

HJR

2

ALASKA STATE LEGISLATURE

House of Representatives

COMMITTEE ASSIGNMENTS:

LABOR & COMMERCE COMMITTEE, CHAIRMAN
SPECIAL COMMITTEE ON OIL & GAS, MEMBER
JUDICIARY COMMITTEE, MEMBER
CORRECTIONS BUDGET SUBCOMMITTEE, MEMBER
ADMINISTRATION BUDGET SUBCOMMITTEE, MEMBER
HESS BUDGET SUBCOMMITTEE, MEMBER



INTERIM:
716 WEST 4TH AVENUE, SUITE 640
ANCHORAGE, AK 99501
PHONE: (907) 258-8151
FAX: (907) 258-2916

SESSION:
STATE CAPITOL
JUNEAU, AK 99801-1182
PHONE: (907) 465-4968
FAX: (907) 465-2040

Representative Norman Rokeberg

SPONSOR STATEMENT

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION 2 - REPEAL OF REGULATIONS REPRESENTATIVE NORMAN ROKEBERG

House Joint Resolution 2 proposes an amendment to Alaska's Constitution which would allow the legislature to repeal a regulation adopted by a state department or agency. The question of whether or not to adopt this proposal would be placed before Alaskan voters at the next general election (1998).

In many cases, legislative directives are ignored or regulations are created that go far beyond the scope of what the legislature intended. Once regulations go into effect, they have all the force and effect of law. The bureaucracy may, and has, subverted the will of the legislature by creating regulations with different effects and consequences than that intended under the actual law adopted by Alaska's elected representatives.

Currently, the only recourse the legislature has to rogue regulations is to rewrite the entire law which is expensive and time consuming. Under the current system, if a constituent calls with a concern about a particular regulation, a legislator can only respond by rewriting the law instead of reviewing the regulation in question and repealing it if it does not accomplish what the legislature intended.

Over 9,500 pages of regulations are in the Alaska Administrative Code. No elected official voted on these regulations and the public has no one to hold responsible for the bad regulations. It is the legislature's responsibility to make laws -- not the bureaucracy. HJR 2 opens the process to public scrutiny.

This resolution would allow the public to express its view on this matter. The last consideration of this matter by voters was in 1986. While the voters have turned down repeal of regulations three times since 1980, the regulations adopted since that time have become so onerous that it is time to again ask the voters about this process. The repeal of onerous regulations is needed to ensure a healthy environment for resource and other economic development in Alaska.

I urge your support of this resolution.

Ed1:3/6/97

ALASKA STATE LEGISLATURE

House of Representatives

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HESS BUDGET SUBCOMMITTEE, MEMBER



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SESSION:
STATE CAPITOL
JUNEAU, AK 99801-1182
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FAX: (907) 465-2040

Representative Norman Rokeberg

SECTIONAL ANALYSIS HJR 2 - REPEAL OF REGULATIONS By Representative Norman Rokeberg

This resolution proposes an amendment to the Constitution of the State of Alaska relating to repeal of regulations by the legislature.

Section 1: Would amend the Constitution to provide that the Legislature could, by joint resolution, appeal a regulation adopted by a State department or agency. The repeal would be effective 30 days after the passage of the resolution unless otherwise stated in the resolution.

Section 2: Provides that the proposed constitutional amendment would be placed before the Alaskan voters at the next general election, November 1998.

FISCAL NOTE

STATE OF ALASKA
1998 LEGISLATIVE SESSION

BILL NO. HJR2

Revision Date (Note if correction) _____ Dept. Affected Office of the Governor
 Title Const. Amend: Repeal of Regulations BRU Elective Operations
 by Legislature _____ Component Elections
 Sponsor Representatives Rokeberg, James, Kohring
 Requester House Finance Committee Component Serial No. #21

Expenditures/Revenues (Thousands of Dollars)

OPERATING EXPENDITURES	FY 99	FY 00	FY 01	FY 02	FY 03	FY 04
Personal Services						
Travel						
Contractual	3.0					
Supplies						
Equipment						
Land & Structures						
Grants & Claims						
Miscellaneous						
TOTAL OPERATING	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

CAPITAL EXPENDITURES						
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CHANGE IN REVENUES ()						
------------------------	--	--	--	--	--	--

FUND SOURCE (Thousands of Dollars)

1002 Federal Receipts						
1003 GF Match						
1004 GF	3.0					
1005 GF/Program Receipts						
1037 GF/Mental Health						
Other (Specify Type)						
TOTAL	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Estimate of any current year (FY98) cost: _____

POSITIONS

Full-time						
Part-time						
Temporary						

ANALYSIS: (Attach a separate page if necessary)

This figure includes the cost of providing information about this issue in the Official Election Pamphlet, as required by AS 15.58, and the programming costs for counting votes cast on the measure. However, only four measures can be printed on a single ballot card. If this measure requires printing an additional ballot card, the costs will increase by \$56.0.

Prepared by Dana LaTour Phone 465-5347
 Division Division of Elections Date 1/16/98
 Approved by C Lt. Governor Fran Ulmer Date 1/16/98
 Agency Office of the Lieutenant Governor

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NFIB
National Federation of
Independent Business

National Federation of Independent Business

Statement of Support

of HJR 2

A resolution calling for a constitutional amendment to allow the legislature to annul regulations found to be inconsistent with the intent of the law.

February 17, 1996

The Alaska Chapter of the National Federation of Independent Business has 4,400 members, making it the largest small-business advocacy group in the state.

The legislative agenda of NFIB is determined by ballot. The ballot is our poll of members on a series of state legislative and regulatory issues.

The 1996 ballot results showed very strong support for giving the voters the chance to amend the constitution to allow repeal of regulations by the legislature. Following are the ballot results on this issue:

Should the State of Alaska place a proposed constitutional amendment before the voters to decide whether the legislature should be given the authority to repeal regulations found to be improper or inconsistent with the law?

73 % YES

15 % NO

12 % Undecided

NFIB/Alaska urges support for HJR 2.

Submitted by Thyes Shaub on behalf of NFIB/Alaska.

MAR 04 1997



SERVING GENERAL AVIATION 40 YEARS (1951-1991)

U of A Aviation Complex

1515 East 13th Avenue Anchorage, Alaska 99501-4814

(907) 272-1251 — 24 Hour Phone/Fax

FEBRUARY 10, 1997

REP NORMAN ROKEBERG
ALASKA STATE LEGISLATURE
STATE CAPITAL
JUNEAU ALASKA 99801-1182

REF: HJR 2- REPEAL OF REGULATIONS

REPRESENTATIVE ROKEBERG:

I enclose a resolution by the Alaska Airmen's Association supporting HJR 2.

The Alaska Airmen's Association Inc. in concert with the Alaska Air Carriers Association Inc. and the Fairbanks Airmen's Coalition have been fighting the bureaucracy of the Department of Transportation (aviation division) since 1994 on a proposed set of regulations (17 ACC 40 & 45) that are clearly detrimental to the aviation industry and circumvent the intent of the Legislature.

If these regulations become law the losses contemplated for the aviation industry will be crippling and the cost of litigation prohibitive.

The outcry over these regulations was completely ignored by the DOT until our constituency took its case to the Legislature. In 1996 the Alaska Legislature passed HB 543 with only one dissenting vote. HB 543 was an attempt to clarify the intent of the law.

It has been seven months since that legislation passed. The same onerous regulations have been resubmitted with the caveat that they now include new regulations specifically designed to circumvent (not implement) HB543. In the interim the DOT bureaucracy has written new leases based on their proposed regulations while refusing to extend or approve leases based on the existing regulations.

The only recourse of the people of the State of Alaska in the face of a determined bureaucracy like the Department of Transportation is the Legislature. HJR 2 is the only recourse available to the people to maintain for them the checks and balances intended by the State Constitution and prevent professional bureaucrats from subverting the law in their own self interest with self serving regulations.

Page 2.

You can find examples of bad regulations in every venue of Alaska State Government. The proposed regulations 17 ACC 40 & 45 happen to be the aviation community's most obvious and current example. My file alone has filled a dozen storage boxes since 1994 and the most recent outcry during the "public comment period" staged during the 1996 Christmas holidays runs to volumes.

I will only cite one example of issue from 17 ACC 45. Our members file letters are available upon request:

17 ACC 45.210 (a) " a person may not construct, reconstruct ... a private air facility within two miles of a proposed ... highway... without the written approval of the commissioner".

What law has given the Department of Transportation the right to control private property not on or related to a State Airport?

Without the control provided by HJR- 2 which provides for the intercession of The Legislature to balance the over reaching of a willful bureaucracy, the people of the State of Alaska are at the mercy of these tenured appointees. The further irony of this situation is that we (the people) are forced to pay the salaries of our antagonists.

Sincerely



Philip K. Livingston, CCIM

Legislative Chair
Alaska Airmen's Association



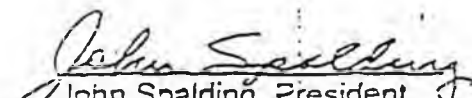
ALASKA AIRMEN'S ASSOCIATION., INC.

RESOLUTION

The Alaska Airmen's Association Inc. hereby resolves it's support for HJR-2, a bill proposed for passage by the 1997 Alaska State Legislature by Representative Norman Rokeberg and Representative Jeannette James to wit

1. The State bureaucracy is empowered to write regulations to implement bills passed by the State Legislature and signed into law by the Governor.
2. The State bureaucracy frequently writes regulations, with or without the active participation of the Governor, that clearly circumvent the intent of the Legislature.
3. In order to maintain the checks and balances required by the Constitution of the State of Alaska, the Legislature must have the right to reject regulations that violate their original intent.
4. Passage of a series of bills to clarify or change the written regulations is costly, time consuming, and requires the support of the Governor who may be a party to circumvention of the legislative intent.
5. A joint resolution of the Legislature to repeal regulations that circumvent their intent is the most efficient and equitable manner in which to rectify the problem and assure the people of Alaska that their best interests are served.

SO RESOLVED THIS 11th DAY OF FEBRUARY 1997


John Spalding, President
Alaska Airmen's Association

SERVING GENERAL AVIATION IN ALASKA SINCE 1951

P.O. Box 241135 Anchorage, Alaska 99524-1185 Tel/Fax 907-272-1251 e-mail airmens@alaska.net

MAR 03 1997

Headquarters:
217 2nd Street, Suite 201
Juneau, Alaska 99801
(907) 586-2323 FAX #63-5515



February 27, 1997

Representative Norman Rokeberg
Alaska State Capitol
Juneau, Alaska 99801-1182

Dear Representative Rokeberg:

Thank you for your letter regarding HJR 2, proposing an amendment to the State Constitution relating to repeal of regulations by the legislature. We are pleased to know that you and Representative James have undertaken this important legislative issue.

Reform of the present regulatory system is one of the highest priorities of the Alaska State Chamber of Commerce. Our resolution on this matter asks the legislature and the administration to create a regulatory and economic environment supportive of business development that encourages businesses to locate and grow in Alaska. ASCC's resolution also asks the legislature and the administration to provide for an effective oversight mechanism to assure that regulations are producing effective results that follow legislative intent.

A common complaint of the business community is that too often regulations ignore or miss the point of the legislation to which the regulations are intended to apply. Presently, the only recourse the legislature has in correcting regulation that is contrary to their intent is to pass further corrective legislation. However, if the administration is supportive of the regulatory intent, rather than the legislative intent, the governor is able to veto the corrective legislation. In this manner, under the present system, the power of the legislative branch can be usurped by the executive branch of government.

Throughout the legislative process the public has opportunity to provide input on the laws under consideration and, therefore, has the opportunity to influence the laws by which they must abide. The regulatory process is not nearly so open or receptive to the thoughts of the public, and regulations are sometimes adopted in spite of public sentiment.

HJR 2 provides the public with the opportunity to express their wishes on this matter by placing it before them on the ballot in the next general election. The Alaska State Chamber fully supports your effort.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Pamela La Bolle". The signature is written in dark ink and is positioned above the typed name and title.

Pamela La Bolle
President

MAR 04 1997



Juneau Chamber of Commerce

February 27, 1997

The Honorable Norman Rokeberg
State Representative
State Capitol
Juneau, AK 99801-1182

Dear Rep. Rokeberg:

Thank you for your inquiry relating to House Joint Resolution No. 2, proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the State of Alaska relating to repeal of regulations by the legislature.

As the Juneau Chamber of Commerce has previously supported similar legislation, the Chamber Board at its meeting on February 18, 1997, reaffirmed its continuing support of legislation proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the State of Alaska for the repeal of regulations by the legislature.

Thank you for the opportunity to comment on proposed legislation.

Sincerely,

Patty Ann Polley
Executive Director



ALASKA MINERS ASSOCIATION, INC.

501 W. Northern Lights Blvd., Suite 203, Anchorage, Alaska 99503 FAX: (907) 278-7897 Telephone: (907) 278-0347

March 5, 1997

Honorable Norm Rokeberg
 Alaska State House of Representatives
 Capitol Building
 Juneau, AK 99801

RE: HJR-2, Repeal of Regulations by the Legislature

Dear Representative Rokeberg,

The Alaska Miners Association wishes to go on record in support of House Joint Resolution 2 relating to the repeal of regulations by the legislature with some changes as described below.

It is our understanding that the purpose of this legislation is to insure that if regulations do not accurately implement the Legislature's intent in passing a statute, the regulations can be repealed, with the result that the agency will have to rewrite them. This approach has several advantages. First, the Legislature, the Administration, and the public would not have to again go through the entire law-making process to address an issue that everyone believed had been settled in a previous Session of the Legislature. A second advantage is that this approach does not infringe on the administrative public process under which the regulations are developed. This approach in effect says, no, these regulations were not our intent, Department of XYZ, go back to the drawing board and develop new regulations on this topic that will satisfy our intent. A third advantage is that the agencies will be more concerned to insure that the regulations accurately implement the statutes.

A potential problem with this approach is that a simple majority in a future legislature could repeal regulations which would cause tremendous uncertainty until new regulations were promulgated. Also, when there is a major high-visibility issue, for example an "Exxon Valdez" incident, there could be a tendency to over-react without allowing sufficient time and perspective to deal properly with an issue.

It appears that some minor changes to HJR-2 could be made that would preserve the advantages of this approach while at the same time minimize the potential problems. One way to accomplish this would be to change Section 1 of the bill to read as follows

with the new material underlined:

"Section 22. Repeal of Regulations. The legislature may, by joint resolution, repeal a regulation adopted by a State department or agency within one year after promulgation of regulations to implement a statute that has become law. The repeal of the regulation..."

There are other ways to accomplish the same thing but this is one approach.

Sincerely,



Steven C. Borell P.E.
Executive Director

cc: Representative Jeannette James



MEMBER STATEWIDE MULTIPLE LISTING SERVICE
MEMBER NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS
MEMBER ALASKA ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS
MEMBER FAIRBANKS BOARD OF REALTORS



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1/29/98

TO: ALL MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE
FROM: VINCE GUZZARDI
RE: HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION 2

OUR COMPANY AND STAFF URGE YOU TO SUPPORT THE PASSAGE OF HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION 2. THE LEGISLATURE SHOULD HAVE THE POWER TO REPEAL ANY REGULATION THAT THEY FEEL IS IMPROPER OR INCONSISTENT WITH THE LAW.

WE ALSO FEEL THAT ANY REGULATION SHOULD HAVE THE APPROVAL OF THE LEGISLATURE **BEFORE** THEY ARE IMPLEMENTED.

GOLDEN NORTH REALTY

VINCENT P. GUZZARDI, BROKER



JAN'S DISTRIBUTING, INC.

Box 140856

Anchorage, Alaska 99514

243-JANS

Fax 243-5744

1-800-478-9898

To: Rep. Rokeberg

From: Jan's Distributing

Date: January 28, 1998

This letter is to inform you that we at Jan's Distributing support House Joint Resolution #2. We urge you to move this out of the committees as quickly as possible. Thank you for taking the time out of your busy schedule to read this letter.

Sincerely,

Bobby Scott
Sales Supervisor

STATE OF ALASKA

DEPARTMENT OF LAW

OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

January 16, 1998

Hon. Mark Hanley
Hon. Gene Therriault
Chairs
House Finance Committee
House of Representatives
State Capitol
Juneau, Alaska 99801

Re: CSHJR 2 (JUD)

Dear Representatives Hanley and Therriault:

CSHJR 2 (JUD) has been referred to the House Finance Committee. This letter is to restate the Department of Law's opposition to CSHJR 2 expressed when the measure was before the House Judiciary Committee.

CSHJR 2 (JUD) is a resolution to place before the voters, for the fourth time, an amendment to the Constitution of the State of Alaska to allow repeal of regulations by resolution of the legislature. If passed by the voters, the amendment would create a new section 22 in Article II of the state constitution to allow the legislature, by joint resolution to repeal a regulation adopted by a state department or agency. The resolution would not be subject to the review, and possible veto, of the governor.

The Department of Law opposes the resolution for the following reasons:

1. The voters of Alaska have already voted down this type of constitutional amendment three times, in the 1980, 1984, and 1986 general elections. Two of those defeats were by margins of four to three and three to two. We assume that the public means what its votes have indicated and that the public prefers the status quo on checks and balances in the development and enforcement of regulations.

2. Under existing law, the legislature has substantial power to guide or limit the adoption of regulations. Initially, the legislature can pass statutes that clearly define the executive branch's rule-making authority. The Administrative Procedure Act requires that a regulation must be consistent with the statute. See AS 44.62.030. The Department of Law makes a legal review for

TONY KNOWLES, GOVERNOR

PLEASE REPLY TO:

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FAX: (907) 276-3697

KEY BANK BUILDING
100 CUSHMAN ST., SUITE 400
FAIRBANKS, ALASKA 99701-4679
PHONE: (907) 451-2811
FAX: (907) 451-2846

P.O. BOX 110300-DIMOND COURT H
JUNEAU, ALASKA 99811-0300
PHONE: (907) 465-3600
FAX: (907) 465-6735

Hon. Mark Hanley
Hon. Gene Therriault
Chairs

January 16, 1998
Page 2

consistency before a regulation is filed by the Office of the Lieutenant Governor. After an executive-branch regulation is adopted, if the legislature believes that the regulations not consistent with the enabling statute, the legislature can amend the statute to clarify its intent. The current system provides the legislature with the power to guide regulations formation.

3. Allowing the legislature to repeal a regulation by resolution would mean a major change in the way law is developed in this state. Regulations have the force of law. Repealing a regulation changes law. The state constitution presently grants the power to the legislature to change law by passing a bill, which is then subject to the governor's review and possible veto. Because the governor cannot veto a resolution, allowing repeal of regulations by resolution would allow the legislature to change law without the action being subject to the governor's review. This is an important change in our constitution's system of checks and balances between the legislative and executive branches.

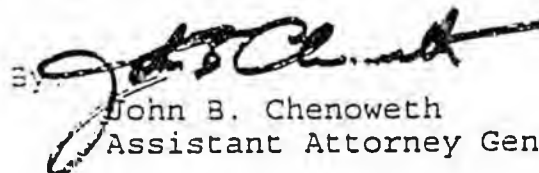
4. Significantly, by repealing a regulation by resolution, the legislature would not be providing policy guidance or direction that is appropriate to the legislature's lawmaking function. In other words, the resolution would tell the executive branch that the regulation was unacceptable, but now what is acceptable. The state agency would have to guess again and spend state money to develop a new regulation, which might not be on the "right track." By using a bill, the legislature could change statutes to give clearer policy direction to the executive branch.

5. The Administrative Procedure Act allows legislators, as well as the general public, to comment on any new regulation proposed. Agencies of the executive branch consider comments in the development of the final content of regulations. In this way, the legislature and public have input into the rulemaking process.

If you have additional questions, please let me know.

Sincerely yours,

BRUCE M. BOTELHO
ATTORNEY GENERAL


John B. Chenoweth
Assistant Attorney General

Hon. Mark Hanley
Hon. Gene Therriault
Chairs

January 16, 1998
Page 3

JBC:clh:prm

cc: Hon. Norman Rokeberg
Alaska House of Representatives

Pat Pourchot, Legislative Director
Office of the Governor

Bruce M. Botelho, Attorney General
Barbara Ritchie, Deputy Attorney General
Chrystal Smith, Legal Administrator
Dept. of Law - Juneau

I HAVE VOTED



HAVE YOU?

STATE OF ALASKA
General Election November 4, 1980

BALLOT PROPOSITION NO. 1

Constitutional Amendment
Legislative Annulment of Regulations

This proposal would permit the legislature to annul, by adopting a resolution, regulations adopted by state agencies. Annulment of regulations by resolution was authorized by the First State Legislature in 1959; however, in 1980 the Alaska Supreme Court held that the constitution permits the legislature to annul a regulation only by passing a bill, which requires three readings of the bill and a roll call vote which is recorded. The procedures for adopting resolutions are governed by legislative rules and require only the approval of the resolution by voice vote of a majority of both houses. A bill passed by the legislature annulling a regulation could be vetoed by the governor or repealed by referendum. A resolution annulling a regulation could not.

A vote "FOR" adopts the amendment.	FOR	+
A vote "AGAINST" rejects the amendment.	AGAINST	+

BALLOT PROPOSITION NO. 2

Constitutional Amendment
Disqualification of Legislators

This is a proposal to eliminate the prohibition which exists during his term of office and for one year thereafter against a legislator's taking a state office or position of profit, during his term of office and for one year thereafter, the salary or emoluments of which were increased while he was a member. It retains the office which was created while



C

OFFICIAL GENERAL ELECTION BALLOT

GENERAL ELECTION NOVEMBER 4, 1980
STATE OF ALASKA

THIS STUB TO BE REMOVED BY ELECTION BOARD

STATE OF ALASKA
General Election November 4, 1980

BALLOT PROPOSITION NO. 4

Constitutional Amendment
Appointment and Confirmation
of Members of Boards and Commissions

This proposal would expand the legislature's power over the appointment and confirmation of members of state boards and commissions by giving it the power to provide for the appointments to be made other than by the governor and the power to require confirmation of members of all boards or commissions in addition to those which are at the head of principal departments or regulatory or quasi-judicial agencies.

A vote "FOR" adopts the amendment.	FOR	+
A vote "AGAINST" rejects the amendment.	AGAINST	+

BALLOT PROPOSITION NO. 5

Initiative No. 79-02
Alaska General Stock
Ownership Corporation (AGSOC.)

This measure establishes a general stock ownership corporation (AGSOC) in Alaska. It will be a private corporation owned by Alaskans. Shares will be distributed without charge to Alaska residents who wish to become stockholders. The corporation will not be subject to income tax and this is expected to enhance its financial success. Shareholders will be subject to

OFFICIAL PROPOSITION

GENERAL ELECTION
STATE

STATE
General Election

OFFICIAL
PROPOSITION

BONDING

(1)
State General Construction
Shall the State of Alaska the principal amount of purpose of paying the cost of facilities?

BONDING

(1)
State General Office Systems, Solid Water Construction
Shall the State of Alaska the principal amount of purpose of paying the cost of water facilities?

BONDING

B _LOT PROPOSITION) . 1

LEGISLATIVE ANNULMENT OF REGULATIONS Constitutional Amendment

(Committee Substitute for House Joint Resolution No. 82 Amended)

SUMMARY

(As it will appear on the November 4, 1980 General Election Ballot).

This proposal would permit the legislature to annul, by adopting a resolution; regulations adopted by state agencies. Annulment of regulations by resolution was authorized by the First State Legislature in 1959; however, in 1980 the Alaska Supreme Court held that the constitution permits the legislature to annul a regulation only by passing a bill, which requires three readings of the bill and a roll call vote which is recorded. The procedures for adopting resolutions are governed by legislative rules and require only the approval of the resolution by voice vote of a majority of both houses. A bill passed by the legislature annulling a regulation could be vetoed by the governor or repealed by referendum. A resolution annulling a regulation could not.

BALLOT FORM:

A vote "FOR" adopts the amendment.

A vote "AGAINST" rejects the amendment.

FOR
AGAINST

VOTE CAST BY MEMBERS OF 11TH STATE LEGISLATURE ON FINAL PASSAGE

Senate	(20 members):	Yeas <u>18</u>	Nays <u>0</u>	Absent or Not Voting <u>2</u>
House	(40 members):	Yeas <u>36</u>	Nays <u>0</u>	Absent or Not Voting <u>4</u>

LEGISLATIVE AFFAIRS AGENCY SUMMARY

(As required by law)

This proposal would add a new section, section 22, to Article II of the state constitution. If adopted, the proposal would authorize the legislature to annul or set aside a regulation which has been adopted by a state department or agency. In order to annul a regulation, the legislature could adopt a concurrent resolution by approval of the resolution by majority vote of the membership of each house of the legislature. The resolution specifies the date on which the annulment of a regulation would take effect.

FULL TEXT OF PROPOSED CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT

SECTION 22. ANNULMENT OF REGULATIONS. The legislature by a concurrent resolution approved by a majority vote of the membership of each house may annul a regulation adopted by a state department or agency. The annulment of the regulation is effective on the date the concurrent resolution is approved by both houses unless the concurrent resolution specifies a different date.

FISCAL NOTE

Bill Version: HJR 2
 (H) Publish Date: 1/20/98

**STATE OF ALASKA
 1998 LEGISLATIVE SESSION**

Revision Date (Note if correction) _____ Dept. Affected Office of the Governor
 Title Const. Amend: Repeal of Regulations BRU Elective Operations
 by Legislature _____ Component Elections
 Sponsor Representatives Rokeberg, James, Kohring
 Requester House Finance Committee Component Serial No. #21

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Land & Structures						
Grants & Claims						
Miscellaneous						
TOTAL OPERATING	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

CAPITAL EXPENDITURES						
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CHANGE IN REVENUES ()						
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1003 GF Match						
1004 GF	3.0					
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Other (Specify Type)						
TOTAL	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Estimate of any current year (FY98) cost: _____

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Full-time						
Part-time						
Temporary						

ANALYSIS: (Attach a separate page if necessary)

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Prepared by Dana LaTour Phone 465-5347
 Division Division of Elections Date 1/16/98
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 Agency Office of the Lieutenant Governor

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