

ALASKA LEGISLATURE COMMITTEE BILL FILES - 1987 - 1988 8879

SB 379-H thru SB 382 *1987* 117

SB

379-H

HOUSE COMMITTEE REPORT

(11)

Date referred: 2/29/88

FURTHER REFERRALS:

DATE: 3-1-88

The Finance Committee has considered SB 379 (efd add)

"An Act providing for the establishment of the Institute for Circumpolar Health Studies within the University of Alaska; and providing for an effective date."

RECOMMENDS:

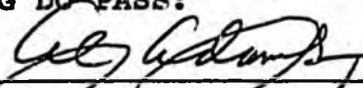
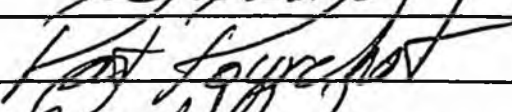
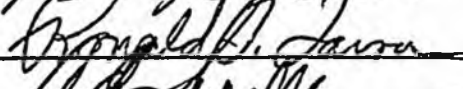

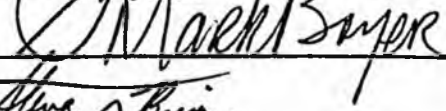
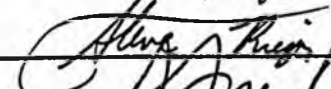
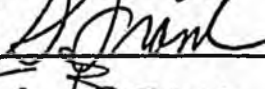
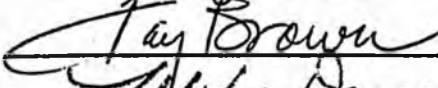
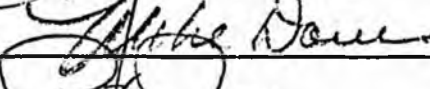
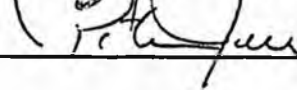
- replace with _____ the same title
- attached amendment(s) a new title
- do pass
- do not pass
- no recommendation
- individual recommendations
- additional referral to the _____ Committee

ADOPTS: _____ letter of intent

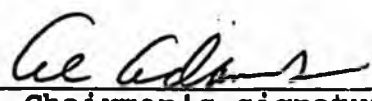
ATTACHES NEW FISCAL NOTE(S):

- fiscal impact same as previous fiscal note published _____
- zero fiscal note same as previous zero fiscal note published _____
- zero with analysis

SIGNING DO-PASS:

SIGNING OTHER RECOMMENDATIONS:


 Chairman's signature

FISCAL NOTE

REQUEST:

Revision Date: 3-1-88 Agency Affected: _____
 Title: Providing for establishment
of the Inst. for Circumpolar Health Studies BRU: _____
 Sponsor: Binkley, et al Components: _____
 Requestor: House Finance Committee

EXPENDITURES/REVENUES: (Thousands of Dollars)

OPERATING	FY 88	FY 89	FY 90	FY 91	FY 92	FY 93
PERSONAL SERVICES						
TRAVEL						
CONTRACTUAL						
SUPPLIES						
EQUIPMENT						
LAND & STRUCTURES						
GRANTS, CLAIMS						
MISCELLANEOUS						
TOTAL OPERATING	0	0	0	0	0	0

CAPITAL	0	0	0	0	0	0
----------------	----------	----------	----------	----------	----------	----------

REVENUE	0	0	0	0	0	0
----------------	----------	----------	----------	----------	----------	----------

FUNDING: (Thousands of Dollars)

GENERAL FUND						
FEDERAL FUNDS						
OTHER						
TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0

POSITIONS:

FULL-TIME						
PART-TIME						
TEMPORARY						

ANALYSIS : (Attach a separate page if necessary)

Prepared by: Al Adams, Chair *APR* Phone: 465-3706
 Division: House Finance Committee Date: 3/1/88

Approved by Commissioner: _____ Date: _____
 Agency: _____

Distribution (by preparer):

- Legislative Finance
- Legislative Sponsor
- Requestor
- Office of Management and Budget
- Impacted Agency(ies)

BY BINKLEY, KERTTULA, ZHAROFF,
JOSEPHSON, STURGULEWSKI,
HENSLEY, RODEY, FAIKS, JONES,
KELLY AND DUNCAN

1 IN THE SENATE

2

SENATE BILL NO. 379(efd add)

3

IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA

4

FIFTEENTH LEGISLATURE - SECOND SESSION

5

A BILL

6 For an Act entitled: "An Act providing for the establishment of the Insti-

7 tute for Circumpolar Health Studies within the Uni-

8 versity of Alaska; and providing for an effective

9 date."

10 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

11 * Section 1. FINDINGS. The legislature finds that

12 (1) the severe health problems of depression, alcoholism, and
13 suicide are endemic to Alaska;

14 (2) millions of dollars and countless expenditures of energy and
15 time have been spent attempting to solve or at least adequately address
16 these problems in the state, but that major successes have not been
17 achieved and that a new approach to these problems is needed;

18 (3) other circumpolar areas and nations, including Canada,
19 Siberia, Greenland, and Scandinavia, also suffer from these problems, but
20 that Alaska has failed to exchange research and information with these
21 countries;

22 (4) the establishment of an Institute for Circumpolar Health
23 Studies within the University of Alaska would be a major new step toward
24 addressing and finding solutions to the health problems of Alaskans and
25 inhabitants of other circumpolar regions;

26 (5) establishment of the institute is a concept strongly sup-
27 ported by the International Union for Circumpolar Health and the American
28 Public Health Association's national Arctic health science policy;

29 (6) Alaska is an especially appropriate location for such an

1 institute because the state represents the only presence of the United
2 States in the circumpolar region; and

3 (7) establishment of the institute will result in direct health
4 benefits for every Alaskan, economic advantages and increased prestige for
5 the state and the university, and improved opportunities for training and
6 academic study in the state.

7 * Sec. 2. AS 14.40 is amended by adding a new section to read:

8 Sec. 14.40.088. ESTABLISHMENT OF INSTITUTE FOR CIRCUMPOLAR
9 HEALTH STUDIES. (a) The University of Alaska shall establish an
10 Institute for Circumpolar Health Studies in an appropriate unit of the
11 university at its Anchorage campus. The institute shall consist of a
12 research and instruction branch and an administration and information
13 branch.

14 (b) The institute shall

15 (1) encourage international cooperation, especially among
16 circumpolar nations, with regard to research, studies, information,
17 and instruction relating to circumpolar health issues;

18 (2) serve as a center for the collection and exchange of
19 information and medical and health sciences data relating to circum-
20 polar health issues;

21 (3) provide a mechanism for communication and cooperation
22 between the university and the commissioner of health and social
23 services in addressing the needs of Alaskans for health care services,
24 opportunities for education in medical and health sciences, and other
25 mutual concerns of the university and the department; and

26 (4) conduct research and provide instruction and other
27 services consistent with the mission and goals of the University of
28 Alaska.

29 * Sec. 2. This Act takes effect immediately under AS 01.10.070(c).

FISCAL NOTE

REQUEST:

Revision Date: 1/28/88
Title: An Act providing for...
Inst/Circumpolar Health Studies
Sponsor: Binkley et al.
Requestor: _____

Agency Affected: Health & Social Services
BRU: State Health Services
Components: Epidemiology

EXPENDITURES/REVENUES: (Thousands of Dollars)

OPERATING	FY 88	FY 89	FY 90	FY 91	FY 92	FY 93
PERSONAL SERVICES						
TRAVEL						
CONTRACTUAL						
SUPPLIES						
EQUIPMENT						
LAND & STRUCTURES						
GRANTS, CLAIMS						
MISCELLANEOUS						
TOTAL OPERATING	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-

CAPITAL						
---------	--	--	--	--	--	--

REVENUE						
---------	--	--	--	--	--	--

FUNDING: (Thousands of Dollars)

GENERAL FUND						
FEDERAL FUNDS						
OTHER						
TOTAL	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-

POSITIONS:

FULL-TIME						
PART-TIME						
TEMPORARY						

ANALYSIS : (Attach a separate page if necessary)

The enactment of SB 379 would have no direct fiscal impact on the Department of Health and Social Services.

Prepared by: Elizabeth Ward, Director *Elizabeth Ward* Phone: 465-3090 *R*
Division: Public Health Date: 2-2-88

R Approved by Commissioner: Mary McManis *Mary McManis* Date: 2-9-88
Agency: Department of Health & Social Services

Distribution (by preparer):

- Legislative Finance
- Legislative Sponsor
- Requestor
- Office of Management and Budget
- Impacted Agency(ies)

Position Paper

SB 379

For an Act entitled: "An Act providing for the establishment of the Institute for Circumpolar Health Studies within the University of Alaska."

This Act provides for the establishment of the Institute for Circumpolar Studies at the University of Alaska-Anchorage to encourage international cooperation on circumpolar health issues; serve as a center for the collection and exchange of medical and health information and data; provide for communication and cooperation between the university and the commissioner of the Department of Health and Social Services on health-related issues; and conduct research and provide instruction and other services.

Position

The Department of Health and Social Services supports passage of this bill. Several staff members of the department are actively involved in the International Union for Circumpolar Health and the American Public Health Association's national arctic science policy. Having an Institute for Circumpolar Health Studies at the University of Alaska will provide a needed center for exchange of research, data, and information related to health issues in circumpolar regions.

Recommended by:

Elizabeth Ward
Elizabeth Ward, M.N.
Director
Division of Public Health

Date:

February 2, 1988

Approved by:

Myra M. Munson
Myra M. Munson
Commissioner
Department of Health and
Social Services

Date:

Feb 9, 1988

Senator John Binkley

Senate Finance Committee
P.O. Box V • Juneau, Alaska 99811 • (907) 465-4985




Finance Committee
Co-Chairman

MEMORANDUM

February 15, 1988

TO: Senate Finance Committee

FROM: Senator John Binkley 

RE: SB 379 and 380: Establishment of the Institute for Circumpolar Health Studies

Alcoholism, suicide and mental depression are not new issues. Certainly we have already spent millions of dollars and countless hours attempting to solve or at least adequately address them. One thing we do know is that Alaska is not alone in suffering from these problems. Other circumpolar areas and nations, including Canada, Siberia, Greenland and Scandinavia also suffer from them.

SB 379 calls for the establishment of an Institute for Circumpolar Health Studies within the University of Alaska as a major new step toward finding solutions to the health problems of Alaskans and inhabitants of other circumpolar regions. A companion bill, SB 380, requests a \$250 thousand special appropriation to be used as seed money in establishing the institute and seeking federal and private monies.

The foundation for this proposed institute has already been created in the University of Alaska's Alaska-Siberia Medical Research Program, opening the door to a new era of scientific exchange with the Soviet Union. The Alaska Legislature last year adopted a Joint Resolution of support (SJR 26) for this program.

The newly-created institute would be established as a world headquarters for circumpolar health studies, providing information, coordination, research and training for the international medical and health sciences community.

Because of that program, the World Health Organization has expressed interest in designation such an institute as a collaborating center for WHO. A linkage with the WHO would bring rapid prominence to the new institutue.

Working with the Alaska Department of Health and Social Services, the institute would set up a medical data base on research done in Alaska as well as in other countries,

and would begin the task of bringing other circumpolar scholars to Alaska to jointly explore common solutions.

Certainly creation of this institute will not cure all alcoholism, suicide and depression. By working together however, we can hopefully come up with solutions to the common problems we share with other circumpolar nations.

I hope you join me in supporting this proposal. I have included a more detailed description of the institute, and also copies of letters of support that either I or Dr. Ted Mala have received.

Very truly,
Richard M. Jensen

In addition, I strongly support Governor
Casper's proposal for the establishment
of a seminar and Technology Endowment to
provide ongoing funding for these types
of endeavors in the future.

of both.
importance that I urge speedy passage
Alabans from these bills is of such vital
The potential long range benefit to all
a special appropriation to fund it.
for University that studies and providing
Bills 379 and 380, establishing an institute
I wish to express my support for Senate

Erin Jensen, Dinkley
Alaska State Legislature
P.O. Box V (MS 3100)
Juneau, AK 99811

12901 Kuparuk Rd.
Anchorage, AK 99516
February 7, 1985

12901 Lupinus Rd
Anchorage, Alaska 99516

Feb. 6, 1988

Senator John Bickley
Alaska State Legislature
P.O. Box 1 (MS 3100)
Juneau, Alaska 99801

RECEIVED FEB 10 1988

Dear Senator Bickley:

I strongly support and urge passage of Senate Bills No. 379 and 380, which provide for the establishment of an Institute of Circumpolar Health Studies at the University of Alaska and funding for this Institute.

I trust that these bills will be passed at the earliest possible date, as they will benefit all Alaskans.

I also support Gov. Sawyer's proposal for the establishment of a Science and Technology Endowment.

Sincerely,

Carl M. Smith

American Psychiatric Association

1400 K Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20005
Telephone: (202) 682-6000

Board of Trustees, 1987-88

George H. Pollock, M.D.
President

Paul J. Fink, M.D.
President-Elect

Herbert Pardes, M.D.
Vice President

Allan Beigel, M.D.
Vice President

Elissa P. Benedek, M.D.
Secretary

Alan I. Levenson, M.D.
Treasurer

Robert O. Pasnau, M.D.
Carol C. Nadelson, M.D.
John A. Talbott, M.D.
Past Presidents

Lawrence Hartmann, M.D.
Robert J. Campbell, III, M.D.
Chester W. Schmidt, Jr., M.D.
Douglas A. Sargent, M.D., J.D.
Pete C. Palasota, M.D.
Fred Gottlieb, M.D.
Hugo Van Dooren, M.D.
Philip M. Margolis, M.D.
William L. Webb, M.D.
Linda Logsdon, M.D.

Assembly, 1987-88

Irvin M. Cohen, M.D.
Speaker

John S. McIntyre, M.D.
Speaker-Elect

Dorothy A. Starr, M.D.
Recorder

John C. Nemiah, M.D., *Editor
American Journal of Psychiatry*

John A. Talbott, M.D., *Editor
Hospital & Community Psychiatry*

Robert J. Campbell, III, M.D., *Editor
Psychiatric News*

Melvin Sabshin, M.D.
Medical Director

John Blamphin
Director, Public Affairs

Jay B. Cutler, J.D.
*Special Counsel and Director,
Government Relations*

Donald W. Hammersley, M.D.
Deputy Medical Director

Ronald E. McMillen
Director, Publications and Marketing

Harold Alan Pincus, M.D.
Deputy Medical Director

Carolyn B. Rabinowitz, M.D.
Deputy Medical Director

Jeanne Spurlock, M.D.
Deputy Medical Director

Jack W. White, D.B.A.
*Deputy Director,
Business Administration*



February 10, 1988

Senator John Binkley
Senate Finance Committee
P.O. Box V
Juneau, Alaska 99811

Dear Senator Binkley:

I have just finished a meeting with Dr. Theodore A. Mala and have learned of your very exciting bill which you are introducing in the Senate which would establish an Institute for Circumpolar Health Studies within the University of Alaska. I would like to personally congratulate you on your support of this very innovative idea and to say that I wish you every success. Even though this proposal has not yet been shared with the American Psychiatric Association's Council on International Affairs, I'm sure that this component as well as our Office of International Affairs would be very pleased with this possibility. I know that Dr. Mala's work is outstanding and that he has accomplished a great deal in bringing our country together with others in the circumpolar region and I am particularly excited about his work in Siberia.

If this new Institute is, in fact, approved, I am sure that the American Psychiatric Association would be eager to cooperate in any way that it can to facilitate communication and collaboration.

Thank you for your excellent proposal and my best wishes for every success.

Sincerely,

Melvin Sabshin, M.D.
Medical Director

cc: Deobrah B. Geeseman, M.D.
Governor Steve Cowper
Dr. Theodore Mala



DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES

Public Health Service

Office of the Assistant Secretary
for Health
Washington DC 20201

DEC 16 1987

Theodore A. Mala, M.D., M.P.H.
Program Director
Siberian Medical Research Program
University of Alaska
3211 Providence Drive
Anchorage, Alaska 99508

Dear Dr. Mala: *Ted*

Thank you for sending me the material on the visit to Alaska by the Soviet medical delegation. You and the University of Alaska deserve a great deal of credit for your efforts in developing this interesting and potentially very productive initiative.

As you know, the development of this type of State government/private sector program with the Soviets is something we strongly encourage. Programs such as these are particularly timely in view of the recent Summit Meeting and the desire being shown by both countries to increase peaceful collaboration.

Again my congratulations and my best wishes for the successful development of activities under this initiative.

Sincerely yours,

RE
Robert E. Windom, M.D.
Assistant Secretary for Health

THE SALK INSTITUTE

3 December 1987

Dr. Theodore A. Mala
Program Director
University of Alaska
Siberian Medical Research Program
3211 Providence Drive
Anchorage, Alaska 99508

Dear Doctor Mala:

It is only now that I have seen your letter of 26 October. The delay is a reflection of more to do than time in which to do it. All my efforts for this past year have been devoted to attempts at control of AIDS via immunization of seropositive individuals and this leaves time for little else.

Your project is surely most worthy and I would like to be helpful. I will have to be away for virtually all of this month. I know that I cannot become involved in still another activity and although I don't know how much help I can be in a few hours of conversation, we can see. Let me hear from you as to when you might be able to visit here.

Sincerely,


Jonas Salk

Mr. Walter J. Hickel,
Box 101700,
Anchorage,
Alaska 99510-1700,
USA

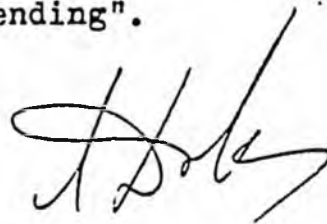
December 4, 1987

Dear Mr. Hickel,

I was glad to receive your letter and thank you sincerely for your invitation to visit Alaska.

Together with you I hope that ties between Alaska and Siberia will gradually develop to the benefit of both nations and those coldest places of our two countries could become the partners in the warmest relationships. Anyway, the start has been made and, as we say in Russia, "a good beginning makes a good ending".

With warm regards.



Sincerely,

Anatoly Dobrynin



Telegram

G2001 04741 67 FR TO WINNPEG MB 04 1049

PMS

SENATOR JOHN SINKLEY, CHAIRMAN SENATE FINANCE COMMITTEE
AK STATE LEGISLATOR
JUNEAU AK 99810

I AM WRITING IN SUPPORT OF DR TED MALA'S INITIATIVE TO DEVELOP A
INSTITUTE FOR CIRCUMPOLAR HEALTH STUDIES AT THE UNIVERSITY OF ALASKA
(ANCHORAGE). HEALTH CONDITIONS IN CIRCUMPOLAR REGIONS ARE SERIOUS AND
IT IS ONLY THROUGH MULTINATIONAL AND MULTI-DISCIPLINARY RESEARCH
EFFORTS THAT THE PROBLEM CAN BE APPROPRIATELY ADDRESSED. THE STATE OF
ALASKA AND DR TED MALA ARE TO BE CONGRATULATED FOR TAKING THIS
IMPORTANT STEP SINCERELY

JOHN D CINEIL PHD NATIONAL HEALTH RESEARCH COUNCIL
UNIVERSITY OF CANADA

A NEW BRIDGE FOR HEALTH

In recent times, especially since World War II, diplomatic differences have largely left the Alaska-Siberia passage impassable. The University of Alaska-Siberia Medical Research Program has broken the ice and laid the foundation for a new bridge of health between Alaska and Siberia.

In the name of circumpolar health, research and training, the Soviet Union and the United States have submerged political differences to work together on scientific exchange. The University of Alaska-Siberian Medical Research Program is an unprecedented agreement between "private sector" organizations (i.e., nonfederal institutions) of the two nations.

This cooperative agreement is a legacy of the November, 1985 Geneva Summit at which President Ronald Reagan and Mikhail Gorbachev signed the "General Exchanges Agreement." The University of Alaska-Siberian Medical Research Program was coordinated under the President's Office on U.S.-Soviet Initiatives.

A NEW BRIDGE FOR HISTORY

Alaska has shared a history with Russia from its very beginnings. Scientists believe that approximately 13,000 years ago, man moved freely between the continents of Asia and North America via a land bridge across the Bering Straits.

The migration from Asia, through North America and South America, took an estimated 3,000 years. During this time the climate warmed, glaciers slowly melted and the bridge once again submerged beneath the waters.

Eight thousand years ago, the Eskimos and the Aleuts arrived by boat as they followed sea mammal migrations.

In the late 17th century, the Czar Peter the Great organized the first Kamchatka Expedition under the leadership of Vitus Bering to find North America via a Pacific Route. The Second Expedition brought back word of rich furs from the sea otter, and Siberian trappers began travelling to Alaska in 1743.

Russia established ports in Kodiak and Sitka, and Russia dominated the region for more than 100 years until 1867. At that time U.S. Secretary of State William Henry Seward negotiated the purchase of Russian America for \$7.2 million, and it officially became "Alaska" and a territory of the United States.

A NEW BRIDGE FOR HUMANITY

Alaska and Siberia are linked to one another by culture, history, common indigenous origins, common problems and a shared environment.

Alaska's Native population has relatives in Siberia that they have not been able to contact for decades.

People to People efforts in Alaska have recently signaled a thawing trend in the Cold War between the two superpowers. The Soviet government permitted swimmer Lynn Cox to swim across the icy Bering Straits for the benefit of medical research. A research ship was recently permitted a friendship call to the port of Provideniya in Siberia, and Alaska Governor Steve Cowper is negotiating a sister-state relationship with the Territory of Khabarovsk.

UNION OF SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLICS

DR. LYDIA NOVAK

Dr. Lydia Novak is a physician and president of the 7 1/2 million member Soviet Medical Workers Union. She is presently a member of Mikhail Gorbachev's reorganization team for health in the U.S.S.R., and, along with Dr. Yuri Nikitin, is a member from the U.S.S.R. of the International Union for Circumpolar Health. Dr. Novak has been instrumental in supporting the Alaskan-Siberian Medical Research Program since its inception.

DR. VLADIMIR I. DAVIDENKO

Dr. Davidenko is a cardiologist and physiologist representing the Siberian Branch of the Academy of Medical Sciences of the U.S.S.R. He has worked for years at the Soviet Research Station in the Antarctic and was part of the Siberian medical delegation that toured Alaska this past November. He is presently Scientific Secretary for the Institute for Clinical and Experimental Medicine in Novosibirsk.

MS. NATALIA N. VOROBIEVA

Ms. Vorobieva is an assistant to Dr. Novak as well as a translator during this visit. She is the International Secretary to the Central Committee of the Soviet Medical Workers Union. This is her first visit to Alaska.

CANADA

MR. J. DAVID NICHOLSON

Mr. Nicholson is the director of Canadian Medical Services and the assistant deputy minister of health for the Canadian government.

DR. BRIAN WHEATLEY

Dr. Wheatley is director of research and development for the medical services branch of the Canadian Department of National Health and Welfare.

DR. JOHN O'NEILL

Dr. O'Neill is a professor of medical anthropology and a National Health Research Scholar of the University of Manitoba.

DR. GILLIAN LYNCH

Dr. Lynch is Director General for the Indian and Northern Health Services Program in Canada. She has worked in the field of Indian and Inuit Health for 12 of the last 15 years.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

DR. TED MALA

Dr. Mala is the Secretary General of the International Union for Circumpolar Health and an associate professor of Health Sciences at the University of Alaska-Anchorage. Dr. Mala initiated the Alaska-Siberian Medical Research Program.

COMMISSIONER MYRA MUNSON

Commissioner Munson is the head of the State of Alaska's Department of Health and Social Services.

TTENTION: SENATOR JOHNE BINKLEY
FOR MS. MOLLY MCCAMMON

A PROPOSAL FOR THE
Institute for CIRCUMPOLAR HEALTH Studies

A RESEARCH INSTITUTE OF THE UNIVERSITY OF ALASKA

BY THE UNIVERSITY OF ALASKA-SIBERIA MEDICAL RESEARCH PROGRAM

(907) 786-4746

ANCHORAGE
JANUARY 1988

Introduction

The foundation for an Institute for Circumpolar Health Studies (ICHS) is now being created in the University's Alaska-Siberia Medical Research Program. The Alaska-Siberia Medical Research Program is generating rapidly growing excitement within Alaska, nationally and internationally. The Program provides a unique opportunity for the University and for Alaska to pioneer in northern health studies and education in an unprecedented linkage with the Siberian Branch of the Soviet Academy of Medical Sciences. The establishment of the U.S.-U.S.S.R Joint Committee on Health has provided impetus for the University of Alaska's historic Alaska-Siberia Medical Research Program. This represents the first agreement ever of its kind between the United States and Siberia.

Scientific exchange with the Soviet Union opens exciting new doors. It also overcomes the largest political obstacle in establishing comprehensive circumpolar coordination on important northern health research. Thus, the Alaska-Siberia Medical Research Program should be viewed, in part, as a first step in launching an Institute for Circumpolar Health Studies under the auspices of the University of Alaska. A discussion of the current status of the Alaska-Siberia program is provided at the conclusion of this proposal.

Need

The Institute will be a cornerstone of new economic development for Alaska and a linkage point for circumpolar relations. It will provide impetus for establishing the research-center-as-basic-industry in Alaska, a component of our state's new infrastructure for economic development.

Alaska, as the only U.S. presence in the North, is the logical location for a national circumpolar health institute. Alaska stands to gain much from an increased emphasis, locally, nationally and internationally, on circumpolar health research and education. And we stand to gain much from becoming the home base for such activity.

- o First and foremost, a better understanding of health issues specific to circumpolar environments will create direct health benefits for every Alaskan.
- o Secondly, the establishment of a center of excellence in research and teaching, opening previously unopened doors of mutually beneficial international communication and exchange, will bring economic advantages and prestige to the state as a whole and to the University.
- o Thirdly, opportunities for training and academic study will become available to Alaskans who currently must leave the state for such education or find it beyond their reach.

Background

Economic growth in Alaska and elsewhere in the circumpolar region over the past several decades and an interest in making the best possible use of circumpolar resources have focused the attention of the United States and other circumpolar countries on developing the necessary knowledge and skills to operate effectively in circum-polar areas. As economic growth continues in the North, our understanding of related health issues must continue to expand.

The Secretariat for the Union for Circumpolar Health (Sweden, Finland, Norway, Denmark, Iceland, Canada, Soviet Union and the United States) is currently lodged in Anchorage under the leadership of the director of the Alaska-Siberia Medical Research Program. In conjunction with that assignment, the World Health Organization has expressed interest in designating a Circumpolar Health Institute within the University as a collaborating center for WHO. Such already established linkages with international interests should bring rapid prominence to the ICHS.

The Alaska Legislature adopted a Joint Resolution of support (SJR 26) for the Alaska-Siberia program during the 1987 session.

Mission Statement

The Institute for Circumpolar Health Studies is to be established as a world headquarters of circumpolar health studies, a center of excellence based at the University of Alaska, serving information, coordination, research and training needs of the international medical and health sciences community.

It will be the Institute's mission to achieve the policy goals in circumpolar health as established by the World Health Organization and those of the U.S. National Arctic Health Science Policy (see attachment), and address the recommendations of the Polar Research Board, Committee on Polar Biomedical Research outlined in a report titled "Data Coordination and Career Stimulation in Polar Biomedical Research" (see attachment), within the framework of the University of Alaska's 1986 long range plan.

Institute Objectives

1. To establish an institute in Alaska which provides for the exchange of medical and health sciences data and which serves as a depository of information from and accessible to all participating nations.
2. To orchestrate research on health needs specific to Northern residents throughout the circumpolar region, including Alaska. Climate, environment, the economic implications for industry, and other Northern-related factors which are common to all circumpolar nations, and the concerns of the target populations, will provide a basis for determining study needs. Setting ethical standards for the impacts of research on subject populations will be a priority.

3. To develop the medical scientific research capabilities of the University, providing a mechanism to attract noted scientists and scholars to Alaska and broadening interaction for both our faculty and our students with other centers of health science research throughout the United States and circumpolar nations..

4. To meet the University's objectives in design of a distinctive academic program in the health sciences. Both by attracting the involvement of international experts on Northern health and by developing information resources, the Institute will contribute to academic instruction and research capabilities for faculty and students.

5. To provide instruction and training for the key research target groups: Alaska Natives, long-term settlers, short-term settlers, and transient workers. Thus those populations whose health needs are being studied will be able to contribute as researchers and trained specialists themselves, particularly important in remote areas.

6. To create an ongoing exchange process that initiates and implements meetings between U.S experts in the health sciences and their counterparts in other circumpolar countries.

7. To create a new component of Alaska's economic development infrastructure, adding new research activities to the array of successful basic industries in the state.

Structure

The ICBS is proposed as an institute originating under the Vice Chancellor of Academic Affairs. The Institute will be a component of the University's statewide system and will be located in Anchorage, reflecting the University mission to make medical and health sciences a priority of the Anchorage campus.

The Institute will be made up of a Research and Instruction branch and an Administration and Information branch. Research and Instruction will house the closely linked tasks of teaching and research. Administration and Information will house the complementary tasks of both public and scientific information and services. Once appropriately endowed, it will also handle the important development tasks that will go with making the Institute largely self-sufficient in funding.

It is critical that each of these program components be incorporated into the Institute's structure from the beginning. There is an overlapping linkage among them, and in concert they carry out the mission which is a response to needs laid out by the University, and to national and international policy goals.

Strategies

In keeping with the challenges which the University System has set for itself, the Institute is designed with three substantive program components: instruction, research and service.

Development will also be a significant function for the Institute, not only in the areas of grant and contract management but in other fundraising activities which will heighten awareness of the Institute and its objectives. It will be an integral part of the Institute's strategies for success.

The following strategies will be implemented to carry out each of the program components.

I. Instruction

1. **Curricula.** The Institute will serve to expand and specialize the University curricula in medical and health sciences. Development of curricula components which focus on health studies in the North will be integrated into programs including the empirical and applied sciences, international business, and public policy and will enhance the University mission in circumpolar understanding. Expanded curricula should be incorporated in the general education programs and particularly in professional schools and graduate programs.

2. **Faculty.** Both permanent and visiting faculty, drawn to the Institute's unique resources, will be affiliated with the ICHS. They will provide an instructional resource with specialized expertise for the University programs with which the Institute is associated.

3. **Professional Training.** A primary function of the ICHS will be the training of professional health specialists, providing skills and knowledge necessary to work successfully in remote Northern areas. Training of Northern rural residents will be a significant component.

4. **Non-Degree Instruction.** Development and presentation of conferences, seminars, workshops, and short courses will serve a broad constituency, both professionals in medical and health sciences and the general public. Initial topics, reflecting research focus, will include: nutritional guidelines for Northern regions; understanding of and innovation in alcoholism problem solving; processes of disease and human adaptation in the North; and physiological effects of chronic stress among Natives and industrial seasonal workforces.

II. Research

1. **Research Management.** The Institute will serve the research coordination needs of the international medical and health sciences community for circumpolar studies. An important aspect of international cooperation in research is the development of methodology and technique consistent from one locale to another. Locally-based scientific advisory boards in each participating circumpolar country will work together to establish method-ological guidelines. As a computerized repository for research data for Northern areas, the Institute will provide, for the first time, centralized data management for research results and worldwide access via the university BITNET computer system.

2. **Self-Generated Funding.** Circumpolar nations involved with the ICHS will, of course, pursue independent research. It is anticipated that largely external funding can be obtained for Alaskan research projects initiated by the Institute.

3. **Scope of Research.** As the University has noted in its long range plan, northern medicine and health sciences are of increasing importance to Alaska. Because of the extensive history of research in Siberia, bringing Soviet and Western research together will be extremely beneficial for Alaska and Western nations. Both basic and applied research will be conducted through the Institute. Initially, based on the existing Alaska-Siberia research agreement, areas of research will include: physiology, immunology, nutrition, stress studies, and alcohol abuse problems. Also, Baseline information will be compiled from existing research data. Research responding to the objectives of the National Arctic Health Science Policy and the priorities identified by the U.S. Arctic Research Commission will include areas of environmental health, biomedical engineering and socio/cultural studies such as ethnomedicine.

In accordance with current federal standards, protection of individual and community privacy and integrity and development of opportunities for community involvement will be cornerstones of the Institute's field research program.

III. Service

1. **Information Services.** The Institute will develop and maintain a data management system for circumpolar research data. Storage and retrieval capabilities will be developed to serve the needs of the research community. Data will also be available for academic instruction and professional training as well as for applied research needs. An Institute newsletter will be published.

2. **Clearinghouse and Reference Services.** The Institute will provide clearinghouse services for research proposals and ongoing projects within Alaska and throughout circumpolar countries. This will facilitate the coordination of research.

A reference library will be established for University and public use.

3. **Translation Services.** Translation services for circumpolar languages will be provided for published studies and for new research results as they come in.

4. **Academic Services.** In keeping with the goal of providing a broad spectrum of student programs and services, the Institute will offer an opportunity for the development of affiliated student organizations and activities, i.e., travel, study and information exchange opportunities for health professionals and students in other circumpolar regions.

5. **Public Services.** By making the results of study and data collection available to government and to the public, the Institute will provide information useful to public policy making on Northern health issues. The Institute will solicit individual volunteer and community participation in public events and activities intended to foster interest in inter-national and cross-cultural exchanges on health issues.

IV. Development

1. **Grant Coordination.** The Institute will aggressively pursue private and federal support. The Institute's appeal to funding sources includes not only its health sciences orientation, but also its circumpolar focus and the fact that it will be at the forefront of peaceful East-West exchange of scientific information and resources. Thus there is an opportunity to work with a broad range of national funding sources.

2. **Contract Management.** The Institute will seek contracts to carry out research being initiated by government and private institutions in the field of circumpolar health.

3. **Special Fundraising.** The Institute will undertake projects and events which will generate fundraising opportunities. Developing Alaskan public interest in the Institute's work will foster public support for the University.

V. Regional Programs and Advisory Boards

1. **Regional Programs.** Programs will be brought on line sequentially over a period of several years. The Siberian Program, currently established, will be the flagship program for the Institute. The Canadian Program will be initiated in FY 1990. The Scandinavian and Greenlandic Program is scheduled for FY 1991; the Antarctic Program, for FY 1993. This sequential approach is intended to allow for coordinated program development and for development of funding sources.

2. **Advisory Boards.** Boards will be established to provide peer review, to guide the development of research projects for Alaska, and to guide the overall international activities of the Institute. Advisory boards for each field of research will include both Alaskan and national representation.

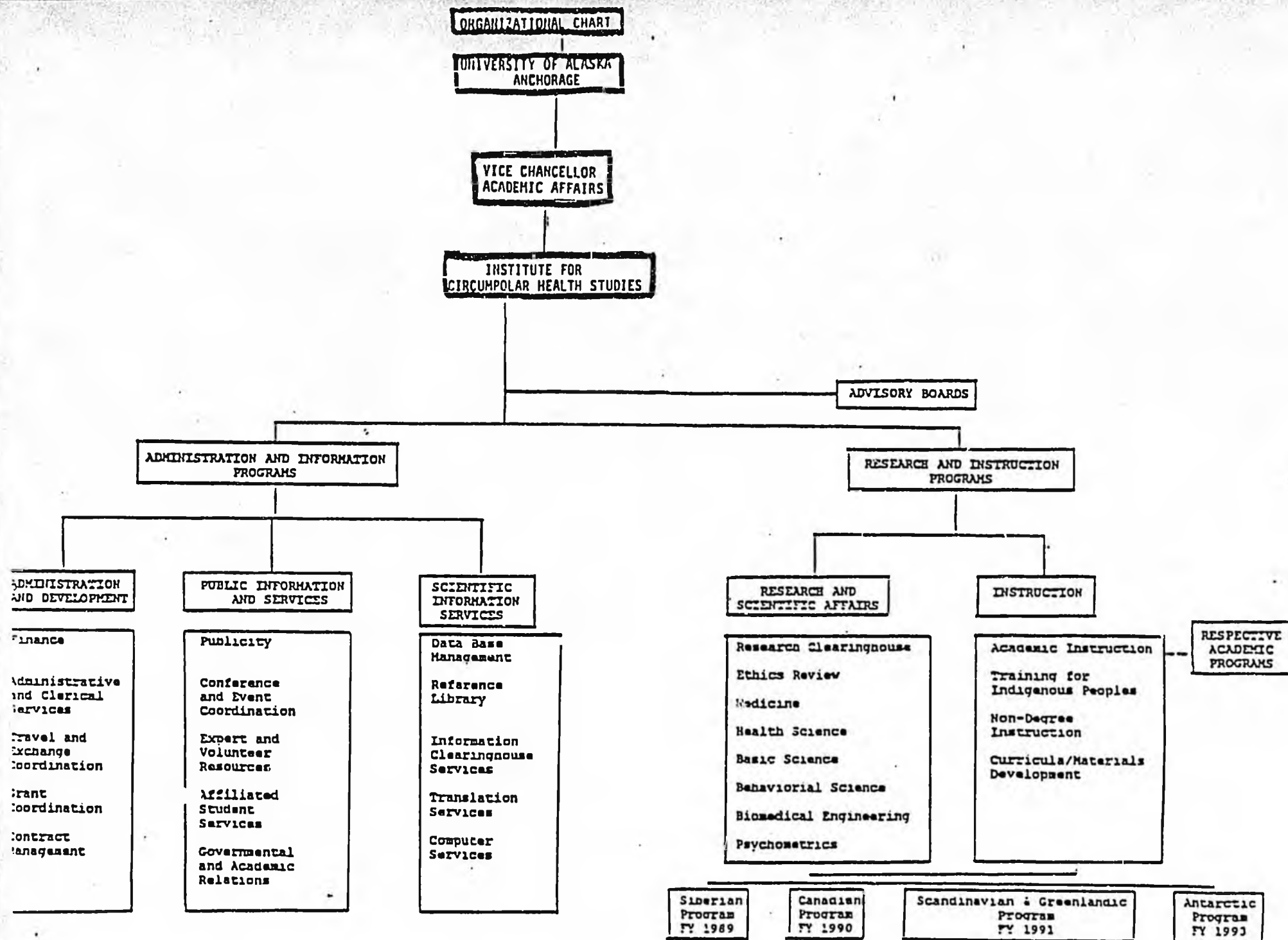
Implementation

Seed money from the State of Alaska is critical for the establishment of the Institute for Circumpolar Health Studies. A \$250,000 start up budget would provide the critical operating money for Institute staff and services not generally funded through grants. With seed money, it will be possible for the Institute to demonstrate the serious commitment of the State of Alaska, as it seeks additional funding from private and federal sources.

From the private sector, the Institute will focus initially on endowment of chairs to meet the faculty instruction and research needs of the Institute.

Initial staffing will include a full time director for the Institute and program coordination and support staff. Faculty affiliations will be established in coordination with the Office of the Chancellor of Academic Affairs, University of Alaska, Anchorage.

Development of the initial implementation plan for the Institute will be accomplished by the University of Alaska-Siberia Medical Research Program in conjunction with its advisory boards. Activities within Program Components will be identified. The critical success factors by which to measure those activities and target dates for completion will be established.



NOTE FOR SENATOR BINKLEY:

This proposal represents the long range goals for an Institute. It is not THE solution to all of our problems but it IS a start. The 250,000 grant which we are asking you to consider would allow us to bring on grant writers to look for the outside funding that we need to accomplish our goals. Working with the Alaska Dept. of Health and Social Services, we will be able to set up our medical data base on research that has been done in Alaska as well as in other countries and begin the task of bringing other circumpolar scholars to Alaska as well as our people going to other places to jointly explore common solutions.

We are not proposing a cure all to alcoholism, suicide and depression but what we do hope to achieve is a concerted effort to bring circumpolar researchers and data together to work towards a common solution to problems we all share.

Ted Malu

INSTITUTE FOR CIRCUMPOLAR HEALTH STUDIES

The structure of the Institute is outlined in the attached packet. The following budget is a basic operating budget ensuring the success of the Institute. A commitment by the state will trigger funding at the National Institute of Health and from the private sector.

BUDGET

Personnel (with benefits):

Director	\$67,500
Administrative Assistant	39,500
Secretary	29,000
Telecommunications	14,000
Printing (newsletters, publications)	23,000
Postage	8,000
Computers, printers, hard disc drive	21,000
Travel	48,000
Grants/development	
National advisory boards	
Research work groups	
<hr/>	
Total	\$250,000

SB

380

SENATE COMMITTEE REPORT

FIRST COMMITTEE OF REFERRAL

Date of 2/11/88 5-DAY NOTICE
IN ACCORDANCE WITH UNIFORM RULE 23

FURTHER:

**FISCAL NOTE(S) ATTACHED **
IN ACCORDANCE WITH AS 24.08.035
(see below)

1/28/88

DATE TURNED INTO OFFICE 2/17/88

Mr. President:

FINANCE

Committee considered SB 380

making a special appropriation to the University of Alaska for the establishment of the Institute for Circumpolar Health Studies; efd

and recommended:

[] replace with CS _____ [] same title
[] new title

[x] attached amendment(s) and

[x] do pass

[] do not pass

[] no recommendation

[] individual recommendations

[] further referral to _____

[] letter of intent adopted and attached

** Committee [] attached or [] adopted fiscal note(s)
[] zero [] fiscal impact

MEMBERS SIGNING DO PASS

OTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

[Handwritten signatures]

[Handwritten signatures]

Rich Hallford do pass
Chairman signature and recommendation

[] Committee Backup Attached

SENATE AMENDMENT

By The Finance Committee

To: _____ SENATE BILL No. 380

To: _____ HOUSE BILL No. _____

PAGE: 1 LINE: 7

After the word "Alaska" INSERT: Anchorage

Introduced: 1/28/88
Referred: Finance

5-1732A

Funding Information
General Fund \$250,000
Other Funds -0-
\$250,000

1 IN THE SENATE

BY BINKLEY AND KERTTULA

2

SENATE BILL NO. 380

3

IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA

4

FIFTEENTH LEGISLATURE - SECOND SESSION

5

A BILL

6 For an Act entitled: "An Act making a special appropriation to the Univer-
-> 7 sity of Alaska ^{Anchorage} for the establishment of the Institute
8 for Circumpolar Health Studies; and providing for an
9 effective date."

10 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

11 * Section 1. The sum of \$250,000 is appropriated from the general fund
12 to the University of Alaska, for the establishment of the Institute for
13 Circumpolar Health Studies at the Anchorage campus.

14 * Sec. 2. The unexpended and unobligated portion of the appropriation
15 made by this Act lapses into the general fund June 30, 1989.

16 * Sec. 3. This Act takes effect on the effective date of an Act
17 providing for the establishment of the Institute for Circumpolar Health
18 Studies.

2/17/88
Vicki -
Need SFC amend.
for SB 380 per
notation. Both
SB 379 & 380 will
be taken up in Rules
meeting today.
Thanks,
Kathy

INSTITUTE FOR CIRCUMPOLAR HEALTH STUDIES

The structure of the Institute is outlined in the attached packet. The following budget is a basic operating budget ensuring the success of the Institute. A commitment by the state will trigger funding at the National Institute of Health and from the private sector.

BUDGET

Personnel (with benefits):

Director	\$67,500
Administrative Assistant	39,500
Secretary	29,000
Telecommunications	14,000
Printing (newsletters, publications)	23,000
Postage	8,000
Computers, printers, hard disc drive	21,000
Travel	48,000
Grants/development	
National advisory boards	
Research work groups	

Total \$250,000

TTENTION: SENATOR JOHNE BINKLEY
FOR MS. MOLLY MCCAMMON

A PROPOSAL FOR THE
Institute for CIRCUMPOLAR HEALTH Studies

A RESEARCH INSTITUTE OF THE UNIVERSITY OF ALASKA

BY THE UNIVERSITY OF ALASKA-SIBERIA MEDICAL RESEARCH PROGRAM

(907) 786-4746

ANCHORAGE
JANUARY 1988

Introduction

The foundation for an Institute for Circumpolar Health Studies (ICHS) is now being created in the University's Alaska-Siberia Medical Research Program. The Alaska-Siberia Medical Research Program is generating rapidly growing excitement within Alaska, nationally and internationally. The Program provides a unique opportunity for the University and for Alaska to pioneer in northern health studies and education in an unprecedented linkage with the Siberian Branch of the Soviet Academy of Medical Sciences. The establishment of the U.S.-U.S.S.R Joint Committee on Health has provided impetus for the University of Alaska's historic Alaska-Siberia Medical Research Program. This represents the first agreement ever of its kind between the United States and Siberia.

Scientific exchange with the Soviet Union opens exciting new doors. It also overcomes the largest political obstacle in establishing comprehensive circumpolar coordination on important northern health research. Thus, the Alaska-Siberia Medical Research Program should be viewed, in part, as a first step in launching an Institute for Circumpolar Health Studies under the auspices of the University of Alaska. A discussion of the current status of the Alaska-Siberia program is provided at the conclusion of this proposal.

Need

The Institute will be a cornerstone of new economic development for Alaska and a linkage point for circumpolar relations. It will provide impetus for establishing the research-center-as-basic-industry in Alaska, a component of our state's new infrastructure for economic development.

Alaska, as the only U.S. presence in the North, is the logical location for a national circumpolar health institute. Alaska stands to gain much from an increased emphasis, locally, nationally and internationally, on circumpolar health research and education. And we stand to gain much from becoming the home base for such activity.

- o First and foremost, a better understanding of health issues specific to circumpolar environments will create direct health benefits for every Alaskan.
- o Secondly, the establishment of a center of excellence in research and teaching, opening previously unopened doors of mutually beneficial international communication and exchange, will bring economic advantages and prestige to the state as a whole and to the University.
- o Thirdly, opportunities for training and academic study will become available to Alaskans who currently must leave the state for such education or find it beyond their reach.

Background

Economic growth in Alaska and elsewhere in the circumpolar region over the past several decades and an interest in making the best possible use of circumpolar resources have focused the attention of the United States and other circumpolar countries on developing the necessary knowledge and skills to operate effectively in circum-polar areas. As economic growth continues in the North, our understanding of related health issues must continue to expand.

The Secretariat for the Union for Circumpolar Health (Sweden, Finland, Norway, Denmark, Iceland, Canada, Soviet Union and the United States) is currently lodged in Anchorage under the leadership of the director of the Alaska-Siberia Medical Research Program. In conjunction with that assignment, the World Health Organization has expressed interest in designating a Circumpolar Health Institute within the University as a collaborating center for WHO. Such already established linkages with international interests should bring rapid prominence to the ICHS.

The Alaska Legislature adopted a Joint Resolution of support (SJR 26) for the Alaska-Siberia program during the 1987 session.

Mission Statement

The Institute for Circumpolar Health Studies is to be established as a world headquarters of circumpolar health studies, a center of excellence based at the University of Alaska, serving information, coordination, research and training needs of the international medical and health sciences community.

It will be the Institute's mission to achieve the policy goals in circumpolar health as established by the World Health Organization and those of the U.S. National Arctic Health Science Policy (see attachment), and address the recommendations of the Polar Research Board, Committee on Polar Biomedical Research outlined in a report titled "Data Coordination and Career Stimulation in Polar Biomedical Research" (see attachment), within the framework of the University of Alaska's 1986 long range plan.

Institute Objectives

1. To establish an institute in Alaska which provides for the exchange of medical and health sciences data and which serves as a depository of information from and accessible to all participating nations.
2. To orchestrate research on health needs specific to Northern residents throughout the circumpolar region, including Alaska. Climate, environment, the economic implications for industry, and other Northern-related factors which are common to all circumpolar nations, and the concerns of the target populations, will provide a basis for determining study needs. Setting ethical standards for the impacts of research on subject populations will be a priority.

3. To develop the medical scientific research capabilities of the University, providing a mechanism to attract noted scientists and scholars to Alaska and broadening interaction for both our faculty and our students with other centers of health science research throughout the United States and circumpolar nations.

4. To meet the University's objectives in design of a distinctive academic program in the health sciences. Both by attracting the involvement of international experts on Northern health and by developing information resources, the Institute will contribute to academic instruction and research capabilities for faculty and students.

5. To provide instruction and training for the key research target groups: Alaska Natives, long-term settlers, short-term settlers, and transient workers. Thus those populations whose health needs are being studied will be able to contribute as researchers and trained specialists themselves, particularly important in remote areas.

6. To create an ongoing exchange process that initiates and implements meetings between U.S experts in the health sciences and their counterparts in other circumpolar countries.

7. To create a new component of Alaska's economic development infrastructure, adding new research activities to the array of successful basic industries in the state.

Structure

The ICBS is proposed as an institute originating under the Vice Chancellor of Academic Affairs. The Institute will be a component of the University's statewide system and will be located in Anchorage, reflecting the University mission to make medical and health sciences a priority of the Anchorage campus.

The Institute will be made up of a Research and Instruction branch and an Administration and Information branch. Research and Instruction will house the closely linked tasks of teaching and research. Administration and Information will house the complementary tasks of both public and scientific information and services. Once appropriately endowed, it will also handle the important development tasks that will go with making the Institute largely self-sufficient in funding.

It is critical that each of these program components be incorporated into the Institute's structure from the beginning. There is an overlapping linkage among them, and in concert they carry out the mission which is a response to needs laid out by the University, and to national and international policy goals.

Strategies

In keeping with the challenges which the University System has set for itself, the Institute is designed with three substantive program components: instruction, research and service.

Development will also be a significant function for the Institute, not only in the areas of grant and contract management but in other fundraising activities which will heighten awareness of the Institute and its objectives. It will be an integral part of the Institute's strategies for success.

The following strategies will be implemented to carry out each of the program components.

I. Instruction

1. **Curricula.** The Institute will serve to expand and specialize the University curricula in medical and health sciences. Development of curricula components which focus on health studies in the North will be integrated into programs including the empirical and applied sciences, international business, and public policy and will enhance the University mission in circumpolar understanding. Expanded curricula should be incorporated in the general education programs and particularly in professional schools and graduate programs.

2. **Faculty.** Both permanent and visiting faculty, drawn to the Institute's unique resources, will be affiliated with the ICHS. They will provide an instructional resource with specialized expertise for the University programs with which the Institute is associated.

3. **Professional Training.** A primary function of the ICHS will be the training of professional health specialists, providing skills and knowledge necessary to work successfully in remote Northern areas. Training of Northern rural residents will be a significant component.

4. **Non-Degree Instruction.** Development and presentation of conferences, seminars, workshops, and short courses will serve a broad constituency, both professionals in medical and health sciences and the general public. Initial topics, reflecting research focus, will include: nutritional guidelines for Northern regions; understanding of and innovation in alcoholism problem solving; processes of disease and human adaptation in the North; and physiological effects of chronic stress among Natives and industrial seasonal workforces.

II. Research

1. **Research Management.** The Institute will serve the research coordination needs of the international medical and health sciences community for circumpolar studies. An important aspect of international cooperation in research is the development of methodology and technique consistent from one locale to another. Locally-based scientific advisory boards in each participating circumpolar country will work together to establish method-ological guidelines. As a computerized repository for research data for Northern areas, the Institute will provide, for the first time, centralized data management for research results and worldwide access via the university BITNET computer system.

2. **Self-Generated Funding.** Circumpolar nations involved with the ICHS will, of course, pursue independent research. It is anticipated that largely external funding can be obtained for Alaskan research projects initiated by the Institute.

3. **Scope of Research.** As the University has noted in its long range plan, northern medicine and health sciences are of increasing importance to Alaska. Because of the extensive history of research in Siberia, bringing Soviet and Western research together will be extremely beneficial for Alaska and Western nations. Both basic and applied research will be conducted through the Institute. Initially, based on the existing Alaska-Siberia research agreement, areas of research will include: physiology, immunology, nutrition, stress studies, and alcohol abuse problems. Also, Baseline information will be compiled from existing research data. Research responding to the objectives of the National Arctic Health Science Policy and the priorities identified by the U.S. Arctic Research Commission will include areas of environmental health, biomedical engineering and socio/cultural studies such as ethnomedicine.

In accordance with current federal standards, protection of individual and community privacy and integrity and development of opportunities for community involvement will be cornerstones of the Institute's field research program.

III. Service

1. **Information Services.** The Institute will develop and maintain a data management system for circumpolar research data. Storage and retrieval capabilities will be developed to serve the needs of the research community. Data will also be available for academic instruction and professional training as well as for applied research needs. An Institute newsletter will be published.

2. **Clearinghouse and Reference Services.** The Institute will provide clearinghouse services for research proposals and ongoing projects within Alaska and throughout circumpolar countries. This will facilitate the coordination of research.

A reference library will be established for University and public use.

3. Translation Services. Translation services for circumpolar languages will be provided for published studies and for new research results as they come in.

4. Academic Services. In keeping with the goal of providing a broad spectrum of student programs and services, the Institute will offer an opportunity for the development of affiliated student organizations and activities, i.e., travel, study and information exchange opportunities for health professionals and students in other circumpolar regions.

5. Public Services. By making the results of study and data collection available to government and to the public, the Institute will provide information useful to public policy making on Northern health issues. The Institute will solicit individual volunteer and community participation in public events and activities intended to foster interest in inter-national and cross-cultural exchanges on health issues.

IV. Development

1. Grant Coordination. The Institute will aggressively pursue private and federal support. The Institute's appeal to funding sources includes not only its health sciences orientation, but also its circumpolar focus and the fact that it will be at the forefront of peaceful East-West exchange of scientific information and resources. Thus there is an opportunity to work with a broad range of national funding sources.

2. Contract Management. The Institute will seek contracts to carry out research being initiated by government and private institutions in the field of circumpolar health.

3. Special Fundraising. The Institute will undertake projects and events which will generate fundraising opportunities. Developing Alaskan public interest in the Institute's work will foster public support for the University.

V. Regional Programs and Advisory Boards

1. Regional Programs. Programs will be brought on line sequentially over a period of several years. The Siberian Program, currently established, will be the flagship program for the Institute. The Canadian Program will be initiated in FY 1990. The Scandinavian and Greenlandic Program is scheduled for FY 1991; the Antarctic Program, for FY 1993. This sequential approach is intended to allow for coordinated program development and for development of funding sources.

2. Advisory Boards. Boards will be established to provide peer review, to guide the development of research projects for Alaska, and to guide the overall international activities of the Institute. Advisory boards for each field of research will include both Alaskan and national representation.

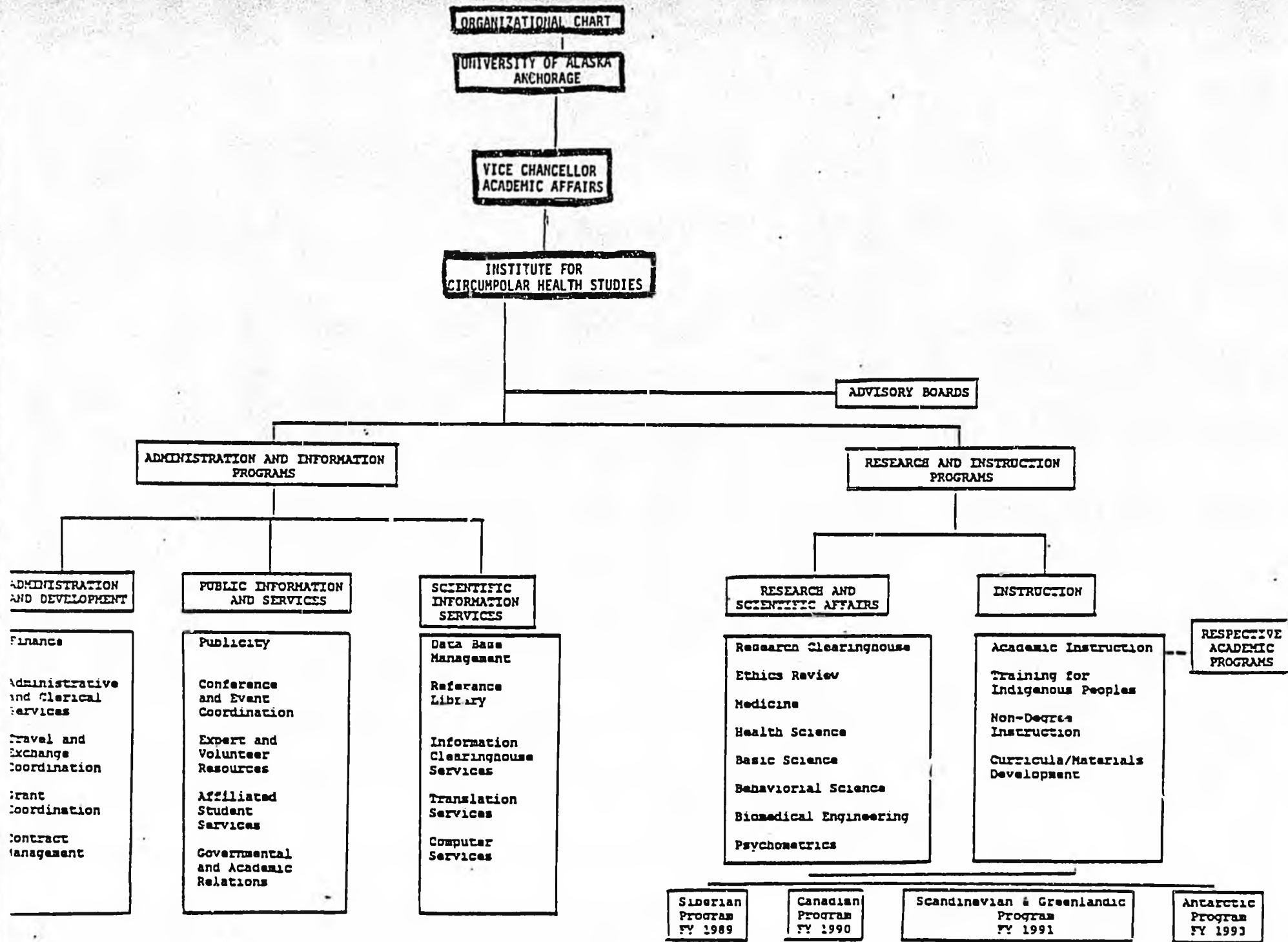
Implementation

Seed money from the State of Alaska is critical for the establishment of the Institute for Circumpolar Health Studies. A \$250,000 start up budget would provide the critical operating money for Institute staff and services not generally funded through grants. With seed money, it will be possible for the Institute to demonstrate the serious commitment of the State of Alaska, as it seeks additional funding from private and federal sources.

From the private sector, the Institute will focus initially on endowment of chairs to meet the faculty instruction and research needs of the Institute.

Initial staffing will include a full time director for the Institute and program coordination and support staff. Faculty affiliations will be established in coordination with the Office of the Chancellor of Academic Affairs, University of Alaska, Anchorage.

Development of the initial implementation plan for the Institute will be accomplished by the University of Alaska-Siberia Medical Research Program in conjunction with its advisory boards. Activities within Program Components will be identified. The critical success factors by which to measure those activities and target dates for completion will be established.



NOTE FOR SENATOR BINKLEY:

This proposal represents the long range goals for an Institute. It is not THE solution to all of our problems but it IS a start. The 250,000 grant which we are asking you to consider would allow us to bring on grant writers to look for the outside funding that we need to accomplish our goals. Working with the Alaska Dept. of Health and Social Services, we will be able to set up our medical data base on research that has been done in Alaska as well as in other countries and begin the task of bringing other circumpolar scholars to Alaska as well as our people going to other places to jointly explore common solutions.

We are not proposing a cure all to alcoholism, suicide and depression but what we do hope to achieve is a concerted effort to bring circumpolar researchers and data together to work towards a common solution to problems we all share.

Ted Malu

SB

380-A

HOUSE COMMITTEE REPORT

(11)

Date referred: 2/29/88

FURTHER REFERRALS:

DATE: 4-20-88

The Finance Committee has considered SB 380(Title am)

"An Act making a special appropriation to the University of Alaska Anchorage for the establishment of the Institute for Circumpolar Health Studies; and providing for an effective date."

RECOMMENDS:

- replace with HCS SB 380 (FIN) the same title
- attached amendment(s) a new title
- do pass
- do not pass
- no recommendation
- individual recommendations
- additional referral to the _____ Committee

ADOPTS: _____ letter of intent

ATTACHES NEW FISCAL NOTE(S):

- fiscal impact same as previous fiscal note published _____
- zero fiscal note same as previous zero fiscal note published _____
- zero with analysis

SIGNING DO PASS:

Al Adams
Mark Berger
Steve Krieger
Stan Brown
Mike Davis

SIGNING OTHER RECOMMENDATIONS:

Pat Reinhold NO REC
Ron Larson No Rec.
Peter Lee No Rec
Chocke NO REC

Al Adams

Chairman's signature

Original sponsors: Binkley and Kerttula

<u>Funding Information</u>	
General Fund	\$250,000
Other Funds	300,000
	<u>\$550,000</u>

1 IN THE SENATE

BY THE FINANCE COMMITTEE

2 HOUSE CS FOR SENATE BILL NO. 380 (Finance)

3 IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA

4 FIFTEENTH LEGISLATURE - SECOND SESSION

5 A BILL

6 For an Act entitled: "An Act making a special appropriation to the Univer-
7 sity of Alaska Anchorage for the establishment of the
8 Institute for Circumpolar Health Studies; and
9 providing for an effective date."

10 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

11 * Section 1. The sum of \$550,000 is appropriated to the University of
12 Alaska, Anchorage, for the establishment of the Institute for Circumpolar
13 Health Studies from the following sources: general fund, \$250,000; federal
14 receipts, \$120,000; University of Alaska receipts, \$180,000.

15 * Sec. 2. The unexpended and unobligated portion of the appropriation
16 made by this Act lapses June 30, 1989.

17 * Sec. 3. This Act takes effect on the effective date of an Act provid-
18 ing for the establishment of the Institute for Circumpolar Health Studies.

Funding Information
General Fund ~~\$250,000~~ 115^k
Other Funds ~~-0-~~
~~\$250,000~~

115

1 IN THE SENATE

BY BINKLEY AND KERTTULA

2

SENATE BILL NO. 380(title am)

3

IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA

4

FIFTEENTH LEGISLATURE - SECOND SESSION

5

A BILL

6

For an Act entitled: "An Act making a special appropriation to the Univer-

7

sity of Alaska Anchorage for the establishment of the

8

Institute for Circumpolar Health Studies; and

9

providing for an effective date."

10 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

11

* Section 1. The sum of ~~\$250,000~~ 115 is appropriated from the general fund

12

to the University of Alaska for the establishment of the Institute for

13

Circumpolar Health Studies at the Anchorage campus.

14

* Sec. 2. The unexpended and unobligated portion of the appropriation

15

made by this Act lapses into the general fund June 30, 1989.

16

* Sec. 3. This Act takes effect on the effective date of an Act

17

providing for the establishment of the Institute for Circumpolar Health

18

Studies.

Draft BudgetPersonal Services (includes S/B)

- 1) Director / Sr. Scientist
- 2) Data Coordinator

~~75.0
60.0~~Commodities

5.0

Equipment

25.0

Computer

Data Base Support

Travel

35.0

Wash. DC x 5 @ \$1000

Siberia x 3 @ \$4000

Canada x 3 @ \$2000

Scandinavia x 4 @ \$3000

Contractual

50.0

Includes conference, workshops
and publications.

\$ 250.0

Institute for Circumpolar Health Studies

The primary areas of focus during the Institutes start-up year will be:

- 1). Assessment of circumpolar, particularly Alaska, health needs and priorities;
- 2). Establishment of academic, bureaucratic, and practitioner linkages with circumpolar nations;
- 3) Develop a plan for collection, translation, and dissemination of circumpolar medical and health sciences data;
- 4) Identification of, and application for, federal, foundation and private funding for health and medical research and program funding

Alaska State Legislature

House of Representatives

Al Adams

Chairman

Committee on Finance

Official Business

WHILE IN SESSION
P.O. Box V
State Capitol
Juneau, Alaska 99811
(907) 465-3706

OUT OF SESSION
P.O. Box 333
Kotzebue, Alaska 99752
(907) 442-3320

1024 W. 6th
Anchorage, Alaska 99501
(907) 274-0615

MEMORANDUM

To: All Members
House Finance Committee

From: Al Adams
Chairman
House Finance Committee

Date: March 3, 1988

Subj: Funding for Institute of Circumpolar Health/Siberian Health
Research Project

I have reviewed the proposed budget for the Institute of Circumpolar Health as it relates to Governor Cowper's proposed FY 89 operating budget request for the University of Alaska, Anchorage.

Included in the proposed FY 89 University of Alaska budget is \$450,00 for a project entitled "Siberian Health Research Project". The back-up provided on this increment appears to be substantially the same as the description of the budget for the Institute of Circumpolar Health provided the House Finance Committee during the hearings on Senate Bills 379/380 with two exceptions.

1) The increment included in the FY 89 budget is solely for the purpose of working with our Soviet friends while the institute budget envisions a relationship with our Canadian and Scandinavian friends as well; and

2) The increment included in the budget includes 300.0 in other funds (180.0 UA receipts & 120.0 Fed receipts) in the misc. line item presumably in anticipation of being awarded research grants.

Attached is a spreadsheet which compares the two requests by line item.

Assuming the committee desires to move a special appropriation bill from committee to fund the Institute of Circumpolar Health rather than dealing with this issue through the regular budget process, I offer the following suggestions.

I have prepared, a Finance CS which maintains the general fund budget for the Institute of Circumpolar Health at the 250.0 level but which also includes the 300.0 in other funds currently included in the FY 89 budget request for the Siberian Health Research Program. This is 100.0 more in GF support than requested in the UAA budget and could be justified on the basis that the institute is more encompassing than was the Siberian Health Research Program in that we are now also dealing with the Canadians and Scandinavians.

Second, the University of Alaska Budget Subcommittee will delete the funds in the budget for the Siberian Health Research Program and reallocate the funds for more pressing University programs--in Anchorage or elsewhere. I note that the University rated the Siberian Health Research Program as less of a priority than other UAA increments not funded by the Governor including additional library support and upper division course delivery at the other UAA campus sites.

INSTITUTE OF CIRCUMPOLAR HEALTH/SIBERIAN HEALTH RESEARCH PROGRAM BUDGET COMPARISONS

OBJECT OF EXPENDITURE	SIBERIAN HLTH RSRCH PROJ	INST OF CIRCUM- POLAR HLTH	DESCRIPTION
PERSONAL SERVICES	115.0	135.0	SHRP FUNDS 1/2 TIME DIRECTOR, FT PGM COORDINATOR, SECRETARY, & TEMP CLERICAL SUPPORT; ICPH FUNDS DIRECTOR/SR. SCIENTIST & DATA COORDINATOR
TRAVEL	10.0	35.0	ICPH ASSUMES TRAVEL TO D.C., CANADA & SCANDINAVIA IN ADDITION TO SIBERIA
CONTRACTUAL	18.8	50.0	COMMUNICATIONS, PRINTING, CONFERENCES ETC.
COMMODITIES	6.2	0.0	
MISC	300.0	0.0	SHRP ANTICIPATES GRANTS FROM 3RD PARTIES

Draft Budget

Personal Services (includes S/B)

- 1) Director / Sr. Scientist 75.0
- 2) Data Coordinator 60.0

Commodities

5.0

Equipment

25.0

Computer

Data Base Support

Travel

35.0

Wash. DC x 5 @ \$1000

Siberia x 3 @ \$4000

Canada x 3 @ \$2000

Scandinavia x 4 @ \$3000

Contractual

50.0

Includes conferences, workshops
and publications.

\$ 250.0

Institute for Circumpolar Health Studies

The primary areas of focus during the Institutes start-up year will be:

- 1). Assessment of circumpolar, particularly Alaska, health needs and priorities;
- 2). Establishment of academic, bureaucratic, and practitioner linkages with circumpolar nations;
- 3) Develop a plan for collection, translation, and dissemination of circumpolar medical and health sciences data;
- 4) Identification of, and application for, federal, foundation and private funding for health and medical research and program funding

Funding Information
General Fund \$250,000
Other Funds -0-
\$250,000

1 IN THE SENATE

BY BINKLEY AND KERTTULA

2

SENATE BILL NO. 380(title am)

3

IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA

4

FIFTEENTH LEGISLATURE - SECOND SESSION

5

A BILL

6

For an Act entitled: "An Act making a special appropriatic . to the Univer-
7 sity of Alaska Anchorage for the establishment of the
8 Institute for Circumpolar Health Studies; and
9 providing for an effective date."

10

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

11

* Section 1. The sum of \$250,000 is appropriated from the general fund
12 to the University of Alaska for the establishment of the Institute for
13 Circumpolar Health Studies at the Anchorage campus.

14

* Sec. 2. The unexpended and unobligated portion of the appropriation
15 made by this Act lapses into the general fund June 30, 1989.

16

* Sec. 3. This Act takes effect on the effective date of an Act
17 providing for the establishment of the Institute for Circumpolar Health
18 Studies.

SR

381

SENATE COMMITTEE REPORT

FURTHER

4/12/88

DATE TURNED INTO OFFICE 5/2/88

Mr. President:

Finance Committee considered SB 381

making a special appropriation to the Department of Health and Social Services for payment as grants to the Alaska Treatment Center; efd

and recommended

replace with _____ CS _____) same title
 or adopt _____ CS _____) new title

attached amendment(s) and

do pass

do not pass

no recommendation

individual recommendations

further referral to _____

letter of intent adopted _____

Approved by F/N Committee attached or adopted fiscal note(s)
 new updated or previous
 zero fiscal impact

MEMBERS SIGNING DO PASS

OTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

[Handwritten signatures: Paul Toole, Jim Duvica, John W. ...]

[Handwritten signature: Rick Halford do pass]
Chairman signature and recommendation

Committee Backup attached

Introduced: 2/1/88
Referred: Health, Education and Social-Services
and Finance

5-1674A

Funding Information
General Fund \$150,000
Other Funds -0-
\$150,000

BY JOSEPHSON, STURGULEWSKI,
HENSLEY, RODEY, DUNCAN
AND SZYMANSKI

1 IN THE SENATE

2

SENATE BILL NO. 381

3

IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA

4

FIFTEENTH LEGISLATURE - SECOND SESSION

5

A BILL

6 For an Act entitled: "An Act making a special appropriation to the Depart-
7 ment of Health and Social Services for payment as
8 grants to the Alaska Treatment Center; and providing
9 for an effective date."

10 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

11 * Section 1. The sum of \$55,000 is appropriated from the general fund
12 to the Department of Health and Social Services for payment as a grant
13 under AS 37.05.316 to the Alaska Treatment Center for the reimbursement of
14 cost overruns that have been incurred due to preexisting conditions encoun-
15 tered by the contractor in the remodeling of the center's therapeutic
16 swimming pool, located at a structure owned by the state.

17 * Sec. 2. The sum of \$95,000 is appropriated from the general fund to
18 the Department of Health and Social Services for payment as a grant under
19 AS 37.05.316 to the Alaska Treatment Center to offset declines in the
20 center's operating budget.

21 * Sec. 3. This Act takes effect immediately under AS 01.10.070(c).

FISCAL NOTE

REQUEST:

Revision Date: _____
Title: ..appropriation to DHSS for payment
as grants to Alaska Treatment Center
Sponsor: Josephson, Sturgulewski, etc.
Requestor: _____

Agency Affected: Health & Social Services
BRU: _____
Components: _____

EXPENDITURES/REVENUES: (Thousands of Dollars)

OPERATING	FY 88	FY 89	FY 90	FY 91	FY 92	FY 93
PERSONAL SERVICES						
TRAVEL						
CONTRACTUAL						
SUPPLIES						
EQUIPMENT						
LAND & STRUCTURES						
GRANTS, CLAIMS						
MISCELLANEOUS						
TOTAL OPERATING	0	0	0	0	0	0
CAPITAL	0	0	0	0	0	0
REVENUE	0	0	0	0	0	0

FUNDING: (Thousands of Dollars)

GENERAL FUND						
FEDERAL FUNDS						
OTHER						
TOTAL						

POSITIONS:

FULL-TIME						
PART-TIME						
TEMPORARY						

ANALYSIS : (Attach a separate page if necessary)

The Department does not expect there to be any administrative costs associated with administering this grant.

Prepared by: Frank Hickey, Director *Frank Hickey* Phone: 465-3082
Division: Division of Budget & Finance *Frank Hickey* Date: _____

Approved by Commissioner: *Karen Pedersen* Date: 4/11/88
Agency: _____

Distribution (by preparer):
Legislative Finance
Legislative Sponsor
Requestor
Office of Management and Budget
Impacted Agency(ies)

ALASKA STATE SENATE

JOE P. JOSEPHSON
DISTRICT H ANCHORAGE
3111 C STREET, SUITE 550
ANCHORAGE, ALASKA 99503
(907) 561-7611



WHILE IN JUNEAU
P.O. BOX V
JUNEAU, ALASKA 99811
(907) 465-4525

May, 1988
Senate Finance

SPONSOR STATEMENT ON SB 381

What would SB 381 do?

The bill proposes a onetime appropriation of \$150,000.

The first \$55,000 would provide for reimbursement of unanticipated costs that were incurred during renovation of the Center's therapeutic swimming pool. The expenditures were necessitated by latent conditions unknown to the Center or its contractors at the time of the bid. These costs were absorbed by the Center's already diminished operating budget.

The remaining \$95,000 is proposed to help offset a decline in the Center's budget.

The total sum of \$150,000 will enable the Alaska Treatment Center to rehire three physical therapists and, in turn, to serve patients on the waiting list.

What is the Alaska Treatment Center?

It is the only nonprofit medical rehabilitative outpatient facility in Alaska. Since its formation in 1946 as the Alaska Crippled Children's Association, it has treated more than 30,000 adults and children from around the State.

The Center provides an array of physical, speech and occupation therapy services for diagnoses such as cerebral palsy, speech and language disorders, multiple sclerosis, traumatic head injuries, strokes, quadriplegia and paraplegia, and bone and muscle disabilities.

Perhaps most importantly from a public policy point of view, it renders services without regard for the client's ability to pay.

Why just a onetime operating grant?

This onetime appropriation is intended to help the Center make ends meet during a very critical budget shortfall. Once stability is achieved through this appropriation, private fundraising efforts and an endowment fund are expected to meet future needs.

The companion bill (SB 382) would create the Frank Ferguson endowment account to provide an ongoing source of funding to help defray the costs of clients who are unable to pay. It is mentioned here as a point of information to show that there is a real plan to provide transition from this onetime operating grant to a stable source of funding.

ALASKA STATE SENATE

JOE P. JOSEPHSON
DISTRICT H ANCHORAGE
3111 C STREET, SUITE 550
ANCHORAGE, ALASKA 99503
(907) 561-7611



WHILE IN JUNEAU
P.O. BOX V
JUNEAU, ALASKA 99811
(907) 465-4525

April 11, 1988
Senate HESS

SPONSOR STATEMENT ON SB 381

What would SB 381 do?

The bill proposes a onetime appropriation of \$150,000.

The first \$55,000 would provide for reimbursement of unanticipated costs that were incurred during renovation of the Center's therapeutic swimming pool. The expenditures were necessitated by latent conditions unknown to the Center or its contractors at the time of the bid. These costs were absorbed by the Center's already diminished operating budget.

The remaining \$95,000 is proposed to help offset a decline in the Center's budget.

The total sum of \$150,000 will enable the Alaska Treatment Center to rehire three physical therapists and, in turn, to serve patients on the waiting list.

What is the Alaska Treatment Center?

It is the only nonprofit medical rehabilitative outpatient facility in Alaska. Since its formation in 1946 as the Alaska Crippled Children's Association, it has treated more than 30,000 adults and children from around the State.

The Center provides an array of physical, speech and occupation therapy services for diagnoses such as cerebral palsy, speech and language disorders, multiple sclerosis, traumatic head injuries, strokes, quadriplegia and paraplegia, and bone and muscle disabilities.

Perhaps most importantly from a public policy point of view, it renders services without regard for the client's ability to pay.

Why just a onetime operating grant?

This onetime appropriation is intended to help the Center make ends meet during a very critical budget shortfall. Once stability is achieved through this appropriation, private fundraising efforts and an endowment fund are expected to meet future needs.

There is a companion bill (SB 382) that would create the Frank Ferguson endowment account to provide an ongoing source of funding to help defray the costs of clients who are unable to pay. It is mentioned here as a point of information to show that there is a real plan to provide transition from this onetime operating grant to a stable source of funding.

**ALASKA
TREATMENT
CENTER**

Medical Rehabilitation Services

MEMO

DATE: April 4, 1988

TO: House Finance Committee
Senate House HSS Committee
Senate Finance CommitteeSIGNIFICANCE OF HB 428 TO THE
ALASKA TREATMENT CENTERA. Without the \$150,000 appropriation

1. ATC is unable to fill three vacant clinical positions lost in the staff cuts of 12/87. One physical therapist can treat between 10 - 40 patients/month, depending on severeness of illness or injury and intensity of medical need.
2. ATC will continue losing the revenue that three clinicians can generate - approximately \$4,000-10,000/month/each.
3. Continued struggle to meet payroll and operating expenses (ATC currently operates on cash deficit).
4. Patient waiting list will continue to grow (from mid-February to mid-March 1988 an estimated 43 patients were turned away or placed on waiting list).
5. In the mid-term, a diminishing referral base as doctors learn that ATC cannot accomodate patients. There are three outcomes: patients with limited needs will be referred elsewhere locally; those with comprehensive needs will be sent outside - if funding and family support are available; others will not receive care.
6. Staff morale will continue to deteriorate.
7. These budget items will be affected:
 - * Retirement program (third year!)
 - * Staff salaries
 - * Professional education
 - * Medical transcription jobs
 - * Operation of wheelchair van
8. ATC may be forced to look for cost savings in the treatment of the predominantly children, elderly and low income patients who need charity care.

Page 2

B. With the \$150,000 appropriation:

1. ATC can hire up to three clinicians.
2. ATC can admit patients on the waiting list, with the most acute needs receiving priority for admission.
3. By hiring three more therapists ATC can treat most of the patients on the waiting list and recover a normal caseload.
4. With clinical staff producing revenue, the pressure to operate on debt will be eased.
5. There will be an opportunity to reduce ATC's \$120,000 operating line of credit.
6. There will be an opportunity to anticipate funding of these budget items:
 - * Retirement fund
 - * Professional education
 - * Two medical transcription jobs
7. Clinical staff morale will improve.
8. ATC will be able to defer the economic pressure to ration charity care.

SENATE COMMITTEE REPORT

FURTHER Finance

2/1/88

DATE TURNED INTO OFFICE 4/12/88

Mr. President:

HESS Committee considered SB 381

making a special appropriation to the Department of Health and Social Services for payment as grants to the Alaska Treatment Center; efd

and recommended

[] replace with _____ CS _____) [] same title
[] or adopt _____ CS _____) [] new title

[] attached amendment(s) and

[Handwritten signature]
[x] do pass

[] do not pass

[] no recommendation

[] individual recommendations

[] further referral to _____

DFN

[] letter of intent adopted _____

Committee [x] attached or [] adopted fiscal note(s)

[] new [] updated or [] previous

[x] zero [] fiscal impact

MEMBERS SIGNING DO PASS

[Handwritten signature]
[Handwritten signature]

OTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

2 Ken Feunig - Do Not Pass
Include in Budget

Paul Fisher Do Pass
Chairman signature and recommendation

[x] Committee Backup attached

S B

3 8 2

STATE OF ALASKA
1988 LEGISLATIVE SESSION

BILL VERSION: SB 382
PUBLISH DATE: SENATE 5/7/89

FISCAL NOTE

REQUEST:

Revision Date: _____
Title: An Act establishing the Frank Ferguson endowment account
Sponsor: Josephson. et al.
Requestor: _____

Agency Affected: _____
BRU: Finance
Components: _____

EXPENDITURES/REVENUES: (Thousands of Dollars)

OPERATING	FY 88	FY 89	FY 90	FY 91	FY 92	FY 93
PERSONAL SERVICES	0	0	0	0	0	0
TRAVEL	0	1.0	0	0	0	0
CONTRACTUAL	0	0	0	0	0	0
SUPPLIES	0	0	0	0	0	0
EQUIPMENT	0	0	0	0	0	0
LAND & STRUCTURES	0	0	0	0	0	0
GRANTS, CLAIMS	0	0	0	0	0	0
MISCELLANEOUS	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL OPERATING	0	1.0	0	0	0	0

CAPITAL	0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0
---------	---	------	------	------	------	------

REVENUE	0	0	0	0	0	0
---------	---	---	---	---	---	---

FUNDING: (Thousands of Dollars)

GENERAL FUND	0	61.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0
FEDERAL FUNDS	0	0	0	0	0	0
OTHER	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	61.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0

POSITIONS:

FULL-TIME	0	0	0	0	0	0
PART-TIME	0	0	0	0	0	0
TEMPORARY	0	0	0	0	0	0

ANALYSIS : (Attach a separate page if necessary)

We have assumed the State will match private contributions to the full \$300,000 amount provided by Section 3. We have budgeted for estimated travel costs of \$1,000 to set up and monitor the first year of the contract with Alaska Treatment Center. The Division of Finance will absorb the overhead personnel costs and subsequent years costs for monitoring the contract.

Prepared by: Keith Busch
Division: Finance

Phone: 465-2210
Date: 4-20-88

Approved by Commissioner: John M. Andrews
Agency: Department of Administration

Date: 4/20/88

Distribution (by preparer):
Legislative Finance
Legislative Sponsor
Requestor
Office of Management and Budget
Impacted Agency(ies)

Original sponsors: Josephson, Sturgulewski,
Hensley, et al.

1 IN THE SENATE

BY THE HEALTH, EDUCATION AND
SOCIAL SERVICES COMMITTEE

2

CS FOR SENATE BILL NO. 382 (HESS)

3

IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA

4

FIFTEENTH LEGISLATURE - SECOND SESSION

5

A BILL

6 For an Act entitled: "An Act establishing the Frank Ferguson endowment
7 account; and providing for an effective date."

8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

9 * Section 1. FINDINGS AND PURPOSE. (a) The legislature finds that the
10 Alaska Treatment Center, in Anchorage, is the only facility in the state
11 that is a nonprofit corporation providing physical therapy, speech therapy,
12 and rehabilitative services to persons from across the state and without
13 regard to a person's ability to pay for treatment.

14 (b) The purpose of this Act is to assist the Alaska Treatment Center
15 to continue providing treatment services to needy Alaskans by providing
16 money through the Frank Ferguson endowment account and the Frank Ferguson
17 endowment fund to help defray the costs of clients who do not have insur-
18 ance or adequate resources to pay for the cost of treatment.

19 * Sec. 2. FRANK FERGUSON ENDOWMENT ACCOUNT. The Frank Ferguson endow-
20 ment account is established in the Department of Administration. The
21 account consists of money appropriated to it by the legislature. For each
22 dollar contributed from private sources to the Frank Ferguson endowment
23 fund established by the Alaska Treatment Center, the commissioner of admin-
24 istration shall pay from the account one dollar as a matching contribution
25 to the fund, subject to legislative appropriations for the purpose, and
26 subject to the condition that the income of the fund is to be used for the
27 sole purpose of defraying the costs of clients of the center who do not
28 have insurance or other resources adequate to pay the cost of their care at
29 the center.

1 * Sec. 3. Section 2 of this Act is repealed on the date that the amount
2 of money distributed from the Frank Ferguson endowment account totals
3 \$300,000 or on July 1, 1991, whichever occurs first.
4 * Sec. 4. This Act takes effect July 1, 1988.

BY JOSEPHSON, STURGULEWSKI,
HENSLEY, RODEY, DUNCAN,
SZYMANSKI AND HALFORD

1 IN THE SENATE

2 SENATE BILL NO. 382

3 IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA

4 FIFTEENTH LEGISLATURE - SECOND SESSION

5 A BILL

6 For an Act entitled: "An Act establishing the Frank Ferguson endowment
7 account; and providing for an effective date."

8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

9 * Section 1. FINDINGS AND PURPOSE. (a) The legislature finds that the
10 Alaska Treatment Center, in Anchorage, is the only facility in the state
11 that is a nonprofit corporation providing physical therapy, speech therapy,
12 and rehabilitative services to persons from across the state and without
13 regard to a person's ability to pay for treatment.

14 (b) The purpose of this Act is to assist the Alaska Treatment Center
15 to continue providing treatment services to needy Alaskans by providing
16 money through the Frank Ferguson endowment account and the Frank Ferguson
17 endowment fund to help defray the costs of clients who do not have insur-
18 ance or adequate resources to pay for the cost of treatment.

19 * Sec. 2. FRANK FERGUSON ENDOWMENT ACCOUNT. The Frank Ferguson endow-
20 ment account is established in the Department of Administration. The
21 account consists of money appropriated to it by the legislature. For each
22 dollar contributed from private sources to the Frank Ferguson endowment
23 fund established by the Alaska Treatment Center, the commissioner of admin-
24 istration shall pay from the account one dollar as a matching contribution
25 to the fund, subject to legislative appropriations for the purpose, and
26 subject to the condition that the income of the fund is to be used for the
27 sole purpose of defraying the costs of clients of the center who do not
28 have insurance or other resources adequate to pay the cost of their care at
29 the center.

1 * Sec. 3. Section 2 of this Act is repealed on the date that the amount
2 of money distributed from the Frank Ferguson endowment account totals
3 \$300,000.

4 * Sec. 4. This Act takes effect July 1, 1988.

SENATE COMMITTEE REPORT

5-1673B

FURTHER Finance

DATE TURNED INTO OFFICE

5/16/88

2/1/88

Mr. President:

HESS

Committee considered SB 382

establishing the Frank Ferguson endowment account; efd

and recommended

[X] replace with _____ CS SB 382 (HESS.) [X] same title
[] or adopt _____ CS _____ [] new title

(b)

[] attached amendment(s) and

+ majority do pass

[] do pass

[] do not pass

[] no recommendation

[] individual recommendations

FN

[] further referral to _____

[] letter of intent adopted _____

Committee [X] attached or [] adopted fiscal note(s)

[X] new [] updated or [] previous
[] zero [X] fiscal impact

MEMBERS SIGNING DO PASS

OTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

[Signature]

[Signature]

Paul Froese

Chairman signature and recommendation

[] Committee Backup attached