

SB

259

FISCAL NOTE

to. 1

Bill Version: SB 259

(S) Publish Date: 2/2/96

STATE OF ALASKA
1996 LEGISLATIVE SESSION

Revision Date:	Dept. Affected: <u>Administration</u>
Title: <u>An Act removing the requirement for sunset review of the Alaska Commission on Aging...</u>	BRU: <u>Senior Services</u>
Sponsor: <u>Rules</u>	Component: <u>Protection, Community Services & Administration</u>
Requestor: <u>Governor</u>	COMPONENT SERIAL NO. <u>1981</u>

Expenditures/Revenues	(Thousands of Dollars)					
OPERATING EXPENDITUR	FY 97	FY 98	FY 99	FY 00	FY 01	FY 02
PERSONAL SERVICES	117.8	117.8	117.8	117.8	117.8	117.8
TRAVEL	30.4	30.4	30.4	30.4	30.4	30.4
CONTRACTUAL	15.1	15.1	15.1	15.1	15.1	15.1
SUPPLIES	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4
EQUIPMENT						
LAND & STRUCTURES						
GRANTS, CLAIMS						
MISCELLANEOUS						
TOTAL OPERATING	165.7	165.7	165.7	165.7	165.7	165.7

CAPITAL EXPENDITURES						
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CHANGE IN REVENUES ()						
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FUND SOURCE	(Thousands of Dollars)					
1002 Federal Receipts	165.7	165.7	165.7	165.7	165.7	165.7
1003 GF Match						
1004 GF						
1005 GF/Program Receipts						
1037 GF/Mental Health						
Other						
Total	165.7	165.7	165.7	165.7	165.7	165.7

Estimate of current year (FY 96) cost: \$ \$165.7

POSITIONS:

FULL-TIME	2	2	2	2	2	2
PART-TIME						
TEMPORARY						

ANALYSIS: (Attach a separate page if necessary)

This bill would remove the Alaska Commission on Aging from the requirement for periodic sunset review. In reality, it would have no fiscal impact on the department, as these costs are already included in the Governor's budget. This fiscal note assumes that the Commission would continue in its current configuration, and reflects salary and benefits costs for an Executive Director (range 23) and a secretary (range 10). Expenditure data also reflects travel and per diem costs for four commission meetings per year for commissioners and two staff, contractual and supply costs for commission meetings, and costs for teleconferences (approximately 15 meetings, 10 sites) during the legislative session to review legislation of interest to Alaska seniors. (continued on page 2)

Prepared by: Connie J. Sipe, Director Phone: Division of Senior Services
 Division: Division of Senior Services Date: _____

Approved by Commissioner Mark Boyer Date: 2/1/96
 Agency: Department of Administration

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(continued from pg. 1)

Grant funds and grants management staff are not included, as the assumption is that the state would continue to receive funding and manage programs under the Older Americans Act.

Personal Services costs

Executive Director, range 23	82.8
Secretary I, range 10	<u>35.0</u>
	117.8

Travel and Per Diem

Three meetings per year for commission and two staff members	21.7 travel <u>8.7</u> perdiem 30.4
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Contractual

Teleconference connections at commission meetings	2.0
Legislative teleconferences - 15 meetings, 10 sites	5.9
Advertising	<u>7.2</u>
	15.1

Supplies

Supplies for commission meetings	2.4
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TOTAL	165.7
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TONY KNOWLES
GOVERNOR



STATE OF ALASKA
OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR
JUNEAU

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259

February 1, 1996

The Honorable Drue Pearce
President of the Senate
Alaska State Legislature
State Capitol
Juneau, AK 99801-1182

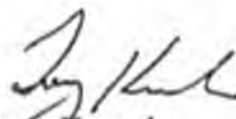
Dear President Pearce:

Under the authority of art. III, sec. 18, of the Alaska Constitution, I am transmitting a bill that would make the Alaska Commission on Aging a permanent commission, not subject to regular "sunset" review.

The Alaska Commission on Aging, formerly known as the Older Alaskans Commission, is due to expire on June 30, 1996. However, in a report regarding the Older Alaskans Commission dated July 30, 1993, the legislative auditor concluded that the commission should not be subject to sunset review because, among other reasons, the existence of such a commission is a requirement for the receipt of federal money. I agree that sunset review for this commission is not appropriate.

I urge your prompt consideration and passage of this bill.

Sincerely,



Tony Knowles
Governor

DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER

P.O. BOX 110200
JUNEAU, ALASKA 99811-0200
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FEB 26 1996

Ans'd.....

February 23, 1996

The Honorable Lyda Green, Chair
Senate HESS Committee
Alaska State Legislature
State Capitol
Juneau, AK 99801-1192

Dear Madam Chair:

Please schedule SB 259, "An Act removing the requirement for sunset review of the Alaska Commission on Aging; and providing for an effective date." for committee hearing.

The Alaska Commission on Aging was established in the Department of Administration in July 1981. The primary functions of the Commission are:

1. To determine the appropriate amount of state and federal funds to allocate toward the purchase of needed programs and services for older Alaskans.
2. To advocate the needs and interests of older Alaskans at both the state and local levels.
3. To increase the coordination of state and local resources available to address the needs of older Alaskans.
4. To develop or expand services to older Alaskans as well as to ensure a more systematic and thorough approach toward helping them lead dignified, independent, and useful lives.

Legislative Audit completed a sunset review of the Alaska Commission on Aging in the fall of 1995. The commission is scheduled for termination on June 30, 1996. The auditor's conclusion and recommendation was that the commission had met the various sunset criteria, as set out in statute, and should be extended to June 30, 2003, or alternatively be removed from the sunset review process. The arguments for removal from sunset review are elaborated in the legislative audit:

1. ACOA is required by federal statute.
2. ACOA has been operating effectively.
3. Option to review ACOA is always available.

HEARING REQUEST

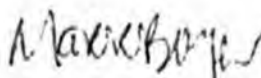
The Honorable Lyda Green

-2-

February 23, 1996

Your early consideration of this request would be appreciated. If you have any additional questions, you should contact Jane Demmert, Executive Director of the Alaska Commission on Aging at 465-4879.

Sincerely,



Mark Boyer,
Commissioner

MB/nn

cc: Jane Demmert
Executive Director
Alaska Commission on Aging

David Koivuniemi
Department of Administration

Alison Elgee
Department of Administration

Pat Pourchot
Office of the Governor

ALASKA STATE LEGISLATURE

LEGISLATIVE BUDGET AND AUDIT COMMITTEE

Division of Legislative Audit



P. O. Box 113300
Juneau, AK 99811-3300
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September 29, 1995

Members of the Legislative Budget
and Audit Committee:

In accordance with the provisions of Title 24 of the Alaska Statutes, the attached report is submitted for your review.

DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION ALASKA COMMISSION ON AGING

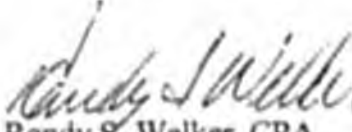
September 29, 1995

Audit Control Number

02-1433-96

Under AS 44.66.010 the Alaska Commission on Aging (ACOA) terminates on June 30, 1996. We recommend the legislature extend the commission until June 30, 2003. Alternatively, we suggest the legislature consider removing ACOA from the sunset review process altogether. We make this recommendation primarily because the receipt of federal funds under the Older Americans Act requires the State to maintain an agency such as ACOA to administer the funds and act in the interest of older individuals. This status makes ACOA similar to other state boards, councils, and commissions that are not currently subject to sunset review.

The audit was conducted in accordance with generally accepted government auditing standards. Fieldwork procedures utilized in the course of developing the findings and discussion presented in this report are discussed in the Objectives, Scope, and Methodology section on page one of this report.


Randy S. Welker, CPA
Legislative Auditor

AUDIT

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OBJECTIVES, SCOPE, AND METHODOLOGY

In accordance with Titles 24 and 44 of the Alaska Statutes, we have reviewed the activities of the Alaska Commission on Aging (ACOA) to determine whether it should continue in existence as provided for under terms of the State's "sunset" legislation.

As required by statute, this report shall be considered during the legislative oversight process in determining whether the ACOA should be reestablished. The law currently specifies that ACOA will terminate on June 30, 1996 and will have one year from that date to conclude its affairs.

Objectives

Our specific audit objectives were:

1. To determine if the termination date for ACOA should be extended.
2. To determine if ACOA operations are in compliance with state and federal statutes and regulations.
3. To determine if ACOA is operating in the interest of the public.

Scope and Methodology

We focused on activities of ACOA since the last sunset audit in performed in 1993.¹ We evaluated the activities of ACOA to determine if they were consistent with the interest of the public. We also reviewed the proceedings of the current commission to ensure that they are in compliance with Alaska Statute and regulations.

Since more than 50% of ACOA's funding is from federal sources, we evaluated the ACOA administrative staff's compliance with federal funding and program requirements.

During the course of our audit, we attended a meeting of the commission, which focused on the allocation of funds to grantees for FY 96. During the three-day meeting, we observed the proceedings of the commission. We were able to see first hand how the commission operates and interacts with the public.

¹ The previous sunset review was conducted of the operations and activities of the Older Alaskans Commission (OAC). The OAC was the predecessor organization to the Alaska Commission on Aging.

In order to address our audit objectives, we reviewed the following:

- Applicable sections of Alaska's statutes and regulations.
- Applicable sections of the Older Americans Act, U. S. Code and federal register.
- Minutes of prior commission meetings.
- The executive director's reading files.
- Grantee files.
- Office of the Ombudsman closed case file.
- Budget documents, session laws and other legislative information relating to ACOA's operations.
- Internal reports and documents prepared by ACOA.
- Other documents as deemed pertinent.
- Financial reports from the state accounting system.
- By-Laws of the commission.
- Prior year audit work papers and audit reports.
- Office of the Governor, Boards & Commissions' files.

In addition, we conducted interviews with the following:

- Management and staff of ACOA.
- The long-term care ombudsman.

ORGANIZATION AND FUNCTION

The Older Alaskans Commission (OAC) was established in the Department of Administration in July 1981 by Alaska Statute (AS) 44.21. The commission's name was changed to Alaska Commission on Aging (ACOA) by Chapter 131, SLA 1994. The commission is authorized to administer and coordinate state programs for older Alaskans and to administer federal programs provided under the Older Americans Act, 42 U.S. Code 3001 - 3045i, as amended. Together, the provisions of AS 44.21 and the Older Americans Act define the commission's authority, purpose and scope of work. The primary functions of the commission include the following:

1. To determine the appropriate amount of state and federal funds to allocate toward the purchase of needed programs and services for older Alaskans.
2. To advocate the needs and interests of older Alaskans at both the state and local levels.
3. To increase the coordination of state and local resources available to address the needs of older Alaskans.
4. To develop or expand services to older Alaskans as well as to ensure a more systematic and thorough approach toward helping them lead dignified, independent, and useful lives.

The broad scope of the powers and duties mandated by legislation opens nearly all the concerns of older Alaskans to the consideration of ACOA. However, AS 44.21 stipulates that the commission may not investigate, review, or undertake any responsibility for the longevity bonus program or, except for activities of the office of the long-term care ombudsman, the Alaska Pioneers' Homes.

The commission consists of eleven members (see inset on page 4). Nine of these are voting members. Seven are appointed by the governor based on their knowledge and demonstrated interest in the concerns of older Alaskans. Statutes require appointments be made to assure representation of low-income persons and minorities, and representation from rural and urban areas of the State, and to secure statewide geographical representation on the commission. These members serve overlapping four-year terms and are all voting members.

The remaining members are designated in statutes as the chairman of the Pioneers' Homes Advisory Board and the commissioner or designee of the Departments of Administration, Community and Regional Affairs, and Health and Social Services. The chairman of the Pioneers' Home Advisory Board and the commissioner of the Department of Administration or his designee are also voting members.

The commission is authorized by statute to employ an executive director to serve at its pleasure. Currently, the executive director has a staff of 10, including employees in the office of the long-term care ombudsman. The ombudsman, which is required under the Older Americans Act, is hired by the commission to a full-time position in the classified service.

The duties of the long-term care ombudsman include the investigation and resolution of complaints made by or on behalf of older Alaskans residing in a long term care facility within the State. The ombudsman has within his purview complaints relating to actions by a provider or a representative of a provider of long term care services, or by a public agency or social services agency, that may adversely affect the health, safety, welfare, or rights of older Alaskans.

Alaska Commission on Aging
(As of September 1995)

Voting Members

Don Hoover, Chairman
Dorothy Westphal, Vice Chairman
Amos Alter, Chairman of the Pioneers'
Homes Advisory Board
Evelyn Bullock
Allison Elgee, Designee of Commissioner of
Department of Administration
Janet Helen Gamble
Holly A. Hollis

Non-Voting Members

Kathleen Metcalfe, Designee of Commissioner of
Community and Regional Affairs
Jon Sherwood, Designee of Commissioner,
Department of Health and Social Services

As of August 1, 1995 there was one vacant position on the commission

BACKGROUND INFORMATION

In order to fulfill its mission of helping older individuals live dignified, independent, and useful lives, the Alaska Commission on Aging (ACOA) provides a variety of services. These services can be broadly categorized as: nutrition, transportation, and support (NTS) services; senior employment; senior residential services; home and community-based (HCB) care; and long-term care ombudsman (LTCO). The majority of ACOA's funding is expended in the form of grants to local non-profit service agencies for NTS and HCB programs.

Nutrition, Transportation and Support Services (NTS)

ACOA's NTS program is funded largely with federal funds. Services provided are:

1. Nutrition - Home-delivered meals are provided to the ill or housebound senior. Other meals provided in a congregate setting offer older Alaskans companionship and opportunities to volunteer for what are termed "senior-to-senior" services. Preventive health care and nutrition education services are also provided.
2. Transportation - Rides and rider-assistance are provided through van/car rides to high-priority destinations such as medical visits, work, public assistance offices, meal sites, shopping, adult day care centers, and volunteer posts.
3. Support Services - Information and referral services are provided to seniors. These services include outreach to seniors in need, escort, homemaker, chore and shopping service, advocacy to help obtain services and benefits for seniors, senior legal services, statewide senior media, and administration of senior volunteer service programs (Foster Grandparents, Senior Companions, Retired Seniors Volunteer Program or RSVP).

Home and Community Based Care (HCB)

The HCB program is designed to help seniors avoid being forced to rely on institutional care. Its objective is to provide seniors with access to affordable home and community-based care services that will allow them to achieve their desire to live out their lives at home, or in a home-like setting. Specifically, services include:

1. Adult Day Care Centers - This program provides a variety of health, social, and related support services in a protective setting during any part (less than 24 hours) of a day.
2. In-Home Respite Care - Individuals unable to care for themselves at home are served by this program. It is designed to relieve, on a short-term basis, those persons normally providing the care.
3. Care Coordination - This program helps frail clients find appropriate services and ensures coordination of the services. Care coordination includes outreach, intake

screening, initial assessment, care planning, service arrangement, ongoing monitoring, formalized reassessment, and service delivery system involvement.

4. Alzheimer's Education and Family Support - This centralized program provides a variety of services ranging from information referral and outreach, to education and training, private consultations, and support group activities. A toll-free 800 telephone number is provided for statewide information and referral.

Funding for the HCB program is mainly from state funds received through ACOA and the Mental Health Trust funds. A small amount of funding is received from federal sources. In addition, clients pay fees on a sliding scale, and cash and in-kind contributions are required of grantees.

REPORT CONCLUSIONS

As indicated in the Analysis of Public Need section of this report, the Alaska Commission on Aging (ACOA) has met the various sunset criteria, as set out in the statute. ACOA is effectively meeting its statutory responsibilities. ACOA is, in our view, operating in the public interest. The program funds administered by ACOA are helping older Alaskans lead dignified, independent, and useful lives. Alaska Statute 44.66.010 requires that ACOA be terminated on June 30, 1996. We recommend that the legislature adopt legislation extending ACOA's termination date until June 30, 2003.

Alternatively, the legislature should consider removing ACOA from the sunset review process. In our view, there are three central arguments supporting this perspective:

1. ACOA is required by federal regulations. Section 305 of the Older Americans Act requires each state to designate an entity as the sole state agency to: (1) develop and administer a state plan; (2) coordinate all state activities related to the Older Americans Act; (3) serve as an effective and visible advocate for the elderly; and, (4) distribute funds to individuals with the greatest economic or social need.

Section 3026 of 42 US Code requires the establishment of an advisory council to: (1) develop and administer an area plan; (2) conduct public hearings; (3) represent the interest of older persons; and, (4) review and comment on all community policies, programs, and actions which affect older persons. ACOA satisfies these requirements as set out in the act and federal code.

Other similar federally-mandated boards and commissions have not been made subject to the sunset review process. Such entities as the Governor's Council on Vocational Education, the Alaska Job Training Coordinating Council, and the Employment Security Council have not been made subject to sunset review. In our view, this is primarily because their existence is an ongoing requirement necessary for the State to receive millions of dollars in federal funding.

2. ACOA has been operating effectively. No significant problems have been found in past or current sunset reviews. The last sunset audit covered the period FY 89 to FY 92. The report concluded that the Older Alaskans Commission (a predecessor to ACOA) should be reestablished. During this audit, which covered the period since the last sunset review, we have determine that ACOA is operating effectively and recommend the commission be reestablished.
3. Option to review ACOA is always available. The legislature can request a special audit anytime there is a need. The financial and program operations of ACOA are included in our annual statewide audit. A review of any other issues can be requested at any time by the Legislative Budget and Audit Committee.

The purpose of the sunset review process is to provide a mechanism by which various agencies, organizations, boards, and commissions are subject to ongoing review to assure that they are operating in the best interest of the public. When considering what entities should be subject to the sunset review process, the potential for public harm, the history of operations, and the necessity for the entity should all be taken into consideration along with the availability of audit resources. Given these factors, we suggest that ACOA could be excluded from the sunset review process with no adverse impact to the public interest.

FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Recommendation No.1

The governor should consider appointing a public member from the Southwest region to fill the vacancy on the commission.

ACOA has divided the State into six funding regions: Anchorage, Interior, Northwest, Southcentral, Southeast, and Southwest. Our analysis of current commission membership indicated that no commission member is from the Southwest region. Alaska Statute (AS) 44.21.200 (b) states that the governor shall make appointments to assure representation of low income persons and minorities, and representation from the urban and rural areas of the State, and to "*secure statewide geographical representation of the commission.*"

ACOA currently has two vacant commissioner positions. We recommend that the governor consider making one of his appointments from a qualified state resident from the Southwest region.

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ANALYSIS OF PUBLIC NEED

Limited Analysis

The following analysis of board activities relates to the public need factors defined in the "sunset" law, Alaska Statute 44.66.050. These analyses are not intended to be comprehensive, but address those areas we were able to cover within the scope of our review.

The extent to which the board, commission, or program has operated in the public interest.

Increase in services to seniors

Almost half of ACOA's budget is expended on the nutrition, transportation, and support (outreach, escort, information referral, and shopping assistance) services. This program is funded largely by federal funds.

Although ACOA has had to reduce some long-standing five-day congregate meal and transportation services to three days per week, the number of home delivered meals served increased by 6 percent in FY 93 and by an additional 5 percent in FY 94. The home-delivered meals increased from 156,860 in FY 92, to 166,402 in FY 93, and to 173,952 meals in FY 94. The number of passenger assists provided in FY 93 and FY 94 increased by 8 percent and 14 percent, respectively. The number of assists increased from 87,170 in FY 92, to 93,805 in FY 93, and to 107,151 in FY 94.

Frail seniors and adults with Alzheimer disease and related disorders (ADRD) are assisted in living as independently as possible

In an effort to keep frail seniors and adults with ADRD living as independently as possible, ACOA funds adult day care centers (ADC). This program is supported primarily by state general funds. ACOA receives funds from the Mental Health Trust fund to serve victims of ADRD. The number of ADCs has remained at 12 since 1992. The commission fully funds an ADRD care coordination and "brokered" services program, which began as a pilot program in FY 94, in Fairbanks.

Provides oversight of senior services

Commission-directed funding provides for improved quality assurance at residential facilities for many seniors in the State through the long-term care ombudsman (LTCO). This office has the authority to investigate and resolve complaints against any facility caring for the elderly, including nursing homes, adult residential care facilities and foster homes.

The LTCO investigated more than 350 complaints involving long-term care facilities in both FY 93 and FY 94.

Keeps Alaska's seniors informed on important issues

Legislative action, health issues, and senior programs are regularly covered in the *Senior Voice*, a low-cost monthly newspaper for seniors, published by the Older Persons Action Group, Inc. The publication is financed by an ACOA grant.

Representatives of senior organizations around the State, primarily local commissions on aging, connect with the bi-weekly teleconference of the legislative committee of ACOA each legislative session, February through May. They learn about upcoming committee hearings on key senior legislation and therefore enable them to formulate a plan for advocacy on specific legislation.

ACOA provides training to individuals working with elderly

Each year ACOA budgets approximately \$80,000 of Title III funds for training. These funds are expended on ACOA-sponsored training and some is awarded to grantees to attend training sessions. Included in the training funded in 1993 and 1994 were presentations regarding: living wills, designated power of attorneys, health insurance counseling, care coordination, networking, fire safety/environmental health requirements, cardio-pulmonary resuscitation, and counseling and supervision of older workers.

Several ACOA commissioners attended the Northwest Geriatric Conference held in Anchorage in February 1993.

In March 1993, the commission and Alaska's senior network received training from Alaska Legal Services Corporation on advance directives, living wills, and designated power of attorney.

Over 50 providers attended the two ACOA sponsored training events for adult foster care and residential care providers in May 1993 and July 1993 which emphasized proposed legislation on assisted living, networking, and fire safety/environmental health requirements.

ACOA maintains a toll-free information line

ACOA offers seniors two toll free-numbers to call to get information about their options for insurance to supplement their Medicare and find out what services are available for seniors in almost every community in the State. These numbers are available Monday through Friday, except holidays, during regular work hours.

Provide older workers with an opportunity to gain work skills and job experience.

In FY 93 and FY 94, ACOA funded the training and employment of more than 275 older workers (300 in FY 93 and 277 in FY 94). Funding for the workers was provided through grants made to 42 non-profit agencies.

The commission signed memoranda of agreement with three service delivery areas² in the State: Fairbanks North Star Borough Private Industry Council, the Municipality of Anchorage, and the Department of Community and Regional Affairs. The memoranda defined each agency's role in providing services to older individuals.

Additionally, the commission developed four older worker "mini-projects" in Kodiak, Dillingham, Nome, and Soldotna. Each project conducted outreach to locate eligible individuals and evaluate their suitability for training and services.

The extent to which the operation of the board, commission, or agency program has been impeded or enhanced by existing statutes, procedures, and practices that it has adopted, and any other matter, including budgetary, resource, and personnel matters.

Compliance with ACOA program statutes (AS 44.21.200-230)

With the exception of some geographical imbalance, (see Recommendation No. 1) the composition of the ACOA complies with the requirements set out in the commission's statutes. Commission members, appointed in accordance with AS 44.21.200, meet the statutory age requirements and appear to provide representation of minorities and urban and rural areas of the State. Current members appear to have an interest in and do represent older Alaskans. Meetings are announced to the public and public participation is encouraged at each meeting.

In compliance with AS 44.21.230 and the Older Americans Act, the commission prepares a state plan that identifies the concerns and needs of older Alaskans. ACOA has developed a state plan for the period 1993 to 1997 which has received approval from the federal Administration on Aging. In addition to the state plan, the aforementioned statute requires the preparation of an annual report describing the activities of the council. ACOA has complied by annually preparing for the governor and the legislature a report which contains legislative and budget recommendations that benefit older Alaskans.

² Service delivery areas or SDAs is a term related to programs funded by the federal Job Training Partnership Act (JTPA). Under JTPA the State is divided up into three SDAs, with individuals in each region directing how employment training funding should be spent. ACOA utilizes this JTPA administrative infrastructure to provide the training and employment funding to older workers.

Allocation of Funds

Under the Older Americans Act, as the single planning and service area state, ACOA is required to develop a funding plan to allocate the federal funds it receives under Title III of the act. Such an allocation should show preference in the delivery of services to older persons in greatest economic or social need. ACOA has developed such a funding plan, which is described in the Background Information section of this report. The funding plan allocates funds to six regions in the State. Funds are then distributed within the region using a grant proposal process.

Funding decisions begin with ACOA staff conducting research, reviewing proposals, making the necessary computations, and conducting public hearings where necessary. Staff recommendations are then forwarded to the commission. The commission reviews the recommendations, and the grant proposals independently. ACOA meetings are open and public comments are encouraged. ACOA then decides what changes, if any, it wishes to make to staff recommendations and then votes its final approval of the funding allocation.

We attended ACOA's meeting held in June 1995 to discuss FY 96 funding. A public hearing of the proposed plan of services for adults with ADRD was scheduled for teleconference during this meeting to 20 sites in the State. Five sites — Barrow, Dillingham, Homer, Juneau, and Kenai — participated.

Budgetary Constraints

Budgetary constraints have had an impact in at least two significant areas of ACOA's operations. Due to resource limitations at both state and local levels, ACOA has reduced some long-standing five-day congregate meal and transportation services to three days per week. Further, ACOA is placing more reliance on grantees to monitor their own compliance with those federal requirements, such as civil rights protection, that are not part of the Older Americans Act. Grantees are required to provide written assurance that they will comply with federal, state, and local laws requiring non-discrimination in employment and delivery of services. ACOA reviews compliance when they perform on-site visits approximately once every three years.

The extent to which the board, commission, or agency has recommended statutory changes that are generally of benefit to the public interest.

Since the last sunset audit, ACOA supported passage of SB 248 during the 18th legislature, which transferred the Adult Protective Services from the Department of Health and Social Services to the Division of Senior Services within the Department of Administration. The commission also supported SB 249, which created Assisted Living Homes and gave licensing responsibility to the Division of Senior Services.

The extent to which the board, commission, or agency has encouraged interested persons to report to it concerning the effect of its regulations and decisions on the effectiveness of service, economy of service, and availability of service that it has provided.

Notice of each meeting has been publicly advertised and a time for public comment has been set aside at each meeting. The by-laws, adopted by the commission, states that at least one period shall be scheduled at each regularly scheduled meeting for public comment.

Also, persons that are at least 60 years old and reside in a long term care facility are encouraged to utilize the services of the long-term care ombudsman. The Older Americans Act and state regulations require signs to be posted in long term care facilities that indicates what office is to be contacted if they have complaints. The long-term care ombudsman also has trained volunteers in three facilities in Anchorage. They not only listen to complaints from residents but also initiate complaints, if they observe improprieties. When complaints are made to the State Ombudsman by residents of a long-term care facility, they are referred to the long-term care ombudsman.

The extent to which the board, commission, or agency has encouraged public participation in the making of its regulations and decisions.

As previously discussed under the second, third, and fourth criterion above, public participation is encouraged at each commission meeting. In addition, ACOA has information about their programs and activities printed in the *Senior Voice*, a monthly newspaper that is designed for and distributed to older Alaskans.

The efficiency with which public inquiries or complaints regarding the activities of the board, commission, or agency filed with it, with the department to which a board or commission is administratively assigned, or with the Office of the Ombudsman have been processed and resolved.

From a review of the state ombudsman closed case files we determined that no complaints have been filed against any activities of ACOA.

We interviewed the long-term care ombudsman (LTCO) on June 20, 1995 who reported that the majority of complaints are received over the phone and only three written reports on complaints were made in FY 95.

According to a federal review report of LTCO's operations, the LTCO is operating in accordance with federal requirements.

The extent to which the board or commission which regulates entry into an occupation or profession has presented qualified applicants to serve the public.

Since ACOA does not regulate any occupations or professions, this is not applicable.

The extent to which state personnel practices, including affirmative action requirements have been complied with by the board, commission, or agency to its own activities and the area of activity or interest.

We determined that there has been no complaints against ACOA regarding violations of personnel practices or an individual's civil rights.

The extent to which statutory, regulatory, budgeting, or other changes are necessary to enable the agency, board or commission to better serve the interests of the public and to comply with the factors enumerated in this subsection.

See Recommendation No. 1 in the Findings and Recommendation section of this report.

STATE OF ALASKA

DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION DIVISION OF SENIOR SERVICES

Adult Protective Services
Information & Referral
Assisted Living Licensing
Longevity Bonus

Alaska Commission on Aging
CHOICE for the Elderly Home Care
Long Term Care Ombudsman
Pioneers' Homes & Advisory Board

Tony Knowles, Governor

Alaska Commission on Aging
PO Box 110211
Juneau, AK 99811-0211
Phone (907)465-4400
FAX (907)465-4716

December 7, 1995

Mr. Randy Welker
Legislative Auditor
Legislative Audit Division
P. O. Box 113300
Juneau, AK 99811-3300

RECEIVED
DEC 03 1995

LEGISLATIVE AUDIT

Dear Mr. Welker:

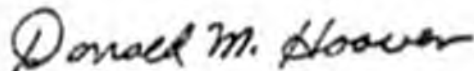
Thank you for Legislative Audit's Preliminary Report of September 29 concerning the Sunset audit recently completed on the Alaska Commission on Aging. This letter was reviewed by the Commission in Executive Session during our meetings of October 16-20, 1995.

The Commission is in concurrence with the Auditor's Conclusion, that the Commission's termination date be extended until June 30, 2003, or that the Commission be removed from the sunset review process.

Since this review of the Commission's status, the Governor has made new appointments to the Commission. One of those appointments is from Kodiak. This significantly expands the geographic representation on the Commission, as was recommended in Recommendation Number 1.

The Commission mailed a letter similar to this to Cristino Fermin on November 8, 1995.

Sincerely,



Donald M. Hoover
Chair

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TONY KNOWLES, GOVERNOR

DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION

DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES

December 15, 1995

P.O. BOX 110208
JUNEAU, ALASKA 99811-0208
PHONE: (907) 465-2277
FAX: (907) 465-1135

Randy Welker
Legislative Auditor
Division of Legislative Audit
P. O. Box 113300
Juneau, AK 99811-3300

RECEIVED
DEC 15 1995

LEGISLATIVE AUDIT

Dear Mr. Welker:

Thank you for the opportunity to reply to the preliminary audit report on the Department of Administration, Alaska Commission on Aging dated September 29, 1995. Following are the Department's comments to your recommendation made in the letter.

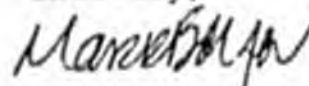
Recommendation No. 1

The governor should consider appointing a public member from the Southwest region to fill the vacancy on the commission.

The Department concurs with this recommendation. Subsequent to this review of the Commission's status, the Governor has made new appointments to the Commission and one of those appointments is from Kodiak. This significantly expands the geographic representation on the Commission as recommended in this report.

Thank you again for the opportunity to respond to this preliminary audit report.

Sincerely,



Mark Boyer
Commissioner

cc: Sharon Barton, Director
Connie Sipe, Director



OFFICIAL BUSINESS

Alaska State Legislature
Senate
Office of the Secretary

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JAN 16 1996
Ans'd.....

STATE CAPITOL
JUNEAU, ALASKA 99801-1182
(907) 485-3701
FAX 465-2832

January 16, 1996

MEMORANDUM

TO: Senator Green, Chair
Health, Education and Social Services Committee

FROM: Nancy Quinto *NQ*
Secretary of the Senate

SUBJECT: Sunset Audits

President Pearce has referred the following report to your committee:

Department of Administration, Alaska Commission on Aging, September 29,
1995 (Sunset)

NQ/vsw

Enclosure

STATE OF ALASKA

TONY KNOWLES, GOVERNOR

DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER

P.O. BOX 110200
JUNEAU, ALASKA 99811-0200
PHONE: (907) 465-2200
FAX: (907) 465-2135

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FEB 26 1996

Ans'd.....

February 23, 1996

The Honorable Lyda Green, Chair
Senate HESS Committee
Alaska State Legislature
State Capitol
Juneau, AK 99801-1192

Dear Madam Chair:

Please schedule SB 259, "An Act removing the requirement for sunset review of the Alaska Commission on Aging; and providing for an effective date." for committee hearing.

The Alaska Commission on Aging was established in the Department of Administration in July 1981. The primary functions of the Commission are:

1. To determine the appropriate amount of state and federal funds to allocate toward the purchase of needed programs and services for older Alaskans.
2. To advocate the needs and interests of older Alaskans at both the state and local levels.
3. To increase the coordination of state and local resources available to address the needs of older Alaskans.
4. To develop or expand services to older Alaskans as well as to ensure a more systematic and thorough approach toward helping them lead dignified, independent, and useful lives.

Legislative Audit completed a sunset review of the Alaska Commission on Aging in the fall of 1995. The commission is scheduled for termination on June 30, 1996. The auditor's conclusion and recommendation was that the commission had met the various sunset criteria, as set out in statute, and should be extended to June 30, 2003, or alternatively be removed from the sunset review process. The arguments for removal from sunset review are elaborated in the legislative audit:

1. ACOA is required by federal statute.
2. ACOA has been operating effectively.
3. Option to review ACOA is always available.

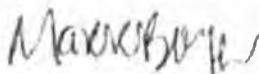
The Honorable Lyda Green

-2-

February 23, 1996

Your early consideration of this request would be appreciated. If you have any additional questions, you should contact Jane Demmert, Executive Director of the Alaska Commission on Aging at 465-4879.

Sincerely,



Mark Boyer,
Commissioner

MB/nn

cc: Jane Demmert
Executive Director
Alaska Commission on Aging

David Koivuniemi
Department of Administration

Alison Elgee
Department of Administration

Pat Pouchot
Office of the Governor