under § 662 of this chapter. (§ 10 art III ch 94 SLA 1959; am § 2 ch 96 SLA 1963; am § 2 ch 73 SLA 1970)

Editor's note. — Section 11, ch. 105, SLA 1977, effective January 1, 1978, amended this section to read as follows "It is unlawful for a person, his agent, or his representative

"(1) to have in his employ, in the harvesting, transporting or purchasing of fish, a fisherman who neither is licensed under § 480 of this chapter nor is the

holder of a permit issued under ch. 43 of this title.

"(2) to purchase fish from a fisherman who neither is the holder of a permit issued under ch. 43 of this title, nor is exempt under § 660 of this chapter, or

"(3) to purchase fish from an association other than one to which a permit has been issued under § 662 of this chapter."

Sec. 16.05.685. Processing on commercial crab fishing vessels. (a) It is unlawful to process any species of crab on a commercial crab fishing vessel unless

(1) the vessel remains within one registration area from the time the crab is caught to the time of dock delivery;

(2) the operator of the vessel notifies the department of proposed changes in location before moving to another registration area, and

(3) the operator of the vessel provides quarters for inspectors of the department who may inspect the crab catch on the vessel at any time.

(b) The restrictions set out in (a) of this section do not apply to processing aboard the fishing vessel for and as donations to charity, for consumption aboard the vessel, or for dockside retail sales from the vessel.

(c) In this section,

(1) "process" means to butcher, cook, chill, or freeze crab for commercial use,

(2) "registration area" means a specific king crab registration area as designated by regulation of the Board of Fisheries and includes the Bering Sea shellfish area and the western Aleutian Islands king crab area (4 2 ch 70 SLA 1974, am § 12 ch 206 SLA 1975)

Effect of amendment. — The 1975 Fisheries for "Board of Fish and Game" amendment substituted "Board of Fisheries" in paragraph (2) of subsection (c)

HB

599

(9)

COMMITTEE REPORT

HOUSE

1/23/80

FURTHER:

Date: 1/23/80

Mr. Speaker:

The Committee on RESOURCES has had HR 599
"An Act relating to ox and buffalo."

under consideration and (a majority of the committee) (the committee) reports it back with the following recommendations:

- do pass do not pass
- do pass with attached amendments(s)
- replace with CS for HR 599 same title
 new title
- and recommends _____
- AND attaches a "Letter of Intent" New Fiscal Note
- reports it back without recommendation
- referred to the _____ Committee

MEMBERS SIGNING
DO PASS

MEMBERS HAVING
OTHER RECOMMENDATIONS:

[Signature]

[Signature]

[Signature]

[Signature]

[Signature]

[Signature]

[Signature]

[Signature]

[Signature]

CHAIRMAN



Alaska State Legislature

House

HOUSE RESOURCES COMMITTEE

FISH & GAME ISSUES

Alvin Osterback, Chairman

Pouch V, State Capitol
Juneau, Alaska 99811
(907) 465-3715

HEARING NOTIFICATIONS

BILL	DATE INFORMED	LETTER/PHONE	INFORMED	HEARING DATE
HB599	1/25	3727	Rep. Carney, Chrman Ag. sub-committee (Sponsor)	1/29/80
	1/25	⁷⁴⁵⁻ 3236	State Div. of Agriculture	1/29/80
	1/25	272-9225	Oomingmak (Musk Ox cooperative)	1/29
	1/25	624-3822	Unalakleet Native Corp	1/29
	1/25	624-3891	Unalakleet Musk Ox Farm	1/29
	1/25	4110	Division of Game - Ron Somerville	1/29
	1/25	278-3537	Alaska Bison-MuskOX Assn. (Bob Courtney)	1/29
	1/25	658-1238	Koyukon Native Corp. (Jim Farnor)	1/29
	1/25	²⁰⁶⁻ 842-4849	John Teal, Dir. of INAR	1/29
	2/1	3727	Rep. Carney	2/7
	2/1	4100	Fish & Game Dept.	2/7

AGO 125393

Hearing 1/31/80: Tabled until special committee appointed to come up with CS comes up with it (Carney, Cotton, Chatterton)

2/7/80: Reported out w/ unanimous DO PASS as CS HB 599 with new title

THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA
ELEVENTH LEGISLATURE

FISCAL NOTE

I. REQUEST
 Bill/Resolution No. HB 599
 Title An Act relating to musk ox and buffalo
 Requested by _____ Date 1/28/80

II. FISCAL DETAIL
 Agency Affected Department of Fish and Game
 Program Category Affected Natural Resources Management
 BRU, Program, or Subprogram(s) Affected Division of Game and Boards of Fish and Game
 (Note: If more than one budget component is affected, separate line-item amounts and funding for each component in the analysis section.)

EXPENDITURES (Thousands of Dollars)

	FY 80	FY 81	FY 82	FY 83	FY 84	FY 85
100 PERSONAL SERVICES						
200 TRAVEL						
300 CONTRACTUAL						
400 COMMODITIES						
500 EQUIPMENT						
600 LAND & STRUCTURES						
700 GRANTS, CLAIMS, ETC.						
TOTAL	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-

FUNDING (Thousands of Dollars)

GENERAL FUND						
FEDERAL FUNDS						
OTHER (Specify Fund Source)						
Fish and Game Fund		(29.0)	(29.0)	(29.0)	(29.0)	(29.0)

POSITIONS

FULL TIME		-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
PART TIME						
TEMPORARY						

III. ANALYSIS (See Fiscal Note Preparation Instructions, Section III)

This Act would eliminate the sale of musk oxen tags. Based on current tag sale information, this would reduce revenue to the Fish and Game Fund by \$29,000.00.

<u>Detail</u>	<u>No. Tags</u>	<u>Price Each</u>	<u>\$Total</u>
resident	18	\$500	9,000
nonresident	20	\$1,000	20,000
			<u>29,000</u>

IV. DATE 1-29-80 PREPARED BY [Signature]
 AGENCY Department of Fish and Game
 PHONE 465-4120
 Original Legislative Finance
 cc Budget and Management
 Prime Sponsor (First Legislator Named)

Kat moved to adopt CS 599

Mr. Farmer from Galena testified

Bob Hinman - Dept. pleased

w/ this CS - protects those who
own domestic animals & reduced

workload on F&G. But questioned

term "lawfully possessed" - how would

this affect animals which F&G

gives scientific permits, etc. for.

Hinman wants "lawfully owned & possessed"

Carney moved to amend w/ lawfully owned
rather than possessed

STATE OF ALASKA
Inter Department Route Slip

TO:
MAIL STATION NUMBER 3100
DEPARTMENT Regulations
ATTENTION Bill Miles

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| <input type="checkbox"/> Approval | <input type="checkbox"/> Note & Return |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Signature | <input type="checkbox"/> Initial & Return |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Comment | <input type="checkbox"/> Return As Requested |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Contact Me | <input type="checkbox"/> Return For Approval |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Prepare Reply | <input type="checkbox"/> Necessary Action |
| <input type="checkbox"/> For Your File | <input type="checkbox"/> Your Information |

Remarks:

FROM:
MAIL STATION NUMBER 1100
DEPARTMENT Fish + Game
BY Reavis DATE 3/27

RECEIVED
MAR - 7 1980

GOVERNOR'S OFFICE

HB 599

Miles

Billy Lowe
Delta Jet
Alaska 99737

COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE
RECEIVED
MAR 11 1980

Dear Sir:

DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND GAME

By unanimous vote, Fish and Game Advisory Board for Delta Junction, disapproved the passage of House Bill 599.

Reference: Buffalo

We believe Fish and Game has performed in an admirable fashion with the resources available. Some of the comments about the sustained yield of other Buffalo herds are gained only through intense management and improved grazing. We feel if domestic Buffalo are released free ranging in the Delta area there will be intermingling of the herds and it will exceed the carrying capacity of the herds.

Billy W. Lowe

STATE OF ALASKA

JAY S. HAMMOND, GOVERNOR

DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND GAME

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER

SUPPORT BUILDING
JUNEAU, ALASKA 99801

March 27, 1980

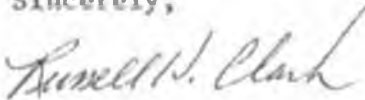
Mr. Billy W. Lowe
Delta Advisory Committee
Mile 1380
Delta Junction, Alaska 99737

Dear Mr. Lowe:

Thank you for the copy of your note to the Governor's Office regarding HB 599. We in the Department, especially the Game Division and the Board of Game, appreciate your support of our past management practices for the Delta bison herd. The concerns which your local Fish and Game Advisory Committee voiced are appropriate for consideration by the Legislature. Consequently, I have taken the liberty of forwarding your letter to the Resources Committee of the House and the Senate. Additionally, I have enclosed a draft letter of intent scheduled for introduction on the floor of the House when HB 568 is considered.

Again, let me repeat my personal thanks to the people of the Delta area for their strong support for maintaining the integrity of the wild, free-roaming buffalo.

Sincerely,



for Ronald O. Skoog
Commissioner

Enclosure

74
Janson

Original sponsor: Special Agriculture Committee

1 IN THE HOUSE

BY THE RESOURCES COMMITTEE

2 CS FOR HOUSE BILL NO. 599

3 IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA

4 ELEVENTH LEGISLATURE - SECOND SESSION

5 A BILL

6 For an Act entitled: "An Act relating to the authority of the Board of Game
7 and the Department of Fish and Game over domestic
8 animals."

9 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

10 * Section 1. AS 16.05.940 is amended by adding a new paragraph to read:

11 (28) "domestic ~~birds~~ and mammals" includes musk oxen, bison
12 and reindeer, if they are lawfully ^{owned} ~~possessed~~ by a person and they are
13 used for domestic purposes, including but not limited to, agricultural
14 work, food, or production of clothing materials.

15
16
17
18
19 Ch + moves to delete "birds"

20
21 Pat moves to report bill out

STATE OF ALASKA
Inter-Department Route Slip

TO:
MAIL STATION NUMBER 3110
DEPARTMENT Administration
ATTENTION William Osterback

- | | |
|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Approval | <input type="checkbox"/> Note & Return |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Signature | <input type="checkbox"/> Initial & Return |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Comment | <input type="checkbox"/> Return As Requested |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Contact Me | <input type="checkbox"/> Return For Approval |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Prepare Reply | <input type="checkbox"/> Necessary Action |
| <input type="checkbox"/> For Your File | <input type="checkbox"/> Your Information |

Remarks:

FROM:
MAIL STATION NUMBER 3110
DEPARTMENT Fish & Game
BY Frank DATE 5/21

RECEIVED
MAR - 7 1990

GOVERNOR'S OFFICE

Belle's Store
Nelle's Job
Alaska 99737

Osterback

GOVERNOR'S OFFICE
RECEIVED

MAR 11 1990

DEPARTMENT OF FILM AND GALE

Dear Sirs:

By memorandum cost, First and Second
Shipping from JWS, Nette's Department
Storage and the storage of House Bill 899

Reference: Budget

All bills that cost more than
\$1000.00 are to be submitted to the
Committee on Administration. Some of the
costs are about the same and I will
submit a budget for the same. I thought
it was more important and approved by me.
We just say the matter. Budgets are
submitted for review to the Budget Committee
and will receive the necessary copy
of the budget.

B. W. Stone

STATE OF ALASKA

JAY S. HAMMOND, GOVERNOR

DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND GAME

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER

SUPPORT BUILDING
JUNEAU, ALASKA 99801

March 27, 1980

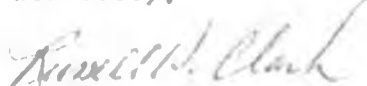
Mr. Billy W. Lowe
Delta Advisory Committee
Mile 1380
Delta Junction, Alaska 99737

Dear Mr. Lowe:

Thank you for the copy of your note to the Governor's Office regarding HB 599. We in the Department, especially the Game Division and the Board of Game, appreciate your support of our past management practices for the Delta bison herd. The concerns which your local Fish and Game Advisory Committee voiced are appropriate for consideration by the Legislature. Consequently, I have taken the liberty of forwarding your letter to the Resources Committee of the House and the Senate. Additionally, I have enclosed a draft letter of Intent scheduled for introduction on the floor of the House when HB 568 is considered.

Again, let me repeat my personal thanks to the people of the Delta area for their strong support for maintaining the integrity of the wild, free-roaming buffalo.

Sincerely,



Ronald O. Skoog
Commissioner

Enclosure

TESTIMONY TO HOUSE RESOURCES COMMITTEE
ON HB 599

GREGORY F. COOK, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR
BOARDS OF FISHERIES AND GAME
ALASKA DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND GAME
FEBRUARY 4, 1980

THE ALASKA BOARD OF GAME ENCOURAGES PRIVATE INDIVIDUALS TO RAISE EITHER MUSKOXEN, REINDEER, OR BISON FOR PRIVATE USES, SUCH AS LIVESTOCK. TO FACILITATE THIS, THE BOARD HAS PASSED REGULATIONS TO IMPLEMENT AS 16.40.010 (THE "SURPLUS ANIMALS" LAW). SIMILARLY, THE DEPARTMENT HAS ESTABLISHED PROCEDURES FOR IMPORTING ANIMALS INTO ALASKA SUCH AS BISON OR REINDEER. THESE EXISTING PROCEDURES ARE TODAY BEING USED SUCCESSFULLY. FOR EXAMPLE, THESE PEOPLE NOW HAVE PERMITS:

- A) MR. BURTON, KODIAK - 100 BISON
- B) MR. WOELKERS, SEWARD - 5 BISON
- C) PUBLIC SCHOOL, SOLDOTNA - 3 BISON

THERE IS NO LEGAL IMPEDIMENT TO PRIVATE PERSONS OBTAINING AND IMPORTING ANIMALS.

THE BOARD AND THE DEPARTMENT SHARE A COMMON CONCERN: CONSERVATION OF WILDLIFE RESOURCES. OUR CONCERN DERIVES FROM THE SAME SOURCE: THE ALASKA CONSTITUTION. BECAUSE OF OUR STATE CONSTITUTION, THE BOARD AND THE DEPARTMENT ARE DUTY-BOUND TO SEE THAT EXISTING WILDLIFE RESOURCES-- THE ANIMALS THEMSELVES AND THE HABITAT THEY DEPEND UPON FOR SURVIVAL-- CONTINUE IN PERPETUITY.

IN 1979, THE BOARD OF GAME HELD A SERIES OF THREE PUBLIC HEARINGS TO DETERMINE WHETHER OR NOT DISPOSITION OF WILD, ALASKAN BISON INTO PRIVATE

HANDS WOULD BE ADVISABLE. THE OVERWHELMING PUBLIC RESPONSE (OVER 200 PEOPLE TESTIFIED) WAS NOT KEEP THE DELTA BISON AS A WILD, FREE-ROAMING HERD. ANY "SURPLUS" SHOULD BE KEPT FOR THE ENTIRE PUBLIC, NOT PRIVATE PARTIES.

THE BOARD OF GAME HAS HONORED THIS EXPRESSION OF PUBLIC WILL. BASED ON THE LARGE NUMBER OF APPLICANTS FOR HUNTING LICENSES, AND THE LARGE NUMBER OF PEOPLE WHO ENJOY USES OF THE BISON THAT DO NOT INVOLVE TAKING (SUCH AS VIEWING, PHOTOGRAPHY, ETC.), THE BOARD DID NOT DECLARE ANY BISON "SURPLUS" AND DID NOT TRANSFER ANY BISON INTO PRIVATE OWNERSHIP. INSTEAD, THE BOARD IS ENCOURAGING PRIVATE PARTIES TO PURCHASE BISON ON THE OPEN MARKET IF THEY WANT DOMESTIC ANIMALS. AS THE PUBLIC STATED, WILD HERDS SHOULD BE KEPT WILD FOR THE USE OF ALL ALASKANS.

IN SUMMARY, I WISH TO STRESS TWO THINGS:

1. THE BOARD DOES NOT OPPOSE RAISING BISON, REINDEER, OR MUSKOXEN PRIVATELY;
2. THE BOARD STRONGLY ENCOURAGES THE LEGISLATURE TO SUPPORT THE WILD HERDS OF BISON, MUSKOXEN, AND CARIBOU FOR THEIR UNIQUE VALUES TO THE ENTIRE PUBLIC. ALASKA'S WILD HERDS OF BISON AND MUSKOXEN ARE SMALL AND THEY NEED YOUR PROTECTION.

Telephone discusssion with Mr. Wendell Jackson, South Dakota Department of Fish Game, and Parks, Division of Custer State Park, January 31, 1980.

The Custer State Park encompasses 73,000 acres. Because of its size it warrants a separate division within the Department of Fish, Game, and Parks. In the park are free ranging, managed herds of elk, sheep, and bison. The bison are the primary source of income and this income is used to fund the Custer State Park Division (it pays almost all administrative costs).

There are approximately 1400 head of bison in the park. They graze over an area of 25,000 acres and are rounded up once each year to vaccinate for brucellosis. Hunting permits are issued for the mature bulls (over 3 years old, the bulk are 4-10 years) for \$1250.00. These permits are open to anyone, resident or not, and the average is 10 to 15 permits per year. The herd is decreased to 950 head annually, through hunting and auctioning. Of the 400 head which are auctioned, 200 are calves, the remainder being yearlings or two year olds. The average auction price is \$603.00. The principal source of income for the park is from this auction. 500 of the remaining 950 head are mature cows. There are concessions and a motel in the park and a few bison are slaughtered annually to provide meat for these services. The bison are classified as "domestic" (as they are in all states Mr. Jackson was familiar with) but they are "treated same as domestic stock with health requirements".

The elk are hunted only by permit. There are 170 permits issued

per year and 70% of the hunters issued permits get their game.
Elk were slaughtered by the state in the past but issuing
hunting permits seems to be a better method.

By Kelly Fike, Aide
Special Agriculture Committee

HB

630

3/3 Teleconference

4/24 Hearing

4/29 Reported Out



Alaska State Legislature

House

HOUSE RESOURCES COMMITTEE

FISH & GAME ISSUES

Alvin Osterback, Chairman

Pouch V, State Capitol
Juneau, Alaska 99811
(907) 465-3715

HEARING NOTIFICATIONS

SS HB630 : Purchasing of fish without a permit / Fishermen's I.D. cards

LL	DATE INFORMED	LETTER/PHONE	INFORMED	HEARING DATE
SS HB 630	4/18	3738	Rep. Nels Andersen, sponsor	4/24
	4/21		Dept. of Public Safety (Requested new fiscal note)	
		6-3456	Commercial Fisheries Entry Commission	
		6-2820	United Fishermen of Alaska	
		6-6366	Pacific Seafood Processors - Rick Lauber	
		276-2181	Pacific Pearl - Royal Devaney	
		4100	Dept. of Fish & Game - Ken Parker	
		2300	Dept. of Revenue (Requested new fiscal note)	



Alaska State Legislature

House

HOUSE RESOURCES COMMITTEE

FISH & GAME ISSUES

Alvin Osterback, Chairman

Pouch V, State Capitol
Juneau, Alaska 99811
(907) 465-3715

HEARING NOTIFICATIONS

Re: Taking & Sale of Fish without a Permit; Fisherman's I.D. cards

BILL	DATE INFORMED	LETTER/PHONE	INFORMED	HEARING DATE
SS HB 630	3/21	4100	Dept. of Fish & Game	3/27
	3/21	3738	Rep. Herb Anderson	3/27
	3/21	4322	Dept. of Public Safety	3/27
	3/24	6-3456	Commercial Fisheries Entry Commission	3/27
	3/21	6-2820	United Fishermen of Alaska	3/27
	3/24	6-2820	Pacific Seafish Processors Assoc - Rick Lambert	3/27
	3/21	5700	Dept. of Labor	3/27

Rep. Anderson
Pulled bill off agenda



Alaska State Legislature

House

HOUSE RESOURCES COMMITTEE

FISH & GAME ISSUES

Alvin Osterback, Chairman

Pouch V, State Capitol
Juneau, Alaska 99811
(907) 465-3715

HEARING NOTIFICATIONS

TELECON.

BILL	DATE INFORMED	LETTER/PHONE	INFORMED	HEARING DATE
Teleconference on HB 665	2/27	465-4100	Fish & Game Dept. - Mary Jablonski	3/3
SS HB 630	2/27	586-3456	Commercial Fisheries Entry Commission Bob Simon, Commissioner John Williams, Commissioner	3/3
	2/25		Public Service Announcements to All teleconference sites: Anchorage, Barrow, Bethel, Dillingham, Fairbanks, Juneau, Kenai, Ketchikan, Kodiak, Kotzebue, Nome, Sitka	3/3
	2/28	586-2820	United Fishermen of Alaska	3/3
	2/29	586-3340	Pam Finley, Atty.	3/3
	2/29	586-3456	Requested fiscal note from Commercial Fisheries Entry Commission for HB665	3/3
	2/29	4322	Requested fiscal note on SS HB630 from Public Safety	3/3
	2/29	2900	Labor Dept.	3/3
	3/3	2300	Revenue Dept.	3/3

(9)

COMMITTEE REPORT

2/18/80

HOUSE

FURTHER:

Date: 1/9/80

Mr. Speaker:

The Committee on RESOURCES has had SSHB 630

"An Act relating to the taking and sale of fish without an entry permit or interim-use permit."

under consideration and (a majority of the committee) (the committee) reports it back with the following recommendations:

- do pass do not pass
- do pass with attached amendments(s)
- replace with CS for SSHB 630 same title
 new title
- and recommends _____
- AND attaches a "Letter of Intent" New Fiscal Note
- reports it back without recommendation
- referred to the _____ Committee

MEMBERS SIGNING
DO PASS

[Signature]

MEMBERS HAVING
OTHER RECOMMENDATIONS:

[Signature]

CHAIRMAN

CS SS HB 630

as reported out of
Resources Committee

(with relevant fiscal notes)
Revenue - Labor / Public Safety

CSSHB 630 (continued)

Travel	=	2.5	
Contractual - Communications	=	2.0	
Hearing Officer - 15 Hearings @ 3.0 ea.	=	45.0	
Miscellaneous - Equipment Rental		<u>1.0</u>	
			48.0
Commodities		.5	
Equipment		1.2	

FISCAL NOTE

I. REQUEST

Bill/Resolution No. CS for Sponsor Substitute for House Bill No 670
 Title An Act relating to limited entry and providing penalties for taking & possessing by (sale of fish without entry permit or inter-Dakuse permit.
 Requested by: House Resources Committee Date: 4/23/80

II. FISCAL DETAIL

Agency Affected _____ Revenue _____
 Program Category Affected _____ Fiscal Services _____
 BRU, Program, or Subprogram(s) Affected _____ Audit Division _____

(Note: If more than one budget component is affected, separate line-item amounts and funding for each component in the analysis section.)

EXPENDITURES (Thousands of Dollars)

	FY 80	FY 81	FY 82	FY 83	FY 84	FY 85
100 PERSONAL SERVICES						
200 TRAVEL						
300 CONTRACTUAL						
400 COMMODITIES						
500 EQUIPMENT						
600 LAND & STRUCTURES						
700 GRANTS, CLAIMS, ETC.						
TOTAL	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-

FUNDING (Thousands of Dollars)

GENERAL FUND	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
FEDERAL FUNDS						
OTHER (Specify Fund Source)						

POSITIONS

None

FULL TIME						
PART TIME						
TEMPORARY						

III. ANALYSIS (See Fiscal Note Preparation Instructions, Section III)

IV. DATE April 23, 1980

PREPARED BY [Signature]
 AGENCY Department of Revenue, Audit Division
 PHONE 465-2320

Original Legislative Finance
 cc: Budget and Management
 Prime Sponsor (First Legislator Named)

THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA
ELEVENTH LEGISLATURE

FISCAL NOTE

I. REQUEST

Bill/Resolution No. SSHB 630
 Title "An act relating to the taking & sale of fish w/o entry or interim-use permit"
 Requested by Representative Osterback Date 3/3/80

II. FISCAL DETAIL

Agency Affected Public Safety
 Program Category Affected NRMEC/Public Protection
 BRU, Program, or Subprogram(s) Affected _____
 (Note: If more than one budget component is affected, separate line-item amounts and funding for each component in the analysis section.)

EXPENDITURES (Thousands of Dollars)

	FY 80	FY 81	FY 82	FY 83	FY 84	FY 85
100 PERSONAL SERVICES						
200 TRAVEL						
300 CONTRACTUAL						
400 COMMODITIES						
500 EQUIPMENT						
600 LAND & STRUCTURES						
700 GRANTS, CLAIMS, ETC						
TOTAL		0	0	0		

FUNDING (Thousands of Dollars)

GENERAL FUND						
FEDERAL FUNDS						
OTHER (Specify Fund Source)						

POSITIONS

FULL TIME						
PART TIME						
TEMPORARY						

III ANALYSIS (See Fiscal Note Preparation Instructions, Section III)

No fiscal impact is projected. Applicants for a Fishermen's Identification Card (proposed AS 16.10.267) would need to use an existing field office of the Division of Motor Vehicles.

No additional cost is projected for the Division of Fish and Wildlife Protection for enforcement. (Similar comment was made on SB 391).

IV. DATE 3/3/80 PREPARED BY Michael Clemons

AGENCY Public Safety

Original Legislative Finance PHONE 465-4122

cc: Budget and Management

Home Sponsor (First Legislator Named)

FISCAL NOTE

I. REQUEST

Bill/Resolution No. CS for Sponsor Substitute for House Bill 630
 Title An Act relating to limited entry and providing penalties...etc.
 Requested by House Resources Date 4/24/80

II. FISCAL DETAIL

Agency Affected Labor
 Program Category Affected Worker Protection
 BRU, Program, or Subprogram(s) Affected Wage and Hour Administration
 (Note: If more than one budget component is affected, separate line-item amounts and funding for each component in the analysis section.)

EXPENDITURES (Thousands of Dollars)

	FY 80	FY 81	FY 82	FY 83	FY 84	FY 85
100 PERSONAL SERVICES						
200 TRAVEL						
300 CONTRACTUAL						
370 COMMODITIES						
500 EQUIPMENT						
600 LAND & STRUCTURES						
700 GRANTS, CLAIMS, ETC.						
TOTAL	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-

FUNDING (Thousands of Dollars)

GENERAL FUND						
FEDERAL FUNDS						
OTHER (Specify Fund Source)						

POSITIONS

FULL TIME	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
PART TIME						
TEMPORARY						

III. ANALYSIS (See Fiscal Note Preparation Instructions, Section III)

Committee Substitute does not impact this department.

IV. DATE April 24, 1980 PREPARED BY Jim Souby
 AGENCY Labor
 PHONE 465-2720
 Original Legislative Finance
 cc. Budget and Management
 Prime Sponsor (First Legislator Named)

THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA
ELEVENTH LEGISLATURE

FISCAL NOTE

I. REQUEST CSSHB 630
 Bill/Resolution No. _____
 Title: Relating to limited entry and providing penalties for taking and sale of fish
without a permit or interim-use permit Date 4/24/80

II. FISCAL DETAIL.
 Agency Affected Revenue
 Program Category Affected General Government
 BRU, Program, or Subprogram(s) Affected Administration and Support, Office of the Commissioner
 (Note: If more than one budget component is affected, separate line-item amounts and funding for each component in the analysis section.)

EXPENDITURES (Thousands of Dollars)

	FY 80	FY 81	FY 82	FY 83	FY 84	FY 85
100 PERSONAL SERVICES		70.4	75.3	80.6	86.2	92.3
200 TRAVEL		2.5	2.7	2.9	3.1	3.3
300 CONTRACTUAL		48.0	51.4	55.0	58.8	62.9
400 COMMODITIES		.3	.3	.6	.6	.7
500 EQUIPMENT		1.2				
600 LAND & STRUCTURES						
700 GRANTS, CLAIMS, ETC.						
TOTAL		122.6	129.9	139.1	148.7	159.2

FUNDING (Thousands of Dollars)

	FY 80	FY 81	FY 82	FY 83	FY 84	FY 85
GENERAL FUND		122.6	129.9	139.1	148.7	159.2
FEDERAL FUNDS						
OTHER (Specify Fund Source)						

POSITIONS

	2/24ann	2/24ann	2/24ann	2/24ann	2/24ann
FULL TIME					
PART TIME					
TEMPORARY					

III. ANALYSIS (See Fiscal Note Preparation Instructions, Section III)

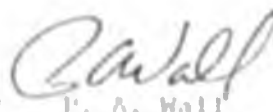
Section 1 requires that the Commissioner of Revenue revoke or suspend certain fish processor and buyer licenses as governed by AS 44.02. A staff conference and typing position will be required. Contractual hearing officer funds will be needed.

Positions - 1 PFT Hearing Officer, R 24 0 \$1,119 = 40.1
 Benefits - 6.9, FICA - 2.7, H.I. - 1.5 = 10.2

1 PFT Clerk Typist III, R 0 0 \$1,277 = 15.1
 Benefits - 2.3, FICA - 1.0, H.I. - 1.5 = 4.8

70.4

(continued on next page)



IV. DATE April 24, 1980 PREPARED BY P. A. Wall
 AGENCY Revenue
 PHONE 465-2111

Original - Legislative Finance
 cc: Budget and Management
 Prime Sponsor (List Legislator Name)

CSSHB 630 (continued)

Travel	=	2.5	
Contractual - Communications	=	2.0	
Hearing Officer - 15 Hearings @ 3.0 ea.	=	5.0	
Miscellaneous - Equipment Rental		<u>1.0</u>	
			48.0
Commodities		.5	
Equipment		1.2	

THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA
ELEVENTH LEGISLATURE

FISCAL NOTE

I. REQUEST

Bill/Resolution No. CS for Sponsor Substitute for House Bill No. 630
 Title An Act relating to limited entry and providing penalties for taking a
Bycatcher (sale of fish without entry permit or inter-house permit.
 Requested by: House Resources Committee Date: 4/23/80

II. FISCAL DETAIL

Agency Affected _____ Revenue _____
 Program Category Affected _____ Fiscal Services _____
 BRU, Program, or Subprogram(s) Affected _____ Audit Division _____
 (Note: If more than one budget component is affected, separate line item amounts and funding for each component in the analysis section.)

EXPENDITURES (Thousands of Dollars)

	FY 80	FY 81	FY 82	FY 83	FY 84	FY 85
100 PERSONAL SERVICES						
200 TRAVEL						
300 CONTRACTUAL						
400 COMMODITIES						
500 EQUIPMENT						
600 LAND & STRUCTURES						
700 GRANTS, CLAIMS, ETC.						
TOTAL	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-

FUNDING (Thousands of Dollars)

GENERAL FUND	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
FEDERAL FUNDS						
OTHER (Specify Fund Source)						

POSITIONS

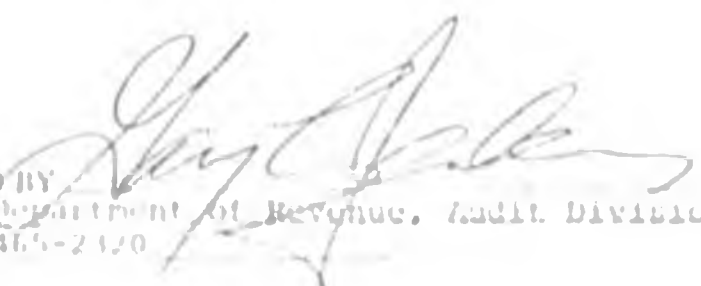
None

FULL TIME						
PART TIME						
TEMPORARY						

III ANALYSIS (See Fiscal Note Preparation Instructions, Section III)

IV. DATE April 23, 1980

Original Legislative Finance
 cc. Budget and Management
 Prime Sponsor (First Legislator Named)

PREPARED BY 
 AGENCY Department of Revenue, Audit Division
 PHONE 465-2120

THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA
ELEVENTH LEGISLATURE

FISCAL NOTE

I. REQUEST

Bill/Resolution No. SSM 630
 Title "An act relating to the taking & sale of fish w/o entry or interim-use permit"
 Requested by Representative Osterback Date 3/3/80

II. FISCAL DETAIL

Agency Affected Public Safety
 Program Category Affected NRMC/Public Protection
 BRU, Program, or Subprogram(s) Affected _____

(Note: If more than one budget component is affected, separate line-item amounts and funding for each component in the analysis section.)

EXPENDITURES (Thousands of Dollars)

	FY 80	FY 81	FY 82	FY 83	FY 84	FY 85
100 PERSONAL SERVICES						
200 TRAVEL						
300 CONTRACTUAL						
400 COMMODITIES						
500 EQUIPMENT						
600 LAND & STRUCTURES						
700 GRANTS, CLAIMS, ETC.						
TOTAL		0	0	0		

FUNDING (Thousands of Dollars)

GENERAL FUND						
FEDERAL FUNDS						
OTHER (Specify Fund Source)						

POSITIONS

FULL TIME						
PART TIME						
TEMPORARY						

III. ANALYSIS (See Fiscal Note Preparation Instructions, Section III)

No (1980) impact is projected. Applicants for a Fisherman's Identification Card (proposed AG 16.10.267) would need to use an existing field office of the Division of Motor Vehicles.

No additional cost is projected for the Division of Fish and Wildlife Protection for enforcement. (Similar current was made on 2/1/81).

IV. DATE 1/3/80 PREPARED BY Michael Clemons
 AGENCY Public Safety
 PHONE 465-4112
 Original Legislative Finance
 cc Budget and Management
 Prime Sponsor (First Legislator Named)

THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA
ELEVENTH LEGISLATURE

FISCAL NOTE

I. REQUEST

Bill/Resolution No. CS for Sponsor Substitute for House Bill 630
 Title An Act relating to limited entry and providing penalties...etc.
 Requested by House Resources Date 4/24/80

II. FISCAL DETAIL

Agency Affected Labor
 Program Category Affected Worker Protection
 BRU, Program, or Subprogram(s) Affected Wage and Hour Administration

(Note: If more than one budget component is affected, separate line-item amounts and funding for each component in the analysis section.)

EXPENDITURES (Thousands of Dollars)

	FY 80	FY 81	FY 82	FY 83	FY 84	FY 85
100 PERSONAL SERVICES						
200 TRAVEL						
300 CONTRACTUAL						
400 COMMODITIES						
500 EQUIPMENT						
600 LAND & STRUCTURES						
700 GRANTS, CLAIMS, ETC.						
TOTAL	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-

FUNDING (Thousands of Dollars)

GENERAL FUND						
FEDERAL FUNDS						
OTHER (Specify Fund Source)						

POSITIONS

FULL TIME	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
PART TIME						
TEMPORARY						

III. ANALYSIS (See Fiscal Note Preparation Instructions, Section III)

Committee Substitute does not impact this department.

IV. DATE April 24, 1980 PREPARED BY Jim Seaby
 AGENCY Labor
 PHONE 465-2730
 Original Legislative Finance
 cc Budget and Management
 Prime Sponsor (First Legislator Named)

THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA
ELEVENTH LEGISLATURE

FISCAL NOTE

I. REQUEST

Bill/Resolution No. SSIB 630
Title "An act relating to the taking & sale of fish w/o entry of interim-time permit"
Requested by Representative Osterback Date 3/3/80

II. FISCAL DETAIL

Agency Affected Public Safety
Program Category Affected NRMC/Public Protection
BRU, Program, or Subprogram(s) Affected _____
(Note: If more than one budget component is affected, separate line-item amounts and funding for each component in the analysis section.)
EXPENDITURES (Thousands of Dollars)

	FY 80	FY 81	FY 82	FY 83	FY 84	FY 85
100 PERSONAL SERVICES						
200 TRAVEL						
300 CONTRACTUAL						
400 COMMODITIES						
500 EQUIPMENT						
600 LAND & STRUCTURES						
700 GRANTS, CLAIMS, ETC.						
TOTAL		0	0	0		

FUNDING (Thousands of Dollars)

GENERAL FUND	FY 80	FY 81	FY 82	FY 83	FY 84	FY 85
FEDERAL FUNDS						
OTHER (Specify Fund Source)						

POSITIONS

FULL TIME	FY 80	FY 81	FY 82	FY 83	FY 84	FY 85
PART TIME						
TEMPORARY						

III. ANALYSIS (See Fiscal Note Preparation Instructions, Section III)

No fiscal impact is projected. Applicants for a Fisherman's Identification Card (proposed AS 16.19.267) would need to use an existing field office of the Division of Motor Vehicles.

No additional cost is projected for the Division of Fish and Wildlife Protection for enforcement. (Similar comment was made on SB 391).

IV. DATE 3/3/80 PREPARED BY Michael Clemens
AGENCY Public Safety
PHONE 465-4127
Original Legislative Finance
cc Budget and Management
Prime Sponsor (First Legislator Named)

TELEGRAM

ALASCOM, INC.
PHONE: 586-6442
ANCHORAGE, AK 99502

SSH630

JUN 25 11 1 44



02553 NL ANCHORAGE ALASKA 179 24-22 4 15P AST
PMS REP ALVIN OSTERBACK
CO-CHAIRMAN OF HOUSE RESOURCES COMMITTEE
JUN

RE SSH630 SEC. 2. AS16.10.294(C) IS AMENDED TO READ

(C) IF A LICENSED FISH PROCESSOR OR PRIMARY FISH BUYER FAILS TO FULFILL HIS OBLIGATION AS SET OUT IN AS16.1029M OR PURCHASES RAW FISH IN VIOLATION OF AS16.10.265, HIS LICENSE SHALL BE SUSPENDED FOR A PERIOD OF TIME THE COMMISSIONER DETERMINES IS APPROPRIATE. AFTER THREE SUSPENSIONS HIS LICENSE MAY BE PERMANENTLY REVOKED.

PACIFIC PEARL SEAFOODS STRONGLY OBJECTS TO THIS AMENDMENT TO SSH630. WE FEEL THAT THE RESPONSIBILITY FOR POLICING THE FISHERMEN SHOULD NOT FALL ON THE PROCESSOR. THIS IS A JOB FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY, IT IS WHAT THEY ARE GETTING PAID FOR. OUR EMPLOYEES WORKING THE FISH TENDERS ARE ONLY PART TIME AND ARE NOT HIRED TO TAKE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF HAVING OUR LICENSE SUSPENDED OR REVOKED.

THE LIABILITY TO US AS PROCESSORS IN THIS SITUATION IS FAR TOO GREAT AND CANNOT BE JUSTIFIED. WE CANNOT LIVE WITH IT OR OPERATE UNDER THOSE CONDITIONS. WE STRONGLY URGE--DEMAND--THAT THIS AMENDMENT BE DELETED FROM SSH630.

ROYAL J. DEVANEY ALASKA SERVICES MANAGER PACIFIC PEARL SEAFOODS

**THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA
ELEVENTH LEGISLATURE**

FISCAL NOTE

I. REQUEST

Bill/Resolution No. Sponsor Substitute for House Bill 630
 Title An Act re the taking and sale of fish without an entry permit
 Requested by A Date 2/25/80

II. FISCAL DETAIL

Agency Affected Labor
 Program Category Affected Worker Protection
 BRU Program, or Subprogram(s) Affected Wage and Hour, Administration
 (Note: If more than one budget component is affected, separate line-item amounts and funding for each component in the analysis section.)

EXPENDITURES (Thousands of Dollars)

	FY 80	FY 81	FY 82	FY 83	FY 84	FY 85
100 PERSONAL SERVICES	0	77.3	77.3	77.3	77.3	77.3
200 TRAVEL	0	8.5	9.1	9.7	10.4	11.1
300 CONTRACTUAL	0	17.2	18.4	19.6	21.0	22.5
400 COMMODITIES	0	0	0	1.0	1.0	1.1
500 EQUIPMENT	0	3.3	0	0	0	0
600 LAND & STRUCTURES	0	0	0	0	0	0
700 GRANTS, CLAIMS, ETC.	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	107.1	105.7	107.6	109.7	112.0

FUNDING (Thousands of Dollars)

GENERAL FUND	0	107.1	105.7	107.6	109.7	112.0
FEDERAL FUNDS						
OTHER (Specify Fund Source)						

POSITIONS

FULL TIME	0	3	3	3	3	3
PART TIME	0	0	0	0	0	0
TEMPORARY	0	0	0	0	0	0

III. ANALYSIS (See Fiscal Note Preparation Instructions, Section III)

- Request effective date July 1, 1980.
- Salary schedule: 1980 - 1981 - 1982 - 1983 - 1984 - 1985
- Temporary positions: 1980 - 1981 - 1982 - 1983 - 1984 - 1985

IV. DATE _____ **PREPARED BY** _____

Checked by _____
 Date _____

Checked by _____
 Date _____

Checked by _____
 Date _____

Wage & Hour Investigator I			TITLE	16 A	PARG UNIT	GGU	LOCATION	Juneau	AGENCY	GGU	APPROV	DATE									
DET	STATE	MONTHS	12	PRIORITY	1	112	PAGE LINE														
<table border="1"> <tr> <td>2,132 P/M</td> <td>25,584</td> </tr> <tr> <td>.1542</td> <td>3,945</td> </tr> <tr> <td>.06</td> <td>1,701</td> </tr> <tr> <td>127 x 12</td> <td>1,524</td> </tr> </table>			2,132 P/M	25,584	.1542	3,945	.06	1,701	127 x 12	1,524	<p>Pers. Service: Salary schedule effective 3/16/80. Travel: Extensive travel to all areas in the state. Contractual Services: Cost per position for proposed FY '81 Budget plus amendment. (99.0 ÷ 19), plus chartering cost to remote areas. Commodities: Cost per position for FY '81 Budget (5.2 ÷ 19). Equipment: Desk, chair, dictating equipment, etc.</p> <p><u>Justification for position:</u> This position is needed to promulgate regulations to implement that act. To investigate violations and to hold hearings on suspension, and revocations. This investigator will be required to hold hearings in locations where possible violations may reside, to interview witnesses, and to gather evidence.</p>										
2,132 P/M	25,584																				
.1542	3,945																				
.06	1,701																				
127 x 12	1,524																				
FOR B&M USE ONLY																					

13 REQUEST FOR NEW POSITION

PROTECTION
 Wage & Hour
 Wage & Hour Admin.

FY 81

REVISOR

SSHB 630

BILL ANALYSIS

ASSIGNMENT DATE _____

UNASSIGNED _____

DEPARTMENT	SPONSOR (PRINCIPAL)	BILL NO.
Public Safety	Representative Nels Anderson	SSHB630

DEPARTMENT POSITION
Support with amendment

DIVISION DIRECTOR	DATE	COMMISSIONER	DATE
Colonel Fred Woldstad, FWP Robert J. Rowan, DMV	3-17-80	William R. Nix	3-17-80

GOVERNOR'S OFFICE USE

POSITION NOTED POSITION APPROVED POSITION DISAPPROVED

BY: _____ DATE: _____

SUMMARY

(1) RELATED BILLS (SIMILAR OR CONFLICTING)
(2) OTHER AGENCIES AFFECTED BY BILL

(2) a. ORGANIZATIONAL SUPPORT FOR BILL		(2) b. ORGANIZATIONAL OPPOSITION TO BILL
--	--	--

(3) PROGRAM EFFECTS OF BILL

Would be no fiscal impact as long as applicant are required to use existing field offices of the Division of Motor Vehicles.

(4) FISCAL IMPACT NONE FISCAL ANALYSIS ATTACHED

(5) AMENDMENTS PROPOSED

#1: Page 2, line 1, change AS28.15.080 to 28.15.111 (080 no longer exists)
#2: Change 16.10.26" (c) from "class B misdemeanor" to "Class A Misdemeanor" in accordance with AS 11.56.210.

(6) COMMENTS

The bill does solve a major problem being now detected in the various fisheries throughout the state, that being the lease or loan of entry permits.

Personal identification is important to the integrity of the permits and this bill does support the picture ID, and the inspection by peace officer. Do not see any reason for another type of identification card, being as bill permits two forms of photographic ID presently in use, those being the drivers license, and/or personal identification card. The personal identification card presently has room to include the entry permit number if so desired.

THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA
ELEVENTH LEGISLATURE

FISCAL NOTE

I. REQUEST

Bill/Resolution No. Sponsor Substitute for House Bill 630
 Title An Act relating to the taking and sale of fish without an entry permit.
 Requested by Anderson Date 2/25/80

II. FISCAL DETAIL

Agency Affected Labor
 Program Category Affected Worker Protection
 BRU, Program, or Subprogram(s) Affected Wage and Hour, Administration
 (Note: If more than one budget component is affected, separate line-item amounts and funding for each component in the analysis section.)

EXPENDITURES (Thousands of Dollars)

	FY 80	FY 81	FY 82	FY 83	FY 84	FY 85
100 PERSONAL SERVICES	0	77.3	77.3	77.3	77.3	77.3
200 TRAVEL	0	8.5	9.1	9.7	10.4	11.1
300 CONTRACTUAL	0	17.2	18.4	19.6	21.0	22.5
400 COMMODITIES	0	.8	.9	1.0	1.0	1.1
500 EQUIPMENT	0	3.3	0	0	0	0
600 LAND & STRUCTURES	0	0	0	0	0	0
700 GRANTS, CLAIMS, ETC.	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	107.1	105.7	107.6	109.7	112.0

FUNDING (Thousands of Dollars)

	FY 80	FY 81	FY 82	FY 83	FY 84	FY 85
GENERAL FUND	0	107.1	105.7	107.6	109.7	112.0
FEDERAL FUNDS						
OTHER (Specify Fund Source)						

POSITIONS

	FY 80	FY 81	FY 82	FY 83	FY 84	FY 85
FULL TIME	0	3	3	3	3	3
PART TIME	0	0	0	0	0	0
TEMPORARY	0	0	0	0	0	0

III. ANALYSIS (See Fiscal Note Preparation Instructions, Section III)

- a. Assume effective date July 1, 1980.
- b. Salary schedule effective 3/15/80. No increase for inflation.
- c. Non-personal services expenditures (200-400) increase at 7% inflation rate.

IV. DATE February 25, 1980 PREPARED BY James Seaby
 AGENCY Labor
 Original: Legislative Finance PHONE 465-2720
 cc Budget and Management
 Prime Sponsor (First Legislator Named)

1	POSITION TITLE Wage & Hour Investigator I	RANGE/STEP 16 A	RANG. UNIT. GGU	LOCATION JUNEAU	APPROV. GDV	DISAPP
2	TYPE OF POSITION PFT	STAFF MONTHS 12	HP No.	PCN No.	PRIORITY 1	FORM 12 PAGE/LINE LEI.

3 TYPE OF EXPENDITURE		AMOUNT
1	2	3
PERSONAL SERVICES:		
4 SALARY	2,132 P/M	25,584
5 BENEFITS	,1542	3,945
6 FICA	,0665	1,701
7 HEALTH INS	127 x 12	1,524
8 TOTAL PERSONAL SERVICES		32,754
9 TRAVEL		7,500
10 CONTRACTUAL		6,750
11 COMMODITIES		280
12 EQUIPMENT		1,250
13 OTHER		
14 TOTAL COST		48,534

JUSTIFICATION:

Pers. Service: Salary schedule effective 3/16/80.
 Travel: Extensive travel to all areas in the state.
 Contractual Services: Cost per position for proposed FY '81 Budget plus amendment. (99.0 ÷ 19), plus chartering cost to remote areas.
 Commodities: Cost per position for FY '81 Budget (5.2 ÷ 19).
 Equipment: Desk, Chair, dictating equipment, etc.

Justification for position: This position is needed to promulgate regulations to implement that act. To investigate violations and to hold hearings on suspensions and revocations. This investigator will be required to hold hearings in locations where possible violations may reside, to interview witnesses, and to gather evidence.

CODE	FUNDING SOURCE
15	FED RCPTS
16	GR MATCH
17	GEN FUND
18	F. A. RCPTS
19	PGM RCPTS
20	OTHER

21 CONTINUATION		
22 ADDITION	XXXX	FOR B&M USE ONLY

4A NEW NUMBER _____ COLUMN NO. _____

AGENCY Labor PROGRAM AREA Worker Protection

BRU Wage & Hour

COMPONENT Wage & Hour Adm'n.

13 REQUEST FOR NEW POSITION

Page 1 of 3

FY 81

REVISI DATE

1	POSITION TITLE Wage & Hour Technician I			RANGE/STEP 12	HAIRG. UNIT. GGU	LOCATION Juneau	GOV.	APPROV.	DISAPP
2	TYPE OF POSITION PFT	STAFF MONTHS 12	RP No.	PCN No.	PRIORITY 1	FORM 12 PAGE/LINE	LEG		

TYPE OF EXPENDITURE		AMOUNT
1	2	3
PERSONAL SERVICES:		
4	SALARY 1,628 P/H	19,536
5	BENEFITS .1542	3,012
6	FICA .0665	1,299
7	HEALTH INS 127 x 12	1,524
9	TOTAL PERSONAL SERVICES	25,371
8	TRAVEL	1,000
10	CONTRACTUAL	5,200
11	COMMODITIES	280
12	EQUIPMENT	1,000
13	OTHER	
14	TOTAL COST	32,851

JUSTIFICATION:

Pers. Svcs.: Salary schedule effective 3/16/80.
 Travel: Estimate of 2 - 3 trips between Anchorage and Juneau travel and per diem.
 Contractual: Cost per position for proposed FY '81 budget and amendment (99.0 ÷ 19).
 Commodities: Cost per position for FY '81 Budget (5.2 ÷ 19).
 Equipment: Desk, chair, etc. (one time cost).

Justification for position: The position is needed to assist the Investigator I in the preparation of regulations. To correspond with fish buyers, fish processors, and fishermen regarding compliance with the law, to audit records, and to assist with hearings.

This position will also need to be outfitted with a desk and other office equipment.

CODE	FUNDING SOURCE	
15	FEDERALS	
16	STATE	
17	GEN FUND	32,851
18	LA DEPTS.	
19	PAID DEPTS.	
20	OTHER	

21	CONTINUATION		
22	ADDITION	XXXX	FOR B&M USE ONLY

4A KEY NUMBER _____ COLUMN NO. _____

AGENCY **Labore** PROGRAM AREA **Worker Protection**
Wage & Hour
 DRU **Wage & Hour Admin.**
 COMPONENT

13 REQUEST FOR NEW POSITION

FY 81