

HB

550

STATE OF ALASKA
THE LEGISLATURE

LEGISLATIVE AFFAIRS AGENCY
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POUCH Y - STATE CAPITOL
JUNEAU, ALASKA 99811
907-465-3800

May, 1988

Copies of minutes listed below were originally included in this file. The minutes are available on the STAIRS database CMPR. In order to save space copies of minutes have not been left in the files.

Mary Van Nimwegen

House L?C:

April 19, 1988



Official Business

COMMITTEE:

HOUSE LABOR & COMMERCE

DATE: April 19, 1988

SIGN-IN

Subject of meeting:

WORK SESSION - Insurance Related Bills including HB 502, HB 513, HB 514, HB 515, HB 313, HB 227.

- HB 550 "An Act authorizing the Dept. of Community and Regional Affairs to modify the terms of its mortgage loans; and providing for an effective date."
- HB 552 "An Act relating to civil liability for emergency aid."
- HB 402 "An Act establishing a program in the AIDEA to guarantee business loans, and limiting the Authority's ability to issue bonds; and providing for an effective date."

PLEASE PRINT
NAME & TITLE

REPRESENTING

ADDRESS & ZIP

PHONE

DO YOU WANT
TO TESTIFY?

SUBJECT:
BILL #

NAME & TITLE	REPRESENTING	ADDRESS & ZIP	PHONE	DO YOU WANT TO TESTIFY?	SUBJECT: BILL #
DON KUH	DIV. INSURANCE	P.O. Box D JUNO	H W 2577	AS NEEDED	INSURANCE RELATED BILLS
Bill Snieder	AGC		H W	AS NEEDED	HB 227
JP Teugent	Alliance of Amer. Ins.		H W		HB 573 HB 574
JOHN WILLIAMS	DCED		H W		
REP. FRANK			H W		
GENT DAWSON	326 4th ST #203 Juneau, AK 99801	ALASKA TRIAL LAWYERS ASSOC	H W 586 2667	AS NEEDED	HB 552
			H W		
			H W		
			H W		
			H W		

WORK SESSION TESTIMONY

HOUSE COMMITTEE REPORT

(7)

Date referred: 4/11/88

FURTHER REFERRALS: Finance

DATE: 4/19/88

The Labor & Commerce Committee has considered HB 550

"An Act authorizing the Department of Community and Regional Affairs to modify the terms of its mortgage loans; and providing for an effective date."

RECOMMENDS:

- replace with _____ the same title
- attached amendment(s) a new title
- do pass
- do not pass
- no recommendation
- individual recommendations
- additional referral to the _____ Committee

ADOPTS: _____ letter of intent

ATTACHES NEW FISCAL NOTE(S):

- fiscal impact same as previous fiscal note published _____
- zero fiscal note same as previous zero fiscal note published 4/11/88
- zero with analysis

SIGNING DO PASS:

SIGNING OTHER RECOMMENDATIONS:

Cliff Davidson

P. A. Boucher

John Ellis no rec

~~*Hal Korman no rec*~~

David Wiley no rec

David Wiley

 Chairman's signature

STATE OF ALASKA

DEPT. OF COMMUNITY & REGIONAL AFFAIRS

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER

STEVE COWPER, GOVERNOR

- P.O. BOX B
JUNEAU, ALASKA 99811-2100
PHONE: (907) 465-4700
- 949 E. 36TH AVENUE, SUITE 400
ANCHORAGE, ALASKA 99508-4302
PHONE: (907) 563-1073

April 4, 1988

POSITION PAPER

RE: House Bill 550

SPONSOR: Rules Committee by request of the House Members of the Joint Committee on Economic Recovery.

Program Effects:

This bill would allow the department, under the Housing Assistance Loan Program, to modify loan terms, such as the interest rate and maturity date, when a borrower is experiencing financial distress. This authority already exists in other State assisted housing loan programs so this legislation would make this program consistent with these other State housing loan programs.

Comments:

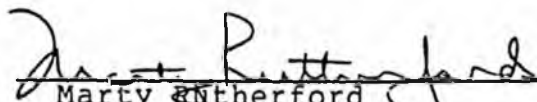
This bill would correct an inconsistency between the provisions of the Housing Assistance Loan Program and other State housing loan programs, such as those offered by the Alaska Housing Finance Corporation. This would give the Housing Assistance Loan Program more options when assisting a distressed borrower to maintain his or her home and credit rating. It would help reduce the maintenance, legal, and resale costs that the Housing Assistance Loan Program experiences every time it cannot save a loan and has to accept the security, such as the real property, rather than repayment of the loan amount.

The Housing Assistance Loan Fund has currently about 1400 outstanding loans. Of these, 45 are in foreclosure, and another 100 are delinquent in payments. Of these delinquencies, the department estimates between one third and one half would be able to take advantage of the loan modification provisions proposed by this legislation.

HB 550
April 4, 1988
Page Two

The Housing Assistance Loan program has considered the financial impact on the Housing Assistance Revolving Loan Fund (HARLF) due to the resultant reduction in the average interest rate the portfolio earns brought about by lowering the interest rate charged to the borrowers. This loss in income, when averaged over the total portfolio, will not impact the loan fund. In addition the department feels that any loss in income due to the reduction in interest income may be offset by reducing the number of non-performing loans by turning them into performing loans. When a borrower goes into default and does not make the required loan payments, the HARLF receives no income from that loan. If the department can immediately work with that borrower and renegotiate loan terms which are acceptable to the State and the borrower, the State will suffer a smaller reduction in income than if it becomes necessary to go to foreclosure and liquidate the security.

The department strongly supports this legislation. It is in the best interests of both the state and the borrowers under this program to implement this statutory change.


Marty Rutherford
Acting Deputy Commissioner

STATE OF ALASKA
1988 LEGISLATIVE SESSION

BILL VERSION: HB 550
PUBLISH DATE: HOUSE 4/11/88

FISCAL NOTE

REQUEST:

Revision Date: _____
Title: "An act..DCRA..modify terms of..
mortgage loans..effective date."
Sponsor: Rules Committee
Requestor: _____

Agency Affected: Community & Regional Affairs
BRU: Housing Assistance
Components: _____

EXPENDITURES/REVENUES: (Thousands of Dollars)

OPERATING	FY 88	FY 89	FY 90	FY 91	FY 92	FY 93
PERSONAL SERVICES						
TRAVEL						
CONTRACTUAL						
SUPPLIES						
EQUIPMENT						
LAND & STRUCTURES						
GRANTS, CLAIMS						
MISCELLANEOUS						
TOTAL OPERATING	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
CAPITAL						
REVENUE						

FUNDING: (Thousands of Dollars)

GENERAL FUND	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
FEDERAL FUNDS						
OTHER						
TOTAL	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-

POSITIONS:

FULL-TIME	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
PART-TIME						
TEMPORARY						

ANALYSIS : (Attach a separate page if necessary)

Prepared by: Jim Plasman, Deputy Director
Division: Municipal & Regional Assistance

Phone: 465-4750
Date: 4/4/88

Approved by Commissioner: [Signature]
Agency: Community & Regional Affairs

Date: 4/04/88

Distribution (by preparer):

- Legislative Finance
- Legislative Sponsor
- Requestor
- Office of Management and Budget
- Impacted Agency(ies)

STATE OF ALASKA
1988 LEGISLATIVE SESSION

(1.1) HB 550

BILL VERSION: HB 550
PUBLISH DATE: _____

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TOTAL OPERATING	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-

CAPITAL						
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REVENUE						
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FUNDING: (Thousands of Dollars)

GENERAL FUND	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
FEDERAL FUNDS						
OTHER						
TOTAL	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-

POSITIONS:

FULL-TIME	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
PART-TIME						
TEMPORARY						

ANALYSIS : (Attach a separate page if necessary)

Prepared by: Jim Plasman, Deputy Director Phone: 465-4750
Division: Municipal & Regional Assistance Date: 4/4/88

Approved by Commissioner: [Signature] Date: 4/04/88
Agency: Community & Regional Affairs

- Distribution (by preparer):
Legislative Finance
Legislative Sponsor
Requestor
Office of Management and Budget
Impacted Agency(ies)



Alaska State Legislature

House of Representatives

Committee on Community & Regional Affairs

Pouch V
State Capitol
Juneau, Alaska 99811
(907) 465-4833

April 4, 1988

TO: Rep. Henry Springer, Chariman HCRA
FROM: David C. Harrison, P. A., HCRA *Deft*
SUBJECT: HB 550 "An Act authorizing the Department of
Community and Regional Affairs to modify the terms
of its mortgage loans; and providing for an
effective date." (H Rules Committee by request)

Section 1. Findings by the legislature indicate a need to provide some relief to the distressed real estate market. It is deemed in the interest of the property owners as well as the state to provide reduced interest rates.

Sec. 2 AS 44.47 as amended relates to modification of the interest on loans under AS 44.47.360 - 44.47.560 - please see attached statutes for your references.

Intent of this bill is that DCRA may by loan modification, reschedule principal payments or reduce interest rates or both, if the department finds it creates conditions that the loan would pay to maturity and induce the borrower to remain in active management and ownership of the property and the loan modification would be in the best financial interest of the department and the state; and considered prudent by private lending standards taking into account the financial circumstances of the borrower and other costly alternatives such as foreclosure.

If this bill passes, it would provide conditions for rescheduling of the borrower's repayment of principal under conditions herein which is not intended to affect the obligation of the borrower to repay the principal amount on the mortgage.

Provides that the department (DCRA) may reduce the interest payable on a mortgage if the modification contains an interest rate opener clause whereby if the interest rate is reduced the borrower and the department shall renegotiate the rate of interest on the mortgage within five years of the date of an interest rate reduction approved by the department.. Also, to specify the date the parties are to renegotiate the rate of interest per conditions contained herein and to incorporate a call feature reserving DCRA the

right to demand repayment of the entire principal amount due if the borrower and DCRA are unable to conclude renegotiation of the rate of interest.

Conditions are placed on DCRA under the date call feature of this bill.

The interest rate reduction approved by DCRA under this section cancels the borrower's obligation to pay the amount due that is attributable to the difference between the original interest rate and the interest rate reduction for the period of the rate reduction. Benefit is accrued to the borrower because of reduced interest rate as negotiated.

Renegotiated interest rate may not exceed the original interest rate charged on the mortgage.

Regulations prescribing terms, conditions and procedures applicable to loan modification must be made by DCRA.

Effective date of this bill is July 1, 1988.

STATE OF ALASKA
THE LEGISLATURE

POUCHY STATE CAPITOL
JUNEAU, ALASKA 99811
907 465-3800

LEGISLATIVE AFFAIRS AGENCY

MEMORANDUM

February 29, 1988

SUBJECT: Authority to restructure mortgage loans
(Work order 5-2012)

TO: Representative Steve Frank
ATTN: Rick Solie

FROM: Jack Chenoweth
Legislative Counsel

You have asked for a review of the ability of the state agencies that manage residential mortgage lending programs to restructure those loans under current law.

The sources of the principal residential mortgage loan programs are:

-- loans made under one of the various housing assistance programs by the Alaska Housing Finance Corporation under authority of AS 18.56; 1/

-- loans made from the Housing Assistance Loan Fund and the Homeownership Assistance Funds by the Division of Housing Assistance of the Department of Community and Regional Affairs under the authority of AS 44.47.360 - 44.47.560. 2/

Though their total numbers are significantly below the numbers of loans made by each of the entities mentioned above, loans for residential purposes may also be made by

-- the Alaska Permanent Fund Corporation;

-- the commissioner of revenue, acting in the capacity of treasurer of the state's retirement systems for the pension fund surpluses of the Public Employment Retirement System and the Teachers' Retirement System.

"Restructuring of mortgage loans" is usually understood to mean at least one of the following:

Representative Steve Frank

Page 2

February 29, 1988

-- forbearance arrangements or agreements, authorizing the borrower to reduce or suspend regular mortgage payments for a stated period; or,

- modification of the terms of a mortgage, including
 - reduction of payments of principal
 - without affecting the total debt obligation of the mortgagor on the mortgage loan; or
 - accompanied by a concomitant reduction in the total debt obligation of the mortgagor on the mortgage loan;
 - reduction of the interest payment payable on the loan; or
 - delay or postponement of the due date of the mortgage obligation.

Alaska Housing Finance Corporation mortgage loans:

The Alaska Housing Finance Corporation enjoys wide latitude as to how it may address delinquent loans and those that may become delinquent. In the enumeration of the general powers of the corporation, AS 18.56.090(11) provides that the corporation may, "for its . . . corporate purposes":

consent to the modification of the rate of interest, time of payment of any installment of principal or interest, or any other terms, of the mortgage loan, mortgage loan commitment, construction loan, temporary loan, contract or agreement of any kind to which the corporation is a party;

While this statutory language sets no limits, there are some practical constraints.

AHFC principally finances its programs through the use of bond proceeds. AS 18.56.110 generally prescribes limitations applicable to the bonds and notes of the corporation. AS 18.56.110(f)(3) authorizes the corporation to "covenant as to the use and disposition of any and all payments of principal and interest received by the corporation on mortgage loans . . . or other investments held by the corporation." Under AS 18.56.120,

The pledge of assets or revenue of the corporation to the payment of the principal or interest on any obligations of the agency is valid and binding from the time the pledge is made and the assets or revenue are

Representative Steve Frank
Page 3
February 29, 1988

immediately subject to the lien of the pledge without physical delivery or further act.

So it is to the covenants that support the underlying bond issues rather than to provisions of state law that one must look to determine whether AHFC's various mortgage loan programs permit restructuring of outstanding loans. One must also consider the agreements between AHFC and, on the one hand, agreements entered into with the Federal National Mortgage Association (and similar entities) covering sales of mortgages and loans and, on the other hand, agreements with the corporation's own mortgage seller/servicers. Each of these groups of agreements may include provisions limiting the corporation's flexibility in responding to defaults and potential defaults by the borrowers.

These agreements notwithstanding, AHFC does authorize loan modifications under certain circumstances. The corporation's seller/servicer manual identifies those as limited to instances in which the mortgagor's income has been permanently affected by accident or illness, or in which the mortgagor's income has been reduced or eliminated altogether for a temporary period and which has not recovered sufficiently to maintain the current mortgage. The corporation will also consider a modification "if the servicer [of the mortgage] feels that changing the terms of the mortgage would not only cure [a] present delinquency but also prevent future delinquencies." AHFC must give prior approval and "will consider . . . reamortizing the debt to include the delinquent payments or extending the term of the loan by the number of past due installments." AHFC Seller/Servicer Manual sec. 9002.06.

In summary, current state law generally appears to provide sufficient latitude for the Alaska Housing Finance Corporation to modify loans and loan provisions for loans that are delinquent or may become delinquent. Legislative initiatives to amend the law to redefine or extend AHFC's authority need to be concerned with possible claims against impairment of contracts entered into by the corporation, particularly with bond underwriters, federal government agencies that purchase the mortgages, and the corporation's seller/servicers.

Department of Community and Regional Affairs mortgage loans:

State law applicable to management of the department's mortgage loan programs does not specifically provide the department latitude to restructure repayment of principal and interest on its loans. The department's own regulations are also silent on the point.

The department has asserted to you that it may not reduce interest payable. Its assertion seems to be borne out by the following:

-- the interest rate payable by a borrower under the rural owner-occupied housing program is, by statute (AS 44.47.410(b)), tied to the rate based on the most recent AHFC bond sale;

-- the interest rate payable by a borrower under the rural non-owner-occupied housing program is set by statute (AS 44.47.520(b)) as an amount not to exceed $10\frac{1}{2}$ percent; the department advertises that the rate is $10\frac{1}{2}$ percent;

-- the interest rate payable by a borrower under the homeownership assistance housing program, the interest-subsidy assistance program, directs by statute (AS 44.47.382(b)) that, for qualifying borrowers, the subsidy allowable shall be sufficient to reduce the actual interest rate paid on the mortgage to six percent.

The net effect of the three statutes cited suggests that the department is without discretion to adjust or reduce interest payable by a borrower under any of the three programs.

The department has also represented to you that, while it may adjust payments of principal on outstanding housing program loans, its authority to adjust the payments is limited to modifying current principal payments without reducing the mortgagor's total debt obligation under the mortgage loan. In other words, the department believes that it may reduce monthly payments, but the reductions correspondingly serve to extend the repayment obligation to an additional period; the department may not cancel or forgive a portion of the borrower's indebtedness.

The source of the department's mortgage lending activity is the housing assistance loan fund. That fund is established by statute (AS 44.47.380) and was, by a 1983 amendment, made

a revolving loan fund. 3/ A revolving loan fund is commonly thought of, and in Alaska legislation has been nearly universally treated, as a fund that is continually expended and replenished, from which withdrawals are made as loans but with a corresponding obligation to repay the fund in order to keep it intact. 4/ Legislative appropriations for state revolving loan funds are typically treated as non-lapsing appropriations, and any repayments of principal on loans purchased or originated with these appropriations should be deposited into the fund and made available from the fund for subsequent expenditure.

In my judgment, the department's representation to you seems to be fully consistent with its duty to maintain the integrity of the housing assistance loan fund as a revolving fund. A reduction in principal payments accompanied by a cancellation of a portion of a borrower's indebtedness would compromise the fund balance and the ability of the agency to use the fund balance as a source of loans in subsequent years.

Investments of the Alaska Permanent Fund Corporation:

Under authority granted in AS 37.13.120(g)(16), the corporation may invest in

notes secured by mortgages granting a first lien on commercial or residential real estate improved by completed buildings [subject to specific mortgage insurance requirements];

Like the Alaska Housing Finance Corporation, the Alaska Permanent Fund Corporation enjoys broad authority to manage investments. The corporation is authorized to "enter into and enforce all contracts necessary, convenient, or desirable for purposes of the corporation." (AS 37.13.120(f)). The residential mortgages purchased by the corporation as investments become assets of the corporation subject to the corporation's general asset management policies.

Since the Permanent Fund Corporation regularly receives income from sources other than those that support the mortgage lending activities of AHFC or the Housing Assistance Division, it is not constrained by the same considerations that circumscribe loan management practices of those two entities. Within the broad authority of the statutes directing its activities, the Permanent Fund

Representative Steve Frank
Page 6
February 29, 1988

Corporation appears to have ample legal authority to structure or restructure loans that are potentially or actually delinquent.

Retirement Funds investments:

The commissioner of revenue may invest the surpluses of the Public Employees' Retirement System and the Teachers' Retirement System in, among other permissible investments specified by law, residential mortgages. AS 39.35.-110(a)(10) (for the Public Employees' Retirement System) and AS 14.35.180(b)(10) (for the Teachers' Retirement System) authorize the commissioner to invest in "first lien real estate mortgages guaranteed by the federal Veterans Administration." AS 39.35.110(a)(11) and (12) and AS 14.35.-180(b)(11) and (12) authorize investments involving other kinds of residential mortgages, subject to specific limitations set out in those paragraphs and in AS 39.-35.110(e) and AS 14.25.180(e), respectively.

As to each of the two retirement programs, the commissioner is authorized by law to "do all acts whether or not expressly authorized which are considered necessary or proper for the protection of the investments held in the pension fund." AS 39.35.110(d); AS 14.25.180(d).

JBC:bb
wkb3/047

FOOTNOTES

1/ The loans of the Alaska Housing Finance Corporation may be classified among the following specific loan programs:

- home ownership assistance program (a program to provide mortgage subsidies to persons of low and moderate income);
- mobile home loan purchase program (a program to provide low-cost financing for mobile homes);
- pledged account mortgage program (a program to assist persons with sufficient assets but whose income does not meet the minimum monthly income requirements generally applicable to the corporation's loan programs);
- second mortgage loan program (a program to provide low-interest loans for home improvements or rehabilitation in order to make the units more habitable, and to finance second mortgages in order to allow home purchases);
- taxable mortgage program conventional loan (the principal AHFC homeowner assistance program, applicable to owner-occupied units);
- tri-plex and four-plex mortgage loan program (a program to allow the purchase of owner-occupied tri- and four-plex units);
- veterans' mortgage program (a program to provide additional assistance to qualifying veterans through a reduced interest rate);

2/ The Department of Community and Regional Affairs' loans involve the following specific programs:

- rural owner-occupied housing (a program to provide financing to qualified borrowers for the construction, purchase, or rehabilitation of a housing unit, limited to single family units and duplexes, for use as the borrower's principal residence);
- rural non-owner-occupied housing (a program to provide financing to qualified borrowers for the construction, purchase, or rehabilitation of a multiple unit housing project, generally two to eight units, though larger under extraordinary circumstances);

Representative Steve Frank

Page 8

February 29, 1988

-- home ownership assistance housing (a program to provide assistance to persons of lower and moderate income to purchase or construct single-family, owner-occupied dwellings, through the use of subsidized interest payment support).

3/ A January 23, 1984, Opinion of the Attorney General provides guidance to the Department of Community and Regional Affairs as to the proper handling of the repayments of principal and interest earnings on loans made from the loan fund before and after the 1983 amendment establishing it as a revolving fund.

4/ "Revolving loan funds provide for the return to the fund of repayments by borrowers of the principal (and frequently the interest on that principal) which was loaned to them from the fund so that new loans can be made on a continuing basis." 1982 Opinions of the Attorney General #13, November 30, 1982, at page 12.

JBC:bb
wkb3/047