

ALASKA LEGISLATURE

1504

HOUSE and SENATE FINANCE COMMITTEE FILES, 1995-1996

A M E N D M E N T

OFFERED IN THE HOUSE

BY REPRESENTATIVE BROWN

TO: CSSB 115(FIN)am

- 1 Page 1, line 3:
- 2 Delete "and disestablishment"

- 3 Page 1, line 5:
- 4 Delete the first con.ma.
- 5 Insert "and"
- 6 Delete ", and 90.3(h)(2)"

- 7 Page 26, line 17:
- 8 Delete "and disestablishing"

- 9 Page 26, line 18:
- 10 Delete "AS 25.27.165 - 25.27.166"
- 11 Insert "AS 25.27.165"

- 12 Page 27, line 10:
- 13 Delete "or disestablish"

- 14 Page 27, lines 10 - 11:
- 15 Delete "AS 25.27.165 - 25.27.166"
- 16 Insert "AS 25.27.165"

- 17 Page 27, line 14:
- 18 Delete "or disestablishing"

- 1 Page 27, line 21:
2 Delete "or disestablish"
- 3 Page 28, line 23, after "i":
4 Insert "or"
- 5 Page 28, line 24:
6 Delete "i or"
- 7 Page 28, line 25:
8 Delete "(3) disestablish the paternity of a child under AS 25.27.166"
- 9 Page 29, line 2:
10 Delete "new sections"
11 Insert "a new section"
- 12 Page 30, after line 27:
13 Insert a new subsection to read:
14 "(j) After a child's paternity has been established under the law, the agency
15 may not issue a decision or finding under this section that changes the child's
16 paternity."
- 17 Page 30, line 28, through page 31, line 25:
18 Delete all material.
- 19 Page 32, line 6:
20 Delete "or disestablishing"
- 21 Page 32, line 12:
22 Delete "i"
23 Insert "or"

1 Page 32, lines 13 - 14:

2 Delete ", or the notice of and petition for an action disestablishing paternity, as

3 applicable"

4

5 Page 33, lines 12 - 14:

6 Delete all material.

7 Renumber the following bill sections accordingly.

8 Page 33, lines 19 - 22:

9 Delete all material.

10 Renumber the following bill sections accordingly.

11 Page 33, line 26:

12 Delete "Section 24"

13 Insert "Section 23"

14 Page 33, line 27:

15 Delete "sec. 27"

16 Insert "sec. 25"

SB

115

SFIN

FILE

SENATE FINANCE COMMITTEE REPORT

DATE: 4/25/95

FURTHER:

DATE TURNED INTO OFFICE: 5-2-95

The Finance Committee considered **SENATE BILL NO. 115**

Establish involving Procedure 79 and 82; efd. **SB 115 UNIFORM INTERSTATE FAMILY SUPPORT ACT** Percentage of Civil

and recommends:

- be replaced with CS SB 115 (FIN)
- adopt previous CS _____
- attached amendment(s)
- adopt Letter of Intent by Senate Finance Committee
- further referral to the _____ Committee

- Senate Bill:**
- same title
 - new title
- House Bill:**
- same title
 - technical change
 - new: SCR# _____

SIGNING/DO PASS	DP	OTHER RECOMMENDATIONS	NR	DNP	AM
<i>Ben King</i>	✓	<i>Steve Price</i>	✓		
		<i>Paul E. Bell</i>	✓		
		<i>Walter Gentry</i>	✓		
		<i>Paul F. Shuff</i>	✓		
Co-Chair:		<i>Rick Halford</i>	✓		
Co-Chair:					

NEW FISCAL NOTE(S):

Department Date Zero Fiscal

<i>New CS forthcoming</i>			
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PREVIOUS FISCAL NOTE(S):*

Department Date Zero Fiscal

#1 DOL	3/3/85	0	0
#2 DOR	3/3/95	0	0
#3 DC-RA	3/3/95	0	0
#4 DZ-SS	3/3/95	0	0

APPROPRIATION -- no fiscal note

*include fiscal notes accompanying Governor's bill



Official Business

Alaska State Senate

Senate Finance Committee

Mail Stop 3100
State Capitol
Juneau, Alaska 99801-1182

SENATE FINANCE COMMITTEE
LETTER OF INTENT
TO ACCOMPANY CSSB 115 (FIN)

*Sen. Rieger
for your
review &
approval.
OK JR*

IT IS THE INTENT OF THE LEGISLATURE THAT THE CHILD SUPPORT ENFORCEMENT DIVISION ORGANIZE ITS PERSONNEL IN A WAY WHICH WILL ENSURE THAT THE PERSONNEL WHO DEAL WITH OBLIGORS WHO ARE NOT DELINQUENT OR IN ARREARS ARE NOT THE SAME PERSONNEL WHO DEAL WITH OBLIGORS WHO ARE DELINQUENT OR IN ARREARS.

To CSSB 115

By Rieger

Letter of Intent

It is the intent of the legislature that the CSED division organize its personnel in a way which will ensure that the personnel who deal with obligors who are not delinquent or in arrears are not the same personnel who deal with obligors who are delinquent or in arrears.

SENATE FINANCE
COMMITTEE

Amendment Number: AM-1
Bill Number: CS SB 115 (FIN) Working Draft
Sponsor: Rieger Date: 5/2/95
Logged In By: [Signature]

FISCAL NOTES

SB 115 - UNIFORM INTERSTATE FAMILY SUPPORT ACT

<u>No.</u>	<u>Dept.</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Amount</u>
1.	DOLaw	3/03/95	0
2.	DOR	3/03/95	0 170.0 rev.
3.	DC&RA	3/03/95	0
4.	DH&SS (AFDC) Shows GF/PR of 170.0 for offset of 170.0 GF Match.	3/03/95	0

SFC, 4/25/95

FISCAL NOTE

No. 4

STATE OF ALASKA
1995 LEGISLATIVE SESSION

BILL N: Bill Version: SB 115
(S) Publish Date: 3/7/95

Revision Date: _____ Dept. Affected: Health and Social Services
Title: Uniform Interstate Family Support Act BRU: Assistance Payments
Component: AFDC
Sponsor: Rules
Requestor: Governor COMPONENT SERIAL NO. 220

Expenditures/Revenues:

(Thousands of Dollars)

OPERATING	FY96	FY97	FY98	FY99	FY00	FY01
PERSONAL SERVICES	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
TRAVEL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CONTRACTUAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SUPPLIES	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
EQUIPMENT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LAND & STRUCTURES	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
GRANTS, CLAIMS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MISCELLANEOUS						
TOTAL OPERATING	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

CAPITAL EXPENDITURES	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
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CHANGES IN REVENUES	0	0	0	0	0	0
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FUND SOURCE

(Thousands of Dollars)

	FY96	FY97	FY98	FY99	FY00	FY01
1002 Federal Receipts	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1003 GF Match	(170.0)	(340.0)	(340.0)	(340.0)	(340.0)	(340.0)
1004 GF	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1005 GF/Program Receipts	170.0	340.0	340.0	340.0	340.0	340.0
1006 GF/MHTIA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

POSITIONS:

FULL-TIME	0	0	0	0	0	0
PART-TIME	0	0	0	0	0	0
TEMPORARY	0	0	0	0	0	0

Estimate of any current year (FY95) cost: \$ NONE

ANALYSIS: (Attach a separate page if necessary)

The Child Support Enforcement Division projects increased collections on behalf of AFDC children to result from this legislation. This analysis is based on CSED's projections in their fiscal note on this legislation.

Fifty percent of child support collected on behalf of AFDC children is retained by the state. These revenues are transferred as GF Program Receipts to the AFDC component of the Assistance Payments BRU. These GF Program Receipts are used in place of GF Match funds.

Prepared by: Jim Nordlund, Director for Ralph, acting dir Phone: 465-2680
Division: Division of Public Assistance Date: 3/3/95
Approved by Com: Karen Perdue Date: _____
Agency: Department of Health & Social Services

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FISCAL NOTE

No. 3
Bill Version: SB 115
(S) Publish Date: 3/7/95

Revision Date: 3/3/95 Dept. Affected: Community & Regional Affairs
Title: An Act relating to the establishment, modification, and enforcement of support orders... BRU: none
Component: none
Sponsor: Governor
Requestor: Governor COMPONENT SERIAL NO. _____

Expenditures/Revenues: (Thousands of Dollars)

OPERATING	FY 96	FY 97	FY 98	FY 99	FY 00	FY 01
PERSONAL SERVICES						
TRAVEL						
CONTRACTUAL						
SUPPLIES						
EQUIPMENT						
LAND & STRUCTURES						
GRANTS, CLAIMS						
MISCELLANEOUS						
TOTAL OPERATING	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CAPITAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

REVENUE FUND SOURCE: _____

FUNDING: (Thousands of Dollars)

1002 Federal Receipts						
1003 GF Match						
1004 GF						
1005 GF/Program Receipts						
1006 GF/MHTIA						
Other						
TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

POSITIONS:

FULL-TIME	0	0	0	0	0	0
PART-TIME						
TEMPORARY						

Estimate of current (FY94) impact \$ none

ANALYSIS: (Attach a separate page if necessary)

There is no fiscal impact on DCRA from this bill.

Prepared by: Remond Henderson, Director *Remond Henderson* Phone: 465-4708
Division: Division of Administrative Services Date: 3/3/95
Approved by Commissioner: *Mike Scriven* Date: 3/3/95
Agency: Community & Regional Affairs

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FISCAL NOTE

STATE OF ALASKA
1995 LEGISLATIVE SESSION

No. 2
Bill Version: SB 115
(S) Publish Date: 3/7/95

Revision Date: _____
Title: Uniform Interstate Support Act (UIFSA)

Department Affected: Revenue
BRU: Child Support Enforcement Division
Component: Child Support Enforcement Division

Sponsor: Rules
Requestor: Governor

COMPONENT SERIAL NO. 111

EXPENDITURES/REVENUES: (Thousands of Dollars)

OPERATING EXPENDITURES	FY 96	FY 97	FY 98	FY 99	FY 00	FY 01
PERSONAL SERVICES						
TRAVEL						
CONTRACTUAL						
SUPPLIES						
EQUIPMENT						
LAND & STRUCTURES						
GRANTS, CLAIMS						
MISCELLANEOUS						
TOTAL OPERATING	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

CAPITAL EXPENDITURES	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
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CHANGE IN REVENUES ()	170.0	340.0	340.0	340.0	340.0	340.0
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FUND SOURCE: (Thousands of Dollars)

1002 Federal Receipts						
1003 GF Match						
1004 GF						
1005 GF/Program Receipts						
1006 GF/MHTIA						
OTHER						
TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Estimate of any current year (FY 95) cost: \$ 0.0

POSITIONS:

FULL-TIME						
PART-TIME						
TEMPORARY						

ANALYSIS: (Attach a separate page if necessary.)

UIFSA applies to those actions relating to establishment, modification, and enforcement of support orders and the determining of parentage in situations where the parties reside in more than one state. The passage of this bill will improve service to case parties involved in interstate enforcement of child support orders by clarifying which state has jurisdiction. It authorizes the movement to a one order system for child support obligations that is honored by all states which pass UIFSA. UIFSA reduces agency response time in some areas in an effort to provide support collections sooner. AFDC collections will be increased by \$680,000 per year of which the state retains 50% or \$340,000. Since the effective date of the legislation in January, 1996 it would provide only \$170,000 for that fiscal year.

Prepared by: Glenda Straube
Division: Child Support Enforcement

Phone: 269-6801
Date: March 3, 1995

Approved by Commissioner: Deborah Vogt
Agency: Department of Revenue

Date: March 3, 1995

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FISCAL NOTE

No. 1

Bill Version: SB 115

BII (S) Publish Date: 3/7/95

STATE OF ALASKA
1995 LEGISLATIVE SESSION

Revision Date: _____ Dept. Affected: Department of Law
 Title: "...establishment, modification, and enforcement BRU: Legal Services
of support orders ... in situations involving more than one state..." Component: Operations
 Sponsor: Rules by Request of the Governor
 Requester: Office of the Governor/OMB COMPONENT SERIAL NO. 0093

Expenditures/Revenues

(Thousands of Dollars)

OPERATING EXPENDITURES	FY 96	FY 97	FY 98	FY 99	FY 00	FY 01
PERSONAL SERVICES						
TRAVEL						
CONTRACTUAL						
SUPPLIES						
EQUIPMENT						
LAND & STRUCTURES						
GRANTS, CLAIMS						
MISCELLANEOUS						
TOTAL OPERATING	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

CAPITAL EXPENDITURES						
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CHANGE IN REVENUES ()						
------------------------	--	--	--	--	--	--

FUND SOURCE

(Thousands of Dollars)

FUND SOURCE	FY 96	FY 97	FY 98	FY 99	FY 00	FY 01
1002 Federal Receipts						
1003 GF Match						
1004 GF						
1005 GF/Program Receipts						
1006 GF/MHTIA						
Other						
TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Estimate of any current year (FY95) cost: \$ 0.0

POSITIONS

POSITIONS	FY 96	FY 97	FY 98	FY 99	FY 00	FY 01
FULL-TIME	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
PART-TIME						
TEMPORARY						

ANALYSIS: (Attach a separate page if necessary)

This bill repeals the Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act (URESAs), under AS 25.25, and replaces it with a new uniform Act known as the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act (UIFSA). First adopted by the National Conference of Commissioners on Uniform State Laws in 1992, the new Act has already been enacted by 21 states, and it may be introduced in as many as eight states this year, including Alaska.

The Uniform Interstate Family Support Act was drafted to update USERA. UIFSA, like USERA, applies to those actions relating to the establishment, modification, and enforcement of support orders and the determination of parentage in situations in which the parties reside in more than one state.

A major feature of UIFSA is that it does not require reciprocity of laws between states in order to take action under its provisions. The new Act also contains its own long-arm jurisdiction provision providing the home state of a supported family the maximum possible opportunity to secure personal jurisdiction over an absent parent.

The bill promotes, to the extent possible, the premise of continuing exclusive jurisdiction over support orders. Under the law as it exists under URESAs, multiple orders for child support often result. UIFSA seeks

Prepared by: Richard I. Pegues, Director Phone: 465-3672
 Division: Administrative Services Division Date: 3/3/95
 Approved by Commissioner: Bruce M. Botelho, Attorney General Date: 3/3/95
 Agency: Department of Law

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FISCAL NOTE

STATE OF ALASKA
1995 LEGISLATIVE SESSION

BILL NO. _____

ANALYSIS CONTINUATION:

to limit the existence of multiple support orders by limiting the circumstances under which subsequent support orders may be entered in states other than the initiating state.

The bill also recognizes the growing use of administrative procedures in addition to or in place of judicial proceedings in the establishment of paternity and the establishment and enforcement of support orders.

The Uniform Interstate Family Support Act has been endorsed by the United States Commission on Interstate Child Support, the American Bar Association, and the Conference of Chief Justices.

The Department of Law is substantially involved in child support matters on behalf of the Child Support Enforcement Division, and the department provides all of the legal assistance required by the division. It is anticipated the department will have to provide additional legal advice and guidance to the division in implementing the provisions of UIFSA at the early stage. However, because the new Act provides several new efficiencies, this additional work will be easily offset by those efficiencies. Consequently, no fiscal impact is expected for the Department of Law.

Adopted 5/1/95

9-GS0042G
Lauterbach
4/30/95

*Phoned Legal
10:55 am*

SENATE FINANCE
COMMITTEE

Amendment Number: CS-2
Bill Number: SB 115
Sponsor: He. Ford Date: 5/1/95
Logged In By: [Signature]

CS FOR SENATE BILL NO. 115(FIN)

IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA

NINETEENTH LEGISLATURE - FIRST SESSION

BY THE SENATE FINANCE COMMITTEE

Offered:
Referred:

Sponsor(s): SENATE RULES COMMITTEE BY REQUEST OF THE GOVERNOR

A BILL

FOR AN ACT ENTITLED

1 "An Act repealing the Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act; enacting
2 the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act; relating to administrative
3 establishment and disestablishment of paternity and establishing paternity by
4 affidavit; relating to child support enforcement; amending Alaska Rules of Civil
5 Procedure 79, 82, and 90.3(h)(2); and providing for an effective date."

6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

7 * Section 1. AS 18.50.160(d) is repealed and reenacted to read:

8 (d) If the mother was married at conception, during the pregnancy, or at birth,
9 the name of the husband shall be entered on the certificate as the father of the child
10 unless

- 11 (1) paternity has been lawfully determined otherwise by a tribunal, in
12 which case the name of the father, if determined by a tribunal, shall be entered; or
13 (2) both the mother and the mother's husband execute affidavits

1 attesting that the husband is not the father and that another man is the father, and the
2 mother and the other man execute affidavits attesting that the other man is the father,
3 so long as the affidavits meet the requirements of (g) of this section.

4 * Sec. 2. AS 18.50.160(e) is repealed and reenacted to read:

5 (e) If the mother was not married at conception, during the pregnancy, or at
6 birth, the name of the father may not be entered on the certificate of birth, unless

7 (1) paternity has been lawfully determined by a tribunal, in which case
8 the name of the father, if determined by the tribunal, shall be entered;

9 (2) both the mother and the man to be named as the father have
10 executed affidavits attesting that that man is the father, so long as the affidavits meet
11 the requirements of (g) of this section; or

12 (3) as otherwise specified by statute.

13 * Sec. 3. AS 18.50.160 is amended by adding new subsections to read:

14 (g) An affidavit under (d) or (e) of this section must meet the following
15 requirements:

16 (1) the affidavit must be executed by all required individuals; an
17 affidavit may be executed jointly, individually, or in combination of jointly and
18 individually; and

19 (2) if an affidavit is executed by more than one individual, the
20 signature of each individual must be individually notarized.

21 (h) In this section, unless the context requires otherwise, "tribunal" means a
22 court, administrative agency, or quasi-judicial entity authorized by law to determine
23 parentage.

24 * Sec. 4. AS 25.25 is amended by adding new sections to read:

25 ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

26 Sec. 25.25.101. DEFINITIONS. In this chapter,

27 (1) "child" means an individual, whether over or under the age of
28 majority, who is or is alleged to be owed a duty of support by the individual's parent
29 or who is or is alleged to be the beneficiary of a support order directed to the parent;

30 (2) "child support order" means a support order for a child, including
31 a child who has attained the age of majority under the law of the issuing state;

1 (3) "duty of support" means an obligation imposed or imposable by law
2 to provide support for a child, spouse, or former spouse, including an unsatisfied
3 obligation to provide support;

4 (4) "home state" means the state in which a child lived with a parent
5 or a person acting as a parent for at least six consecutive months immediately
6 preceding the time of filing of a complaint or comparable pleading for support and, if
7 a child is less than six months old, the state in which the child lived from birth with
8 a parent or person acting as a parent; a period of temporary absence of a parent or
9 person acting as a parent is counted as part of the six-month or other period;

10 (5) "income" includes earnings or other periodic entitlements to money
11 from any source and any other property subject to withholding for support under the
12 law of this state;

13 (6) "income withholding order" means an order or other legal process
14 directed to an obligor, an obligor's employer, an obligor's future employer, or another
15 person, political subdivision, or department of the state, under AS 25.27 to withhold
16 support from the income of the obligor under AS 25.27;

17 (7) "initiating state" means a state in which a proceeding under this
18 chapter or a law substantially similar to this chapter, the former provisions of this
19 chapter, the Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act, or the Revised Uniform
20 Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act is filed for forwarding to a responding state;

21 (8) "initiating tribunal" means the authorized tribunal in an initiating
22 state;

23 (9) "issuing state" means the state in which a tribunal issues a support
24 order or renders a judgment determining parentage;

25 (10) "issuing tribunal" means the tribunal that issues a support order
26 or renders a judgment determining parentage;

27 (11) "law" includes decisional and statutory law and rules and
28 regulations having the force of law;

29 (12) "obligee" means

30 (A) an individual to whom a duty of support is or is alleged to
31 be owed or in whose favor a support order has been issued or a judgment

- 1 determining parentage has been rendered;
- 2 (B) a state or political subdivision to which the rights under a
- 3 duty of support or support order have been assigned or that has independent
- 4 claims based on financial assistance provided to an individual obligee; or
- 5 (C) an individual seeking a judgment determining parentage of
- 6 the individual's child;
- 7 (13) "obligor" means an individual or the estate of a decedent who
- 8 (A) owes or is alleged to owe a duty of support;
- 9 (B) is alleged but has not been adjudicated to be a parent of a
- 10 child; or
- 11 (C) is liable under a support order;
- 12 (14) "register" means to file a support order or judgment determining
- 13 parentage with a registering tribunal;
- 14 (15) "registering tribunal" means the tribunal in which a support order
- 15 or judgment determining parentage is registered;
- 16 (16) "responding state" means a state to which a proceeding is
- 17 forwarded under this chapter or a law substantially similar to this chapter, the former
- 18 provisions of this chapter, the Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act, or the
- 19 Revised Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act;
- 20 (17) "responding tribunal" means the authorized tribunal in a
- 21 responding state;
- 22 (18) "spousal support order" means a support order for a spouse or
- 23 former spouse of the obligor;
- 24 (19) "state" means a state of the United States, the District of
- 25 Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or any territory or insular possession
- 26 subject to the jurisdiction of the United States; the term "state" includes a foreign
- 27 jurisdiction that has established procedures for issuance and enforcement of support
- 28 orders that are substantially similar to the procedures under this chapter;
- 29 (20) "support enforcement agency" means a public official or agency
- 30 authorized to seek
- 31 (A) enforcement of support orders or laws relating to the duty

1 of support;

2 (B) establishment or modification of child support orders;

3 (C) determination of parentage; or

4 (D) the location of obligors or their assets;

5 (21) "support order" means a judgment, decree, or order, whether
6 temporary, final, or subject to modification, for the benefit of a child, a spouse, or a
7 former spouse, that provides for monetary support, health care, arrearages, or
8 reimbursement, and may include related costs and fees, interest, income withholding,
9 attorney fees, and other relief;

10 (22) "tribunal" means a court, administrative agency, or quasi-judicial
11 entity authorized to establish, enforce, or modify support orders or to determine
12 parentage.

13 Sec. 25.25.102. TRIBUNALS OF THIS STATE. The superior court and the
14 child support enforcement agency are the tribunals of this state.

15 Sec. 25.25.103. REMEDIES CUMULATIVE. Remedies provided by this
16 chapter are cumulative and do not affect the availability of remedies under other law.

17 * Sec. 5. AS 25.25 is amended by adding new sections to read:

18 ARTICLE 2. JURISDICTION.

19 Sec. 25.25.201. BASES FOR JURISDICTION OVER NONRESIDENT. In
20 a proceeding to establish, enforce, or modify a support order or to determine parentage,
21 a tribunal of this state may exercise personal jurisdiction over a nonresident individual
22 or the individual's guardian or conservator if

23 (1) the individual is personally served with a citation, summons, or
24 notice within this state;

25 (2) the individual submits to the jurisdiction of this state by consent,
26 by entering a general appearance, or by filing a responsive document having the effect
27 of waiving any contest to personal jurisdiction;

28 (3) the individual resided with the child in this state;

29 (4) the individual resided in this state and provided prenatal expenses
30 or support for the child;

31 (5) the child resides in this state as a result of the acts or directives of

1 the individual;

2 (6) the individual engaged in sexual intercourse in this state and the
3 child may have been conceived by that act of intercourse;

4 (7) the individual acknowledged parentage in a writing deposited with
5 the Bureau of Vital Statistics under AS 25.20.050; or

6 (8) there is another basis consistent with the constitutions of this state
7 and the United States for the exercise of personal jurisdiction.

8 Sec. 25.25.202. PROCEDURE WHEN EXERCISING JURISDICTION OVER
9 NONRESIDENT. A tribunal of this state exercising personal jurisdiction over a
10 nonresident under AS 25.25.201 may apply AS 25.25.316 to receive evidence from
11 another state and AS 25.25.318 to obtain discovery through a tribunal of another state.
12 In all other respects, AS 25.25.301 - 25.25.701 do not apply and the tribunal shall
13 apply the procedural and substantive law of this state, including the rules on choice of
14 law other than those established by this chapter.

15 Sec. 25.25.203. INITIATING AND RESPONDING TRIBUNAL OF THIS
16 STATE. Under this chapter, a tribunal of this state may serve as an initiating tribunal
17 to forward proceedings to another state and as a responding tribunal for proceedings
18 initiated in another state.

19 Sec. 25.25.204. SIMULTANEOUS PROCEEDINGS IN ANOTHER STATE.
20 (a) A tribunal of this state may exercise jurisdiction to establish a support order if the
21 complaint or comparable pleading is filed after a complaint or comparable pleading is
22 filed in another state only if

23 (1) the complaint or comparable pleading in this state is filed before
24 the expiration of the time allowed in the other state for filing a responsive pleading
25 challenging the exercise of jurisdiction by the other state;

26 (2) the contesting party timely challenges the exercise of jurisdiction
27 in the other state; and

28 (3) if relevant, this state is the home state of the child.

29 (b) A tribunal of this state may not exercise jurisdiction to establish a support
30 order if the complaint or comparable pleading is filed before a complaint or
31 comparable pleading is filed in another state if

1 (1) the complaint or comparable pleading in the other state is filed
2 before the expiration of the time allowed in this state for filing a responsive pleading
3 challenging the exercise of jurisdiction by this state;

4 (2) the contesting party timely challenges the exercise of jurisdiction
5 in this state; and

6 (3) if relevant, the other state is the home state of the child.

7 Sec. 25.25.205. CONTINUING, EXCLUSIVE JURISDICTION. (a) A
8 tribunal of this state issuing a support order consistent with the law of this state has
9 continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over a child support order

10 (1) as long as this state remains the residence of the obligor, the
11 individual obligee, or the child for whose benefit the support order is issued; or

12 (2) until each individual party has filed written consent with the tribunal
13 of this state for a tribunal of another state to modify the order and assume continuing,
14 exclusive jurisdiction.

15 (b) A tribunal of this state issuing a child support order consistent with the law
16 of this state may not exercise its continuing jurisdiction to modify the order if the
17 order has been modified by a tribunal of another state under a law substantially similar
18 to this chapter.

19 (c) If a child support order of this state is modified by a tribunal of another
20 state under a law substantially similar to this chapter, a tribunal of this state loses its
21 continuing, exclusive jurisdiction with regard to prospective enforcement of the order
22 issued in this state and may only

23 (1) enforce the order that was modified as to amounts accruing before
24 the modification;

25 (2) enforce nonmodifiable aspects of that order; and

26 (3) provide other appropriate relief for violations of that order that
27 occurred before the effective date of the modification.

28 (d) A tribunal of this state shall recognize the continuing, exclusive jurisdiction
29 of a tribunal of another state that has issued a child support order under a law
30 substantially similar to this chapter.

31 (e) A temporary support order issued ex parte or pending resolution of a

1 jurisdictional conflict does not create continuing, exclusive jurisdiction in the issuing
2 tribunal.

3 (f) A tribunal of this state issuing a support order consistent with the law of
4 this state has continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over a spousal support order throughout
5 the existence of the support obligation. A tribunal of this state may not modify a
6 spousal support order issued by a tribunal of another state having continuing, exclusive
7 jurisdiction over that order under the law of that state.

8 Sec. 25.25.206. ENFORCEMENT AND MODIFICATION OF SUPPORT
9 ORDER BY TRIBUNAL HAVING CONTINUING JURISDICTION. (a) A tribunal
10 of this state may serve as an initiating tribunal to request a tribunal of another state to
11 enforce or modify a support order issued in that state.

12 (b) A tribunal of this state having continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over a
13 support order may act as a responding tribunal to enforce or modify the order. If a
14 party subject to the continuing, exclusive jurisdiction of the tribunal no longer resides
15 in the issuing state, in subsequent proceedings the tribunal may apply AS 25.25.316
16 to receive evidence from another state and AS 25.25.318 to obtain discovery through
17 a tribunal of another state.

18 (c) A tribunal of this state that lacks continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over a
19 spousal support order may not serve as a responding tribunal to modify a spousal
20 support order of another state.

21 Sec. 25.25.207. RECOGNITION OF CHILD SUPPORT ORDERS. (a) If a
22 proceeding is brought under this chapter, and one or more child support orders have
23 been issued in this or another state with regard to an obligor and a child, a tribunal of
24 this state shall apply the following rules in determining which order to recognize for
25 purposes of continuing, exclusive jurisdiction:

26 (1) if only one tribunal has issued a child support order, the order of
27 that tribunal shall be recognized;

28 (2) if two or more tribunals have issued child support orders for the
29 same obligor and child, and only one of the tribunals would have continuing, exclusive
30 jurisdiction under this chapter, the order of that tribunal shall be recognized;

31 (3) if two or more tribunals have issued child support orders for the

1 same obligor and child, and more than one of the tribunals would have continuing,
2 exclusive jurisdiction under this chapter, an order issued by a tribunal in the current
3 home state of the child shall be recognized but, if an order has not been issued in the
4 current home state of the child, the order most recently issued must be recognized;

5 (4) if two or more tribunals have issued child support orders for the
6 same obligor and child, and none of the tribunals would have continuing, exclusive
7 jurisdiction under this chapter, the tribunal of this state may issue a child support order
8 that shall be recognized.

9 (b) The tribunal that has issued an order recognized under (a) of this section
10 is the tribunal having continuing, exclusive jurisdiction.

11 Sec. 25.25.208. MULTIPLE CHILD SUPPORT ORDERS FOR TWO OR
12 MORE OBLIGEES. In responding to multiple registrations or complaints for
13 enforcement of two or more child support orders in effect at the same time with regard
14 to the same obligor and different individual obligees, when at least one of the orders
15 was issued by a tribunal of another state, a tribunal of this state shall enforce those
16 orders in the same manner as if the multiple orders had been issued by a tribunal of
17 this state.

18 Sec. 25.25.209. CREDIT FOR PAYMENTS. Amounts collected and credited
19 for a particular period under a support order issued by a tribunal of another state shall
20 be credited against the amounts accruing or accrued for the same period under a
21 support order issued by the tribunal of this state.

22 * Sec. 6. AS 25.25 is amended by adding new sections to read:

23 ARTICLE 3. CIVIL PROVISIONS OF GENERAL APPLICATION.

24 Sec. 25.25.301. PROCEEDINGS UNDER THIS CHAPTER. (a) Except as
25 otherwise provided in this chapter, AS 25.25.301 - 25.25.319 apply to all proceedings
26 under this chapter.

27 (b) This chapter provides for the following proceedings:

28 (1) establishment of an order for child support or spousal support under
29 AS 25.25.401;

30 (2) enforcement of a support order and income withholding order of
31 another state without registration under AS 25.25.501 - 25.25.502;

1 (3) registration of an order for child support or spousal support of
2 another state for enforcement under AS 25.25.601 - 25.25.612;

3 (4) modification of an order for child support or spousal support issued
4 by a tribunal of this state under AS 25.25.203 - 25.25.206;

5 (5) registration of an order for child support of another state for
6 modification under AS 25.25.601 - 25.25.612;

7 (6) determination of parentage under AS 25.25.701; and

8 (7) assertion of jurisdiction over nonresidents under AS 25.25.201 -
9 25.25.202.

10 (c) An individual or a support enforcement agency may commence a
11 proceeding authorized under this chapter by filing a complaint or a comparable
12 pleading in an initiating tribunal for forwarding to a responding tribunal or by filing
13 a complaint or a comparable pleading directly in a tribunal of another state that has
14 or can obtain personal jurisdiction over the respondent.

15 Sec. 25.25.302. ACTION BY MINOR PARENT. A minor parent, or a
16 guardian or other legal representative of a minor parent, may maintain a proceeding
17 on behalf of or for the benefit of the minor's child.

18 Sec. 25.25.303. APPLICATION OF LAW OF THIS STATE. Except as
19 otherwise provided by this chapter, a responding tribunal of this state shall

20 (1) apply the procedural and substantive law, including the rules on
21 choice of law, generally applicable to similar proceedings originating in this state and
22 may exercise all powers and provide all remedies available in those proceedings; and

23 (2) determine the duty of support and the amount payable under the law
24 and support guidelines of this state.

25 Sec. 25.25.304. DUTIES OF INITIATING TRIBUNAL. Upon the filing of
26 a complaint or comparable pleading authorized by this chapter, an initiating tribunal
27 of this state shall forward three copies of the complaint or comparable pleading and
28 its accompanying documents

29 (1) to the responding tribunal or appropriate support enforcement
30 agency in the responding state; or

31 (2) if the identity of the responding tribunal is unknown, to the state

1 information agency of the responding state with a request that they be forwarded to the
2 appropriate tribunal and that receipt be acknowledged.

3 Sec. 25.25.305. DUTIES AND POWERS OF RESPONDING TRIBUNAL.

4 (a) When a responding tribunal of this state receives a complaint or comparable
5 pleading from an initiating tribunal or directly under AS 25.25.301(c), it shall cause
6 the complaint or pleading to be filed and notify the petitioner by first class mail where
7 and when it was filed.

8 (b) A responding tribunal of this state, to the extent otherwise specifically
9 authorized by law, may do one or more of the following:

10 (1) issue or enforce a support order, modify a child support order, or
11 render a judgment to determine parentage;

12 (2) order an obligor to comply with a support order, specifying the
13 amount and the manner of compliance;

14 (3) order income withholding;

15 (4) determine the amount of any arrearages, and specify a method of
16 payment;

17 (5) enforce orders by civil or criminal contempt, or both;

18 (6) set aside property for satisfaction of the support order;

19 (7) place liens and order execution on the obligor's property;

20 (8) order an obligor to keep the tribunal informed of the obligor's
21 current residential address, telephone number, employer, address of employment, and
22 telephone number at the place of employment;

23 (9) issue a bench warrant for an obligor who has failed after proper
24 notice to appear at a hearing ordered by the tribunal and enter the bench warrant in
25 any local and state computer systems for criminal warrants;

26 (10) order the obligor to seek appropriate employment by specified
27 methods;

28 (11) award reasonable attorney fees and other fees and costs; and

29 (12) grant any other available remedy.

30 (c) A responding tribunal of this state shall include in a support order issued
31 under this chapter, or in the documents accompanying the order, the calculations on

1 which the support order is based.

2 (d) A responding tribunal of this state may not condition the payment of a
3 support order issued under this chapter upon compliance by a party with provisions for
4 visitation.

5 (e) If a responding tribunal of this state issues an order under this chapter, the
6 tribunal shall send a copy of the order by first class mail to the petitioner and the
7 respondent and to the initiating tribunal, if any.

8 Sec. 25.25.306. INAPPROPRIATE TRIBUNAL. If a complaint or comparable
9 pleading is received by an inappropriate tribunal of this state, it shall forward the
10 complaint or pleading, and accompanying documents, to an appropriate tribunal in this
11 state or another state and notify the petitioner by first class mail where and when the
12 complaint or pleading was sent.

13 Sec. 25.25.307. DUTIES OF CHILD SUPPORT ENFORCEMENT AGENCY.

14 (a) The child support enforcement agency of this state, upon request, shall provide
15 services to a petitioner in a proceeding under this chapter.

16 (b) In providing services under this chapter to the petitioner, the child support
17 enforcement agency shall, as appropriate,

18 (1) take all steps necessary to enable an appropriate tribunal in this
19 state or another state to obtain jurisdiction over the respondent;

20 (2) request an appropriate tribunal to set a date, time, and place for a
21 hearing;

22 (3) make a reasonable effort to obtain all relevant information,
23 including information as to income and property of the parties;

24 (4) send written notice from an initiating, responding, or registering
25 tribunal to the petitioner by first class mail within two days of receipt, exclusive of
26 Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays;

27 (5) send a copy of a written communication from the respondent or the
28 respondent's attorney to the petitioner by first class mail within two days of receipt,
29 exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays; and

30 (6) notify the petitioner if jurisdiction over the respondent cannot be
31 obtained.

1 (c) This chapter does not create or negate a relationship of attorney and client
2 or other fiduciary relationship between the child support enforcement agency or the
3 attorney for the agency and the individual being assisted by the agency.

4 Sec. 25.25.309. PRIVATE COUNSEL. An individual may employ private
5 counsel to represent the individual in proceedings authorized by this chapter.

6 Sec. 25.25.310. DUTIES OF STATE INFORMATION AND LOCATOR
7 AGENCY. The child support enforcement agency is the state information agency
8 under this chapter, and it shall

9 (1) compile and maintain a current list, including addresses, of the
10 courts in this state that have jurisdiction under this chapter and the appropriate agency
11 offices in this state and transmit a copy to the state information agency of every other
12 state;

13 (2) maintain a register of tribunals and support enforcement agencies
14 received from other states;

15 (3) forward to the appropriate tribunal in this state all documents
16 concerning a proceeding under this chapter received from an initiating tribunal or the
17 state information agency of the initiating state; and

18 (4) obtain information concerning the location of the obligor and the
19 obligor's property within this state that is not exempt from execution by postal
20 verification and federal or state locator services, examination of telephone directories,
21 requests for the obligor's address from employers, and examination of governmental
22 records, including, to the extent not prohibited by other law, those relating to real
23 property, vital statistics, law enforcement, taxation, motor vehicles, driver's licenses,
24 and social security.

25 Sec. 25.25.311. PLEADINGS AND ACCOMPANYING DOCUMENTS. (a)
26 A petitioner seeking to establish or modify a support order or to determine parentage
27 in a proceeding under this chapter shall verify the complaint or comparable pleading.
28 Unless otherwise ordered under AS 25.25.312, or otherwise prohibited by law, the
29 complaint or comparable pleading or accompanying documents must provide, so far
30 as known, the name, residential address, and social security numbers of the obligor and
31 the obligee, and the name, sex, residential address, social security number, and date

1 of birth of each child for whom support is sought. The complaint or comparable
2 pleading must be accompanied by a certified copy of any support order in effect. The
3 complaint or comparable pleading may include other information that may assist in
4 locating or identifying the respondent.

5 (b) The complaint or comparable pleading must specify the relief sought. The
6 complaint or comparable pleading and accompanying documents must conform
7 substantially with the requirements imposed by the forms mandated by federal law for
8 use in cases filed by a support enforcement agency.

9 Sec. 25.25.312. NONDISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION IN EXCEPTIONAL
10 CIRCUMSTANCES. Subject to the provisions of AS 25.27.275 and upon a finding,
11 which may be made ex parte, that the health, safety, or liberty of a party or child
12 would be unreasonably put at risk by the disclosure of identifying information, or if
13 an existing order so provides, a tribunal shall order that the address of the child or
14 party or other identifying information not be disclosed in a pleading or other document
15 filed in a proceeding under this chapter.

16 Sec. 25.25.313. COSTS AND FEES. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision
17 of law, including a rule of the Alaska Supreme Court, at the time a complaint or
18 comparable pleading is filed under this chapter, a tribunal may not require the
19 petitioner to pay a filing fee or other costs.

20 (b) If an obligee prevails, a responding tribunal may assess against an obligor
21 filing fees, including fees that were waived under (a) of this section, reasonable
22 attorney fees, other costs, necessary travel expenses, and other reasonable expenses
23 incurred by the obligee and the obligee's witnesses. The tribunal may not assess fees,
24 costs, or expenses against the obligee or the support enforcement agency of either the
25 initiating or the responding state except as required by other law or court rule.
26 Attorney fees may be taxed as costs, and may be ordered paid directly to the attorney,
27 who may enforce the order in the attorney's own name. Payment of support owed to
28 the obligee has priority over fees, costs, and expenses assessed under this subsection.

29 (c) The tribunal shall order the payment of costs and reasonable attorney fees,
30 including filing fees that were waived under (a) of this section, by a party who
31 requests a hearing under this chapter if it determines that the hearing was requested

1 primarily for delay. In a proceeding under AS 25.25.601 - 25.25.612, a hearing is
2 presumed to have been requested primarily for delay if a registered support order is
3 confirmed or enforced without change; however, the party who requested the hearing
4 may present evidence to rebut this presumption.

5 Sec. 25.25.314. LIMITED IMMUNITY OF PETITIONER. (a) Participation
6 by a petitioner in a proceeding before a responding tribunal, whether in person, by
7 private attorney, or through services provided by the support enforcement agency, does
8 not confer personal jurisdiction over the petitioner in another proceeding.

9 (b) A petitioner is not amenable to service of civil process while physically
10 present in this state to participate in a proceeding under this chapter.

11 (c) The immunity granted by this section does not extend to civil litigation
12 based on acts unrelated to a proceeding under this chapter committed by a party while
13 present in this state to participate in the proceeding.

14 Sec. 25.25.315. NONPARENTAGE AS DEFENSE. A party whose parentage
15 of a child has been previously determined under law may not plead nonparentage as
16 a defense to a proceeding under this chapter.

17 Sec. 25.25.316. SPECIAL RULES OF EVIDENCE AND PROCEDURE. (a)
18 The physical presence of the petitioner in a responding tribunal of this state is not
19 required for the establishment, enforcement, or modification of a support order or the
20 rendition of a judgment determining parentage.

21 (b) A verified complaint or comparable pleading, affidavit, document
22 substantially complying with federally mandated forms, and a document incorporated
23 by reference in any of them, not excluded under the hearsay rule if given in person,
24 is admissible in evidence if given under oath by a party or witness residing in another
25 state.

26 (c) A copy of the record of child support payments certified as a true copy of
27 the original by the custodian of the record may be forwarded to a responding tribunal.
28 The copy is evidence of facts asserted in it and is admissible to show whether
29 payments were made.

30 (d) Copies of bills for testing for parentage, and for prenatal and postnatal
31 health care of the mother and child, furnished to the adverse party at least 10 days

1 before trial or other proceeding, are admissible in evidence to prove the amount of the
2 charges billed and that the charges were reasonable, necessary, and customary.

3 (e) Documentary evidence transmitted from another state to a tribunal of this
4 state by telephone, telecopier, or other means that do not provide an original writing
5 may not be excluded from evidence on an objection based on the means of
6 transmission.

7 (f) In a proceeding under this chapter, a tribunal of this state may permit a
8 party or witness residing in another state to be deposed or to testify by telephone,
9 audiovisual means, or other electronic means at a designated tribunal or other location
10 in that state. A tribunal of this state shall cooperate with tribunals of other states in
11 designating an appropriate location for the deposition or testimony.

12 (g) If a party called to testify at a civil hearing refuses to answer on the
13 ground that the testimony may be self-incriminating, the trier of fact may draw an
14 adverse inference from the refusal.

15 (h) A privilege against disclosure of communications between spouses does not
16 apply in a proceeding under this chapter.

17 (i) The defense of immunity based on the relationship of husband and wife or
18 parent and child does not apply in a proceeding under this chapter.

19 Sec. 25.25.317. COMMUNICATIONS BETWEEN TRIBUNALS. A tribunal
20 of this state may communicate with a tribunal of another state in writing, or by
21 telephone or other means, to obtain information concerning the laws of that state, the
22 legal effect of a judgment, decree, or order of that tribunal, and the status of a
23 proceeding in the other state. A tribunal of this state may furnish similar information
24 by similar means to a tribunal of another state.

25 Sec. 25.25.318. ASSISTANCE WITH DISCOVERY. A tribunal of this state
26 may

27 (1) request a tribunal of another state to assist in obtaining discovery;

28 and

29 (2) upon request, compel a person over whom it has jurisdiction to
30 respond to a discovery order issued by a tribunal of another state.

31 Sec. 25.25.319. RECEIPT AND DISBURSEMENT OF PAYMENTS. The

1 child support enforcement agency of this state shall disburse promptly any amounts
2 received under a support order, as directed by the order. The agency shall furnish to
3 a requesting party or tribunal of another state a certified statement by the custodian of
4 the record of the amounts and dates of all payments received.

5 ARTICLE 4. ESTABLISHMENT OF SUPPORT ORDER.

6 Sec. 25.25.401. COMPLAINT TO ESTABLISH SUPPORT ORDER. (a) If
7 a child support order entitled to recognition under this chapter has not been issued,
8 responding tribunal of this state may issue a child support order if

9 (1) the individual seeking the order resides in another state; or

10 (2) the support enforcement agency seeking the order is located in
11 another state.

12 (b) The tribunal may issue a temporary child support order if

13 (1) the respondent has signed a verified statement acknowledging
14 parentage;

15 (2) the respondent has been determined under law to be the parent; or

16 (3) there is other clear and convincing evidence that the respondent is
17 the child's parent.

18 (c) If a spousal support order entitled to recognition under this chapter has not
19 been issued, a responding superior court of this state may issue a spousal support order
20 if

21 (1) the individual seeking the order resides in another state; or

22 (2) the support enforcement agency seeking the order is located in
23 another state.

24 (d) If, after providing an obligor with notice and opportunity to be heard, an
25 appropriate tribunal finds that the obligor owes a duty of support, the tribunal shall
26 issue a support order directed to the obligor and may issue other orders under
27 AS 25.25.305.

28 (e) Before issuing an order under (b) of this section, the child support
29 enforcement agency shall adopt regulations for issuing such an order.

30 ARTICLE 5. DIRECT ENFORCEMENT OF ORDER OF
31 ANOTHER STATE WITHOUT REGISTRATION.

1 Sec. 25.25.501. RECOGNITION OF INCOME WITHHOLDING ORDER OF
2 ANOTHER STATE. (a) An income withholding order issued in another state may
3 be sent by first class mail to the person or entity defined as the obligor's employer
4 under AS 25.27 without first filing a complaint or comparable pleading or registering
5 the order with a tribunal of this state. Upon receipt of the order, the employer shall

6 (1) treat an income withholding order issued in another state that
7 appears regular on its face as if it had been issued by a tribunal of this state;

8 (2) immediately provide a copy of the order to the obligor; and

9 (3) distribute the funds as directed in the withholding order.

10 (b) An obligor may contest the validity or enforcement of an income
11 withholding order issued in another state in the same manner as if the order had been
12 issued by a tribunal of this state. AS 25.25.604 applies to the contest. The obligor
13 shall give notice of the contest to a support enforcement agency providing services to
14 the obligee and

15 (1) to the person or agency designated to receive payments in the
16 income withholding order; or

17 (2) if a person or agency is not designated, to the obligee.

18 Sec. 25.25.502. ADMINISTRATIVE ENFORCEMENT OF ORDERS. (a) A
19 party seeking to enforce a support order or an income withholding order, or both,
20 issued by a tribunal of another state may send the documents required for registering
21 the order to the child support enforcement agency of this state.

22 (b) Upon receipt of the documents, the child support enforcement agency,
23 without initially seeking to register the order, shall consider and, if appropriate, use
24 any administrative procedure authorized by the law of this state to enforce a support
25 order or an income withholding order, or both. If the obligor does not contest
26 administrative enforcement, the order need not be registered. If the obligor contests
27 the validity or administrative enforcement of the order, the child support enforcement
28 agency shall register the order under this chapter.

29 ARTICLE 6. ENFORCEMENT AND MODIFICATION OF
30 SUPPORT ORDER AFTER REGISTRATION.

31 Sec. 25.25.601. REGISTRATION OF ORDER FOR ENFORCEMENT. A

1 support order or an income withholding order issued by a tribunal of another state may
2 be registered in this state for enforcement.

3 Sec. 25.25.602. PROCEDURE TO REGISTER ORDER FOR
4 ENFORCEMENT. (a) A support order or income withholding order of another state
5 may be registered in this state by sending the following documents and information
6 to a tribunal of this state:

- 7 (1) a letter of transmittal requesting registration and enforcement;
8 (2) two copies, including one certified copy, of all orders to be
9 registered, including any modification of an order;
10 (3) a sworn statement by the party seeking registration or a certified
11 statement by the custodian of the records showing the amount of any arrearage;
12 (4) the name of the obligor and, if known,
13 (A) the obligor's address and social security number;
14 (B) the name and address of the obligor's employer and any
15 other source of income of the obligor;
16 (C) a description and the location of property in this state of the
17 obligor not exempt from execution; and
18 (D) the name and address of all potential third party resources,
19 including a health insurer, that might be available to meet the requirements of
20 a medical support order; and
21 (5) the name and address of the obligee and, if applicable, the agency
22 or person to whom support payments are to be remitted.

23 (b) On receipt of a request for registration, the registering tribunal shall file
24 the order as a foreign judgment, together with one copy of the documents and
25 information, regardless of their form.

26 (c) A complaint or comparable pleading seeking a remedy that must be
27 affirmatively sought under other law of this state may be filed at the same time as the
28 request for registration or later. The pleading must specify the grounds for the remedy
29 sought.

30 Sec. 25.25.603. EFFECT OF REGISTRATION FOR ENFORCEMENT. (a)
31 A support order or income withholding order issued in another state is registered when

1 the order is filed in the registering tribunal of this state.

2 (b) A registered order issued in another state is enforceable in the same
3 manner and is subject to the same procedures as an order issued by a tribunal of this
4 state.

5 (c) Except as otherwise provided in AS 25.25.601 - 25.25.612, a tribunal of
6 this state shall recognize and enforce, but may not modify, a registered order if the
7 issuing tribunal had jurisdiction.

8 Sec. 25.25.604. CHOICE OF LAW. (a) The law of the issuing state governs
9 the nature, extent, amount, and duration of current payments and other obligations of
10 support and the payment of arrearages under the order.

11 (b) In a proceeding for arrearages, the statute of limitation under the laws of
12 this state or of the issuing state, whichever is longer, applies.

13 Sec. 25.25.605. NOTICE OF REGISTRATION OF ORDER. (a) When a
14 support order or income withholding order issued in another state is registered, the
15 registering tribunal shall notify the nonregistering party. Notice shall be given by first
16 class, certified, or registered mail or by any means of personal service authorized by
17 the law of this state. The notice must be accompanied by a copy of the registered
18 order and the documents and relevant information accompanying the order.

19 (b) The notice must inform the nonregistering party

20 (1) that a registered order is enforceable as of the date of registration
21 in the same manner as an order issued by a tribunal of this state;

22 (2) that a hearing to contest the validity or enforcement of the
23 registered order must be requested within 20 days after the date of mailing or personal
24 service of the notice;

25 (3) that failure to contest the validity or enforcement of the registered
26 order in a timely manner will result in confirmation of the order and enforcement of
27 the order and the alleged arrearages and precludes further contest of that order with
28 respect to any matter that could have been asserted; and

29 (4) of the amount of alleged arrearages.

30 (c) Upon registration of an income withholding order for enforcement, the
31 registering tribunal shall notify the obligor's employer under AS 25.27.

1 Sec. 25.25.606. PROCEDURE TO CONTEST VALIDITY OR
2 ENFORCEMENT OF REGISTERED ORDER. (a) A nonregistering party seeking
3 to contest the validity or enforcement of a registered order in this state shall request
4 a hearing within 20 days after the date of mailing or personal service of notice of the
5 registration. The nonregistering party may seek to vacate the registration, to assert a
6 defense to an allegation of noncompliance with the registered order, or to contest the
7 remedies being sought or the amount of alleged arrearages under AS 25.25.607.

8 (b) If the nonregistering party fails to contest the validity or enforcement of
9 the registered order in a timely manner, the order is confirmed by operation of law.

10 (c) If a nonregistering party requests a hearing to contest the validity or
11 enforcement of the registered order, the registering tribunal shall schedule the matter
12 for hearing and give notice to the parties by first class mail of the date, time, and place
13 of the hearing.

14 Sec. 25.25.607. CONTEST OF REGISTRATION OR ENFORCEMENT. (a)
15 A party contesting the validity or enforcement of a registered order or seeking to
16 vacate the registration has the burden of proving one or more of the following
17 defenses:

18 (1) the issuing tribunal lacked personal jurisdiction over the contesting
19 party;

20 (2) the order was obtained by fraud;

21 (3) the order has been vacated, suspended, or modified by a later order;

22 (4) the issuing tribunal has stayed the order pending appeal;

23 (5) there is a defense under the law of this state to the remedy sought;

24 (6) full or partial payment has been made; or

25 (7) the statute of limitation under AS 25.25.604 precludes enforcement
26 of some or all of the arrearages.

27 (b) If a party presents evidence establishing a full or partial defense under (a)
28 of this section, the tribunal may stay enforcement of the registered order, continue the
29 proceeding to permit production of additional relevant evidence, and issue other
30 appropriate orders. An uncontested portion of the registered order may be enforced
31 by all remedies available under the law of this state.

1 (c) If the contesting party does not establish a defense under (a) of this section
2 to the validity or enforcement of the order, the registering tribunal shall issue an order
3 confirming the order.

4 Sec. 25.25.608. CONFIRMED ORDER. Confirmation of a registered order,
5 whether by operation of law or after notice and hearing, precludes further contest of
6 the order with respect to a matter that could have been asserted at the time of
7 registration.

8 Sec. 25.25.609. PROCEDURE TO REGISTER CHILD SUPPORT ORDER OF
9 ANOTHER STATE FOR MODIFICATION. If a party or the child support
10 enforcement agency seeks to modify, or to modify and enforce, a child support order
11 issued in another state but not registered in this state, the party or agency shall register
12 that order in this state in the same manner provided in AS 25.25.601 - 25.25.604. A
13 complaint for modification may be filed at the same time as a request for registration,
14 or later. The pleading must specify the grounds for modification.

15 Sec. 25.25.610. EFFECT OF REGISTRATION FOR MODIFICATION. A
16 tribunal of this state may enforce a child support order of another state registered for
17 purposes of modification in the same manner as if the order had been issued by a
18 tribunal of this state, but the registered order may be modified only if the requirements
19 of AS 25.25.611 have been met.

20 Sec. 25.25.611. MODIFICATION OF CHILD SUPPORT ORDER OF
21 ANOTHER STATE. (a) After a child support order issued in another state has been
22 registered in this state, the responding tribunal of this state may modify that order only
23 if, after notice and an opportunity for hearing, it finds that

24 (1) the following requirements are met:

25 (A) the child, the individual obligee, and the obligor do not
26 reside in the issuing state;

27 (B) a petitioner who is not a resident of this state seeks
28 modification; and

29 (C) the respondent is subject to the personal jurisdiction of the
30 tribunal of this state; or

31 (2) an individual party or the child is subject to the personal jurisdiction

1 of the tribunal and all of the individual parties have filed a written consent in the
2 issuing tribunal providing that a tribunal of this state may modify the support order and
3 assume continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over the order.

4 (b) Modification of a registered child support order is subject to the same
5 requirements, procedures, and defenses that apply to the modification of an order
6 issued by a tribunal of this state and the order may be enforced and satisfied in the
7 same manner.

8 (c) A tribunal of this state may not modify any aspect of a child support order
9 that may not be modified under the law of the issuing state.

10 (d) On issuance of an order modifying a child support order issued in another
11 state, a tribunal of this state becomes the tribunal of continuing, exclusive jurisdiction.

12 (e) Within 30 days after issuance of a modified child support order, the party
13 obtaining the modification shall file a certified copy of the order with the issuing
14 tribunal that had continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over the earlier order and in each
15 tribunal in which the party knows that an earlier order has been registered.

16 Sec. 25.25.612. RECOGNITION OF ORDER MODIFIED IN ANOTHER
17 STATE. A tribunal of this state shall recognize a modification of its earlier child
18 support order by a tribunal of another state that assumed jurisdiction under a law
19 substantially similar to this chapter and, upon request, except as otherwise provided
20 in this chapter, shall

21 (1) enforce the order that was modified only as to amounts accruing
22 before the modification;

23 (2) enforce only nonmodifiable aspects of that order;

24 (3) provide other appropriate relief only for violations of that order that
25 occurred before the effective date of the modification; and

26 (4) recognize the modifying order of the other state, upon registration,
27 for the purpose of enforcement.

28 ARTICLE 7. DETERMINATION OF PARENTAGE.

29 Sec. 25.25.701. PROCEEDING TO DETERMINE PARENTAGE. (a) A
30 tribunal of this state may serve as an initiating or responding tribunal in a proceeding
31 brought under this chapter or a law substantially similar to this chapter, the former

1 provisions of this chapter, the Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act, or the
2 Revised Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act to determine whether the
3 petitioner is a parent of a particular child or to determine whether a respondent is a
4 parent of that child.

5 (b) In a proceeding to determine parentage, a responding tribunal of this state
6 shall apply the procedural and substantive law of this state and the rules of this state
7 on choice of law.

8 ARTICLE 8. INTERSTATE RENDITION.

9 Sec. 25.25.801. GROUNDS FOR RENDITION. (a) The governor or a
10 designee of the governor may

11 (1) demand that the governor of another state surrender an individual
12 found in the other state who is charged criminally in this state with having failed to
13 provide for the support of an obligee; or

14 (2) on the demand by the governor of another state, surrender an
15 individual found in this state who is charged criminally in the other state with having
16 failed to provide for the support of an obligee.

17 (b) A provision for extradition of individuals not inconsistent with this chapter
18 applies to the demand even if the individual whose surrender is demanded was not in
19 the demanding state when the crime was allegedly committed and has not fled from
20 that state.

21 Sec. 25.25.802. CONDITIONS OF RENDITION. (a) Before making demand
22 that the governor of another state surrender an individual charged criminally in this
23 state with having failed to provide for the support of an obligee, the governor of this
24 state or the designee of the governor may require a prosecutor of this state to
25 demonstrate that the obligee had initiated proceedings for support under this chapter
26 at least 60 days previously or that the proceeding would be of no avail.

27 (b) If, under this chapter or a law substantially similar to this chapter, the
28 former provisions of this chapter, the Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act,
29 or the Revised Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act, the governor of
30 another state makes a demand that the governor of this state surrender an individual
31 charged criminally in that state with having failed to provide for the support of a child

1 or other individual to whom a duty of support is owed, the governor or a designee of
2 the governor may require a prosecutor to investigate the demand and report whether
3 a proceeding for support has been initiated or would be effective. If it appears that a
4 proceeding would be effective but has not been initiated, the governor or designee may
5 delay honoring the demand for a reasonable time to permit the initiation of a
6 proceeding.

7 (c) If a proceeding for support has been initiated and the individual whose
8 rendition is demanded prevails, the governor or the designee of the governor may
9 decline to honor the demand. If the petitioner prevails and the individual whose
10 rendition is demanded is subject to a support order, the governor or designee may
11 decline to honor the demand if the individual is complying with the support order.

12 ARTICLE 9. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

13 Sec. 25.25.901. UNIFORMITY OF APPLICATION AND CONSTRUCTION.

14 This chapter shall be applied and construed to effectuate its general purpose to make
15 uniform the law with respect to the subject of this chapter among states enacting it.

16 Sec. 25.25.902. SEVERABILITY CLAUSE. Under AS 01.10.030, if a
17 provision of this chapter or its application to a person or circumstance is held invalid,
18 the invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of this chapter that can
19 be given effect without the invalid provision or application.

20 Sec. 25.25.903. SHORT TITLE. This chapter may be cited as the Uniform
21 Interstate Family Support Act.

22 * Sec. 7. AS 25.27.020(a) is amended to read:

23 (a) The agency shall

24 (1) seek enforcement of child support orders [OF THE SUPERIOR
25 COURTS] of the state in other jurisdictions and shall obtain, enforce, and administer
26 the orders in this state;

27 (2) adopt regulations to carry out the purposes of this chapter and
28 AS 25.25, including regulations that establish

29 (A) schedules for determining the amount an obligor is liable
30 to contribute toward the support of an obligee under this chapter and under 42
31 U.S.C. 651 - 669 (Title IV-D, Social Security Act);

1 (B) procedures for hearings conducted under AS 25.27.170;

2 [AND]

3 (C) subject to AS 25.27.025 and to federal law, a uniform rate
4 of interest on arrearages of support that shall be charged the obligor upon
5 notice if child support payments are 10 or more days overdue or if payment is
6 made by a check backed by insufficient funds; however, an obligor may not be
7 charged interest on late payment of a child support obligation, other than a
8 payment on arrearages, if the obligor is

9 (i) employed and income is being withheld from the
10 obligor's wages under an income withholding order;

11 (ii) receiving unemployment compensation and child
12 support obligations are being withheld from the obligor's unemployment
13 payments under AS 23.20.401; or

14 (iii) receiving compensation for disabilities under
15 AS 23.30 and child support obligations are being withheld from the
16 obligor's compensation payments; and

17 (D) procedures for establishing and disestablishing paternity,
18 including procedures for hearings;

19 (3) administer and enforce AS 25.25 (Uniform Interstate Family
20 [RECIPROCAL ENFORCEMENT OF] Support Act);

21 (4) establish, enforce, and administer child support obligations
22 administratively under this chapter;

23 (5) administer the state plan required under 42 U.S.C. 651 - 669 (Title
24 IV-D, Social Security Act) as amended;

25 (6) disburse support payments collected by the agency to the obligee,
26 together with interest charged under (2)(C) of this subsection;

27 (7) establish and enforce administratively under this chapter, or through
28 the superior courts of the state, child support orders from other jurisdictions pertaining
29 to obligors within the state;

30 (8) enforce and administer spousal support orders if a spousal support
31 obligation has been established with respect to the spouse and if the support obligation

1 established with respect to the child of that spouse is also being administered; and

2 (9) obtain a medical support order as part of a child support order if
3 health care coverage is available to the obligor at a reasonable cost; the agency shall
4 consider whether adequate health care is available to the child through the Indian
5 Health Service or other insurance coverage before it orders an obligor to provide health
6 care coverage through insurance or other means; the medical support order must meet
7 the requirements of AS 25.27.063; [AND]

8 (10) act on behalf of the Department of Health and Social Services in
9 the enforcement of AS 47.07.025(b);

10 (11) establish or disestablish, administratively or through court
11 action, the paternity of a child;

12 (12) promptly provide to the Bureau of Vital Statistics, in a format
13 approved by the bureau, any final agency decision administratively establishing
14 or disestablishing the paternity of a child born in this state; and

15 (13) act as the central registry for all child support orders.

16 * Sec. 8. AS 25.27.022 is amended to read:

17 Sec. 25.27.022. ESTABLISHMENT AND ENFORCEMENT REQUESTS
18 FROM OTHER STATES. (a) The agency may act, under the laws of this state,
19 upon requests from similar state agencies in other states that operate child support
20 enforcement programs under 42 U.S.C. 651 - 669 (Title IV-D Social Security Act)
21 to establish or disestablish paternity and to establish and enforce against obligors
22 within this state support obligations determined in other states.

23 (b) Requests from child support enforcement agencies in other states shall be
24 made by application containing the information that this state's agency requires and
25 including written authorization from the requesting state agency and the obligee for
26 this state's agency to initiate necessary action [NECESSARY TO ESTABLISH,
27 ENFORCE, AND COLLECT THE SUPPORT OBLIGATION ON THEIR BEHALF].

28 * Sec. 9. AS 25.27.040(a) is amended to read:

29 (a) The agency may [SHALL] appear on behalf of minor children or their
30 mother or legal custodian or the state and initiate efforts to have the paternity of
31 children born out of wedlock determined by the court. When the agency is a party to

1 a court [IN AN] action in which paternity is contested, it shall request and pay for
2 genetic testing [TESTS] and procedures under AS 25.20.050(f). The agency may
3 recover the costs of the tests as a cost of the court action, except that costs may not
4 be recovered from a person who is a recipient of aid under AS 47.25.310 - 47.25.420
5 (Aid to Families with Dependent Children).

6 * Sec. 10. AS 25.27.040(c) is amended to read:

7 (c) When the agency is a party in a court [AN] action in which paternity is
8 contested, the agency shall move for a default judgment in a case that meets the
9 conditions specified in AS 25.20.050(g).

10 * Sec. 11. AS 25.27.075(f) is amended to read:

11 (f) The agency shall retain the information received under (a), (d), and (e) of
12 this section for a particular employee only if the agency is responsible for establishing,
13 enforcing, or collecting a support obligation of the employee or if the employee is a
14 party to an administrative or judicial proceeding to determine the paternity of a
15 child. If the employee does not owe a support obligation or is not a party to a
16 paternity proceeding, the agency may not create a record regarding the employee, and
17 the information contained in the notice shall be promptly destroyed.

18 * Sec. 12. AS 25.27.085 is amended to read:

19 Sec. 25.27.085. SUBPOENAS. The agency, with the concurrence of the
20 commissioner of revenue, may subpoena persons, books, records, and documents to

21 (1) determine the extent and location of assets of any obligor who is
22 more than 45 days in arrears in a child support obligation established either by court
23 or administrative order;

24 (2) determine the paternity of a child under AS 25.27.165; or

25 (3) disestablish the paternity of a child under AS 25.27.166.

26 * Sec. 13. AS 25.27.140(a) is amended to read:

27 (a) If no support order has been entered, the agency may establish paternity
28 and a duty of support utilizing the procedures prescribed in AS 25.27.160 - 25.27.220
29 and may enforce a duty of support utilizing the procedure prescribed in AS 25.27.230 -
30 25.27.270. Action under this subsection may be undertaken upon application of an
31 obligee, or at the agency's own discretion if the obligor is liable to the state under

1 AS 25.27.120(a) or (b).

2 * Sec. 14. AS 25.27 is amended by adding new sections to read:

3 Sec. 25.27.165. DETERMINATION OF PATERNITY IN AN
4 ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEEDING. (a) Upon application from a mother, custodian,
5 or legal custodian of a child, or from a state, the agency may institute administrative
6 proceedings to determine the paternity of a child born out of wedlock.

7 (b) In order to initiate a paternity proceeding administratively, the agency shall
8 serve a mother and putative father, as appropriate, with a notice of paternity and
9 financial responsibility. The notice shall be served personally as set out in Alaska
10 Rule of Civil Procedure 4(d) or by registered, certified, or insured mail, return receipt
11 requested, for restricted delivery only to the person to whom the notice is directed or
12 to the person authorized under federal law to receive that person's restricted delivery
13 mail. The notice must be accompanied by

14 (1) an administrative order requiring that the mother, child, and putative
15 father submit to genetic testing to be arranged by the agency;

16 (2) an administrative order requiring the putative father to provide
17 financial information, as defined by the agency in regulation, within 20 days after
18 service of the notice; all financial information provided to the agency under an order
19 under this paragraph shall be held confidential by the agency, according to any
20 applicable regulations; and

21 (3) a notice of right to informal conference, to be held within 20 days
22 after receipt of an admission of paternity or service upon the parties of genetic test
23 results.

24 (c) A person served with a notice of paternity and financial responsibility shall
25 file a response, admitting or denying paternity and providing the required financial
26 information, within 20 days after the date of service of the notice of paternity and
27 financial responsibility. If the putative father admits paternity, the agency shall issue,
28 within 20 days after the admission of paternity, a decision establishing paternity. If
29 the putative father denies paternity, the putative father shall submit to genetic testing,
30 as provided in (b) of this section, within 30 days after the date of service of the notice
31 of paternity and financial responsibility.

1 (d) Upon receipt of genetic test results, the agency shall serve on the putative
2 father notice of the test results and of the date for the informal conference. Service
3 of the notice shall be made by first class mail. If the genetic test results are negative
4 under the standard set in AS 25.20.050(d), the agency shall issue a finding of
5 nonpaternity within 20 days after the agency's receipt of the test results. If the genetic
6 test results are positive under the standard set in AS 25.20.050(d), the agency shall
7 issue an informal conference decision within 20 days after the agency's receipt of the
8 test results.

9 (e) If the agency issues a decision establishing paternity under (d) of this
10 section, the putative father is entitled to a formal hearing if a written request for
11 hearing is served on the agency by certified mail, return receipt requested, within 30
12 days after the date of service of the agency's decision.

13 (f) If a request for a formal hearing is made under (e) of this section, an
14 execution under AS 25.27.062 and 25.27.230 - 25.27.270 may not be stayed unless the
15 putative father posts security or a bond in the amount of child support that would have
16 been due under the informal conference decision pending the decision on the formal
17 hearing. If no request for a formal hearing is made under (e) of this section, the
18 informal conference decision establishing paternity is final.

19 (g) If a request for a formal hearing is made under (e) of this section, the
20 hearing officer shall consider the evidence applying the standards set in
21 AS 25.20.050(d).

22 (h) If a putative father who requests a formal hearing under (e) of this section
23 fails to appear at the formal hearing, the hearing officer shall enter a final decision
24 establishing paternity.

25 (i) The agency may recover any costs it pays for genetic tests required by this
26 section, except that costs may not be recovered from a person who is a recipient of aid
27 under AS 47.25.310 - 47.25.420 (Aid to Families with Dependent Children).

28 Sec. 25.27.166. DISESTABLISHMENT OF PATERNITY. (a) The agency
29 shall, by regulation, establish procedures and standards for the disestablishment of
30 paternity of a child whose paternity was established in this state if the paternity was
31 not established by genetic test results that met the standard set out in AS 25.20.050(d)

1 at the time the test was performed.

2 (b) The agency's standards and procedures under (a) of this section must

3 (1) allow a person to petition the agency to disestablish paternity only
4 once per child;

5 (2) allow a petition to disestablish paternity to be brought only within
6 three years after the child's birth or three years after the petitioner knew or should have
7 known of the father's putative paternity of the child, whichever is later; and

8 (3) provide standards and notice and hearing procedures that are
9 equivalent to those used for establishment of paternity under AS 25.27.165.

10 (c) The agency shall disestablish paternity under this section if genetic test
11 results are negative under the standard set out in AS 25.20.050(d) and if the other
12 standards established in its regulations are met.

13 (d) If a decision under this section disestablishes paternity, the petitioner's
14 child support obligation or liability for public assistance under AS 25.27.120 is
15 modified retroactively to extinguish arrearages for child support and accrued liability
16 for public assistance based on the alleged paternity that is disestablished under this
17 section. This subsection may be implemented only to the extent not prohibited by
18 federal law.

19 (e) The costs of genetic testing under this section shall be assessed against the
20 petitioner if paternity is not disestablished. If paternity is disestablished under this
21 section, the costs of genetic testing shall be assessed against

22 (1) the individual to whom the petitioner paid or owed child support
23 payments for the child for whom paternity was disestablished; or

24 (2) the agency if there is no individual who meets the description in (1)
25 of this subsection.

26 * Sec. 15. AS 25.27.180(a) is amended to read:

27 (a) Within 20 days after [OF] the date of the hearing, the hearing officer shall
28 adopt findings and a decision determining whether paternity is established and
29 whether a duty of support exists and, if a duty of support is found, the amount of
30 periodic payments or sum for which the alleged obligor is found to be responsible.

31 * Sec. 16. AS 25.27.180(c) is amended to read:

1 (c) A decision regarding support rendered under (a) of this section is
2 modified to the extent that a subsequent order, judgment, or decree of a superior court
3 is inconsistent with the decision entered under (a) of this section.

4 * Sec. 17. AS 25.27.210(a) is amended to read:

5 (a) Judicial review by the superior court of a final administrative [AN
6 AGENCY] decision establishing or disestablishing paternity and establishing or
7 modifying a duty of support or amounts of support due may be obtained by filing a
8 notice of appeal in accordance with the applicable rules of court governing appeals in
9 civil matters. A notice of appeal shall be filed within 30 days after [OF] the decision.

10 * Sec. 18. AS 25.27.210(c) is amended to read:

11 (c) The complete record includes

12 (1) the notice and finding of financial responsibility, the notice of
13 paternity and financial responsibility, or the notice of and petition for an action
14 disestablishing paternity, as applicable;

15 (2) the request for a hearing;

16 (3) the decision of the hearing officer;

17 (4) the exhibits admitted or rejected;

18 (5) the written evidence;

19 (6) all other documents in the case, including decisions of the agency.

20 * Sec. 19. AS 25.27.230(a) is amended to read:

21 (a) At the expiration of 30 days after [FROM EITHER] (1) the date of
22 distribution of an income withholding order under AS 25.27.062, [OR] (2) the date of
23 service of a notice and finding of financial responsibility under AS 25.27.160, or (3)
24 the date of service of a decision establishing paternity under AS 25.27.165(c) or
25 (d), the agency may assert a lien upon the real or personal property of the obligor, in
26 the amount of the obligor's liability.

27 * Sec. 20. AS 25.27.250(a) is amended to read:

28 (a) At the expiration of [EITHER] (1) 15 days after [FROM] the date of
29 service of an income withholding order under AS 25.27.062 or notice under
30 AS 25.27.150, or (2) 30 days after [FROM] the date of service of a notice and finding
31 of financial responsibility under AS 25.27.160, or (3) 30 days after service of a

1 decision establishing paternity under AS 25.27.165(c) or (d), the agency may issue
2 to any person, political subdivision, or department of the state an order to withhold and
3 deliver property.

4 * Sec. 21. AS 25.25.010, 25.25.020, 25.25.030, 25.25.040, 25.25.050, 25.25.060, 25.25.070,
5 25.25.080, 25.25.090, 25.25.100, 25.25.110, 25.25.120, 25.25.130, 25.25.140, 25.25.150,
6 25.25.160, 25.25.170, 25.25.171, 25.25.173, 25.25.175, 25.25.180, 25.25.190, 25.25.200,
7 25.25.210, 25.25.220, 25.25.230, 25.25.240, 25.25.250, 25.25.252, 25.25.254, 25.25.256,
8 25.25.258, 25.25.260, and 25.25.270 are repealed.

9 * Sec. 22. AS 25.25.313(c), added by sec. 6 of this Act, has the effect of amending Alaska
10 Rules of Civil Procedure 79 and 82, by requiring the court to award costs and attorney fees
11 under certain circumstances.

12 * Sec. 23. AS 25.27.166(d), enacted by sec. 14 of this Act, has the effect of amending
13 Alaska Rule of Civil Procedure 90.3(h)(2) by allowing retroactive modification of child
14 support arrearages under circumstances involving disestablishment of paternity.

15 * Sec. 24. TRANSITION: REGULATIONS. The Department of Revenue, child support
16 enforcement agency, may immediately proceed to adopt regulations to implement the changes
17 made by this Act. The regulations take effect under AS 44.62 (Administrative Procedure Act),
18 but not before January 1, 1996.

19 * Sec. 25. AS 25.27.166(d), enacted by sec. 14 of this Act, may take effect with only a
20 majority vote of both houses of the legislature because the court rule it amends is an
21 interpretive rule not governed by the procedural requirements of art. IV, sec. 15, Constitution
22 of the State of Alaska.

23 * Sec. 26. AS 25.25.313(c), added by sec. 6 of this Act, takes effect only if sec. 22 of this
24 Act receives the two-thirds majority vote of each house required by art. IV, sec. 15,
25 Constitution of the State of Alaska.

26 * Sec. 27. Section 24 of this Act takes effect immediately under AS 01.10.070(c).

27 * Sec. 28. Except as provided in sec. 27 of this Act, this Act takes effect January 1, 1996.

5/10/95

These fiscal notes were not reported out of SFCA But they reflect combination of SB 115 and 116

FISCAL NOTE

BILL NO. CSSB 115(FIN)AM

1995 LEGISLATIVE SESSION WITHIN CSSB 115 (FIN)

Revision Date: _____
Title: Uniform Interstate Family Support Act
Sponsor: Rules
Requestor: Governor

Department Affected: Revenue
BRU: Child Support Enforcement Division
Component: Child Support Enforcement Division
COMPONENT SERIAL NO. 111

EXPENDITURES/REVENUES: (Thousands of Dollars)

OPERATING EXPENDITURES	FY 96	FY 97	FY 98	FY 99	FY 00	FY 01
PERSONAL SERVICES	169.1	351.7	365.8	380.4	395.6	411.5
TRAVEL						
CONTRACTUAL	86.2	180.2	188.3	196.9	206.0	215.4
SUPPLIES	3.2	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4
EQUIPMENT	83.1	0	0	0	0	0
LAND & STRUCTURES						
GRANTS, CLAIMS						
MISCELLANEOUS						
TOTAL OPERATING	341.6	538.3	560.5	583.7	608.0	633.3
CAPITAL EXPENDITURES	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CHANGE IN REVENUES ()	595.0	1,190.0	1,190.0	1,190.0	1,190.0	1,190.0

FUND SOURCE: (Thousands of Dollars)

1002 Federal Receipts	225.4	355.3	369.9	385.3	401.3	418.0
1003 GF Match	46.1	72.7	75.7	78.7	82.1	85.4
1004 GF						
1005 GF/Program Receipts						
1006 GF/MHTIA						
OTHER	70.0	110.3	114.9	119.7	124.6	129.9
TOTAL	341.6	538.3	560.5	583.7	608.0	633.3

Estimate of any current year (FY 95) cost: \$ 0.0

POSITIONS:

FULL-TIME	8	8	8	8	8	8
PART-TIME						
TEMPORARY						

ANALYSIS: (Attach a separate page if necessary.)

The administrative establishment of paternity, in cases where the putative father has acknowledged paternity or a genetic test indicates a 95% or better probability that the putative father is the father, will decrease the time required to establish paternity. This decreased time will help CSED meet the new Federal time frame for establishment which require that an order must be established in 75% of the cases within 6 months of location of the obligor including establishing paternity if required. The previous requirement was that paternity had to be established within one year of serving the paternity complaint on the putative father. Once paternity was established CSED had an additional 3 months to establish an order. By establishing paternity more quickly, obligors will not accumulate large arrearage prior to being adjudicated the father. Obligor will be more likely to pay and will begin paying earlier. This will increase AFDC collections approximately \$1,700,000 per year of which the state will retain \$850,000. FY 96 revenues will be \$425,000 for half a year.

Prepared by: Glenda Straube
Division: Child Support Enforcement Division
Approved by Commissioner: W. L. ...
Agency: Department of Revenue

Phone: 269-6801
Date: 5/8/95
Date: 5/8/95

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STATE OF ALASKA
1995 LEGISLATIVE SESSION

FISCAL NOTE

BILL NO. CS SB115 (FIN) am

Revision Date: _____ Dept. Affected: Health and Social Services
 Title: An Act relating to child support orders and BRU: Assistance Payments
determination of parentage Component: AFDC
 Sponsor: Rules by request
 Requestor: House Rules COMPONENT SERIAL NO. 220

Expenditures/Revenues: (Thousands of Dollars)

OPERATING	FY96	FY97	FY98	FY99	FY00	FY01
PERSONAL SERVICES	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
TRAVEL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CONTRACTUAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SUPPLIES	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
EQUIPMENT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LAND & STRUCTURES	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
GRANTS, CLAIMS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MISCELLANEOUS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
TOTAL OPERATING	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CAPITAL EXPENDITURES	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CHANGES IN REVENUES	0	0	0	0	0	0

FUND SOURCE (Thousands of Dollars)

	FY96	FY97	FY98	FY99	FY00	FY01
1002 Federal Receipts	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1003 GF Match	(595.0)	(1,190.0)	(1,190.0)	(1,190.0)	(1,190.0)	(1,190.0)
1004 GF	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1005 GF Program Receipts	595.0	1,190.0	1,190.0	1,190.0	1,190.0	1,190.0
1006 GF MHTA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other 1007 A Receipts	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

POSITIONS:

	FY96	FY97	FY98	FY99	FY00	FY01
FULL-TIME	0	0	0	0	0	0
PART-TIME	0	0	0	0	0	0
TEMPORARY	0	0	0	0	0	0

Estimate of any current year (FY95) cost: \$ NCNE

ANALYSIS: Attach a separate page if necessary

The Child Support Enforcement Division projects increased collections as a result of this legislation.

Fifty percent of child support collected on behalf of AFDC children is retained by the State. These Revenues are transferred as General Fund Program Receipts to the AFDC component of the Assistance Payments BRU. These new GF/Program Receipts are used in place of GF match funds.

Prepared by: Jim Nordlund, Director *Jim Nordlund* Phone: 465-1440
 Division: Division of Public Assistance Date: 5/9/95
 Approved by Com: Karen Perdue *Karen Perdue* Date: 5/9/95
 Agency: Department of Health & Social Services

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ANALYSIS (cont.):

This bill establishes authority for the Child Support Enforcement Division of the Department of Revenue to establish paternity by an administrative process. CSED expects child support collections on behalf of AFDC children to increase as a result of this legislation.

AFDC applicants assign to the State the right to collect child support on behalf of AFDC children. When CSED collects child support on behalf of an AFDC child, the first \$50 per month is paid to the AFDC family. Fifty percent of the amount collected is transferred as GF Program Receipts to the AFDC component of the Assistance Payments BRU. The remainder is paid to the federal government to offset federal AFDC costs.

The GF Program Receipts transferred to the AFDC component are used in place of GF Match funds.

Assumptions:

We assume that the GF Program Receipt funds transferred from CSED to the AFDC program offset AFDC GF Match funds dollar-for-dollar.

Calculations:

CSED projects the following amounts of increased GF Program Receipts to be transferred to the AFDC Component as a result of this legislation:

	Interstate Collections	Admin. Paternity Est.	Total
FY 96:	425.0	170.0	595.0
FY 97- FY 01:	850.0	340.0	1190.0

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9-GS0042\F

CS FOR SENATE BILL NO. 115(FIN)
IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA
NINETEENTH LEGISLATURE - FIRST SESSION

BY THE SENATE FINANCE COMMITTEE

Offered:
Referred:

Sponsor(s): SENATE RULES COMMITTEE BY REQUEST OF THE GOVERNOR
A BILL

FOR AN ACT ENTITLED

1 "An Act repealing the Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act; enacting
2 the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act; amending Alaska Rules of Civil
3 Procedure 79 and 82; and providing for an effective date."

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

5 * Section 1. AS 25.25 is amended by adding new sections to read:

6 ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

7 Sec. 25.25.101. DEFINITIONS. In this chapter,

- 8 (1) "child" means an individual, whether over or under the age of
9 majority, who is or is alleged to be owed a duty of support by the individual's parent
10 or who is or is alleged to be the beneficiary of a support order directed to the parent;
- 11 (2) "child support order" means a support order for a child, including
12 a child who has attained the age of majority under the law of the issuing state;
- 13 (3) "duty of support" means an obligation imposed or imposable by law
14 to provide support for a child, spouse, or former spouse, including an unsatisfied

1 obligation to provide support;

2 (4) "home state" means the state in which a child lived with a parent
3 or a person acting as a parent for at least six consecutive months immediately
4 preceding the time of filing of a complaint or comparable pleading for support and, if
5 a child is less than six months old, the state in which the child lived from birth with
6 a parent or person acting as a parent; a period of temporary absence of a parent or
7 person acting as a parent is counted as part of the six-month or other period;

8 (5) "income" includes earnings or other periodic entitlements to money
9 from any source and any other property subject to withholding for support under the
10 law of this state;

11 (6) "income withholding order" means an order or other legal process
12 directed to an obligor, an obligor's employer, an obligor's future employer, or another
13 person, political subdivision, or department of the state, under AS 25.27 to withhold
14 support from the income of the obligor under AS 25.27;

15 (7) "initiating state" means a state in which a proceeding under this
16 chapter or a law substantially similar to this chapter, the former provisions of this
17 chapter, the Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act, or the Revised Uniform
18 Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act is filed for forwarding to a responding state;

19 (8) "initiating tribunal" means the authorized tribunal in an initiating
20 state;

21 (9) "issuing state" means the state in which a tribunal issues a support
22 order or renders a judgment determining parentage;

23 (10) "issuing tribunal" means the tribunal that issues a support order
24 or renders a judgment determining parentage;

25 (11) "law" includes decisional and statutory law and rules and
26 regulations having the force of law;

27 (12) "obligee" means

28 (A) an individual to whom a duty of support is or is alleged to
29 be owed or in whose favor a support order has been issued or a judgment
30 determining parentage has been rendered;

31 (B) a state or political subdivision to which the rights under a

1 duty of support or support order have been assigned or that has independent
2 claims based on financial assistance provided to an individual obligee; or

3 (C) an individual seeking a judgment determining parentage of
4 the individual's child;

5 (13) "obligor" means an individual or the estate of a decedent who

6 (A) owes or is alleged to owe a duty of support;

7 (B) is alleged but has not been adjudicated to be a parent of a
8 child; or

9 (C) is liable under a support order;

10 (14) "register" means to file a support order or judgment determining
11 parentage with a registering tribunal;

12 (15) "registering tribunal" means the tribunal in which a support order
13 or judgment determining parentage is registered;

14 (16) "responding state" means a state to which a proceeding is
15 forwarded under this chapter or a law substantially similar to this chapter, the former
16 provisions of this chapter, the Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act, or the
17 Revised Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act;

18 (17) "responding tribunal" means the authorized tribunal in a
19 responding state;

20 (18) "spousal support order" means a support order for a spouse or
21 former spouse of the obligor;

22 (19) "state" means a state of the United States, the District of
23 Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or any territory or insular possession
24 subject to the jurisdiction of the United States; the term "state" includes a foreign
25 jurisdiction that has established procedures for issuance and enforcement of support
26 orders that are substantially similar to the procedures under this chapter;

27 (20) "support enforcement agency" means a public official or agency
28 authorized to seek

29 (A) enforcement of support orders or laws relating to the duty
30 of support;

31 (B) establishment or modification of child support orders;

1 (C) determination of parentage; or

2 (D) the location of obligors or their assets;

3 (21) "support order" means a judgment, decree, or order, whether
4 temporary, final, or subject to modification, for the benefit of a child, a spouse, or a
5 former spouse, that provides for monetary support, health care, arrearages, or
6 reimbursement, and may include related costs and fees, interest, income withholding,
7 attorney fees, and other relief;

8 (22) "tribunal" means a court, administrative agency, or quasi-judicial
9 entity authorized to establish, enforce, or modify support orders or to determine
10 parentage.

11 Sec. 25.25.102. TRIBUNALS OF THIS STATE. The superior court and the
12 child support enforcement agency are the tribunals of this state.

13 Sec. 25.25.103. REMEDIES CUMULATIVE. Remedies provided by this
14 chapter are cumulative and do not affect the availability of remedies under other law.

15 * Sec. 2. AS 25.25 is amended by adding new sections to read:

16 ARTICLE 2. JURISDICTION.

17 Sec. 25.25.201. BASES FOR JURISDICTION OVER NONRESIDENT. In
18 a proceeding to establish, enforce, or modify a support order or to determine parentage,
19 a tribunal of this state may exercise personal jurisdiction over a nonresident individual
20 or the individual's guardian or conservator if

21 (1) the individual is personally served with a citation, summons, or
22 notice within this state;

23 (2) the individual submits to the jurisdiction of this state by consent,
24 by entering a general appearance, or by filing a responsive document having the effect
25 of waiving any contest to personal jurisdiction;

26 (3) the individual resided with the child in this state;

27 (4) the individual resided in this state and provided prenatal expenses
28 or support for the child;

29 (5) the child resides in this state as a result of the acts or directives of
30 the individual;

31 (6) the individual engaged in sexual intercourse in this state and the

1 child may have been conceived by that act of intercourse;

2 (7) the individual acknowledged parentage in a writing deposited with
3 the Bureau of Vital Statistics under AS 25.20.050; or

4 (8) there is another basis consistent with the constitutions of this state
5 and the United States for the exercise of personal jurisdiction.

6 Sec. 25.25.202. PROCEDURE WHEN EXERCISING JURISDICTION OVER
7 NONRESIDENT. A tribunal of this state exercising personal jurisdiction over a
8 nonresident under AS 25.25.201 may apply AS 25.25.316 to receive evidence from
9 another state and AS 25.25.318 to obtain discovery through a tribunal of another state.
10 In all other respects, AS 25.25.301 - 25.25.701 do not apply and the tribunal shall
11 apply the procedural and substantive law of this state, including the rules on choice of
12 law other than those established by this chapter.

13 Sec. 25.25.203. INITIATING AND RESPONDING TRIBUNAL OF THIS
14 STATE. Under this chapter, a tribunal of this state may serve as an initiating tribunal
15 to forward proceedings to another state and as a responding tribunal for proceedings
16 initiated in another state.

17 Sec. 25.25.204. SIMULTANEOUS PROCEEDINGS IN ANOTHER STATE.

18 (a) A tribunal of this state may exercise jurisdiction to establish a support order if the
19 complaint or comparable pleading is filed after a complaint or comparable pleading is
20 filed in another state only if

21 (1) the complaint or comparable pleading in this state is filed before
22 the expiration of the time allowed in the other state for filing a responsive pleading
23 challenging the exercise of jurisdiction by the other state;

24 (2) the contesting party timely challenges the exercise of jurisdiction
25 in the other state; and

26 (3) if relevant, this state is the home state of the child.

27 (b) A tribunal of this state may not exercise jurisdiction to establish a support
28 order if the complaint or comparable pleading is filed before a complaint or
29 comparable pleading is filed in another state if

30 (1) the complaint or comparable pleading in the other state is filed
31 before the expiration of the time allowed in this state for filing a responsive pleading

1 challenging the exercise of jurisdiction by this state;

2 (2) the contesting party timely challenges the exercise of jurisdiction
3 in this state; and

4 (3) if relevant, the other state is the home state of the child.

5 Sec. 25.25.205. CONTINUING, EXCLUSIVE JURISDICTION. (a) A
6 tribunal of this state issuing a support order consistent with the law of this state has
7 continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over a child support order

8 (1) as long as this state remains the residence of the obligor, the
9 individual obligee, or the child for whose benefit the support order is issued; or

10 (2) until each individual party has filed written consent with the tribunal
11 of this state for a tribunal of another state to modify the order and assume continuing,
12 exclusive jurisdiction.

13 (b) A tribunal of this state issuing a child support order consistent with the law
14 of this state may not exercise its continuing jurisdiction to modify the order if the
15 order has been modified by a tribunal of another state under a law substantially similar
16 to this chapter.

17 (c) If a child support order of this state is modified by a tribunal of another
18 state under a law substantially similar to this chapter, a tribunal of this state loses its
19 continuing, exclusive jurisdiction with regard to prospective enforcement of the order
20 issued in this state and may only

21 (1) enforce the order that was modified as to amounts accruing before
22 the modification;

23 (2) enforce nonmodifiable aspects of that order; and

24 (3) provide other appropriate relief for violations of that order that
25 occurred before the effective date of the modification.

26 (d) A tribunal of this state shall recognize the continuing, exclusive jurisdiction
27 of a tribunal of another state that has issued a child support order under a law
28 substantially similar to this chapter.

29 (e) A temporary support order issued ex parte or pending resolution of a
30 jurisdictional conflict does not create continuing, exclusive jurisdiction in the issuing
31 tribunal.

1 (f) A tribunal of this state issuing a support order consistent with the law of
2 this state has continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over a spousal support order throughout
3 the existence of the support obligation. A tribunal of this state may not modify a
4 spousal support order issued by a tribunal of another state having continuing, exclusive
5 jurisdiction over that order under the law of that state.

6 Sec. 25.25.206. ENFORCEMENT AND MODIFICATION OF SUPPORT
7 ORDER BY TRIBUNAL HAVING CONTINUING JURISDICTION. (a) A tribunal
8 of this state may serve as an initiating tribunal to request a tribunal of another state to
9 enforce or modify a support order issued in that state.

10 (b) A tribunal of this state having continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over a
11 support order may act as a responding tribunal to enforce or modify the order. If a
12 party subject to the continuing, exclusive jurisdiction of the tribunal no longer resides
13 in the issuing state, in subsequent proceedings the tribunal may apply AS 25.25.316
14 to receive evidence from another state and AS 25.25.318 to obtain discovery through
15 a tribunal of another state.

16 (c) A tribunal of this state that lacks continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over a
17 spousal support order may not serve as a responding tribunal to modify a spousal
18 support order of another state.

19 Sec. 25.25.207. RECOGNITION OF CHILD SUPPORT ORDERS. (a) If a
20 proceeding is brought under this chapter, and one or more child support orders have
21 been issued in this or another state with regard to an obligor and a child, a tribunal of
22 this state shall apply the following rules in determining which order to recognize for
23 purposes of continuing, exclusive jurisdiction:

24 (1) if only one tribunal has issued a child support order, the order of
25 that tribunal shall be recognized:

26 (2) if two or more tribunals have issued child support orders for the
27 same obligor and child, and only one of the tribunals would have continuing, exclusive
28 jurisdiction under this chapter, the order of that tribunal shall be recognized;

29 (3) if two or more tribunals have issued child support orders for the
30 same obligor and child, and more than one of the tribunals would have continuing,
31 exclusive jurisdiction under this chapter, an order issued by a tribunal in the current

1 home state of the child shall be recognized but, if an order has not been issued in the
2 current home state of the child, the order most recently issued must be recognized;

3 (4) if two or more tribunals have issued child support orders for the
4 same obligor and child, and none of the tribunals would have continuing, exclusive
5 jurisdiction under this chapter, the tribunal of this state may issue a child support order
6 that shall be recognized.

7 (b) The tribunal that has issued an order recognized under (a) of this section
8 is the tribunal having continuing, exclusive jurisdiction.

9 Sec. 25.25.208. MULTIPLE CHILD SUPPORT ORDERS FOR TWO OR
10 MORE OBLIGEEES. In responding to multiple registrations or complaints for
11 enforcement of two or more child support orders in effect at the same time with regard
12 to the same obligor and different individual obligees, when at least one of the orders
13 was issued by a tribunal of another state, a tribunal of this state shall enforce those
14 orders in the same manner as if the multiple orders had been issued by a tribunal of
15 this state.

16 Sec. 25.25.209. CREDIT FOR PAYMENTS. Amounts collected and credited
17 for a particular period under a support order issued by a tribunal of another state shall
18 be credited against the amounts accruing or accrued for the same period under a
19 support order issued by the tribunal of this state.

20 * Sec. 3. AS 25.25 is amended by adding new sections to read:

21 ARTICLE 3. CIVIL PROVISIONS OF GENERAL APPLICATION.

22 Sec. 25.25.301. PROCEEDINGS UNDER THIS CHAPTER. (a) Except as
23 otherwise provided in this chapter, AS 25.25.301 - 25.25.319 apply to all proceedings
24 under this chapter.

25 (b) This chapter provides for the following proceedings:

26 (1) establishment of an order for child support or spousal support under
27 AS 25.25.401;

28 (2) enforcement of a support order and income withholding order of
29 another state without registration under AS 25.25.501 - 25.25.502;

30 (3) registration of an order for child support or spousal support of
31 another state for enforcement under AS 25.25.601 - 25.25.612;

1 (4) modification of an order for child support or spousal support issued
2 by a tribunal of this state under AS 25.25.203 - 25.25.206;

3 (5) registration of an order for child support of another state for
4 modification under AS 25.25.601 - 25.25.612;

5 (6) determination of parentage under AS 25.25.701; and

6 (7) assertion of jurisdiction over nonresidents under AS 25.25.201 -
7 25.25.202.

8 (c) An individual or a support enforcement agency may commence a
9 proceeding authorized under this chapter by filing a complaint or a comparable
10 pleading in an initiating tribunal for forwarding to a responding tribunal or by filing
11 a complaint or a comparable pleading directly in a tribunal of another state that has
12 or can obtain personal jurisdiction over the respondent.

13 Sec. 25.25.302. ACTION BY MINOR PARENT. A minor parent, or a
14 guardian or other legal representative of a minor parent, may maintain a proceeding
15 on behalf of or for the benefit of the minor's child.

16 Sec. 25.25.303. APPLICATION OF LAW OF THIS STATE. Except as
17 otherwise provided by this chapter, a responding tribunal of this state shall

18 (1) apply the procedural and substantive law, including the rules on
19 choice of law, generally applicable to similar proceedings originating in this state and
20 may exercise all powers and provide all remedies available in those proceedings; and

21 (2) determine the duty of support and the amount payable under the law
22 and support guidelines of this state.

23 Sec. 25.25.304. DUTIES OF INITIATING TRIBUNAL. Upon the filing of
24 a complaint or comparable pleading authorized by this chapter, an initiating tribunal
25 of this state shall forward three copies of the complaint or comparable pleading and
26 its accompanying documents

27 (1) to the responding tribunal or appropriate support enforcement
28 agency in the responding state; or

29 (2) if the identity of the responding tribunal is unknown, to the state
30 information agency of the responding state with a request that they be forwarded to the
31 appropriate tribunal and that receipt be acknowledged.

1 Sec. 25.25.305. DUTIES AND POWERS OF RESPONDING TRIBUNAL.

2 (a) When a responding tribunal of this state receives a complaint or comparable
3 pleading from an initiating tribunal or directly under AS 25.25.301(c), it shall cause
4 the complaint or pleading to be filed and notify the petitioner by first class mail where
5 and when it was filed.

6 (b) A responding tribunal of this state, to the extent otherwise specifically
7 authorized by law, may do one or more of the following:

8 (1) issue or enforce a support order, modify a child support order, or
9 render a judgment to determine parentage;

10 (2) order an obligor to comply with a support order, specifying the
11 amount and the manner of compliance;

12 (3) order income withholding;

13 (4) determine the amount of any arrearages, and specify a method of
14 payment;

15 (5) enforce orders by civil or criminal contempt, or both;

16 (6) set aside property for satisfaction of the support order;

17 (7) place liens and order execution on the obligor's property;

18 (8) order an obligor to keep the tribunal informed of the obligor's
19 current residential address, telephone number, employer, address of employment, and
20 telephone number at the place of employment;

21 (9) issue a bench warrant for an obligor who has failed after proper
22 notice to appear at a hearing ordered by the tribunal and enter the bench warrant in
23 any local and state computer systems for criminal warrants;

24 (10) order the obligor to seek appropriate employment by specified
25 methods;

26 (11) award reasonable attorney fees and other fees and costs; and

27 (12) grant any other available remedy.

28 (c) A responding tribunal of this state shall include in a support order issued
29 under this chapter, or in the documents accompanying the order, the calculations on
30 which the support order is based.

31 (d) A responding tribunal of this state may not condition the payment of a

1 support order issued under this chapter upon compliance by a party with provisions for
2 visitation.

3 (e) If a responding tribunal of this state issues an order under this chapter, the
4 tribunal shall send a copy of the order by first class mail to the petitioner and the
5 respondent and to the initiating tribunal, if any.

6 Sec. 25.25.306. INAPPROPRIATE TRIBUNAL. If a complaint or comparable
7 pleading is received by an inappropriate tribunal of this state, it shall forward the
8 complaint or pleading, and accompanying documents, to an appropriate tribunal in this
9 state or another state and notify the petitioner by first class mail where and when the
10 complaint or pleading was sent.

11 Sec. 25.25.307. DUTIES OF CHILD SUPPORT ENFORCEMENT AGENCY.

12 (a) The child support enforcement agency of this state, upon request, shall provide
13 services to a petitioner in a proceeding under this chapter.

14 (b) In providing services under this chapter to the petitioner, the child support
15 enforcement agency shall, as appropriate,

16 (1) take all steps necessary to enable an appropriate tribunal in this
17 state or another state to obtain jurisdiction over the respondent;

18 (2) request an appropriate tribunal to set a date, time, and place for a
19 hearing;

20 (3) make a reasonable effort to obtain all relevant information,
21 including information as to income and property of the parties;

22 (4) send written notice from an initiating, responding, or registering
23 tribunal to the petitioner by first class mail within two days of receipt, exclusive of
24 Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays;

25 (5) send a copy of a written communication from the respondent or the
26 respondent's attorney to the petitioner by first class mail within two days of receipt,
27 exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays; and

28 (6) notify the petitioner if jurisdiction over the respondent cannot be
29 obtained.

30 (c) This chapter does not create or negate a relationship of attorney and client
31 or other fiduciary relationship between the child support enforcement agency or the

1 attorney for the agency and the individual being assisted by the agency.

2 Sec. 25.25.309. PRIVATE COUNSEL. An individual may employ private
3 counsel to represent the individual in proceedings authorized by this chapter.

4 Sec. 25.25.310. DUTIES OF STATE INFORMATION AND LOCATOR
5 AGENCY. The child support enforcement agency is the state information agency
6 under this chapter, and it shall

7 (1) compile and maintain a current list, including addresses, of the
8 courts in this state that have jurisdiction under this chapter and the appropriate agency
9 offices in this state and transmit a copy to the state information agency of every other
10 state;

11 (2) maintain a register of tribunals and support enforcement agencies
12 received from other states;

13 (3) forward to the appropriate tribunal in this state all documents
14 concerning a proceeding under this chapter received from an initiating tribunal or the
15 state information agency of the initiating state; and

16 (4) obtain information concerning the location of the obligor and the
17 obligor's property within this state that is not exempt from execution by postal
18 verification and federal or state locator services, examination of telephone directories,
19 requests for the obligor's address from employers, and examination of governmental
20 records, including, to the extent not prohibited by other law, those relating to real
21 property, vital statistics, law enforcement, taxation, motor vehicles, driver's licenses,
22 and social security.

23 Sec. 25.25.311. PLEADINGS AND ACCOMPANYING DOCUMENTS. (a)
24 A petitioner seeking to establish or modify a support order or to determine parentage
25 in a proceeding under this chapter shall verify the complaint or comparable pleading.
26 Unless otherwise ordered under AS 25.25.312, or otherwise prohibited by law, the
27 complaint or comparable pleading or accompanying documents must provide, so far
28 as known, the name, residential address, and social security numbers of the obligor and
29 the obligee, and the name, sex, residential address, social security number, and date
30 of birth of each child for whom support is sought. The complaint or comparable
31 pleading must be accompanied by a certified copy of any support order in effect. The

1 complaint or comparable pleading may include other information that may assist in
2 locating or identifying the respondent.

3 (b) The complaint or comparable pleading must specify the relief sought. The
4 complaint or comparable pleading and accompanying documents must conform
5 substantially with the requirements imposed by the forms mandated by federal law for
6 use in cases filed by a support enforcement agency.

7 Sec. 25.25.312. NONDISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION IN EXCEPTIONAL
8 CIRCUMSTANCES. Subject to the provisions of AS 25.27.275 and upon a finding,
9 which may be made ex parte, that the health, safety, or liberty of a party or child
10 would be unreasonably put at risk by the disclosure of identifying information, or if
11 an existing order so provides, a tribunal shall order that the address of the child or
12 party or other identifying information not be disclosed in a pleading or other document
13 filed in a proceeding under this chapter.

14 Sec. 25.25.313. COSTS AND FEES. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision
15 of law, including a rule of the Alaska Supreme Court, at the time a complaint or
16 comparable pleading is filed under this chapter, a tribunal may not require the
17 petitioner to pay a filing fee or other costs.

18 (b) If an obligee prevails, a responding tribunal may assess against an obligor
19 filing fees, including fees that were waived under (a) of this section, reasonable
20 attorney fees, other costs, necessary travel expenses, and other reasonable expenses
21 incurred by the obligee and the obligee's witnesses. The tribunal may not assess fees,
22 costs, or expenses against the obligee or the support enforcement agency of either the
23 initiating or the responding state except as required by other law or court rule.
24 Attorney fees may be taxed as costs, and may be ordered paid directly to the attorney,
25 who may enforce the order in the attorney's own name. Payment of support owed to
26 the obligee has priority over fees, costs, and expenses assessed under this subsection.

27 (c) The tribunal shall order the payment of costs and reasonable attorney fees,
28 including filing fees that were waived under (a) of this section, by a party who
29 requests a hearing under this chapter if it determines that the hearing was requested
30 primarily for delay. In a proceeding under AS 25.25.601 - 25.25.612, a hearing is
31 presumed to have been requested primarily for delay if a registered support order is

1 confirmed or enforced without change; however, the party who requested the hearing
2 may present evidence to rebut this presumption.

3 Sec. 25.25.314. LIMITED IMMUNITY OF PETITIONER. (a) Participation
4 by a petitioner in a proceeding before a responding tribunal, whether in person, by
5 private attorney, or through services provided by the support enforcement agency, does
6 not confer personal jurisdiction over the petitioner in another proceeding.

7 (b) A petitioner is not amenable to service of civil process while physically
8 present in this state to participate in a proceeding under this chapter.

9 (c) The immunity granted by this section does not extend to civil litigation
10 based on acts unrelated to a proceeding under this chapter committed by a party while
11 present in this state to participate in the proceeding.

12 Sec. 25.25.315. NONPARENTAGE AS DEFENSE. A party whose parentage
13 of a child has been previously determined under law may not plead nonparentage as
14 a defense to a proceeding under this chapter.

15 Sec. 25.25.316. SPECIAL RULES OF EVIDENCE AND PROCEDURE. (a)
16 The physical presence of the petitioner in a responding tribunal of this state is not
17 required for the establishment, enforcement, or modification of a support order or the
18 rendition of a judgment determining parentage.

19 (b) A verified complaint or comparable pleading, affidavit, document
20 substantially complying with federally mandated forms, and a document incorporated
21 by reference in any of them, not excluded under the hearsay rule if given in person,
22 is admissible in evidence if given under oath by a party or witness residing in another
23 state.

24 (c) A copy of the record of child support payments certified as a true copy of
25 the original by the custodian of the record may be forwarded to a responding tribunal.
26 The copy is evidence of facts asserted in it and is admissible to show whether
27 payments were made.

28 (d) Copies of bills for testing for parentage, and for prenatal and postnatal
29 health care of the mother and child, furnished to the adverse party at least 10 days
30 before trial or other proceeding, are admissible in evidence to prove the amount of the
31 charges billed and that the charges were reasonable, necessary, and customary.

1 (e) Documentary evidence transmitted from another state to a tribunal of this
2 state by telephone, telecopier, or other means that do not provide an original writing
3 may not be excluded from evidence on an objection based on the means of
4 transmission.

5 (f) In a proceeding under this chapter, a tribunal of this state may permit a
6 party or witness residing in another state to be deposed or to testify by telephone,
7 audiovisual means, or other electronic means at a designated tribunal or other location
8 in that state. A tribunal of this state shall cooperate with tribunals of other states in
9 designating an appropriate location for the deposition or testimony.

10 (g) If a party called to testify at a civil hearing refuses to answer on the
11 ground that the testimony may be self-incriminating, the trier of fact may draw an
12 adverse inference from the refusal.

13 (h) A privilege against disclosure of communications between spouses does not
14 apply in a proceeding under this chapter.

15 (i) The defense of immunity based on the relationship of husband and wife or
16 parent and child does not apply in a proceeding under this chapter.

17 Sec. 25.25.317. COMMUNICATIONS BETWEEN TRIBUNALS. A tribunal
18 of this state may communicate with a tribunal of another state in writing, or by
19 telephone or other means, to obtain information concerning the laws of that state, the
20 legal effect of a judgment, decree, or order of that tribunal, and the status of a
21 proceeding in the other state. A tribunal of this state may furnish similar information
22 by similar means to a tribunal of another state.

23 Sec. 25.25.318. ASSISTANCE WITH DISCOVERY. A tribunal of this state
24 may

25 (1) request a tribunal of another state to assist in obtaining discovery;
26 and

27 (2) upon request, compel a person over whom it has jurisdiction to
28 respond to a discovery order issued by a tribunal of another state.

29 Sec. 25.25.319. RECEIPT AND DISBURSEMENT OF PAYMENTS. The
30 child support enforcement agency of this state shall disburse promptly any amounts
31 received under a support order, as directed by the order. The agency shall furnish to

1 a requesting party or tribunal of another state a certified statement by the custodian of
2 the record of the amounts and dates of all payments received.

3 ARTICLE 4. ESTABLISHMENT OF SUPPORT ORDER.

4 Sec. 25.25.401. COMPLAINT TO ESTABLISH SUPPORT ORDER. (a) If
5 a child support order entitled to recognition under this chapter has not been issued, a
6 responding tribunal of this state may issue a child support order if

7 (1) the individual seeking the order resides in another state; or

8 (2) the support enforcement agency seeking the order is located in
9 another state.

10 (b) The tribunal may issue a temporary child support order if

11 (1) the respondent has signed a verified statement acknowledging
12 parentage;

13 (2) the respondent has been determined under law to be the parent; or

14 (3) there is other clear and convincing evidence that the respondent is
15 the child's parent.

16 (c) If a spousal support order entitled to recognition under this chapter has not
17 been issued, a responding superior court of this state may issue a spousal support order
18 if

19 (1) the individual seeking the order resides in another state; or

20 (2) the support enforcement agency seeking the order is located in
21 another state.

22 (d) If, after providing an obligor with notice and opportunity to be heard, an
23 appropriate tribunal finds that the obligor owes a duty of support, the tribunal shall
24 issue a support order directed to the obligor and may issue other orders under
25 AS 25.25.305.

26 (e) Before issuing an order under (b) of this section, the child support
27 enforcement agency shall adopt regulations for issuing such an order.

28 ARTICLE 5. DIRECT ENFORCEMENT OF ORDER OF
29 ANOTHER STATE WITHOUT REGISTRATION.

30 Sec. 25.25.501. RECOGNITION OF INCOME WITHHOLDING ORDER OF
31 ANOTHER STATE. (a) An income withholding order issued in another state may

1 be sent by first class mail to the person or entity defined as the obligor's employer
2 under AS 25.27 without first filing a complaint or comparable pleading or registering
3 the order with a tribunal of this state. Upon receipt of the order, the employee shall

4 (1) treat an income withholding order issued in another state that
5 appears regular on its face as if it had been issued by a tribunal of this state;

6 (2) immediately provide a copy of the order to the obligor; and

7 (3) distribute the funds as directed in the withholding order.

8 (b) An obligor may contest the validity or enforcement of an income
9 withholding order issued in another state in the same manner as if the order had been
10 issued by a tribunal of this state. AS 25.25.604 applies to the contest. The obligor
11 shall give notice of the contest to a support enforcement agency providing services to
12 the obligee and

13 (1) to the person or agency designated to receive payments in the
14 income withholding order; or

15 (2) if a person or agency is not designated, to the obligee.

16 Sec. 25.25.502. ADMINISTRATIVE ENFORCEMENT OF ORDERS (a) A
17 party seeking to enforce a support order or an income withholding order, or both,
18 issued by a tribunal of another state may send the documents required for registering
19 the order to the child support enforcement agency of this state.

20 (b) Upon receipt of the documents, the child support enforcement agency,
21 without initially seeking to register the order, shall consider and, if appropriate, use
22 any administrative procedure authorized by the law of this state to enforce a support
23 order or an income withholding order, or both. If the obligor does not contest
24 administrative enforcement, the order need not be registered. If the obligor contests
25 the validity or administrative enforcement of the order, the child support enforcement
26 agency shall register the order under this chapter.

27 ARTICLE 6. ENFORCEMENT AND MODIFICATION OF
28 SUPPORT ORDER AFTER REGISTRATION.

29 Sec. 25.25.601. REGISTRATION OF ORDER FOR ENFORCEMENT. A
30 support order or an income withholding order issued by a tribunal of another state may
31 be registered in this state for enforcement.

1 Sec. 25.25.602. PROCEDURE TO REGISTER ORDER FOR
2 ENFORCEMENT. (a) A support order or income withholding order of another state
3 may be registered in this state by sending the following documents and information
4 to a tribunal of this state:

5 (1) a letter of transmittal requesting registration and enforcement;

6 (2) two copies, including one certified copy, of all orders to be
7 registered, including any modification of an order;

8 (3) a sworn statement by the party seeking registration or a certified
9 statement by the custodian of the records showing the amount of any arrearage;

10 (4) the name of the obligor and, if known,

11 (A) the obligor's address and social security number;

12 (B) the name and address of the obligor's employer and any
13 other source of income of the obligor;

14 (C) a description and the location of property in this state of the
15 obligor not exempt from execution; and

16 (D) the name and address of all potential third party resources,
17 including a health insurer, that might be available to meet the requirements of
18 a medical support order; and

19 (5) the name and address of the obligee and, if applicable, the agency
20 or person to whom support payments are to be remitted.

21 (b) On receipt of a request for registration, the registering tribunal shall file
22 the order as a foreign judgment, together with one copy of the documents and
23 information, regardless of their form.

24 (c) A complaint or comparable pleading seeking a remedy that must be
25 affirmatively sought under other law of this state may be filed at the same time as the
26 request for registration or later. The pleading must specify the grounds for the remedy
27 sought.

28 Sec. 25.25.603. EFFECT OF REGISTRATION FOR ENFORCEMENT. (a)
29 A support order or income withholding order issued in another state is registered when
30 the order is filed in the registering tribunal of this state.

31 (b) A registered order issued in another state is enforceable in the same

1 manner and is subject to the same procedures as an order issued by a tribunal of this
2 state.

3 (c) Except as otherwise provided in AS 25.25.601 - 25.25.612, a tribunal of
4 this state shall recognize and enforce, but may not modify, a registered order if the
5 issuing tribunal had jurisdiction.

6 Sec. 25.25.604. CHOICE OF LAW. (a) The law of the issuing state governs
7 the nature, extent, amount, and duration of current payments and other obligations of
8 support and the payment of arrearages under the order.

9 (b) In a proceeding for arrearages, the statute of limitation under the laws of
10 this state or of the issuing state, whichever is longer, applies.

11 Sec. 25.25.605. NOTICE OF REGISTRATION OF ORDER. (a) When a
12 support order or income withholding order issued in another state is registered, the
13 registering tribunal shall notify the nonregistering party. Notice shall be given by first
14 class, certified, or registered mail or by any means of personal service authorized by
15 the law of this state. The notice must be accompanied by a copy of the registered
16 order and the documents and relevant information accompanying the order.

17 (b) The notice must inform the nonregistering party

18 (1) that a registered order is enforceable as of the date of registration
19 in the same manner as an order issued by a tribunal of this state;

20 (2) that a hearing to contest the validity or enforcement of the
21 registered order must be requested within 20 days after the date of mailing or personal
22 service of the notice;

23 (3) that failure to contest the validity or enforcement of the registered
24 order in a timely manner will result in confirmation of the order and enforcement of
25 the order and the alleged arrearages and precludes further contest of that order with
26 respect to any matter that could have been asserted; and

27 (4) of the amount of alleged arrearages.

28 (c) Upon registration of an income withholding order for enforcement, the
29 registering tribunal shall notify the obligor's employer under AS 25.27.

30 Sec. 25.25.606. PROCEDURE TO CONTEST VALIDITY OR
31 ENFORCEMENT OF REGISTERED ORDER. (a) A nonregistering party seeking

1 to contest the validity or enforcement of a registered order. In this state shall request
2 a hearing within 20 days after the date of mailing or personal service of notice of the
3 registration. The nonregistering party may seek to vacate the registration, to assert a
4 defense to an allegation of noncompliance with the registered order, or to contest the
5 remedies being sought or the amount of alleged arrearages under AS 25.25.607.

6 (b) If the nonregistering party fails to contest the validity or enforcement of
7 the registered order in a timely manner, the order is confirmed by operation of law.

8 (c) If a nonregistering party requests a hearing to contest the validity or
9 enforcement of the registered order, the registering tribunal shall schedule the matter
10 for hearing and give notice to the parties by first class mail of the date, time, and place
11 of the hearing.

12 Sec. 25.25.607. CONTEST OF REGISTRATION OR ENFORCEMENT. (a)
13 A party contesting the validity or enforcement of a registered order or seeking to
14 vacate the registration has the burden of proving one or more of the following
15 defenses:

16 (1) the issuing tribunal lacked personal jurisdiction over the contesting
17 party;

18 (2) the order was obtained by fraud;

19 (3) the order has been vacated, suspended, or modified by a later order;

20 (4) the issuing tribunal has stayed the order pending appeal;

21 (5) there is a defense under the law of this state to the remedy sought;

22 (6) full or partial payment has been made; or

23 (7) the statute of limitation under AS 25.25.604 precludes enforcement
24 of some or all of the arrearages.

25 (b) If a party presents evidence establishing a full or partial defense under (a)
26 of this section, the tribunal may stay enforcement of the registered order, continue the
27 proceeding to permit production of additional relevant evidence, and issue other
28 appropriate orders. An uncontested portion of the registered order may be enforced
29 by all remedies available under the law of this state.

30 (c) If the contesting party does not establish a defense under (a) of this section
31 to the validity or enforcement of the order, the registering tribunal shall issue an order

1 confirming the order.

2 Sec. 25.25.608. CONFIRMED ORDER. Confirmation of a registered order,
3 whether by operation of law or after notice and hearing, precludes further contest of
4 the order with respect to a matter that could have been asserted at the time of
5 registration.

6 Sec. 25.25.609. PROCEDURE TO REGISTER CHILD SUPPORT ORDER OF
7 ANOTHER STATE FOR MODIFICATION. If a party or the child support
8 enforcement agency seeks to modify, or to modify and enforce, a child support order
9 issued in another state but not registered in this state, the party or agency shall register
10 that order in this state in the same manner provided in AS 25.25.601 - 25.25.604. A
11 complaint for modification may be filed at the same time as a request for registration,
12 or later. The pleading must specify the grounds for modification.

13 Sec. 25.25.610. EFFECT OF REGISTRATION FOR MODIFICATION. A
14 tribunal of this state may enforce a child support order of another state registered for
15 purposes of modification in the same manner as if the order had been issued by a
16 tribunal of this state, but the registered order may be modified only if the requirements
17 of AS 25.25.611 have been met.

18 Sec. 25.25.611. MODIFICATION OF CHILD SUPPORT ORDER OF
19 ANOTHER STATE. (a) After a child support order issued in another state has been
20 registered in this state, the responding tribunal of this state may modify that order only
21 if, after notice and an opportunity for hearing, it finds that

22 (1) the following requirements are met:

23 (A) the child, the individual obligee, and the obligor do not
24 reside in the issuing state;

25 (B) a petitioner who is not a resident of this state seeks
26 modification; and

27 (C) the respondent is subject to the personal jurisdiction of the
28 tribunal of this state; or

29 (2) an individual party or the child is subject to the personal jurisdiction
30 of the tribunal and all of the individual parties have filed a written consent in the
31 issuing tribunal providing that a tribunal of this state may modify the support order and

1 assume continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over the order.

2 (b) Modification of a registered child support order is subject to the same
3 requirements, procedures, and defenses that apply to the modification of an order
4 issued by a tribunal of this state and the order may be enforced and satisfied in the
5 same manner.

6 (c) A tribunal of this state may not modify any aspect of a child support order
7 that may not be modified under the law of the issuing state.

8 (d) On issuance of an order modifying a child support order issued in another
9 state, a tribunal of this state becomes the tribunal of continuing, exclusive jurisdiction.

10 (e) Within 30 days after issuance of a modified child support order, the party
11 obtaining the modification shall file a certified copy of the order with the issuing
12 tribunal that had continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over the earlier order and in each
13 tribunal in which the party knows that an earlier order has been registered.

14 Sec. 25.25.612. RECOGNITION OF ORDER MODIFIED IN ANOTHER
15 STATE. A tribunal of this state shall recognize a modification of its earlier child
16 support order by a tribunal of another state that assumed jurisdiction under a law
17 substantially similar to this chapter and, upon request, except as otherwise provided
18 in this chapter, shall

19 (1) enforce the order that was modified only as to amounts accruing
20 before the modification;

21 (2) enforce only nonmodifiable aspects of that order;

22 (3) provide other appropriate relief only for violations of that order that
23 occurred before the effective date of the modification; and

24 (4) recognize the modifying order of the other state, upon registration,
25 for the purpose of enforcement.

26 ARTICLE 7. DETERMINATION OF PARENTAGE.

27 Sec. 25.25.701. PROCEEDING TO DETERMINE PARENTAGE. (a) A
28 tribunal of this state may serve as an initiating or responding tribunal in a proceeding
29 brought under this chapter or a law substantially similar to this chapter, the former
30 provisions of this chapter, the Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act, or the
31 Revised Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act to determine whether the

1 petitioner is a parent of a particular child or to determine whether a respondent is a
2 parent of that child.

3 (b) In a proceeding to determine parentage, a responding tribunal of this state
4 shall apply the procedural and substantive law of this state and the rules of this state
5 on choice of law.

6 ARTICLE 8. INTERSTATE RENDITION.

7 Sec. 25.25.801. GROUNDS FOR RENDITION. (a) The governor or a
8 designee of the governor may

9 (1) demand that the governor of another state surrender an individual
10 found in the other state who is charged criminally in this state with having failed to
11 provide for the support of an obligee; or

12 (2) on the demand by the governor of another state, surrender an
13 individual found in this state who is charged criminally in the other state with having
14 failed to provide for the support of an obligee.

15 (b) A provision for extradition of individuals not inconsistent with this chapter
16 applies to the demand even if the individual whose surrender is demanded was not in
17 the demanding state when the crime was allegedly committed and has not fled from
18 that state.

19 Sec. 25.25.802. CONDITIONS OF RENDITION. (a) Before making demand
20 that the governor of another state surrender an individual charged criminally in this
21 state with having failed to provide for the support of an obligee, the governor of this
22 state or the designee of the governor may require a prosecutor of this state to
23 demonstrate that the obligee had initiated proceedings for support under this chapter
24 at least 60 days previously or that the proceeding would be of no avail.

25 (b) If, under this chapter or a law substantially similar to this chapter, the
26 former provisions of this chapter, the Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act,
27 or the Revised Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act, the governor of
28 another state makes a demand that the governor of this state surrender an individual
29 charged criminally in that state with having failed to provide for the support of a child
30 or other individual to whom a duty of support is owed, the governor or a designee of
31 the governor may require a prosecutor to investigate the demand and report whether

1 a proceeding for support has been initiated or would be effective. If it appears that a
2 proceeding would be effective but has not been initiated, the governor or designee may
3 delay honoring the demand for a reasonable time to permit the initiation of a
4 proceeding.

5 (c) If a proceeding for support has been initiated and the individual whose
6 rendition is demanded prevails, the governor or the designee of the governor may
7 decline to honor the demand. If the petitioner prevails and the individual whose
8 rendition is demanded is subject to a support order, the governor or designee may
9 decline to honor the demand if the individual is complying with the support order.

10 ARTICLE 9. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

11 Sec. 25.25.901. UNIFORMITY OF APPLICATION AND CONSTRUCTION.

12 This chapter shall be applied and construed to effectuate its general purpose to make
13 uniform the law with respect to the subject of this chapter among states enacting it.

14 Sec. 25.25.902. SEVERABILITY CLAUSE. Under AS 01.10.030, if a
15 provision of this chapter or its application to a person or circumstance is held invalid,
16 the invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of this chapter that can
17 be given effect without the invalid provision or application.

18 Sec. 25.25.903. SHORT TITLE. This chapter may be cited as the Uniform
19 Interstate Family Support Act.

20 * Sec. 4. AS 25.27.020(a) is amended to read:

21 (a) The agency shall

22 (1) seek enforcement of child support orders of the superior courts of
23 the state in other jurisdictions and shall obtain, enforce, and administer the orders in
24 this state;

25 (2) adopt regulations to carry out the purposes of this chapter and
26 AS 25.25, including regulations that establish

27 (A) schedules for determining the amount an obligor is liable
28 to contribute toward the support of an obligee under this chapter and under 42
29 U.S.C. 651 - 669 (Title IV-D, Social Security Act);

30 (B) procedures for hearings conducted under AS 25.27.170; and

31 (C) subject to AS 25.27.025 and to federal law, a uniform rate

1 of interest on arrearages of support that shall be charged the obligor upon
2 notice if child support payments are 10 or more days overdue or if payment is
3 made by a check backed by insufficient funds; however, an obligor may not be
4 charged interest on late payment of a child support obligation, other than a
5 payment on arrearages, if the obligor is

6 (i) employed and income is being withheld from the
7 obligor's wages under an income withholding order;

8 (ii) receiving unemployment compensation and child
9 support obligations are being withheld from the obligor's unemployment
10 payments under AS 23.20.401; or

11 (iii) receiving compensation for disabilities under
12 AS 23.30 and child support obligations are being withheld from the
13 obligor's compensation payments;

14 (3) administer and enforce AS 25.25 (Uniform Interstate Family
15 [RECIPROCAL ENFORCEMENT OF] Support Act);

16 (4) establish, enforce, and administer child support obligations
17 administratively under this chapter;

18 (5) administer the state plan required under 42 U.S.C. 651 - 669 (Title
19 IV-D, Social Security Act) as amended;

20 (6) disburse support payments collected by the agency to the obligee,
21 together with interest charged under (2)(C) of this subsection;

22 (7) establish and enforce administratively under this chapter, or through
23 the superior courts of the state, child support orders from other jurisdictions pertaining
24 to obligors within the state;

25 (8) enforce and administer spousal support orders if a spousal support
26 obligation has been established with respect to the spouse and if the support obligation
27 established with respect to the child of that spouse is also being administered; and

28 (9) obtain a medical support order as part of a child support order if
29 health care coverage is available to the obligor at a reasonable cost; the agency shall
30 consider whether adequate health care is available to the child through the ~~Indian~~
31 Health Service or other insurance coverage before it orders an obligor to provide health

1 care coverage through insurance or other means; the medical support order must meet
2 the requirements of AS 25.27.063; and

3 (10) act on behalf of the Department of Health and Social Services in
4 the enforcement of AS 47.07.025(b).

5 * Sec. 5. AS 25.25.010, 25.25.020, 25.25.030, 25.25.040, 25.25.050, 25.25.060, 25.25.070,
6 25.25.080, 25.25.090, 25.25.100, 25.25.110, 25.25.120, 25.25.130, 25.25.140, 25.25.150,
7 25.25.160, 25.25.170, 25.25.171, 25.25.173, 25.25.175, 25.25.180, 25.25.190, 25.25.200,
8 25.25.210, 25.25.220, 25.25.230, 25.25.240, 25.25.250, 25.25.252, 25.25.254, 25.25.256,
9 25.25.258, 25.25.260, and 25.25.270 are repealed.

10 * Sec. 6. AS 25.25.313(c), added by sec. 3 of this Act, has the effect of amending Alaska
11 Rules of Civil Procedure 79 and 82, by requiring the court to award costs and attorney fees
12 under certain circumstances.

13 * Sec. 7. AS 25.25.313(c), added by sec. 3 of this Act, takes effect only if sec. 6 of this
14 Act receives the two-thirds majority vote of each house required by art. IV, sec. 15,
15 Constitution of the State of Alaska.

16 * Sec. 8. This Act takes effect January 1, 1996.

UNIFORM INTERSTATE FAMILY SUPPORT ACT

Drafted by the

NATIONAL CONFERENCE OF COMMISSIONERS
ON UNIFORM STATE LAWS

and by it

APPROVED AND RECOMMENDED FOR ENACTMENT
IN ALL THE STATES

at its

ANNUAL CONFERENCE
MEETING IN ITS ONE-HUNDRED-AND-FIRST YEAR
IN SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA
JULY 30 - AUGUST 6, 1992

WITH PREFATORY NOTE AND COMMENTS

Approved by the American Bar Association
Boston, Massachusetts, February 9, 1993

4/28/93
2.5 states joined

3/18/93

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UNIFORM INTERSTATE FAMILY SUPPORT ACT

TABLE OF CONTENTS

ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

Section 101.	Definitions	7
Section 102.	Tribunal[s] of this State	14
Section 103.	Remedies Cumulative	14

ARTICLE 2. JURISDICTION

Part A. Extended Personal Jurisdiction

Section 201.	Bases for Jurisdiction Over Nonresident	15
Section 202.	Procedure When Exercising Jurisdiction Over Nonresident	17

Part B. Proceedings Involving Two or More States

Section 203.	Initiating and Responding Tribunal of this State	19
Section 204.	Simultaneous Proceedings in Another State	19
Section 205.	Continuing, Exclusive Jurisdiction	21
Section 206.	Enforcement and Modification of Support Order by Tribunal Having Continuing Jurisdiction	24

Part C. Reconciliation with Orders of Other States

Section 207.	Recognition of Child Support Orders	26
Section 208.	Multiple Child Support Orders for Two or More Obligees	28
Section 209.	Credit for Payments	28

ARTICLE 3. CIVIL PROVISIONS OF GENERAL APPLICATION

Section 301.	Proceedings Under this [Act]	30
Section 302.	Action By Minor Parent	31
Section 303.	Application of Law of this State	32
Section 304.	Duties of Initiating Tribunal	32
Section 305.	Duties and Powers of Responding Tribunal	33
Section 306.	Inappropriate Tribunal	36
Section 307.	Duties of Support Enforcement Agency	37

Section 308.	Duty of [Attorney General]	39
Section 309.	Private Counsel	39
Section 310.	Duties of [State Information Agency]	40
Section 311.	Pleadings and Accompanying Documents	41
Section 312.	Nondisclosure of Information in Exceptional Circumstances	42
Section 313.	Costs and Fees	43
Section 314.	Limited Immunity of [Petitioner]	44
Section 315.	Nonparentage as Defense	45
Section 316.	Special Rules of Evidence and Procedure	46
Section 317.	Communications Between Tribunals	49
Section 318.	Assistance with Discovery	49
Section 319.	Receipt and Disbursement of Payments	50

ARTICLE 4. ESTABLISHMENT OF SUPPORT ORDER

Section 401.	[Petition] To Establish Support Order	51
--------------	---------------------------------------	----

ARTICLE 5. DIRECT ENFORCEMENT OF ORDER OF ANOTHER STATE WITHOUT REGISTRATION

Section 501.	Recognition of Income-Withholding Order of Another State	53
Section 502.	Administrative Enforcement of Orders	55

ARTICLE 6. ENFORCEMENT AND MODIFICATION OF SUPPORT ORDER AFTER REGISTRATION

Part A. Registration and Enforcement of Support Order

Section 601.	Registration of Order for Enforcement	57
Section 602.	Procedure To Register Order for Enforcement	58
Section 603.	Effect of Registration for Enforcement	59
Section 604.	Choice of Law	61

Part B. Contest of Validity or Enforcement

Section 605.	Notice of Registration of Order	62
Section 606.	Procedure To Contest Validity or Enforcement of Registered Order	63
Section 607.	Contest of Registration or Enforcement	65
Section 608.	Confirmed Order	66

Part C. Registration and Modification
of Child Support Order

Section 609.	Procedure To Register Child Support Order of Another State for Modification	67
Section 610.	Effect of Registration for Modification	68
Section 611.	Modification of Child Support Order of Another State	69
Section 612.	Recognition of Order Modified in Another State	74

ARTICLE 7. DETERMINATION OF PARENTAGE

Section 701.	Proceeding to Determine Parentage	76
--------------	---------------------------------------------	----

ARTICLE 8. INTERSTATE RENDITION

Section 801.	Grounds for Rendition	77
Section 802.	Conditions of Rendition	78

ARTICLE 9. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

Section 901.	Uniformity of Application and Construction	80
Section 902.	Short Title.	80
Section 903.	Severability Clause	80
Section 904.	Effective Date	80
Section 905.	Repeals	81

UNIFORM INTERSTATE FAMILY SUPPORT ACT

PREFATORY NOTE

I. Background Information

Congressional legislation in 1975, 1984, and 1988 has had a major impact on state child support enforcement law, both substantive and procedural. Not only did Congress mandate that states adopt child support guidelines, but it also required the states to establish child support enforcement procedures such as wage withholding, tax intercepts, and credit reporting. In addition, federal law has begun to invade the area of substantive rules for child support; for example, the Bradley Amendment, adopted in 1986, prohibits retroactive reduction of a child support arrearage stemming from a court order.

To respond to these new developments, in 1988 the Conference established a Drafting Committee to review the Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act (URESA) and its revised version (RURESA), and to adopt revisions to URESA or propose a free-standing act on the subject of child support enforcement. Some version of URESA or RURESA has been adopted in all states and therefore is familiar to people who work in this field. After reviewing the congressional legislation of the 1980's and the Model Interstate Income Withholding Act drafted in 1984 by the American Bar Association and the National Conference of State Legislatures, the Committee originally decided that the interstate aspects of child support enforcement could be adequately addressed through amendments to RURESA.

At the Conference's Annual Meeting in the summer of 1989, the Drafting Committee presented for first reading some limited initial changes to RURESA. Subsequently, after obtaining the views of numerous persons who are familiar with URESA, the Committee decided to revise the Act much more extensively, and presented those changes for another first reading at the Conference's 1990 Annual Meeting.

Following receipt of extensive comments at the 1990 Annual Meeting and from numerous groups and individuals, the Drafting Committee recommended, and the Executive Committee of the Conference decided, that final approval of the revised URESA should be delayed until the Conference's 1992 Annual Meeting because that timetable would coincide with the work of the U.S.

Commission on Interstate Child Support. Throughout 1991 and 1992, the Drafting Committee continued to work on the Act, in conjunction with numerous knowledgeable Advisors and Observers, including five persons who also served as members of the U.S. Commission.

The Drafting Committee and Executive Committee determined that the Act should have a new name -- the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act (UIFSA). This new Act is intended to completely revise and replace URESA and RURESA.

A description of the major changes proposed to be made in RURESA presented by UIFSA follows below.

II. Proposed Changes

A. In General

1. **TERMINOLOGY.** The terminology of URESA and RURESA has been retained as much as possible to ease the transition to the new act, *i.e.*, "responding" and "initiating" state. One notable change is the substitution of the term "tribunal" for "court," in recognition of the fact that many states have created administrative agencies to establish, enforce, and modify child support.

2. **REORGANIZATION.** The Act has been reorganized into a more logical and understandable order than found in RURESA. The order in which civil and criminal proceedings are dealt with is reversed, which more accurately reflects the frequency and utility of those approaches. Within civil proceedings, separate articles have been created for provisions common to all types of actions (Article 3); for the establishment of support (Article 4); for the enforcement of a support order of another state without registration (Article 5); for the enforcement and modification of support orders after registration (Article 6); and for the determination of parentage (Article 7). In addition, new jurisdictional provisions (Article 2) establish uniform long-arm jurisdiction over nonresidents in order to facilitate one-state proceedings whenever possible.

3. **RECIPROCITY NOT REQUIRED.** Reciprocity of laws between states is no longer required because at present all states have quite similar laws, and the enacting state should enforce a support obligation irrespective of another state's law. Nonetheless, consistent with past practice URESA, RURESA and all substantially

similar state laws are deemed equivalent to UIFSA for purposes of interstate actions (Section 101(7), (16)). This means that any of these acts can be used if different states have different versions in effect, which should help ease the transition to the new Act.

4. LONG-ARM JURISDICTION. The Act contains a broad provision for asserting long-arm jurisdiction to give the tribunals in the home state of the supported family the maximum possible opportunity to secure personal jurisdiction over an absent respondent (Section 201), thereby converting what otherwise would be a two-state proceeding into a one-state lawsuit. Where jurisdiction over a nonresident is obtained, the tribunal may obtain evidence, provide for discovery, and elicit testimony through use of the "information route" sections of the Act (Sections 202, 316 and 318).

B. Establishing a Support Order

1. FAMILY SUPPORT. The revision makes clear that the Act may be used only for proceedings involving the support of a child or spouse of the support obligor, and not to enforce other duties such as support of a parent (Section 101(2) and (18)). Under URESA child support and spousal support are treated identically. However, under UIFSA spousal support is modifiable in the interstate context only after such a request is forwarded to the original issuing state from another state (Sections 205 and 206).

2. LOCAL LAW. URESA provides a somewhat complex choice of law for establishment of duties of support, i.e., the law of the state where the obligor was present for the period during which support is sought. Otherwise that Act generally refers to the law of the forum. The new Act provides that the procedures and law of the forum apply, with some significant additions or exceptions:

(a) Certain procedures are prescribed for interstate cases even if they are not consistent with local law, e.g., the contents of interstate petitions (Sections 311 and 602); the nondisclosure of certain sensitive information (Section 312); authority to award fees and costs including attorneys fees (Section 313); elimination of certain testimonial immunities (Section 314); and limits on the assertion of nonparentage as a defense to support enforcement (Section 315).