

**HJR**

**34**

**ALASKA STATE LEGISLATURE**  
**House of Representatives**

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**SESSION:**  
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**Representative Bob Roses**

email: [Representative\\_Bob\\_Roses@legis.state.ak.us](mailto:Representative_Bob_Roses@legis.state.ak.us)

**Date:** March 10, 2008  
**To:** Senator Hollis French, Chair  
Senate Judiciary Committee  
**From:** Representative Bob Roses  
**Re:** HJR 34

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Bob Roses", with a long horizontal flourish extending to the right.

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I would like to request that you schedule HJR 34 for consideration by the Senate Judiciary Committee.

Enclosed are:

1. The most recent version of the bill
2. Current Sponsor Statement
3. Appropriate backup documentation

Thank you for your consideration of this request. Please contact Crystal Koeneman at 465-4939 in my office if you have any questions or concerns.

# ALASKA STATE LEGISLATURE

## House of Representatives



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### Representative Bob Roses

email: [Representative\\_Bob\\_Roses@legis.state.ak.us](mailto:Representative_Bob_Roses@legis.state.ak.us)

## HJR 34 – FEDERAL FUNDING FOR DNA TESTING

### Sponsor Statement

House Joint Resolution 34 respectfully urges the United States Congress to reauthorize the Debbie Smith DNA Backlog Grant Program.

Originally passed in 2004, the “Debbie Smith Act” ensured that DNA evidence could be used to convict the guilty and free the innocent. Since then, millions of dollars of federal funding have been appropriated under the Debbie Smith DNA Backlog Grant Program to process the thousands of unprocessed DNA evidence kits – including rape kits – across the country.

Currently in Alaska we have about 400 backlogged DNA cases and have been a recipient of the federally funded Debbie Smith Grant program. The program is set to expire in fiscal year 2009, and by reauthorizing this program the grants will continue until FY 2014. I strongly urge your support of HJR 34.

## **Debbie Smith Reauthorization Act of 2008 Introduced; Landmark Law Has Helped Process Thousands of DNA Evidence Kits, Put Rapists Behind Bars**

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<http://www.forensicnursemag.com/>  
Posted on: 01/21/2008

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PDF

WASHINGTON, D.C. –Congresswoman Carolyn B. Maloney (D-NY), House Judiciary Committee Chairman John Conyers (D-MI), and House Judiciary Committee Ranking Member Lamar Smith (R-TX) have introduced "The Debbie Smith Reauthorization Act of 2008," legislation that would extend an important federal DNA backlog processing program through FY 2014.

The original "Debbie Smith Act" was signed into law in 2004 as part of "The Justice for All Act," comprehensive legislation that ensured that DNA evidence could be used to convict the guilty and free the innocent. Since then, millions of dollars of federal funding have been appropriated under the Debbie Smith DNA Backlog Grant Program to process the thousands of unprocessed DNA evidence kits -- including rape kits -- across the country.

"Passing the original Debbie Smith bill was a huge victory for Debbie, and for the thousands of rape survivors like her. Our bill is set to expire soon, but I will not stand by and let rapists roam free while the DNA evidence that could convict them goes unprocessed. Reauthorizing the Debbie Smith Act will ensure we continue to keep rapists off our streets and put them in prison where they belong," said Maloney.

"Congress has a responsibility to ensure justice for rape victims and tough sentences for rapists," stated Smith. "The Debbie Smith Act helps law enforcement officials identify, apprehend and prosecute rapists by reducing the DNA backlog. Debbie Smith's courageous efforts have brought justice to rape victims nationwide. This important legislation protects women by providing federal funding to process the DNA evidence needed to take violent criminals off the streets."

Maloney authored the original "Debbie Smith Act" after rape survivor Debbie Smith testified before the House Government Reform Committee in June 2001 about using DNA evidence to solve rape cases. Debbie Smith was raped near her home in 1989. For six and a half years, she lived in fear that her attacker would return to kill her. Only on the day that Debbie's husband told her that the man who had raped Debbie -- who had been identified because of DNA evidence -- was already in prison, was Debbie able to live without fear.

A bipartisan coalition of members of Congress, organizations, and crime victims like Debbie Smith worked together to pass the original "Debbie Smith Act." The president signed the bill into law just as police in New York State made their first arrest, based on an indictment of a DNA sample ("John Doe"), of a suspect in a sexual assault case from 1996. The bill is set to expire at the end of FY 2009.



**HEART, Inc.**  
Debbie Smith Founder/CEO  
Rob Smith President

P. o. Box 1813 Williamsburg, VA 23185-1813  
E-mail: [rob@heartinc.com](mailto:rob@heartinc.com)  
Office: (804)829-2881  
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January 31, 2008

Honorable Bob Roses  
State Representative  
Room 416  
120 4th St  
Juneau AK 99801-1182

**RE: Resolution urging Congress to reauthorize federal state and local forensic DNA grants**

Dear Representative Roses;

You are probably aware of the incredible improvements made to the criminal justice system through DNA testing of evidence. As a rape survivor whose attacker was identified through a match on the DNA database, I can provide personal testament to the value of this tool. However, the federal funding upon which DNA labs in Alaska rely for assistance with backlog management is in serious jeopardy of elimination unless the US Congress acts in 2008. I hope you will join with legislators throughout the country in passing a Resolution urging Congress to reauthorize funding for the federal DNA backlog grant programs.

In 1989, I was a victim of a horrific rape. Due to a significant DNA backlog, I waited for *nearly seven years* for my rapist to be identified. Thankfully, my attacker was finally caught through DNA testing. But I still live with the pain of knowing that others continue to wait in fear as their attackers remain unidentified, as their cases sit in similar backlogs. I also fear for those who have been wrongfully convicted and await the hope of DNA testing to exonerate them. And I fear the true perpetrator who still roams the streets – free only because we have not allocated enough resources for DNA analysis.

These fears drove me to bring my story to Congress, where we eventually passed the Justice for All Act of 2004. Title II of this bill provides DNA funding to state and local labs for backlogs, and was named the *Debbie Smith Act* in recognition of my efforts. Unfortunately, that program was authorized for only five years. In the last four years, Alaska has received more than \$855,895.00 from these grants to support DNA testing. After 2009, Alaska will have to make up this shortfall from your own budget unless this important federal grant is reauthorized in 2008.

I hope you will recognize the importance of these federal grants – *not only in terms of criminal justice, but also in terms of the potential funding implications for state and local budgets*. I have attached a draft Resolution for your consideration. **Prompt action on this Resolution would send a signal to Congress that fully funding these DNA backlog grants should be a top priority.** Please contact me if I can be of any help in this matter.

Sincerely,

Debbie Smith  
Founder/CEO

DS.cw 10 3494

[Legislation](#) > 2007-2008 (110th Congress) > [H.R. 5057](#)

## H.R. 5057: Debbie Smith Reauthorization Act of 2008

### Bill Status

Introduced: Jan 17, 2008

Sponsor: Rep. Carolyn Maloney [D-NY]

Status: Introduced

[Go to Bill Status Page](#)

You are viewing the following version of this bill:

**Introduced in House:** This is the original text of the bill as it was written by its sponsor and submitted to the House for consideration.

### Text of Legislation

HR 5057 IH

110th CONGRESS

2d Session

H. R. 5057

To reauthorize the Debbie Smith DNA Backlog Grant Program.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

January 17, 2008

Mrs. MALONEY of New York (for herself, Mr. CONYERS, and Mr. SMITH of Texas) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

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A BILL

To reauthorize the Debbie Smith DNA Backlog Grant Program.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the 'Debbie Smith Reauthorization Act of 2008'.

**SEC. 2. REAUTHORIZATION OF THE DEBBIE SMITH DNA BACKLOG GRANT PROGRAM.**

Section 2 of the DNA Analysis Backlog Elimination Act of 2000 (42 U.S.C. 14135) is amended--

(1) in subsection (c)(3)--

(A) by striking subparagraphs (A) through (D);

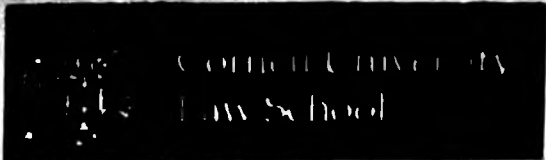
(B) by redesignating subparagraph (E) as subparagraph (A); and

(C) by inserting after subparagraph (A) (as so redesignated) the following new subparagraph:

'(B) For each of the fiscal years 2010 through 2014, not less than 40 percent of the grant amounts shall be awarded for purposes under subsection (a)(2) of this section.'; and

(2) by amending subsection (j) to read as follows:

'(j) Authorization of Appropriations- There are authorized to be appropriated to the Attorney General for grants under subsection (a) of this section \$151,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2009 through 2014.'



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# U.S. Code collection

TITLE 42 > CHAPTER 136 > SUBCHAPTER IX Part A > § 14135

## § 14135. The Debbie Smith DNA Backlog Grant Program

### (a) Authorization of grants

The Attorney General

may make grants to eligible States or units of local government for use by the State or unit of local government for the following purposes:

- (1) To carry out, for inclusion in the Combined DNA Index System of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, DNA analyses of samples collected under applicable legal authority.
- (2) To carry out, for inclusion in such Combined DNA Index System, DNA analyses of samples from crime scenes, including samples from rape kits, samples from other sexual assault evidence, and samples taken in cases without an identified suspect.
- (3) To increase the capacity of laboratories owned by the State or by units of local government to carry out DNA analyses of samples specified in paragraph (1) or (2).
- (4) To collect DNA samples specified in paragraph (1).
- (5) To ensure that DNA testing and analysis of samples from crimes, including sexual assault and other serious violent crimes, are carried out in a timely manner.

### (b) Eligibility

For a State or unit of local government to be eligible to receive a grant under this section, the chief executive officer of the State or unit of local government shall submit to the Attorney General an application in such form and containing such information as the Attorney General may require. The application shall, as required by the Attorney General—

- (1) provide assurances that the State or unit of local government has implemented, or will implement not later than 120 days after the date of such application, a comprehensive plan for the expeditious DNA analysis of samples in accordance with this section;
- (2) include a certification that each DNA analysis carried out under the plan shall be maintained pursuant to the privacy requirements described in section 14132 (b)(3) of this title;
- (3) include a certification that the State or unit of local government has determined, by statute, rule, or regulation, those offenses under State law that

shall be treated for purposes of this section as qualifying State offenses;

(4) specify the allocation that the State or unit of local government shall make, in using grant amounts to carry out DNA analyses of samples, as between samples specified in subsection (a)(1) of this section and samples specified in subsection (a)(2) of this section;

(5) specify that portion of grant amounts that the State or unit of local government shall use for the purpose specified in subsection (a)(3) of this section;

(6) if submitted by a unit of local government, certify that the unit of local government has taken, or is taking, all necessary steps to ensure that it is eligible to include, directly or through a State law enforcement agency, all analyses of samples for which it has requested funding in the Combined DNA Index System; and

(7) specify that portion of grant amounts that the State or unit of local government shall use for the purpose specified in subsection (a)(4) of this section.

**(c) Formula for distribution of grants**

**(1) In general**

The Attorney General shall distribute grant amounts, and establish appropriate grant conditions under this section, in conformity with a formula or formulas that are designed to effectuate a distribution of funds among eligible States and units of local government that—

(A) maximizes the effective utilization of DNA technology to solve crimes and protect public safety; and

(B) allocates grants among eligible entities fairly and efficiently to address jurisdictions in which significant backlogs exist, by considering—

(i) the number of offender and casework samples awaiting DNA analysis in a jurisdiction;

(ii) the population in the jurisdiction; and

(iii) the number of part 1 violent crimes in the jurisdiction.

**(2) Minimum amount**

The Attorney General shall allocate to each State not less than 0.50 percent of the total amount appropriated in a fiscal year for grants under this section, except that the United States Virgin Islands, American Samoa, Guam, and the Northern Mariana Islands shall each be allocated 0.125 percent of the total appropriation.

**(3) Limitation**

Grant amounts distributed under paragraph (1) shall be awarded to conduct DNA analyses of samples from casework or from victims of crime under subsection (a)(2) of this section in accordance with the following limitations:

(A) For fiscal year 2005, not less than 50 percent of the grant amounts shall be awarded for purposes under subsection (a)(2) of this section.

(B) For fiscal year 2006, not less than 50 percent of the grant amounts shall be awarded for purposes under subsection (a)(2) of this section.

(C) For fiscal year 2007, not less than 45 percent of the grant amounts

shall be awarded for purposes under subsection (a)(2) of this section.

(D) For fiscal year 2008, not less than 40 percent of the grant amounts shall be awarded for purposes under subsection (a)(2) of this section.

(E) For fiscal year 2009, not less than 40 percent of the grant amounts shall be awarded for purposes under subsection (a)(2) of this section.

**(d) Analysis of samples**

**(1) In general**

A plan pursuant to subsection (b)(1) of this section shall require that, except as provided in paragraph (3), each DNA analysis be carried out in a laboratory that satisfies quality assurance standards and is—

(A) operated by the State or a unit of local government; or

(B) operated by a private entity pursuant to a contract with the State or a unit of local government.

**(2) Quality assurance standards**

(A) The Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall maintain and make available to States and units of local government a description of quality assurance protocols and practices that the Director considers adequate to assure the quality of a forensic laboratory.

(B) For purposes of this section, a laboratory satisfies quality assurance standards if the laboratory satisfies the quality control requirements described in paragraphs (1) and (2) of section 14132 (b) of this title.

**(3) Use of vouchers or contracts for certain purposes**

**(A) In general**

A grant for the purposes specified in paragraph (1), (2), or (5) of subsection (a) of this section may be made in the form of a voucher or contract for laboratory services, even if the laboratory makes a reasonable profit for the services.

**(B) Redemption**

A voucher or contract under subparagraph (A) may be redeemed at a laboratory operated on a nonprofit or for-profit basis, by a private entity that satisfies quality assurance standards and has been approved by the Attorney General.

**(C) Payments**

The Attorney General may use amounts authorized under subsection (j) of this section to make payments to a laboratory described under subparagraph (B).

**(e) Restrictions on use of funds**

**(1) Nonsupplanting**

Funds made available pursuant to this section shall not be used to supplant State or local government funds, but shall be used to increase the amount of funds that would, in the absence of Federal funds, be made available from State or local government sources for the purposes of this Act.

**(2) Administrative costs**

A State or unit of local government may not use more than 3 percent of the funds it receives from this section for administrative expenses.

**(f) Reports to the Attorney General**

Each State or unit of local government which receives a grant under this section shall submit to the Attorney General, for each year in which funds from a grant received under this section is expended, a report at such time and in such manner as the Attorney General may reasonably require, which contains—

- (1) a summary of the activities carried out under the grant and an assessment of whether such activities are meeting the needs identified in the application; and
- (2) such other information as the Attorney General may require.

**(g) Reports to Congress**

Not later than 90 days after the end of each fiscal year for which grants are made under this section, the Attorney General shall submit to the Congress a report that includes—

- (1) the aggregate amount of grants made under this section to each State or unit of local government for such fiscal year;
- (2) a summary of the information provided by States or units of local government receiving grants under this section; and
- (3) a description of the priorities and plan for awarding grants among eligible States and units of local government, and how such plan will ensure the effective use of DNA technology to solve crimes and protect public safety.

**(h) Expenditure records**

**(1) In general**

Each State or unit of local government which receives a grant under this section shall keep records as the Attorney General may require to facilitate an effective audit of the receipt and use of grant funds received under this section.

**(2) Access**

Each State or unit of local government which receives a grant under this section shall make available, for the purpose of audit and examination, such records as are related to the receipt or use of any such grant.

**(i) Definition**

For purposes of this section, the term "State" means a State of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, American Samoa, Guam, and the Northern Mariana Islands.

**(j) Authorization of appropriations**

Amounts are authorized to be appropriated to the Attorney General for grants under subsection (a) of this section as follows:

- (1) \$151,000,000 for fiscal year 2005;

- (2) \$151,000,000 for fiscal year 2006;
- (3) \$151,000,000 for fiscal year 2007;
- (4) \$151,000,000 for fiscal year 2008; and
- (5) \$151,000,000 for fiscal year 2009.

**(k) Use of funds for accreditation and audits**

The Attorney General may distribute not more than 1 percent of the grant amounts under subsection (j) of this section—

- (1) to States or units of local government to defray the costs incurred by laboratories operated by each such State or unit of local government in preparing for accreditation or reaccreditation;
- (2) in the form of additional grants to States, units of local government, or nonprofit professional organizations of persons actively involved in forensic science and nationally recognized within the forensic science community—
  - (A) to defray the costs of external audits of laboratories operated by such State or unit of local government, which participates in the National DNA Index System, to determine whether the laboratory is in compliance with quality assurance standards;
  - (B) to assess compliance with any plans submitted to the National Institute of Justice, which detail the use of funds received by States or units of local government under this Act; and
  - (C) to support future capacity building efforts; and
- (3) in the form of additional grants to nonprofit professional associations actively involved in forensic science and nationally recognized within the forensic science community to defray the costs of training persons who conduct external audits of laboratories operated by States and units of local government and which participate in the National DNA Index System.

**(l) Use of funds for other forensic sciences**

The Attorney General may award a grant under this section to a State or unit of local government to alleviate a backlog of cases with respect to a forensic science other than DNA analysis if the State or unit of local government—

- (1) certifies to the Attorney General that in such State or unit—
  - (A) all of the purposes set forth in subsection (a) of this section have been met;
  - (B) a significant backlog of casework is not waiting for DNA analysis; and
  - (C) there is no need for significant laboratory equipment, supplies, or additional personnel for timely DNA processing of casework or offender samples; and
- (2) demonstrates to the Attorney General that such State or unit requires assistance in alleviating a backlog of cases involving a forensic science other than DNA analysis.

**(m) External audits and remedial efforts**

In the event that a laboratory operated by a State or unit of local government which has received funds under this Act has undergone an external audit conducted to determine whether the laboratory is in compliance with standards established by the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, and, as a result of such audit, identifies measures to remedy deficiencies with respect to the compliance by the laboratory with such standards, the State or unit of local government shall implement any such remediation as soon as practicable.

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# Alaska

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<b>Statistical Information</b>	<b>Total</b>
Offender Profiles	10,965
Forensic Samples	647
Number of CODIS Labs	1
NDIS Participating Labs	1
Investigations Aided	212

**[Back to Statistical Map](#)**

# sexual assault statistics

According to a study conducted by the National Victim Center, 1.3 women (age 18 and over) in the United States are forcibly raped each minute. That translates to 78 per hour, 1,871 per day, or 683,000 per year. - Rape in America: A Report to the Nation. National Victim Center, 1992.

According to the U.S. Department of Justice, nearly 6 out of 10 rape/sexual assault incidents are reported by victims to have occurred in their own home or at the home of a friend, relative, or neighbor. - Sex Offenses and Offenders: An Analysis of Data on Race and Sexual Assault. Bureau of Statistics, Office of Justice Programs, U.S. Dept. of Justice, 1997.

51% of the sexual assault cases studied in the Women's Safety Project survey were committed against young women between 16 and 21 years. old. - "Sexual Violence in Women's Safety Project, A Community-Based Survey," 1995.

In 29% of rapes, the offender used a weapon. - Violence Against Women. Bureau of Justice Statistics, U.S. Dept of Justice, 1994.

According to the U.S. Department of Justice, an estimated 91% of the victims of rape and sexual assault are female and 9% are male. Nearly 99% of the offenders they described in single-victim incidents are male. - Violence Against Women. Bureau of Justice Statistics, U.S. Dept of Justice, 1994.

Rape or sexual assault was the violent crime least often reported to law enforcement. - Crime Victimization 1999: Changes 1998-99 with Trends 1993-99. National Crime Victimization Survey, Bureau of Justice Statistics, U.S. Dept. of Justice, 2000.

13.3% of college women indicated that they had been forced to have sex in a dating situation. Journal of Interpersonal Violence, I. Johnson & R. Sigler, 2000.

Among developmentally disabled adults as many as 83% of the females and 32% of the males are victims of sexual assault. Sexual Assault Against Women with Disabilities. Disabled Women's Network, 1991.

The National Violence Against Women Survey found that rape is a crime committed primarily against youth. Of the women who reported being raped sometime in their lives, 21.6% were younger than age 12, 32.4% were ages 12 to 17, 29% were

**ages 18 to 24, and 16.6 % were over 25 years old. Thus, 54% of women victims were under age 18 at the time of the first rape and 83% were under the age of 25.** - *Prevalence, Incidence and Consequences of Violence Against Women: Findings from the National Violence Against Women Survey,* National Institute of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, U.S. Dept. of Justice, 1998.

**4 out of 5 students (81%) have experienced some form of sexual harassment during their school years.** - *Prevalence, Incidence and Consequences of Violence Against Women: Findings from the National Violence Against Women Survey,* National Institute of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, U.S. Dept. of Justice, 1998.

**77% of completed rapes are committed by someone who is known to the victim.** - *Bureau of Justice Statistics, U.S. Dept. of Justice.*



**Crystal Koeneman**

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**From:** Collins, Michelle L (DPS) [michelle.collins@alaska.gov]  
**Sent:** Friday, February 15, 2008 10:25 AM  
**To:** Crystal Koeneman  
**Subject:** RE: DNA Backlog Grant Program

Crystal,

They are currently vacant positions that already existed. I absolutely support federal funding for DNA!

Michelle L. Collins  
Criminalist IV, DNA/CODIS Supervisor  
AK State CODIS Administrator  
Alaska Scientific Crime Detection Laboratory  
5500 East Tudor Road  
Anchorage, AK 99507  
907-269-5620 phone  
907-338-6614 fax

**Please note that my e-mail address has changed. My new e-mail address is  
[Michelle.Collins@alaska.gov](mailto:Michelle.Collins@alaska.gov)**

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**From:** Crystal Koeneman [mailto:Crystal\_Koeneman@legis.state.ak.us]  
**Sent:** Friday, February 15, 2008 10:12 AM  
**To:** Collins, Michelle L (DPS)  
**Subject:** RE: DNA Backlog Grant Program

Michelle,

Thank you for getting back to me so quickly!!! I do have a few more questions...when you say that you are preparing to hire 2 more staff...are those currently vacant positions that are needing to be filled, or are they two new positions? Also, I was wondering if you supported HJR 34 - FEDERAL FUNDING FOR DNA TESTING. Please let me know!!! Thank you for your time!!!

*Crystal Koeneman  
Legislative Assistant ~ Rep. Bob Roses  
District 19, Northeast Anchorage, Alaska  
phone 907-465-4939 ~ fax 907-465-2418*

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**From:** Collins, Michelle L (DPS) [mailto:michelle.collins@alaska.gov]  
**Sent:** Friday, February 15, 2008 9:42 AM  
**To:** Crystal Koeneman  
**Subject:** DNA Backlog Grant Program

Crystal,

Alaska currently has about 400 backlogged DNA cases. We currently have only 2 full-time analysts, but are preparing to hire 2 more. I am attaching a spreadsheet summarizing the federal grants we have received in the past few years. If you have any additional questions, feel free to contact me directly.

Thanks,  
Michelle L. Collins

Criminalist IV, DNA/CODIS Supervisor  
AK State CODIS Administrator  
Alaska Scientific Crime Detection Laboratory  
5500 East Tudor Road  
Anchorage, AK 99507  
907-269-5620 phone  
907-338-6614 fax

Please note that my e-mail address has changed. My new e-mail address is  
[Michelle.Collins@alaska.gov](mailto:Michelle.Collins@alaska.gov)

<u>Federal Grant</u>	<u>Period</u>	<u>Purposes</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Notes</u>
2007 DNA Convicted Offender Backlog	10/1/07- 9/30/08	DNA robotic software and in-house analysis supplies	\$ 160,000.00	Active
2006 DNA Convicted Offender Backlog	10/1/06- 9/30/08	Supplies for in-house analysis of convicted offender DNA	\$ 87,500.00	Active
2006 DNA Backlog Reduction	10/1/06- 9/30/08	Permanent Criminalist Salary, DNA supplies, Administrative Expenses	\$ 108,474.00	Active
2006 DNA Capacity Enhancement	10/1/06- 9/30/07	DNA Robots, DNA Microscope, Expert System Software, Onsite DNA staff training, CODIS Server, Workstations, Validation Supplies	\$ 212,026.00	Closed
2005 DNA Capacity Enhancement	10/1/05- 3/31/07	DNA equipment, supplies, Non-permanent Personnel Services for CODIS sample uploading	\$ 181,600.00	Closed
2004 DNA Backlog Reduction	8/1/04 - 7/31/07	Non-perm Criminalist Salary DNA Screening	\$ 194,620.00	Closed