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HOUSE COMMITTEE REPORT

(11)

Date Referred: February 2, 1990
(Returned from Calendar)

FURTHER REFERRALS:

Date of Committee Action: 2/15/90

The FINANCE Committee considered:

CSSB 42 (FINANCE)

CS FOR SENATE BILL NO. 42 (Fin)

MARINE PARK SYSTEM ADDITIONS

"An Act relating to state marine parks."

RECOMMENDATIONS:

- [] be replaced with HCSCSSB-42 (FIN) [] the same title
- [] have attached amendment(s) [] a new title
- [] do pass
- [] do not pass
- [] no recommendation
- [] individual recommendations
- [] additional referral to the _____ Committee

ADOPTS: _____ letter of intent

ATTACHES NEW FISCAL NOTE(S):
(Dept)

APPROVES PREVIOUS:

(Date/Dept)

- [] fiscal impact DNR 2/14/90
- [] zero fiscal note _____
- [] zero with analysis _____

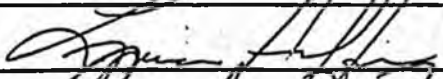
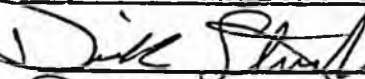

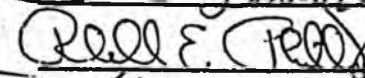
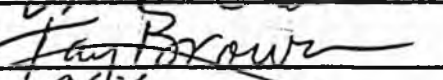
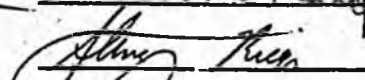

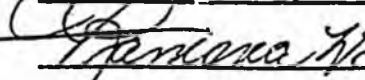
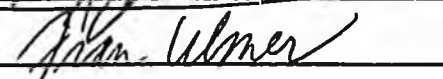
- [] fiscal note(s) _____
- [] zero fiscal note(s) _____
- [] zero fn/analysis _____

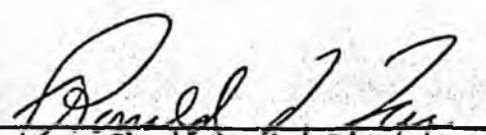
SIGNING DO PASS:

SIGNING:

(Check approp. column)

Do Not
Pass No Rec Amend

 HOFFMAN	 shultz			✓
 Larson	 Phillips			✓
 Brown	 Rieger			✓
 KOPONEN	 Barnes			✓
 ULMER				


Chairman's Signature

FISCAL NOTE

REQUEST:

Revision Date: 14-Feb-90 Agency Affected: Natural Resources
 Title: An Act relating to state BRU: Parks Management
marine parks
 Sponsor: Szymanski & Kertulla Components: Parks Management
 Requestor: Finance

EXPENDITURES/REVENUES: (Thousands of Dollars)

OPERATING	FY 91	FY 92	FY 93	FY 94	FY 95	FY 96
PERSONAL SERVICES	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0
TRAVEL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CONTRACTUAL	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
SUPPLIES	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
EQUIPMENT	19.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LAND&STRUCTURES						
GRANTS,CLAIMS						
MISCELLANEOUS						
TOTAL OPERATING	36.5	17.0	17.0	17.0	17.0	17.0

CAPITAL						
REVENUE						

FUNDING: (Thousands of Dollars)

GENERAL FUND	36.5	17.0	17.0	17.0	17.0	17.0
FEDERAL FUNDS						
OTHER						
TOTAL	36.5	17.0	17.0	17.0	17.0	17.0

POSITIONS:

FULL-TIME						
PART-TIME						
TEMPORARY						

ANALYSIS: (Attach a separate page if necessary)

See Attached

Prepared by: Neil Johannsen Phone: 762-2600
 Division: Parks Management Date: 14-Feb-90
 Approved by Commissioner: Lennie Gorsuch Date: 14-Feb-90
 Agency: Department of Natural Resources

Distribution (by preparer) :
 Legislative Finance
 Legislative Sponsor
 Requestor
 Office of Management and Budget
 Impacted Agency(ies)

Marine Parks

Personal Services: The following person months would be added to existing positions: -

PCN 5223 Park Ranger I (Seward), 2 months @ \$3400/month -	\$ 6,800
PCN 5144 Park Ranger II (Glenallen-Valdez), 1.5 months @ \$3437/month --	\$ 5,200

Contractual: Boat storage, film processing, aircraft and vessel charters -- \$ 2,000

Supplies: Purchase of two lifejackets, a marine radio, fire extinguishers, emergency signaling equipment, survival suit, and miscellaneous camping equipment -- \$ 3,000

Equipment: Purchase of one 15 foot inflatable boat with a 25 hp motor and a trailer for use in the Valdez area, and purchase of one 18 foot Boston whaler for use in the Seward/Whittier area. \$19,500

Total \$36,500

These funds will provide a basic level of management for the new marine parks, as well as seven other previously established marine parks in this area. Rangers will work with the Prince William Sound Recreation Association in routinely supervising and managing the area's marine parks, and in developing management plans required under AS 41.21.302(c). The Division of Parks and Outdoor Recreation has signed a cooperative management agreement with this non-profit group.

The Division of Parks will passively manage the new marine parks facilities in Sitka area for the initial one to two year period, since no structures exist at this time. Parks will work with the local park advisory boards to develop a plan for the parks. No funds have been budgeted for these parks at this time.

Original sponsor(s): SEN. SZYMANSKI, Kerttula

1 IN THE SENATE

BY THE FINANCE COMMITTEE

2 HOUSE CS FOR CS FOR SENATE BILL NO. 42 (Finance)

3 IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA

4 SIXTEENTH LEGISLATURE - SECOND SESSION

5 A BILL

6 For an Act entitled: "An Act relating to state marine parks."

7 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

8 * Section 1. AS 41.21.302 is amended by adding a new subsection to
9 read:

10 (i) The commissioner may enter into a concession contract under
11 AS 41.21.027 and AS 36 to provide services or construct facilities in
12 a marine park unit of the Alaska State Marine Park System.

13 * Sec. 2. AS 41.21.304 is amended by adding new paragraphs to read:

14 (20) Boswell Bay Beaches

15 Township 17 South, Range 5 West, Copper River Meridian

16 Section 10: Above the mean high tide line

17 Section 15: Above the mean high tide line, except

18 South of Point Bentinck South of a line bearing

19 South 68 degrees East, below the mean high tide

20 line

21 Sections 19 - 22

22 (21) Canoe Passage

23 Township 15 South, Range 5 West, Copper River Meridian

24 Section 31: E1/2E1/2

25 Section 32

26 Township 16 South, Range 4 West, Copper River Meridian

27 Section 6: S1/2, S1/2N1/2

28 Township 16 South, Range 5 West, Copper River Meridian

29 Section 3: The land South and West of the mid-channel

1 of Canoe Passage

2 Section 4: The land and water south of the mid-channel
3 of Canoe Passage in N1/2

4 Section 5: N1/2N1/2, SE1/4NE1/4

5 Section 10: N1/2NE1/4

6 Sections 11 - 12: N1/2N1/2

7 (22) Decision Point

8 Township 8 North, Range 6 East, Seward Meridian

9 Section 5: SW1/4SW1/4

10 Section 6: S1/2S1/2

11 Section 7: N1/2, N1/2S1/2

12 Section 8: W1/2NW1/4, NW1/4SW1/4

13 (23) Driftwood Bay

14 Township 3 South, Range 1 East, Seward Meridian

15 Section 14: SW1/4

16 Section 15

17 Section 16: E1/2E1/2

18 Section 21: NE1/4NE1/4

19 Section 22: N1/2

20 Section 23: NW1/4

21 (24) Entry Cove

22 Township 8 North, Range 6 East, Seward Meridian

23 Section 2: S1/2

24 Section 3: SE1/4, S1/2SW1/4

25 Sections 10 - 11: N1/2

26 (25) Granite Bay

27 Township 9 North, Range 8 East, Seward Meridian

28 Sections 4 - 6: S1/2

29 Sections 7 - 8

1 Section 9: N1/2, SW1/4

2 Section 17: W1/2W1/2

3 Section 18: E1/2, E1/2NW1/4

4 (26) Kayak Island

5 Township 22 South, Range 5 East, Copper River Meridian

6 Section 25

7 Section 36: N1/2, SW1/4, W1/2SE1/4

8 Township 22 South, Range 6 East, Copper River Meridian

9 Section 16: N1/2, SW1/4, N1/2SE1/4, SW1/4SE1/4

10 Section 20

11 Section 21: NW1/4, NW1/4SW1/4

12 Section 29: NW1/4

13 Section 30: W1/2

14 Township 23 South, Range 5 East, Copper River Meridian

15 Section 1: N1/2NW1/4, SW1/4NW1/4

16 Section 2

17 Sections 10 - 11

18 (27) Jack Bay

19 Township 9 South, Range 7 West, Copper River Meridian

20 Section 31: S1/2SW1/4

21 Township 9 South, Range 8 West, Copper River Meridian

22 Section 35: SE1/4SE1/4

23 Section 36: S1/2S1/2

24 Township 10 South, Range 7 West, Copper River Meridian

25 Section 6: N1/2NW1/4

26 Township 10 South, Range 8 West, Copper River Meridian

27 Section 1

28 Section 2: N1/2, N1/2N1/2S1/2

29 Section 3: NE1/4NE1/4

1 Section 12: E1/2NE1/4, E1/2W1/2NE1/4
2 (28) Safety Cove
3 Township 2 South, Range 1 East, Seward Meridian
4 Section 23: S1/2
5 Section 24: SW1/4
6 Section 25: NW1/4
7 Section 26: N1/2
8 (29) Sandspit Point
9 Township 3 South, Range 1 East, Seward Meridian
10 Section 5: SW1/4, S1/2SE1/4
11 Section 8: N1/2
12 (30) Sunny Cove
13 Township 3 South, Range 1 East, Seward Meridian
14 Section 19
15 Section 20: W1/2W1/2
16 Township 3 South, Range 1 West, Seward Meridian
17 Section 24: E1/2E1/2
18 (31) Thumb Cove
19 Township 2 South, Range 1 East, Seward Meridian
20 Section 16: W1/2, W1/2NE1/4
21 Section 17: E1/2
22 (32) Magoun Islands
23 Township 54 South, Range 62 East, Copper River Meridian
24 Section 20: S1/2NE1/4, SE1/4
25 Section 21: Excluding Krestof Island
26 Section 22: W1/2SW1/4, excluding Krestof Island
27 Section 28: N1/2, N1/2SW1/4, excluding Krestof Island
28 Section 29
29 Section 32: N1/2, N1/2S1/2

1 (33) Big Bear/Baby Bear Bays

2 Township 51 South, Range 61 East, Copper River Meridian

3 Section 13: S1/2N1/2, S1/2

4 Section 14: SE1/4SE1/4

5 Section 23: E1/2

6 Section 24: W1/2E1/2, W1/2

7 Section 25: NW1/4NE1/4, NW1/4, NW1/4SW1/4

8 Section 26: N1/2, N1/2S1/2.

MARINE PARK SITE EVALUATION
PRELIMINARY CANDIDATE

DRAFT

I. SITE LOCATION AND NAME:

A. SITE NAME: Magoun Islands

B. LOCATION:

1. LATITUDE/LONGITUDE: 57°10'N, 135°34'W
2. GENERAL LOCATION: Magoun Islands are located between Krestof Sound and Hayward Strait/Sitka Sound, approximately 11 miles N.W. of Sitka.
3. BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION: The proposed site includes approximately twelve islands, various reefs, and numerous inland bays and waterways which constitute the Magoun Islands group. The proposed site encompasses approximately 760 acres more or less and is characterized as a cluster of islands nestled between Kruzof and Krestof Islands. Wave action is light and tidal currents are strong to moderate. Shorelines are irregular and rugged.

II. RATIONAL FOR CONSIDERATION:

A. HISTORY AND/OR ARCHEOLOGY: The Magoun Islands do not contain any significant archeological sites. Past historical use is not significant other than the area being used as a safe boat anchorage.

The islands were named by the Russians in the 1840's for Capt. Magoun, an early trader who frequented the Sitka area during that time. Variation in previous names include Machin, Magun, and most likely, the original name was dedicated to Ostrov Magun.

B. HABITAT VALUES: The islands are comprised of old growth and second growth Sitka spruce and Western hemlock forests, rock, gravel, and mud shorelines, secluded tidal flats, various grass meadows and estuary areas. Evidence of clear-cut logging is present on the northern shores of the islands (facing Krestof Sound). A dense, healthy stand of 15 to 20 year old spruce and hemlock trees now occupy these clearcut areas.

Fish common to the area include: salmon, rockfish, crab, clams, shrimp, and halibut. Larger fish are attracted to schools of needle fish of sandlance which are abundant in the spring and summer months. Several large butter clam beds are located in the area. Hayward Straits is popular for king salmon fishing in late spring and early summer. Crab are plentiful, especially in the Port Krestof area. Fish stocks vary with the seasons.

Marine mammals observed in the area include: whales, seals, sea lions, and porpoise. Sea lions are observed most often in the Hayward Straits area. Whales are usually seen further out in Sitka Sound. Observations vary with the seasons, and except for sea lions, are not considered common - especially within the island bays.

DRAFT

I. RATIONAL FOR CONSIDERATION (cont.):

B. HABITAT VALUES (cont.): Birds common to the area include: bald eagles, ravens, crows, ducks, geese, song birds, and various sea birds. Bald eagles and ravens are most commonly observed. The grass estuary areas on the north-east side of the islands support large geese and duck populations.

Sitka Blacktail deer are common on the the islands and can usually be observed on the grassy shorelines in late spring or early summer. Brown Bear occassionally visit the islands, but are not numerous. Red squirrels and river otter also inhabit the area.

C. SCENIC OR AESTHETIC CONSIDERATIONS: The site is notable for the following reasons: Scenic islands and secluded bays; semi-primitive areas; varied wildlife habitat; close proximity to scenic Kruzof and Krestof Islands.

D. VALUES OF SPECIFIC LOCATION: Magoun Islands were selected as a marine park candidate site for the following reasons:

1. The site is the only major anchorage in the area which provides protection irregardless of wind and sea condition or direction. The islands also offer protection from the strong tidal currents associated with Hayward Strait. Water depth averages 5 fathoms within the bays, and bottoms are soft for good anchor holding.
2. The area is a popular destination point, overnight anchorage, and recreational area for Sitka residents. Camping, boating, kayaking, hiking, photography, hunting, beach combing, and wildlife viewing are recreational possibilities within the area.

III. SITE EVALUATION NARRATIVE:

A. NATURAL RESOURCE VALUES: The following information is provided through the U.S. Forest Service Tongass National Forest Land Management Plan. Natural resource values will not be site specific to Magoun Islands, but are instead associated with that area in general terms. (The "value comparison unit" planning method is used by the Forest Service for the Tongass Land Management Plan.)

Resource values rated "0" are presently considered incapable of producing resources or providing land use opportunities. Those rated "5" have the highest capability.

Timber Supply Qualities Rating	4
Mineral Values Rating	1
Wilderness Attributes Rating	4
Dispersed Primitive Recreation Opportunities Rating	4
Dispersed Semi-Primitive Recreation Opportunities Rating	4
Concentrated Primitive Recreation Opportunities Rating	2
Sport Fisheries Value	5
Commercial Fisheries Value	4
Wildlife Value	3
Estaurine Sensitivity Rating	5
Scenery and Ecotype Diversity Rating	3
Supplimentary Wilderness Attributes	4
Wildlife Use (Human) Rating	4

DRAFT

III. SITE EVALUATION NARRATIVE (cont.):

B. PRESENT HUMAN USE: Five floathouses are located within the largest interior bay. At least two of the dwellings are possibly occupied on a year-round basis. The remaining homes are probably used for vacation purposes only.

Small pleasure boats and commercial fishing boats frequently use the area as an overnight anchorage, seeking the calm, protective waters the islands offer. Sandy/mud beaches and the occasional minus tide draw Sitka area residents to the popular butter clam beds found in the islands vicinity. The area is also known to be a popular sport fishing and hunting spot during the associated seasons.

C. POSSIBLE IMPROVEMENTS: Navigation into and out of the bays is difficult to determine by the unfamiliar visitor. Navigation markers may be a valuable aid in marking safe passages within the area. Submerged reefs and logs exist. Local knowledge of the area is advisable before attempting to enter the bays.

Areas bearing the presence of human occupation should be cleaned up and allowed to return to the site's natural state. The floathouses are a recent use in the area, and are now tending to discourage recreational use by the general public. Marine Park designation would insure that the area stay available to the public. Elimination of the floathouses would probably increase recreational use to past levels, by local boaters who have stopped using the area because of the floathouses.

IV. CONFLICTS:

The floathouses which presently occupy the main interior bay may possibly have to vacate the area if Marine Park status is granted. Floathouse owners may object to having to move their dwellings.

The islands are presently ^{SELECTED, 10/89, PRIORITY "A" CONVEYANCE} managed by the U.S. Forest Service ~~as part of the Tongass National Forest.~~ Logging in the area at some point in the future may require moving log rafts into Krestof or Hayward Strait. The Forest Service also has an investment in stand improvement on approximately 50 acres of this area that has been previously logged under the APC long term contract.

There are no conflicts with other resources.

V. MAJOR REFERENCES:

The Tongass National Forest Land Management Plan, U.S Forest Service, March 12, 1979.

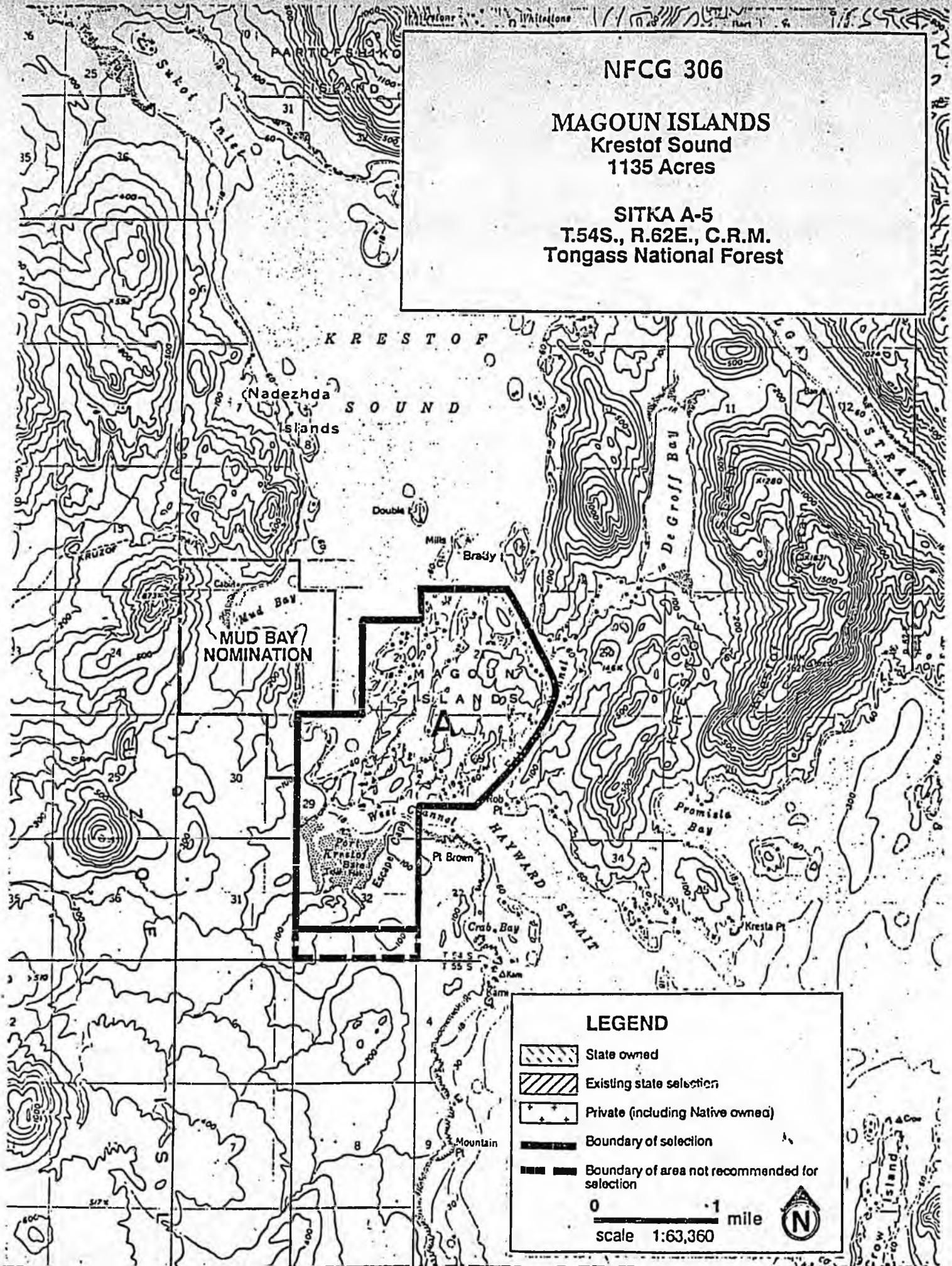
Marine Parks for Alaska - The International Connection, Neil Johannsen, Director of Alaska State Parks, Alaska Magazine article, 1979.

Dictionary of Alaska Place Names, Donald J. Orth, Page 615, Geological Survey Professional Paper 576, Published by the U.S. Government Printing Office, 1967, Reprinted and revised in 1971.

NFCG 306

MAGOUN ISLANDS
Krestof Sound
1135 Acres

SITKA A-5
T.54S., R.62E., C.R.M.
Tongass National Forest



43 CFR 2627.1 National Forest Community Grant Selection and Blanket Top Filing

State of Alaska
Department of Natural Resources
Division of Land and Water Management
P.O. Box 107005
Anchorage, Alaska 99510-7005

Magoun Islands - Krestof Sound

NFCG 306

T. 54 S., R. 62 E., C.R.M.

Section 20: S1/2NE1/4, SE1/4;

Section 21: All, excluding Krestof Island;

Section 22: W1/2SW1/4, excluding Krestof Island;

Section 28: N1/2, N1/2SW1/4, excluding Krestof Island;

Section 29: All;

Section 32: N1/2; N1/2S1/2.

Containing 1,135 acres, more or less.

Approximate Cumulative Acreage 418,805.40

BLM-Anchorage District

DRAFT

MARINE PARK SITE EVALUATION

PRELIMINARY CANDIDATE

I. SITE LOCATION AND NAME: ① 9.

A. SITE NAME: Big Bear and Baby Bear Bays

B. LOCATION:

1. LATITUDE/LONGITUDE: 57°26'N, 135°34'W

2. GENERAL LOCATION: Big Bear and Baby Bear Bays are located on the northern end of Baranof Island, along Peril Strait, approximately 32 miles north of Sitka.

3. BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION: The proposed inland water site extends along the north west coastal portion of Baranof Island aside Peril Strait from approximately 200 meters south of point Siroi, north approximately two miles to Middle Point, east approximately one mile to a small unnamed pond, south approximately two miles, and west approximately one mile to the point of origin 200 meters south of point Siroi. The proposed area encompasses approximately 640 acres more or less and is characterized as a protected coastline inland waterways with light wave action and strong to moderate tidal currents. The coastline is comprised of Big Bear Island and several smaller islands.

II. RATIONAL FOR CONSIDERATION:

A. HISTORY AND/OR ARCHEOLOGY: Big Bear and Baby Bear Bays do not contain any significant archeological sites. Past historical use is not significant other than the area being used as an overnight small boat anchorage and popular hunting and fishing grounds.

Big Bear Bay (or Bear Bay as noted on charts) was named in 1884 by Cmdr. J.B. Coughman, USN. The Bear Bay name was first published in the 1891 Coast Pilot by the US Coast Guard. Bear Bay was appropriately named because of the large number of bears observed in the area at the time.

Baby Bear Bay, adjacent to, and N.E. of Big Bear Bay, is actually larger and provides a more protected anchorage. The name Baby Bear Bay was first published in 1962 on chart #8248 and was probably named as such because of it's close proximity to Big Bear Bay.

B. HABITAT VALUES: The area is comprised of low volume, old growth western hemlock forest with some spruce and cedar, giving way to extensive muskeg areas to the south and east. The shorelines are gently sloped.

Fish common to the area include: salmon, halibut, rockfish, crab, clams, and shrimp. Fish stocks are average and vary with the season. Peril Straits comprises an important link between the open ocean and interior waters, and is a seasonal migration route for salmon, halibut, and other fish.

Identified marine mammals include: Humpback and Orca whales, seals, sea lions, sea otter, and porpoise. Marine mammals are only occasionally observed in the area and are not considered common - especially within the bays.

DRAFT

II. RATIONAL FOR CONSIDERATION (cont.):

- B. HABITAT VALUES (cont.): Birds observed in the area include: Bald eagles, ravens, crows, ducks, geese, song birds, shore birds, and sea gulls. Bald eagles and ravens are most common throughout the year. Duck populations are high in the late spring, summer, and early fall seasons.

Sitka blacktail deer, brown bear, mink, red squirrel, marten, and river otter are also observed in the area. Deer are observed on the beaches in the winter and spring period, and are sometimes seen swimming across Peril Straits between Chichagof and Baranof Islands, primarily in the fall.

- C. SCENIC OF AESTHETIC CONSIDERATIONS: The site has a fairly convoluted shoreline which allows a number of boats to anchor in the area out of sight of each other. There are secluded bays located off scenic Peril Strait; primitive undeveloped area; varied wildlife habitat; old growth spruce and hemlock forests; several scenic small forested islands within the bays.

- D. VALUES OF SPECIFIC LOCATION: Big Bear and Baby Bear Bays were selected as a marine park site candidate for the following reasons:

1. The area is a safe anchorage - protected from strong tidal currents associated with Peril Strait and also is protected from prevailing southeast and west winds. The bays average 7 fathoms in depth and have cobble bottoms for good anchor holding.
2. The area is located along a major boating route between Sitka and other "inside water" destinations. Distance is an easy day sail from Sitka.
3. Productive fishing grounds are located in and around the area. Hunting, kayaking, camping, beachcombing, and wildlife viewing are other recreational possibilities within the area.

III. SITE EVALUATION NARRATIVE:

- A. NATURAL RESOURCE VALUES: The following information is provided through the U.S. Forest Service Tongass National Forest Land Management Plan. Natural resource values will not be site specific to Big Bear and Baby Bear Bays, but are instead associated with that area in general terms. (The "value comparison unit" planning method is used by the Forest Service for the Tongass Land Management Plan.)

Resource values rated "0" are presently considered incapable of producing resources or providing land use opportunities. Those rated "5" have the highest capability.

Timber Supply Qualities Rating	2
Mineral Values Rating	1
Wilderness Attributes Rating	4
Dispersed Primitive Recreation Opportunities Rating	2
Dispersed Semi-Primitive Recreation Opportunities Rating	2
Concentrated Primitive Recreation Opportunities Rating	1
Sport Fisheries Value	3
Commercial Fisheries Value	3
Wildlife Value	3
Estaurine Sensitivity Rating	5
Scenery and Ecotype Diversity Rating	2
Supplimentary Wilderness Attributes	2
Wildlife Use (Human) Rating	4

DRAFT

III. SITE EVALUATION NARRATIVE (cont.):

B. PRESENT HUMAN USE: The bays are occasionally used by small boats passing through the area seeking a place for overnight camping, exploring, or shelter from heavy weather. Hunters use the bays as an anchorage in the fall and early winter months for access to remote deer hunting grounds on Baranof Island.

The site is completely undeveloped and bears no sign of human use when unoccupied.

C. POSSIBLE IMPROVEMENTS: The site should receive minimal development, if any at all. The wilderness quality of the site is one of its main assets, and should be preserved.

Navigation into an out of the bays may be difficult to determine by the unfamiliar visitor. Navigation markers may be a valuable aid in marking safe passages within the area. Submerged reefs and seaweed beds exist near the entrance of Baby Bear Bay. Local knowledge and caution is advised when entering this bay.

IV. CONFLICTS:

10/84 - SELECTED -
PRIORITY "A"
CONVEYANCE

No land use conflicts exist in the area. The land is presently ~~managed~~ by the U.S. Forest Service as part of the Tongass National Forest. No development or use of the site is planned for the near future. The State should be able to select this area as a marine park without any problems.

The estuarine areas which border Big Bear Bay are highly sensitive and may be adversely impacted by heavy human use. Camping sites should be directed towards the more durable forested areas.

V. MAJOR REFERENCES:

The Tongass National Forest Land Management Plan, U.S. Forest Service, March 12, 1979.

Marine Parks for Alaska - The International Connection, Neil Johannsen, Director of Alaska State Parks, Alaska Magazine article, 1979

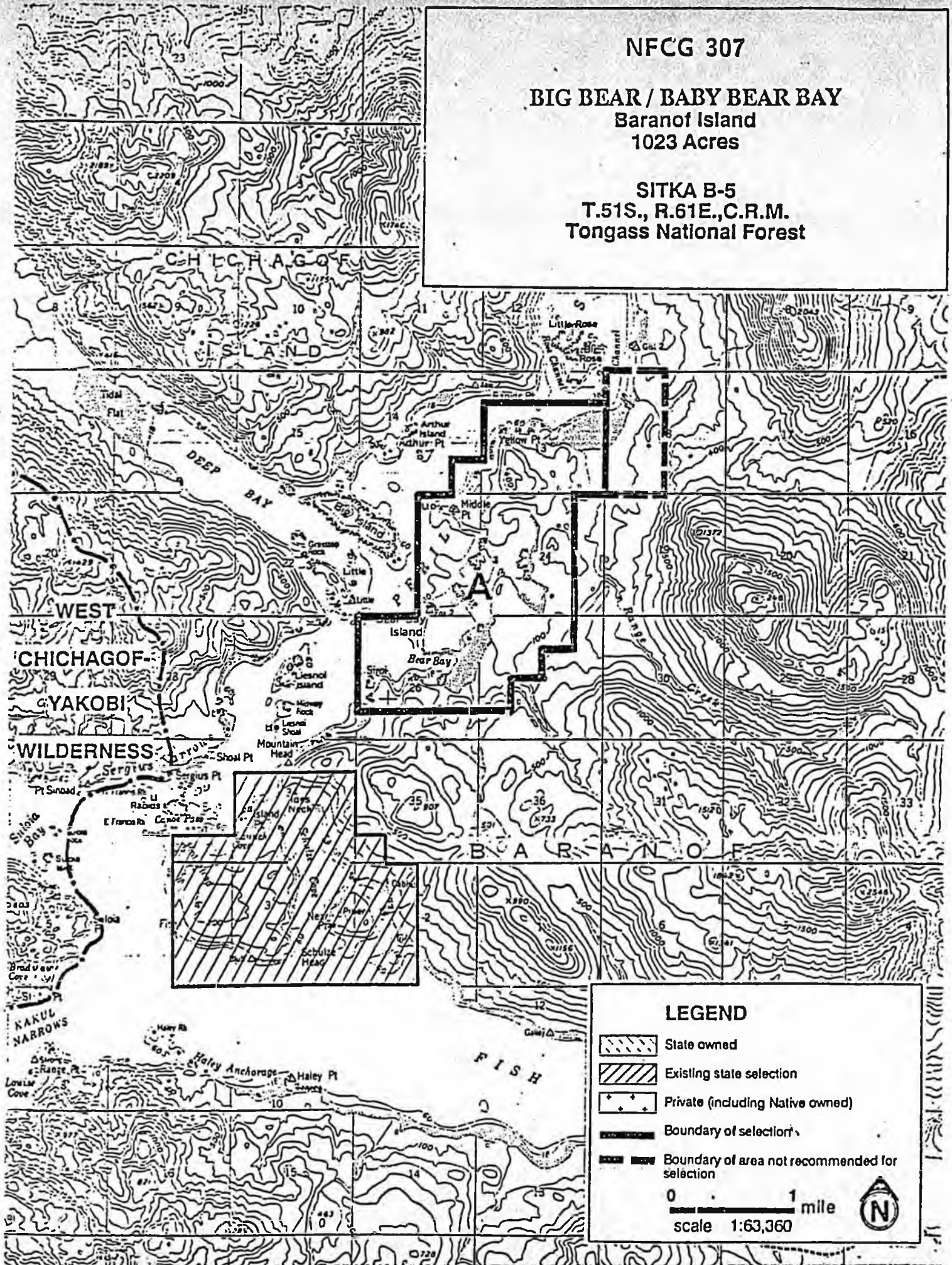
History research by Joe Ashby, member of Alaska State Park Advisory Board - Sitka.

Dictionary of Alaska Place Names, Donald J. Orth, Geological Survey Professional Paper 576, Published by the U.S. Government Printing Office, 1967, Reprinted and revised in 1971.






NFCG 307

BIG BEAR / BABY BEAR BAY
Baranof Island
1023 Acres

SITKA B-5
T.51S., R.61E., C.R.M.
Tongass National Forest



LEGEND

-  State owned
-  Existing state selection
-  Private (including Native owned)
-  Boundary of selection
-  Boundary of area not recommended for selection

0 1 mile
scale 1:63,360



43 CFR 2627.1 National Forest Community Grant Selection and Blanket Top Filing

State of Alaska
Department of Natural Resources
Division of Land and Water Management
P.O. Box 107005
Anchorage, Alaska 99510-7005

Big Bear/Baby Bear Bay - Baranof Island

NFCG 307

T. 51 S., R. 61 E., C.R.M.

Section 13: S1/2N1/2, S1/2;

Section 14: SE1/4SE1/4;

Section 23: E1/2;

Section 24: W1/2E1/2, W1/2;

Section 25: NW1/4NE1/4, NW1/4, NW1/4SW1/4;

Section 26: N1/2, N1/2S1/2.

Containing 1,023 acres, more or less.

Approximate Cumulative Acreage 419,828.40

BLM-Anchorage District