

SB

202

# STATE OF ALASKA THE LEGISLATURE

POUCH Y STATE CAPITOL  
JUNEAU, ALASKA 99811  
907 465 3800

## LEGISLATIVE AFFAIRS AGENCY

MEMORANDUM

March 24, 1988

SUBJECT: CSSB 462(Judiciary)  
TO: Senator Jalmar Kerttula  
FROM: George Utermohle *GU*  
Legislative Counsel

Enclosed is the Judiciary Committee Substitute for SB 462, an act relating to seizure and forfeiture of property involving controlled substances and imitation controlled substances.

The CS contains the substance of amendments suggested by the Department of Public Safety; however the CS varies from the department's proposed language as follows:

First, the title of the bill is amended to include a reference to imitation controlled substances.

Second, the department's proposed new AS 17.30.110(3), (6)(C), and (7) are combined into one provision in the CS. These provisions are included in AS 17.30.110(6).

Third, the department proposed an amendment to AS 17.30.112(b) to provide an exception to the process set out in that subsection, so that the commissioner of public safety or a police chief did not have to take action towards the final disposition of seized property within 20 days after seizure occurs. The proposed amendment would allow the commissioner or a chief of police to hold the seized property indefinitely if they intended to seek forfeiture of the property as part of a criminal case against the defendant. Under this approach seized property could be held until the statute of limitations has expired without any action being taken towards final disposition of the property. The CS contains language addressing part of the problem raised by the department. Property seized under an order of forfeiture issued by a court is exempted from the provisions of AS 17.30.112(b). Thus, property forfeited as

Senator Jalmar Kerttula  
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part of a criminal proceeding against a defendant can be seized and forfeited without having to repeat the procedures set out in AS 17.30.112(b).

Fourth, the amendment of the definition of controlled substances to include imitation controlled substances is not necessary because imitation controlled substances are already subject to AS 17.30.110 - 17.30.138 under AS 11.73.060. Section 1 of the bill contains the provision making the forfeiture and seizure statutes apply to imitation controlled substances.

Enclosure

GU:gc  
WKG2:071

5-1354L  
Utermohle  
3/24/88

Original sponsors: Sturgulewski, Uehling,  
Fischer and Rodey

1 IN THE SENATE

BY THE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE

2 CS FOR SENATE BILL NO. 462 (Judiciary)

3 IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA

4 FIFTEENTH LEGISLATURE - SECOND SESSION

5 A BILL

6 For an Act entitled: "An Act relating to seizure and forfeiture of proper-  
7 ty in cases involving controlled substances and  
8 imitation controlled substances."

9 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

10 \* Section 1. AS 11.73.060 is amended to read:

11 Sec. 11.73.060. FORFEITURES. (a) Property used during or in  
12 aid of a violation of this chapter may be forfeited to the state to  
13 the extent permitted under AS 17.30.110 - 17.30.138 [AND IN ACCORDANCE  
14 WITH THE PROVISIONS OF AS 17.30.110 - 17.30.126].

15 (b) For purposes of this section the terms "controlled sub-  
16 stance" and "this chapter", as used in AS 17.30.110 - 17.30.138  
17 [AS 17.30.110 - 17.30.126], shall be construed as "imitation con-  
18 trolled substance" and "AS 11.73" respectively.

19 \* Sec. 2. AS 17.30.110 is amended to read:

20 Sec. 17.30.110. ITEMS SUBJECT TO FORFEITURE. The following may  
21 be forfeited to the state or a municipality, except as provided in  
22 AS 17.30.126:

23 (1) a controlled substance that [WHICH] has been manufact-  
24 ured, distributed, dispensed, acquired, or possessed in violation of  
25 this chapter or AS 11.71;

26 (2) property, including raw materials, products, and  
27 equipment, that is [WHICH ARE] used or intended for use in manufactur-  
28 ing, distributing, compounding, processing, delivering, importing, or  
29

chapter or AS 11.71;

(3) property that [WHICH] is used or intended for use as a container for property described in (1) or (2) of this section;

(4) a conveyance, including but not limited to aircraft, vehicles, or vessels, that [WHICH] has been used or is intended for use in transporting or in any manner in facilitating the transportation, sale, receipt, possession, or concealment of property described in (1) or (2) of this section in violation of a felony offense under this chapter or AS 11.71; however,

(A) a conveyance may not be forfeited under this paragraph if the owner of the conveyance establishes, by a preponderance of the evidence, at a hearing before the court as the trier of fact, that use of the conveyance in violation of this chapter or AS 11.71 was committed by another person and that the owner was neither a consenting party nor privy to the violation;

(B) a forfeiture of a conveyance encumbered by a valid security interest at the time of seizure is subject to the interest of the secured party if the secured party establishes, by a preponderance of the evidence, at a hearing before the court as the trier of fact, that use of the conveyance in violation of this chapter or AS 11.71 was committed by another person and that the secured party was neither a consenting party nor privy to the violation;

(5) books, records, and research products and materials, including formulas, microfilm, tapes, and data, that [WHICH] are used in violation of this chapter or AS 11.71;

(6) property, including money, securities, or negotiable instruments, that is

(A) furnished by

1 substance in violation of this chapter or AS 11.71;

2 (B) used in, intended for use in, or used to facili-  
3 tate a violation of this chapter or AS 11.71; or

4 (C) proceeds derived directly or indirectly from a  
5 violation of this chapter or AS 11.71; [, OR OTHER THINGS OF  
6 VALUE USED IN FINANCIAL TRANSACTIONS DERIVED FROM ACTIVITY PRO-  
7 HIBITED BY THIS CHAPTER OR AS 11.71; AND]

8 (7) a firearm that [WHICH] is visible, carried during, or  
9 used in furtherance of a violation of this chapter or AS 11.71; and

10 (8) real property, including interests in real property and  
11 appurtenances and improvements to real property, that is used or  
12 intended for use to commit, or to facilitate the commission of, a  
13 felony offense under this chapter or AS 11.71; however

14 (A) real property may not be forfeited under this  
15 paragraph if the owner of the real property establishes, by a  
16 preponderance of the evidence, at a hearing before the court as  
17 the trier of fact, that use of the real property in violation of  
18 this chapter or AS 11.71 was committed by another person and that  
19 the owner was neither a consenting party nor privy to the vio-  
20 lation;

21 (B) a forfeiture of real property encumbered by a  
22 valid security interest at the time of seizure is subject to the  
23 interest of the secured party if the secured party establishes,  
24 by a preponderance of the evidence, at a hearing before the court  
25 as the trier of fact, that use of the real property in violation  
26 of this chapter or AS 11.71 was committed by another person and  
27 that the secured party was neither a consenting party nor privy  
28 to the violation;

29 (9) property acquired, maintained, produced by, or derived

1 from proceeds obtained directly or indirectly from a violation of this  
2 chapter or AS 11.71.

3 \* Sec. 3. AS 17.30.112 is amended to read:

4 Sec. 17.30.112. PROCEEDINGS RESULTING IN FORFEITURE. (a) Prop-  
5 erty listed in AS 17.30.110 may be forfeited to the state or a munic-  
6 ipality upon the order of the commissioner of public safety or a chief  
7 of police in a summary administrative forfeiture proceeding under  
8 AS 17.30.115, [EITHER] upon conviction of the defendant of a violation  
9 of this chapter or AS 11.71, or upon judgment of a court in a separate  
10 civil proceeding in rem.

11 (b) Unless the property is seized under a court order forfeiting  
12 the property to the state or a municipality, the commissioner of  
13 public safety or a chief of police, whoever is in custody of the  
14 property, shall within 20 days after the property is seized under  
15 AS 17.30.114

16 (1) cause a summary administrative forfeiture proceeding to  
17 be commenced under AS 17.30.115;

18 (2) commence a civil proceeding in rem under AS 17.30.116;

19 or

20 (3) release the property, unless the property is subject to  
21 AS 17.30.126.

22 (c) A [THE] court may order a forfeiture in the in rem proceed-  
23 ing if it finds that an item specified in AS 17.30.110 was used during  
24 or in aid of a violation of this chapter or AS 11.71. [(b)] It is  
25 not a defense in an in rem proceeding brought under this chapter  
26 [SECTION] that a criminal proceeding has resulted in a conviction or  
27 conviction of a lesser offense for a violation of this chapter or  
28 AS 11.71.

29 \* Sec. 4. AS 17.30.114 is amended to read:

1           Sec. 17.30.114.   SEIZURE AND CUSTODY OF PROPERTY.   (a) Property  
2 listed in AS 17.30.110 may be seized by a peace officer upon an order  
3 issued by a court having jurisdiction over the property upon a showing  
4 of probable cause that the property may be forfeited under AS 17.30.-  
5 110. Seizure without a court order may be made if

6           (1) the seizure is incident to a valid arrest or a search  
7 under a valid search warrant;

8           (2) the property subject to seizure has been the subject of  
9 an earlier judgment in favor of the state or a municipality in a  
10 criminal proceeding or civil proceeding in rem under this chapter or  
11 AS 11.71; or

12           (3) there is probable cause that the property was used, is  
13 being used, or is intended for use, in violation of this chapter or AS  
14 11.71 and the property is easily movable; property seized under this  
15 paragraph may not be held for more than 48 hours without a court order  
16 obtained to continue its detention.

17           (b) Property taken or detained under (a) of this section shall  
18 be held in the custody of either the commissioner of public safety or  
19 a municipal law enforcement agency [AUTHORIZED BY THE COMMISSIONER OF  
20 PUBLIC SAFETY TO RETAIN CUSTODY OF PROPERTY LISTED IN AS 17.30.110]  
21 subject only to disposition under procedures set out in this chapter  
22 [THE ORDERS AND DECREES OF THE COURT HAVING JURISDICTION OVER ANY  
23 FORFEITURE PROCEEDINGS]. If property is seized under this chapter,  
24 the commissioner of public safety or a [AN AUTHORIZED] municipal law  
25 enforcement agency may

26           (1) place the property under seal;

27           (2) remove the property to a place designated by the court;

28 or

29           (3) take custody of the property and remove it to an

appropriate location for disposition in accordance with law.

(c) Within 10 days after a seizure under AS 17.30.110 - 17.30.-138 [AS 17.30.110 - 17.30.126], the commissioner of public safety or the chief of police shall make an inventory of any property seized, including controlled substances, and shall estimate [APPRAISE] the value of any items seized other than controlled substances.

\* Sec. 5. AS 17.30 is amended by adding a new section to read:

Sec. 17.30.115. SUMMARY ADMINISTRATIVE FORFEITURE PROCEEDING.

(a) If the estimated value of seized property is \$100,000 or less or if the seized property is a conveyance subject to forfeiture under AS 17.30.110(4), the official who has custody of seized property may commence a summary administrative forfeiture proceeding by

(1) giving notice of the forfeiture proceeding to persons known to have an interest in the property or who are ascertainable from official registration numbers, licenses, or other state, federal, or municipal numbers on the property; and

(2) publishing notice of the proceeding in a newspaper of general circulation in the judicial district where the seizure was made, or if no newspaper is published in that judicial district, in a newspaper published in the state and distributed in that judicial district; the notice shall be published once each week during three consecutive calendar weeks; the notice must

(A) describe the property seized, including motor and serial numbers, if any;

(B) state the time, place, and cause of seizure; and

(C) state that a person claiming an interest in the property shall, within 20 days from the date of the first publication of the notice, file with the official a claim to the property and a bond in the proper amount.

1 (b) A person claiming property subject to a proceeding under  
2 this section shall submit a claim and a bond to the official within 20  
3 days after the date of first publication of the notice required under  
4 this section.

5 (c) The bond with satisfactory sureties shall be in the amount  
6 of \$2,500 or 10 percent of the estimated value of the property, which-  
7 ever is lower, but not less than \$500. The bond shall be in cash,  
8 certified check, or satisfactory sureties. The bond shall be rendered  
9 to the state or municipality, as appropriate, with sureties approved  
10 by the official and conditioned that in the event of judicial forfei-  
11 ture of the property the obligor shall pay from the bond all costs and  
12 expenses of the civil proceeding in rem.

13 (d) When the claim and bond are received, the official shall  
14 determine that the claim and bond are in proper form and the sureties  
15 are satisfactory. If the claim and bond are satisfactory, the offi-  
16 cial shall terminate the proceeding and commence a civil proceeding in  
17 rem under AS 17.30.116. Notwithstanding AS 17.30.112(b), the official  
18 shall commence the civil proceeding in rem within 20 days after the  
19 timely and satisfactory claim and bond are filed. If the claim and  
20 bond are not satisfactory when first received, a reasonable time for  
21 correction of the claim and bond may be allowed. If satisfactory  
22 corrections are not made to the claim and bond within a reasonable  
23 time, the official may proceed as though the claim and bond had not  
24 been tendered.

25 (e) The filing of a timely and satisfactory claim and bond  
26 terminates the summary administrative forfeiture proceeding, but does  
27 not entitle the claimant to possession of the property.

28 (f) If a timely and satisfactory claim and bond are not filed  
29 within the time required under this section, the official shall

1 declare the property forfeited. The official shall execute a declara-  
2 tion of forfeiture.

3 (g) In this section

4 (1) "commissioner of public safety" includes an employee of  
5 the Department of Public Safety designated by the commissioner to  
6 conduct summary administrative forfeiture proceedings;

7 (2) "official" means the commissioner of public safety or  
8 chief of police who has custody of seized property.

9 \* Sec. 6. AS 17.30.116(a) is amended to read:

10 (a) If the estimated value of seized property is more than  
11 \$100,000, or the commissioner of public safety or chief of police in  
12 custody of seized property elects to commence a civil proceeding in  
13 rem against property with an estimated value of \$100,000 or less or  
14 against a conveyance, or a summary administrative forfeiture pro-  
15 ceeding is terminated upon the timely and satisfactory filing of a  
16 claim and bond, [WITHIN 20 DAYS AFTER A SEIZURE UNDER AS 17.30.110 -  
17 17.30.126,] the commissioner of public safety or chief of police  
18 shall, by certified mail, notify any person known to have an interest  
19 in an item with an estimated [APPRAISED] value of \$500 or more, or who  
20 is ascertainable from official registration numbers, licenses, or  
21 other state, federal, or municipal numbers on the item, of the pending  
22 forfeiture action. Additionally, the commissioner of public safety  
23 or chief of police shall publish notice of forfeiture action of an  
24 item valued at \$500 or more in a newspaper of general circulation in  
25 the judicial district in which the seizure was made, or if no news-  
26 paper is published in that judicial district, in a newspaper published  
27 in the state and distributed in that judicial district. The notice  
28 shall be published once each week during four consecutive calendar  
29 weeks. The requirements of this subsection do not apply to the

1 forfeiture of controlled substances which have been manufactured, dis-  
2 tributed, dispensed, or possessed in violation of this chapter or AS  
3 11.71, regardless of their value.

4 \* Sec. 7. AS 17.30.120 is amended to read:

5 Sec. 17.30.120. PETITION FOR SALE OF SEIZED ITEM. A claimant  
6 may petition the court for sale of an item before final disposition of  
7 court proceedings. The court shall grant a petition for sale upon a  
8 finding that the sale is in the best interests of the state or munic-  
9 ipality, whichever is in custody of the property, and the preservation  
10 and maintenance of the item seized. Proceeds from the sale plus  
11 interest to the date of final disposition of the court proceedings  
12 become the subject of the forfeiture action.

13 \* Sec. 8. AS 17.30.122 is amended to read:

14 Sec. 17.30.122. STATE DISPOSAL OF FORFEITED PROPERTY. Property  
15 forfeited to the state under AS 17.30.110 - 17.30.138, [AS 17.30.110 -  
16 17.30.126] other than controlled substances, shall be disposed of by  
17 the commissioner of administration in accordance with applicable law.  
18 The commissioner of administration may

19 (1) destroy property harmful to the public;

20 (2) sell the property and use the proceeds for payment of  
21 all proper expenses of the proceedings for forfeiture and sale, in-  
22 cluding expenses of seizure, custody, and court costs; proceeds re-  
23 maining from the sale of the property after expenses are paid shall be  
24 deposited in the general fund;

25 (3) take custody of the property and authorize its use in  
26 the enforcement of this chapter or AS 11.71, or transfer it to another  
27 agency of the state or a political subdivision of the state for a use  
28 in furtherance of the administration of justice;

29 (4) take custody of the property and remove it for

1 disposition in accordance with law;

2 (5) forward the property [IT] to the Drug Enforcement  
3 Administration of the United States Department of Justice for dispo-  
4 sition; or

5 (6) transfer ownership of an aircraft to the Alaska Wing,  
6 Civil Air Patrol.

7 \* Sec. 9. AS 17.30.126(a) is amended to read:

8 (a) A controlled substance manufactured, possessed, transferred,  
9 sold, or offered for sale in violation of this chapter or AS 11.71 is  
10 contraband and must be seized and summarily forfeited to the state.  
11 The commissioner of public safety or the commissioner's designee,  
12 including a municipal law enforcement agency [AUTHORIZED UNDER AS 17.-  
13 30.114(b) OF THIS SECTION TO RETAIN CUSTODY OF CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES],  
14 is responsible for the disposal of controlled substances which have  
15 been forfeited. The controlled substances shall be disposed of in  
16 accordance with procedures and requirements prescribed by the commis-  
17 sioner.

18 \* Sec. 10. AS 17.30 is amended by adding a new section to article 2 to  
19 read:

20 Sec. 17.30.138. DEFINITIONS. In AS 17.30.110 - 17.30.138

21 (1) "chief of police" means the head of a law enforcement  
22 agency of a municipality;

23 (2) "municipality" means a municipality that has adopted an  
24 ordinance under AS 29.35.135 providing for summary administrative  
25 forfeiture proceedings to be conducted by the municipality's chief of  
26 police;

27 (3) "violation of this chapter or AS 11.71" includes an  
28 attempt or solicitation to violate this chapter or AS 11.71.

29 \* Sec. 11. AS 29.10.200 is amended by adding a new paragraph to read:

(49) AS 29.35.135 (forfeiture of property under AS 17.30)

\* Sec. 12. AS 29.35 is amended by adding a new section to read:

Sec. 29.35.135. FORFEITURE OF PROPERTY UNDER AS 17.30. (a) The governing body may adopt an ordinance authorizing the chief of police to conduct a summary administrative forfeiture proceeding under AS 17.30 for forfeiture of property seized by the municipal law enforcement agency in cases involving controlled substances.

(b) Property forfeited to the municipality under AS 17.30.110 - 17.30.138 shall be disposed of by the municipality under applicable law and ordinance. The municipality may

(1) destroy property harmful to the public;

(2) sell the property and use the proceeds for payment of all proper expenses of the proceedings for forfeiture and sale, including expenses of seizure, custody, and court costs;

(3) take custody of the property and authorize its use in the enforcement of AS 11.71 or AS 17.30 or for a use in the administration of justice;

(4) take custody of the property and remove it for disposition under law; or

(5) forward it to the Drug Enforcement Administration of the United States Department of Justice for disposition.

**Sec. 39.50.030. Contents of statements.** (a) Each statement shall be an accurate representation of the financial affairs of the public official or candidate and shall contain the same information for each member of the person's family, as specified in (b) of this section, to the extent that it is ascertainable by the public official or candidate. An asset or liability under \$500, household goods, and personal effects need not be identified.

(b) Each statement filed by a public official or candidate under this chapter shall include the following:

(1) the source of all income over \$100 during the preceding calendar year, including taxable and nontaxable capital gains, received by the person, the person's spouse or dependent child, or a nondependent child of the person who is living with that person;

(2) the identity, by name and address, of each business in which the person, the person's spouse or dependent child, or a nondependent child of the person who is living with that person was a stockholder, owner, officer, director, partner, proprietor, or employee during the preceding calendar year;

(3) the identity and nature of each interest owned in any business during the preceding calendar year by the person, the person's spouse or dependent child, or a nondependent child of the person who is living with that person;

(4) the identity and nature of each interest in real property, including an option to buy, owned at any time during the preceding calendar year by the person, the person's spouse or dependent child, or a nondependent child of the person who is living with that person;

(5) the identity of each trust or other fiduciary relation in which the person, the person's spouse or dependent child, or a nondependent child of the person who is living with that person held a beneficial interest during the preceding calendar year, a description and identification of the property contained in each trust or relation, and the nature and extent of the beneficial interest in it;

(6) any loan or loan guarantee made to the person, the person's spouse or dependent child, or a nondependent child of the person who is living with that person, and the identity of the maker of the loan or loan guarantor and the identity of each creditor to whom the person, the person's spouse or dependent child, of a nondependent child of the person who lives with that person owed \$500 or more;

(7) a list of all contracts and offers to contract with the state or an instrumentality of the state during the preceding calendar year held, bid, or offered by the person, the person's spouse or dependent child, a nondependent child of the person who is living with that person, the person's mother or father, or a corporation in which the person or the person's spouse or children, or a combination of them, hold a controlling interest; and

(8) a list of all mineral, timber, oil, or any other natural resource lease held, or lease offer made, during the preceding calendar year by the person, the person's dependent child, a nondependent child of the person who is living with that person, the person's mother or father, a partnership or professional corporation of which the person is a member, or a corporation in which the person or the person's spouse or children, or a combination of them, holds a controlling interest.

(c) [Repealed, § 26 ch 25 SLA 1975.] (1974 Initiative Proposal No. 2, § 1; am §§ 3, 4, 26 ch 25 SLA 1975)

**Opinions of attorney general.** — Requiring an attorney who is a public official to disclose the names of clients, including the clients of the firm, is valid and

legally supportable; and disclosure of such names does not violate any constitutional or professional privileges. February 15, 1985 Op. Att'y Gen.

#### NOTES TO DECISIONS

To determine the validity of the disclosure provisions of the Conflict of Interest law, both the nature and the extent of the privacy invasion and the strength of the state interest requiring disclosure must be considered. *Falcon v. Alaska Pub. Offices Comm'n, Sup. Ct. Op. No. 1512 (File No. 3220), 570 P.2d 469 (1977).*

Certain types of information communicated in the context of the physician-patient relationship fall within a constitutionally-protected zone of privacy. *Falcon v. Alaska Pub. Offices Comm'n, Sup. Ct. Op. No. 1512 (File No. 3220), 570 P.2d 469 (1977).*

Patient of a physician is a client for medical services and falls within the scope of this chapter. *Falcon v. Alaska*

*Pub. Offices Comm'n, Sup. Ct. Op. No. 1512 (File No. 3220), 570 P.2d 469 (1977).*

**And source of income.** — The Conflict of Interest law encompasses a physician's individual patients as sources of income. *Falcon v. Alaska Pub. Offices Comm'n, Sup. Ct. Op. No. 1512 (File No. 3220), 570 P.2d 469 (1977).*

**Reporting individual names of physician's patients.** — Until appropriate regulations are promulgated, the Conflict of Interest law may not be applied so as to require reporting the names of individual patients of a physician. *Falcon v. Alaska Pub. Offices Comm'n, Sup. Ct. Op. No. 1512 (File No. 3220), 570 P.2d 469 (1977).*

Applied in *Warren v. Thomas, Sup. Ct. Op. No. 1484 (File No. 2919), 568 P.2d 400 (1977).*

**Sec. 39.50.035. Exemptions.** A person subject to this chapter is not exempt from any of its provisions except to the extent state courts determine that legally privileged professional relationships preclude complete compliance. (§ 5 ch 25 SLA 1975)

#### NOTES TO DECISIONS

This section applies only to legal privileges, not ethical mandates. *Falcon v. Alaska Pub. Offices Comm'n, Sup. Ct. Op. No. 1512 (File No. 3220), 570 P.2d 469 (1977).*

Fact that a physician is subject to

professional discipline for revealing the names of patients does not create a "legal privilege." *Falcon v. Alaska Pub. Offices Comm'n, Sup. Ct. Op. No. 1512 (File No. 3220), 570 P.2d 469 (1977).*

STATE OF ALASKA  
1988 LEGISLATIVE SESSION

BILL VERSION: CSSB 202 (SA)  
PUBLISH DATE: (SENATE) 3/10/88

FISCAL NOTE

REQUEST:

Revision Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Agency Affected: \_\_\_\_\_  
Title: "An Act relating to the contents of BRII of interest law."  
Sponsor: Josephson Components: \_\_\_\_\_  
Requestor: \_\_\_\_\_

EXPENDITURES/REVENUES: (Thousands of Dollars)

OPERATING	FY 88	FY 89	FY 90	FY 91	FY 92	FY 93
PERSONAL SERVICES						
TRAVEL						
CONTRACTUAL						
SUPPLIES						
EQUIPMENT						
LAND & STRUCTURES						
GRANTS, CLAIMS						
MISCELLANEOUS						
TOTAL OPERATING	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-

CAPITAL						
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REVENUE						
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FUNDING: (Thousands of Dollars)

GENERAL FUND						
FEDERAL FUNDS						
OTHER						
TOTAL	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-

POSITIONS:

FULL-TIME						
PART-TIME						
TEMPORARY						

ANALYSIS : (Attach a separate page if necessary)

\_\_\_\_\_

Prepared by: Senate State Affairs Committee Phone: 465-4522  
Division: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
Approved by Senator Mitch Abood Date: 3/9/88  
Agency: Senate State Affairs Committee

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