SCOMM

91:4

HB 284

HOUSE BILL NO. 284

"An Act extending the termination date of the State Physical Therapy and Occupational Therapy Board; and providing for an effective date."

HB 284 was referred to the Rules Committee for placement on the calendar.

HR 5

Regarding:

HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 5

Establishing a House Constitutional Revision Task Force to consider and recommend alternative methods by which the state constitution may be revised.

The Speaker appointed the following and stated:

House Constitutional Revision Task Force

Representative Phillips, Chair
Representative Mulder
Representative Ulmer
Judge Thomas B. Stewart
Mr. Ken Jacobus

"In accordance with HR 5, I am today appointing the Constitutional Revision Task Force. This Task Force will study the ways to revise the Constitution, develop alternative methods, solicit public comment, and prepare a report to the House with recommendations on such alternative methods of constitutional revision it deems appropriate.

The members will be Majority Leader, Representative Gail Phillips, Chair; Representative Eldon Mulder; Minority Leader, Representative Fran Ulmer; Judge Thomas B. Stewart; and Mr. Ken Jacobus."

8-LS1576\A
Cook
1/22/94

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO.

IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA

EIGHTEENTH LEGISLATURE - SECOND SESSION

BY

Introduced:
Referred:

A RESOLUTION

Proposing amendments to the Constitution of the State of Alaska establishing a Constitution Commission.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

*** Section 1.** Article XIII, sec. 1, Constitution of the State of Alaska, is amended to read:

SECTION 1. AMENDMENTS. (a) Amendments to this constitution may be proposed by a two-thirds vote of each house of the legislature, **or, under (c) of this section, by the Constitution Commission**. The lieutenant governor shall prepare a ballot title and proposition summarizing each proposed amendment, and shall place them on the ballot for the next general election. If a majority of the votes cast on the proposition favor the amendment, it shall be adopted. Unless otherwise provided in the amendment, it becomes effective thirty days after the certification of the election returns by the lieutenant governor.

*** Sec. 2.** Article XIII, sec. 1 is amended by adding new subsections to read:

(b) A Constitution Commission is established in the executive branch. The Constitution Commission consists of seven members, with at least one member from each judicial district. Members of the Constitution Commission are appointed by a

selection committee consisting of one member appointed by the governor, one member appointed by the presiding officer of the senate, one member appointed by the presiding officer of the house of representatives, and two members appointed by the chief justice of the supreme court. A member of the selection committee serves at the pleasure of the appointing authority and remains in office until a successor is appointed. A person may be appointed to the Constitution Commission only upon the approval of at least four members of the selection committee. A commission member serves a six-year term and may be reappointed, but may not be removed from office. A vacancy is filled by the selection committee for the unexpired portion of the term.

(c) The Constitution Commission may consider any proposed amendment to this constitution. During a first regular session, the commission may present to the legislature one or more proposals for amendments to the constitution. The legislature may not change amendments contained in a proposal of the commission. If a proposal is approved by two-thirds vote of each house, the amendments contained in the proposal shall be placed on the ballot under (a) of this section. If a proposal is voted on in each house but does not receive approval by two-thirds vote in one or both houses, the amendments contained in the proposal may not be placed on the ballot. If a vote is not held in each house on a proposal before the end of the second regular session of that legislature, the commission may direct the lieutenant governor to place the amendments contained in the proposal on the ballot for the next general election.

*** Sec. 3.** Article XV, Constitution of the State of Alaska, is amended by adding a new section to read:

SECTION 29. FIRST CONSTITUTION COMMISSION. Notwithstanding Section 1(b) of Article XIII, as added by the 1994 amendments, one member of the first Constitution Commission shall be appointed to a three-year term, two members shall be appointed to four-year terms, two members shall be appointed to five-year terms, and two members shall be appointed to six-year terms.

*** Sec. 4.** The amendments proposed by this resolution shall be placed before the voters of the state at the next general election in conformity with art. XIII, sec. 1, Constitution of the State of Alaska, and the election laws of the state.

DIVISION OF LEGAL SERVICES

LEGISLATIVE AFFAIRS AGENCY
STATE OF ALASKA

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Juneau, Alaska 99801-2105

MEMORANDUM March 21, 1994

SUBJECT: Commission on the Constitution (Work Order No. 8-LS1576)

TO: Representative Gail Phillips
Constitutional Revision Task Force

FROM: Tamara Brandt Cook
Director TBC

Here is a draft converting the proposed resolution establishing a Commission on the Constitution to a bill. The notes I got indicated that a finding section was requested, but, since no finding language was provided to me, this draft does not have that section. It can always be added. Also, since this is now a bill, some thought could be given to whether an effective date ought to be added. This draft does not have one.

Be aware that the bill raises some constitutional questions. The appointment of members of the selection committee by the governor and the chief justice might be attacked as a violation of separation of powers. Since the committee does not exercise legislative power, but rather, makes appointments to another commission in the legislative branch, perhaps the court would not invalidate this provision. I do have concerns on this point, however. (Bradner v. Hammond, 553 P.2d 1 (Alaska 1976)) Additionally, the Commission on the Constitution, which is composed of non-legislators, is empowered to introduce resolutions proposing amendments to the state constitution. This could be vulnerable to attack as an improper delegation of legislative authority. Bear in mind that the right of the governor to introduce bills has some basis in the constitution. (Article III, sec. 18, Constitution of the State of Alaska)

TBC:pl
94-227.plm

8-LS1279\E
Cook
3/22/94

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO.

IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA

EIGHTEENTH LEGISLATURE - SECOND SESSION

BY

Introduced:
Referred:

A RESOLUTION

Proposing amendments to the Uniform Rules of the Alaska State Legislature relating to the Joint Committee on the Constitution and to joint resolutions; and providing for an effective date.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

*** Section 1.** Rule 1(e) of the Uniform Rules of the Alaska State Legislature is amended to read:

(e) The presiding officer shall announce, not later than the day following election, the appointment of a Committee on Committees consisting of five members including the presiding officer. The presiding officer chairs the Committee on Committees. The committee is responsible for nominating the members of the standing committees as set out in Rule **20(a)** [20] and the member who is to chair each standing committee to serve for the two-year duration of the legislature. The membership of each **standing** committee shall total to an uneven number. **The committee is also responsible for nominating three members of that house to serve on the Joint Committee on the Constitution for the two-year duration of the legislature and the member who is to serve as co-chair.** On each standing

committee **and on the Joint Committee on the Constitution** the minority is entitled to the number of seats that is proportional to the number of minority members compared to the total house membership or to one seat, whichever is greater. In calculating the number of seats the minority is entitled to, fractional numbers that represent the minority proportional entitlement to a seat shall be ignored. The report of the Committee on Committees is subject to approval by a majority vote of the full membership of the house. For purposes of this subsection "minority" means a group of members who have organized and elected a minority leader and who constitute at least 25 percent of the total house membership.

*** Sec. 2.** Rule 20 of the Uniform Rules of the Alaska State Legislature is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

(c) In addition to the standing committees, there is the Joint Committee on the Constitution with jurisdiction over resolutions proposing amendments to the State Constitution. The committee consists of three representatives and three senators. The committee shall, in the house of origin, serve as the first committee of referral for a resolution proposing an amendment to the State Constitution, and the committee shall, in the other house, serve as the last committee of referral for the resolution. The committee shall consider each resolution proposing an amendment to the State Constitution, giving particular attention to matters of style and drafting. The committee, while serving as the first committee of referral, shall hold at least one public hearing on each resolution. The committee may meet during and between regular sessions. The provisions of Rule 21 that conflict with this subsection or with Rule 1(e) do not apply to the Joint Committee on the Constitution.

*** Sec. 3.** Rule 37 of the Uniform Rules of the Alaska State Legislature is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

(c) Notwithstanding (a) of this rule and Rule 44, a resolution proposing an amendment to the State Constitution may only be introduced during a first regular session, except that the Joint Committee on the Constitution may, and the Commission on the Constitution may through the Rules Committee, introduce a resolution proposing an amendment to the State Constitution during the first 30 days of a second regular session as well.

*** Sec. 4.** Rule 49(a)(5) of the Uniform Rules of the Alaska State Legislature is amended

ed:

(5) A joint resolution is the most formal type of resolution and is adopted by both houses and then signed by the governor as a ministerial formality. **Except as provided in Rule 20(c) and Rule 37(c), a** [THE] joint resolution is treated in all respects as a bill but it is not subject to veto. It is usually reserved for addressees outside the state. This resolution is used mainly to express the view or wish of the legislature to the President, the Congress or agencies of the United States Government or the governments of other states. It is required for proposing or ratifying amendments to the U. S. Constitution, proposing amendments to the State Constitution under provisions of Sec. 1, Art. XIII, of the State Constitution, and for disapproval of local government boundary changes recommended by the Local Boundary Commission under provisions of Sec. 12, Art. X, of the State Constitution. Approval of a joint resolution**, other than a resolution proposing amendments to the State Constitution,** requires a majority vote of the full membership of each house. **A vote shall be held in the house of origin by the 60th legislative day of the second regular session on a resolution proposing amendments to the State Constitution introduced by the Commission on the Constitution; if the resolution passes by at least two-thirds vote in the house of origin, a vote shall be held on it in the second house by the 100th legislative day of that session.**

*** Sec. 5.** The amendments proposed by this resolution take effect on the convening of the First Session of the Nineteenth Alaska State Legislature.

8-LS1576\K
Cook
3/28/94

HOUSE BILL NO.

IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA

EIGHTEENTH LEGISLATURE - SECOND SESSION

BY

Introduced:
Referred:

A BILL

FOR AN ACT ENTITLED

"An Act relating to the Commission on the Constitution."

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

*** Section 1.** FINDINGS AND PURPOSES. The legislature finds there is a need to improve and expand procedures for introduction and consideration of proposed amendments to the state constitution. There should be substantially increased opportunities for citizen involvement in these procedures. To accomplish these goals, there should be created a citizen commission on the constitution to make continuing studies of the needs, from time to time, for constitutional change, and to provide the legislature with carefully considered recommendations for such proposals.

*** Sec. 2.** AS 24.08.060(b) is amended to read:

(b) Bills introduced by the legislative council shall be delivered with a letter of explanation to the rules committee of either house and bear the inscription "Rules Committee by Request of the Legislative Council"; bills introduced by the Administrative Regulation Review Committee shall be delivered with a letter of

explanation to the rules committee of either house and bear the inscription "Rules Committee by Request of the Administrative Regulation Review Committee"; bills introduced by the Legislative Budget and Audit Committee shall be delivered with a letter of explanation to the rules committee of either house and bear the inscription "Rules Committee by Request of the Legislative Budget and Audit Committee." **Joint resolutions proposing amendments to the state constitution offered by the Commission on the Constitution shall be delivered with a letter of explanation to the rules committee of either house during a first regular session or during the first 30 days of a second regular session and bear the inscription "Rules Committee by Request of the Commission on the Constitution."** Bills presented by the governor shall be delivered with a letter to the rules committee of either house and bear the inscription "Rules Committee by Request of the Governor"; bills so presented and inscribed shall be received as bills carrying the approval of the governor as to policy and budget impact. The governor may submit a statement of purpose and effect with each bill and appear personally or through a representative before any committee considering legislation.

*** Sec. 3.** AS 24.20 is amended by adding new sections to read:

ARTICLE 5. COMMISSION ON THE CONSTITUTION.

Sec. 24.20.650. COMMISSION ON THE CONSTITUTION. (a) A Commission on the Constitution is established in the legislative branch. The commission consists of seven members, with at least one member from each judicial district. No more than three commission members may be registered members of the same political party. An elected state official, a sitting justice, or a sitting judge may not serve on the commission. A commission member serves a six-year term and may be reappointed. A commission member may be removed from office only for cause and only upon the affirmative vote of at least five members of the Commission on the Constitution.

(b) Members of the Commission on the Constitution are appointed by a selection committee consisting of one member appointed by the governor, one member appointed by the presiding officer of the senate, one member appointed by the presiding officer of the house of representatives, one member appointed by the chief

justice of the supreme court, and one member appointed by the other four members of the selection committee. An elected state official, a sitting justice, or a sitting judge may not serve on the selection committee. A member of the selection committee serves a two-year term and may be reappointed. A vacancy is filled by the appointing authority for the unexpired portion of the term. A person may be appointed to the Commission on the Constitution only upon the approval of at least four members of the selection committee. A vacancy on the commission is filled by the selection committee for the unexpired portion of the term.

Sec. 24.20.660. POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE COMMISSION. The Commission on the Constitution may consider any proposed amendment to the state constitution. During a first regular session and during the first 30 days of a second regular session, the commission may, through the rules committees, introduce one or more joint resolutions proposing amendments to the state constitution.

*** Sec. 4.** Notwithstanding AS 24.20.650(a), as enacted in sec. 2 of this Act, as designated by the selection committee, one member of the first Commission on the Constitution shall be appointed to a three-year term, two members shall be appointed to four-year terms, two members shall be appointed to five-year terms, and two members shall be appointed to six-year terms.

8-LS1279\A
Cook
9/29/93

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO.

IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA

EIGHTEENTH LEGISLATURE - SECOND SESSION

BY REPRESENTATIVE ULMER

Introduced:
Referred:

A RESOLUTION

Proposing amendments to the Uniform Rules of the Alaska State Legislature relating to the joint committee on the constitution and to joint resolutions; and providing for an effective date.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

*** Section 1.** Rule 1(e) of the Uniform Rules of the Alaska State Legislature is amended to read:

(e) The presiding officer shall announce, not later than the day following election, the appointment of a Committee on Committees consisting of five members including the presiding officer. The presiding officer chairs the Committee on Committees. The committee is responsible for nominating the members of the standing committees as set out in Rule **20(a)** [20] and the member who is to chair each standing committee to serve for the two-year duration of the legislature. The membership of each **standing** committee shall total to an uneven number. **The committee is also responsible for nominating three members of that house to serve on the joint committee on the constitution for the two-year duration of the legislature and the member who is to serve as co-chair.** On each standing

committee **and on the joint committee on the constitution** the minority is entitled to the number of seats that is proportional to the number of minority members compared to the total house membership or to one seat, whichever is greater. In calculating the number of seats the minority is entitled to, fractional numbers that represent the minority proportional entitlement to a seat shall be ignored. The report of the Committee on Committees is subject to approval by a majority vote of the full membership of the house. For purposes of this subsection "minority" means a group of members who have organized and elected a minority leader and who constitute at least 25 percent of the total house membership.

*** Sec. 2.** Rule 20 of the Uniform Rules of the Alaska State Legislature is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

(c) In addition to the standing committees, there is the joint committee on the constitution with jurisdiction over resolutions proposing amendments to the State Constitution. The committee consists of three representatives and three senators. The committee shall, in the house of origin, serve as the first committee of referral for a resolution proposing an amendment to the State Constitution, and the committee shall, in the other house, serve as the last committee of referral for the resolution. The committee shall consider each resolution proposing an amendment to the State Constitution, giving particular attention to matters of style and drafting. The committee, while serving as the first committee of referral, shall hold at least one public hearing on each resolution. The committee may meet during and between regular sessions. The provisions of Rule 21 that conflict with this subsection or with Rule 1(e) do not apply to the joint committee on the constitution.

*** Sec. 3.** Rule 37 of the Uniform Rules of the Alaska State Legislature is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

(c) Notwithstanding (a) of this rule, a resolution proposing an amendment to the State Constitution may only be introduced during a first regular session, except that the joint committee on the constitution may introduce a resolution proposing an amendment to the State Constitution during the first three weeks of a second regular session as well.

*** Sec. 4.** Rule 49(a)(5) of the Uniform Rules of the Alaska State Legislature is amended to read:

(5) A joint resolution is the most formal type of resolution and is adopted by both houses and then signed by the governor as a ministerial formality. **Except as provided in Rule 20(c), a** [THE] joint resolution is treated in all respects as a bill but it is not subject to veto. It is usually reserved for addressees outside the state. This resolution is used mainly to express the view or wish of the legislature to the President, the Congress or agencies of the United States Government or the governments of other states. It is required for proposing or ratifying amendments to the U. S. Constitution, proposing amendments to the State Constitution under provisions of Sec. 1, Art. XIII, of the State Constitution, and for disapproval of local government boundary changes recommended by the Local Boundary Commission under provisions of Sec. 12, Art. X, of the State Constitution. Approval of a joint resolution**, other than a resolution proposing amendments to the State Constitution,** requires a majority vote of the full membership of each house.

*** Sec. 5.** The amendments proposed by this resolution take effect on the convening of the First Session of the Nineteenth Alaska State Legislature.

8-LS1279\A
Cook
9/30/93

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO.

IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA

EIGHTEENTH LEGISLATURE - SECOND SESSION

BY REPRESENTATIVE ULMER

Introduced:
Referred:

A RESOLUTION

Proposing amendments to the Uniform Rules of the Alaska State Legislature relating to the joint committee on the constitution and to joint resolutions; and providing for an effective date.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

* **Section 1.** Rule 1(e) of the Uniform Rules of the Alaska State Legislature is amended to read:

(e) The presiding officer shall announce, not later than the day following election, the appointment of a Committee on Committees consisting of five members including the presiding officer. The presiding officer chairs the Committee on Committees. The committee is responsible for nominating the members of the standing committees as set out in Rule **20(a)** [20] and the member who is to chair each standing committee to serve for the two-year duration of the legislature. The membership of each **standing** committee shall total to an uneven number. **The committee is also responsible for nominating three members of that house to serve on the joint committee on the constitution for the two-year duration of the legislature and the member who is to serve as co-chair.** On each standing

committee **and on the joint committee on the constitution** the minority is entitled to the number of seats that is proportional to the number of minority members compared to the total house membership or to one seat, whichever is greater. In calculating the number of seats the minority is entitled to, fractional numbers that represent the minority proportional entitlement to a seat shall be ignored. The report of the Committee on Committees is subject to approval by a majority vote of the full membership of the house. For purposes of this subsection "minority" means a group of members who have organized and elected a minority leader and who constitute at least 25 percent of the total house membership.

* **Sec. 2.** Rule 20 of the Uniform Rules of the Alaska State Legislature is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

(c) In addition to the standing committees, there is the joint committee on the constitution with jurisdiction over resolutions proposing amendments to the State Constitution. The committee consists of three representatives and three senators. The committee shall, in the house of origin, serve as the first committee of referral for a resolution proposing an amendment to the State Constitution, and the committee shall, in the other house, serve as the last committee of referral for the resolution. The committee shall consider each resolution proposing an amendment to the State Constitution, giving particular attention to matters of style and drafting. The committee, while serving as the first committee of referral, shall hold at least one public hearing on each resolution. The committee may meet during and between regular sessions. The provisions of Rule 21 that conflict with this subsection or with Rule 1(e) do not apply to the joint committee on the constitution.

* **Sec. 3.** Rule 37 of the Uniform Rules of the Alaska State Legislature is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

(c) Notwithstanding (a) of this rule, a resolution proposing an amendment to the State Constitution may only be introduced during a first regular session, except that the joint committee on the constitution may introduce a resolution proposing an amendment to the State Constitution during the first three weeks of a second regular session as well.

* **Sec. 4.** Rule 49(a)(5) of the Uniform Rules of the Alaska State Legislature is amended to read:

(5) A joint resolution is the most formal type of resolution and is adopted by both houses and then signed by the governor as a ministerial formality. **Except as provided in Rule 20(c), a** [THE] joint resolution is treated in all respects as a bill but it is not subject to veto. It is usually reserved for addressees outside the state. This resolution is used mainly to express the view or wish of the legislature to the President, the Congress or agencies of the United States Government or the governments of other states It is required for proposing or ratifying amendments to the U. S. Constitution, proposing amendments to the State Constitution under provisions of Sec. 1, Art. XIII, of the State Constitution, and for disapproval of local government boundary changes recommended by the Local Boundary Commission under provisions of Sec. 12, Art. X, of the State Constitution. Approval of a joint resolution**, other than a resolution proposing amendments to the State Constitution,** requires a majority vote of the full membership of each house.

*** Sec. 5.** The amendments proposed by this resolution take effect on the convening of the First Session of the Nineteenth Alaska State Legislature.

8-LS1279\E
Cook
3/22/94

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO.

IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA

EIGHTEENTH LEGISLATURE - SECOND SESSION

BY

Introduced:
Referred:

A RESOLUTION

Proposing amendments to the Uniform Rules of the Alaska State Legislature relating to the Joint Committee on the Constitution and to joint resolutions; and providing for an effective date.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

*** Section 1.** Rule 1(e) of the Uniform Rules of the Alaska State Legislature is amended to read:

(e) The presiding officer shall announce, not later than the day following election, the appointment of a Committee on Committees consisting of five members including the presiding officer. The presiding officer chairs the Committee on Committees. The committee is responsible for nominating the members of the standing committees as set out in Rule **20(a)** [20] and the member who is to chair each standing committee to serve for the two-year duration of the legislature. The membership of each **standing** committee shall total to an uneven number. **The committee is also responsible for nominating three members of that house to serve on the Joint Committee on the Constitution for the two-year duration of the legislature and the member who is to serve as co-chair.** On each standing

committee **and on the Joint Committee on the Constitution** the minority is entitled to the number of seats that is proportional to the number of minority members compared to the total house membership or to one seat, whichever is greater. In calculating the number of seats the minority is entitled to, fractional numbers that represent the minority proportional entitlement to a seat shall be ignored. The report of the Committee on Committees is subject to approval by a majority vote of the full membership of the house. For purposes of this subsection "minority" means a group of members who have organized and elected a minority leader and who constitute at least 25 percent of the total house membership.

* **Sec. 2.** Rule 20 of the Uniform Rules of the Alaska State Legislature is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

(c) In addition to the standing committees, there is the Joint Committee on the Constitution with jurisdiction over resolutions proposing amendments to the State Constitution. The committee consists of three representatives and three senators. The committee shall, in the house of origin, serve as the first committee of referral for a resolution proposing an amendment to the State Constitution, and the committee shall, in the other house, serve as the last committee of referral for the resolution. The committee shall consider each resolution proposing an amendment to the State Constitution, giving particular attention to matters of style and drafting. The committee, while serving as the first committee of referral, shall hold at least one public hearing on each resolution. The committee may meet during and between regular sessions. The provisions of Rule 21 that conflict with this subsection or with Rule 1(e) do not apply to the Joint Committee on the Constitution.

* **Sec. 3.** Rule 37 of the Uniform Rules of the Alaska State Legislature is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

(c) Notwithstanding (a) of this rule and Rule 44, a resolution proposing an amendment to the State Constitution may only be introduced during a first regular session, except that the Joint Committee on the Constitution may, and the Commission on the Constitution may through the Rules Committee, introduce a resolution proposing an amendment to the State Constitution during the first 30 days of a second regular session as well.

* **Sec. 4.** Rule 49(a)(5) of the Uniform Rules of the Alaska State Legislature is amended

to read:

(5) A joint resolution is the most formal type of resolution and is adopted by both houses and then signed by the governor as a ministerial formality. **Except as provided in Rule 20(c) and Rule 37(c), a** [THE] joint resolution is treated in all respects as a bill but it is not subject to veto. It is usually reserved for addressees outside the state. This resolution is used mainly to express the view or wish of the legislature to the President, the Congress or agencies of the United States Government or the governments of other states. It is required for proposing or ratifying amendments to the U. S. Constitution, proposing amendments to the State Constitution under provisions of Sec. 1, Art. XIII, of the State Constitution, and for disapproval of local government boundary changes recommended by the Local Boundary Commission under provisions of Sec. 12, Art. X, of the State Constitution. Approval of a joint resolution**, other than a resolution proposing amendments to the State Constitution,** requires a majority vote of the full membership of each house. **A vote shall be held in the house of origin by the 60th legislative day of the second regular session on a resolution proposing amendments to the State Constitution introduced by the Commission on the Constitution; if the resolution passes by at least two-thirds vote in the house of origin, a vote shall be held on it in the second house by the 100th legislative day of that session.**

*** Sec. 5.** The amendments proposed by this resolution take effect on the convening of the First Session of the Nineteenth Alaska State Legislature.