

HB

3

<TARGET><BILL>HB 3</BILL><SUBJECT>HB
3</SUBJECT><COMM>SSTA27</COMM></TARGET>

Alaska State Legislature

Chairman
State Affairs Committee

Member
Judiciary Committee
Energy Special Committee
Joint Armed Services Special Committee
Military and Veterans Affairs Committee

Finance Subcommittees



A Communication From

REPRESENTATIVE BOB LYNN
District 31 Anchorage

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"Bob Lynn's Alaska Blog" RepBobLynnBlog.com

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Sponsor Statement

HB 3

"An Act relating to issuance of driver's licenses."

Under current statute, Alaska driver's licenses are issued for a period of five years. The Department of Administration-Division of Motor Vehicles is afforded discretion to extend the expiration date for certain licenses beyond five years, but is not currently empowered to issue a license for *less* than five years. HB 3 would authorize DMV to issue driver's licenses that expire in less than five years for persons who are legally permitted to stay in the United States indefinitely or for less than five years. If a person is authorized to stay in the United States indefinitely, the DMV would issue a license that must be renewed annually. If a person is authorized to stay in the United States for less than five years, the DMV would issue a license that is only valid for the period of authorized stay.

FISCAL NOTE

STATE OF ALASKA
2011 LEGISLATIVE SESSION

Fiscal Note Number _____
 Bill Version HB 3 (STA)
 () Publish Date _____

Identifier (file name) HB003-STA-DOA-DMV-1-24-11 Dept. Affected Administration
 Title "An Act relating to issuance of driver's licenses." Appropriation Motor Vehicles
 Allocation _____
 Sponsor REP(s) Lynn, Hawker, Chenault, Johnson, Gatto
 Requester (H)STA OMB Component Number 2348

Expenditures/Revenues (Thousands of Dollars)

Note: Amounts do not include inflation unless otherwise noted below.

	Appropriation Required	Information						
		FY 2012	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
OPERATING EXPENDITURES								
Personal Services								
Travel								
Contractual								
Supplies								
Equipment								
Land & Structures								
Grants & Claims								
Miscellaneous								
TOTAL OPERATING	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

CAPITAL EXPENDITURES								
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CHANGE IN REVENUES	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
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FUND SOURCE (Thousands of Dollars)

1002 Federal Receipts								
1003 GF Match								
1004 GF								
1005 GF/Program Receipts								
1037 GF/Mental Health								
Other Interagency Receipts								
TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Estimate of any current year (FY2011) cost 0.0

POSITIONS

Full-time								
Part-time								
Temporary								

Why this fiscal note differs from previous version

Not applicable; initial version

Prepared by Whitney Brewster
 Division Motor Vehicles
 Approved by John Cramer, Deputy Commissioner

Phone 907-269-5574
 Date/Time 1/24/11 10:30 AM
 Date _____

FISCAL NOTE

**STATE OF ALASKA
2011 LEGISLATIVE SESSION**

BILL NO. HB 3

Analysis

This bill has no fiscal impact on the Division of Motor Vehicles (DMV).

SEAN PARNELL
GOVERNOR

DEPARTMENT OF LAW
OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

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1031 WEST 4th AVENUE, SUITE 200
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January 28, 2011

Representative Bob Lynn
State Capitol Room 108
Juneau, Alaska 99801

Re: HB-3

Dear Representative Lynn:

Mr. Reiker of your office contacted me following the House State Affairs committee hearing this week concerning the above referenced bill.

Consistent with Department of Law practice, I had reviewed this bill prior to the committee hearing. In my review I saw no basis for constitutional challenge of it. Having revisited the bill following Mr. Reiker's contact that remains my position.

Sincerely,

JOHN J. BURNS
ATTORNEY GENERAL

By:


Erling T. Johansen
Assistant Attorney General

ETJ/ljt

Advisory Board on Alcoholism
and Drug Abuse



Alaska Mental Health Board

ALASKA MENTAL HEALTH BOARD
ADVISORY BOARD ON ALCOHOLISM AND DRUG ABUSE
431 NORTH FRANKLIN STREET, SUITE 200
JUNEAU, ALASKA 99801
(907) 465-8920

March 28, 2012

Representative Wes Keller
Alaska State Capitol, Room 432
Juneau, Alaska 99801

Re: Letter of Support for HB 367

Dear Representative Keller,

The Alaska Mental Health Board and Advisory Board on Alcoholism and Drug Abuse support HB 367 recognizing the special needs presented by Alaskans experiencing fetal alcohol spectrum disorders (FASD) in the justice system.

Alaska's judges, prosecutors, defenders, and court staff work to ensure that everyone who appears in court is treated fairly and with respect. However, Alaskans experiencing FASD often present with special needs and situations that impede the course of justice. Low cognitive functioning, inability to understand and stay within accepted social norms, limited short term memory, impulsivity, and impaired judgment can all result in a person experiencing FASD not being able to explain his or her actions, understand why they resulted in a criminal charge, or understand the criminal justice process. Usually, these impairments do not rise to the level of legal incompetence – but they often make it hard for judges and juries to make decisions that serve our notions of fairness and justice.

Based on research in other jurisdictions, an estimated 60% of inmates experience an FASD, brain injury, or similar organic cognitive impairment. The cost of incarceration is very high and usually does not result in restoration or rehabilitation. In fact, according to a 2009 ISER Study,¹ the cost of prison far exceeds the cost of services. CSSD 151 allows judges – **at their discretion** – to modify presumptive sentences to take into account the defendant's disabilities and to provide the sort of sentence needed to prevent recidivism and ensure a just outcome for victims, defendants, and our communities.

We thank you for your work on behalf of all Alaskans.

Sincerely,

J. Kate Burkhart
Executive Director

¹ *The Cost of Crime: Could The State Reduce Future Crime and Save Money by Expanding Education and Treatment Programs?* published by Institute of Social and Economic Research (ISER), University of Alaska (January 2009). Available online at www.iser.uaa.alaska.edu.

-----Original Message-----

From: Diana Conway [<mailto:ahdc1@uaa.alaska.edu>]

Sent: Tuesday, March 08, 2011 5:02 PM

To: Sen. Albert Kookesh

Subject:

Dear Senator Kookesh,

I understand that House Bill 3, requiring restricted term driver's licenses for holders of an indefinite visa, is now in the Senate State Affairs Committee. I urge you to let it die there. This bill is a solution in search of a problem.

Alaska does not to my knowledge have a major problem with undocumented workers. In my many years experience teaching at the University of Alaska I found the immigrant community to be hard- working and motivated and to contribute greatly to Alaska's economy.

To impose such petty bureaucratic hassles on them is a slap in the face.

It also lays an additional burden on state employees at a time when we are trying to streamline state government.

Sincerely,

Diana Conway

AS 28.15.101. Expiration and Renewal of Driver's License.

(a) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, a driver's license expires on the licensee's birthday in the fifth year following issuance of the license. A license may be renewed within one year of its expiration upon proper application, payment of the required fee, and except when a license is renewed under (c) of this section, successful completion of a test of the licensee's eyesight.

(b) The department may defer the expiration of the driver's license of a person who is outside the state under terms and conditions that the department shall prescribe by regulation.

(c) A driver's license may be renewed by mail if the licensee complies with (a) of this section, except that a license may not be renewed by mail if:

- (1)** the most recent renewal of the applicant's license was by mail; or
- (2)** the applicant is 69 years of age or older on the expiration date of the driver's license being renewed.



State Driver's License Requirements

This table is current as of December 5, 2004. The information it contains was compiled by the National Immigration Law Center from statutes, state government websites, and information provided by advocates within each state. Note that the documents used to prove age and identity may have changed. To suggest corrections or additions to the table, or for the latest updates to the information it contains, contact Tyler Moran at moran@nilc.org

STATE	SSN REQUIREMENT	LAWFUL PRESENCE REQUIREMENT	ACCEPTABLE DOCUMENTS TO PROVE AGE, IDENTITY, RESIDENCY, LAWFUL PRESENCE AND SSN	COMMENTS & EXCEPTIONS TO RULES
★ AL	Yes (w/exception)	Yes	<p>Applicants must present 2 forms of identification — at least 1 from the primary list, and at least 1 bearing a photo. Together, the documents must establish the applicant's name and date of birth, and that the applicant is lawfully present in the U.S.</p> <p>Primary documents. U.S. birth certificate, U.S. passport, U.S. military ID card, Alabama ID card, Alabama DL, Certificate of Naturalization, U.S. Certificate of Citizenship, U.S. Certificate of Birth Abroad, resident alien card, Social Security card; Valid non-U.S. passport.</p> <p>Secondary documents. DL issued in the U.S.; International DL/ permit (not expired); marriage certificate, U.S. armed forces DL; U.S. military DD-14, professional license, Selective Service card, Veterans Administration card, medical insurance ID card (not expired), school ID (with photo), school enrollment form; W-2 form; documents from court of record including divorce decree, adoption decree; name change decree, bankruptcy decree; employment authorization document with valid social security card; Valid visa authorizing presence in the country for a period exceeding six months; Valid Employment Authorization Document (EAD); Valid I-94 Arrival/Departure Record; Original Form I-797, Notice of Action, showing approval of change of status or extension of stay Original Form I-797, Notice of Action, evidencing timely filing of an extension petition.</p> <p>Documents to prove lawful presence include, but are not limited to, original or certified copies of one or more of the following: I-551 stamp in foreign passport or I-551 stamp on Form I-94 (Arrival/Departure Record); proof of refugee, asylee, or parolee status, i.e., Form I-571 (Refugee Travel Document), or Form I-512 (Authorization for Parole of an Alien), or an immigration judge's order (IJO), certified by the clerk of the court, granting asylum or cancellation of removal; proof of lawful nonimmigrant status provided by the U.S. Dept. of Justice (Form I-94, Arrival/Departure Record, not expired, with required supporting document(s)); and U.S. Dept. of Defense Uniformed Services ID Card, along with International Travel Order (ITO) for international military student (IMS). Non-U.S. citizens with the following visa types are eligible to apply for an Alabama driver's license: A, E, F, J, L, M, NATO, O, P, R, and TN.</p> <p>Note: F-1 and M-1 visa holders also must provide a copy of Form I-20 (Certificate of Eligibility for Nonimmigrant Student Status). J-1 and J-2 visa holders must also provide a copy of Form IAP-66 (Certificate of Eligibility for Exchange Visitor Status).</p> <p>In addition to meeting the above ID requirements, an applicant who has been deported from the U.S. must present proof from the INS or CIS that his or her lawful presence status has been restored.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Noncitizens lawfully residing in the state for a period exceeding six months and who are not authorized to work are not required to provide an SSN, but must provide proof of lawful presence exceeding six months from the date of application for a DL. ➤ Applicant's immigration documents must show that s/he may legally remain in the U.S. for at least 160 days from time of application. ➤ DLs will expire with the immigration document the license-holder presented at the time of application. ➤ Noncitizens may only use designated DMV offices. ➤ Lawsuit filed that challenges Dept. of Public Safety's policy of denying DLs to nonimmigrants and applicants for permanent residency. <i>Castro et al v. Coppage and Alabama Dept. of Public Safety</i>, No. 2:04cv400-W (U.S.D.C. Mid. Dist. Ala.).
AK	Yes (w/exception)	Yes	<p>Applicants must present 2 pieces of identification, 1 to prove DOB and 1 to prove identity.</p> <p>Documents to prove DOB. An original or certified copy of a U.S. or Canadian birth certificate (from Vital Statistics); a passport issued by the U.S. or Canada; an Alaska learner's permit or other state-issued permit with a photo; an ID card issued by a state DMV office or Canadian DMV; and military ID for active duty, retiree or reservist.</p> <p>Note: When two items from the above list are presented, an identity document (listed below) is not required.</p> <p>Documents to prove identity. Employee ID card with photo, SSA card, military ID for dependent, passport, pilot's license, marriage license or certificate, and other evidence of comparable validity approved by a DMV supervisor.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Applicants who have an SSN must present it. ➤ Lawful presence requirement is specified in neither a law nor regulation, but the combination of documents required creates a lawful presence requirement.

ABBREVIATIONS: CIS U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services • DL driver's license • DMV Dept. of Motor Vehicles • DOB date of birth • ID identification • IJ immigration judge • INS Immigration and Naturalization Service • IRS U.S. Internal Revenue Service • ITIN Individual Tax Identification Number • LPR lawful permanent resident • SAVE Systematic Alien Verification for Entitlements • SSA Social Security Administration • SSN Social Security number

STATE DRIVER'S LICENSE REQUIREMENTS • NILC • DECEMBER 2004 • PAGE 2 OF 31

STATE	SSN REQUIREMENT?	LAWFUL PRESENCE REQUIREMENT?	ACCEPTABLE DOCUMENTS TO PROVE AGE, IDENTITY, RESIDENCY, LAWFUL PRESENCE AND SSN	COMMENTS & EXCEPTIONS TO RULES
 AZ	Yes (w/exception)	Yes	<p>Applicants must present either (a) 2 of the documents listed below, 1 having a clear photo of the individual, OR (b) 3 of the documents listed below. One document must be from the primary list. All documents presented must be originals or copies certified by the issuing agency, and all must be in English.</p> <p>Primary documents (must include DOB). Birth certificate issued in any state, territory, or possession of the U.S. (hospital record/certificate and California Certified Abstract of Birth are not acceptable); delayed birth certificate issued in any state, territory or possession of the U.S.; U.S. Certificate of Birth Abroad; U.S. passport; foreign passport with U.S. visa (admission stamp or I-94 form required in passport); I-94 (Arrival/Departure Record) with photo; resident alien card issued after March 1977; employment authorization card issued by INS or CIS; U.S. Certificate of Naturalization; U.S. Certificate of Citizenship; DL issued in another state, territory or possession of the U.S. (see comments for a list of restricted states); Arizona ID card (issued after July 1996); instruction permit issued in another state, territory, or possession of the U.S. (see comments for a list of restricted states); record of a previous Arizona DL, ID card or instructional permit (issued after July 1996); certified letter of identification for a ward of the court, issued by a court or government agency in the U.S.; affidavit of identification (with photo and within 15 days of being issued) from Arizona Dept. of Corrections, a county detention facility, or a probation office in Arizona; tribal certificate of Indian blood; tribal or Bureau of Indian Affairs affidavit of birth; U.S. military DD-214; or U.S. military ID card (active duty, reserve and retired).</p> <p>Secondary documents. DL issued in any state, territory or possession of the U.S.; instruction permit issued in any state, territory or possession of the U.S.; U.S. military dependent ID card; U.S. armed forces DL; Social Security card; motor vehicle record or clearance letter (within 30 days of being issued); legal guardian affidavit; Selective Service card; W-2 form; U.S. Dept. of Veterans Affairs card; concealed weapons permit; medical insurance ID card; professional license; bank card; credit card; employee ID badge (with photo); school ID (with photo); marriage certificate issued in any state, territory, or possession of the U.S.; and documents from court of record: divorce decree, adoption decree, name change decree, bankruptcy decree, and emancipation decree.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Applicants who have an SSN must present it. ➤ DL expires when immigration visa expires. ➤ DLs issued by the following states are not accepted as primary proof of identity: AK, HI, IL, IA, MI, MO, MT, NE, NV, NM, NC, OK, OR, RI, TX, UT, VT, WA and WA. ➤ SB 1232, signed into law in June 2004, requires that the director of the DMV develop rules to (1) verify that the applicant's presence in the U.S. is authorized under federal law, and (2) issue temporary driver permits pending verification of the applicant's immigration status.
AR	Yes (w/exception)	Yes	<p>Applicants must present proof of identity and lawful presence. Each applicant must present either an Arkansas photo DL or ID, or 2 primary documents, or 1 primary and 1 secondary document.</p> <p>Primary documents. Photo out-of-state DL, certificate of birth (if foreign, it must be accompanied by a notarized English translation); photo document from CIS; passport (if the passport is from a country other than the U.S., the applicant must also present a CIS card or a U.S. visa); naturalization certificate; court order (must contain full name, DOB, and court seal; examples include: adoption document, name-change document, or gender-change document; abstract of criminal or civil conviction not acceptable); military ID with photo; Selective Service card; and armed forces discharge papers.</p> <p>Secondary documents. Photo Arkansas Medicaid card; photo out-of-state Medicaid card; work/school photo ID; Social Security card; vehicle registration/title; Bureau of Indian Affairs card/treaty card (no tribal cards accepted); marriage license; health insurance card; IRS or state tax forms (W-2 is not acceptable); court order without DOB; medical records; concealed handgun license; certified school transcript; pilot's license; notarized parent affidavit; court records; prison release document.</p> <p>Proof of lawful presence. U.S. birth certificate; U.S. visa; Social Security card; photo document from CIS; U.S. passport; and naturalization certificate.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Applicants who have an SSN must present it.
 CA	Yes (w/exception)	Yes (see comments)	<p>Applicants must present proof of their DOB and that they are lawfully present in the U.S.</p> <p>Proof of DOB and Lawful Presence. U.S. birth certificate; U.S. certificate or report of birth abroad of a U.S. citizen; Federal Proof of Indian Blood Degree; INS American Indian Card; birth certificate or passport issued by a U.S. territory; U.S. passport; U.S. identification card; U.S. military identification card (active or reserve duty, dependent, retired member, discharged from service, medical/religious personnel); Common Access Card (only if designated as Active military or Active Reserve or Active Selected Reserve); certificate of U.S. naturalization or citizenship; Northern Marianas Card; INS-issued U.S. citizen ID card; permanent</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Case law: Persons whose presence is authorized by federal law but are ineligible for an SSN are entitled to DMV documents if otherwise qualified. ➤ License expires when visa expires. ➤ DMV verifies the applicant's immigration status through CASE

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STATE DRIVER'S LICENSE REQUIREMENTS • NILC • DECEMBER 2004 • PAGE 3 OF 31

STATE	SSN REQUIREMENT?	LAWFUL PRESENCE REQUIREMENT?	ACCEPTABLE DOCUMENTS TO PROVE AGE, IDENTITY, RESIDENCY, LAWFUL PRESENCE AND SSN	COMMENTS & EXCEPTIONS TO RULES
			<p>resident card; temporary resident card; Canadian passport or birth certificate; Nonresident Alien Canadian Border Crossing Card; valid foreign passport with a valid Record of Arrival/Departure (Form I-94); certification from California Dept. of Corrections or California Youth Authority; employment authorization card; Permanent Resident Re-entry Permit; Refugee Travel Document; "Processed for I-551" stamped in a valid foreign passport; valid I-94 stamped "Refugee," "Parole" or "Parolee," "Asylee," or "Section 207," "Section 208," "Section 209," "Section 212d(2)," "HP," or "PIP"; immigration judge's order granting asylum; valid I-94 with attached photo stamped "Processed for I-551 temporary evidence of lawful admission for permanent residence"; Notice of Action (I-797 Approved Petition); Mexican Border Crossing Card with valid I-94.</p> <p>Proof of SSN. Social Security card (laminated card not acceptable); Medicare card; U.S. armed forces ID cards (Active DD-2, Retired DD-2, Reserved DD-2, Dependent DD-173, and military separation document DD-214).</p>	the SAVE system.
★ CO	Yes (w/exception)	Yes	<p>Applicants must present two documents that prove age, name, and lawful presence. One document must be from the proof of age/lawful presence list.</p> <p>Proof of age/lawful presence. Out-of-state-issued photo driver's license or photo ID card expired one year or less (out-of-state ID cards and licenses require additional documentation for proof of lawful presence); any Colorado driver's license, Colorado 7-day Affidavit and Notice of Revocation or Affidavit and Notice of Suspension, or Colorado ID card that matches the photograph on file with the Motor Vehicle Division (Colorado ID cards issued between June 1, 1997, and July 1, 1998, require additional documentation for proof of lawful presence); certified birth certificate (federal-, state-, county-, Dept. of Justice-, Dept. of State-, or Bureau of Indian Affairs-issued; a birth certificate issued by a hospital is not acceptable); U.S. passport expired less than 10 years; valid foreign passport with I-94 or valid "processed for I-551" stamp (no B-1, B-2, WT, WB, CP or NC status; and H-1, H-2, J-1, J-2, F-1, F-2, etc., statuses require verification of Colorado employment or education); Form I-94 (Arrival/Departure Record, refugee/asylee status version) (Refugees/asylees presenting such an I-94 must also present either an employment authorization card or an original letter, on agency letterhead, from "the legal agency providing assistance" [sic—verbatim from MVD website], which letter is to be surrendered to the Motor Vehicle Division); valid I-551 (resident alien/permanent resident card) (no border-crosser or U.S.A B-1/B-2 Visa/BCC cards accepted); valid I-688 (photo temporary resident card), I-688B and I-766 (photo employment authorization card); valid U.S. military ID (active duty, dependent, retired, reserve, and National Guard); tribal ID card; U.S. or U.S. territory certified court order of adoption (must include DOB); Certificate of Naturalization with intact photo.</p> <p>Proof of name. If the applicant is applying for a license under a name that is different from the name on the document presented as proof of age/lawful presence, or if the applicant is changing the name on an established record, any of the following documents are acceptable in addition to the document presented for proof of age/lawful presence (no photocopies allowed): U.S. city, county, or state-issued, or foreign-issued, certified marriage certificate (foreign language documents may require translation; no church-issued documents are accepted); certified divorce decree, U.S. or foreign, with a case number and official signature; certified court order of name change, U.S. or foreign, with case number and official signature (foreign language documents require translation); valid U.S. military ID (active duty, dependent, retired, reserve, and National Guard); tribal ID card; out-of-state-issued photo driver's license or photo ID card expired one year or less.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Applicants who have an SSN must present it. Applicants without SSNs may submit a sworn affidavit. ➤ License expires when visa expires.
CT	Yes (w/exception)	Yes	<p>Applicants must present proof of state residency, identification, and lawful presence. Non-citizens must submit proof of lawful presence and either one primary or secondary document. US citizens are required to submit a certified birth certificate or valid U.S. passport and either one primary or secondary document.</p> <p>Primary documents. Valid U.S. /U.S. territory or Canadian driver's license with photo (non-U.S. citizens must also provide proof of legal status); valid out-of-state or Canada-issued learner's permit with photo (non-U.S. citizens must also provide proof of legal status); certified birth certificate or registration of birth (must be original or certified copy, have a seal, and be issued by an</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Applicants who have an SSN must present it. Applicants without SSNs may submit a sworn affidavit.

ABBREVIATIONS: CIS U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services • DL driver's license • DMV Dept. of Motor Vehicles • DOB date of birth • ID identification • IJ immigration judge • INS Immigration and Naturalization Service • IRS U.S. Internal Revenue Service • ITIN Individual Tax Identification Number • LPR lawful permanent resident • SAVE Systematic Alien Verification for Entitlements • SSA Social Security Administration • SSN Social Security number

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STATE	SSN REQUIREMENT?	LAWFUL PRESENCE REQUIREMENT?	ACCEPTABLE DOCUMENTS TO PROVE AGE, IDENTITY, RESIDENCY, LAWFUL PRESENCE AND SSN	COMMENTS & EXCEPTIONS TO RULES
			<p>authorized government agency, such as the bureau of vital statistics or state board of health; hospital-issued certificates and baptismal certificates are not acceptable as primary ID); Connecticut Non-Driver Identification Card if original issue date is Oct. 1, 2001, or later; valid passport, U.S. or Canadian (if foreign passport appropriate, INS or CIS documents also required); military ID or dependent card with photo; military discharge/separation papers; Connecticut pistol permit with photo; certified adoption papers. INS or CIS documents (must be valid and unexpired) as follows: Certificate of Naturalization; Certificate of Citizenship; valid foreign passport containing an I-551 stamp; valid foreign passport containing an I-94 (Arrival/Departure Record) and visa type; Alien Registration Receipt Card (resident alien card); temporary resident card; employment authorization card (must also provide verification of an application pending for lawful permanent residence), Refugee Travel Document (Form I-571).</p> <p>Secondary documents. All primary documents; expired U.S./U.S. territory or Canadian DL with photo; court order (must contain full name, date of birth, and court seal; examples include adoption document, name-change document, gender-change document, etc.; abstract of criminal or civil conviction may not be used); foreign birth certificate (must be translated by approved translator); marriage license (certified copy only); parent/guardian affidavit (applies only to minors; parent/guardian must appear in person, prove his/her identity, and submit a certified/notarized affidavit regarding the child's identification); pilot's license; school record/transcript (must be certified); Social Security card (laminated or metal cards are not acceptable); Connecticut Dept. of Social Services (DSS)-issued public assistance card with photo; prison release document; expired passport; baptismal certificate or similar document; divorce decree; employee ID from state or federal government with signature and photo and/or physical description, with or without DOB.</p> <p>Note: Holders of a B-1 or B-2 visitor's visa are not eligible for a DL or ID card unless they provide a valid employment authorization card and verification of an application pending for lawful permanent residence. Foreign students with an F-1 visa must present Form I-20 (Certificate of Eligibility for Nonimmigrant Student Status) and verification of current enrollment in a Connecticut school; holders of a J-1 visa are required to show Form IAP-66 (Certificate of Eligibility for Exchange Visitor Status); and all applicants will be verified through CIS for legal status before a driver's license/ID card will be issued.</p>	
DE	Yes (w/exception)	Yes (see comments)	<p>Applicants must present one primary document and one secondary document, two documents to prove state residency, and proof of lawful presence.</p> <p>Primary documents. DL with photo, state/province/territory-issued photo ID; certified copy of DL or ID; U.S. birth certificate (must be original or certified copy, have a raised seal and be issued by the Bureau of Vital Statistics or State Board of Health); certain INS or CIS documents, including Certificate of Naturalization (N-550, N-570, or N-578), Certificate of Citizenship (N-560, N-561, or N-645), Northern Marianas card (I-551), American Indian card (I-551), U.S. citizen ID card (I-179 or I-197), resident alien card (I-151, I-551, AR-3, or AR-103), temporary resident card (K-688), nonresident alien Canadian border crossing card (I-185 or I-586), Arrival/Departure Record (I-94 or I-94W in a valid foreign passport), Arrival/Departure Record (I-94) with attached photo and stamped "Temporary Proof of Lawful Permanent Residence," "Processed for I-551" stamp in a valid foreign passport, permanent resident reentry permit (I-327), Refugee Travel Document (I-571), employment authorization card (I-688A, I-688B, I-766); Canadian immigration record and Visa or Record of Landing (IMM 1000); court order; U.S. military ID; U.S. passport; or foreign passport with INS or CIS documentation.</p> <p>Secondary documents. Any primary document may be used as a secondary document; driver's license/ID card, expired more than one year; court order that does not contain the applicant's DOB; employment ID card; health insurance card, e.g., Blue Cross/Blue Shield, Kaiser, HMO; IRS/state tax forms; marriage certificate/license; medical records from doctor/hospital; military dependent ID; military discharge/separation papers; gun permit; pilot's license; school record/transcript (must be certified); Social</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➢ SSN required if applicant is eligible for one. ➢ The Division of Motor Vehicles (DMV) issued emergency regulations in March 2002 that require applicants for a license or ID card to demonstrate lawful presence. ➢ The American Civil Liberties Union sent a letter to the DMV in October 2002 asking the agency to stop enforcing the emergency regulations because they are no longer valid (the regulations were effective for 120 days and renewable for 60 days). The agency continues to enforce the regulations despite their having expired.

ABBREVIATIONS: CIS U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services • DL driver's license • DMV: Dept. of Motor Vehicles • DOB: date of birth • ID identification • IJ: immigration judge • INS: Immigration and Naturalization Service • IRS: U.S. Internal Revenue Service • ITIN: Individual Tax Identification Number • LPR: lawful permanent resident • SAVE: Systematic Alien Verification for Entitlements • SSA: Social Security Administration • SSN: Social Security number

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STATE	SSN REQUIREMENT?	LAWFUL PRESENCE REQUIREMENT?	ACCEPTABLE DOCUMENTS TO PROVE AGE, IDENTITY, RESIDENCY, LAWFUL PRESENCE AND SSN	COMMENTS & EXCEPTIONS TO RULES
			Security card (metal card is not acceptable); Social Insurance card (Canadian residents only); student ID card with photo; vehicle title (vehicle registration not acceptable); welfare card; prison release document. Proof of residency (must bear name and address). Utility bills; hospital insurance card; auto or life insurance policies; W-2 or filed tax forms; voter registration card; bank account records; credit card statements; employment records; DMV computer records; rental agreements.	
★ DC	Yes	Yes (See comments)	Applicants must present one of the following documents: State-certified U.S. birth certificate or birth registration card; DC driver's license, learner's permit, or nondriver's ID card, which has not been expired for more than five years; driver's license, learner's permit, or nondriver's ID issued by another U.S. state or jurisdiction, which has not been expired for more than one year; U.S. passport that has not been expired for more than one year. Applicants who do not have any of the above documents must present two of the following, one of which must bear the applicant's DOB: Certified copy of high school records from a U.S. jurisdiction or territory; valid Form IAP-66 (Certificate of Eligibility for Exchange Visitor Status); U.S. military discharge papers (DD-214); U.S. military ID; health insurance card or policy stating applicant's full name, DOB, and SSN; valid college or university photo ID; original certified marriage certificate. Proof of DC residency. Complete utility bill showing applicant's name at current address, issued within the last 60 days; original lease or rental agreement with the name of the applicant listed as the lessee or renter (may include handwritten leases if notarized by lessee or authorized representative from a leasing company); voter registration card or certified voter registration application; written statement from a person owning the residence or residing with the applicant at the stated residence and a complete utility bill of that person and a copy of that person's valid DC driver's license or nondriver's ID card; deed, settlement agreement, or homestead exemption certificate; letter (on letterhead) from halfway house or shelter specifying that the applicant resides at that location. If the applicant is 16 or 17 years of age, the required notarized parental consent form will be accepted if accompanied by proper proof of DC residency of the parent or legal guardian.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Lawful presence requirement is specified in neither a law nor regulation, but the combination of documents required creates a lawful presence requirement. ➤ DL expires when immigration document expires.
★ FL	Yes (w/exception)	Yes	Applicant must present proof of identification, date of birth and lawful presence. Immigrants must present: I-551 stamp in passport or on I-94 (Arrival/Departure Record); or Immigration judge's order, with the applicant's A-number, granting asylum, or Form I-797, with the applicant's A-number, stating that the applicant has been granted asylum; or I-797 or another form from CIS, with the applicant's A-number, stating the applicant's application for refugee status is approved. (Note: This list is not exhaustive. A list of all acceptable documents can be found at http://casey.hsmv.state.fl.us/intranet/ddv/MemberSvc/NonImmigClass.html) Nonimmigrants must present: Employment authorization card (Form I-688B or I-766); or proof of nonimmigrant classification provided by the INS or CIS (Form I-94, Arrival/Departure Record, not expired, with required supporting attachment(s)). Any I-94 must be accompanied by a passport. Certain classifications require additional documentation. Some examples are: Persons with F-1 or M-1 visas must also present a Form I-20 (Certificate of Eligibility for Nonimmigrant Student Status); persons with J-1 or J-2 visas must also present a Form IAP-66 (Certificate of Eligibility for Exchange Visitor Status). Persons classified as refugees, asylees, or parolees must present additional documentation. The following documents will be accepted only with a supporting document (including but not limited to a passport, Florida driver's license or ID card, driver's license issued by any other state, employment authorization card, employment ID, ID from home country, ID from school or college, Social Security card, or other INS or CIS document): I-571 (Refugee Travel Document); I-512 (Authorization for Parole of an Alien); Immigration judge's order granting asylum or cancellation of removal. Canadian Citizens. Canadian citizens residing temporarily in the U.S. (i.e., those who do not have lawful permanent resident status) are in "nonimmigrant" status and are allowed to stay in the U.S. without obtaining CIS documentation. Canadians without	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Applicants who have an SSN must present it. ➤ License expires with visa or Immigration document. ➤ Non-U.S. citizens must renew license and change-of-address in person. ➤ Non-U.S. citizens applying for an original driver's license are issued a 30-day, nonphoto, paper temporary permit and a receipt. All records are then examined and run against Florida Dept. of Law Enforcement, FBI, and immigration-related databases. Upon identity and legal status verification, a driver's license is issued within 30 days and mailed to the address on the driver's record. If a problem is detected, a denial-of-issuance letter is mailed to the applicant.

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STATE	SSN REQUIREMENT?	LAWFUL PRESENCE REQUIREMENT?	ACCEPTABLE DOCUMENTS TO PROVE AGE, IDENTITY, RESIDENCY, LAWFUL PRESENCE AND SSN	COMMENTS & EXCEPTIONS TO RULES
			<p>CIS documents must provide proof of their Canadian citizenship by presenting two of the following documents: Canadian passport; Canadian driver's license; original or certified Canadian birth certificate; or Canadian Naturalization Certificate.</p> <p>Note: All required and supporting documents must be original or certified and be valid for more than 30 days from the date of issuance.</p>	
GA	Yes (w/exception)	Yes	<p>Applicants must present proof of identity, state residency, and lawful presence. Non-U.S. citizens must present one document each from Tier 1 and Tier 2.</p> <p>Tier 1 (document must be an original or certified copy). Original state-issued birth certificate (hospital birth certificates are not acceptable); certified copy of birth certificate (issued by vital statistics department, with affixed seal); certificate of birth registration; certified copy of court records (adoption, name change, or sex change); certified naturalization records; immigration ID card; valid passport.</p> <p>Tier 2. If the identification document presented indicates that the individual is a non-U.S. citizen, a valid INS or CIS document must be presented. Dept. of Motor Vehicle Safety examiners currently accept any INS or CIS document that indicates the individual is currently authorized to be present in the United States.</p> <p>Proof of residency. Utility bill with valid Georgia residence address; bank statement with valid Georgia residence address; rental contracts and or receipts; employee verification; Georgia license issued to parent, guardian or spouse.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Applicants without an SSN must present Form SSAL686 from the SSA. ➤ Documents presented must be either in English or translated into English by a translator approved by the Dept. of Motor Vehicle Safety.
HI	Yes (w/exception)	No	<p>Applicants must present proof of name and age. Documents such as a valid DL, birth certificate, military ID, "along with other supporting documents," are accepted.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ SSN required if applicant is eligible for one. Applicants ineligible for an SSN must present a letter from the SSA stating that the applicant is ineligible for an SSN and a government-issued photo ID or other ID deemed acceptable by the DMV director.
ID	Yes (w/exception)	Yes (See comments)	<p>Applicants must present proof of state residency, age and identity, and lawful presence (if the applicant does not have an SSN). Applicants must present 2 documents from the list of primary and secondary documents (at least 1 of the documents must be from the list of primary documents, and at least 1 must contain a photo).</p> <p>Primary documents. State DL or ID card with photo, not expired for more than one year; Idaho DL or ID card not expired for more than five years; certified original or abstract birth certificate; valid INS or CIS card; U.S. military photo ID card; valid passport with U.S. visa; Idaho concealed weapons permit not expired for more than one year; pilot's license with photo, not expired more than one year; Veterans Universal Access card (with photo); and Native American tribal photo ID card.</p> <p>Secondary documents. State DL or ID card with photo, expired for more than 1 year; U.S. military discharge paper (Form DD-214); certified marriage certificate meeting ID standards with seal and document number showing that it was recorded; certified divorce document from a court or state vital statistics department; original naturalization/citizenship document; guardianship or custody documents (notarized or court-certified); certified court name-change document; school transcript; home school document; junior or senior high school (but not college or university) photo activity card; school, college, or military yearbook/annual; printed photo directory of a religious organization; newspaper clipping with photo and name (if applicant can be identified in photo); unexpired Salt Lake City Mexican Consulate-issued photo ID card that is valid for five years from date of issue; verified photo work ID card (accepted at county discretion); ID automobile dealer/salesman photo ID card; Idaho Dept. of Corrections photo ID card; and Idaho Dept. of Juvenile Corrections photo ID card.</p> <p>Proof of Residency. Acceptable documents include leases, rental agreements, utility bills, employment records, school enrollment records, etc. The home address cannot be the applicant's workplace, vacation residence, or part-time residence.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ If applicant has no SSN, s/he must: (1) present written verification from the SSA that s/he has not been assigned an SSN; (2) submit a birth certificate, passport, or other documentary evidence issued by an entity other than a state or the U.S.; and (3) submit such proof as the Division of Motor Vehicles may require that s/he is lawfully present in the U.S. ➤ Applicants with a non-U.S. DL or ID card may be required to provide additional documents. ➤ Non-English documents must be accompanied by an acceptable (as determined by the examiner or the Idaho Transportation Dept.) English-language document or an acceptable translation.

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STATE	SSN REQUIREMENT?	LAWFUL PRESENCE REQUIREMENT?	ACCEPTABLE DOCUMENTS TO PROVE AGE, IDENTITY, RESIDENCY, LAWFUL PRESENCE AND SSN	COMMENTS & EXCEPTIONS TO RULES
IL	Yes (w/exception)	Yes (See comments)	<p>New applicants must present one document from each of the four categories listed below.</p> <p>Signature. Cancelled check (within 90 days); major credit card; government ID card; Cooperative Driver Testing Program (CDTP) certification form; driver education certificate; current Illinois DL; court order; government driver's license; immigration-related Forms I-551, I-688, I-688A, I-688B, I-766, or I-94; Medicare card with suffix A, J, H, M or T; US military DL; US military ID card; military service record (DD-214); mortgage or installment loan document; current out-of-state DL or ID card; U.S. or foreign passport; Social Security card.</p> <p>Proof of DOB. Adoption records; birth certificate (original or certified by a board of health or bureau of vital statistics within the U.S., or by the U.S. State Dept., U.S. territory, or Canada); court order regarding change of birth date; official grade/high school transcript; current Illinois DL or ID card; immigration-related Forms I-551, I-688, I-688A, I-688B, I-766, or I-94; U.S. military driver's license; military ID card; military service record (DD-214); naturalization certificate; U.S. or foreign passport; SSA award letter.</p> <p>SSN. Illinois DL record; Illinois ID card record; military DL; military ID card; US, military service record (DD-214); SSA award letter; social security card issued by the SSA.</p> <p>Residency/personal data. Examples include utility bill, vehicle registration card, and voter registration card. Current forms of ID with an Illinois street address that do not appear on the list of unacceptable ID may also be used to verify residency. Any document listed in the first three categories, above, and other forms of ID not listed as unacceptable may be used to verify personal data. (For a list of unacceptable ID documents, see the Illinois Driver Services Dept. Web site: www.cyberdrveillinois.com/departments/drivers/acceptable_id.html.)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Effective Jan. 1, 2005, the Illinois secretary of state (SOS) may issue a temporary visitor DL to a noncitizen who (1) resides in the state, (2) is ineligible to obtain an SSN, and (3) presents proof of lawful presence. ➤ A temporary DL is valid for 3 years or for the time that the person is authorized to remain in the U.S. ➤ The SOS will adopt rules regarding the design and content of the temporary DL.
IN	Yes (w/exception)	Yes (see comments)	<p>Applicants must present proof of identity and state residency. An applicant must present 1 primary document, 1 proof of Social Security number (SSN), 1 secondary document, and 1 proof of Indiana residency document; or 2 primary documents, 1 proof of SSN, and 1 proof of Indiana residency document. (Presenting a primary or secondary document may also establish the applicant's Indiana residency as long as the applicant's name and correct address are shown on the document).</p> <p>Primary documents. U.S. birth certificate, with stamp or seal, issued by one of the following: county department or county board of health vital records/statistics division of the applicant's state of birth; state department or state board of health vital records/statistics division of the applicant's state of birth; the U.S. State Dept.; or a U.S. territory (American Samoa, Guam, Puerto Rico, or Virgin Islands) (translation may be required); certificate of report of birth abroad of U.S. citizen (DS-1350); U.S. consular report of birth (FS-240); U.S. certificate of naturalization/citizenship; valid U.S. military/merchant marine photo ID; valid U.S. passport. Acceptable immigration-related documentation includes the following: Valid foreign passport with visa that includes valid I-94 (Arrival/Departure Record) in passport indicating duration of stay in the U.S. (because Canadians are not required to have a visa in their passports when entering the U.S., they are exempt from this requirement); employment authorization card (I-688B or I-766); I-94 (Arrival/Departure Record) stamped "Section 207" refugee status; I-94 stamped "Section 208" asylum status; permanent resident card (I-551); temporary I-551 stamp; temporary resident card (I-688); Reentry Permit (I-327); Refugee Travel Document (I-571); and other INS or CIS documentation subject to Bureau of Motor Vehicles Driver Services approval. Note: Out-of-country licenses no longer accepted as ID or proof of driving experience.</p> <p>Secondary documentation. Bank statement; certified academic transcript; confirmation of registration letter from an educational institution; court documentation with stamp or seal in applicant's name; foreign consulate-issued ID card; government-issued license or ID card; Hoosier RX Plan card with imprinted name; Indiana county pre-sentence investigation report with clerk stamp or seal; Indiana gun permit (valid); Indiana probation photo ID card; Indiana professional/occupational license (valid); Indiana BMV title application with BMV valid stamp; Indiana BMV title or registration (valid); insurance card; letter from probation officer or county caseworker on letterhead stationery, certified with court or county stamp or seal with the applicant's name and signature of</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Lawful presence and SSN requirement implemented administratively on July 15, 2002. A class action lawsuit challenges that the rule was implemented without going through the required rulemaking process. The suit—<i>Roe v. Coleman</i>, Marion County Superior Court, Indiana—is still pending. ➤ Agency affidavit may be accepted from applicants who have never been issued an SSN. ➤ An applicant submitting valid INS or CIS documentation who does not already have a valid license from another U.S. state or territory must first obtain an Indiana learner's permit. The applicant must hold the permit for at least sixty (60) days before being eligible to apply for an Indiana DL.


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			<p>the probation officer; major credit or bank card (MC, VISA, AE, and Discover <i>only</i>) (valid); original out-of-state driver record; out-of-state driver license, ID card or permit with photograph; pay check stub (computer generated); prison release documentation/photo ID; school report card (dated within 12 mos.); school photo ID card; Selective Service acknowledgement card (SSS Form 3A); U.S. divorce decree certified by court of law with stamp or seal; U.S. application of marriage/record of marriage (certified copy; must contain the stamped seal and be signed by the clerk); U.S. district court pre-sentence investigation report with clerk stamp or seal; U.S. military discharge or DD214 separation papers; U.S. Veterans Universal Access ID card with photo, W-2 form (federal or state) or 1099 federal tax form.</p> <p>Proof of Indiana residency. Any document from the list of "primary documents" or "secondary documentation," above, may be used as proof of Indiana residency, as long as the document contains the applicant's name and residential address. For purposes of this policy, a post office box is not an acceptable residential address. Examples of proof of residency include, but are not limited to, the following: child support check from Indiana Family and Social Services Administration, with name and address of the applicant attached; change of address confirmation form (CNL107) from U.S. Postal Service listing old and new address; current bill, or benefit statement (within 60 days of issuance); Indiana DL, ID card, or permit with photo; Indiana property deed or tax assessment; Indiana surveyor report; Indiana residency affidavit; or voter registration card.</p> <p>Proof of SSN. For issuance of new DL or learner's permit, applicant must provide proof of his/her SSN. If applicant's SSN is already listed on the Bureau of Motor Vehicles (BMV) file, only verbal verification is required. Metal or plastic "replicas" of a Social Security card are not accepted. Acceptable SSN verification: Social Security card; NUMI Report (stamped and issued from SSA office in Baltimore, MD, in applicant's name); letter signed and stamped from an Indiana SSA district office in applicant's name; valid U.S. military ID card; and BMV Social Security affidavit (only to be used by applicant attesting that he/she has never been issued an SSN).</p>	
<p>★ IA</p>	<p>Yes (w/exception)</p>	<p>Yes (see comments)</p>	<p>Applicants must present proof of identity, age, state residency, and lawful presence.</p> <p>Primary documents. Photo DL or a certified copy of a DL that is valid or has not been expired more than one year; photo ID card or certified copy of the card issued from the same state agency that issues DLs and that has not been expired more than one year (some states excepted); original or certified copy of U.S. or Canadian birth certificate that has raised seal and is government-issued (hospital birth certificate is not acceptable); INS or CIS document; court order containing the applicant's full name, DOB, and court seal (abstracts not accepted); military ID card (dependent ID card not accepted); valid U.S. or Canadian passport or foreign passport with appropriate INS or CIS document; and ID card issued by Canadian Dept. of Indian Affairs (U.S. Bureau of Indian Affairs or tribal ID cards not acceptable).</p> <p>Secondary documents. Any primary document; Bureau of Indian Affairs card; photo DL or photo ID card expired one year or more; court order that does not contain the applicant's DOB but does have full name; foreign birth certificate translated by approved translator; military discharge or separation papers (DD-214); military dependent ID card; employment ID card; health insurance card; IRS or state tax document completed by the governmental agency (W-2, 1040, 1040A, 1040EZ, and related forms completed by taxpayer not acceptable); marriage license or certificate; medical records from doctor or hospital (original or authenticated); gun permit; pilot's license; certified school record or transcript; Social Security card issued by the SSA (metal version of card not acceptable); Canadian Social Insurance card; photo student ID card; vehicle certificate of title (vehicle registration not acceptable); voter registration card; welfare card; prison release document; and certified or notarized affidavit identifying minor child that is personally provided by child's parent or guardian (parent or guardian must provide acceptable proof of his/her identity).</p> <p>Proof of state residency. IA voter registration card; IA vehicle registration certificate; utility bill showing 30 days of residency; statement from an IA financial institution showing 30 days of residency; rental or lease agreement showing 30 days of residency; pay check or pay stub from an IA employer; children's school enrollment papers; documentation showing a filing for homestead or</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Applicants who are "temporary foreign nationals" and are ineligible for an SSN must present CIS documents. ➤ Lawful presence requirement is not in the statute or regulations, but has been implemented by the state agency. ➤ Licenses issued to "foreign nationals who are temporarily present in the country" are limited to the period of time the person is authorized to be in the U.S., not to exceed two years. ➤ A class action lawsuit challenges the requirement that driver's license applicants present proof of lawful presence and an SSN: <i>Sanchez et al. v. Iowa et al.</i>, No. 04-0176 (Supreme Court of Iowa).

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			<p>military tax exemption on property in Iowa. Other items will be reviewed by licensing personnel.</p> <p>Proof of SSN. Only the following documents may be used to verify the applicant's SSN: Social Security card (metal version of the card is not acceptable); previous IA license or ID if it bears the applicant's SSN; IRS or state tax document completed by the appropriate governmental agency (W-2, 1040, 1040A, 1040EZ and related forms completed by the taxpayer are not acceptable); financial statement containing the SSN; payroll stub containing the SSN; and military ID card bearing the SSN.</p>	
KS	Yes (w/exception)	Yes	<p>Applicants must present proof of identity and lawful presence. Non-U.S. citizens must present two documents, one of which must be from the list of documents required of noncitizens.</p> <p>Documents required of non-U.S. citizens (applicant must present one document from list). Valid foreign passport with I-94 (Arrival/Departure Record) or valid "Processed for I-551" stamp; I-94 indicating that bearer has refugee status (passport not required); valid I-551 resident alien/permanent resident card; valid I-688 (temporary resident card with photo); I-688A, I-688B, and I-766 (employment authorization card with photo); valid U.S. military ID (dependent); no border-crosser cards are acceptable.</p> <p>Secondary documents. Certified marriage certificate (U.S., city-, county-, state-, or foreign-issued; translation may be required; no church documents allowed); certified divorce decree, U.S. or foreign, with official signature (translation may be required); certified court order of name change, U.S. or foreign, with official signature (translation may be required); common law certificate signed by both parties and notarized; valid U.S. military ID (active duty, dependent, retired, reserve, and National Guard); Bureau of Indian Affairs tribal ID card; certified court order of adoption; photo DL or ID card issued by a U.S. state (if expired, additional documentation required); valid motor vehicle registration with signature; valid motor vehicle insurance card or policy; Selective Service card with signature; valid life insurance card or policy; valid health insurance card or policy; valid Kansas hunting or fishing license; vehicle title; diploma; professional license; Kansas welfare card with photo and signature; foreign DL (certified translation may be required); parole documents; baptismal certificate; medical records; Kansas voter registration card; church marriage certificate (not accepted to change name); photo DL issued by a U.S. state (if expired over 5 years, additional documentation required); photo ID issued by a U.S. state (if expired, additional documentation required); and foreign birth certificate.</p>	<p>➤ An applicant who does not have an SSN must submit a sworn statement to that effect.</p>
 KY	Yes (w/exception)	Yes	<p>According to a Kentucky Division of Motor Vehicle Licensing official, state documentation requirements are not in writing, but Kentucky uses the American Association of Motor Vehicle Administrators (AAMVA) standards.</p> <p>Non-U.S. citizen lawful permanent residents must present either an I-551 (permanent resident card), a form with a photo of the applicant, or a passport with a photo that is stamped by the INS or CIS as temporary evidence of lawful admission for permanent residence, with an expiration date and employment authorization indicated. Note: Non-U.S. citizens with B-1 or B-2 "visitor" status will not be approved for a Kentucky driver's license or ID.</p> <p>All noncitizens must provide proof of residency in Kentucky. Proof of residency shall include, but is not limited to, a deed or property tax bill, utility agreement or utility bill, or housing agreement.</p>	<p>➤ Applicants without an SSN must provide:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ an ITIN. ▪ a letter from the SSA declining to issue the person an SSN, or ▪ a notarized affidavit from the applicant to the Kentucky Transportation Cabinet swearing that the applicant either does not have an SSN, or refuses to divulge his or her SSN because of his/her religious convictions. <p>➤ With the exception of LPRs, all non-U.S. citizens wishing to apply for a KY DL must submit an application to a Division of Driver Licensing (DDL) regional office. Once the DDL approves the application, the DL will be issued from the circuit court clerk's office in the county where the applicant resides.</p> <p>➤ LPRs may go directly to the circuit court clerk's office for licensing. They must present their permanent</p>

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STATE	SSN REQUIREMENT?	LAWFUL PRESENCE REQUIREMENT?	ACCEPTABLE DOCUMENTS TO PROVE AGE, IDENTITY, RESIDENCY, LAWFUL PRESENCE AND SSN	COMMENTS & EXCEPTIONS TO RULES
				resident card or I-551 with photo issued by the CIS. ➤ License expires when visa expires, or after four years, whichever is sooner. "Special Status Individuals" (asylees, refugees, persons paroled in public interest) will receive a 4-year DL. ➤ College students must present an I-20 form completed by university, along with proof of current academic good standing. J1 exchange visitors must have DS2019. ➤ Applicants on work related Visa (excluding Employment Authorization Cards) must present proof of employment within last 30 days (i.e., payroll check, verification on company letterhead). Spouse of an L-1 must present proof that spouse is employed. ➤ DLs issued by other states accepted only if the bearer is a U.S. citizen.
 LA	Yes (w/exception)	Yes	<p>Applicants must present proof of identity and lawful presence. One primary and two secondary documents, or two primary documents, are required.</p> <p>Primary documents. Certified copy of birth certificate (long form); original birth certificate (need not bear seal); birth registration card or certificate issued by a state or county bureau of vital statistics with raised agency seal; birth card (short form); passport; permanent resident card (I-551 Note: If the photograph on the I-551 was taken prior to the applicant's 14th birthday and the applicant is now over age 14, the applicant must be referred to The Office of Homeland Security for issuance of a new I-551 prior to processing the application.); Refugee Travel Document (I-571), permit to reenter the U.S. (I-327), employment authorization document (I-688B or I-766); Certificate of Naturalization; valid U.S. military ID card, or draft record, or military dependent ID card; current U.S. Coast Guard Merchant Mariner card; certification of birth abroad issued by U.S. Dept. of State; Native American tribal document; Dept. of Public Safety and Corrections prison or parish ID card containing photo, name, race, sex, and DOB.</p> <p>Secondary documents. Out-of-state DL with photo that clearly identifies the bearer (an official copy of the applicant's driving record from the last state to issue him/her a DL will be required if the applicant has lost his/her out-of-state license) (Note: Any non-U.S. DL must be accompanied by proper immigration documents); Social Security card or official written documentation from the SSA verifying SSN or specifying no number has been assigned or the applicant is ineligible for an SSN; out-of-state photo ID card issued by a state DMV; student ID card from a Louisiana college or university when accompanied by a 100% fee-paid receipt for current semester; original adoption papers; original high school, college, or university diploma; original (issued at time of ceremony) or certified copy of marriage license, or marriage certificate from a county, parish, or city in U.S., or original or certified copy of divorce from a county, parish, or city in the U.S.; church baptismal certificate; Louisiana voter registration card; official deeds or title to property in Louisiana, including burial plot deeds, registration, or certificate of title of vehicle in applicant's name; local utility statements showing name and address of individual applying, or receipt showing public utilities have been turned on (statements from a city other than the application city will not be accepted); insurance policy (health, home, life, auto); payroll stubs (must show applicant's SSN; cannot be handwritten stubs); temporary resident card (Form I-688); school yearbook (provided picture clearly identifies applicant); Medicare/Medicaid card or medical eligibility card; prison release documents or letter from probation officer (denote a PEN number (SID) on fly sheet whenever possible); DD-214 (military discharge papers); Selective Service notification to</p>	➤ Applicants not eligible for an SSN must present official documentation from the SSA verifying that no SSN has been assigned to them or that they are ineligible for an SSN. ➤ Temporary licenses are granted to individuals employed in the agriculture industry regardless of their immigration status. Such licenses are good for one year. ➤ Non-U.S. citizen's license expires when his/her visa expires. ➤ Noncitizens must renew licenses in person. ➤ Nonimmigrants (i.e., non-permanent residents) must show upon applying for a Louisiana license or ID card that their I-94 (Arrival/Departure Record) or employment authorization document has at least 180 days of validity remaining.

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STATE	SSN REQUIREMENT?	LAWFUL PRESENCE REQUIREMENT?	ACCEPTABLE DOCUMENTS TO PROVE AGE, IDENTITY, RESIDENCY, LAWFUL PRESENCE AND SSN	COMMENTS & EXCEPTIONS TO RULES
			applicant at his address; original or certified copy of any professional degree, certificate, or license; school records or at least two report cards from separate years; vehicle lien instrument; any government law enforcement officer's ID or badge, if in uniform, a police unit, etc. (private security company guard IDs not accepted); letter of verification/introduction from another state agency responsible for placement of deprived or handicapped persons (i.e., Blind Services); employment ID with photo, provided photo clearly identifies applicant (IDs from major corporations, hospitals, governmental agencies, etc.); ID card issued by federal, state, or local government agency or entity, provided it contains a photo that clearly identifies individual and information such as name, DOB, sex, height, and address; W-2 forms for two years; medical card; certificate from Dept. of Education for driver's education course completion; 6-Hour Pre-licensing Completion Certification; certificate from 36-hour pre-licensing course; original Refugee Resettlement Program letter with color picture of applicant (the color picture will have the agency director's signature across it and a raised agency seal overlapping; such a letter is acceptable for 15 days from its issue date).	
ME	Yes (w/exception)	Yes (see comments)	<p>Acceptable documents. DL; driver's permit; driver education card; Social Security card; passport; birth certificate; military ID card; citizenship papers; dependent ID card; divorce papers; certificate of marriage; baptismal records; court order; school records/transcript (certified); unemployment card; concealed weapons permit; adoption papers.</p> <p>Note: Applicants under the age of 23 must provide proof of age.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➢ SSN not required if applicant is ineligible for one. ➢ Lawful presence requirement is not in the statute, but lawful presence is required by the DMV if the applicant does not have an SSN.
MD	Yes (w/exception)	No	<p>Foreign-born applicants must present 2 documents to prove state residency and 2 primary documents or 1 primary and 2 secondary documents to prove identity. One of the sources of identification must contain the applicant's signature, and 1 must contain the applicant's DOB.</p> <p>Primary sources of identification. Government (U.S. or U.S. territory)-issued original birth certificate or certified copy; Social Security card; valid U.S. passport; valid U.S. military ID card or discharge record (DD-214); Maryland DL; Maryland ID card; out-of-state DL (current or expired); out-of-state ID card (current or expired); certificate of naming from religious institution, such as baptismal certificate; naming certificate issued during first year of life; certified school records; valid out-of-country passport; certificate of U.S. citizenship (Form N-560 or N-561); valid permanent resident card (I-551); valid employment authorization card (I-688A or I-688B); valid employment authorization document (I-766); valid temporary resident card (I-688); Certificate of Naturalization (Form N-550 or N-570), I-94 (Arrival/Departure Record); non-U.S. DL with translation into English (current or expired); international DL (current or expired); and U.S. government DL.</p> <p>Secondary sources of identification. Selective Service card; pistol permit with photo or fingerprint; vehicle registration card or title; voter registration card; document prepared by government agency that contains applicant's signature; utility or telephone bill (in applicant's name); checking or savings account statement; life insurance card or policy (over 3 years old); property tax bill or receipt; mortgage account or proof of homeownership; residential rental contract; canceled; marriage certificate; divorce decree; retail sales/financial institution sales agreement; and in-person identification by the applicant's parent or guardian, except this may not be accepted as the sole proof of age.</p> <p>Proof of residence. Selective Service card; Maryland vehicle registration card or title; voter registration card; utility, telephone or cable bill with <i>postmarked envelope</i>; checking or savings account statement with <i>postmarked envelope</i>; life, car, health or homeowner's insurance card, bill or policy (over 3 years old); property tax bill or receipt; mortgage account or proof of homeownership; residential rental contract; canceled check with imprinted name and address; first class mail from any government agency; major credit card bill with <i>postmarked envelope</i>; installment loan contract from a bank or other financial institution; sales tax or business license; U.S. savings bond; residential service contract (e.g., TV repair, lawn service, or exterminator contract); court order of probation, order of parole, or order of mandatory release; W-2 form not more than 18 months old; pay check/stub with name and address; U.S. mail with forwarding address label; first class mail from any government agency; investment statement with</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➢ Applicants ineligible for an SSN are required to provide a "self certification" stating that the applicant is ineligible for an SSN. ➢ All applicants who present immigration or foreign documents are required to schedule an appointment to take place at one of the few offices designated to handle such applications. ➢ On Sept. 12, 2003, the Maryland attorney general issued a decision that a person's inability to prove lawful presence in the U.S. is not a basis for denying the person a Maryland DL. ➢ Foreign documents or documents issued outside the U.S. may be used as a primary or secondary source of identification if translated into English by a court-certified translator/interpreter or by the embassy of the country in which the document was issued. The original document must accompany the English translation. A translation must be on a document prepared by a certified court translator or on the letterhead of the embassy of the document's country of origin; AND it must contain (1) the typed or printed name of the translator, (2) the translator's telephone number, and (3) his/her signature.



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STATE	SSN REQUIREMENT?	LAWFUL PRESENCE REQUIREMENT?	ACCEPTABLE DOCUMENTS TO PROVE AGE, IDENTITY, RESIDENCY, LAWFUL PRESENCE AND SSN	COMMENTS & EXCEPTIONS TO RULES
			postmarked envelope; retirement plan statement with postmarked envelope; current transcript from an accredited college or university; signed tax return not more than 18 months old; mail, with postmarked envelope, from an accredited college or university. Under certain conditions, the Motor Vehicle Administration will accept certification from a parent, nursing home, or homeless shelter as proof of residence. A post office box number may be used in conjunction with a resident's address if they are in the same zip code area. A post office box or private mail drop address by itself is not acceptable.	
MA	Yes (w/exception)	Yes (see comments)	<p>Applicants must present an SSN or a valid, current U.S. or current non-U.S. passport. They must also present 3 original forms of identification, at least one of which must be from the list of primary documents. Together, the documents must establish the applicant's DOB, signature, and Massachusetts residency.</p> <p>Primary documents. Current or expired U.S. or non-U.S. passport with photo and signature; current or expired Massachusetts firearms permit with photo, signature, and DOB; school yearbook with applicant's photo; certain INS documents; current or expired U.S. military ID (or military dependent) with photo, signature, and DOB; current or expired U.S. Merchant Mariner card with photo, signature, and DOB; current Massachusetts learner's permit or ID card; expired Massachusetts license or ID (not expired for over 1 year); current or expired license (not expired for over 1 year) with photo, signature, and DOB issued by a state, territory, or possession of the U.S., D.C., a province of Canada, or a state of Mexico or the Federal District of Mexico City (a certified copy is acceptable); original birth certificate issued by the U.S. or one of its territories or a copy certified by the agency that issued the original certificate or a copy certified by a Bureau of Vital Statistics or a state Board of Health within the United States (a hospital issued certificate is not acceptable); certified or attested copy of court order of a federal, state, or county court within the U.S. that contains a raised court seal and includes applicant's full name and DOB; original or certified copy of baptismal certificate, provided that the certificate was issued within one year of the applicant's birth in the U.S. (must bear DOB); original letter issued by principal, headmaster, or official keeper of records of Massachusetts school that indicates the applicant is currently a resident student and that includes applicant's name and DOB.</p> <p>Secondary documents. Home mortgage, lease, or loan papers with applicant's name and signature; life insurance papers with applicant's name, signature, and date of signing; U.S. military discharge papers with applicant's name and signature; notarized copy of completed income tax return filed with U.S. Internal Revenue Service or a state revenue department; bank passbook, bank checkbook, or statement with applicant's name and address; original or certified copy of divorce decree; original or certified copy of marriage certificate; original or certified copy of non-U.S. birth certificate; current or expired ID (not expired more than one year) with photo and applicant's signature issued by a U.S. agency, D.C., a state, a municipality, a territory, a possession of the U.S., a province in Canada, or a state in Mexico, including the Federal District of Mexico City; Bureau of Indian Affairs treaty card; utility bill (not more than 60 days old), or property tax or excise tax bill for current or immediately prior year, containing applicant's name and address; cancelled bank check with preprinted address and dated not more than 60 days earlier; original Massachusetts Dept. of Correction discharge or release certificate; current or expired non-U.S. license with applicant's signature; tuition bill or loan coupons with applicant's current address, or an original school transcript with name and address.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ An applicant without an SSN may present written denial from the SSA explaining why he/she isn't eligible for SSN. In this case, the applicant must also provide evidence of an acceptable visa code. A list of acceptable and unacceptable visa classes can be found at http://www.mass.gov/rmv/license/16visacodes.htm. ➤ While the statute does not require lawful presence, documentation requirements create an ad hoc lawful presence requirement. ➤ Non-English documents must be translated.
MI	Yes (w/exception)	No	<p>Applicants must present proof of SSN, name, and DOB. They must present 3 documents, at least one of which must be from the list of primary documents.</p> <p>Primary documents (Primary-group documents must show the applicant's full name and DOB. Expired documents are acceptable if the documents are authentic and still represent the applicant.). U.S. birth certificate (must be certified and cannot be a hospital birth certificate); U.S. military photo ID card; U.S. military dependent ID card; out-of-state or Canadian DL or ID card with photo; U.S. or Canadian passport; permanent resident card (I-551); certificate of naturalization; certificate of U.S. citizenship; employment authorization documents; non-U.S. passport accompanied by English translation.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ SSN not required if person is exempt from obtaining one or, because of his/her religious convictions, is exempt under law from disclosure of his/her SSN. ➤ Applicants that have never been issued an SSN must certify to that fact on an application obtained at a Secretary of State branch office. ➤ Non-English documents must be translated.


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STATE	SSN REQUIREMENT?	LAWFUL PRESENCE REQUIREMENT?	ACCEPTABLE DOCUMENTS TO PROVE AGE, IDENTITY, RESIDENCY, LAWFUL PRESENCE AND SSN	COMMENTS & EXCEPTIONS TO RULES
			<p>Secondary documents. DL from another country accompanied by English translation (international driving permit is not acceptable); birth certificate; marriage license or divorce decree from another country accompanied by English translation; nonimmigrant visa issued by the U.S. State Dept.; vehicle title or registration from Michigan or another state; marriage license from Michigan or another state; divorce decree from Michigan or another state; order for name change from court within U.S.; photo ID card issued by Michigan government agency (prison cards not accepted); certified birth certificate (for child) showing applicant as a parent; Michigan driver education certificate; non-photo out-of-state or Canadian DL; Michigan adoption record; school ID card with photo; school records, diploma, yearbook, etc., from U.S. school, college, or university; U.S. military discharge or separation documents.</p>	
 MN	Yes (w/exception)	Yes	<p>Applicants for a DL or learner's permit may present a Minnesota DL, learner's permit, or state ID card that is current or expired for 5 years or less if it has a photo or, if it does not have a photo, one that has been expired for one year or less. If the applicant does not have one of the items listed above, he or she must present one primary and one secondary document</p> <p>Primary documents. Certified copy of a birth certificate issued by a government bureau of vital statistics or board of health in the U.S., District of Columbia, Guam, Puerto Rico, or the Virgin Islands; Certificate of Birth Abroad (FS-545 or DS-1350) issued by the U.S. State Dept.; Report of Birth Abroad of a United States Citizen (FS-240) issued by a U.S. embassy; certified copy of an adoption certificate from a U.S. court; unexpired active duty or retired military ID card (Form DD-2) issued by the U.S. Defense Dept.; valid, unexpired U.S. passport; valid, unexpired passport from a country other than the U.S. with an unexpired I-551 stamp or an unexpired I-94 (Arrival/Departure Record); a Canadian birth certificate or naturalization certificate with a valid I-94 attached (must be presented with a photo secondary document issued by a Canadian government agency); or one of the following valid, unexpired documents: Certificate of Naturalization (N-550, N-570, or N-578), Certificate of Citizenship (N-560, N-561, or N-645), U.S. citizen ID card (I-179 or I-197), permanent resident or resident alien card (I-551 or I-151), Northern Mariana card (I-873), American Indian card (I-872), employment authorization card with photo (I-688, I-688A, I-688B, or I-766), Reentry Permit (I-327); or Refugee Travel Document (I-571).</p> <p>Secondary documents. A second document from the list of primary documents; photo driver's license, state ID card, or learner's permit issued by a U.S. state other than Minnesota, the District of Columbia, Guam, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, or a Canadian province or territory, and that is current or expired for 5 years or less; certified copy of a U.S. or Canadian court order with full legal name and DOB; employee photo ID card from a government jurisdiction in the U.S. or Canada; certified copy of a birth certificate from a government jurisdiction other than the U.S., the District of Columbia, Guam, Puerto Rico, or the U.S. Virgin Islands; current ID card (DD-1173 or DD-214) issued by the U.S. Defense Dept.; certified copy of a government-issued marriage certificate; unexpired color-photo permit to carry a firearm or concealed weapon, issued by a U.S. police department or sheriff; current pilot's license issued by the Federal Aviation Administration; certified secondary or post-secondary school transcript containing full name and DOB; nonmetal, non-laminated U.S. Social Security card or Canadian Social Insurance card; current secondary school student ID card with student's name, photo, and DOB or unique ID number.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Applicants with no SSN must certify that they do not have an SSN. ➤ Non-U.S. citizens who present documents demonstrating lawful presence and expiring 30 days or more from the date of their application for a DL receive a DL with "status check" printed on it in red ink, as well as the date on which their visa expires. Noncitizens whose documents expire in less than 30 days from the date of the application are ineligible to receive a DL.
 MS	Yes (w/exception)	Yes	<p>Applicants must present their Social Security card, or a printout from SSA, a certified copy of their birth certificate, proof of residency, AND 2 documents from the "primary documents" list OR 1 from the "primary documents" and 1 from the "secondary documents" list.</p> <p>Primary documents. DL (cannot have been expired more than 6 months); certificate of birth (must be original or certified copy, have a raised seal, and be issued by a bureau of vital statistics or state board of health); state-issued ID card (cannot have been expired more than 6 months); INS or CIS documents to be determined; court order (e.g., order regarding an adoption, a name change, etc.; must contain full name and DOB); military ID; valid passport, U.S. or Canadian (if foreign, appropriate INS document</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Non-U.S. citizens without SSN may be issued a DL that is valid for one year. The DL includes the word "non U.S. citizen" on its face and "nontransferable" on the back.

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STATE	SSN REQUIREMENT	LAWFUL PRESENCE REQUIREMENT	ACCEPTABLE DOCUMENTS TO PROVE AGE, IDENTITY, RESIDENCY, LAWFUL PRESENCE AND SSN	COMMENTS & EXCEPTIONS TO RULES
			<p>also required); state-issued learner's permit (cannot be expired more than six months).</p> <p>Secondary documents. Bureau of Indian Affairs card/Indian Treaty card (tribal ID card is <i>not</i> acceptable); court order that does not contain DOB; employment ID card; foreign birth certificate (must be translated by approved translator); health insurance card; IRS/state tax forms (W-2 <i>not</i> acceptable); marriage certificate/license; medical records from doctor or hospital; military dependent ID; military discharge/separation papers; parent/guardian affidavit (must appear in person, prove s/he is the parent or guardian, and submit certified/notarized affidavit; applies only to minors); photo gun permit; pilot's license; school record/transcript (must be certified); Social Security card (metal card is not acceptable); student photo ID card; vehicle title or registration; voter registration card.</p> <p>Proof of residency. Electric bill; water bill; lease or rental agreement; car tag registration receipt; mortgage papers; homestead exemption receipt; bank statement with physical address (no blank checks accepted); notarized employer verification on employer's letterhead, stating applicant's address (must include phone number); Mississippi license issued to parent or legal guardian when applicant is under 21 years of age.</p>	
 <p>MO</p>	<p>Yes (w/exception)</p>	<p>Yes</p>	<p>Applicants must present one primary document and one secondary document.</p> <p>Primary documents. U.S. or Canadian photo DL (includes DL issued by a territory of the U.S. or Canada); U.S. or Canadian photo ID card/nondriver license (includes ID issued by a territory of the U.S. or Canada); microfilm copy or image portfolio of a DL or ID card/nondriver license certified by the issuing agency with an embossed seal of the issuing agency (copy of Missouri image portfolio or license negative obtainable at Motor Vehicle and Drivers' License Fee office); birth certificate (issued in the U.S. or Canada, including their territories; must be original or certified copy, have a seal, and be issued by an authorized government agency such as a bureau of vital statistics or a state board of health; hospital-issued birth certificates and baptismal certificates are <i>not</i> acceptable); immigration status-related documents (must be valid and unexpired) as follows: Certificate of Naturalization (N-550, N-570 or N-578), Certificate of Citizenship (N-560, N-561 or N-645), Northern Marianas card, American Indian card, U.S. citizen ID card (I-179 or I-197), permanent resident card (I-551), temporary resident card (I-688), Arrival/Departure Record (I-94) in a valid non-U.S. passport, valid non-U.S. passport containing an I-551 stamp, U.S. Reentry Permit (I-327), Refugee Travel Document (I-571), employment authorization card (I 688A, I-688B, I-766), Arrival/Departure Record (I-94) stamped "Refugee" (refugee I-94's will likely not be in a foreign passport), Canadian Immigration Record and Visa or Record of Landing (IMM 100), valid U.S. or Canadian passport (including one issued by a territory of the U.S. or Canada); non-U.S. passport accompanied by appropriate INS or CIS document; active duty, retiree or reservist military ID card; learner's permit w/ photo issued by a U.S. or Canadian state, province, or territory.</p> <p>Secondary documents. All primary documents listed above; court order (e.g., relating to adoption, name-change, gender-change, etc.; must contain full name, DOB, and court seal; abstract of criminal or civil conviction <i>not</i> acceptable); immigration-related documents listed under "primary documents," above, that have been expired one year or less; Bureau of Indian Affairs card/Indian Treaty card (tribe-issued cards are <i>not</i> acceptable); employment photo ID card; non-English language birth certificate; health insurance card; IRS or state tax form (W-2 is <i>not</i> acceptable); marriage certificate/license; medical records from doctor or hospital; military dependent ID card; military discharge/separation papers; parent/guardian affidavit (parent/guardian must appear in person, prove his or her identity, and submit a notarized affidavit, Form DOR-4861, regarding the child's identity; affidavit may be submitted only on behalf of a minor); gun permit; pilot's license; school record/transcript that is certified with an embossed seal of the issuing school or dept. of education; Social Security card (metal or laminated card is <i>not</i> acceptable) (NOTE: An SSA printout verifying an SSN also is <i>not</i> acceptable); student photo ID card; vehicle title (vehicle registration is <i>not</i> acceptable); photo public assistance card; prison release documents.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Applicants without an SSN can sign an affidavit stating that they do not have one. ➤ As of July 1, 2005, the Missouri Director of Revenue shall not issue a DL for a period that exceeds the period during which an applicant is authorized to remain in the U.S.



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STATE	SSN REQUIREMENT?	LAWFUL PRESENCE REQUIREMENT?	ACCEPTABLE DOCUMENTS TO PROVE AGE, IDENTITY, RESIDENCY, LAWFUL PRESENCE AND SSN	COMMENTS & EXCEPTIONS TO RULES
MT	Yes (w/exception)	No	<p>Applicants must present proof of identity and state residency. They must present one primary and one secondary document.</p> <p>Primary documents. Color photo DL or ID card, not expired for more than 4 years, issued by U.S. or Canadian jurisdiction; certified copy of birth certificate issued by U.S. or Canadian jurisdiction or by U.S. Dept. of State or U.S. embassy as Report of Birth Abroad of a U.S. Citizen; unexpired passport issued by U.S. Dept. of State or Canadian government; valid unexpired passport issued by jurisdiction other than U.S. or Canada AND either attached I-94 (Arrival/Departure Record) or unexpired resident alien I-551 stamp; one of the following unexpired documents: Certificate of Naturalization, Certificate of Citizenship, Northern Marianas card, American Indian card, U.S. citizen ID card, resident alien card, temporary resident alien card, U.S. Reentry Permit, Refugee Travel Document, employment authorization card, Arrival/Departure Record (I-94) stamped "refugee"; U.S. or Canadian-issued instruction/learner's driving permit or receipt of DL or permit, if current and contains photo of applicant and applicant's DOB; prison inmate ID card issued to applicant by Montana Dept. of Corrections that contains a photo or digitized image of applicant and applicant's DOB; digital ID card issued to applicant by federally recognized Indian tribe whose reservation is located in Montana that contains a digitized image of applicant, applicant's DOB, and tribal enrollment number; emergency ID photo issued and certified by driver licensing authority of U.S. or Canadian jurisdiction that includes applicant's name and DOB.</p> <p>Secondary documents. Second primary document; original U.S. Social Security card or Canadian Social Insurance card; certified copy of marriage certificate or license issued by government jurisdiction; U.S. or Canadian DL or ID card that has been expired for more than one year but not more than five; current U.S. or Canadian government jurisdiction employee photo ID card; U.S. or Canadian DL or ID card that is current but does not have color photo; certified copy of court order or judgment from U.S. or Canadian court of competent jurisdiction containing applicant's full legal name and DOB; any INS or CIS document approved as a primary document, but that has not been expired more than one year; certified copy of birth certificate issued by jurisdiction other than by state, territory or possession of U.S., D.C., or Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or province or territory of Canada; certification of release or discharge issued by U.S. Dept. of Defense; Medicare, Medicaid, or health insurance card with applicant's name and applicant's individual Medicare, Medicaid, or health insurance ID number; unexpired color photo firearm or concealed weapon permit issued by chief of police in an organized, full-time police dept. or by county sheriff in local jurisdiction within U.S.; current pilot's license issued by U.S. Federal Aviation Administration; certified copy of school records or transcript containing applicant's full name and preferably DOB and issued by elementary, secondary, or post-secondary school; certificate of completion of Montana dept.-approved traffic or driver's education course containing applicant's name and DOB; current school photo ID card with student's name and student ID number; certified copy of fax or photocopy of certified copy of birth certificate of applicant's child, if certificate lists applicant's name and DOB as parent.</p> <p>Proof of residency. Any primary or secondary document; a U.S. or Montana Income tax return from the previous year; a Montana voter registration card; a receipt for personal or real property taxes paid within the last year to the state of Montana or a Montana county; a current auto or life insurance policy or statement; a certified copy of school records issued by the school that the applicant is currently attending or that s/he attended within four months of the application; a written statement from the applicant's parent, guardian, or adult child that the applicant resides at the same address as the parent, guardian, or adult child, along with a copy of a document permitted under this rule that evidences the Montana residence address of the parent, guardian or adult child; the original copy of a rental agreement or rent payment receipt signed by the landlord or rental agent that includes the applicant's name and residence address; home mortgage or equity loan papers showing the applicant's name and residence address; any of the following, dated not more than four months prior to application: a payroll check or check stub, a bank statement, a utility bill or utility hook-up order, cancelled mail addressed to the applicant; if the applicant is homeless, a descriptive address of where the applicant actually resides, e.g. "under the west end of the East Street Bridge" (such an applicant must also provide a separate mailing address, as well as a written statement from a social service agency verifying that s/he is homeless).</p>	<p>➤ If ineligible for an SSN, the applicant must submit a letter from the SSA to that effect.</p>

ABBREVIATIONS: CIS U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services • DL driver's license • DMV Dept. of Motor Vehicles • DOB date of birth • ID identification • IJ immigration judge • INS Immigration and Naturalization Service • IRS U.S. Internal Revenue Service • ITIN Individual Tax Identification Number • LPR lawful permanent resident • SAVE Systematic Alien Verification for Entitlements • SSA Social Security Administration • SSN Social Security number

STATE DRIVER'S LICENSE REQUIREMENTS • NILC • DECEMBER 2004 • PAGE 16 OF 31

STATE	SSN REQUIREMENT?	LAWFUL PRESENCE REQUIREMENT?	ACCEPTABLE DOCUMENTS TO PROVE AGE, IDENTITY, RESIDENCY, LAWFUL PRESENCE AND SSN	COMMENTS & EXCEPTIONS TO RULES
NE	Yes (w/exception)	Yes (see comments)	<p>Applicants must present proof of identity. One document from the "primary documents" list is required.</p> <p>Primary documents. Valid Nebraska digital image photo retained in the DMV computer system; certified birth certificate (hospital-issued birth certificates are not accepted); certified birth registration; certified birth certificate of applicant's child; certified birth registration of applicant's child; a valid or expired DL (issued by Nebraska, a U.S. state, or a U.S. territory) or temporary DL containing name and DOB (valid in one state only licenses will not be accepted); a valid or expired commercial DL; a valid Nebraska reinstatement letter; a valid or expired Nebraska employment drive permit; a valid or expired learner's permit, school permit, or provisional operator's permit; a valid or expired Nebraska farm husbandry permit or snowmobile permit; a valid or expired Nebraska state ID card issued after Jan. 1, 1990; valid or expired US passport; valid U.S. military ID card, U.S. military discharge papers or Veterans Universal Access ID card; a draft card issued prior to 1973; certified marriage license; certified divorce decree; certified school records from a grade school or high school; valid resident alien card (I-551); valid I-688 temporary resident card; valid I-94 (Arrival/Departure Record) in a valid foreign passport (an I-94 stamped "refugee" need not be accompanied by a passport; however, visas, or Form I-151, I-94W, or I-94 border-crosser card will not be accepted); valid ADIT stamp reading "processed for I-551 temporary evidence of lawful admission for permanent residence until [DATE]" in a valid foreign passport; valid I-688A employment authorization card (must be accompanied by passport); valid I-688B employment authorization card; valid I-766 employment authorization document; letter from Nebraska Dept. of Health and Human Services (DHHS) showing refugee's name and DOB; a letter from Nebraska DHHS showing a ward of the state's name and DOB; naturalization papers containing name and DOB; certificate of U.S. citizenship containing name and DOB; tribal card; valid Merchant Mariner card; valid Job Corps card, U.S. Consular Report of Birth Abroad (FS240).</p> <p>Secondary documents (can be used with primary documents for ID cards). Original Social Security card; Medicare card that contains SSN followed by letter "A"; certified marriage license containing name; certified divorce decree containing name; valid Mexican consular ID card; valid Nebraska Dept. of Correctional Service released inmate ID card; foreign certified birth certificate; foreign certified birth registration; foreign passport and foreign DL.</p>	<p>➤ Lawful presence requirement is not in the statute, but lawful presence is required by the DMV if the applicant does not have an SSN. Applicants without an SSN must provide a "valid INS I-94 document."</p>
 NV	Yes (w/exception)	Yes (see comments)	<p>Applicants must present proof of identity and SSN (if s/he has been issued one).</p> <p>Proof of identity. U.S. state DL, instruction permit or ID card from accepted states; certified U.S.-issued birth certificate; U.S. passport; U.S. military ID or military Report of Separation (Form DD-214); Certificate of U.S. Citizenship or Naturalization; Certificate of Degree of Indian Blood; Consular Report of Birth Abroad of a U.S. Citizen; permanent or temporary resident card; resident alien card or I-551 receipt; valid foreign passport stamped "Processed for I-551"; Arrival-Departure Record (Form I-94) with visa or passport; Permit to Reenter the U.S.; Refugee Travel Document.</p> <p>Proof of SSN. State license or ID with number listed; Social Security card; U.S. military ID; original military Report of Separation (DD-214); and Social Security benefits documentation.</p>	<p>➤ Applicants who have an SSN must present it.</p> <p>➤ DL expires when immigration document expires.</p> <p>➤ While the statute does not require lawful presence, documentation requirements create an ad hoc lawful presence requirement.</p> <p>➤ ID cards issued as proof of identity by the following states are not accepted: AZ, AK, CA, DC, GA, KS, MA, MT, NE, NM, NC, OK, OR, RI, SC, SD, TX, UT, VT, WA, WV, and WI.</p>
 NH	Yes (w/exception)	Yes	<p>Non-U.S. citizens temporarily residing in NH for the purpose of employment or attending a learning institution must provide ONE of the following: visa for attending a learning institution, visa for employment, or visa including spouse or dependent(s) of the above; ONE of the following: valid I-20 form or valid optical practical training card; and ONE of the following: letter from applicant's employer stating the applicant's term of employment, or letter from the learning institution or employer stating that the applicant is the spouse of a visa-holding student or employee.</p> <p>Noncitizens permanently residing in New Hampshire must provide an SSN card and one of the following: valid permanent resident card; valid I-94 card issued by the CIS indicating refugee status and date of entry into the U.S.; or valid</p>	<p>➤ Non-U.S. citizens permanently residing in NH without an SSN may submit a letter from the SSA verifying that they have not been issued an SSN. Nonresidents living in New Hampshire on a temporary basis to go to school or to work lawfully, or who are relatives of a lawfully present person, may be licensed. Term of license cannot exceed 5 years, and director may require a lesser</p>

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STATE DRIVER'S LICENSE REQUIREMENTS • NILC • DECEMBER 2004 • PAGE 17 OF 31

STATE	SSN REQUIREMENT?	LAWFUL PRESENCE REQUIREMENT?	ACCEPTABLE DOCUMENTS TO PROVE AGE, IDENTITY, RESIDENCY, LAWFUL PRESENCE AND SSN	COMMENTS & EXCEPTIONS TO RULES
			<p>employment authorization card indicating authorization to reside in the U.S. pending permanent resident status; and proof of residency.</p> <p>Proof of residency. Valid vehicle registration; current gas bill in the applicant's name; current electric bill in the applicant's name; current water and sewer bill in the applicant's name; New Hampshire resident hunting and/or fishing license in the applicant's name; or marriage certificate and one of the above residency-proving documents in the name of the spouse who is listed on the marriage certificate.</p>	<p>term, as well as a certified driving record from foreign country.</p> <p>➤ Administrative rule requires that all non-U.S. citizens go to Concord DMV office to have documentation reviewed.</p>
NJ	Yes (w/exception)	Yes	<p>Applicants must present proof of identity, age, residency, and lawful presence.</p> <p>ID verification. Applicants will be required to prove their identity through a prescribed combination of documents. Each type is assigned a point value, and the total value of all documents presented must be at least six points.</p> <p>Primary documents. Non-U.S. citizens must submit at least one of the following primary documents:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Primary documents worth 4 points each – Current alien registration card (new Form I-551) with expiration date, including verification from INS or CIS; foreign passport with INS or CIS verification and with valid Form I-94 (Arrival/Departure Record) or valid I-551 stamp in passport; Refugee Travel Document (Form I-571); U.S. Reentry Permit (Form I-327); valid I-94 stamped "Refugee," "Parolee," "Asylee," or "Notice of Action" (Form I-797 approved petition) by INS or CIS; valid I-94 with attached photo, stamped "Processed for I-551..." by INS or CIS. • Primary documents worth 3 points each – Recent photo employment authorization card (Form I-688B or I-766) (must be presented with a valid Social Security card). • Primary document worth 2 points – Photo temporary resident card (Form I-688) with expiration date, including verification from INS or CIS. <p>Secondary documents. Non-U.S. citizens must submit at least one of the following secondary documents:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Secondary documents worth 3 points each – Legal name change court order signed by a judge or court clerk; civil marriage certificate or divorce decree; current U.S. military dependent card; U.S. military photo retiree card; New Jersey firearm purchaser card. • Secondary documents worth 2 points each – Valid U.S. government employee DL; valid U.S. government employee photo ID card; U.S. military discharge papers (DD-214); Federal Aviation Administration-issued pilot's license; U.S. school photo ID card with transcript or school records; U.S. college photo ID card with transcript. • Secondary documents worth 1 point each – State professional license; New Jersey public assistance card with photo; Social Security card; high school diploma or general equivalency diploma; bank statement/record (cannot be submitted in conjunction with an ATM card); ATM card with preprinted name and applicant's signature (cannot be submitted in conjunction with a bank statement); current health insurance card, or current prescription card, or current employee ID card with printed pay stub; property tax statement, bill or receipt issued by a New Jersey municipality; high school certificate (written test waiver); Veterans Universal Access photo ID card; current New Jersey nondigital photo DL; current photo DL from any other state of the U.S., including the District of Columbia. <p>Note: The following people with temporary visa status may apply for a New Jersey DL: Treaty traders; students and their families; temporary workers, accompanying spouses and minor children; foreign information representatives and their families; exchange visitors and their families; fiancés of U.S. citizens, and their children; intra-company transfers, accompanying spouses and minor children; students in nonacademic and vocational schools and their family members; persons with temporary protection from deportation; Canadians who are temporarily U.S. residents; religious ministers and spouses; parents of U.S. citizens; international athletes or members of entertainment groups; and persons in a reciprocal exchange program. Students and their families on an F visa</p>	<p>➤ Individuals who are not entitled by law to have an SSN must submit an ineligibility letter issued by the SSA and the Social Security Exemption Certificate Form (BA-4) available at any Motor Vehicle Commission office or Regional Service Center Driver Conference Area.</p> <p>➤ DL expires when visa expires.</p> <p>➤ U.S. citizens, green card-holders, or those with a passport bearing an I-551 stamp may go to a Motor Vehicle Commission office to obtain an examination permit. Customers presenting any other foreign or INS/CIS ID document must go to the Regional Service Center.</p> <p>➤ DLs issued to noncitizens (excluding LPRs) have "temporary visitor status" printed on the DL document.</p>

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Alaska State Legislature

Chairman
State Affairs Committee

Member
Judiciary Committee
Energy Special Committee
Joint Armed Services Special Committee
Military and Veterans' Affairs Committee

Finance Subcommittees
Administration
Corrections
Military and Veterans' Affairs



A Communication From
REPRESENTATIVE BOB LYNN
District 31 Anchorage

E-Mail: Representative_Bob_Lynn@legis.state.ak.us
"Bob Lynn's Alaska Blog" RepBobLynnBlog.com

Session:
Alaska State Capitol #108
Juneau, AK 99801-1182

Phone: (907) 465-4931
Fax: (907) 465-4316
Toll Free: (800) 870-4391

Interim:
716 W. 4th Ave., #650
Anchorage, AK 99501-2133

Phone: (907) 269-0205
Fax: (907) 269-0207

March 9, 2011

To: Senator Bill Wielechowski, Chair
Senate State Affairs Committee

Fr: Representative Bob Lynn

Handwritten signature of Bob Lynn, consisting of the letters "BL" in a stylized cursive font.

Re: HB 3 (Version 27-LS0010\X) Issuance of Driver's Licenses

I am requesting a hearing for HB 3, "*An Act relating to issuance of driver's licenses*" at your earliest convenience.

I have attached supporting documentation.

The House State Affairs Committee heard the bill, and moved CS HB 3(STA) out of committee unanimously. CS HB 3(STA) moved out of the House Finance Committee unchanged. HB 3 passed the House of Representatives on a vote of 33 yeas, 2 nays.

Any questions or concerns can be directed to my staffer, Thomas Reiker, at 465-4965 or thomas_reiker@legis.state.ak.us.

Thank you in advance for your consideration.

Sincerely,

Representative Bob Lynn

Alaska Immigration Justice Project



The Honorable Bill Wielechowski, Chair
The Honorable Joe Paskvan, Vice-Chair
Senate State Affairs Committee
Alaska State Senate
Juneau, AK 99801

April 5, 2011

via email: [Senator Bill Wielechowski@legis.state.ak.us](mailto:Senator_Bill_Wielechowski@legis.state.ak.us)
[Senator Joe Paskvan@legis.state.ak.us](mailto:Senator_Joe_Paskvan@legis.state.ak.us)

Re: HB 3

Dear Senator Wielechowski and Senator Paskvan:

Thank you for the opportunity to submit written testimony regarding Committee Substitute (State Affairs) for House Bill 3 (CS-HB3), Relating to Issuance of Driver's Licenses.

The Alaska Immigration Justice Project (AIJP) is the only agency in Alaska that provides legal services to Alaska's immigrant and refugee population. AIJP works with approximately 250 immigrant victims of domestic violence and sexual assault annually. Similarly, AIJP trains bilingual Alaskans to be professional interpreters in Alaska Native and foreign languages. I am writing to you because HB 3 will negatively impact the state for several reasons.

First, the legislation is overbroad and reaches into fields of law that are exclusively the province of the federal government. As the bill is written, United States citizens arguably fall within the group of people to whom this new one-year period applies because US Citizens are in the United States on an indefinite basis. Clearly, this is not the intended result. Similarly, the bill's language lacks any connection with any immigration status defined in the U.S. Immigration & Nationality Act. This presents tremendous problems for front-line DMV employees who will no longer be able rely on federal definitions to understand the differences in immigration statuses. In addition, HB 3 represents an effort by the state to divert into policy arenas that are properly reserved exclusively to the plenary power of the U.S. Congress. **HB 3 overreaches, it is overbroad and it is poorly drafted.** The result will be that, if enacted, this bill will be almost impossible to administer, and will likely subject the state to litigation in an effort to clarify the authority, purpose, intent and application of this statute.

Second, the legislation will harm immigrant victims of domestic violence. Immigration status is one of the most powerful tools that an abusive US citizen spouse can use to make sure their immigrant spouse does not seek safety and protection. The legislation

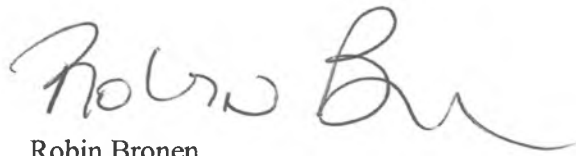
431 West 7th Ave., Suite 208, Anchorage, Alaska 99501
(907) 279-AIJP (2457) Fax (907) 279-2450

creates unnecessary barriers that will further entrap immigrant domestic violence victims. As you know, we can ill afford to exacerbate conditions that perpetuate domestic violence during a time in our state's history when we are devoting so many of our resources to counter this epidemic. **HB 3 undermines any progress that will be made in combating the horrors of domestic violence and sexual assault in our state.**

Finally, HB 3 undermines public safety. By refusing to license drivers, Alaska will have more unlicensed drivers on the road placing the public at risk.

Thank you for the opportunity to share our concerns.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "Robin Bronen".

Robin Bronen
Executive Director

Michelle Sydeman

From: ACLU of Alaska [akclu@akclu.org] on behalf of John Breiby [jbreiby@mtaonline.net]
Sent: Tuesday, April 05, 2011 10:44 PM
To: Sen. Bill Wielechowski
Subject: Stop HB 3 I don't want unfair treatment of lawful immigrants

Apr 6, 2011

Senator Bill Wielechowski
State Capitol, Room 101
120 4th Street
Juneau, AK 99801-1182

Dear Senator Wielechowski,

Please OPPOSE HB 3.

House Bill 3 invites racial profiling and unfair treatment of immigrants. It would unconstitutionally deny legal immigrants equal treatment in issuance of drivers' licenses.

HB 3 also threatens public safety by intruding federal immigration issues into state DMV driver and road safety functions. When there are already long lines at the DMV, we do not need a legislation that would require state employees to become experts in complex immigration rules and forms.

I don't want Alaska's DMV unfairly singling out persons of color for reasons that have nothing to do with safe driving.

Sincerely,

Mr. John Breiby
5280 E McDowell Rd
Wasilla, AK 99654-9034

Michelle Sydeman

From: ACLU of Alaska [akclu@akclu.org] on behalf of Carmen Hernandez Alonzo [mackieblack@yahoo.com]
Sent: Tuesday, April 05, 2011 8:13 PM
To: Sen. Bill Wielechowski
Subject: Stop HB 3 I don't want unfair treatment of lawful immigrants

Apr 5, 2011

Senator Bill Wielechowski
State Capitol, Room 101
120 4th Street
Juneau, AK 99801-1182

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I don't want Alaska's DMV unfairly singling out persons of color for reasons that have nothing to do with safe driving.

Sincerely,

Ms. Carmen Hernandez Alonzo
1020 Chickadee Loop
Fairbanks, AK 99712-1359

Michelle Sydeman

From: ACLU of Alaska [akclu@akclu.org] on behalf of Hugh Fleischer [hfleisch@aol.com]
Sent: Tuesday, April 05, 2011 7:43 PM
To: Sen. Bill Wielechowski
Subject: Stop HB 3 I don't want unfair treatment of lawful immigrants

Apr 5, 2011

Senator Bill Wielechowski
State Capitol, Room 101
120 4th Street
Juneau, AK 99801-1182

Dear Senator Wielechowski,

Please OPPOSE HB 3.

House Bill 3 invites racial profiling and unfair treatment of immigrants. It would unconstitutionally deny legal immigrants equal treatment in issuance of drivers' licenses.

HB 3 also threatens public safety by intruding federal immigration issues into state DMV driver and road safety functions. When there are already long lines at the DMV, we do not need a legislation that would require state employees to become experts in complex immigration rules and forms. Please vote against HB 3!

I don't want Alaska's DMV unfairly singling out persons of color for reasons that have nothing to do with safe driving.

Sincerely,

Mr. Hugh Fleischer
310 K St Ste 200
Anchorage, AK 99501-2064
(907) 264-6635

Michelle Sydeman

From: ACLU of Alaska [akclu@akclu.org] on behalf of Kathleen King [kingkath1957@yahoo.com]
Sent: Tuesday, April 05, 2011 7:13 PM
To: Sen. Bill Wielechowski
Subject: Stop HB 3 I don't want unfair treatment of lawful immigrants

Apr 5, 2011

Senator Bill Wielechowski
State Capitol, Room 101
120 4th Street
Juneau, AK 99801-1182

Dear Senator Wielechowski,

Please OPPOSE HB 3.

House Bill 3 invites racial profiling and unfair treatment of immigrants. It would unconstitutionally deny legal immigrants equal treatment in issuance of drivers' licenses.

HB 3 also threatens public safety by imposing federal immigration issues into state DMV driver and road safety functions. When there are already long lines at the DMV, we do not need legislation that will require state employees to become experts in complex immigration rules and forms.

I don't want Alaska's DMV unfairly singling out persons of color for reasons that have nothing to do with safe driving.

Sincerely,

Ms. Kathleen King
3826 Galactica Dr
Anchorage, AK 99517-1587

Michelle Sydeman

From: ACLU of Alaska [akclu@akclu.org] on behalf of Katrielle Bruce [klbruce@alaska.edu]
Sent: Tuesday, April 05, 2011 8:43 PM
To: Sen. Bill Wielechowski
Subject: Stop HB 3 I don't want unfair treatment of lawful immigrants

Apr 5, 2011

Senator Bill Wielechowski
State Capitol, Room 101
120 4th Street
Juneau, AK 99801-1182

Dear Senator Wielechowski,

Please OPPOSE HB 3.

House Bill 3 invites racial profiling and unfair treatment of immigrants. It would unconstitutionally deny legal immigrants equal treatment in issuance of drivers' licenses.

HB 3 also threatens public safety by intruding federal immigration issues into state DMV driver and road safety functions. When there are already long lines at the DMV, we do not need a legislation that would require state employees to become experts in complex immigration rules and forms.

I don't want Alaska's DMV unfairly singling out persons of color for reasons that have nothing to do with safe driving.

Sincerely,

Ms. Katrielle Bruce
2521 Tradewind Dr
Anchorage, AK 99516-3404

Michelle Sydeman

From: ACLU of Alaska [akclu@akclu.org] on behalf of Kirk Forest [alaskaforest@live.com]
Sent: Tuesday, April 05, 2011 8:13 PM
To: Sen. Bill Wielechowski
Subject: Stop HB 3 Please stop the unfair treatment of lawful immigrants

Apr 5, 2011

Senator Bill Wielechowski
State Capitol, Room 101
120 4th Street
Juneau, AK 99801-1182

Dear Senator Wielechowski,

Please OPPOSE HB 3.

House Bill 3 invites racial profiling and unfair treatment of immigrants. It would unconstitutionally deny legal immigrants equal treatment in issuance of drivers' licenses.

HB 3 also threatens public safety by intruding federal immigration issues into state DMV driver and road safety functions. When there are already long lines at the DMV, we do not need a legislation that would require state employees to become experts in complex immigration rules and forms.

States could also use the much needed money these lawful immigrants are paying for the drivers' licenses. Would we as a nation rather have lawful immigrants drive without licenses?

I don't want Alaska's DMV unfairly singling out persons of color for reasons that have nothing to do with safe driving.

Sincerely,

Mr. Kirk Forest
6414 Tolhurst Ct
Anchorage, AK 99504-4450
(907) 529-6014

Michelle Sydeman

From: ACLU of Alaska [akclu@akclu.org] on behalf of Laura Baldwin [meanqueens@yahoo.com]
Sent: Wednesday, April 06, 2011 6:14 AM
To: Sen. Bill Wielechowski
Subject: Stop HB 3 I don't want unfair treatment of lawful immigrants

Apr 6, 2011

Senator Bill Wielechowski
State Capitol, Room 101
120 4th Street
Juneau, AK 99801-1182

Dear Senator Wielechowski,

Please OPPOSE HB 3.

House Bill 3 invites racial profiling and unfair treatment of immigrants. It would unconstitutionally deny legal immigrants equal treatment in issuance of drivers' licenses.

HB 3 also threatens public safety by intruding federal immigration issues into state DMV driver and road safety functions. When there are already long lines at the DMV, we do not need a legislation that would require state employees to become experts in complex immigration rules and forms.

I don't want Alaska's DMV unfairly singling out persons of color for reasons that have nothing to do with safe driving.

Sincerely,

Ms. Laura Baldwin
5800 Lake Otis Pkwy Apt J341
Anchorage, AK 99507-1767

Michelle Sydeman

From: ACLU of Alaska [akclu@akclu.org] on behalf of Lynn Wilbur [kalei.lw@gmail.com]
Sent: Tuesday, April 05, 2011 9:14 PM
To: Sen. Bill Wielechowski
Subject: Stop HB 3 I don't want unfair treatment of lawful immigrants

Apr 6, 2011

Senator Bill Wielechowski
State Capitol, Room 101
120 4th Street
Juneau, AK 99801-1182

Dear Senator Wielechowski,

Please OPPOSE HB 3.

House Bill 3 invites racial profiling and unfair treatment of immigrants. It would unconstitutionally deny legal immigrants equal treatment in issuance of drivers' licenses.

HB 3 also threatens public safety by intruding federal immigration issues into state DMV driver and road safety functions. When there are already long lines at the DMV, we do not need a legislation that would require state employees to become experts in complex immigration rules and forms.

I don't want Alaska's DMV unfairly singling out persons of color for reasons that have nothing to do with safe driving.

Sincerely,

Ms. Lynn Wilbur
617 Katlian St
Sitka, AK 99835-7322

Michelle Sydeman

From: ACLU of Alaska [akclu@akclu.org] on behalf of MONICA KING [akchipko@yahoo.com]
Sent: Tuesday, April 05, 2011 8:13 PM
To: Sen. Bill Wielechowski
Subject: Stop HB 3 I don't want unfair treatment of lawful immigrants

Apr 5, 2011

Senator Bill Wielechowski
State Capitol, Room 101
120 4th Street
Juneau, AK 99801-1182

Dear Senator Wielechowski,

Please OPPOSE HB 3.

House Bill 3 invites racial profiling and unfair treatment of immigrants. It would unconstitutionally deny legal immigrants equal treatment in issuance of drivers' licenses.

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I don't want Alaska's DMV unfairly singling out persons of color for reasons that have nothing to do with safe driving.

Sincerely,

Ms. MONICA KING
PO Box 10187
Fairbanks, AK 99710-0187

Michelle Sydeman

From: ACLU of Alaska [akclu@akclu.org] on behalf of Paul Norwood [norwoodpaul@gmail.com]
Sent: Tuesday, April 05, 2011 7:13 PM
To: Sen. Bill Wielechowski
Subject: Stop HB 3 I don't want unfair treatment of lawful immigrants

Apr 5, 2011

Senator Bill Wielechowski
State Capitol, Room 101
120 4th Street
Juneau, AK 99801-1182

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Please OPPOSE HB 3.

House Bill 3 invites racial profiling and unfair treatment of immigrants. It would unconstitutionally deny legal immigrants equal treatment in issuance of drivers' licenses.

HB 3 also threatens public safety by intruding federal immigration issues into state DMV driver and road safety functions. When there are already long lines at the DMV, we do not need a legislation that would require state employees to become experts in complex immigration rules and forms.

I don't want Alaska's DMV unfairly singling out persons of color for reasons that have nothing to do with safe driving.

Sincerely,

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