

BILLS 1981 - 1982

HJR 5 cont. - HCR 24

LA: F. J. ...

1585

1585

OREGON

Richard Munn
Legislative Revenue Office
Rm. 140, State Capitol
Salem, OR 97310
503-378-8873

RHODE ISLAND

James F. Mahoney
House Finance Commission
Rm. 306, State House
Providence, RI 02903
402-277-2738

SOUTH CAROLINA

Robert Heilman
Chief Staff Attorney
Legislative Council
P.O. Box 11417
Columbia, SC 29211
803-758-2334

TENNESSEE

Don Borton
Fiscal Review Committee
G-19 War Memorial Building
Nashville, TN 37219
615-741-2564

TEXAS

Tom Keel, Director
Legislative Budget Board
P.O. Box 12666, Capitol Station
Austin, TX 78711
512-475-3426

UTAH

Melvin Leslie
Legislative General Counsel
Rm. 403, State Capitol Building
Salt Lake City, UT 84114
801-533-6581

WASHINGTON

Greg Pierce
House Revenue Committee
Rm. 213, House Office Building
Olympia, WA 98504
206-753-3962

STATE OF ALASKA

THE LEGISLATURE

BUDGET AND AUDIT COMMITTEE

FINANCE DIVISION
POUCH WF--STATE CAPITOL
JUNEAU, ALASKA 99811
PHONE: (907) 465-3795

MEMORANDUM

TO: Honorable Ed Dankworth,
Co-chairman
Senate Finance Committee

FROM: Milt Barker, Fiscal Analyst
Legislative Finance Division

DATE: January 22, 1981

SUBJECT: FY 82 Budget Under Proposed Constitutional Limits

Following are estimates of what FY 82 budgets would be permitted if various proposed constitutional limits on budget growth were now in effect.

SJR 3 by Colletta

This limits growth of appropriations, except those for capital projects and contributions to the permanent fund, to growth of the economy. For calendar 1979, Alaska personal income grew 4.55%. Applied to an FY 81 operating budget of \$1,282.0 million (see attached Table I), this would permit an FY 82 operating budget of \$1,340.3 million. The Governor has proposed a general fund operating budget of \$1,826.5 million.

HJR 5 & SJR 4 by Request of the Governor

This limits growth of appropriations to inflation in the calendar year preceding the Governor's budget submission plus the average yearly growth in the State's population as measured by the last two federal censuses. Using the most recent Anchorage consumer price index figures and the 1970 and preliminary 1980 census data, the permitted growth rate for the FY 82 budget would be 12.8% to 14.0%, depending on which of two Anchorage consumer price indices is used.

The limitation does not apply to:

- 1) permanent fund contributions
- 2) permanent fund dividends
- 3) loan fund capitalization (but loan subsidies are limited)
- 4) capital projects approved by voters
- 5) debt service
- 6) disaster reserve funds
- 7) increases in state expenditures resulting from court order or federal law
- 8) 1/4 of the income from contributions to the permanent fund above the 25% minimum

Referring to Table I again, the following FY 81 expenditures would be subject to growth limits:

Operating	\$ 1,282.0
Capital	72.1
Special Appropriations	64.7
Renewable Resources	125.0
HB 60	580.8
Loan Subsidies ^{1/}	144.7
TOTAL	\$ 2,269.3

The 12.8% or 14.0% growth rates applied to this figure, plus 1/4 of 10% interest on \$900 million excess permanent fund contributions, would permit FY 82 budgets for restricted expenditures of \$2,582.2 or \$ 2,609.5 million. The Governor's FY 82 budget for such items totals \$2,286.9 million:

Operating	\$ 1,826.5
Loan Subsidies ^{1/}	233.0
Capital	227.4
TOTAL	\$ 2,286.9

HJR. 4 - by Gardiner

This limits growth of appropriations, except for appropriations to the permanent fund and for loans, to growth of the economy. Using the 4.55% growth in personal income in 1979 and an FY 81 base from Table I of \$2,474.6 million,

Operating	\$ 1,282.0
Capital (less native claims)	72.1
Special Appropriations (includes general fund reserve)	414.7
HB 60	580.8
Renewable Resources	125.0
TOTAL	\$ 2,474.6

1. Figures provided by Budget and Management.

the permitted FY 82 budget would be \$2,587.1 million. For these same restricted items, the Governor's FY 82 budget proposes \$2,703.9 million:

Operating	\$ 1,826.5
Capital	227.4
Rainy Day Funds (general fund reserve)	350.0
Escrow Account	300.0
TOTAL	\$ 2,703.9

MB:dh

STATE OF ALASKA

THE LEGISLATURE

BUDGET AND AUDIT COMMITTEE

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PHONE: (907) 465-3795

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MB:dh

Introduced: 2/4/81
Referred: Finance and
Judiciary

1 IN THE HOUSE

BY THE RULES COMMITTEE BY
REQUEST OF THE GOVERNOR

2 HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 5
3 IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA
4 TWELFTH LEGISLATURE - FIRST SESSION

5 Proposing an amendment to the Constitu-
6 tion of the State of Alaska relating to
7 limitations on appropriations of state
8 money.

9 BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

10 * Section 1. Article IX of the Constitution of the State of Alaska is
11 amended by adding new sections to read:

12 SECTION 16. APPROPRIATION LIMITATIONS. The amount of State money
13 appropriated during a fiscal year shall not exceed the amount appropri-
14 ated in the preceding fiscal year by more than the increase in the fed-
15 eral consumer price index for the state for the calendar year preceding
16 the governor's submission of the budget under section 12 of this arti-
17 cle plus a percentage equal to the average yearly growth in the State's
18 population as shown by the last two federal censuses or enumerations.
19 Money appropriated under any exception prescribed by section 17 of this
20 article shall not be included in the base for determining the allowable
21 increase from year to year.

22 SECTION 17. EXCEPTIONS FROM APPROPRIATION LIMITATIONS. The limi-
23 tations on increases in appropriations do not apply to appropriations
24 of money to be deposited in the permanent fund; money appropriated to
25 pay permanent fund dividends; money appropriated to capitalize loan
26 funds, but the money to subsidize low interest loans must be appro-
27 priated separately and is subject to the limitations; money appropriated
28 to construct capital improvements, whether of bond proceeds or other-
29 wise, where the appropriation for the capital improvements is approved

1 by the voters; money appropriated to escrow accounts or otherwise to
2 repay general obligation bonds; money appropriated as a reserve for
3 disasters of natural or human origin or other emergencies; money appro-
4 priated to coincide with increases in user fees; money appropriated to
5 meet increases in costs to the State resulting from court orders or a
6 transfer of authority or responsibility to the State from the federal
7 government; money derived from one-quarter of the income from those
8 contributions made to the permanent fund which exceed the minimum
9 required by this constitution; or money appropriated by a vote of
10 two-thirds of the membership of each house and approved by the governor
11 to meet disasters of natural or human origin which are declared by the
12 governor.

13 * Sec. 2. The amendment proposed by this resolution shall be placed be-
14 fore the voters of the state at the next general election in conformity with
15 art. XIII, sec. 1, Constitution of the State of Alaska, and the election
16 laws of the state.

HJR 5

January 13, 1981

Speaker of the House
Alaska State Legislature
Pouch V
Juneau, AK 99811

Dear Mr. Speaker:

Under art. III, sec. 18, of the Alaska Constitution, I am transmitting a proposed constitutional amendment on spending limitations for the consideration of the legislature.

My proposal would amend the constitution's finance article to add two sections, one setting forth spending limitations and the other prescribing ten specific exceptions. Each of the exceptions is reasonably necessary, and some of them are for appropriations of money to be invested rather than expended, and, to that extent, do not really involve actual expenditures.

The proposed amendment limits annual increases in appropriations of state money -- but not of money from other, non-state sources such as federal money -- to the increase in the federal consumer price index for Alaska for the preceding year plus a percent equal to the state's average yearly growth in population.

At the present time, the only federal consumer price index for Alaska is that done for the Anchorage area. It appears that one will also be prepared for Fairbanks sometime soon. And indexes may also be prepared for other Alaskan cities in the future. The index for the state will consist of the weighted average of those indexes, that is, in proportion to each community's relative population.

The measure of the state's average yearly population growth is the federal decennial census and the interim reenumeration to be taken at five year intervals. The latter, while called for by federal law, has yet to be funded. Nevertheless, even without a reenumeration, the decennial census provides an accurate measure of the state's average yearly growth.

The use of data prepared exclusively by the United States is deliberate and essential. The pressure to shape cost and population data to justify increased expenditures would be enormous if those data were prepared by state or local agencies. Using data developed by an independent and separate government avoids that problem completely.

These two measures of growth, while not always coincident with all governmental needs, will allow the state to keep abreast of most needs and yet hold growth to reasonable and responsible limits. To the extent that the state still lags behind its sister states in some areas of governmental services and facilities, the exceptions prescribed by the second section will allow it to catch up, if that is what the electorate wants. Each of these exceptions will be discussed in turn, below.

The first exception is for appropriations of money to be deposited in the permanent fund, and the second is to pay permanent fund dividends to the people. It is self-evident that neither needs to be limited. The third exception is to capitalize loan funds, that is, appropriations of the money which will be loaned and repaid with interest under the state's loan programs. To the extent that low interest loans are subsidized, the appropriations for that purpose must be separate, and they are not within the terms of the exception. The fourth exception is for appropriations for capital improvements which have been approved by the voters. This includes those funded by appropriation from the general fund and those funded by bond proceeds. Voter approval is a must for the appropriations to be within the exception. But if the voters approve, there are no limits on appropriations for capital improvements.

The term "capital improvements" is used in the amendment in the same sense as it is used in sections 8 and 9 of the finance article relating to state and local debt. It refers, generally speaking, to public works or facilities of a permanent character as described in the case of City of Juneau v. Hixson, 373 P.2d 743 (Alaska 1962).

The fifth exception is for appropriations made to escrow accounts or otherwise to repay general obligation bonds. As a practical matter, it may be to the state's great advantage at any time to make a large payment, either into escrow or directly, to repay outstanding general obligation bonds. That kind of a payment would not constitute a true increase in expenditures, and it is, therefore, made one of the exceptions.

The sixth exception is for money appropriated as a reserve account for disasters of natural or human origin.

The device has been called a rainy-day account, and it is simply a means of setting aside a financial cushion for the state during a fiscal year in case of exceptional need. At the present time the Reserve for Emergency Operating Expenses Account has been established under AS 37.05.159 to meet this need. It will be superseded by this amendment, and in order to spend money appropriated to the reserve account, the provisions of the tenth exception will have to be followed.

The seventh exception is for money appropriated to coincide with increases in user fees. The term "user fees" includes all kinds of taxes or charges which are levied upon those who use a government facility or service. They range from hunting and fishing licenses to boiler inspection fees. So long as users are paying the money, no purpose would be served by placing this category within the limitations on expenditures. No big increases are foreseen at this time, but should users wish to have them, there is no reason to place a constitutional bar in their way.

The eighth exception is for appropriations required by court orders or by a transfer of functions from the federal to the state government. Transfers from local to the state government are within the legislature's control, and therefore are subject to the limitation. Court orders -- and that would include judgments for damages or orders for future relief -- are not within the legislature's control and could cause significant, temporary increases from time to time. The same could happen if the federal government were, for instance, to shift all of the social services or education burden to states. While one hopes this exception will be little used, prudence dictates its existence.

The ninth exception is for appropriations of money derived from one-quarter of the income from extra appropriations made to the permanent fund. The purpose of this exception is to encourage those who would spend more money to save more money. The more money that is placed in the fund, the more money there will be available under this exception to spend.

The tenth and final exception is for natural disasters. As safeguards against spurious spending under this exception, the disaster must be declared by the governor in the first instance and the appropriation bill must be passed by a two-thirds majority of the membership of each house and approved by the governor. If the governor does not approve the appropriation or vetoes it to reduce or strike any item, his veto is final. The purpose of the absolute veto is to preclude any excess spending on non-emergency items in a bill appropriating money for

disaster relief. Without an absolute veto, this exception would create an unacceptably large loophole.

The proposed amendment is conservative, responsible, and workable. It will not hobble the state or prevent the performance of any needed governmental function. It will set limits where they are needed, and it will not set limits where they are not needed. It will be good for both the private sector and the public sector, and I urge its favorable consideration.

Sincerely,

S/SSH

Jay S. Hammond
Governor

Introduced: 2/4/81
Referred: Finance and
Judiciary

Letter

BY THE RULES COMMITTEE BY
REQUEST OF THE GOVERNOR

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Sincerely,

S/JSH

Jay S. Hammond
Governor

ALASKA STATE LEGISLATURE

TWELFTH Legislature FIRST... Session

HOUSE JOINT RES. NO. ..5.....

By THE RULES COMMITTEE BY.....
REQUEST OF THE GOVERNOR

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the State of Alaska relating to limitations on appropriations of state money.

Ak Constitution amend.
limitations on appro. of
state money

Introduced in the House2/4., 1981.

HISTORY IN THE HOUSE

19 81

Feb. 6

Read first time and referred to Committee on Finance and Judiciary

Reported back with recommendation that

Read second time and

Read third time and

PASS	Effective Date
Yeas	Yeas
Nays	Nays
Absent	Absent
Excused	Excused

Reconsideration

PASS	Effective Date
Yeas	Yeas
Nays	Nays
Absent	Absent
Excused	Excused

Reported correctly engrossed
Signed by Speaker
Sent to Senate

CHIEF CLERK OF THE HOUSE

HISTORY IN THE SENATE

19

Read first time and referred to Committee on

Reported back with recommendation that

Read second time and

Read third time and

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Yeas	Yeas
Nays	Nays
Absent	Absent
Excused	Excused

Reconsideration

PASS	Effective Date
Yeas	Yeas
Nays	Nays
Absent	Absent
Excused	Excused

Reported correctly engrossed
Signed by President
Returned to House

SECRETARY OF THE SENATE

HISTORY IN THE HOUSE

19

Received from Senate

Concurred in Senate amendment thus adopting:
VOTE

Failed to concur in Senate amendment; asked Senate to recede
VOTE

Senate receded from amendment
VOTE

Senate failed to recede from amendment
VOTE

CC appointed by House

CC appointed by Senate

CC adopted by House
VOTE

CC adopted by Senate
VOTE

To enrolling
Reported correctly enrolled
Sent to Governor

..... by Governor

Filed with Lt. Governor

Chapter No.

Introduced: 2/25/81
Referred: Finance

1 IN THE HOUSE

BY THE FINANCE COMMITTEE

2 HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 6

3 IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA

4 TWELFTH LEGISLATURE - FIRST SESSION

5 Establishing general funds available
6 for appropriation and making tenta-
7 tive allocations to program cate-
8 gories.

9 BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

10 WHEREAS AS 37.07.070 requires that by the 45th legislative day, the
11 legislature shall have established by concurrent resolution the total amount
12 of state general funds that shall be available for appropriation for the
13 budget year and the tentative allocation of the funds among program cate-
14 gories in both the operating and capital budgets; and

15 WHEREAS the legislature finds that the best available estimate of state
16 general funds available for appropriation is \$6,218,100,000 of which
17 \$5,869,200,000 is liquid;

18 BE IT RESOLVED by the Alaska State Legislature that the total amount of
19 state general funds that shall be available for appropriation for the 1982
20 budget year operating and capital expenditures is \$2,002,600,000; and be it

21 FURTHER RESOLVED that a tentative allocation of the \$2,002,600,000
22 available for appropriation shall be made to the various program categories
23 in terms of the following percentages:

	Operating	Capital	Total
24			
25 Education	25%	2%	27%
26 Social Services	6	0	6
27 Health	5	0	5
28 Natural Resources Management			
29 and Environmental Conservation	6	3	9

1	Public Protection	2	0	2
2	Administration of Justice	6	0	7
3	Development	9	2	11
4	Transportation	9	3	12
5	General Government	13	1	14
6	University of Alaska	7	0	7

7 and be it

8 FURTHER RESOLVED that these percentages are rounded to the nearest
9 whole, and that 0 percent is anything less than .5 percent; and be it

10 FURTHER RESOLVED that this resolution may be amended.

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COMMITTEE REPORT

HOUSE

2/25/81

FURTHER:

(11)

Date: _____

Mr. Speaker:

The Committee on FINANCE has had HCR 6

"Establishing general funds available for appropriation and making tentative allocations to program categories."

under consideration and (a majority of the committee) (the committee) reports it back with the following recommendations:

- do pass do not pass
- do pass with attached amendments(s)
- replace with CS for _____ same title
 new title
- and recommends _____
- AND attaches a "Letter of Intent" New Fiscal Note
- reports it back without recommendation
- referred to the _____ Committee

MEMBERS SIGNING
DO PASS

MEMBERS HAVING
OTHER RECOMMENDATIONS:

CHAIRMAN

Berrie
12-08-81

Introduced: 2/25/81
Referred: Finance

1 IN THE HOUSE

BY THE FINANCE COMMITTEE

2 HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 6

3 IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA

4 TWELFTH LEGISLATURE - FIRST SESSION

5 Establishing general funds available
6 for appropriation and making tenta-
7 tive allocations to program cate-
8 gories.

9 BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

10 WHEREAS AS 37.07.070 requires that by the 45th legislative day, the
11 legislature shall have established by concurrent resolution the total amount
12 of state general funds that shall be available for appropriation for the
13 budget year and the tentative allocation of the funds among program cate-
14 gories in both the operating and capital budgets; and

15 WHEREAS the legislature finds that the best available estimate of state
16 general funds available for appropriation is \$6,213,100,000 of which
17 \$5,869,200,000 is liquid;

18 BE IT RESOLVED by the Alaska State Legislature that the total amount of
19 state general funds that shall be available for appropriation for the 1982
20 budget year operating and capital expenditures is \$2,002,600,000; and be it

21 FURTHER RESOLVED that a tentative allocation of the \$2,002,600,000
22 available for appropriation shall be made to the various program categories
23 in terms of the following percentages:

	Operating	Capital	Total
25 Education	25%	2%	27%
26 Social Services	6	0	6
27 Health	5	0	5
28 Natural Resources Management 29 and Environmental Conservation	6	3	9

1	Public Protection	2	0	2
2	Administration of Justice	6	0	7
3	Development	9	2	11
4	Transportation	9	3	12
5	General Government	13	1	14
6	University of Alaska	7	0	7

7 and be it

8 FURTHER RESOLVED that these percentages are rounded to the nearest
9 whole, and that 0 percent is anything less than .5 percent; and be it

10 FURTHER RESOLVED that this resolution may be amended.

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ALASKA STATE LEGISLATURE

TWELFTH Legislature FIRST Session

HOUSE CONCURRENT RES. NO. 6 ..

By ... THE FINANCE COMMITTEE ...

Establishing general funds available for appropriation and making tentative allocations to program categories.

Estab. gen. funds available appro,

Introduced in the House ... 2/25 ... , 19. 81

HISTORY IN THE HOUSE

19 81	Read first time and referred to Committee on												
Feb. 25	Finance Reported back with recommendation that												
	Read second time and												
	Read third time and												
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CHIEF CLERK OF THE HOUSE													

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	Failed to concur in Senate amendment; asked Senate to recede VOTE
	Senate receded from amendment VOTE
	Senate failed to recede from amendment VOTE
	CC appointed by House
	CC appointed by Senate
	CC adopted by House VOTE
	CC adopted by Senate VOTE
	To enrolling Reported correctly enrolled Sent to Governor by Governor
	Filed with Lt. Governor
	Chapter No.

COMMITTEE REPORT

HOUSE

FURTHER:

3/31/81

(11)

Date: May 14, 1981

Mr. Speaker:

The Committee on FINANCE has had HCR 8

"Relating to the preservation of the House of Wickersham."

under consideration and (a majority of the committee) (the committee) reports it back with the following recommendations:

- do pass do not pass
- do pass with attached amendments(s)
- replace with CS for HCR 8 (SA) same title
 new title
- and recommends do pass
- AND attaches a "Letter of Intent" New Fiscal Note
- reports it back without recommendation
- referred to the _____ Committee

MEMBERS SIGNING
DO PASS

Freeman
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MEMBERS HAVING
OTHER RECOMMENDATIONS:

...

CHAIRMAN

Original Sponsor: State Affairs
Committee

Offered: 3/31/81
Referred: Finance

1 IN THE HOUSE BY THE STATE AFFAIRS COMMITTEE
2 CS FOR HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 8 (State Affairs)
3 IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA
4 TWELFTH LEGISLATURE - FIRST SESSION

5 Relating to the preservation of the
6 House of Wickersham.

7 BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

8 WHEREAS a significant portion of Alaska's documented and written history
9 during the years 1900 through 1938 is recorded only in the diaries, papers,
10 and manuscripts of Alaska's pioneer judge, James Wickersham; and

11 WHEREAS the House of Wickersham, located in Juneau and built on the
12 site of the New Boston gold mining claim, is itself of major historical
13 significance as one of the first large homes built in Alaska after the
14 purchase from Russia, and as a fine example of Victorian architecture; and

15 WHEREAS the House of Wickersham has been certified for inclusion on the
16 National Register of Historic Places, and its private collection of historic
17 documents, diaries, papers, photo files, and artifacts is of major signifi-
18 cance to scholars of early twentieth century Alaska; and

19 WHEREAS the histories of Nome, the Aleutian Islands, Fairbanks, Eagle,
20 Anchorage, Mt. McKinley, Valdez, Skagway, Wrangell, Sitka, Ketchikan, and
21 Juneau are preserved and represented in these early documents, making the
22 Wickersham collection of major statewide importance; and

23 WHEREAS in years past many private historic collections have been sold
24 or removed from Alaska; and

25 WHEREAS it seems appropriate that the Wickersham collection and its
26 repository should be recognized and preserved for the benefit of all Alaskans
27 now and in centuries to come;

28 BE IT RESOLVED by the Alaska State Legislature that the governor is
29 respectfully requested to establish a task force to develop a plan for the

1 continued operation and preservation of the House of Wickersham; and be it

2 FURTHER RESOLVED that the governor appoint the directors of the division
3 of parks of the Department of Natural Resources, the division of libraries
4 and museums of the Department of Education, and the division of tourism of
5 the Department of Commerce and Economic Development, and other officers of
6 state government concerned with the history of the state to serve on the
7 task force; and be it

8 FURTHER RESOLVED that the governor invite the appropriate federal
9 agencies and historical associations to work with the task force toward the
10 achievement of its goal.

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THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA
TWELFTH LEGISLATURE

FISCAL NOTE

I. REQUEST
 Bill/Resolution No. 5 HCR 8 (SA)
 Title Preservation of the House of Wickersham
 Requested by House Finance Date 5/8/81

II. FISCAL DETAIL
 Agency Affected Natural Resources - Parks
 Program Category Affected NRMEC - Parks & Recreation
 BRU, Program, or Subprogram(s) Affected Park Operations - Parks Administration
 (Note: If more than one budget component is affected, separate line-item amounts and funding for each component in the analysis section.)
EXPENDITURES (Thousands of Dollars)

	FY 81	FY 82	FY 83	FY 84	FY 85	FY 86
100 PERSONAL SERVICES		3.0				
200 TRAVEL		9.4				
300 CONTRACTUAL		5.0- 1				
400 COMMODITIES						
500 EQUIPMENT						
600 LAND & STRUCTURES						
700 GRANTS, CLAIMS, ETC.						
TOTAL		17.4-1				

FUNDING (Thousands of Dollars)

GENERAL FUND		17.4- 1				
FEDERAL FUNDS						
OTHER (Specify Fund Source)						

POSITIONS

FULL TIME						
PART TIME						
TEMPORARY		1				

III. ANALYSIS (See Fiscal Note Preparation Instructions, Section III)
 The costs identified above would be used by the task force to develop a plan for the continued operation and preservation of the House of Wickersham. Tasks to be accomplish would include the following: (1) prepare the work plan; (2) evaluate the academic and research significance of the collection; (3) inventory and appraise the value of the documents, artifacts, and real estate; (4) identify the acquisition and operating program alternatives with cost estimates; (5) identify a recommended program with cost analysis.

Travel costs would be for two or three meetings of the task force, composed of the Directors of Parks, Tourism, and Libraries and Museums, the Executive Director of the Alaska Historical Commission, and certain members of the University of Alaska professorial staff; contractual costs would be for the inventory and appraisal of the collection and real estate; the project employee would serve as staff.

IV. DATE 5/11/81 PREPARED BY Hilton Wolfe
 AGENCY Natural Resources - Parks
 PHONE 465-2421

Original: Legislative Finance
 cc: Budget and Management
 Prime Sponsor (First Legislator Named)

Original Sponsor: State Affairs
Committee

Offered: 3/31/81
Referred: Finance

1 IN THE HOUSE BY THE STATE AFFAIRS COMMITTEE
2 CS FOR HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 8 (State Affairs)
3 IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA
4 TWELFTH LEGISLATURE - FIRST SESSION

5 Relating to the preservation of the
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8 FURTHER RESOLVED that the governor invite the appropriate federal
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Introduced: 3/24/81
Referred: State Affairs and
Finance

BY CUDDY, ABOOD, ANDERSON,
BARNES, BEIRNE, BETTISWORTH,
HALFORD, HAYES, MARTIN, METCALFE
AND MONTGOMERY

1 IN THE HOUSE

2 HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 14
3 IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA
4 TWELFTH LEGISLATURE - FIRST SESSION

5 Proposing an amendment to the uniform
6 rules establishing a limitation on
7 the authority of committees on
8 conference to consider and report on
9 bills on appropriations.

10 BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

11 * Section 1. Rule 41(a) of the Uniform Rules of the Alaska State Legis-
12 lature is amended to read:

13 (a) If one house refuses to concur in the amendments of the other
14 it so notifies the amending house and requests that it recede from its
15 amendments. If the house refuses to recede, the presiding officer of
16 each house appoints three members to sit as a Committee on Conference.
17 The committee meets when mutually agreeable to its members and when
18 agreement on previously adopted amendments to a bill adopted by either
19 house is reached, the committee submits an identical report to each
20 house. If the report is adopted by both houses the bill is enrolled,
21 signed, and transmitted to the governor. Except as provided in (c) of
22 this rule, it [IT] is in order at any time to grant powers of free
23 conference to the Committee on Conference. Except as provided in (c)
24 of this rule, if [IF] the members of the Committee on Conference cannot
25 agree on amendments or one or both houses refuses to adopt its report,
26 it is then in order to appoint a Committee on Free Conference. The
27 vote on adoption of a conference committee report is taken by the
28 calling of the roll and the recording of the ayes and nays in the
29 journal. Adoption requires a majority of the membership of the house.

1 * Sec. 2. Rule 41 of the Uniform Rules of the Alaska State Legislature
2 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

3 (c) A house of the legislature may not grant to a conference
4 committee on an appropriation bill the power

5 (1) to make a new appropriation or allocation; or

6 (2) to report an appropriation or an allocation which
7 exceeds the appropriation or allocation in either bill referred to the
8 committee.
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ALASKA STATE LEGISLATURE

TWELFTH. Legislature FIRST... Session

HOUSE CONCURRENT RES. NO. ...14...

By .CUDDY,. ABOOD,. ANDERSON,...
BARNES, BEIRNE, BETTISWORTH,
HALFORD, HAYES, MARTIN, METCALFE
AND MONTGOMERY

Proposing an amendment to the uniform rules establishing a limitation on the authority of committees on conference to consider and report on bills on appropriations.

Amend. to uniform rules/
estab. authority of comm.
on conf./report on bills appro.

Introduced in the House 3/24....., 19..81

HISTORY IN THE HOUSE

19	31	Read first time and referred to Committee on																												
Mar	24	State Affairs and Finance Reported back with recommendation that																												
		Read second time and																												
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		Chapter No.

Introduced: 3/24/81
Referred: State Affairs and
Finance

BY CUDDY, ABOOD, ANDERSON,
BARNES, BEIRNE, BETTISWORTH,
HALFORD, HAYES, MARTIN, METCALFE
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1 IN THE HOUSE

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3 IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA
4 TWELFTH LEGISLATURE - FIRST SESSION

5 Proposing an amendment to the uniform
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10 BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

11 * Section 1. Rule 41(a) of the Uniform Rules of the Alaska State Legis-
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15 amendments. If the house refuses to recede, the presiding officer of
16 each house appoints three members to sit as a Committee on Conference.
17 The committee meets when mutually agreeable to its members and when
18 agreement on previously adopted amendments to a bill adopted by either
19 house is reached, the committee submits an identical report to each
20 house. If the report is adopted by both houses the bill is enrolled,
21 signed, and transmitted to the governor. Except as provided in (c) of
22 this rule, it [IT] is in order at any time to grant powers of free
23 conference to the Committee on Conference. Except as provided in (c)
24 of this rule, if [IF] the members of the Committee on Conference cannot
25 agree on amendments or one or both houses refuses to adopt its report,
26 it is then in order to appoint a Committee on Free Conference. The
27 vote on adoption of a conference committee report is taken by the
28 calling of the roll and the recording of the ayes and nays in the
29 journal. Adoption requires a majority of the membership of the house.

1 * Sec. 2. Rule 41 of the Uniform Rules of the Alaska State Legislature
2 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

3 (c) A house of the legislature may not grant to a conference
4 committee on an appropriation bill the power

5 (1) to make a new appropriation or allocation; or

6 (2) to report an appropriation or an allocation which
7 exceeds the appropriation or allocation in either bill referred to the
8 committee.

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STATE OF ALASKA

THE LEGISLATURE

BUDGET AND AUDIT COMMITTEE

AUDIT DIVISION
POUCH W — ALASKA OFFICE BUILDING

FINANCE DIVISION
POUCH WF — STATE CAPITOL

JUNEAU 99801

MEMORANDUM

DATE: January 21, 1982
TO: Representative David Cuddy
FROM: J. H. Hogan, Director
Legislative Finance Division
SUBJ: HCR 14

HCR 14, "Proposing an amendment to the uniform rules establishing a limitation on the authority of committees on conference to consider and report on bills on appropriations", was, of course, introduced last year prior to the Legislature's passage of a Senate committee substitute for a resolution that effectively rewrote the legislative rules dealing with conference and free conference committees. A copy of the existing and to be effective Rule 42 is enclosed.

In an effort to take your language from HCR 14 and incorporate it in the to be effective Rule 42, I submit the following:

(c) (Effective June 30, 1982) A Conference Committee with limited powers of free conference or a Free Conference Committee may not include in its report on an appropriation bill an allocation or appropriation item which was not included in a version of that appropriation bill adopted in third reading by a house and the amount contained in [appropriated-by] an allocation or appropriation item may not exceed the higher amount contained in [appropriated-by] that item in a version of the bill adopted in third reading by a house. [An-item-in-an-appropriation-bill-includes a-line-item,-an-allocation-and-an-appropriation.] A new allocation or appropriation item or an amount that exceeds the higher amount previously adopted may be included in a report on an appropriation bill with the prior approval of a majority vote of the full membership of each house.

attachment

JHH:bf

house receives the message accompanying the engrossed bill and reporting its passage, the bill shall be read by the clerk or secretary for the first time and then referred by the presiding officer to one or more committees for subsequent action by that house.

Rule 41. Amendments in Other House. (Effective Until June 30, 1982) When a bill, resolution, or citation passed in one house is amended in the other house, the bill, resolution, or citation with certified amendments is returned to the house of origin requesting concurrence. The vote on concurrence in amendments is taken by the calling of the roll and the recording of the yeas and nays in the journal. Adoption requires a majority vote of the full membership in each house. If concurrence is had the clerk or secretary notes the concurrence in the journal, informs the other house of the concurrence, and proceeds to have the bill or resolution enrolled for certification and transmittal to the governor.

Rule 41. Amendments in Other House. (Effective June 30, 1982) (a) When a bill, resolution, or citation passed in one house is amended in the other house, the bill, resolution, or citation with certified amendments is returned to the house of origin requesting concurrence. The vote on concurrence in amendments is taken by the calling of the roll and the recording of the yeas and nays in the journal. Adoption requires a majority vote of the full membership in each house. If concurrence is had the clerk or secretary notes the concurrence in the journal, informs the other house of the concurrence, and proceeds to have the bill or resolution enrolled for certification and transmittal to the governor.

(b) An amendment to a bill introduced in the other house is not in order if the amendment requires a change of the bill title other than a clerical or technical change.

Effect of amendments. — The 1981 (SCS CSHCR 3(RIs)), SLA 1981, effective amendment, Legislative Resolve No. 24 June 30, 1982, added subsection (b).

Rule 42. Conference and Free Conference Committees. (a) If one house refuses to concur in the amendments of the other it so notifies the amending house and requests that it recede from its amendments. The vote on receding from amendments is taken by the calling of the roll and the recording of the yeas and nays in the journal. A house recedes from its amendments only by a majority vote of the full membership of the house. If the house refuses to recede, the presiding officer of each house appoints three members to sit as a Conference Committee. The committee meets when mutually agreeable to its members. If the committee reaches agreement on previously adopted amendments to a bill adopted by either house, the committee then submits an identical report to each house. The report is not subject to

amendment in either house. If the report is adopted by each house the bill is enrolled, signed, and transmitted to the governor. If the members of the Conference Committee cannot agree on amendments, or if one or both houses refuses to adopt the committee report, the Conference Committee submits an identical written report to each house listing the specific points of disagreement for which the committee requests powers of free conference. The presiding officer of each house may then give limited powers of free conference only on the specific points listed. If the members of a Conference Committee with limited powers of free conference cannot agree on amendments, or one or both houses refuses to adopt the committee report, it is then in order to appoint a Free Conference Committee. A member who served on a Conference Committee or a Conference Committee with limited powers of free conference may not be appointed to a subsequent Conference Committee or Free Conference Committee concerning the same measure. The vote on adoption of a conference committee report is taken by the calling of the roll and the recording of the yeas and nays in the journal. Adoption requires a majority vote of the full membership of each house.

(b) A Free Conference Committee is appointed in the same manner as a Conference Committee and may suggest in its report any new amendments clearly germane to the question. When a majority of the membership of the committee from each house agrees on amendments, the amendments are attached to the bill and reported back to each house in an identical report. The report is not subject to amendment in either house. If the report is adopted in each house the bill is then ordered enrolled by its house of origin. If the members of a Free Conference Committee fail to agree on amendments or one or both houses refuses to adopt the free conference report, a second Free Conference Committee may be appointed, but no member of the first committee may be reappointed. A free conference report may not be voted on by the house until at least 24 hours after the report is duplicated and delivered to the chief clerk or secretary of the house for distribution to each member. The chief clerk or secretary shall certify the time of delivery of the report for recording in the journal. The vote on adoption of a free conference committee report is taken by the calling of the roll and the recording of the yeas and nays in the journal. Adoption requires a majority vote of the full membership of each house.

(c) (Effective June 30, 1982) A Conference Committee with limited powers of free conference or a Free Conference Committee may not include in its report on an appropriation bill an item which was not included in a version of that appropriation bill adopted in third reading by a house and the amount appropriated by an item may not exceed the higher amount appropriated by that item in a version of the bill adopted in third reading by a house. An item in an appropriation bill includes a line item, an allocation, and an appropriation.

(d) (Effective June 30, 1982) Notwithstanding the provisions of (c) of this rule, a Free Conference Committee may consider and include in its report on an appropriation bill appropriations as requested by attached fiscal notes on new legislation and resolutions that have been passed by both houses.

(e) (Effective June 30, 1982) A Conference Committee, a Conference Committee with limited powers of free conference, or a Free Conference Committee may not adopt a report that requires a change in the title of a bill other than a clerical or technical change.

Effect of amendments. — The 1981 (SCS CSHCR 3(R1a)), SLA 1981, effective amendment, Legislative Resolve No. 24 June 30, 1982, added subsections (c)—(e).

Rule 43. Enrollment. (a) When a bill has passed both houses the presiding officer of the house of origin directs that it be enrolled. The clerk or secretary transmits the engrossed bill to the enrolling secretary of the legislature, who, with the revisor of statutes, checks the bill before placement in final form according to the legislative drafting manual. The enrolling secretary is authorized to correct form and manifest errors which are clerical, typographical, or errors in spelling or errors by way of additions or omissions. The enrolling secretary is required to report errors by way of addition or omission and deficiencies when the bill is returned to the house of origin. When an error or deficiency has been reported, the clerk or secretary shall advise the presiding officers of both houses before the bill is signed and transmitted to the governor.

(b) Bills consisting of several pages need not be formally enrolled if the presiding officer announces that, for reasons of economy and time, formal enrollment is being waived. If enrollment is waived, and the presiding officer of the other house consents, the first page and signatory pages of the bill will be enrolled and then affixed to the engrossed bill along with any certified amendments and when signed by the officers of both houses will be transmitted to the governor with a letter noting that enrollment was waived. Engrossment of such bills may also be waived in the same manner.

Rule 44. Time Limit on Introduction. No bill or resolution other than one sponsored by a standing committee may be introduced after the thirty-fifth day of the second regular session of the legislature.

Rule 45. Vetoed Bills. The governor may veto a bill or by veto strike or reduce an item in an appropriation bill. The governor shall return the vetoed bill or the bill in which an appropriation item was stricken or reduced with a statement of objections to the house of origin. The receipt of the bill and veto statement are noted in the journal, and the other house is promptly requested to meet in joint session to reconsider passage of the vetoed bill or item. The vote on

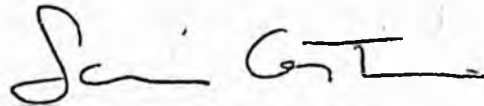
HOUSE JOURNAL

HOUSE FINANCE COMMITTEE

Letter of Intent

HJR 17

The Finance Committee has reviewed HJR 17 on the merits of the constitutional amendment to balance the federal budget. The Finance Committee requests the Judiciary Committee to consider the effect of a federal constitutional convention as requested on page 2, lines 6 through 12, the question of whether a federal constitutional convention can in fact be limited as to subject matter, and the applicability and effect of the resolved clause on page 2, lines 16 through 18.



Sam Cotten, Chairman
House Finance Committee
May 7, 1981

Introduced: 2/24/81
Referred: Finance

BY BEIRNE, SMITH, ABOOD,
BETTISWORTH, CHUCKWUK,
CUDDY, FANNING, FREEMAN,
FULLER, MARTIN, METCALFE,
MONTGOMERY, RANDOLPH AND
ROGERS

1 IN THE HOUSE

2 HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 17

3 IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA

4 TWELFTH LEGISLATURE - FIRST SESSION

5 Relating to an amendment to the Con-
6 stitution of the United States which
7 would require that total federal
8 appropriations not exceed total sti-
9 mated federal revenues in a fiscal
10 year in the absence of a national
11 emergency.

12 BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

13 WHEREAS annually the United States moves more deeply into debt as its
14 expenditures exceed its available revenues and the public debt now exceeds
15 hundreds of billions of dollars; and

16 WHEREAS annually the federal budget demonstrates the unwillingness or
17 inability of the federal government to spend in conformity with available
18 revenues; and

19 WHEREAS proper planning, fiscal prudence, and plain good sense require
20 that the federal budget be in balance absent national emergency; and

21 WHEREAS a continuously unbalanced federal budget except in a national
22 emergency causes continuous and damaging inflation and consequently a severe
23 threat to the political and economic stability of the United States; and

24 WHEREAS, under Article V of the Constitution of the United States,
25 amendments to the Consitution may be proposed by Congress or, on the applica-
26 tion of the legislatures of two-thirds of the states, Congress shall call a
27 constitutional convention for the purpose of proposing amendments;

28 BE IT RESOLVED by the Alaska State Legislature that the Congress of the
29 United States is requested to propose and submit to the states an amendment

1 to the Constitution of the United States which would require that within
2 four years after its ratification by the various states, in the absence of a
3 national emergency, the total of all appropriations made by Congress for a
4 fiscal year shall not exceed the total of all estimated federal revenues for
5 that fiscal year; and be it

6 FURTHER RESOLVED that, alternatively, this body makes application and
7 requests that the Congress of the United States call a convention for the
8 sole and exclusive purpose of proposing an amendment to the Constitution of
9 the United States which would require that, in the absence of a national
10 emergency, the total of all appropriations made by Congress for a fiscal
11 year shall not exceed the total of all estimated federal revenues for that
12 fiscal year; and be it

13 FURTHER RESOLVED that if Congress proposes such an amendment to the
14 Constitution this application shall no longer be of any force or effect; and
15 be it

16 FURTHER RESOLVED that this application and request shall no longer be
17 of any force or effect if the convention is not limited to the exclusive
18 purpose specified by this resolution.

19 COPIES of this resolution shall be sent to the Secretary of the United
20 States Senate; the Clerk of the United States House of Representatives; to
21 the Honorable Ted Stevens and the Honorable Frank Murkowski, U. S. Senators,
22 and the Honorable Don Young, U. S. Representative, members of the Alaska
23 delegation in Congress.

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Introduced: 3/2/81
Referred: Judiciary and
Finance

BY BARNES, ABOOD, ANDERSON, BEIRNE,
BETTISWORTH, BYLSMA, CUDDY,
HALFORD, HAUGEN, HAYES, MARTIN,
METCALFE, MONTGOMERY, O'CONNELL
AND SUTCLIFFE

1 IN THE HOUSE

2 HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 22

3 IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA

4 TWELFTH LEGISLATURE - FIRST SESSION

5 Proposing amendments to the Consti-
6 tution of the State of Alaska re-
7 lating to the attorney general.

8 BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

9 * Section 1. Article III, sec. 23, Constitution of the State of Alaska
10 is amended to read:

11 SECTION 23. REORGANIZATION. (a) Except as provided in (b) of
12 this section, the [THE] governor may make changes in the organization
13 of the executive branch or in the assignment of functions among its
14 units which he considers necessary for efficient administration. Where
15 these changes require the force of law, they shall be set forth in
16 executive orders. The legislature shall have sixty days of a regular
17 session, or a full session if of shorter duration, to disapprove these
18 executive orders. Unless disapproved by resolution concurred in by a
19 majority of the members in joint session, these orders become effective
20 at a date thereafter to be designated by the governor.

21 (b) The governor shall make no change in the organization or func-
22 tion of any unit of the executive branch which is headed by the attorney
23 general.

24 * Sec. 2. Article III, sec. 24, Constitution of the State of Alaska is
25 amended to read:

26 SECTION 24. SUPERVISION. Except for any unit of the executive
27 branch which is headed by the attorney general, each [EACH] principal
28 department shall be under the supervision of the governor.

29 * Sec. 3. Article III, sec. 25, Constitution of the State of Alaska is

1 repealed and readopted to read:

2 SECTION 25. DEPARTMENT HEADS. The head of each principal depart-
3 ment shall be a single executive unless otherwise provided by law. He
4 shall be appointed by the governor, subject to confirmation by a major-
5 ity of the members of the legislature in joint session, and shall serve
6 at the pleasure of the governor, except as otherwise provided in this
7 article with respect to the lieutenant governor and the attorney
8 general. The heads of all principal departments shall be citizens of
9 the United States.

10 * Sec. 4. Article III, Constitution of the State of Alaska is amended by
11 adding new sections to read:

12 SECTION 28. ATTORNEY GENERAL: QUALIFICATIONS. There shall be an
13 attorney general. He shall be a citizen of the United States and of
14 the State, and possess any additional qualifications prescribed by law.

15 SECTION 29. ELECTION. The attorney general shall be chosen by
16 the qualified voters of the State at a general election. The candidate
17 receiving the greatest number of votes shall be attorney general.

18 SECTION 30. TERM OF OFFICE. The term of office of the attorney
19 general is six years, beginning at noon on the first Monday in December
20 following his election and ending at noon on the first Monday in
21 December six years later.

22 SECTION 31. LIMIT ON TENURE. No person who has been elected
23 attorney general for two full successive terms shall be again eligible
24 to hold that office until one full term has intervened.

25 SECTION 32. VACANCY. In case of a vacancy in the office of
26 attorney general for any reason, a successor shall be elected for the
27 remainder of the unexpired term at the first general election occurring
28 not less than 90 days after the office becomes vacant. The governor
29 may appoint a qualified person to fill the office between the date it

1 becomes vacant and the date it is filled by election.

2 SECTION 33. COMPENSATION. The compensation of the attorney
3 general shall be prescribed by law and shall not be diminished during
4 his term of office, unless by general law applying to all salaried
5 officers of the State.

6 SECTION 34. DUTIES. The attorney general shall be the legal
7 adviser of the state officers, and shall perform other duties prescribed
8 by law.

9 * Sec. 5. Article XIII, Constitution of the State of Alaska, is amended
10 by adding a new section to read:

11 SECTION 5. SCHEDULE OF TRANSITIONAL MEASURES FOR AMENDMENTS
12 RELATING TO THE OFFICE OF ATTORNEY GENERAL. The first election of an
13 attorney general shall be at the general election in 1984. Until the
14 election of the first attorney general as provided by Section 29 of
15 Article III the attorney general shall be appointed by the governor and
16 confirmed by the legislature in accordance with Section 25 of Article
17 III as that section read before its readoption. The term of office of
18 the first attorney general elected in accordance with the provisions of
19 Section 29 of Article III begins at noon, December 3, 1984.

20 *Sec. 6. The amendments proposed by this resolution shall be placed be-
21 fore the voters of the state at the next general election in conformity with
22 art. XIII, sec. 1, Constitution of the State of Alaska, and the election
23 laws of the state.

Original sponsors: Barnes, Abcod,
Anderson, et al

Offered: 2/1/82
Referred: Finance

1 IN THE HOUSE

BY THE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE

2 CS FOR HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 22 (Judiciary)

3 IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA

4 TWELFTH LEGISLATURE - SECOND SESSION

5 Proposing amendments to the Consti-
6 tution of the State of Alaska re-
7 lating to the attorney general.

8 BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

9 * Section 1. Article III, sec. 23, Constitution of the State of Alaska
10 is amended to read:

11 SECTION 23. REORGANIZATION. (a) Except as provided in (b) of
12 this section, the [THE] governor may make changes in the organization
13 of the executive branch or in the assignment of functions among its
14 units which he considers necessary for efficient administration. Where
15 these changes require the force of law, they shall be set forth in
16 executive orders. The legislature shall have sixty days of a regular
17 session, or a full session if of shorter duration, to disapprove these
18 executive orders. Unless disapproved by resolution concurred in by a
19 majority of the members in joint session, these orders become effective
20 at a date thereafter to be designated by the governor.

21 (b) The governor shall make no change in the organization or func-
22 tion of any unit of the executive branch which is headed by the attorney
23 general.

24 * Sec. 2. Article III, sec. 24, Constitution of the State of Alaska is
25 amended to read:

26 SECTION 24. SUPERVISION. Except for any unit of the executive
27 branch which is headed by the attorney general, each [EACH] principal
28 department shall be under the supervision of the governor.

29 * Sec. 3. Article III, sec. 25, Constitution of the State of Alaska is

1 repealed and readopted to read:

2 SECTION 25. DEPARTMENT HEADS. The head of each principal depart-
3 ment shall be a single executive unless otherwise provided by law. He
4 shall be appointed by the governor, subject to confirmation by a major-
5 ity of the members of the legislature in joint session, and shall serve
6 at the pleasure of the governor, except as otherwise provided in this
7 article with respect to the lieutenant governor and the attorney general.
8 The heads of all principal departments shall be citizens of the United
9 States.

10 * Sec. 4. Article III, Constitution of the State of Alaska is amended by
11 adding new sections to read:

12 SECTION 28. ATTORNEY GENERAL: QUALIFICATIONS. There shall be an
13 attorney general. He shall be at least thirty years of age and a quali-
14 fied voter of the State. He shall have been a resident of Alaska at
15 least five years immediately preceding his filing for office, and he
16 shall have been a citizen of the United States for at least seven years.
17 He shall be licensed to practice law in the State and shall possess
18 additional qualifications prescribed by law.

19 SECTION 29. ELECTION OF ATTORNEY GENERAL. The attorney general
20 shall be chosen by the qualified voters of the State on nonpartisan
21 ballots. Candidates for attorney general shall file for the office as
22 prescribed by law. The candidates receiving the greatest and the second
23 greatest number of votes on a nonpartisan ballot at the primary election
24 shall be candidates in the general election. The candidate receiving
25 the greatest number of votes on a nonpartisan ballot at the general
26 election shall be attorney general.

27 SECTION 30. TERM OF OFFICE OF ATTORNEY GENERAL. The term of
28 office of the attorney general is six years, beginning at noon on the
29 first Monday in December following his election and ending at noon on

1 the first Monday in December six years later.

2 SECTION 31. LIMIT ON TENURE OF ATTORNEY GENERAL. No person who
3 has been elected attorney general for two full successive terms shall be
4 again eligible to hold that office until one full term has intervened.

5 SECTION 32. VACANCY IN OFFICE OF ATTORNEY GENERAL. In case of a
6 vacancy in the office of attorney general for any reason, a successor
7 shall be elected for the remainder of the unexpired term at the first
8 general election occurring not less than 90 days after the office
9 becomes vacant. The governor may appoint a qualified person to fill the
10 office between the date it becomes vacant and the date it is filled by
11 election.

12 SECTION 33. COMPENSATION OF ATTORNEY GENERAL. The compensation of
13 the attorney general shall be prescribed by law and shall not be
14 diminished during his term of office, unless by general law applying to
15 all salaried officers of the State.

16 SECTION 34. DUTIES OF ATTORNEY GENERAL. The attorney general
17 shall be the legal adviser of the state officers, and shall perform
18 other duties prescribed by law.

19 * Sec. 5. Article XIII, Constitution of the State of Alaska, is amended
20 by adding a new section to read:

21 SECTION 5. SCHEDULE OF TRANSITIONAL MEASURES FOR AMENDMENTS RELAT-
22 ING TO THE OFFICE OF ATTORNEY GENERAL. The first election of an
23 attorney general shall be at the general election in 1984. Until the
24 election of the first attorney general as provided by Section 29 of
25 Article III the attorney general shall be appointed by the governor and
26 confirmed by the legislature in accordance with Section 25 of Article
27 III as that section read before its readoption. The term of office of
28 the first attorney general elected in accordance with the provisions of
29 Section 29 of Article III begins at noon, December 3, 1984.

1 * Sec. 6. The amendments proposed by this resolution shall be placed be-
2 fore the voters of the state at the next general election in conformity with
3 art. XIII, sec. 1, Constitution of the State of Alaska, and the election laws
4 of the state.
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THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA
TWELFTH LEGISLATURE

FISCAL NOTE

I. REQUEST
 Bill/Resolution No. CS HJR 22 (Judiciary) - "Proposing amendments to the Title Constitution of the State of Alaska relating to the Attorney General"
 Requested by House Finance Date 2/2/82

II. FISCAL DETAIL
 Agency Affected Office of the Governor
 Program Category Affected Division of Elections
 BRU, Program, Or Subprogram(s) Affected Division of Elections
 (Note: If more than one budget component is affected, separate line-item amounts and funding for each component in the analysis section.)

EXPENDITURES (Thousands of Dollars)

	FY 82	FY 83	FY 84	FY 85	FY 86	FY 87
100 PERSONAL SERVICES						
200 TRAVEL						
300 CONTRACTUAL						
400 COMMODITIES						
500 EQUIPMENT						
600 LAND & STRUCTURES						
700 GRANTS, CLAIMS, ETC.						
TOTAL		-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	

FUNDING (Thousands of Dollars)

GENERAL FUND						
FEDERAL FUNDS						
OTHER (Specify Source)						

POSITIONS

FULL TIME						
PART TIME						
TEMPORARY						

III. ANALYSIS (See Fiscal Note Preparation Instruction, Section III)

No additional fiscal impact would occur with the passage of CS HJR 22 (Judiciary).

IV. DATE 2/3/82

PREPARED BY Danith D. Arnoldt
 AGENCY Office of the Governor/Division of Elections
 PHONE 586-6181

Original: Legislative Finance
 cc: Budget and Management
 Prime Sponsor (First Legislator Named)
 33-001 (Rev. 12/81)

3/16/82

14 QR 22

Taken from Furnice.

Referred to Rules waived

Chris Clark of

Shirley

COMMITTEE REPORT
SENATE

FURTHER: None

6/2/81

Date: 4/5/82

Mr. President:

The Committee on FINANCE has had HCR 23

gathering and evaluation of comprehensive information about salmon stocks in the Arctic-Yukon-Kuskokwim management area

under consideration and (a majority of the committee) (the committee) reports it back with the following recommendations:

do pass do not pass

do pass with attached amendments(s)

replace with CS for HCR 23 (100) same title new title

and recommends DO PASS

AND attaches a "Letter of Intent" New Fiscal Note

reports it back without recommendation

referred to the _____ Committee

MEMBERS SIGNING
DO PASS

MEMBERS HAVING
OTHER RECOMMENDATIONS:

Chairman
CHAIRMAN

Original sponsors: Vaska, Adams
Chuckwuk, et al

1 IN THE HOUSE

BY THE FINANCE COMMITTEE

2 SENATE CS FOR HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 23 (Finance)

3 IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA

4 TWELFTH LEGISLATURE - SECOND SESSION

5 Extending the life of the Regional
6 Educational Attendance Area Budget
7 Oversight Committee.

8 BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

9 WHEREAS on February 7, 1980, the president of the senate and the speaker
10 of the house appointed a special Regional Educational Attendance Area (REAA)
11 Budget Oversight Committee to provide accountability functions similar to
12 those which municipalities exercise over their school districts; and

13 WHEREAS the legislature provided funding for the committee's operations
14 during fiscal year 1981 and fiscal year 1982; and

15 WHEREAS the committee held extensive hearings in the interim between the
16 Eleventh and Twelfth Legislatures and between the First and Second Sessions
17 of the Twelfth Legislature, during which it reviewed and scrutinized the
18 regional educational attendance areas' financial management of educational
19 funds; and

20 WHEREAS the committee submitted the reports of its activities in 1981 to
21 the chairmen of the house and senate Health, Education, and Social Services
22 Committees and presented two reports to the legislature in 1982; and

23 WHEREAS the committee is continuing to develop better means of reviewing
24 the operation of regional educational attendance areas as they set out to
25 construct or operate educational facilities and programs;

26 BE IT RESOLVED by the Alaska State Legislature that the Regional Educa-
27 tional Attendance Area Budget Oversight Committee is authorized to continue
28 to perform the assignments made to it by the president of the senate and the
29 speaker of the house on February 7, 1980, through June 30, 1983; and be it

1 FURTHER RESOLVED that the Department of Education shall review and
2 recommend action to the Governor on the operating budget of each regional
3 educational attendance area by August 15; and be it

4 FURTHER RESOLVED that the Regional Educational Attendance Area Budget
5 Oversight Committee shall review the findings of the Department of Education.
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THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA
TWELFTH LEGISLATURE

FISCAL NOTE

I. REQUEST
Bill/Resolution No. SCS HCR 23
Title Extending the life of the REAA Budget Oversight Committee
Requested by _____ Date _____

II. FISCAL DETAIL
Agency Affected Legislature
Program Category Affected Legislative Finance
BRU, Program, Or Subprogram(s) Affected _____
(Note: If more than one budget component is affected, separate line-item amounts and funding for each component in the analysis section.)

EXPENDITURES (Thousands of Dollars)

	FY 82	FY 83	FY 84	FY 85	FY 86	FY 87
100 PERSONAL SERVICES		60.0				
200 TRAVEL		20.0				
300 CONTRACTUAL		16.0				
400 COMMODITIES		2.0				
500 EQUIPMENT		2.0				
600 LAND & STRUCTURES						
700 GRANTS, CLAIMS, ETC.						
TOTAL		100.0				

FUNDING (Thousands of Dollars)

GENERAL FUND		100.0				
FEDERAL FUNDS						
OTHER (Specify Source)						

POSITIONS

FULL TIME						
PART TIME						
TEMPORARY						

III. ANALYSIS (See Fiscal Note Preparation Instruction, Section III)

The REAA Budget Oversight Committee was appointed in 1980 by the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House to provide accountability functions for the REAA school districts similar to that which municipalities exercise over their school districts.

Funding would allow the REAA Budget Oversight Committee to review the recommendations of the Department of Education on the operating budgets of each REAA and make recommendations to the Legislature regarding REAA operating monies.

IV. DATE 3/29/82 PREPARED BY Frank Ferguson
AGENCY Legislature
Original: Legislative Finance PHONE 465-4989
cc: Budget and Management
Prime Sponsor (First Legislator Named)
33-001 (Rev. 12/81)

THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA
TWELFTH LEGISLATURE

FISCAL NOTE

I. REQUEST
Bill/Resolution No. SCS HCR 23
Title Extending the life of the REAA Budget Oversight Committee
Requested by _____ Date _____

II. FISCAL DETAIL
Agency Affected Legislature
Program Category Affected Legislative Finance
BRU, Program, Or Subprogram(s) Affected _____
(Note: If more than one budget component is affected, separate line-item amounts and funding for each component in the analysis section.)

EXPENDITURES (Thousands of Dollars)

	FY 82	FY 83	FY 84	FY 85	FY 86	FY 87
100 PERSONAL SERVICES		60.0				
200 TRAVEL		20.0				
300 CONTRACTUAL		16.0				
400 COMMODITIES		2.0				
500 EQUIPMENT		2.0				
600 LAND & STRUCTURES						
700 GRANTS, CLAIMS, ETC.						
TOTAL		100.0				

FUNDING (Thousands of Dollars)

GENERAL FUND		100.0				
FEDERAL FUNDS						
OTHER (Specify Source)						

POSITIONS

FULL TIME						
PART TIME						
TEMPORARY						

III. ANALYSIS (See Fiscal Note Preparation Instruction, Section III)

The REAA Budget Oversight Committee was appointed in 1980 by the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House to provide accountability functions for the REAA school districts similar to that which municipalities exercise over their school districts.

Funding would allow the REAA Budget Oversight Committee to review the recommendations of the Department of Education on the operating budgets of each REAA and make recommendations to the Legislature regarding REAA operating monies.

IV. DATE 3/29/82 PREPARED BY Frank Ferguson
AGENCY Legislature
Original: Legislative Finance PHONE 465-4989
cc: Budget and Management
Prime Sponsor (First Legislator Named)
33-001 (Rev. 12/81)

THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA
TWELFTH LEGISLATURE

FISCAL NOTE

I. REQUEST

Bill/Resolution No. SCS HCR 23

Title Extending the life of the REAA Budget Oversight Committee

Requested by _____ Date _____

II. FISCAL DETAIL

Agency Affected Legislature

Program Category Affected Legislative Finance

BRU, Program, Or Subprogram(s) Affected _____

(Note: If more than one budget component is affected, separate line-item amounts and funding for each component in the analysis section.)

EXPENDITURES (Thousands of Dollars)

	FY 82	FY 83	FY 84	FY 85	FY 86	FY 87
100 PERSONAL SERVICES		60.0				
200 TRAVEL		20.0				
300 CONTRACTUAL		16.0				
400 COMMODITIES		2.0				
500 EQUIPMENT		2.0				
600 LAND & STRUCTURES						
700 GRANTS, CLAIMS, ETC.						
TOTAL		100.0				

FUNDING (Thousands of Dollars)

GENERAL FUND		100.0				
FEDERAL FUNDS						
OTHER (Specify Source)						

POSITIONS

FULL TIME						
PART TIME						
TEMPORARY						

III. ANALYSIS (See Fiscal Note Preparation Instruction, Section III)

The REAA Budget Oversight Committee was appointed in 1980 by the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House to provide accountability functions for the REAA school districts similar to that which municipalities exercise over their school districts.

Funding would allow the REAA Budget Oversight Committee to review the recommendations of the Department of Education on the operating budgets of each REAA and make recommendations to the Legislature regarding REAA operating monies.

IV. DATE 3/29/82

PREPARED BY Frank Ferguson
AGENCY Legislature

Original: Legislative Finance

PHONE 465-4989

cc: Budget and Management

Prime Sponsor (First Legislator Named)

33-001 (Rev. 12/81)

3/29/82

1 IN THE HOUSE

BY THE FINANCE COMMITTEE

2 SENATE CS FOR HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 23 (Finance)

3 IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA

4 TWELFTH LEGISLATURE - SECOND SESSION

5 Extending the life of the Regional
6 Education Attendance Area Budget
7 Oversight Committee.

8 BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA;

9 WHEREAS on February 7, 1980, the President of the Senate and the Speaker
10 of the House appointed a special Regional Education Attendance Area Budget
11 Oversight Committee (REAA) to provide accountability functions similar to
12 that which municipalities exercise over their school districts; and

13 WHEREAS the Legislature provided funding for the Committee's operations
14 during Fiscal Year 1981 and Fiscal Year 1982; and

15 WHEREAS the Committee held extensive hearings in the interim between the
16 Eleventh and Twelfth Legislatures, and between the First and Second Sessions
17 of the Twelfth Legislature during which it reviewed and scrutinized the
18 REAA's financial management of educational funds; and

19 WHEREAS the Committee submitted the reports of its activities in 1981 to
20 the Chairmen of the House and Senate Health, Education, and Social Services
21 Committees and presented two reports to the Legislature in 1982; and

22 WHEREAS the Committee is continuing to develop better means of reviewing
23 the operation of school districts as they set out to construct or operate
24 educational facilities and programs;

25 BE IT RESOLVED by the Alaska State Legislature that the Regional Educa-
26 tion Attendance Area Budget Oversight Committee is authorized to continue to
27 perform the assignments made to it by the President of the Senate and the
28 Speaker of the House on February 7, 1980, through June 30, 1983; and be it

29 FURTHER RESOLVED that the Department of Education shall review and re-
X

1 commend action to the Governor on the operating budget of each Regional Edu-
2 cation Attendance Area by August 15; and be it

3 FURTHER RESOLVED that the Regional Education Attendance Area Budget
4 Oversight Committee shall review the findings of the Department of Education.
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THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA
TWELFTH LEGISLATURE

FISCAL NOTE

I. REQUEST
 Bill/Resolution No. SCS HCR 23
 Title Extending the life of the REAA Budget Oversight Committee
 Requested by _____ Date _____

II. FISCAL DETAIL
 Agency Affected Legislature
 Program Category Affected Legislative Finance
 BRU, Program, Or Subprogram(s) Affected _____
 (Note: If more than one budget component is affected, separate line-item amounts and funding for each component in the analysis section.)

EXPENDITURES (Thousands of Dollars)

	FY 82	FY 83	FY 84	FY 85	FY 86	FY 87
100 PERSONAL SERVICES		60.0				
200 TRAVEL		20.0				
300 CONTRACTUAL		16.0				
400 COMMODITIES		2.0				
500 EQUIPMENT		2.0				
600 LAND & STRUCTURES						
700 GRANTS, CLAIMS, ETC.						
TOTAL		100.0				

FUNDING (Thousands of Dollars)

GENERAL FUND		100.0				
FEDERAL FUNDS						
OTHER (Specify Source)						

POSITIONS

FULL TIME						
PART TIME						
TEMPORARY						

III. ANALYSIS (See Fiscal Note Preparation Instruction, Section III)

The REAA Budget Oversight Committee was appointed in 1980 by the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House to provide accountability functions for the REAA school districts similar to that which municipalities exercise over their school districts.

Funding would allow the REAA Budget Oversight Committee to review the recommendations of the Department of Education on the operating budgets of each REAA and make recommendations to the Legislature regarding REAA operating monies.

IV. DATE 3/29/82 PREPARED BY Frank Ferguson
 AGENCY Legislature
 Original: Legislative Finance PHONE 465-4989
 cc: Budget and Management
 Prime Sponsor (First Legislator Named)
 33-001 (Rev. 12/81)

A M E N D M E N T

OFFERED IN THE SENATE:

By: Sackett

To: HCR 23 SENATE BILL No. _____

HOUSE BILL No. _____

PAGE: 3

LINE: 7

Add the following language:

FURTHER RESOLVED that a joint Arctic-Yukon-Kuskokwim Fisheries Management Oversight Committee be appointed by the president of the senate and the speaker of the house of representatives to review and monitor the gathering and analysis of information and report its findings to the Second Session of the Twelfth Alaska Legislature.

SENATE FINANCE COMMITTEE
Letter of Intent

SCS HCR 23

This resolution is directed at a program for the gathering and evaluation of comprehensive information about salmon stocks in the Arctic-Yukon-Kuskokwim region. The fiscal cost for the initial projects are included in the budget for FY 82. It is the intent of the Finance Committee that the amount allocated pursuant to the directives of this resolution be used as follows:

Origins of chinook salmon intercepted by the Japanese mother-ship fishery (first year of three-year project);

Stock biology of Yukon River chinook salmon;

Kotzebue chum salmon stock separation studies (first year of three-year project);

Test fishing in the north mouth of the Yukon River;

Assessment of salmon run size in the main stem of the Yukon and Kuskokwim Rivers by sonar (first year of three-year project);

Norton Sound salmon escapement studies;

Sonar evaluation of salmon in the Unalakleet River;

Biometric analysis of Arctic-Yukon-Kuskokwim fisheries information;

Arctic-Yukon-Kuskokwim region subsistence salmon surveys;

Kobuk River escapement studies;

Lower Yukon River juvenile salmon abundance index (first year of five-year project);

Stebbins-St. Michael salmon study (first year of three-year project);

Administrative support for an expanded Arctic-Yukon-Kuskokwim program.

It is also the intent of the Finance Committee that the reports to the Legislature required by this resolution be comprehensive in identifying all significant information gaps in the Arctic-Yukon-Kuskokwim management area that these projects address, the information gaps not addressed by these projects, and the improved management capabilities resulting from the additional information.

Don Bennett, Chairman
Senate Finance Committee
June 1981

THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA
TWELFTH LEGISLATURE

FISCAL NOTE

I. REQUEST
 Bill/Resolution No. SCS HCR 23
 Title Arctic-Yukon-Kuskokwim Salmon Management
 Requested by _____ Date _____

II. FISCAL DETAIL
 Agency Affected Legislative Affairs Agency
 Program Category Affected Legislative Council
 BRU, Program, or Subprogram(s) Affected _____
 (Note: If more than one budget component is affected, separate line-item amounts and funding for each component in the analysis section.)
EXPENDITURES (Thousands of Dollars)

	FY 81	FY 82	FY 83	FY 84	FY 85	FY 86
100 PERSONAL SERVICES						
200 TRAVEL		25.0				
300 CONTRACTUAL		15.0				
400 COMMODITIES						
500 EQUIPMENT						
600 LAND & STRUCTURES						
700 GRANTS, CLAIMS, ETC.						
TOTAL						

FUNDING (Thousands of Dollars)

GENERAL FUND		40.0				
FEDERAL FUNDS						
OTHER (Specify Fund Source)						

POSITIONS

FULL TIME						
PART TIME						
TEMPORARY						

III. ANALYSIS (See Fiscal Note Preparation Instructions, Section III)

Travel and contractual items are to cover costs of travel in monitoring management programs in the A-Y-K management area and the costs of contracting with qualified personnel to advise the committee on new and ongoing management programs.

IV. DATE _____ PREPARED BY _____
 AGENCY _____
 PHONE _____
 Original: Legislative Finance
 cc: Budget and Management
 Prime Sponsor (First Legislator Named)

Introduced: 4/15/81
Referred: Resources

BY VASKA, ADAMS, CHUCKWUK,
FULLER, HURLBERT AND MOSS

1 IN THE HOUSE

2 HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 23

3 IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA

4 TWELFTH LEGISLATURE - FIRST SESSION

5 Relating to the gathering and evalua-
6 tion of comprehensive information
7 about salmon stocks in the Arctic-
8 Yukon-Kuskokwim management area.

9 BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

10 WHEREAS the Arctic-Yukon-Kuskokwim (A-Y-K) fisheries management area
11 contains all the interior river systems and the drainages of the Bering Sea
12 and Arctic Ocean north of the Alaska Range and the Bristol Bay drainage from
13 Cape Newenham to Demarcation Point at the Canadian Border, and includes not
14 only coastal gillnet salmon fisheries but also freshwater gillnet and fish-
15 wheel salmon fisheries; and

16 WHEREAS the subsistence salmon fisheries in the A-Y-K management area
17 provide a primary source of food for many residents of the region; and

18 WHEREAS the commercial salmon fisheries in the A-Y-K management area
19 provide the only significant occupational opportunities for many of the
20 region's residents; and

21 WHEREAS the geographic nature of the A-Y-K management area and the
22 rapid expansion of the commercial fisheries in that region dictate complex
23 management and allocation concerns and issues for the Department of Fish and
24 Game and the Board of Fisheries, particularly those issues and concerns
25 stemming from interception of salmon in mixed stock fisheries along the
26 fresh and saltwater migration routes; and

27 WHEREAS foreign fleets are currently intercepting western Alaska salmon
28 in the Bering Sea Japanese mothership gillnet fishery, the Bering Sea-
29 Aleutian Islands groundfish trawl fishery, the Gulf of Alaska groundfish

1 trawl fishery, and the Japanese land-based fishery; and

2 WHEREAS recent reports show that the Japanese mothership fishery alone
3 intercepted 388,000 western Alaska chinook salmon in 1980, as contrasted
4 with interception of 65,000 in 1979; and

5 WHEREAS the biological and economic ramifications in the A-Y-K manage-
6 ment area stemming from the mixed stock intercept on fisheries and from the
7 foreign interception of western Alaska salmon can be better evaluated if the
8 Department of Fish and Game and the Board of Fisheries are granted the
9 opportunity to complete the gathering and evaluation of necessary comprehen-
10 sive information regarding salmon stock identification, enumeration, separa-
11 tion, migration patterns and run timing, escapement, and smolt outmigration;
12 and

13 WHEREAS the economic and social ramifications stemming from resource
14 allocations among user groups and gear types in mixed stock interception
15 fisheries in the A-Y-K management area and from the diminished subsistence
16 and commercial opportunities occasioned by the foreign interception of
17 western Alaska salmon can be ameliorated by improved in-season management by
18 the Department of Fish and Game which is dependent on comprehensive informa-
19 tion about the salmon stocks in the A-Y-K management area;

20 BE IT RESOLVED by the Alaska State Legislature that the Governor is
21 respectfully requested to direct the Department of Fish and Game to gather
22 and analyze comprehensive information regarding the identification, enumera-
23 tion, separation, migration patterns and run timing, escapement, and smolt
24 outmigration of all salmon stocks in the Arctic-Yukon-Kuskokwim management
25 area; and be it

26 FURTHER RESOLVED that the Department of Fish and Game initiate the
27 gathering and analysis of comprehensive information regarding the biological
28 effects upon salmon stock escapement in streams of origin by the foreign
29 interception of salmon bound for western Alaska; and be it

1 FURTHER RESOLVED that the Department of Fish and Game and the Board of
2 Fisheries initiate and complete a comprehensive evaluation of the information
3 known and to be gathered, and to present to the legislature each year, not
4 later than 10 days after the convening of each session, a report identifying
5 any gaps in information and the success of in-season management in alleviat-
6 ing resource user and gear conflicts, and recommending appropriate action.

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Introduced: 4/20/81
Referred: Health, Education &
Social Services and Finance

1 IN THE HOUSE

BY MOSS

2 HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 24

3 IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA

4 TWELFTH LEGISLATURE - FIRST SESSION

5 Extending the life of the Rural
6 Education Attendance Area Budget
7 Oversight Committee.

8 BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

9 WHEREAS, on February 7, 1980, the president of the senate and speaker
10 of the house of representatives appointed the Rural Education Attendance
11 Area Budget Oversight Committee as a special joint committee of the legis-
12 lature to provide accountability functions similar to those provided by the
13 governing bodies of municipalities which are school districts; and

14 WHEREAS the Rural Education Attendance Area Budget Oversight Committee
15 met periodically during the Second Session of the Eleventh Legislature, held
16 hearings during the interim between the Eleventh and Twelfth Legislatures,
17 and reviewed and scrutinized financial management of money provided to
18 regional educational attendance areas for educational services; and

19 WHEREAS the Rural Education Attendance Area Budget Oversight Committee
20 submitted a report of its activities to the chairmen of the Health, Education
21 and Social Services Committees of each house; and

22 WHEREAS the Committee is continuing to develop the means by which to
23 review the operation of regional educational attendance areas in their
24 construction of educational facilities and operation of educational programs;

25 BE IT RESOLVED by the Alaska State Legislature that the Rural Education
26 Attendance Area Budget Oversight Committee is authorized to continue to
27 perform the assignments made to it by the president of the senate and speaker
28 of the house of representatives on February 7, 1980, until June 30, 1982.

29