

SCOMM

#6:2

Question	Kodiak	Anchorage	Palmer	Seward	Homestead	Kenai
2 Yes	15	29	7	11	5	8
2 NO	10	4	5	3	2	5
3 <u>Yes</u>	24	29	13	13	6	9
3 NO	8	2	1	8	1	3
4 State	4	3	2	2	4	8
Local	10	5	4	4	2	3
family	1	5	2	2	0	4
individual	7	9	4	7	3	3
5 Yes	7	5	3	4	0	1
NO	18	30	9	11	8	13
6 Yes	12	8	4	7	1	4
NO	13	25	10	9	7	9
7 Yes	19	25	19	14	7	11
NO	3	6	0	1	0	1
8						

PLEASE NOTE: THE FOLLOWING PAGES WERE TREATED
AS A UNIT IN THE ORIGINAL DOCUMENT.

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why _____
 no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

- state
- local community
- family
- individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no *wise response*

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes *overwhelming*
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- raise liquor industry taxes
- raise price of drinks
- provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- close bars at 2:00 AM
- increase enforcement of liquor laws
- place greater emphasis on education
- place greater emphasis on treatment
- provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

8 yes ~~777~~ /// Why _____

5 no ~~777~~ _____

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

9 yes ~~777~~ ///

3 no ///

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

8 state ~~777~~ ///

3 local community ///

-- family

3 individual ///

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

1 yes /

13 no ~~777~~ ~~777~~ ///

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

7 yes ///

9 no ~~777~~ ///

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

11 yes ~~777~~ ~~777~~ /

1 no /

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

(5)	(4)	(3)	(2)	(1)	
///				///	increase more money for state alcoholism programs
	///		///	///	increase more money for local alcoholism programs
	///				raise liquor industry taxes
					raise price of drinks
///		///		///	provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
			///		close bars at 2:00 AM
	///				increase enforcement of liquor laws
///		///		///	place greater emphasis on education
///	///	///	///	///	place greater emphasis on treatment
			///		provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

1 (15) yes IIII IIII IIII Why _____

1 (10) no IIII IIII _____

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

11 (24) yes IIII IIII IIII IIII

_____ no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

(1) other I

(4) state IIII

1 (10) local community IIII IIII

(1) family I

1 (7) individual IIII IIII

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

(7) yes IIII II

11 (18) no IIII IIII IIII

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

1 (12) yes IIII IIII II

1 (13) no IIII IIII IIII

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

(19) yes IIII IIII IIII IIII

1 (3) no IIII

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

	5	4	3	2	1	
increase more money for state alcoholism programs						2
increase more money for local alcoholism programs						3
raise liquor industry taxes						4
raise price of drinks						5
provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source						6
close bars at 2:00 AM						7
increase enforcement of liquor laws						8
place greater emphasis on education						9
place greater emphasis on treatment						10
provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs						11

9) Other Comments _____

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1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

7 yes ~~###~~ // Why _____

5 no ~~###~~ _____

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

13 yes ~~###~~ ~~###~~ ~~///~~

1 no /

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

2 state //

4 local community ~~///~~

2 family //

4 individual ~~///~~

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

3 yes ~~///~~

9 no ~~###~~ ~~///~~

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

4 yes ~~///~~

10 no ~~###~~ ~~###~~

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

19 yes ~~###~~ ~~###~~ ~~///~~

_____ no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

(5)	(7)	(3)	(2)	(1)	
			///	//	increase more money for state alcoholism programs
			///	///	increase more money for local alcoholism programs
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					raise price of drinks
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			///	//	place greater emphasis on education
	//				place greater emphasis on treatment
		//			provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

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1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

(1) yes ~~THH THH I~~ Why _____

(2) no ~~II/~~ _____

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

(13) yes ~~THH THH III~~

 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

(2) state ~~II~~

(4) local community ~~IIII~~

(5) family ~~II~~

(7) individual ~~THH II~~

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

(4) yes ~~IIII~~

(11) no ~~THH THH I~~

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

(7) yes ~~THH II~~

(9) no ~~THH IIII~~

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?.

(14) yes ~~THH THH IIII~~

(1) no ~~I~~

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

(6)	(7)	(3)	(2)	(1)	
			II		increase more money for state alcoholism programs
		IIII	II	IIII	increase more money for local alcoholism programs
		II	II		raise liquor industry taxes
					raise price of drinks
		II			provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
		II	II		close bars at 2:00 AM
			II		increase enforcement of liquor laws
	III		IIII	IIII	place greater emphasis on education
	II				place greater emphasis on treatment
	II		II		provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

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1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

5 yes ~~###~~ Why _____

2 no //

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

6 yes ~~###~~ /

1 no /

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

_____ state

2 local community //

_____ family

3 individual ///

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

_____ yes

8 no ~~###~~ ///

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

1 yes /

7 no ~~###~~ //

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

7 yes ~~###~~ //

_____ no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

(5)	(4)	3	2	1	
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					increase more money for local alcoholism programs
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					place greater emphasis on treatment
					provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

*to escape problems,
also perhaps they get "hooked" w/o realizing
it's a problem*

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why _____
 no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- raise liquor industry taxes
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- place greater emphasis on treatment
- provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

loneliness self pity
unhappiness

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why _____
 no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

2 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
1 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
____ raise liquor industry taxes
____ raise price of drinks
3 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
____ close bars at 2:00 AM
____ increase enforcement of liquor laws
____ place greater emphasis on education
4 place greater emphasis on treatment
5 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments See you in a bit

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

He doesn't have either a psychological or physical tolerance for alcohol or probably any other drug

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why alcohol completely controls the alcoholic all of the time.
 no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no but give someone like Mr. Foxley the chance to be on duty on a 24 hr. basis

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no (not the problem drinker - just those who can't afford that bottle at the time)

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes (To at least be sent in for evaluation by a group that is qualified)
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank. These can't be numbered as to priority

- increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- raise liquor industry taxes
- raise price of drinks
- provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- close bars at 2:00 AM
- increase enforcement of liquor laws
- place greater emphasis on education
- place greater emphasis on treatment
- provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments We need money & laws to support the

Local program that is now trying to operate. Please help
in info.

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Alcohol is a socially accepted drug with a great mystic about it that people are encouraged to believe is a way of dealing with stress but some people's systems can't handle alcohol

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why They both endanger themselves & others by their behavior

no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 1 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 2 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- raise liquor industry taxes
- raise price of drinks
- 5 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- close bars at 2:00 AM
- increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 4 place greater emphasis on education
- 3 place greater emphasis on treatment
- provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Self pity

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why A Heavy drinker is a Alcoholic
 no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no But it could help support a Alcohol Treatment Center.

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- raise liquor industry taxes
- raise price of drinks
- provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- close bars at 2:00 AM
- increase enforcement of liquor laws
- place greater emphasis on education
- place greater emphasis on treatment
- provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

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1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Nothing that's do, resentment, mental problems

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why _____
 no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 3 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 2 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- _____ raise liquor industry taxes
- _____ raise price of drinks
- _____ provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- _____ close bars at 2:00 AM
- _____ increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 1 place greater emphasis on education
- 4 place greater emphasis on treatment
- 5 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

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1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

BECAUSE THEY DRINK ALCOHOL

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why BECAUSE THE ALCOHOLIC CAN

no

NOT STOP DRINKING

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3; etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

✓ increase more money for state alcoholism programs

✓ increase more money for local alcoholism programs

✓ raise liquor industry taxes

 raise price of drinks

 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source

✓ close bars at 2:00 AM

✓ increase enforcement of liquor laws

 place greater emphasis on education

 place greater emphasis on treatment

 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments LET'S GET THE ALCOHOLIC IN A TREATMENT CENTER

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Some were born, some are the
ones that go over the line but
they are still alcoholics

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why They both can't handle
it.

no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes if the right treatment

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

2 increase more money for state alcoholism programs

1 increase more money for local alcoholism programs

raise liquor industry taxes

raise price of drinks

provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source

close bars at 2:00 AM

increase enforcement of liquor laws

place greater emphasis on education

place greater emphasis on treatment

provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments

We need more effective
treatment centers.

Palmer

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

People tend to escape from life's pressures into a bottle & it gets out of control.

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

Yes Why one can stop & the other cannot

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

Yes

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

- state
local community
family
individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 2 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
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4 close bars at 2:00 AM
5 increase enforcement of liquor laws
6 place greater emphasis on education
8 place greater emphasis on treatment
7 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments

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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Accidentally

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

no yes Why They Drink Because They Ouve the Drink
X no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

X yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

X state
 local community
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

 yes
X no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

X yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

X yes
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 6 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 5 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- 3 raise liquor industry taxes
- 10 raise price of drinks
- 1 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- 4 close bars at 2:00 AM
- 7 increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 2 place greater emphasis on education
- 8 place greater emphasis on treatment
- 9 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments Mandatory Three Day Treatment For

Anybody Drunk in Public including Drunk Drivers

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

OTHER PROBLEMS THAT ARE NOT HANDLED
SOCIETIES SOCIAL DRINKING
INTRODUCING YOUNG PEOPLE TO IT THROUGH ADVERTISING ETC

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why
no ALCOHOLIC TERMINOLOGY NOT BE A FURTHER STATE

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
local community
family
individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes ?
no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes IN RURAL AREAS
no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 2 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 1 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- raise liquor industry taxes
- raise price of drinks
- provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- 3 close bars at 2:00 AM
- increase enforcement of liquor laws
- place greater emphasis on education
- place greater emphasis on treatment
- provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments HYPOCRISY - DON'T DRINK THE ALCOHOL WE PROVIDE

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Pressures, Guilt

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why

no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

5 increase more money for state alcoholism programs

4 increase more money for local alcoholism programs

raise liquor industry taxes

raise price of drinks

3 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source

close bars at 2:00 AM

increase enforcement of liquor laws

2 place greater emphasis on education

1 place greater emphasis on treatment

provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Frustration injustice
in humanity

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

no yes

Why

As a drug 0 to 100%
a relative factor only

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

no yes

god holds all
living things ultimately

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

- 4 state
- 3 local community
- 2 family
- 1 individual

responsible
in this order

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

no yes

There is a price
for every thing

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

no yes

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

no yes

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 10 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 7 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- 6 raise liquor industry taxes
- 5 raise price of drinks
- 4 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- 3 close bars at 2:00 AM
- 2 increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 1 place greater emphasis on education
- 2 place greater emphasis on treatment
- 3 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments

a multi faced problem
requiring effort from many directions

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

PHYSIOLOGICAL AND/OR MENTAL ABNORMALITIES

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why THE HEAVY DRINKER CAN QUIT IF GIVEN

no

SUFFICIENT INCENTIVE

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community ✓

family

individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

increase more money for state alcoholism programs

increase more money for local alcoholism programs

raise liquor industry taxes

raise price of drinks

① provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source

close bars at 2:00 AM

② increase enforcement of liquor laws

③ place greater emphasis on education

place greater emphasis on treatment

④ provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments THANKS FOR COMING!

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

AVAILABILITY OF ALCOHOL
SOCIAL ACCEPTABILITY
SOCIAL PROBLEMS

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why DIFFICULT TO DIFFERENTIATE
 no IN INDIVIDUALS.

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

THAT SOURCE THAT ALLOWS OR MAKES
 state ALCOHOL AVAILABLE.
 local community i. e. ① laws
 family ② PRIVATE LIQUOR BUSINESS
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- 3 raise liquor industry taxes
- 6 raise price of drinks
- 7 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- 7 close bars at 2:00 AM
- 5 increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 4 place greater emphasis on education
- place greater emphasis on treatment
- 2 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments LIQUOR INDUSTRY SHOULD GREATLY

CONTRIBUTE TO THE PROBLEM IT GENERATES.

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Just like eating in excess anything in excess is harmful. But this is every persons right.

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why _____

no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community ✓

family

individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

increase more money for state alcoholism programs

increase more money for local alcoholism programs

raise liquor industry taxes

raise price of drinks

✓ provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source

close bars at 2:00 AM

increase enforcement of liquor laws

1 place greater emphasis on education

2 place greater emphasis on treatment

3 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments House Bill 196 is ridiculous

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

personality disorders - wide variety
of disorders.

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why _____
 no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

- state
- local community
- family
- individual

} all share respons.

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

possible - getting into civil
liberty order

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- raise liquor industry taxes
- raise price of drinks
- provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- 4 close bars at 2:00 AM
- 1 increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 3 place greater emphasis on education
- 5 place greater emphasis on treatment
- 2 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

social acceptance + don't expect to become alcoholics

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why *heavy drinkers can still control drinking habits*

no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family + *should search for help which should be available,*

individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

increase more money for state alcoholism programs

6 increase more money for local alcoholism programs

raise liquor industry taxes

raise price of drinks

provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source

5 close bars at 2:00 AM

2 increase enforcement of liquor laws

1 place greater emphasis on education

4 place greater emphasis on treatment

3 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

They are allergic in a special way to the chemical alcohol

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why _____

no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community ✓

family

individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

6 increase more money for state alcoholism programs

2 increase more money for local alcoholism programs

8 raise liquor industry taxes

10 raise price of drinks

1 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source

9 close bars at 2:00 AM

7 increase enforcement of liquor laws

3 place greater emphasis on education

5 place greater emphasis on treatment

4 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments Increase public awareness of all the costs involved

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes
 no

Why Alcoholics in ability to control his drink - own started

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- raise liquor industry taxes
- raise price of drinks
- provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- close bars at 2:00 AM
- increase enforcement of liquor laws
- place greater emphasis on education
- place greater emphasis on treatment
- provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Because they wanted to have fun.

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why Because if you are a alcoholic
 no you are a heavy drinker.

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community ✓
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 1 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 2 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- 3 raise liquor industry taxes
- 4 raise price of drinks
- 5 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- 6 close bars at 2:00 AM
- 7 increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 8 place greater emphasis on education
- 9 place greater emphasis on treatment
- 10 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments I wish there were not alcoholics.

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

With social drinking attitudes - it's too easy to become a habitual
drinker - then to use it as escape from the problems that inevitably
come into everyone's life. Sometimes an inherent or inherited inability to handle
alcohol.

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why A heavy drinker can stop & take up his

no

life (after a hang-over, perhaps - or D.T.'s - or alcoholic eq-
ust.

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

2 increase more money for state alcoholism programs

3 increase more money for local alcoholism programs

5 raise liquor industry taxes

8 raise price of drinks

9 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source

10 close bars at 2:00 AM

4 increase enforcement of liquor laws

1 place greater emphasis on education

7 place greater emphasis on treatment

6 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Habitual drinking

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why the heavy drinker has to have
 no his drink - so does the alcoholic

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community ✓
 family
 individual but some of them won't state laws should help the innocent

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes many would not become alcoholics who do it easy to obtain
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 8 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 7 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- 4 raise liquor industry taxes
- 3 raise price of drinks
- provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- 1 close bars at 2:00 AM
- 2 increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 5 place greater emphasis on education
- 6 place greater emphasis on treatment
- 9 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

self prohibition

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why Alcoholics are caught by the law
 no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community ✓
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- raise liquor industry taxes
- raise price of drinks
- provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- close bars at 2:00 AM
- increase enforcement of liquor laws
- place greater emphasis on education
- place greater emphasis on treatment
- provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

They have contracted an illness

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why The alcoholic is sick person
 no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

2 state
3 local community ✓
 family
1 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

4 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
3 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
~~No~~ raise liquor industry taxes
~~No~~ raise price of drinks
 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
~~No~~ close bars at 2:00 AM
 increase enforcement of liquor laws
2 place greater emphasis on education
1 place greater emphasis on treatment
 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments Alcoholism is a health problem

not an industry created problem.
 The liquor industry should not be penalized
 because patrons retreat a disease and home
 over

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

There are numerous things which contribute to a person becoming an alcoholic, social, emotional, physical.

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why *a heavy drinker is not dependent on alcohol and alcoholic is dependent.*
 no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community ✓
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 9 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 6 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- 7 raise liquor industry taxes
- 10 raise price of drinks
- 1 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- 5 close bars at 2:00 AM
- 2 increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 4 place greater emphasis on education
- 3 place greater emphasis on treatment
- 8 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Evidence suggests most are predisposed to development of the disease. Of course they also have to drink.

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why Not all heavy drinkers are

no

alcoholics & vice versa.

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community ✓

family

individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

3 yes tough question

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

increase more money for state alcoholism programs

3 increase more money for local alcoholism programs

raise liquor industry taxes

raise price of drinks

provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source

5 close bars at 2:00 AM

6 increase enforcement of liquor laws

1 place greater emphasis on education (in school)

2 place greater emphasis on treatment

4 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

IT IS A DISEASE

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why ADDICTION FOR THE

no

ALCOHOLIC

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes DEFINITELY

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state ESPECIALLY IN ALASKA

local community

family

individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

2 increase more money for state alcoholism programs

1 increase more money for local alcoholism programs

9 raise liquor industry taxes

10 raise price of drinks

3 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source

4 close bars at 2:00 AM

5 increase enforcement of liquor laws

6 place greater emphasis on education

7 place greater emphasis on treatment

8 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

because they drink until they no longer are capable of choosing to accept or deny the next drink thereby being an addict

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why *a heavy drinker is an alcohol abuser*

no

an alcoholic is an addict

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

1 increase more money for state alcoholism programs

2 increase more money for local alcoholism programs

raise liquor industry taxes

raise price of drinks

3 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source

close bars at 2:00 AM

4 increase enforcement of liquor laws

6 place greater emphasis on education

5 place greater emphasis on treatment

7 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Because they drink enough alcohol to become addicted to it w/ the distinct probability of a genetic predisposition.

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

X yes Why because an alcoholic has an arrestable illness. no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

X yes no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state local community family X individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes X no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes X no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

X yes no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- increase more money for state alcoholism programs
3 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
raise liquor industry taxes
raise price of drinks
provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
close bars at 2:00 AM
1 increase enforcement of liquor laws
2 place greater emphasis on education
place greater emphasis on treatment
4 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Alcohol is habit forming just as any other drug. It's simply an escape from reality. It detourates the ability to think clearly.

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why

Neither can control his drink - "No one ever needed the first drink."

no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

Only those people who spend all their income on alcohol.

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

increase more money for state alcoholism programs

increase more money for local alcoholism programs

4 raise liquor industry taxes

3 raise price of drinks

provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source

7 close bars at 2:00 AM

6 increase enforcement of liquor laws

10 place greater emphasis on education

place greater emphasis on treatment

5 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments *No second chance should be eliminated*

without eliminating the source of the drink.

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

because he can not control himself from drinking forcing him quite or schooling does not help

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why *because a heavy drinker or an alcoholic*

no

does as much damage to himself & community

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 5 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- 0 raise liquor industry taxes
- 0 raise price of drinks
- 0 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- 4 close bars at 2:00 AM
- 3 increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 2 place greater emphasis on education
- 1 place greater emphasis on treatment
- 6 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments *think programs should be there if alcoholics want help but no raising of taxes or forcing them to quite will work.*

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Boredom

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

X no Why _____

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

X yes
____ no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

- ____ state
- ____ local community
- ____ family
- X individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

~~yes~~
X no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

X yes
____ no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

____ yes
____ no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- NO increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- NO increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- NO raise liquor industry taxes
- NO raise price of drinks
- NO provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- 2 close bars at 2:00 AM
- 1 increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 3 place greater emphasis on education
- ____ place greater emphasis on treatment
- 4 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments NO NEW LAWS

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

range of reasons, convergence of physical, psychological & social reasons; community tolerance is important part, likewise education & early experience

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

no

any difference is trivial and academic; commonality essential in terms of abuse & disruption

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes *definitely*

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community ✓

family

individual

all are important

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

but probably problem drinkers would not drink less

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

eg close bars 2 A.M.

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

definitely

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

4 increase more money for state alcoholism programs ✓

3 increase more money for local alcoholism programs

4 raise liquor industry taxes

raise price of drinks

3 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source

3 close bars at 2:00 AM

4 increase enforcement of liquor laws

1 place greater emphasis on education

2 place greater emphasis on treatment

4 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments

these hearings are extremely important for increased public awareness, education, & input to legislation. Thank you

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Physical ^{emotional} predisposition plus environmental availability

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why

Yes in terms of psychological & physical dependency

no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community ✓

family

individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no *as an option or alternative to penalty*

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 7 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 1 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- 9 raise liquor industry taxes
- 10 raise price of drinks
- 6 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- 8 close bars at 2:00 AM
- 5 increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 2 place greater emphasis on education
- 3 place greater emphasis on treatment
- 4 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments

The local program doesn't have the funding to execute as effectively as through a program that they'd like to in-

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Physiological and social reasons. Lack of education
and a permissive society. A permissive society breeds
more drinking.

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why

An alcoholic is anyone who has problems caused
by alcohol regardless how minor

no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes Absolutely

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state should be the leader and set the example for

local community

family

individual

the communities, and people
within the communities

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

6 increase more money for state alcoholism programs

5 increase more money for local alcoholism programs

3 raise liquor industry taxes

raise price of drinks

provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source

4 close bars at 2:00 AM

2 increase enforcement of liquor laws

1 place greater emphasis on education

place greater emphasis on treatment

provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments

Close any bar serving alcohol to an
intoxicated person. Close liquor store that sells alcohol
to minors.

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why physical education
 no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes England was successful in lessening consumption during WW II through such measures.
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 8 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 7 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- 6 raise liquor industry taxes
- 5 raise price of drinks
- 3 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- 10 close bars at 2:00 AM
- 2 increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 1 place greater emphasis on education
- 9 place greater emphasis on treatment
- 4 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Because of a decrease in their alcohol tolerance.

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why With the heavy drinker - he may not as yet advanced to the disease of alcoholism.

no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

2. state

1. local community

3. family

individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

1. increase more money for state alcoholism programs

2. increase more money for local alcoholism programs

3. raise liquor industry taxes

raise price of drinks

provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source

close bars at 2:00 AM

4. increase enforcement of liquor laws

place greater emphasis on education

place greater emphasis on treatment

provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments 8.4 and enforce existing liquor

laws and for violation of existing laws.

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

I feel it's more a lifetime process - usually brought up front by a combination of life crisis which a person cannot cope, & thus turns to drink

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why *alcoholism is a disease which a*

no

person cannot control - heavy drinking may be controlled by a person's will but can't get out of control

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

4 state

2 local community

3 family

1 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

6 increase more money for state alcoholism programs

7 increase more money for local alcoholism programs

raise liquor industry taxes

raise price of drinks

3 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source

close bars at 2:00 AM

increase enforcement of liquor laws

2 place greater emphasis on education

4 place greater emphasis on treatment

5 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments

The first step is to get more money into the community programs so that education & tx. can be done more thoroughly

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Lack of creativity; depression; insoluble personal problems
Instability of body chemistry.

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes
 no

Why many heavy drinkers can stop from
time to time, the alcoholic can not.

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 2 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 5 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- raise liquor industry taxes
- raise price of drinks
- provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- close bars at 2:00 AM
- increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 1 place greater emphasis on education
- 3 place greater emphasis on treatment
- 4 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Overdrinking - perhaps because of personal problems,
perhaps a physical propensity for the disease.

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why

Alcohol affects people differently;
a heavy drinker may not be dependent

no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

} there is a point reached in
drunkenness where reason fails

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual - has to realize he has the disease

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no they need to want to quit

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 6 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 2 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- raise liquor industry taxes has no bearing - this would be silly
- raise price of drinks - silly, also
- 4 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- 3 close bars at 2:00 AM
- 1 increase enforcement of liquor laws - particularly not serving people that are obviously drunk
- 5 place greater emphasis on education
- 7 place greater emphasis on treatment
- provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments Bar owners need to take a more active role
in cutting down the drinker's consumption

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

So broad - questionable - can be discussed to length.

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

no

Why usually a heavy drinker if wanting more times than not has the will to stop.

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

4 state

3 local community

2 family

1 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

when crisis involved yes not all abusers (continuous) will reform to treatment.
 no But some people working in a group their superiors say it is a must and occasionally has a good effect.

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 5 increase more money for state alcoholism programs - educational into local level.
- 3 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- 2 raise liquor industry taxes
- raise price of drinks
- provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- close bars at 2:00 AM
- 5 increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 1 place greater emphasis on education
- 4 place greater emphasis on treatment
- provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments: Early education with proper educators relating to alcoholism. - - School and family awareness

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Who really knows - neither my mother nor father drank - yet I'm AA. I think on my part it was mostly psychol.

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why *I don't feel it's how much nor how often we drink - it's our reaction to it.*
 no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no *This is a hard one to answer.*

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no *We would just have our late 20's + 30's problem*

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 2* increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 1* increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- 4* raise liquor industry taxes
- 5* raise price of drinks
- 6* provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- 7* close bars at 2:00 AM
- 8* increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 3* place greater emphasis on education
- 9* place greater emphasis on treatment
- 10* provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments *I sincerely believe that that there should be*

stronger liquor laws. Closing times should be earlier and no late liquor.

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

I wish I had the answer - however, the frequency of alcohol abuse is correlated very positively.

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why *the alcoholic cannot continuously predict his behavior after he/she drinks.*
 no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community *it should start here and continue to focus on the individual & family.*
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 7 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 1 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- 8 raise liquor industry taxes
- 10 raise price of drinks
- 9 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- 4 close bars at 2:00 AM
- 3 increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 2 place greater emphasis on education
- 8 place greater emphasis on treatment
- 6 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

much more learned people "know" more about
this than I do.

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why depends upon the definition of terms
 no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes a little
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes yes a very few
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

4 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
3 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
___ raise liquor industry taxes
___ raise price of drinks
___ provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
___ close bars at 2:00 AM
___ increase enforcement of liquor laws
1 place greater emphasis on education
___ place greater emphasis on treatment
2 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments good luck

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why _____
 no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 7 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 3 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- 1 raise liquor industry taxes
- _____ raise price of drinks
- _____ provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- 4 close bars at 2:00 AM
- 2 increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 5 place greater emphasis on education
- 6 place greater emphasis on treatment
- _____ provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Medical Science does not know

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why Heavy drinker can stop

no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no Circumstance

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

2 increase more money for state alcoholism programs

3 increase more money for local alcoholism programs

raise liquor industry taxes

raise price of drinks

1 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source

close bars at 2:00 AM

6 increase enforcement of liquor laws

4 place greater emphasis on education

5 place greater emphasis on treatment

7 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why Alcoholic's Can't Control

no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes if he wants it

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- raise liquor industry taxes
- raise price of drinks
- provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- close bars at 2:00 AM
- increase enforcement of liquor laws
- place greater emphasis on education
- place greater emphasis on treatment
- provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics? This is like why is a child a juvenile delinquent. It takes a combination of circumstances & behavior for people to become alcoholics

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why

By definition

no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 9 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 8 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- 7 raise liquor industry taxes
- 3 raise price of drinks
- 6 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- 2 close bars at 2:00 AM
- 8 increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 4 place greater emphasis on education
- 5 place greater emphasis on treatment
- 1 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Social Pressures, maybe coupled with
physical weakness

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

___ yes

Why _____

no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

___ no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

1 state

3 ___ local community

2 ___ family

4 ___ individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

___ yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

___ no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

___ no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

6 increase more money for state alcoholism programs

5 increase more money for local alcoholism programs

___ raise liquor industry taxes

___ raise price of drinks

___ provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source

___ close bars at 2:00 AM

___ increase enforcement of liquor laws

2 place greater emphasis on education

3 place greater emphasis on treatment

1 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

TOO GENERAL

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why MOST HEAVY DRINKERS CANNOT STOP

no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

1 increase more money for state alcoholism programs

1 increase more money for local alcoholism programs

1 raise liquor industry taxes

2 raise price of drinks

2 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source

2 close bars at 2:00 AM

1 increase enforcement of liquor laws

1 place greater emphasis on education

1 place greater emphasis on treatment

3 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

___ yes Why _____
 no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
___ no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

___ state
___ local community
___ family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

___ yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

___ yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
___ no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- ___ increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 1 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- ___ raise liquor industry taxes
- ___ raise price of drinks
- 2 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- 3 close bars at 2:00 AM
- ___ increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 4 place greater emphasis on education
- ___ place greater emphasis on treatment
- ___ provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Social & Peer pressure at the beginning, enjoying the "high" feeling, needing more alcohol to produce high finally physical and psychological addiction

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why

no

heavy drinker has not come to point of addiction and can quit drinking more easily.

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

He accepts responsibility for his actions when he started drinking

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual

Normally, I would say local community, except for the fact that the local unit may be short of funds - also, the state receives the revenue of the liquor taxes

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

Perhaps not with wealthy people, but poor people cannot raise enough money to buy all they want to drink. Higher prices - less alcohol used

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

I was 24 years old when prohibition was repealed. I had 5 older brothers who drank when they were able to get it. From observing them and other friends, I know that alcohol consumption increased fourfold or more

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

Treatment is cheaper than hospitalization or jail and gives far better results!

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 2 { increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- raise liquor industry taxes
- raise price of drinks
- 3 { provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- close bars at 2:00 AM (or earlier)
- increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 1. { place greater emphasis on education
- place greater emphasis on treatment
- provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

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EDUCATION, TREATMENT CITED AS SOLUTIONS

(Continued from page 16)

cost the economy as much by lower productivity and absence from work, continued Dr. Beirne. Voicing agreement to Dr. Beirne's statement, a gentleman in the audience said, "Alcoholism is a disease. But the problems with the stigma, loss of job, family, and friends and lack of insurance coverage, makes it easier for a person to remain a practicing alcoholic rather than seek treatment. We need more easily available treatment," he continued. "Detox is not effective alone. The problems and red tape add to the suffering of an already sick person." "Two years ago in Anchorage we got help, now it's just chaos and red tape", echoed Carolyn Peter.

Don Ryder, director of Alaska Labor Management Employee Affairs, Inc., expressed appreciation to the committee for traveling around the state to find out what the public actually feels regarding alcohol mis-use and alcoholism. "I see much of the friction between government and programs with under funding or no funds at all as a big political game. You don't play the game, no funds. This goes on and on, but it is the alcoholic who still suffers because of the constant red-tape. The answer now is to tie in agencies with each other to cut down on the friction and improve the services available for those who need to be treated," said Ryder. "There is a lot more to this than the Chamber of Commerce getting burnt up over the 'drunks' on the street offending tourists. These are sick people we are talking about", Ryder said.

STREET DRUNKS, DERELICTS CRITICIZED

Conversation continued concerning the "drunks around businesses who wander into family neighborhoods breaking in" and who need to be picked up and held until they are sober. "There is too much protection of wrong doers. They should still be accountable for their actions", were additional comments. The involuntary treatment idea was again stressed with the statement by a lady that three-fourths of the drunks are capable of earning a living, however, "now they are coddled". Bob Lang spoke of teenagers who get drunk, hit another car, and get arrested for D.W.I., vs. the alcoholic who is addicted. Both are problems, but different, he said. "Not everyone who is drunk is an alcoholic", said Lang. A lady bar owner said she didn't like having drunks ruin the good time for other customers. "Can we ask for police to remove drunks?" she said.

Vern Smith, chairman of the Alaska Safety Advisory Committee, said it was determined at the Governor's Safety Conference that the two main causes of accidents were "stupidity and alcohol". Both need education and the best way to apply it is with stricter enforcement of the laws", said Smith. Statements followed to the effect that you cannot legislate morality; if a person wants to drink, tax or price won't deter the disease alcoholism or experimenters; and that the family and employer actually have the best leverage to make or help a person to quit.

COUNSELOR COMPETENCY QUESTIONED

Leonard Nugen, director of the Studio Club, stated that part of the treatment problem was "having 20 year old counselors work with 60 year old drunks who know all the tricks. It just doesn't work!" said Nugen. "We need hard-core counselors", he continued.

"Some of my best friends are alcoholic. In fact, some of the nicest people I know are alcoholic", said Sal-

vation Army Captain David Boyd. "I feel there are standards for alcoholism workers that should be followed. I would like to defend the young alcoholism worker who is trying his best", said Boyd. "I find in the youth working in the field, what they lack in experience they make up for in enthusiasm. There are a lot of people getting well and getting back to work through the efforts of the young alcoholism workers," Boyd said.

Discussion continued that part of the problem lies between the prevention on one hand and treatment on the other. "I feel there is a lack at the state level as far as funds and guidance are concerned. There seems to be a lot of unnecessary friction between programs and there is a real lack of communication and direction from the Governor's office and the State Office of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse," stated one participant.

PREVENTION IS DIFFERENT THAN TREATMENT

A social worker in attendance stated that you cannot easily document what you prevent. "The percentage of funds allocated to prevention should not contain the same rules or method requirements for documentation as do the funds allocated to treatment," she continued. She went on to say that treatment should require built-in evaluation measures so only programs who demonstrate some sort of effective methodology be funded. Speaking as a social worker, she voiced frustration at the duplicatory waste of programs. "The members of the same family can be treated by four of the five departments of the Health & Social Services", she stated. "I wait for the day when we will be able to coordinate just the departments of the Department of Health & Social Services!" Numerous people agreed.

According to Ms. Peter, from her experience in the village areas, Anchorage has the reputation of having the answers for treatment programs. More discussion followed regarding the drinking situation in the villages and how it affects Anchorage programs. Alternatives to drinking in the villages was suggested as a means to alleviate part of the problems. One participant said when the TV station was shut down for a short time in Bethel, the orders for liquor tripled during that period of time because of nothing else to do. Some villages have community centers and places for people to go in the evening, but many of them either do not avail themselves of those options or their recreation places close too early in the evening, leaving nothing to do but drink. Anchorage doesn't lack alternatives, people just have to be educated as to the use of alcohol, according to a lady who says she has been in Anchorage "since it was a village".

COLLETTA OFFERS SUMMARY REMARKS

Senator Colletta said that throughout the hearings, three major areas have been identified: combination of education and prevention; redirection of the entire problem; and rural alternatives to drinking.

In his closing remarks, Colletta told the group, "Don't expect me to write a bill to solve this problem! This committee is going to propose a working draft. Everyone who has attended these hearings will be contacted to work as a catalyst in the community to contact more people. Then, all of us will write a bill to present to the legislature."

Participants with Colletta in the panel facing the audience were Senator Glenn Hackney, R-Fairbanks; Representatives Kris Lethin and Mike Beirne, both R-Anchorage; Patrick Sharrock, director of the Alcoholic Beverage Control Board; and Jerry Abramczyk.

Following the round of hearings in Southcentral Alaska, Colletta is scheduled to begin a trip November 14 to the Southeastern part of the state for hearings in Juneau and 10 other communities.

+ + + + + + + +

8. I have only 3 ratings as I feel them of about equal importance

Some years ago, at a Seminar on Alcoholism, the captain of a freight barge complained of the 5 AM closing hour. His men (Natives), were excellent workers, but would not leave a bar until it closed and were no good for work when returning after 5 AM. He asked for a closing time of midnight, which would allow them time to rest and recuperate.

Education, beginning in grade school, will warn students of the dangers of alcohol, so they have a choice of how much to drink, or of abstaining.

Law enforcement of laws, and excusing drunken behavior, coddles and encourages continued drinking.

Perhaps I should have included no #3 with #2, as there are grants of money from federal sources and foundations that is available. When I read The

question I thought it meant to
fund any program regardless of how
ineffective it might be.

Alcoholism programs should be
continually evaluated to either
eliminate those that are not
effective or to change them to
make them more effective.

Business and gov't employees
should be forced to take treatment
~~and/or~~ counseling if their drinking
is affecting their work. This has
proved highly successful as the
worker faces loss of a job if he
does not control or quit his
drinking.

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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

People become alcoholics because it is a learned behavior with the body unable to properly assimilate the alcohol without adverse effects.

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why Both are symptoms relieved by the drinking
 no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- raise liquor industry taxes
- raise price of drinks
- 6 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- 5 close bars at 2:00 AM
- 4 increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 3 place greater emphasis on education
- 2 place greater emphasis on treatment
- 1 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

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1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

ALASKAN Eskimos - too rapid culture change - transition period
loss of culture "lost"
personal and social disorganization

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes
 no

Why both drink heavily

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

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yes
 no

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*Lack of other interests or places
to meet friends initiates process
with physical dependence taking over*

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why

*The only difference is in the
eyes of the drinker.*

no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

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Excessive consumption of
alcoholic beverages

- 2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why Degree of addiction
 no

- 3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

- 4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community
 family
 individual

- 5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

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 no

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Not necessary in that order

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

- ① Lack of employment, especially in villages
 ② nothing to do, ③ no recreation ④ no programs on alcoholism, ⑤ family problems, ⑥ lack of religious services

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

- yes
 no
 Why ~~Alcohol~~ is Alcohol if it couldn't be controlled it shouldn't be used or consumed

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

- yes but not in every ~~something~~ thing. However if one gets away with it everytime, he will continue to do the same
 — no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

- state
 — local community
 — family
 individual
 A person must want to and make the decision by himself. Of course he needs someone to care for him and show him that there is a way.

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

- yes One can make home brew etc. and also there would be more
 no vandalism and robberies

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

- yes Some as the \$
 no However the money can be used to fight alcoholism

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

- yes there must be something else wrong with a person with a repeated record of alcohol abuse
 — no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 10 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
 1 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
 9 raise liquor industry taxes
 7 raise price of drinks
 2 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
 3 close bars at 2:00 AM
 4 increase enforcement of liquor laws
 5 place greater emphasis on education
 4 place greater emphasis on treatment
 6 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

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- 1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

*Basic personality problems and possibly
metabolic problems*

- 2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why

*I believe there is but I don't
know the dividing line*

- 3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

- 4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual

- 5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

- 6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

*Theory would certainly point that
way but I believe that alcoholics
will find a way to get alcohol*

- 7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

*but required treatment probably
won't be as successful as
voluntary treatment is.*

- 8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

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Stop throwing money away on paper work & tell to people who have had a problem I shall meet with committee any time J. G. Carlier

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

I can only tell you my story some time I have been sober in A.A. 2 1/2 yrs

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why

Does not think like an alcoholic

no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

I paid for my time

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

I got it under any condition

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

Just to plant a seed, He or she will drink again maybe

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

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Laws are not enforced especially with minors and adult buying minors alcohol. This is the start of the problem. IDs should always be checked.

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why

Because a heavy drinker doesn't necessarily abuse family to the same degree

no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

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yes

no

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yes

no

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There should be a law stating that a bartender or liquor store owner can not sell to an intoxicated person. This should be enforced.

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Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

*Lack of self-esteem, inability to cope w/ life's demands,
→ depression, loneliness, etc. Inability to attain
"success" as defined by today's socio-cultural "norms"*

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why *An alcoholic may be dry - a
heavy drinker isn't*
 no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes *One chooses to drink and
realizes he may do undesirable acts*
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community
 family
 individual

*This should be shared
+ church.*

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no *Don't kid yourself!!*

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no *Prohibition didn't*

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes *But most will fail without
motivation*
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

5 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
6 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
 raise liquor industry taxes
 raise price of drinks
4 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
 close bars at 2:00 AM
 increase enforcement of liquor laws
1 place greater emphasis on education
2 place greater emphasis on treatment
3 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

Printed as a public service by the "NEWS from NCA-AR". send
completed questionnaire with any additional comments to the Special Senate
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Don't know - Big chemical reaction sets in and once started ^{drinking} alcoholics cannot stop - while others who drink have no trouble stopping

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why *Heavy drinkers do ^{always} not lose control*

no

Alcoholics (when drinking) always loses control

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

Because he will be made to face his problem

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

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individual

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EDUCATION, TREATMENT CITED AS SOLUTIONS

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Conversation continued concerning the "drunks around businesses who wander into family neighborhoods, breaking in" and who need to be picked up and held until they are sober. "There is too much protection of wrong doers. They should still be accountable for their actions", were additional comments. The involuntary treatment idea was again stressed with the statement by a lady that "three-fourths of the drunks are capable of earning a living, however, "now they are coddled". Bob Lang spoke of teenagers who get drunk, hit another car, and get arrested for D.W.I., vs. the alcoholic who is addicted. Both are problems, but different, he said. "Not everyone who is drunk is an alcoholic", said Lang. A lady bar owner said she didn't like having drunks ruin the good time for other customers. "Can we ask for police to remove drunks?" she said.

Vern Smith, chairman of the Alaska Safety Advisory Committee, said it was determined at the Governor's Safety Conference that the two main causes of accidents were "stupidity and alcohol". Both need education and the best way to apply it is with stricter enforcement of the laws", said Smith. Statements followed to the effect that you cannot legislate morality; if a person wants to drink, tax or price won't deter the disease alcoholism or experimenters; and that the family and employer actually have the best leverage to make or help a person to quit.

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Senator Colletta said that throughout the hearings three major areas have been identified: combination of education and prevention; redirection of the entire problem; and rural alternatives to drinking.

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- 1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

they lack real self-definition - also physical propensities

- 2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why peoples bodies react differently.

no

- 3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

the circumstances may sometimes be considered mitigating

- 4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual

- 5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no - they'd demand raises (half joking)

- 6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

- 7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

- 8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

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JON A. REISWIG, M. D.
BARTLETT MEMORIAL HOSPITAL
BOX 3-3000
JUNEAU, ALASKA 99801
TELEPHONE 586-1211

11/10/77

The commercial sale
of alcohol should
be outlawed outright.
If an individual wants
to have alcohol then he
should be allowed to make
a certain amt. for
home consumption on
his own but no one
should be allowed to
profit on this disease by
selling the product that
causes it. J. Reisinger

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Small social. For multiple reasons including: emotional problems, loss of family stability in our society, lack of religious foundations, widespread acceptance of alcohol by all strata of population, poor diet & easy availability of alcohol product

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why _____
 no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

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*Lack of self worth, self-pity, Attention
Lack of (reluctation) pertaining to
alcohol.*

- 2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why _____

no _____

- 3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no *It depends on the action*

- 4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community *3rd*
 family *2nd*
 individual, *1st*

- 5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

- 6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

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no

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yes

no

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FLASKA HAS NOT SUCCEEDED IN A PROPER PROGRAM UNTIL I STOP DRINKING !!

POSSIBLY DISCUSS ALASKA AND "ALCOHOLIC DISTRICT AREA" (HARRISBURG/OMAHA ARE F105) AND SOME ERD DISTRICT FUNDS TO SET UP MODEL PROGRAM FOR U.S. & OTHER NATIONS NEED TO IT!!

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

EASY ACCESSIBILITY TO "BOOZES"
FOR THOSE NOT HIGHLY MOTIVATED TO OTHER INTERESTS

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why "ALCOHOLIC" GETS DRUNK
"HEAVY DRINKER" DOESN'T

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes TRY IT!!
 no IF HIGH ENOUGH!!

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes DEFINITELY!!
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

FIRST, FIND A GOOD PROGRAM!!

yes DON'T THINK ANY AGENCY HAS COME UP WITH PROGRAM THAT WORKS IF PERSON NOT WILLING!!
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 1-1 DEVELOP MANDATORY TREATMENT FOR ALCOHOLIC
- increase more money for state alcoholism programs
 - increase more money for local alcoholism programs
 - raise liquor industry taxes
 - raise price of drinks
 - provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
 - close bars at 2:00 AM
 - increase enforcement of liquor laws
 - place greater emphasis on education
 - place greater emphasis on treatment
 - provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

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(Continued from page 16)

cost the economy as much by lower productivity and absence from work, continued Dr. Beirne. Voicing agreement to Dr. Beirne's statement, a gentleman in the audience said, "Alcoholism is a disease. But the problems with the stigma, loss of job, family, and friends and lack of insurance coverage, makes it easier for a person to remain a practicing alcoholic rather than seek treatment. We need more easily available treatment," he continued. "Detox is not effective alone. The problems and red tape add to the suffering of an already sick person." "Two years ago in Anchorage we got help, now it's just chaos and red tape", echoed Carolyn Peter.

Don Ryder, director of Alaska Labor Management Employee Affairs, Inc., expressed appreciation to the committee for traveling around the state to find out what the public actually feels regarding alcohol mis-use and alcoholism. "I see much of the friction between government and programs with under funding or no funds at all as a big political game. You don't play the game, no funds. This goes on and on, but it is the alcoholic who still suffers because of the constant red-tape. The answer now is to tie in agencies with each other to cut down on the friction and improve the services available for those who need to be treated," said Ryder. "There is a lot more to this than the Chamber of Commerce getting burnt up over the 'drunks' on the street offending tourists. These are sick people we are talking about", Ryder said.

STREET DRUNKS, DERELICTS CRITICIZED

Conversation continued concerning the "drunks around businesses who wander into family neighborhoods breaking in" and who need to be picked up and held until they are sober. "There is too much protection of wrong doers. They should still be accountable for their actions", were additional comments. The involuntary treatment idea was again stressed with the statement by a lady that three-fourths of the drunks are capable of earning a living, however, "now they are coddled". Bob Lang spoke of teenagers who get drunk, hit another car, and get arrested for D.W.I., vs. the alcoholic who is addicted. Both are problems, but different, he said. "Not everyone who is drunk is an alcoholic", said Lang. A lady bar owner said she didn't like having drunks ruin the good time for other customers. "Can we ask for police to remove drunks?" she said.

Vern Smith, chairman of the Alaska Safety Advisory Committee, said it was determined at the Governor's Safety Conference that the two main causes of accidents were "stupidity and alcohol". Both need education and the best way to apply it is with stricter enforcement of the laws", said Smith. Statements followed to the effect that you cannot legislate morality; if a person wants to drink, tax or price won't deter the disease alcoholism or experimenters; and that the family and employer actually have the best leverage to make or help a person to quit.

COUNSELOR COMPETENCY QUESTIONED

Leonard Nugen, director of the Studio Club, stated that part of the treatment problem was "having 20 year old counselors work with 60 year old drunks who know all the tricks. It just doesn't work!" said Nugen. "We need hard-core counselors", he continued.

"Some of my best friends are alcoholic. In fact, some of the nicest people I know are alcoholic", said Sal -18-

vation Army Captain David Boyd. "I feel there are standards for alcoholism workers that should be followed. I would like to defend the young alcoholism worker who is trying his best", said Boyd. "I find in the youth working in the field, what they lack in experience they make up for in enthusiasm. There are a lot of people getting well and getting back to work through the efforts of the young alcoholism workers," Boyd said.

Discussion continued that part of the problem lies between the prevention on one hand and treatment on the other. "I feel there is a lack at the state level as far as funds and guidance are concerned. There seems to be a lot of unnecessary friction between programs and there is a real lack of communication and direction from the Governor's office and the State Office of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse," stated one participant.

PREVENTION IS DIFFERENT THAN TREATMENT

A social worker in attendance stated that you cannot easily document what you prevent. "The percentage of funds allocated to prevention should not contain the same rules or method requirements for documentation as do the funds allocated to treatment," she continued. She went on to say that treatment should require built-in evaluation measures so only programs who demonstrate some sort of effective methodology be funded. Speaking as a social worker, she voiced frustration at the duplicatory waste of programs. "The members of the same family can be treated by four of the five departments of the Health & Social Services", she stated. "I wait for the day when we will be able to coordinate just the departments of the Department of Health & Social Services!" Numerous people agreed.

According to Ms. Peter, from her experience in the village areas, Anchorage has the reputation of having the answers for treatment programs. More discussion followed regarding the drinking situation in the villages and how it affects Anchorage programs. Alternatives to drinking in the villages was suggested as a means to alleviate part of the problems. One participant said when the TV station was shut down for a short time in Bethel, the orders for liquor tripled during that period of time because of nothing else to do. Some villages have community centers and places for people to go in the evening, but many of them either do not avail themselves of those options or their recreation places close too early in the evening, leaving nothing to do but drink. Anchorage doesn't lack alternatives, people just have to be educated as to the use of alcohol, according to a lady who says she has been in Anchorage "since it was a village".

COLLETTA OFFERS SUMMARY REMARKS

Senator Colletta said that throughout the hearings, three major areas have been identified: combination of education and prevention; redirection of the entire problem; and rural alternatives to drinking.

In his closing remarks, Colletta told the group, "Don't expect me to write a bill to solve this problem! This committee is going to propose a working draft. Everyone who has attended these hearings will be contacted to work as a catalyst in the community to contact more people. Then, all of us will write a bill to present to the legislature."

Participants with Colletta in the panel facing the audience were Senator Glenn Hackney, R-Fairbanks; Representatives Kris Lethin and Mike Beirne, both R-Anchorage; Patrick Sharrock, director of the Alcoholic Beverage Control Board; and Jerry Abramczyk.

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SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Personal Problems, pro-drinking influence

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes
 no

Why They both drink a lot. (SAME)

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 6 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 7 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- raise liquor industry taxes
- raise price of drinks
- 2 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- close bars at 2:00 AM
- 3 increase enforcement of liquor laws
- place greater emphasis on education
- 4 place greater emphasis on treatment
- provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

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2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why _____
 no

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Multiple reasons. Factors include physical and/or psychological predisposition, extended years of heavy drinking, cultural mores.

- 2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes
 no

Why? Alcoholic cannot predict results of each drinking episode his drinking is on the increase - esp. esp. alcoholism symptoms

- 3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

- 4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

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EDUCATION, TREATMENT CITED AS SOLUTIONS

(Continued from page 16)

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+ + + + + + + +

Bob

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1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Being "high" is an improvement over being "low". We have too little satisfaction from our regular routines.

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes no Why They're both habits and dependency

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

- state
- local community (with state aid)
- family
- individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes no (Very little change expected)

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes no (But the bad habits they have)

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes no (at least one time - with an alternative of jail)

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 1 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 6 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- 3 raise liquor industry taxes
- 10 raise price of drinks
- 4 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- 5 close bars at 2:00 AM
- 3 increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 1 place greater emphasis on education - at all ages
- 4 place greater emphasis on treatment
- 2 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

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OVER

LEMS

"Teach cision riment through once a flowed it was urage nclude

orage t was is is ight, ime." dis- got m as ults that

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d - e

Things I would like to see:

emphasize health

try to put a "stigma" on social drinking
more encouragement for boots to
provide alternative drinks - nonalcoholic

heavier enforcement of laws relating to
bartenders who serve people who are
obviously drunk - particularly near
highways i.e. Seward Highway watering
holes.

Re-vote a few liquor licenses now
and then as an example.

Outlaw liquor "sales". People love to
get a bargain. When booze is on
sale they load up. Establish a
"fair trade" price.

Consider state liquor stores (if statistics
from other states that have them look
good).

Outlaw liquor ads in ~~all~~ Alaska's
Alaska newspapers

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See front mark on reverse side

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

There may be a genetic predisposition but continued use of alcohol produces a need for alcohol in the body + a consequent addiction.

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why

many heavy drinkers have the ability to stop drinking. Alcoholics have become addicted + cannot. However fear of drinking over time often over-comes their ability to stop.

no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual

All have a major responsibility but few individuals, families or local communities have the adequate financial base to cover cost of treatment. Most individuals

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

However, the increased revenue could help pay the cost of treatment and rehabilitation.

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

Prohibition was a failure

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

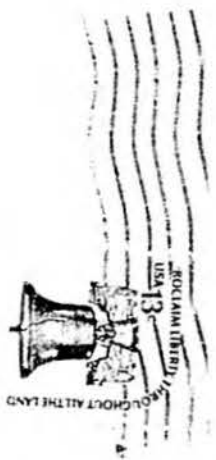
no

Alcoholism is a disease characterized by denial of the problem. We require people to be intoxicated - why not require treatment?

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 3 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 3 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- 4 raise liquor industry taxes
- 7 raise price of drinks
- 1 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
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- 10 increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 3 place greater emphasis on education
- 6 place greater emphasis on treatment
- 8 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

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Special Senate Committee
1016 West Fifth Avenue Suite C
Anchorage, Alaska, 99501

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- 1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

inability to cope with life's
situations.

- 2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

no

Why a heavy drinker might not
"need" or "crave" the alcohol.

- 3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

- 4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual

- 5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

- 6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

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yes

no

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1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

uncertain life goals; blocked opportunity;
habit; acceptance

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why _____
 no _____

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

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 local community
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1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Too many problems, can't handle the
PRESSURE.

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why HEAVY DRINKER will drink a lot
ONCE IN A WHILE - ALCOHOLIC DRINKS all the time.

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is ~~drunk~~ ^{drinking}?

yes providing blood content is ~~not~~ below
legally drunk.

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

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SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

continued; and too often use of alcoholic beverages

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why

they both are problems

no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 1 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 5 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- 4 raise liquor industry taxes
- 6 raise price of drinks
- 7 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- 8 close bars at 2:00 AM
- 2 increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 3 place greater emphasis on education
- 9 place greater emphasis on treatment
- 10 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

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(Continued from page 16)

cost the economy as much by lower productivity and absence from work, continued Dr. Beirne. Voicing agreement to Dr. Beirne's statement, a gentleman in the audience said, "Alcoholism is a disease. But the problems with the stigma, loss of job, family, and friends and lack of insurance coverage, makes it easier for a person to remain a practicing alcoholic rather than seek treatment. We need more easily available treatment," he continued. "Detox is not effective alone. The problems and red tape add to the suffering of an already sick person." "Two years ago in Anchorage we got help, now it's just chaos and red tape", echoed Carolyn Peter.

Don Ryder, director of Alaska Labor Management Employee Affairs, Inc., expressed appreciation to the committee for traveling around the state to find out what the public actually feels regarding alcohol mis-use and alcoholism. "I see much of the friction between government and programs with under funding or no funds at all as a big political game. You don't play the game, no funds. This goes on and on, but it is the alcoholic who still suffers because of the constant red-tape. The answer now is to tie in agencies with each other to cut down on the friction and improve the services available for those who need to be treated," said Ryder. "There is a lot more to this than the Chamber of Commerce getting burnt up over the 'drunks' on the street offending tourists. These are sick people we are talking about", Ryder said.

STREET DRUNKS, DERELICTS CRITICIZED

Conversation continued concerning the "drunks around businesses who wander into family neighborhoods breaking in" and who need to be picked up and held until they are sober. "There is too much protection of wrong doers. They should still be accountable for their actions", were additional comments. The involuntary treatment idea was again stressed with the statement by a lady that three-fourths of the drunks are capable of earning a living, however, "now they are coddled". Bob Lang spoke of teenagers who get drunk, hit another car, and get arrested for D.W.I., vs. the alcoholic who is addicted. Both are problems, but different, he said. "Not everyone who is drunk is an alcoholic", said Lang. A lady bar owner said she didn't like having drunks ruin the good time for other customers. "Can we ask for police to remove drunks?" she said.

Vern Smith, chairman of the Alaska Safety Advisory Committee, said it was determined at the Governor's Safety Conference that the two main causes of accidents were "stupidity and alcohol". Both need education and the best way to apply it is with stricter enforcement of the laws", said Smith. Statements followed to the effect that you cannot legislate morality; if a person wants to drink, tax or price won't deter the disease alcoholism or experimenters; and that the family and employer actually have the best leverage to make or help a person to quit.

COUNSELOR COMPETENCY QUESTIONED

Leonard Nugen, director of the Studio Club, stated that part of the treatment problem was "having 20 year old counselors work with 60 year old drunks who know all the tricks. It just doesn't work!" said Nugen. "We need hard-core counselors", he continued.

"Some of my best friends are alcoholic. In fact, some of the nicest people I know are alcoholic", said Sal-

vation Army Captain David Boyd. "I feel there are standards for alcoholism workers that should be followed. I would like to defend the young alcoholism worker who is trying his best", said Boyd. "I find in the youth working in the field, what they lack in experience they make up for in enthusiasm. There are a lot of people getting well and getting back to work through the efforts of the young alcoholism workers," Boyd said.

Discussion continued that part of the problem lies between the prevention on one hand and treatment on the other. "I feel there is a lack at the state level as far as funds and guidance are concerned. There seems to be a lot of unnecessary friction between programs and there is a real lack of communication and direction from the Governor's office and the State Office of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse," stated one participant.

PREVENTION IS DIFFERENT THAN TREATMENT

A social worker in attendance stated that you cannot easily document what you prevent. "The percentage of funds allocated to prevention should not contain the same rules or method requirements for documentation as do the funds allocated to treatment," she continued. She went on to say that treatment should require built-in evaluation measures so only programs who demonstrate some sort of effective methodology be funded. Speaking as a social worker, she voiced frustration at the duplicatory waste of programs. "The members of the same family can be treated by four of the five departments of the Health & Social Services", she stated. "I wait for the day when we will be able to coordinate just the departments of the Department of Health & Social Services!" Numerous people agreed.

According to Ms. Peter, from her experience in the village areas, Anchorage has the reputation of having the answers for treatment programs. More discussion followed regarding the drinking situation in the villages and how it affects Anchorage programs. Alternatives to drinking in the villages was suggested as a means to alleviate part of the problems. One participant said when the TV station was shut down for a short time in Bethel, the orders for liquor tripled during that period of time because of nothing else to do. Some villages have community centers and places for people to go in the evening, but many of them either do not avail themselves of those options or their recreation places close too early in the evening, leaving nothing to do but drink. Anchorage doesn't lack alternatives, people just have to be educated as to the use of alcohol, according to a lady who says she has been in Anchorage "since it was a village".

COLLETTA OFFERS SUMMARY REMARKS

Senator Colletta said that throughout the hearings, three major areas have been identified: combination of education and prevention; redirection of the entire problem; and rural alternatives to drinking.

In his closing remarks, Colletta told the group, "Don't expect me to write a bill to solve this problem! This committee is going to propose a working draft. Everyone who has attended these hearings will be contacted to work as a catalyst in the community to contact more people. Then, all of us will write a bill to present to the legislature."

Participants with Colletta in the panel facing the audience were Senator Glenn Hackney, R-Fairbanks; Representatives Kris Lethin and Mike Beirne, both R-Anchorage; Patrick Sharrock, director of the Alcoholic Beverage Control Board; and Jerry Abramczyk.

Following the round of hearings in Southcentral Alaska, Colletta is scheduled to begin a trip November 14 to the Southeastern part of the state for hearings in Juneau and 10 other communities.

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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Many reasons: some are physically addicted, others are psychologically addicted. Depends on the person.

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why

Alcoholic has less control over his reaction to alcohol.

no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Various reasons - maybe genetic pre disposition, environment when alcohol used to solve problems, so called "adaptive personality"

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why *if there is, its the "heavy drinkers" ability to stop or cut down, while the alcoholic, being a "deter"*

no

Must stop totally!

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

But thats an impossible & impractical solution - we already tried it!

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

By this I mean - he should be required to attend maybe 3 treatment sessions - then it should be up to him.

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 5 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 4 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- raise liquor industry taxes
- raise price of drinks
- 6 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- 7 close bars at 2:00 AM
- 8 increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 3 place greater emphasis on education
- 2 place greater emphasis on treatment
- 1 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

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- 1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

People find an escape from life's problems by drink - they momentarily feel happy and problem free - Tendency for alcoholism may be hereditary

- 2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes
 no

Why heavy drinker is able to control his drinking - it does not effect his personal, social & business life

- 3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

- 4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community
 family
 individual

- 5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

- 6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

- 7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

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1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Baseborn - Problems.

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why one is A SICKNESS

no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no they'll get it.

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

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- 1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

In my opinion people become alcoholics when they overindulge because they want to go to a social setting and forget about matters at hand.

- 2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why an alcoholic is dependent on alcohol; a heavy drinker is not.
 no

- 3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

- 4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community
 family
 individual

- 5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

- 6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

- 7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

- 8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

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1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

They drink

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why Heavy drinker can usually stop if necessary.

no

as far as public safety is concerned there is probably no difference.

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

2 state Support resources

local community

family

1 individual Motivation

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes Complete prohibition. Other wise it

no probably wouldn't make too much difference

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

2 increase more money for state alcoholism programs

3 increase more money for local alcoholism programs

1 raise liquor industry taxes

raise price of drinks

provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source

close bars at 2:00 AM

4 increase enforcement of liquor laws

place greater emphasis on education

5 place greater emphasis on treatment

provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

I don't know. The rate is high in northern countries, so long winters etc must influence it.

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

no Why I don't know.

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

X yes
no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

1 state
no local community
no family
2 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

X yes
no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

X yes Excluding prohibition.
no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

X yes
no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

3 increase more money for state alcoholism programs.
5 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
1 raise liquor industry taxes (specify use for alcoholism programs)
no raise price of drinks
no provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
4 close bars at 2:00 AM
2 increase enforcement of liquor laws
6 place greater emphasis on education
no place greater emphasis on treatment
no provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

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access to liquor; encouraged by advertising,
TV, movies; parents; Alaskan attitude
toward drinking

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why what is the distinction?
 no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes was already in - etc. The
 no own records, etc.

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

all share in
the responsibility
 state - for programs: de-tox, education,
 local community - program operation plus input.
 family -
 individual - cannot be mandated, so
why include them?

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

This is NOT the intent
of the Gov. legislation
and you people know it.
 yes irrelevant question: The purpose
 no is to raise money to fund expanded
programs.

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

see above
 yes perhaps there would be fewer
assaults, cases, rape, child abuse,
homicide, suicide, etc. - again,
the question is missing the intent.
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes certainly - as would the habitual
 no criminal, sexual abuser, etc

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

same issue increase more money for state alcoholism programs
 increase more money for local alcoholism programs → This corresponds directly
 raise liquor industry taxes above.
 raise price of drinks This will follow raising liquor taxes.
 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
 close bars at 2:00 AM
 increase enforcement of liquor laws
 place greater emphasis on education
 place greater emphasis on treatment
 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs
This shld. not be a privatization
of interpretative issues, one or two
are affected. Then other

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EDUCATION, TREATMENT CITED AS SOLUTIONS

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MASTLY THROUGH DEPRESSION &
FEELINGS OF INADEQUACY. MAY BE
CHEMICAL DIFFERENCE IN ALCOHOLIC'S SYSTEM.

- 2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why THE ALCOHOLIC CANNOT STOP WITHOUT HELP
 no BUT THE HEAVY DRINKER CAN

- 3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

- 4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community
 family
 individual

- 5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

- 6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

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yes
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I don't know. I don't think anyone really knows as yet why some drinkers do become alcoholics if some do not.

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why A heavy drinker can stop if he/she chooses. An alcoholic cannot.

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no probably not, unless the tax were excessive, if then we'd have bottle sitting

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes - maybe, but here again, if it were harder to get legally it would be obtainable illegally

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 3 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
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- raise price of drinks
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Social tolerance of excessive drinking habits.

- 2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why An alcoholic cannot quit ~~with~~ voluntarily
 no

- 3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

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They learn to drink to feel better - a socially acceptable way of (not) dealing with their problems

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

X yes Why _____
____ no _____

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

X yes
____ no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

- ____ state
- ____ local community
- ____ family
- X individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

____ yes
X no (maybe a little)

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

X yes (possibly)
____ no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

X yes definitely !!
____ no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 6 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 7 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- 9 raise liquor industry taxes
- 10 raise price of drinks
- 5 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- 3 close bars at 2:00 AM
- 4 increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 1 place greater emphasis on education
- 2 place greater emphasis on treatment
- 8 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

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SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Physical or Mental Dependence

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

Yes Why

no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

Yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

Individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

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- (1) Role-model of caretaker of child -
ie, child abuse, suicide, etc. also alcohol.
(2) Socialization - easy access.

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

- yes Why Alcoholic - needs constant alcoholic for life.
 no Heavy Drinker - may be periodic drinker.

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

- yes First place he's responsible for all
behavior - ie, for taking drink thus.
 no for the things he does.

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

- state
 local community
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

- yes No - But it would subsidize the
 no costs.

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

- yes Just raise the price - & cause
 no more bar legging.

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

- yes once he believes himself of responsibility
 no for his behavior - society must take
that responsibility.

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EDUCATION, TREATMENT CITED AS SOLUTIONS

(Continued from page 16)

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STREET DRUNKS, DERELICTS CRITICIZED

Conversation continued concerning the "drunks around businesses who wander into family neighborhoods breaking in" and who need to be picked up and held until they are sober. "There is too much protection of wrong doers. They should still be accountable for their actions", were additional comments. The involuntary treatment idea was again stressed with the statement by a lady that three-fourths of the drunks are capable of earning a living, however, "now they are coddled". Bob Lang spoke of teenagers who get drunk, hit another car, and get arrested for D.W.I., vs. the alcoholic who is addicted. Both are problems, but different, he said. "Not everyone who is drunk is an alcoholic", said Lang. A lady bar owner said she didn't like having drunks ruin the good time for other customers. "Can we ask for police to remove drunks?" she said.

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COUNSELOR COMPETENCY QUESTIONED

Leonard Nugen, director of the Studio Club, stated that part of the treatment problem was "having 20 year old counselors work with 60 year old drunks who know all the tricks. It just doesn't work!" said Nugen. "We need hard-core counselors", he continued.

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A social worker in attendance stated that you cannot easily document what you prevent. "The percentage of funds allocated to prevention should not contain the same rules or method requirements for documentation as do the funds allocated to treatment," she continued. She went on to say that treatment should require built-in evaluation measures so only programs who demonstrate some sort of effective methodology be funded. Speaking as a social worker, she voiced frustration at the duplicatory waste of programs. "The members of the same family can be treated by four of the five departments of the Health & Social Services", she stated. "I wait for the day when we will be able to coordinate just the departments of the Department of Health & Social Services." Numerous people agreed.

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1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Because of underlying mental health problems

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

no

Why Alcohol abuse (periodic heavy drinking) causes as many problems (more actually) than people who are physically addicted

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

1 state

2 local community

4 family

3 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

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no

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I am an M.D. practicing in rural Alaska.

EDUCATION, TREATMENT CITED AS SOLUTIONS

(Continued from page 16)

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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Pressures of modern day life
Easy access to alcoholic beverages
lack of recreational outlets

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why

Both are addicted to alcoholic beverages with the same results.

no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 6 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 5 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- 1 raise liquor industry taxes
- 3 raise price of drinks (This would result from 1)
- 8 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- 4 close bars at 2:00 AM
- 10 increase enforcement of liquor laws
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OVER DEPENDENCY IN FREQUENCY, AND EXCESSIVE USE IN AMOUNTS OF THIS ADDICTIVE DRUG IN MACABRIC BEVERAGE FOR "MEDICAL" OR "SOCIAL" PURPOSES.

- 2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why _____

no ONLY VARIANCES IN CONSEQUENCES

- 3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

- 4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

4. state

2. local community

3. family

1. individual

- 5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less? (SEE ATTACHED PAPER FOR USE OF INCREASED TAXES)

yes

no

- 6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no NOT MUCH DIFFERENCE

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Some hereditary factors also.

Mainly environmental influences esp. family situations - parents who are role models to kids are alcoholics. People find themselves

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why *I think of a heavy drinker that offers little life situations*

no *as on his way to becoming an alc. but at this point less controlled by drink than*

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual *who has available resources to avoid himself of*

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no *I crime to get money to buy the drinks*

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics? *(if a are for past this point)*

yes

no *only fewer to begin or people drinking cheaper stuff + thus with*

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

made all efforts physically/mentally

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

increase more money for state alcoholism programs

2 increase more money for local alcoholism programs *- needs to be locally based to really meet the*

raise liquor industry taxes

raise price of drinks

provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source *local needs*

close bars at 2:00 AM

4 increase enforcement of liquor laws

1 place greater emphasis on education

2 place greater emphasis on treatment

provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs *DO NOT UNDERSTAND*

THIS STATEMENT

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SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

If we knew that we could cure them, couldn't we. Possible hereditary; possible environmental; possible psychological reasons

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why *presumably the heavy drinker can control his drinking; the alcoholic cannot.*
 no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes *for whatever good it might do.*
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- raise liquor industry taxes
- raise price of drinks
- provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- close bars at 2:00 AM
- 1 increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 2 place greater emphasis on education
- 3 place greater emphasis on treatment
- 7 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

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1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Emotional coping impairment coupled with taking the first drink. Public attitude too relaxed about alcohol.

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why Only variations of same thing - no 2 cancers
 no are alike either, but all in same general category

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes, but with appropriate consideration of individual cases
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community for starters
 family
 individual - should be, ultimately

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes but not appreciably
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 5 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- raise liquor industry taxes
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- 3 close bars at 2:00 AM
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(Continued from page 16)

cost the economy as much by lower productivity and absence from work, continued Dr. Beirne. Voicing agreement to Dr. Beirne's statement, a gentleman in the audience said, "Alcoholism is a disease. But the problems with the stigma, loss of job, family, and friends and lack of insurance coverage, makes it easier for a person to remain a practicing alcoholic rather than seek treatment. We need more easily available treatment," he continued. "Detox is not effective alone. The problems and red tape add to the suffering of an already sick person." "Two years ago in Anchorage we got help, now it's just chaos and red tape", echoed Carolyn Peter.

Don Ryder, director of Alaska Labor Management Employee Affairs, Inc., expressed appreciation to the committee for traveling around the state to find out what the public actually feels regarding alcohol mis-use and alcoholism. "I see much of the friction between government and programs with under funding or no funds at all as a big political game. You don't play the game, no funds. This goes on and on, but it is the alcoholic who still suffers because of the constant red-tape. The answer now is to tie in agencies with each other to cut down on the friction and improve the services available for those who need to be treated," said Ryder. "There is a lot more to this than the Chamber of Commerce getting burnt up over the 'drunks' on the street offending tourists. These are sick people we are talking about", Ryder said.

STREET DRUNKS, DERELICTS CRITICIZED

Conversation continued concerning the drunks around businesses who wander into family neighborhoods breaking in" and who need to be picked up and held until they are sober. "There is too much protection of wrong doers. They should still be accountable for their actions", were additional comments. The involuntary treatment idea was again stressed with the statement by a lady that three-fourths of the drunks are capable of earning a living, however, "now they are coddled". Bob Lang spoke of teenagers who get drunk, hit another car, and get arrested for D.W.I., vs. the alcoholic who is addicted. Both are problems, but different, he said. "Not everyone who is drunk is an alcoholic", said Lang. A lady bar owner said she didn't like having drunks ruin the good time for other customers. "Can we ask for police to remove drunks?" she said.

Vern Smith, chairman of the Alaska Safety Advisory Committee, said it was determined at the Governor's Safety Conference that the two main causes of accidents were "stupidity and alcohol. Both need education and the best way to apply it is with stricter enforcement of the laws", said Smith. Statements followed to the effect that you cannot legislate morality; if a person wants to drink, tax or price won't deter the disease alcoholism or experimenters; and that the family and employer actually have the best leverage to make or help a person to quit.

COUNSELOR COMPETENCY QUESTIONED

Leonard Nugen, director of the Studio Club, stated that part of the treatment problem was "having 20 year old counselors work with 60 year old drunks who know all the tricks. It just doesn't work!" said Nugen. "We need hard-core counselors", he continued.

"Some of my best friends are alcoholic. In fact, some of the nicest people I know are alcoholic", said Sal-

vation Army Captain David Boyd. "I feel there are standards for alcoholism workers that should be followed. I would like to defend the young alcoholism worker who is trying his best", said Boyd. "I find in the youth working in the field, what they lack in experience they make up for in enthusiasm. There are a lot of people getting well and getting back to work through the efforts of the young alcoholism workers," Boyd said.

Discussion continued that part of the problem lies between the prevention on one hand and treatment on the other. "I feel there is a lack at the state level as far as funds and guidance are concerned. There seems to be a lot of unnecessary friction between programs and there is a real lack of communication and direction from the Governor's office and the State Office of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse," stated one participant.

PREVENTION IS DIFFERENT THAN TREATMENT

A social worker in attendance stated that you cannot easily document what you prevent. "The percentage of funds allocated to prevention should not contain the same rules or method requirements for documentation as do the funds allocated to treatment," she continued. She went on to say that treatment should require built-in evaluation measures so only programs who demonstrate some sort of effective methodology be funded. Speaking as a social worker, she voiced frustration at the duplicatory waste of programs. "The members of the same family can be treated by four of the five departments of the Health & Social Services", she stated. "I wait for the day when we will be able to coordinate just the departments of the Department of Health & Social Services!" Numerous people agreed.

According to Ms. Peter, from her experience in the village areas, Anchorage has the reputation of having the answers for treatment programs. More discussion followed regarding the drinking situation in the villages and how it affects Anchorage programs. Alternatives to drinking in the villages was suggested as a means to alleviate part of the problems. One participant said when the TV station was shut down for a short time in Bethel, the orders for liquor tripled during that period of time because of nothing else to do. Some villages have community centers and places for people to go in the evening, but many of them either do not avail themselves of those options or their recreation places close too early in the evening, leaving nothing to do but drink. Anchorage doesn't lack alternatives, people just have to be educated as to the use of alcohol, according to a lady who says she has been in Anchorage "since it was a village".

COLLETTA OFFERS SUMMARY REMARKS

Senator Colletta said that throughout the hearings, three major areas have been identified: combination of education and prevention; redirection of the entire problem; and rural alternatives to drinking.

In his closing remarks, Colletta told the group, "Don't expect me to write a bill to solve this problem! This committee is going to propose a working draft. Everyone who has attended these hearings will be contacted to work as a catalyst in the community to contact more people. Then, all of us will write a bill to present to the legislature."

Participants with Colletta in the panel facing the audience were Senator Glenn Hackney, R-Fairbanks; Representatives Kris Lethin and Mike Beirne, both R-Anchorage; Patrick Sharrock, director of the Alcoholic Beverage Control Board; and Jerry Abramczyk.

Following the round of hearings in Southcentral Alaska Colletta is scheduled to begin a trip November 14 to the Southeastern part of the state for hearings in Juneau and 10 other communities.

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1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

BECAUSE THEY ARE SUSCEPTIBLE AND BECAUSE THEY DRINK

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why HEAVY DRINKERS MAY NOT BE ALCOHOLICS
 no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no FEWER DRINKING PROBLEMS

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

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EDUCATION, TREATMENT CITED AS SOLUTIONS

(Continued from page 16)

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Verna Hunter

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1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Addiction To Ethyl Alcohol
Hereditary
Environment

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes
 no

Why A heavy drinker does not
Crave Alcohol and is in Control of his drinking

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 3 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 3 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- raise liquor industry taxes
- raise price of drinks
- 1 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- close bars at 2:00 AM
- 3 increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 6 place greater emphasis on education
- 2 place greater emphasis on treatment
- 4 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

- 1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

They drink excessively to
escape reality

- 2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why

The heavy drinker

no

eventually becomes an alcoholic

- 3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

- 4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual

- 5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

- 6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

- 7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

- 8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

4 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
2 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
8 raise liquor industry taxes
4 raise price of drinks
1 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
close bars at 2:00 AM
5 increase enforcement of liquor laws
3 place greater emphasis on education
6 place greater emphasis on treatment
7 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

physical/emotional/socio-cultural
components

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes
 no

Why forces of addiction/type &
extent of effects of alcohol on other aspects
of person's life

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism/abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

facilities for it do not exist

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 3 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 4 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- 8 raise liquor industry taxes
- raise price of drinks
- 5 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
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- 2 place greater emphasis on treatment
- provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

Meaning unclear to me

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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Boredom

No outside interests - such as hobbies

Stress

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why

a heavy drinker is

no

a type of alcoholic

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 8 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 9 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- 4 raise liquor industry taxes
- 3 raise price of drinks
- 10 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- 1 close bars at 2:00 AM
- 2 increase enforcement of liquor laws
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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

- 1) BROUGHT UP IN ALCOHOLIC ENVIRONMENT
- 2) PROGRESSIVELY BECOMING WORSE THRU HEAVY DRINKING
- 3) OR FOR ALL REASONS CULTURAL, HERITARY, PSYCHOLOGICAL, SPIRITUAL

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

- yes Why HEAVY DRINKER CAN CONTROL HIS DRINKING
 no ALCOHOLIC HAS LOST CAPACITY OR NEVER HAD IT

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

- yes ONLY AFTER HE UNDERSTANDS HIS ILLNESS
THRU TREATMENT OR EDUCATION
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

- state
 local community
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

- yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

- yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

- yes
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

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- 6 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
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1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Because of peer groups, family life
styles - problems, poverty -

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes
 no
Why Because they have both over-
excessed their patterns - both have
problems

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- raise liquor industry taxes
- raise price of drinks
- provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- close bars at 2:00 AM
- increase enforcement of liquor laws
- place greater emphasis on education
- place greater emphasis on treatment
- provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

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SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

poor self image
poor coping + problem-solving skills
hereditary predisposition

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why some people can drink heavily
+ not show symptoms of dependency + addiction
 no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes absolutely imperative!
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community - must provide services + treatment
 family - seldom knows WHAT to do
 individual (if by this you mean the alcoholic)

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no metlakatla, a "dry town" has
50% alcoholism rate

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 4 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 2 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- 7 raise liquor industry taxes
- ~~raise price of drinks~~
- 6 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- ~~close bars at 2:00 AM~~
- 5 increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 1 place greater emphasis on education
- 3 place greater emphasis on treatment
- 8 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

- 1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

I think many factors contribute to a person becoming an alcoholic; whether it be circumstances, environment or a body chemistry reaction to alcohol.

- 2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why

I feel a heavy drinker is an alcoholic, whether he admits it or not.

no

- 3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

- 4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual

- 5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

- 6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

- 7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

- 8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

increase more money for state alcoholism programs

increase more money for local alcoholism programs

3 raise liquor industry taxes

2 raise price of drinks

1 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source

close bars at 2:00 AM

increase enforcement of liquor laws

4 place greater emphasis on education

place greater emphasis on treatment

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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

They learn that alcohol changes the way they feel and/or function in a manner that they like. This leads to increasing dependency on the effects of alcohol.

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why *not all heavy drinkers have the*
 no *crucial dependency on alcohol's effects.*

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state *"doing something" is awfully general, obviously without the individual's desire to change his drinking behavior, little can be done. The state on the other hand is best able to fund programs*
 local community
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes *depends on how much you're talking about raising them.*
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes *depends on how hard you're talking about making it to get it.*
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- 4 raise liquor industry taxes
- raise price of drinks
- 1 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- close bars at 2:00 AM
- 5 increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 2 place greater emphasis on education
- 3 place greater emphasis on treatment
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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

drift into it

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why less control in alcoholic
 no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

all them
 state
 local community
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes worth a try
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

but still fine not a bad idea

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 2 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 1 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- raise liquor industry taxes
- raise price of drinks
- provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- close bars at 2:00 AM
- 4 increase enforcement of liquor laws
- place greater emphasis on education
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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

they drink too much - too long -
too often
many various reasons

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why Heavy drinker - not addict
 no Alcoholic - can not stop drinking once he's taken first drink

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 3 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 4 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- raise liquor industry taxes For treatment programs
- raise price of drinks
- 1 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- 5 ~~2~~ close bars at 2:00 AM
- 6 ~~3~~ increase enforcement of liquor laws
- place greater emphasis on education
- place greater emphasis on treatment
- provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Environ ment, physical make up, attitudes,

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why An alcoholic drinks not by choice

no

but need.

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

3 increase more money for state alcoholism programs

4 increase more money for local alcoholism programs

5 raise liquor industry taxes

10 raise price of drinks

6 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source

5 close bars at 2:00 AM

7 increase enforcement of liquor laws

1 place greater emphasis on education

2 place greater emphasis on treatment

8 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Alcohol Intoxication

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why

The manner of functioning

no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- raise liquor industry taxes
- raise price of drinks
- provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- close bars at 2:00 AM
- increase enforcement of liquor laws
- place greater emphasis on education
- place greater emphasis on treatment
- provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

*Private
Enterprise
Treatment!!*

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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

*Bad reasons - maybe genetic pre-disposition,
environment when alcohol used to solve problems, is called
"addictive personality."*

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why *if there is, it's the "heavy drinker"*
 no *wants to stop or not drink while the alcoholic, being in*

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he *hasn't stop to talk,*
is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes *But not an effective & practical solution -*
 no *Went to bars, etc.*

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes *By the state - he should be required to*
 no *attend maybe treatment services - then it*
should be up to him.

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 5 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 4 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- raise liquor industry taxes
- raise price of drinks
- 6 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- close bars at 2:00 AM
- increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 3 place greater emphasis on education
- 2 place greater emphasis on treatment
- 1 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

People find an escape from life's problems by drink -
they momentarily feel happy and problem
free - Tendency for alcoholism may be hereditary

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

no

Why heavy drinker is able to control his drinking - it
does not affect his personal, social & business life

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 4 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 3 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- 7 raise liquor industry taxes
- 8 raise price of drinks
- 2 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- 7 close bars at 2:00 AM
- 1 increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 3 place greater emphasis on education
- 6 place greater emphasis on treatment
- 10 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

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Received 12/6
 June 1966
 Geneva

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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

Sometimes a person who is lonely will get some alcohol.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Some of it results from continuous social drinking. Some become alcoholics because they are unable to cope with the problems of life. Alcoholism creates more problems for them.

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes
 no
 Why *A heavy drinker may not be quite there, but he's well on the way.*

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

It is difficult to say, but, perhaps at this point,
 state

local community *The family certainly has responsibility, but many times it's difficult for them to cope with the problem outside of this market. The alcoholic has to want to overcome his addiction, but many of the times he*
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

needs some help.

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- 5 raise liquor industry taxes
- raise price of drinks
- provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- 6 8 close bars at 2:00 AM
- 4 increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 2 place greater emphasis on education
- 3 1 place greater emphasis on treatment
- 1 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

they are weak, just as obese people eat too much
anything in excess is harmful

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why an alcoholic cannot function

no

without alcohol - a heavy drinker ^{sobers & stays that} _{way longer} is able to function properly

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 4 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 5 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- raise liquor industry taxes
- raise price of drinks
- provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- close bars at 2:00 AM
- increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 1 place greater emphasis on education
- 3 place greater emphasis on treatment
- 2 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments Increasing costs shortening hrs. etc. will not
affect the alcoholic his family will only suffer more
so he still can have his alcohol - at any cost

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Weakness - same as over eating or anything
To excess

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why Alcoholics depend & cannot function
 no without their drink. A drinker stays sober

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 5 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 4 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- raise liquor industry taxes
- raise price of drinks
- provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- close bars at 2:00 AM
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- 1 place greater emphasis on education
- 3 place greater emphasis on treatment
- 2 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

In Activity in Area.
Bar and Liquor are too accessible
Enjoyable side portrayed too much.

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why _____
 no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

4 state
3 local community
2 family
1 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no doubtful

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes most often wasted effort until the person
 no is desirous of it themselves.

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 10 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 9 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- 8 raise liquor industry taxes
- 6 raise price of drinks
- 7 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- 2 close bars at 2:00 AM
- 13 increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 1 place greater emphasis on education
- 5 place greater emphasis on treatment
- 4 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments

Nationally T.V, radio, magazines etc needs
to put a different picture of alcohol consumption
before the public.

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

For some unknown reason they develop an
'allergic-type' reaction to the drug ethyl alcohol
and their bodies cannot tolerate it

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why an alcoholic drinks because he

no

can't help it

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

not really

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no should be given chance re early termination,
etc.

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

2 increase more money for state alcoholism programs

4 increase more money for local alcoholism programs

raise liquor industry taxes

raise price of drinks

1 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source

close bars at 2:00 AM

6 increase enforcement of liquor laws

3 place greater emphasis on education

5 place greater emphasis on treatment

4 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments until enough money is provided for

adequate preventative education, the problem will
continue to get worse as the population increases

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

- 1) Why do you think people become alcoholics? *Broadly I would say: a very individual thing. (1) a learned way of handling stress, then related to:*
 a) *expressing anger.*
 b) *need to socialize*
 c) *desire to express affection*
 d) *a value that it is ok to over drink and not be responsible for one's behavior.*
- 2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?
 yes Why *can be a person who takes one drink on special occasions to one who drinks over a 1/2 pt/day depending on your frame of reference.*
 no
- 3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?
 yes
 no
- 4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the
 4 state
 3 local community
 2 family
 1 individual
- 5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?
 yes
 no
- 6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?
 yes
 no
- 7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment? *Perhaps if treatment programs were prescriptive to feel individual about not universal for all as most programs are currently in Alaska, then I might feel treatment be required for people whose drinking behavior is a danger to others or them/selves.*
- 8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.
- 7 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
 - 6 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
 - 9 raise liquor industry taxes
 - 10 raise price of drinks
 - 8 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
 - 2 close bars at 2:00 AM
 - 1 increase enforcement of liquor laws, *particularly serving alcohol to intoxicated persons.*
 - 3 place greater emphasis on education
 - 4 place greater emphasis on treatment
 - 5 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs
- 9) Other Comments *I earnestly hope that the committee looks at some of the research on alcohol treatment, education and preventive programs which have been shown to be successful*

in the U.S. and around the world. There are treatment alternatives to abstinence for some people. No program in this state to my knowledge offers an alternative in treatment.

The individual & family both need to be involved in any treatment program. A "dry drunk" is a miserable human being and their quality of life has not been improved per se.

Self care responsibility - a holistic approach to an individual's, family's & community's physical, social, & psychic-emotional ills is the goal as I see it and have experienced these issues in the 20 yrs I have been working in the health & mental health fields - 13 yrs of which have been in urban & rural Alaska.

The serving of alcohol to unexpectably intoxicated persons is a law violation and needs to be addressed. Recently in

Katzebee I wanted to make a "citizens arrest" when I witnessed such an incident.

More money to programs at this time may do no more than provide additional employment unless program components and staff are made relevant up to date with the knowledge & current state of the art which is available.

The desperate need in Alaska also ~~as treatment programs~~ is that whatever is done has a research evaluation design built in - done by competent researchers in the field. What is not happening in Alaska in this regard is a disgrace, waste of money, & giving clients & staff false illusions about treatment & favorable outcomes.

Jeanine Eyerly
Box 3-4157
Anch. Ak 99501

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

because they are physiologically &/or psychologically predisposed

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why *alcoholic has a disease; many drinker is just that*
 no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 2 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- raise liquor industry taxes
- raise price of drinks
- provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- close bars at 2:00 AM
- increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 1 place greater emphasis on education
- place greater emphasis on treatment
- 3 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

*Inherent intolerance to alcohol in some races -
Social stigma & pressures to drink in our society.
Mental & physical reasons. Tendency appears to be inherited.*

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why _____
 no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

Native associations _____ state Liquor industry
 Native corporations local community
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

6 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
7 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
8 raise liquor industry taxes
10 raise price of drinks
9 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
4 close bars at 2:00 AM
5 increase enforcement of liquor laws
1 place greater emphasis on education
3 place greater emphasis on treatment
2 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

___ yes Why _____
___ no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

___ yes
___ no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

___ state
___ local community
___ family
___ individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

___ yes
___ no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

___ yes
___ no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

___ yes
___ no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- ___ increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- ___ 3 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- ___ raise liquor industry taxes
- ___ raise price of drinks
- ___ provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- ___ close bars at 2:00 AM
- ___ increase enforcement of liquor laws
- ___ 1 place greater emphasis on education
- ___ place greater emphasis on treatment
- ___ 2 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Heridity, environment, social factors

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why When, where, how, & how much

no

a person drinks

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

4 increase more money for state alcoholism programs

8 increase more money for local alcoholism programs

1 raise liquor industry taxes

2 raise price of drinks

10 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source

3 close bars at 2:00 AM

9 increase enforcement of liquor laws

6 place greater emphasis on education

5 place greater emphasis on treatment

7 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

alcohol is in control of their lives -
alcoholics cannot control their drinking - have not realized the
power alcohol can have over them -

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes ~~no~~ alcoholic can not control the abuse of use -
needs alcohol to get through the day -

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes some breaking point for most budgets -
then boot legging will begin -
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes some limit to availability will help -
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

9 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
4 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
7 raise liquor industry taxes
8 raise price of drinks
10 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
5 close bars at 2:00 AM
3 increase enforcement of liquor laws
2 place greater emphasis on education
1 place greater emphasis on treatment
6 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments taxing may not stop alcoholic - but some use needed
tax should be used to pay for the program -

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Pre alcoholic personality - hyperthymia
of - "Psychopathic Personalities" V. Schindler

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why dependence has not yet occurred
 no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes partly
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes - but not elsewhere
 no - would not make any difference to existing number

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes but not repeatedly
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

increase more money for state alcoholism programs
 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
 raise liquor industry taxes
 raise price of drinks
 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
 2 close bars at 2:00 AM earlier
 1 increase enforcement of liquor laws - + number of enforcement officers etc.
 place greater emphasis on education
 3 place greater emphasis on treatment
 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments I think that any program of education

rehab is ill advised while the visibility of enforcement is
as low as it is (enforcement to a point presents a
visible emblem 'backing up rehab')

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

BECAUSE THEY WANT TO DRINK

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why _____
 no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

- state
- local community
- family
- individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 2 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 1 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- 3 raise liquor industry taxes
- _____ raise price of drinks
- _____ provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- _____ close bars at 2:00 AM
- _____ increase enforcement of liquor laws
- _____ place greater emphasis on education
- 4 place greater emphasis on treatment
- _____ provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Social / Economic / Peer Pressures

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why Price
 no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state - education & awareness programs
 local community
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 6 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 7 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- 10 raise liquor industry taxes
- 8 raise price of drinks
- 3 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source *education & awareness*
- 7 close bars at 2:00 AM
- 5 increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 1 place greater emphasis on education
- 4 place greater emphasis on treatment
- 2 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments More money is of no use without

personal involvement to help these people.
Note failures of many alcoholism programs.

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

PRESSURES IN LIFE.
LACK OF SOMETHING BETTER TO LIVE FOR.

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why _____
 no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

6 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
4 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
7 raise liquor industry taxes
7 raise price of drinks
7 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
7 close bars at 2:00 AM
5 increase enforcement of liquor laws
1 place greater emphasis on education
2 place greater emphasis on treatment
3 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

___ yes Why _____
✓ no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

✓ yes
___ no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

___ state
___ local community
all are equally
___ family
most
___ individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

___ yes
✓ no *state already prove that to be wrong -*

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

___ yes
___ no *possibly*

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

✓ yes
___ no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- ___ increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- ___ increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- ___ raise liquor industry taxes
- ___ raise price of drinks
- ___ provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- 5 close bars at 2:00 AM
- 2 increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 1 place greater emphasis on education
- 3 place greater emphasis on treatment
- 4 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why _____
 no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

all {
____ state
____ local community
____ family
____ individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- ____ increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 1 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- ____ raise liquor industry taxes
- ____ raise price of drinks
- ____ provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- 5 close bars at 2:00 AM
- 4 increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 2 place greater emphasis on education
- 3 place greater emphasis on treatment
- ____ provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why addiction component
 no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

~~yes~~ no
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- ____ increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- ____ increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- 1 raise liquor industry taxes on brewery alcohol to do reduce consumption
- 2 raise price of drinks
- ____ provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- 5 close bars at 2:00 AM
- 4 increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 3 place greater emphasis on education (in schoolage pop)
- ____ place greater emphasis on treatment
- ____ provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why _____
 no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- 2 raise liquor industry taxes
- raise price of drinks
- 7 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- close bars at 2:00 AM
- increase enforcement of liquor laws
- place greater emphasis on education
- 3 place greater emphasis on treatment
- provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics? *- If inability to handle emotional stress is the cause - these stresses are too numerous to list; many of us feel (including physicians) that some people are "allergic" to alcohol by virtue of their own (and at the moment) unchangeable body chemistry*

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?
 yes *An alcoholic is one whose life has become unmanageable due to alcohol and is unable to handle stress without alcohol -*
 no *A heavy drinker can make it "through a tough day" without alcohol*

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?
 yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the *in order*
 4 state
 3 local community
 2 family
 1 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?
 yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?
 yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?
 yes *perhaps - although I am strongly convinced that it would be next to impossible to effectively treat an alcoholic who wished to continue to drink*
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

appropriate if more funds are needed and effectively used

- increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- raise liquor industry taxes
- raise price of drinks
- provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- close bars at 2:00 AM
- increase *enforcement* of liquor laws *drunk while driving laws*
- 1 place greater emphasis on education
- 2 place greater emphasis on treatment
- provide (incentives for alternatives) to drinking programs *what does this mean?*

9) Other Comments *I am an alcoholic & have not had to take a drink for over 5 yrs - thanks to A.A. & some fine physicians & counselors - my comments above are based upon my own experiences as a recovering alcoholic and in trying to help others to recover from alcoholism*
over

Please keep me informed re: the progress of the alcohol treatment program
in Anchorage

G. Robert Lange
7449 Bailey Drive
Anchorage AK 99502

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

1. They drink alcohol 2. They derive great satisfaction from alcohol. 3. They become physiologically addicted

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

✓ yes
___ no

Why The alcoholic is characterized by the "loss of control" symptom

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

✓ yes
___ no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

___ state
✓ local community
✓ family
✓ individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

___ yes
✓ no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

✓ yes
___ no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

✓ yes
___ no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- ___ increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- ___ increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- ___ raise liquor industry taxes
- ___ raise price of drinks
- 2 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- ___ close bars at 2:00 AM
- ___ increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 1 place greater emphasis on education
- ___ place greater emphasis on treatment
- 3 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs (recreation?)

9) Other Comments Quit discriminating against the

middle-class alcoholic. Most funds go to people already being serviced by other social service agencies. Invest

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Only people who drink the beverage alcohol become alcoholic.

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why How heavy a drinker?

no

If heavy drinking causes problems, that's alcoholism.

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual

We will make no impact on this issue with out equal responsibility shared by all

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 3 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- raise liquor industry taxes
- raise price of drinks
- provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- 4 close bars at 2:00 AM
- 2 increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 1 place greater emphasis on education
- place greater emphasis on treatment
- provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

You tell me - I am not very savvy

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why IT has been proven
 no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 8 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 6 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- 9 raise liquor industry taxes
- 10 raise price of drinks
- 7 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- 5 close bars at 2:00 AM
- 3 increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 2 place greater emphasis on education
- 1 place greater emphasis on treatment
- 4 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Because they drink alcohol.

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why

A heavy drinker chooses to drink.

no

An alcoholic has no choice.

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

It has to be a cooperative effort by all 4

state

local community

family

individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 2 increase more money for state alcoholism ^{educ.} programs
- 3 increase more money for local alcoholism ^{educ.} programs
- raise liquor industry taxes
- raise price of drinks
- provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- close bars at 2:00 AM
- increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 1 place greater emphasis on education
- 4 place greater emphasis on treatment
- provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

? What are drinking programs?

9) Other Comments

Provide funding for Herc's looking at You
ab. ed. curriculum for K-12.

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Because they are allergic to alcohol
and become addicted and cannot stop and it
affects his nervous system many times has black outs and more

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why Heavy Drinker has no problems
 no Caused by alcohol.

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- raise liquor industry taxes
- raise price of drinks
- provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- close bars at 2:00 AM
- increase enforcement of liquor laws
- place greater emphasis on education
- place greater emphasis on treatment
- provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Because they drink, they have an allergy to alcohol and develop the disease of alcoholism, there is no choice of their own

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why _____
 no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

all 4 are responsible

state
 local community
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- raise liquor industry taxes
- raise price of drinks
- provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- close bars at 2:00 AM
- 2 increase enforcement of liquor laws
- place greater emphasis on education
- 1 place greater emphasis on treatment
- provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments *Put together a complete program that covers all phases of alcoholism treatment and*

Education using expertise that is available to the State now. No new expertise is needed it is all available but needs direction

Put some money with the successful programs and people who understand how to handle treatment Education and follow up.

Put Involuntary Commitment into effect and make Involuntary treatment a reality thru the courts.

There are a few of us old timers in treatment who can tell you the answers and how to put it together, if given the opportunity.

Henrietta Nuzen

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Because they are unwilling or unable to recognize the early symptoms of alcoholism

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why *In the clinical sense, yes; in the behavioral sense, no.*

no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

"social" drinkers might drink less, but drinking patterns of problem drinkers would show little change.

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

Alcohol seems to be over in spirit. The cost of production of alcohol has gone up.

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

4 increase more money for state alcoholism programs

3 increase more money for local alcoholism programs

1 raise liquor industry taxes

10 raise price of drinks

8 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source

9 close bars at 2:00 AM

7 increase enforcement of liquor laws

2 place greater emphasis on education

6 place greater emphasis on treatment

5 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments *I feel that alcoholism treatment and*

education should be funded as much as possible thru a direct tax on alcohol, justified as a form of health insurance

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Because they have no responsibility

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

no

Why the alcoholic needs help and the heavy drinker needs a relief from pressure

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

increase more money for state alcoholism programs

increase more money for local alcoholism programs

raise liquor industry taxes

raise price of drinks

provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source

close bars at 2:00 AM

increase enforcement of liquor laws

2 place greater emphasis on education

1 place greater emphasis on treatment

3 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

EMOTIONALLY NEED A RELEASE OR CRUTCH.

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why THE ALCOHOLIC IS EASILY RECOGNIZED

no

THE HEAVY DRINKER HAS YET TO REACH THE PROBLEM STAGE

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

- ALL OF THEM state
- local community
- family
- individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 5 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- raise liquor industry taxes
- raise price of drinks
- provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- close bars at 2:00 AM
- 4 increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 1 place greater emphasis on education
- 3 place greater emphasis on treatment
- 2 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Some people have physical/chemical reaction & just can't control the drinking. An illness like diabetes - TB - some people more "susceptible" than others - Personality too is involved, why they drink -

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why *The heavy drinker has control & choice; the alcoholic does not.*
 no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 unsure. Mostly YES
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the *all; This is an emergency*

- state
- employer*
- local community
- family
- individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no! the real drinkers, the alcoholics & the average person, only the penny pinchers.

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 only when arrested; watch out for gov't control this is a free country.

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 6* increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 2* increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- raise liquor industry taxes
- raise price of drinks
- 4* provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- close bars at 2:00 AM
- 1* increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 1* place greater emphasis on education
- 3* place greater emphasis on treatment
- 7* provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments *were talking of several different problems.*

We need education, changed attitudes toward illness of alcoholism. The liquor business should not be penalized; they are legitimate; laws should be enforced. Liquor in itself is not bad. Denied alcoholism treatment people are infants.

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Family - Social - economic - health
problems - weak ego

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why

no

"A Rose by any other name
is still a rose"

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

4 state

3 local community

1 family

2 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

4 increase more money for state alcoholism programs

3 increase more money for local alcoholism programs

5 raise liquor industry taxes

6 raise price of drinks

1 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source

10 close bars at 2:00 AM

7 increase enforcement of liquor laws

9 place greater emphasis on education

8 place greater emphasis on treatment

2 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments Repeal decriminalization statute

Prohibition with maximum penalties
for violations

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Unknown

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why Personal Problems
 no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

- state
- local community
- family
- individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes *if person is incapable of handling him + herself w/ out respnsal*
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- ~~___~~ increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- ~~___~~ increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- ~~___~~ raise liquor industry taxes
- ~~___~~ raise price of drinks
- ~~___~~ provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- ~~___~~ close bars at 2:00 AM
- ~~___~~ increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 1 place greater emphasis on education
- 3 place greater emphasis on treatment
- 2 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

SOCIAL & ENVIRONMENT

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why AS ABOVE
 no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- raise liquor industry taxes
- raise price of drinks
- provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- close bars at 2:00 AM
- increase enforcement of liquor laws
- place greater emphasis on education
- place greater emphasis on treatment
- provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments NONE OF ABOVE

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

IF I COULD ANSWER THAT
WE WOULD NOT NEED THIS MEETING

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why _____
 no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

4 state
3 local community
2 family
1 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- raise liquor industry taxes
- raise price of drinks
- provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- close bars at 2:00 AM
- increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 1 place greater emphasis on education
- 2 place greater emphasis on treatment
- 2 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments STRESS EDUCATION + REHABILITATION

W. L. McDonald

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

If you can fully answer that, you will be an instant millionaire

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why

One can stop without too much trouble

no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual

all

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

increase more money for state alcoholism programs

increase more money for local alcoholism programs

raise liquor industry taxes

raise price of drinks

provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source

close bars at 2:00 AM

increase enforcement of liquor laws

1 place greater emphasis on education

3 place greater emphasis on treatment

2 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments *Study ANY PROGRAM BEFORE you enact it.*

Rev Coazer

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Primarily emotional problems
cannot cope.

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why yes to difference of control.

no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

(one must know their limitations)

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

increase more money for state alcoholism programs

increase more money for local alcoholism programs

raise liquor industry taxes

raise price of drinks

provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source

close bars at 2:00 AM

(4) increase enforcement of liquor laws

(1) place greater emphasis on education

(3) place greater emphasis on treatment

(2) provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments The abusive drunk should be
penalized along with requirements for
treatment.

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

TENSIONS - EMOTIONS

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why AN ALCOHOLIC IS NEVER SOBER

no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

increase more money for state alcoholism programs

increase more money for local alcoholism programs

raise liquor industry taxes

raise price of drinks

provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source

close bars at 2:00 AM

1 increase enforcement of liquor laws

3 place greater emphasis on education

4 place greater emphasis on treatment

2 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments ARREST DRUNKS AND REQUIRE TREATMENT

AFTER A NUMBER OF ARRESTS (2 OR MORE)

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Primarily Environmental if installed

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why *Because he has no control*
 no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- raise liquor industry taxes
- raise price of drinks
- provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- close bars at 2:00 AM
- increase enforcement of liquor laws
- place greater emphasis on education
- place greater emphasis on treatment
- provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments

*The drunk should be penalized
if not the owner*

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Inability to use the drug alcohol so they become
alcoholic as a result of drinking alcohol

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

X yes Why Alcoholism is a diagnosable disease
___ no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

X yes
___ no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

___ state
___ local community
___ family
X individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

___ yes
X no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

___ yes
X no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

X yes
___ no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- ___ increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- ___ increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- ___ raise liquor industry taxes
- ___ raise price of drinks
- ___ provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- ___ close bars at 2:00 AM
- ___ increase enforcement of liquor laws
- ___ place greater emphasis on education
- ___ place greater emphasis on treatment
- ___ provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments Review, evaluate, and discover if effective

treatment is being offered in Alaska. If it's found
use it! Programs are now being funded because of their
stated intent/career. Funding continues in spite of results.

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

to get drunk and be one of the ~~band~~ gang

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why the heavy drinker can and does
 no keep working

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

6 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
7 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
5 raise liquor industry taxes
9 raise price of drinks
1 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
10 close bars at 2:00 AM
3 increase enforcement of liquor laws
8 place greater emphasis on education
2 place greater emphasis on treatment
4 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments Stricter enforcement of Public Law 91-616

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Because they become addicted to alcohol - whether it be via social, psychological, economical, physical, or other means

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why An alcoholic cannot control his drinking
 no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community
 family
 individual

5) If beer, , and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes definitely so!
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- raise liquor industry taxes
- raise price of drinks
- 3 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- close bars at 2:00 AM
- increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 2 place greater emphasis on education
- 1 place greater emphasis on treatment
- provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments Implement present laws regarding

alcoholism, or drunkenness, with Detox and Treatment centers in all areas of the State at least - several centers

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

They ^{are} physically different from 80% of drinkers.

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why AN alcoholic cannot stop drinking - in spite of repeated sincere tries.
 no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes if it will help him to Recover OR Rehabilitate.
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 3 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 2 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- raise liquor industry taxes
- raise price of drinks
- 1 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- close bars at 2:00 AM
- increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 5 place greater emphasis on education
- 4 place greater emphasis on treatment
- provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments

We must realize the magnitude of this problem, the human suffering and wage all out war. Treat this very public disease

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

THEY CAN'T EXCEPT THEMSELVES

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why AN ALCOHOLIC CAN'T STOP DRINKING

no

WITHOUT PROFESSIONAL HELP

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

9 increase more money for state alcoholism programs

3 increase more money for local alcoholism programs

4 raise liquor industry taxes

10 raise price of drinks

1 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source

2 close bars at 2:00 AM

8 increase enforcement of liquor laws

6 place greater emphasis on education

5 place greater emphasis on treatment

7 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

MEMO
SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why _____
 no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no *not if he is an alcoholic*

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state *equally*
 local community
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes *Definitely*
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 5 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 6 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- 4 raise liquor industry taxes
- 9 raise price of drinks
- 7 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- 10 close bars at 2:00 AM
- 8 increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 1 place greater emphasis on education
- 3 place greater emphasis on treatment
- 2 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans t.day. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Start because of place ^{of alcohol} in society (ads glamorize) and then drift into deception that they are not problem drinkers

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes
 no

Why drinking interferes with the life of either party

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 5 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 4 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- 3 raise liquor industry taxes
- raise price of drinks
- 8 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- 6 close bars at 2:00 AM
- 9 increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 7 place greater emphasis on education
- 1 place greater emphasis on treatment
- 2 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Starts more or less from social drinking
& goes from there to heavy drinking.

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why

An alcoholic has to have it.

no

There's not too much difference.

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

1 increase more money for state alcoholism programs

2 increase more money for local alcoholism programs

raise liquor industry taxes

raise price of drinks

3 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source

close bars at 2:00 AM

4 increase enforcement of liquor laws

5 place greater emphasis on education

6 place greater emphasis on treatment

provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments

Yes need a treatment center in

Alaska.

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

___ yes Why _____
 no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

___ yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
___ local community
___ family
 individual (state)

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

___ yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

___ yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
___ no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 4 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 6 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- ___ raise liquor industry taxes
- ___ raise price of drinks
- ___ provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- ___ close bars at 2:00 AM
- ___ increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 3 place greater emphasis on education
- 2 place greater emphasis on treatment
- ___ provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

Kenai

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

They have an illness

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why an alcoholic can not stop with

no

out treatment a Heavy drinker can.

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 1 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- raise liquor industry taxes
- raise price of drinks
- provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- close bars at 2:00 AM
- increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 3 place greater emphasis on education
- 2 place greater emphasis on treatment
- provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments We do have a need in Kenai for some

type of treatment.

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why Earlier on Contact Control than Lites

no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 1 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 2 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- raise liquor industry taxes
- raise price of drinks
- provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- close bars at 2:00 AM
- increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 3 place greater emphasis on education
- place greater emphasis on treatment
- provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

too much over a long period of time

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why Mental Structure

no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

increase more money for state alcoholism programs

increase more money for local alcoholism programs

raise liquor industry taxes

raise price of drinks

provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source

close bars at 2:00 AM

increase enforcement of liquor laws

place greater emphasis on education

place greater emphasis on treatment

provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

- 1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Because they drink alcohol
Because of attitudes toward the use
of alcohol

- 2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why

"a heavy drinker" (whatever
he is) needs the drinks, depends on them he is

- 3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

- 4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual

- 5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

- 6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

- 7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

- 8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- increase more money for state alcoholism programs
 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
 raise liquor industry taxes
 raise price of drinks
 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
 close bars at 2:00 AM
 increase enforcement of liquor laws
 place greater emphasis on education
 place greater emphasis on treatment
 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

- 9) Other Comments Use these bits of information

that you get from all Q's to do something
We work with the nitty-gitty!

Special
SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Many reasons - no one knows why for sure.

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why Alcoholism is a sickness - heavy drinking can

no

be an escape which may lead to that illness

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

5 increase more money for state alcoholism programs

2 increase more money for local alcoholism programs

raise liquor industry taxes

raise price of drinks

1 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source

close bars at 2:00 AM

increase enforcement of liquor laws

3 place greater emphasis on education

4 place greater emphasis on treatment

6 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

In Alaska a lot of it is related to boredom

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why alcohol has an adverse affect on both of their lives

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state local community family individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- increase more money for state alcoholism programs
increase more money for local alcoholism programs
raise liquor industry taxes
raise price of drinks
provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
2 close bars at 2:00 AM
3 increase enforcement of liquor laws
place greater emphasis on education
place greater emphasis on treatment
provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

ESCAPE

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why HEAVY DRINKERS CAN GO DRY WITHOUT PHYSICAL PAIN

no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

increase more money for state alcoholism programs

increase more money for local alcoholism programs

raise liquor industry taxes

raise price of drinks

provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source

close bars at 2:00 AM

increase enforcement of liquor laws

1 place greater emphasis on education

3 place greater emphasis on treatment

2 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Boredom, loneliness

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes *Not much* Why _____
no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

X yes
_____ no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

_____ state
_____ local community
_____ family
X individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

_____ yes
X no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

_____ yes
X no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

_____ yes *Does it do any good? For how long?*
_____ no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- _____ increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- _____ increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- _____ raise liquor industry taxes
- _____ raise price of drinks
- _____ provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- _____ close bars at 2:00 AM
- 2 increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 3 place greater emphasis on education
- _____ place greater emphasis on treatment
- 1 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Because of an inability to face reality & lack of education regarding methods of handling ^{wiring} problems.

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why *An alcoholic has many more & deeper reasons for drinking.*

no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

State should provide funds to communities to help themselves

state
 local community
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 5 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 4 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- raise liquor industry taxes
- raise price of drinks
- 1 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- close bars at 2:00 AM
- 6 increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 2 place greater emphasis on education
- 3 place greater emphasis on treatment
- provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Their reason resistance has no longer working against alcohol it is turned up.

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why *a alcoholic need help to understand his problem - why he drinks*
 no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- raise liquor industry taxes
- raise price of drinks
- provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- close bars at 2:00 AM
- increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 1 place greater emphasis on education
- 2 place greater emphasis on treatment
- 3 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments

England & Mexico has no drinking problem - there is no age drinking age when ever this is legal & easy to come by it should cease to be fun any more

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

7

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why _____
 no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- raise liquor industry taxes
- raise price of drinks
- provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- close bars at 2:00 AM
- increase enforcement of liquor laws
- place greater emphasis on education
- place greater emphasis on treatment
- provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

They have a disease

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why Again it is a 3 fold disease
Physical, mental & spiritual

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 6 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 5 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- 7 raise liquor industry taxes
- 9 raise price of drinks
- 1 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- 10 close bars at 2:00 AM
- 8 increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 3 place greater emphasis on education
- 2 place greater emphasis on treatment
- 4 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments Happy to see interest in this problem.
Hope it doesn't end with just a meeting.

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Not enough productive work - or money
to readily available for purchase -

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why _____

no _____

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- raise liquor industry taxes
- raise price of drinks
- provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- close bars at 2:00 AM
- increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 2 place greater emphasis on education
- 1 place greater emphasis on treatment
- provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments more responsibility for individual to
be held to account for own actions

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Psychological and probably
physical aspects

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why _____

no _____

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes } sometimes
no }

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

all are
important {
_____ state
_____ local community
_____ family
_____ individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes probably not
no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes probably no
no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

X yes
no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- _____ increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 1 increase more money for local alcoholism programs from state funds
- _____ raise liquor industry taxes
- _____ raise price of drinks
- _____ provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- _____ close bars at 2:00 AM
- _____ increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 3 place greater emphasis on education
- 2 place greater emphasis on treatment
- _____ provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments Thank you for coming

James Cason
1130 305
Home 94603

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

MANY REASONS AS MANY AS THERE ARE
ALCOHOLICS OR PROBLEM DRINKERS

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why CONTROL IS THE DIFFERENCE
 no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes AS YOU HOLD A 7 YEAR RESPONSIBLE
 no FOR WRECKING THE FAMILY CAR

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community
 family
 individual all of the above

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes AFTER AN EVALUATION
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 1 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 2 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- 8 raise liquor industry taxes
- 9 raise price of drinks
- 3 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- 10 close bars at 2:00 AM
- 7 increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 6 place greater emphasis on education
- 5 place greater emphasis on treatment
- 4 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments Let's get it done

PLEASE NOTE: THE PRECEDING PAGES WERE TREATED
AS A UNIT IN THE ORIGINAL DOCUMENT.

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

Juneau Hearing

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

*Mental Problems, Psychological factors,
Feelings of inadequacy, Physical (bodily) factors*

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why *An alcoholic can not control his drinking - A heavy drinker can control*
 no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes *Because he chooses to get drunk - just as a person chooses to drive a car and is held responsible*
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

#2 state *Responsible for providing centers and program for treatment so they are available when the individual wants something done*
 local community
 family
**1 -* individual *Something can only be done when the individual wants to do something*

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes *Not particularly - they might to an extent.*
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no *Not alcoholics - but there might be fewer drunks*

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 7 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 8 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- 2 raise liquor industry taxes
- 2 raise price of drinks
- 1 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- 4 close bars at 2:00 AM
- 3 increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 5 place greater emphasis on education
- 6 place greater emphasis on treatment
- provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

ACCESSABILITY, LOW COST, BOREDOM, LACK OF
SELF-ESTEEM, INDIVIDUAL CHEMICAL AND GENETIC
MAKE-UP.

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

no

Why A HEAVY DRINKER IS NOT NECESSARILY AS
CONSISTANT AS AN ALCOHOLIC, THEREFORE THEY
ARE NOT ADDICTED.

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

ALL AND
THEN THE
FED. S. DISEASE
A RESEARCH
BOARD.

state

local community

family

individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

4 increase more money for state alcoholism programs

3 increase more money for local alcoholism programs

 raise liquor industry taxes

 raise price of drinks

6 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source

 close bars at 2:00 AM

7 increase enforcement of liquor laws

1 place greater emphasis on education

2 place greater emphasis on treatment

5 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

THE FOLLOWING DOCUMENT(S) MAY NOT FILM
LEGIBLY BECAUSE OF POOR QUALITY OF THE
ORIGINAL.

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

ACCESSABILITY, LOW COST, BOREDOM, LACK OF SELF-ESTEEM, INDIVIDUAL CHEMICAL AND GENETIC MAKE-UP.

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why A HEAVY DRINKER IS NOT NECESSARILY AS

no

CONSISTANT AS AN ALCOHOLIC, THEREFORE THEY ARE NOT ACCEPTED.

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

ALL ADD THEM THE AS PER-S. 1. TOO A DISEASE RESEARCH BOARD.

state

local community

family

individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 4 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 3 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- raise liquor industry taxes
- raise price of drinks
- 6 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- close bars at 2:00 AM
- 7 increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 1. place greater emphasis on education
- 2. place greater emphasis on treatment
- 5. provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments THANK-YOU FOR YOUR CONCERN, GENTLEMAN. NOW LET'S JOIN FORCES AND GET TO WORK!

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Lack of education, too much community
acceptance of alcohol

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why a problem drinker is an alcoholic

no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

increase more money for state alcoholism programs

1 increase more money for local alcoholism programs

2 raise liquor industry taxes

raise price of drinks

provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source

close bars at 2:00 AM

increase enforcement of liquor laws

place greater emphasis on education

place greater emphasis on treatment

provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments Governor & legislature must strike a
compromise so alcoholics don't lose again

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Repetitive ingestion of a toxic drug - C₂H₅OH

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why

The alcoholic is an drug-addicted person

no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual

The individual, acting thru his state agencies

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

Addicted people manage to get drugs.

Fewer people would become alcoholics

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

increase more money for state alcoholism programs

increase more money for local alcoholism programs

raise liquor industry taxes

raise price of drinks

provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source

close bars at 2:00 AM

increase enforcement of liquor laws

place greater emphasis on education

place greater emphasis on treatment

provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Do to a high rate of unemployment

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

no

Why Because a heavy drinker will be an alcoholic in due time

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

2 increase more money for state alcoholism programs

4 increase more money for local alcoholism programs

3 raise liquor industry taxes

raise price of drinks

provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source

6 close bars at 2:00 AM

5 increase enforcement of liquor laws

1 place greater emphasis on education

7 place greater emphasis on treatment

provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Social acceptability, availability, peer pressures (social, professional, home, financial)

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why One drinks a little less, but not much.

no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 10 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 4 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- 7 raise liquor industry taxes
- 8 raise price of drinks
- 5 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- 9 close bars at 2:00 AM
- 6 increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 3 place greater emphasis on education
- 2 place greater emphasis on treatment
- 4 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments I don't necessarily care where the money comes from for alcoholism treatment and prevention and education programs as long as there is money available and primarily for rural areas.

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Loneliness ; lack of a good family life

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

no

Why Alcoholic's performance while not drinking is substantially impaired

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state

local community

family

individual

It should be addressed at the highest level at which it is solvable and/or recognized as a problem.

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

increase more money for state alcoholism programs

1 increase more money for local alcoholism programs

raise liquor industry taxes

raise price of drinks

1 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source

close bars at 2:00 AM

increase enforcement of liquor laws

2 place greater emphasis on education

3 place greater emphasis on treatment

provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments Allow local municipalities the power to

tax alcohol use in their own community

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

Because they did not understand what it takes to become one (not enough preventative programs)

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes *Why? Person is a alcoholic when he/she find alcohol is causing the problem*
 no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state - *For funding*
 local community
 family & counselor - *because the family is willing to listen & leave now, & they see w/ the alcoholic for time almost 100%*
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes - *after you've gotten his/her to admit to being a alcoholic - & should be more funding to cover the high cost it costs to recover*
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 1 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- raise liquor industry taxes
- raise price of drinks
- 2 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
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- 3 place greater emphasis on education
- 4 place greater emphasis on treatment
- 5 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

Printed as a public service by the "NEWS from NCA-AR". Clip and send completed questionnaire with any additional comments to the Special Senate Committee at 1016 W. Sixth Ave., Suite C, Anchorage, AK 99501, before December 1.

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

Alcoholism and alcohol abuse has been identified as the major human needs problem facing Alaskans today. The Special Senate Committee is gathering public comment about the problem, what currently is being done, and what can be done to lessen the burdens of alcohol abuse.

Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

- 1. Because they drink too much
- 2. Because Booze is cheap, especially compared to other drugs.

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

- yes
 - no
- Why one is unable to control the effects of his drinking

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

- yes
- no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

- state
 - local community
 - family
 - individual
- and the liquor industry?*

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

- yes
- no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

- yes
- no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

- yes
- no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 9 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 1 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- 2 raise liquor industry taxes
- 3 raise price of drinks
- 8 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- 6 close bars at 2:00 AM
- 7 increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 4 place greater emphasis on education
- 5 place greater emphasis on treatment
- provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments The excise tax increase was not enough to either fund programs or reduce alcoholism.

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes
 no

Why Some heavy drinkers are not alcoholics

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

- state
- local community
- family
- individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 7 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- 6 increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- 1 raise liquor industry taxes
- 2 raise price of drinks
- provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- close bars at 2:00 AM
- 8 increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 3 place greater emphasis on education
- 4 place greater emphasis on treatment
- 5 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments I support tax on alcohol

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

they drink alcohol

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why but not much - its a matter of time
 no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

- state
- local community
- family
- individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes very much
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes statistics prove this
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- increase more money for state alcoholism programs
- increase more money for local alcoholism programs
- raise liquor industry taxes
- raise price of drinks
- provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- close bars at 2:00 AM
- increase enforcement of liquor laws
- place greater emphasis on education
- place greater emphasis on treatment
- provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments tax liquor and set up more treatment programs

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

If anyone knew, we could probably
solve the problems

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes Why an alcoholic is addicted
 no

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes
 no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

state
 local community
 family
 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes
 no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes
 no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes
 no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- 6 increase more money for state alcoholism programs
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- 10 raise price of drinks
- 1 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- 9 close bars at 2:00 AM
- 8 increase enforcement of liquor laws
- 4 place greater emphasis on education
- 5 place greater emphasis on treatment
- 7 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

Law = vox populi

Etiology of disease has
no bearing on Governor's bill.

Law must be accompanied
by campaigns of public
education -

Education costs \$.

Ex: Cigarette campaigns

In final analysis - All epidemics
succumb only to knowledge
of control of disease agent
= Primary prevention

=
Education of pre-alcoholic

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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

___ yes Why _____
___ no _____

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

___ yes
___ no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

___ state
___ local community
___ family
___ individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

___ yes
___ no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

___ yes
___ no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

___ yes
___ no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

- ___ increase more money for state alcoholism programs
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- ___ provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source
- ___ close bars at 2:00 AM
- ___ increase enforcement of liquor laws
- ___ place greater emphasis on education
- ___ place greater emphasis on treatment
- ___ provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments: I heard the news this morning on TV & Radio. Why bother with this news.

Mervin A. Kiel
306 W 8th St. 99801

SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL RELATED LEGISLATION

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Your opinion and suggestions are welcomed by the Committee. To assist us, please answer the following questionnaire.

1) Why do you think people become alcoholics?

I don't know - Alcoholism is not in the bottle - it's in the man

2) Do you think there is a difference between an alcoholic and a heavy drinker?

yes

Why heavy drinkers are different because

no

they don't usually lose control

3) Do you feel a person should be held responsible for things he does when he is drunk?

yes

no

4) Who do you think has the most responsibility for doing something about alcoholism; should it be the

4 state

3 local community

1 family

2 individual

5) If beer, wine, and liquor taxes were raised, do you think people would drink less?

yes

no

6) If alcohol were harder to get, do you think there would be fewer alcoholics?

yes

no

7) Should the public drunk or the person with a repeated and continuing alcoholism abuse record be required to undergo treatment?

yes

no

8) Following are some suggestions of things to be done. Please list the priority order (1, 2, 3, etc.) in which they should be accomplished. If you do not feel a thing should be done, leave it blank.

6 increase more money for state alcoholism programs

5 increase more money for local alcoholism programs

raise liquor industry taxes

raise price of drinks

2 provide more money for alcoholism programs regardless of the source

close bars at 2:00 AM

3 increase enforcement of liquor laws

place greater emphasis on education

1 place greater emphasis on treatment

4 provide incentives for alternatives to drinking programs

9) Other Comments _____

: PLEASE NOTE: THE PRECEDING PAGES WERE TREATED
AS A UNIT IN THE ORIGINAL DOCUMENT.