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STATE OF ALASKA THE LEGISLATURE

FOUCH Y - STATE CAPITOL
JUNEAU, ALASKA 99811
907 465-3800

LEGISLATIVE AFFAIRS AGENCY

M E M O R A N D U M

May 6, 1983

SUBJECT: Aid for Indian tribes
(CSSB 228 (C&RA))

TO: Senator Frank Ferguson
Chairman, Senate Community and
Regional Affairs Committee

FROM: Tamara Brandt Cook
Legislative Counsel

SENATE COMMUNITY & REGIONAL AFFAIRS
FOUCH Y
JUNEAU, ALASKA 99811

TBC

Here is the sectional analysis that you requested for the draft of CSSB 228 (C&RA).

Section 1. The term municipality is deleted and the term local government is inserted. This has been done consistently for all provisions in AS 29.88 (Tax Equalization) because that program, under this draft, applies to certain Indian tribes as well as municipalities. The word municipality is defined for AS 29 to include only subdivisions of the state incorporated under state law as municipalities (AS 28.78.010(8)).

Section 2. The term municipality is deleted and the term local government is inserted.

Section 3. The term local taxes is substituted for the term municipal taxes for consistency and to reflect the fact that Indian tribes may have the power under federal law to levy taxes.

Section 4. Local government replaces use of municipality and reference to municipal officials is replaced by the general reference to the appropriate local official because an Indian tribe does not have municipal officials.

Section 5. The reference to municipality is deleted.

Section 6. The references to municipality are replaced with references to local government.

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Section 7. A reference to local taxes replaces the statutory citation to provisions dealing with municipal taxation.

Section 8. The Department of Community and Regional Affairs is required to determine an estimated full and true assessed property value for Indian reserves in the way that it makes the determination for second class cities.

Section 9. Reference to municipality is replaced by reference to local government.

Section 10. The provision dealing with use of revenue for areawide or nonareawide purposes is clearly made applicable only to municipalities. The distinction between areawide and nonareawide does not apply to an entity such as an Indian tribe.

Sections 11, 12, 13, 14, and 15. References to municipality are replaced with references to local government.

Section 16. The definition of taxing unit is expanded to include an Indian tribe located on a federally established Indian reserve. Indian reserve is defined under Sec. 17 of this draft.

Section 17. A definition of local government is added. This includes municipalities and Indian tribes located on federally established Indian reserves. Indian reserve is defined to mean a federally established Indian reserve that existed before enactment of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act and continued in existence under the terms of that Act. Under this draft Metlakatla Indian Community qualifies for aid currently provided only to municipalities.

Section 18. References to municipality are replaced with references to "local government". Under this draft an Indian tribe qualifies for aid in the manner of a municipality for purposes of AS 29.89 (Aid for Miscellaneous Purposes).

Sections 19, 20, and 21. References to municipality are replaced with local government.

Section 23. The section providing for aid to Native village governments formed under the Indian Reorganization Act is altered to exclude those governments of Indian tribes located on federally established Indian reserves since these

entities receive aid under this draft as is now provided for municipalities.

Section 24. A definition of local government is added for purposes of determining which entities qualify for aid under AS 29.89. These are municipalities, as under existing law, and Indian tribes located on federally established Indian reserves in existence prior to enactment of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act and continued in existence under that Act.

Section 25. Minimum payments provided to municipalities under the aid program commonly referred to as revenue sharing are also provided to Indian tribes that qualify for aid under that program.

Section 26. The provision for area cost-of-living differential payments to municipalities is extended to include payments to Indian tribes.

Section 27. The method of determining the amount of a minimum payment is made applicable to Indian tribes as well as to municipalities.

Section 28. The program of municipal assistance administered by the Department of Revenue is made applicable to Indian tribes as well as municipalities.

Section 29. The provision dealing with the method of distribution of municipal aid applies to Indian tribes as well as to municipalities.

Section 30. A method of determining the base amount of aid to be distributed to Indian tribes is added. Indian tribe is defined for purposes of the municipal aid program to include Indian tribes located on federally established Indian reserves existing prior to enactment of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act and continued in existence under the Act.

Section 31. An effective date of July 1, 1983 is provided to tie this draft to the fiscal year.

STATE OF ALASKA

Bill Sheffield, Governor

DEPT. OF COMMUNITY & REGIONAL AFFAIRS

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER

POUCH B
JUNEAU, ALASKA 99811
PHONE: (907) 465-4700

May 6, 1983

POSITION PAPER

RE: CSSB 228

SPONSOR: Senator Zieqler

PROGRAM EFFECTS OF THE BILL

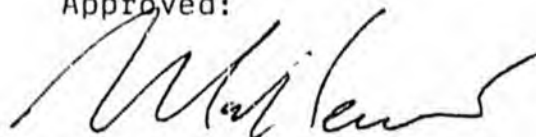
Allows federally established Indian reserves to be considered "local governments" for purposes of the State Revenue Sharing and Municipal Assistance grant programs. In effect, only one community, Metlakatla, would benefit from this legislation because it is the only Indian reservation in Alaska. Under the terms of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act no new reservations may be established in the State.

COMMENTS

The Department generally favors this bill from the perspective that it extends the benefits of two vital State aid programs to another type of municipality that is providing needed services to its residents. Metlakatla Indian Community is a federally chartered municipality and, therefore, is not empowered by Title 29 of the Alaska Statutes. However, it functions like a municipality and is providing a full range of local services to the Alaskans living on the reserve and should be afforded the most liberal interpretation possible under the State Revenue Sharing and Municipal Assistance programs.

The Department cannot comment on the possible legal ramifications or precedents that might occur with passage of this legislation as they relate to dealing with other unincorporated communities and Indian tribes. The Department defers to the Department of Law on this question.

Approved:



Mark Lewis, Commissioner

STATE OF ALASKA
FISCAL NOTE

Revision Date _____, 1983

I. REQUEST

Bill/Resolution No.: HB 228
 Title: State Aid for Indian Tribes
 Sponsor: Ziegler
 Requestor: Senate Comm. & Regional Affairs

II. FISCAL DETAIL Community and Regional

Agency Affected: Affairs
 Program Category Affected: Development
 BRU, Program of Subprogram(s) Affected: Local Government Assistance Division

EXPENDITURES/REVENUES: (Thousands of Dollars)

	FY 83	FY 84	FY 85	FY 86	FY 87	FY 88
OPERATING	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
100 PERSONAL SERVICES						
200 TRAVEL						
300 CONTRACTUAL						
400 COMMODITIES						
500 EQUIPMENT						
600 LAND & STRUCTURES						
700 GRANTS, CLAIMS, ETC						
TOTAL OPERATING	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-

CAPITAL						
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REVENUE						
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FUNDING: (Thousands of Dollars)

GENERAL FUND						
FEDERAL FUNDS						
OTHER (Specify Source)						

POSITIONS:

FULL-TIME						
PART-TIME						
TEMPORARY						

III. SOURCE OF FUNDS TO OFFSET FISCAL IMPACT OF BILL:

IV. ANALYSIS: Attach a separate page for any Analysis

Prepared By: Richard Rainey *RR* Phone: 465-4703
 Division: Commissioner's Office Date: 5/6/83
 Approved by Commissioner: *[Signature]* Date: 5/6/83
 Department: Community and Regional Affairs

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3/8/83

STATE OF ALASKA

Bill Sheffield, Governor

DEPARTMENT OF LAW

OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

POUCH K - STATE CAPITOL
JUNEAU, ALASKA 99811
PHONE: (907) 465-3600

May 16, 1983

The Honorable Donald E. Gilman
Senator
Alaska State Legislature
Pouch V
Juneau, Alaska 99811

Re: CSSB 228

Dear Senator Gilman:

At your request we have reviewed the proposed CSSB 228. You asked whether the bill would affect the State's relationship with unincorporated communities or Native village governments. The bill amends the revenue sharing (AS 29.88 and AS 29.89) and municipal assistance (AS 43.20.016) programs to include Indian tribes located on federally established reserves which were not revoked by the Alaska Natives Claims Settlement Act (ANCSA), 43 U.S.C. 1601-1628. The only community which fits this description is the Metlakatla Indian community.

We see no legal problem with including Metlakatla as a recipient of the various programs established to benefit local governments. However, we believe that the use throughout the bill of the term "Indian tribe", and the omission of any reference to Metlakatla, may suggest to a reader not intimately familiar with AS 29 and ANCSA, that the effect of the bill is much broader. This effect could be avoided by replacing all references to "Indian tribe" with "the Metlakatla Indian community." We believe that the specific reference to Metlakatla would not cause the bill to be viewed as a local or special act in violation of Alaska Const. art. II, § 19, because it would have precisely the same effect as the use of the term "Indian tribe" as defined in CSSB 228 -- that is, "Indian tribe" as defined in the bill is a class of one, Metlakatla being the only federally established Indian reserve in Alaska not revoked under ANCSA. In order to simplify the statute and avoid confusing the reader we suggest referring to Metlakatla specifically, as well as identifying it as the only federally established Indian reserve in Alaska.

We note that AS 29.89.050 "State Aid to Native Village governments" is amended in the bill, to clarify that Metlakatla may not qualify both as a local government and as a Native village government. We have advised in the past that AS 29.59.050

The Honorable Donald E. Gilman

May 16, 1983
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could be challenged on equal protection grounds by an unincorporated community which is not a Native village. We suggest repealing AS 29.89.050, and supplanting it with a provision for aid to unincorporated communities generally.


As a general practice in drafting legislation affecting Native villages in Alaska, you should consider including a provision of legislative intent to the effect that neither the act nor any action taken under it shall be interpreted to either expand or diminish the authority or jurisdiction any Native village council may have. This would reduce the possibility that any legislative act benefitting Native village communities may be interpreted to alter the relationship between the State and those communities.

We hope that this brief response is helpful in your consideration of CSSB 228.

Very truly yours,

NORMAN C. GORSUCH
ATTORNEY GENERAL

By:


Laura L. Davis

Assistant Attorney General

LLD:dlm

cc: Tam Cook
Legislative Affairs Agency

I. REQUEST

Bill/Resolution No: SB 228
 Title: State aid for Indian tribes
 Sponsor: Ziegler
 Requestor: Senate Comm. & Reg. Affairs

II. FISCAL DETAIL

Agency Affected: Revenue
 Program Category Affected: Rev. Coll & Mgmt.
 BRU, Program of Subprogram(s) Affected: Administrative Services

EXPENDITURES/REVENUES: (Thousands of Dollars)

	FY 83	FY 84	FY 85	FY 86	FY 87	FY 88
OPERATING						
100 PERSONAL SERVICES	-	-	-	-	-	-
200 TRAVEL	-	-	-	-	-	-
300 CONTRACTUAL	-	-	-	-	-	-
400 COMMODITIES	-	-	-	-	-	-
500 EQUIPMENT	-	-	-	-	-	-
600 LANDS & STRUCTURES	-	-	-	-	-	-
700 GRANTS, CLAIMS, ETC.	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL OPERATING	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-

CAPITAL	-	-	-	-	-	-
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REVENUE	-	-	-	-	-	-
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FUNDING: (Thousands of Dollars)

GENERAL FUND	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
FEDERAL FUNDS	-	-	-	-	-	-
OTHER (Specify Source)	-	-	-	-	-	-

POSITIONS:

FULL-TIME	-	-	-	-	-	-
PART-TIME	-	-	-	-	-	-
TEMPORARY	-	-	-	-	-	-

III. SOURCE OF FUNDS TO OFFSET FISCAL IMPACT OF BILL:

IV. ANALYSIS: Attach a separate page for any Analysis.

Prepared By: Ervin B. Jones Phone: 465-2313
 Division: Administrative Services Date: 5/16/83

Approved by Commissioner: Joseph K. Donohue Date: 5/17/83
 Department: Revenue

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SB 228

IV. ANALYSIS:

This bill will have no effect on the administrative cost of the municipal assistance program in the Department of Revenue. The effect of section 30 will be to dilute the amount to be shared per capita, as a result of increasing the base amount shared. Since the population of the only known such Indian Reserve (Metlakatla) is approximately 1200 persons, the effect on other communities will be minimal.

Assumptions: I assume the substitution of the word "municipalities" in place of "organized boroughs and cities of any class" does not further broaden the field of eligible recipients of municipal assistance.

ELIGIBILITY OF THE METLAKATLA INDIAN COMMUNITY FOR
STATE REVENUE SHARING AND MUNICIPAL AID PROGRAMS

March 4, 1983

Prepared By:

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Seattle, WA 98101

Attorneys for the
Metlakatla Indian Community

INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this paper is to show the justification for amending Alaska's laws to make the Metlakatla Indian Community eligible for various state municipal aid programs. At the present time, the Community's treatment under Alaska law is somewhat confusing and inconsistent. On the one hand, the Alaska Attorney General has ruled that the Metlakatla Indian Community is not a "municipality" as that term is defined in various state statutes making state monies available to local governments. At the same time, however, the Attorney General has ruled that the Metlakatla Indian Community can be classified as an "unincorporated community" for certain purposes so as to be eligible for various state programs extending aid to such communities.

This paper will demonstrate that although the Metlakatla Indian Community is organized under federal law, and is therefore not a state law municipal corporation, it nevertheless functions as an established unit of local government, a fact recognized both by the State of Alaska and the United States.

Unlike the so-called "unincorporated communities," the Metlakatla Indian Community operates a "municipal" government and provides governmental services to the more than 1,300 residents of the Annette Islands Reserve. These services include police and fire protection, water, sewer and electrical service, as well as general government. Like other local governments, the Community enacts and enforces laws and has an established judicial system. For these reasons, classification of the Metlakatla

Indian Community as an "unincorporated community" ignores the realities of Metlakatla's extensive governmental operations and the needs it has for funding the services it provides. This paper will discuss in some detail the Community's status under federal and state law, the need for state revenues, and the reasons that Metlakatla's unique status justifies its inclusion within these state municipal aid programs.

THE METLAKATLA INDIAN COMMUNITY'S ELIGIBILITY FOR
STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE UNDER EXISTING ALASKA LAW

The State of Alaska now makes substantial sums of money available to local units of government throughout the state. This occurs not only through the State's revenue sharing programs but also through state statutes that make monies available to local governments for specific projects within local government responsibility. The primary revenue sharing programs include the Municipal Assistance Fund administered by the Department of Revenue, AS 43.20.016 and the Municipal Tax Resource Equalization Program found in AS 28.88.010 et seq. The examples of state aid for miscellaneous municipal purposes are numerous including such programs as state aid to municipalities seeking to build or improve water and sewer systems, AS 46.03.030, as well as the state program found in AS 29.89.030 et seq. providing aid for municipalities maintaining roads, operating health facilities, and maintaining volunteer fire departments.

For the most part, the Metlakatla Indian Community is not eligible for these programs because it is not a "municipality"

within the meaning of the various state statutes that make these programs available to local governments. Last year, for example, the Metlakatla Indian Community applied for aid to the Department of Environmental Conservation for a grant under AS 46.03.030 for improvements to the Community's public water system. The Department of Environmental Conservation requested an opinion from the Alaska Attorney General as to whether Metlakatla was eligible, and the Attorney General, on July 28, 1982, issued an opinion noting that the Metlakatla Indian Community was an Indian tribe organized under § 16 of the Indian Reorganization Act, 25 U.S.C. § 476 and was "not incorporated as a city or organized as a borough under the laws of the State of Alaska." As a result, the Attorney General ruled, Metlakatla was not a "municipality" within the meaning of the statute and was not eligible for state aid. The Attorney General went on to note, however, that there was no legal prohibition on the Legislature making grants available to the Metlakatla Indian Community if the Community were designated as eligible. A copy of the Attorney General's Opinion is attached.

On the other hand, the Metlakatla Indian Community has qualified for state aid in certain circumstances, either because the statute makes state aid available to persons or organizations other than "municipalities," or in the case of a number of state programs, because the aid has been made available to "unincorporated communities." For the most part, the amounts made available to the "unincorporated communities" are substantially less than

the amounts made available to "municipalities." For example, AS 29.88 makes a maximum grant of \$25,000 available to communities not incorporated under state law, while that amount is the minimum grant for municipalities and is subject to adjustment upward based on a formula set out in the statute. The singular exception was the Municipal Aid Program, Chapter 60, SLA 1981, which made grants available to both municipalities and incorporated communities calculated on a \$1,000 per capita basis. Metlakatla, like other incorporated and unincorporated communities throughout the State of Alaska will receive a substantial grant from the State under this program.

Presumably, there are several principal reasons that the Legislature has chosen to make larger sums available to municipalities than to unincorporated communities. First, municipalities have governmental responsibilities to perform and therefore need more assistance. Second, their stable governmental structures ensure that State monies are spent or invested in a responsible fashion; they are more accountable than "unincorporated communities." Third, in contrast to State programs distributing State wealth to individual Alaskans on a per capita basis, distributions of state money to local governments ensures that substantial portions of the money will be invested in permanent improvements of long-standing benefit to the citizens of the State.

Although the Metlakatla Indian Community is organized under federal rather than state law, it more closely resembles a "muni-

cipality" than it does an "unincorporated community." If the State of Alaska were to make its revenue sharing programs available to the Community, it would be assured that the money would be utilized responsibly by the Community in helping to meet its very substantial governmental responsibilities. It would result in permanent benefit to the State citizens who reside on the Annette Islands Reserve, both members and nonmembers of the Community.

THE UNIQUE LEGAL STATUS OF THE METLAKATLA INDIAN COMMUNITY IN ALASKA

The Metlakatla Indian Community is the governing body of the only remaining federal Indian reservation in Alaska, the Annette Islands Reserve. The Reservation was established by Act of Congress in 1891 and a stable council-form tribal government has been in effect continuously since that date. In 1944, the Metlakatla Indian Community adopted a Constitution under § 16 of the Indian Reorganization Act, 25 U.S.C. § 476, which provided a new federal framework for Indian tribal government. The form of the Community's government, however, remained essentially the same.

The Community's chief executive officer is the Mayor; it has a Secretary and Treasurer and its legislative body is a 12-person Council. The Community also has a judicial system headed by a federally-trained Magistrate. As a federally recognized Indian tribe the Metlakatla Indian Community enjoys the legal power to perform traditional local government functions. Like other tribes, it enacts and enforces civil and criminal laws and has

power to levy taxes, although its tax base is very limited. While Indian tribes enjoy a status in American law that is unique, for present purposes the Metlakatla Indian Community can be described as a federally chartered municipal corporation because it carries out the same types of governmental functions as do state-chartered municipal governments.

In Alaska, after the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act was passed by Congress in 1971, Metlakatla's situation became unique. Under § 19(a) of ANCSA, all Indian reservations in Alaska, with the sole and express exception of the Annette Islands Reserve, were abolished. In addition, § 19(a) provides that no person enrolled in the Metlakatla Indian Community is eligible for benefits under the Act.

The unique status of the Metlakatla Indian Community was explicitly recognized by Congress in the Indian Tribal Governmental Tax Status Act of 1982. That statute provides that for certain federal tax purposes, Indian tribal governments shall be treated as states. The legal effect of the statute was to provide that Indian tribes, like state and local governments, would receive favorable tax treatment under the Internal Revenue Code. Thus, contributions made to Indian tribes are now tax deductible as are contributions made to state and local governments. Indian tribes are now entitled to immunity from certain federal excise taxes. And Indian tribes, like state and local governments, can now issue certain kinds of bonds, the interest on which is exempt from

federal income tax. The definition section of the statute provides that

The term 'Indian tribal government' means the governing body of any tribe, band, community, village, or group of Indians which is determined by the Secretary, after consultation with the Secretary of Interior, to exercise substantial governmental functions and in Alaska shall include only the Metlakatla Indian Community.

Section 203.

Consistent with its clear governmental status, the responsibilities of the Metlakatla Indian Community for the governance of the more than 1,300 people resident on the Annette Islands Reserve are substantial. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 1982, the Metlakatla Indian Community had total expenses of more than 1.7 million dollars. Of this sum, approximately one million dollars are associated with general government operations including expenses for building operations, road and street maintenance as well as the expenses of general accounting and administration. The other single most important expense was the Community's Police Department which accounted for 16.4% of the total budget. The following chart shows the breakdown of expenditures by the Metlakatla Indian Community on a dollar and percentage basis.

	Expenditures	Percent of Total
General Government	\$1,029,882	57.4%
Fire Department	\$ 55,284	3.1%
Rental Expenses	\$ 144,683	8.1%
Public Health and Sanitation Department	\$ 32,263	1.8%
Sewer System	\$ 6,088	0.3%
Police Department	\$ 294,368	16.4%
Water Department	\$ 30,928	1.7%
Garbage Department	\$ 52,730	2.9%
Cable Television Department	\$ 69,743	3.9%
Forestry Project	\$ 76,853	4.4%

This data does not include the operation of Metlakatla Power & Light, which is responsible for providing electric power to the Reservation. Metlakatla Power & Light is fully owned and operated by the Metlakatla Indian Community and generates power from both hydrogenerators and diesels.

In sum, although the Metlakatla Indian Community is organized under federal law, not under the laws of the State of Alaska, it nevertheless performs governmental functions and has governmental responsibilities that are every bit as extensive as the municipalities of the State of Alaska serving similar population bases. It has a corresponding need for revenues to meet these expenditures.

REASONS FOR EXTENDING MUNICIPAL REVENUE SHARING
AND OTHER STATE BENEFITS MADE AVAILABLE TO LOCAL COMMUNITIES
TO THE METLAKATLA INDIAN COMMUNITY

1. The Residents of the Annette Island Reserve Are Citizens of the State of Alaska and Should Not Be Denied Benefits Enjoyed By Other State Citizens Through Their Units of Local Government.

It is important to remember that the residents of the Annette Islands Reserve, both members and nonmembers of the Metlakatla Indian Community, are state citizens. As such they qualify for any distributions of Alaska's wealth made available on a per capita basis to state citizens. Rather than distributing money directly to state citizens on a per capita basis, the Legislature has determined that state revenues should be shared with state citizens indirectly, through grants to individual municipal governments. The best example of this is the Municipal Assistance Fund, AS 43.20.016, under which 30% of the oil and gas corporate income tax revenues are distributed to state municipalities, the amount of the grant being directly proportional to the population of each municipality.

Metlakatla fully supports the substantial policy justification for distributing state wealth through this method. By giving the money to stable local governments, the Legislature is assured that the money will be spent responsibly. The Legislature can reasonably expect that the monies so distributed will be invested in ways that will be of lasting benefit to the citizens of the State, as when the local governments utilize the state grants to build public facilities used by state citizens.

But if the rationale for distributing state wealth to units of local government is that the Legislature wants to see substantial portions of the money permanently invested by responsible governments in a way that will be of lasting benefit to state citizens, there is no reason to distinguish the Metlakatla Indian Community. Although the Metlakatla Indian Community is chartered under federal, not state law, it exercises governmental functions just as state municipalities do. The Metlakatla Indian Community has had a stable and continuous tribal government for more than eight continuous decades. The Legislature can be assured that money distributed to Metlakatla will be applied in a responsible fashion and in ways that will provide lasting benefit to the state citizens who reside there. To deny Metlakatla participation in state revenue sharing and other municipal aid programs, is to deny Alaska state citizens residing at Metlakatla substantial benefits other citizens enjoy.

2. Because of the Very Substantial Cutbacks in Federal Aid to Indian Tribes, the Metlakatla Indian Community Is in Substantial Need of State Assistance.

Although in the past the Metlakatla Indian Community has received substantial federal aid, the situation has changed dramatically for the Metlakatla Indian Community, as for other Indian tribes, under the Reagan administration. On a national level, it is estimated by the National Tribal Chairmen's Association in Washington, D.C. that with the budget cuts of October, 1982, there has been a 45% reduction in federal dollars made available to Indians and Indian tribes on the various reservations through-

out the country. Even the Bureau of Indian Affairs concedes that there has been at least a one-third cutback in federal dollars made available to the tribes.

By way of illustration, on the Annette Islands Reserve, the following programs have received the following cutbacks:

Program	Fiscal Year 1982 Entitlement	Fiscal Year 1983 Entitlement	Percentage Reduction
CETA	\$326,000	\$162,000	50%
Indian Community Health Program	\$ 80,000	\$ 55,000	31%
EDA Grant	\$ 40,000	\$ 30,000	25%
Senior Citizens Program	\$112,000	\$ 82,000	29%
BIA Welfare Assistance	\$ 20,000	-0-	100%

The Metlakatla Indian Community has had very substantial difficulties in making up for these federal cutbacks. At the present time, the level of unemployment on the Annette Island Reserve is 61%. Employment does vary seasonally, but the primary reason for the extraordinarily high level of unemployment now is that the sawmill run by Louisiana-Pacific has closed.

Metlakatla also suffers substantially because of the depressed salmon market. Although the Community itself has had no salmon recalled from its Community operated cannery, the botulism scare has had a substantial impact. This directly impacts funding of the Community's government because profits from the Community cannery and cold storage enterprise are traditionally

applied to the Community's governmental operating expenses rather than being distributed on a per capita basis to the members of the Community.

In addition, although the Community has in the past been able to enjoy substantial revenues from timber sales, the prospect for future sales looks glum. Not only is the timber market presently depressed, but first growth timber has already been largely harvested and it will be many decades before the second growth timber is marketable. The Community estimates that only ten million board feet of original growth timber remain.

3. The Metlakatla Indian Community Functions More Like a "Municipality" Than an "Unincorporated Community" and Should Be Funded Accordingly.

As explained above, the Metlakatla Indian Community, like municipalities organized under state law, has considerable governmental functions and responsibilities. It provides a stable government, substantial municipal services such as water, sewer, and electricity, and police and fire protection to name only a few examples. It also provides substantial social services to the members and nonmembers of the Community who reside on the Annette Islands Reserve.

Unlike the "unincorporated communities" in the unorganized borough, the Metlakatla Indian Community has a need for revenue that is parallel to the governmental services it provides. The mere fact that its charter derives from federal law rather than state law is not a reasonable basis for disqualifying Metlakatla from state revenue sharing programs and other types of state

municipal aid. Amendment of the State statutes to give Metlakatla entitlement will substantially help to equalize the treatment of citizens of the Metlakatla Indian Community and other citizens resident in comparable communities throughout the State.

4. Extension of State Aid to the Metlakatla Indian Community Will Not Give the Community or Its Residents More Favorable Treatment Than Other Similarly Situated State Citizens.

Although the Metlakatla Indian Community does have a unique legal status in Alaska because it is a reservation and because it is excluded from the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act, the Community believes that its residents would not receive any undue advantage over other Alaska Natives if state laws were amended to make Metlakatla eligible for municipal revenue sharing. First, although the Metlakatla Indian Community gets federal aid because of its status as a federally recognized Indian tribe, it is important to recognize that the other Indian Reorganization Act entities and traditional councils in Alaska also receive the same aid. For example, the Indian Self-Determination Act of 1975 provides that the United States can contract with Indian tribes to allow the tribes to perform various functions that were formerly performed by the Bureau of Indian Affairs or other United States entities. Substantial federal funds, usually referred to as 638 funds, are provided to the Metlakatla Indian Community and other tribes under this program.

But Metlakatla enjoys no special benefit here because the Act defines "Indian tribe" to include not only the Metlakatla

Indian Community but also other Native groups in Alaska. The statute provides that the word "tribe" includes "any Alaska Native village or regional or village corporation as defined in or established pursuant to the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act which is recognized as eligible for the special programs and services provided by the United States to Indians because of their status as Indians." Similarly, the Indian Financing Act of 1974, 25 U.S.C. § 1451 et seq., the Indian Health Care Amendments of 1980, 25 U.S.C. § 1601 et seq., the Tribally Controlled Community College Assitance Act of 1978, 25 U.S.C. § 1801 et seq., and the Indian Child Welfare Act of 1978, 25 U.S.C. § 1901 et seq., have all been extended to include other Native communities in Alaska.

Other federal programs, not administered by the Bureau of Indian Affairs, such as HUD, CETA and EDA programs, have been extended to other Alaska Native communities as well as to Metlakatla.

On the other hand, while ANCSA provides that the Metlakatla Indian Community was allowed to retain its reservation status, the statute also provides that the Metlakatla Indian Community and its members are not eligible for the benefits of the Act.

It is also important to realize that as to Natives who reside in communities of substantial size, similar to Metlakatla, state benefits are extended to them because, in most if not all situations, there is a municipality, either a first or second class city or a borough, located there. Attached to this paper is a document prepared by the Tribal Operations Office of the

Bureau of Indian Affairs showing the status of the various Native communities in Alaska. As can be seen, a very substantial number of the communities determined to be eligible by the BIA for federal assistance because of their "Indian" status are also incorporated under state law as a first or second class city. The Natives who reside in such communities, therefore, like other state citizens generally, are eligible for the benefits of state revenue sharing.

Also attached is a computer run by the Department of Community and Regional Affairs showing the amount of state revenue sharing entitlements for various state law municipalities under Title 29 for fiscal year 1982. Looking at those communities with populations similar to that of Metlakatla, one can see that the amounts of state money distributed under Title 29 to such communities are substantial. A few examples will suffice:

<u>Municipality</u>	<u>Population</u>	<u>Fiscal Year 1982 Entitlement</u>
Bristol Bay Borough	1,182	\$ 257,237
<u>First Class Cities:</u>		
Craig	560	\$ 142,110
Haines	1,017	\$ 177,619
<u>Second Class Cities:</u>		
Akolmiut	695	\$ 151,277

Even communities with relatively small populations are receiving substantial amounts of state money. The community of

Lower Kalskag, with a population of 244, for example, qualifies for \$98,540 in revenue sharing for fiscal year 1982.

STATE PROGRAMS FOR WHICH THE METLAKATLA INDIAN COMMUNITY
DOES NOT QUALIFY

Revenue Sharing Measures.

The most important programs for which the Metlakatla Indian Community does not presently qualify are the on-going state revenue sharing programs. There are now two such primary programs in existence:

1. Municipal Assistance Fund--AS 43.20.016. Under this program, administered by the Department of Revenue, 30% of the general and petroleum corporate income tax revenues received by the State are distributed to municipalities--"organized boroughs and cities of any class." There is no specific statutory requirement as to how the funds should be used but the statute expresses the desire of the Legislature that local governments which levy property taxes should reduce those levies in reasonable proportion to the amount of increased state aid received.
2. Municipal Tax Resource Equalization--AS 29.88.010 et seq. The Department of Community and Regional Affairs administers a program under which the Department distributes state revenues to municipalities which are calculated based on a complex formula. The primary variable are population and the "millage rate equiva-

lent" which is determined according to the assessed property values in the locality. Metlakatla is not eligible for the revenue sharing program because it is not a municipality under the statute. AS 29.89.050 does provide, however, that Native Village governments, including local governing bodies organized under the Indian Reorganization Act, are eligible for a \$25,000 payment. Under the Revenue Sharing Program, however, \$25,000 is the minimum, not the maximum payment.

As noted above, the revenue sharing entitlements for various local governments in the State with a population similar to Metlakatla are often very substantial. The Bristol Bay Borough, with a population of 1,182, for example, has a 1982 entitlement of \$157,000. Haines, a first class city with a population of 1,017, has a 1982 entitlement of \$177,000. Akolmiut, a second class city with a population of 695, has a 1982 entitlement of \$111,734. It is impossible to determine at this time what Metlakatla's entitlement would be, but it would presumably would be substantially more than the \$25,000 it is now eligible to receive.

Other State Programs for Aid to Municipalities.

1. State Aid for Miscellaneous Municipal Purposes. AS 29.89 provides for additional state aid to municipalities for various purposes. AS 29.89.020 provides for state aid to municipalities for road maintenance. Metlakatla does not qualify for this program. The same

chapter also provides for state aid to municipalities for health facilities and hospitals. The Community does not qualify for this program. Title 29 does contain a program for which the Community does qualify, a \$10 per capita grant to volunteer fire departments which does not turn on the presence of a state law "municipality."

2. Public Library Construction Grants. AS 14.56.350 provides for the administration of a program of grants to municipalities for the construction and equipping of libraries. Metlakatla does not qualify under this grant program since it is not a municipality. Presumably Metlakatla also does not qualify for library assistance grants under AS 14.56.300.
3. Water, Sewer and Solid Waste Aid. AS 46.03.030 provides that the Department of Environmental Conservation may make grants up to 50% of the eligible costs for water supply, sewerage and solid waste facilities. Only municipalities are eligible. The State has also established a village safe water program, but Metlakatla does not qualify for this program either because only unincorporated communities with populations less than 600 persons are eligible.
4. Outdoor Recreational, Open Space and Historic Properties Development. AS 41.22.010 provides for a grant

program to municipalities to acquire, preserve or protect historic sites, buildings and monuments. Only municipalities qualify.

5. AS 41.20.355 established a program for the establishment of public ways for trails and footpaths. Again, only municipalities qualify.
6. Municipal Airport Aid. AS 35.05.020 et seq. provides for state aid to "political subdivisions" for airports. Presumably the Community would not qualify.
7. Port Facilities Development. AS 30.15.010 provides for state grants for port facilities construction to municipalities.

This list may not be exclusive.

CONCLUSION

This paper has been designed to provide general background concerning the State of Alaska's treatment of the Metlakatla Indian Community with respect to state municipal aid programs. It has demonstrated that although the Metlakatla Indian Community is organized under federal, not state law, it nevertheless performs governmental functions and has governmental responsibilities that are every bit as extensive as the municipalities in the State of Alaska serving similar population bases. The Community believes that its disqualification from participation in such programs, particularly the revenue sharing programs, discriminates against Alaska citizens residing on the Annette Island Reserve compared to state citizens in other similar communities. This disparate

treatment is not a result of a policy decision by the state legislature to exclude Metlakatla. It should be corrected by amendment of the State statutes.

MK/3483
F3/MIC/ELIG/P

MEMORANDUM

State of Alaska

TO: Ernst W. Mueller, Commissioner
Department of Environmental
Conservation

DATE: July 28, 1982

FILE NO: 366-747-82

TELEPHONE NO: 465-3600

FROM: WILSON L. CONDON
ATTORNEY GENERAL

SUBJECT: Metlakatla Indian
Community grant
eligible under
AS 46.03.030

By: *PR Price*
Robert E. Price
Assistant Attorney General

RECEIVED
AUG 02 1982

ALASKA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL
CONSERVATION

This is in response to your opinion request of June 7 in which you asked whether the Metlakatla Indian community is entitled to receive construction grant assistance under AS 46.03.030.

AS 46.03.030 provides for grants of state funds to a "municipality" for public water supply, sewerage and solid waste facilities.

AS 46.03.900(11) defines "municipality" as "an organized borough or an incorporated city outside an organized borough, and includes all classes of boroughs and cities whether home rule or otherwise."

The Metlakatla Indian Community is an entity organized under section 16 of the Indian Reorganization Act, 25 U.S.C. 476. It is not incorporated as a city or organized as a borough under the law of the State of Alaska.

The definition of municipality in AS 46.03.900(11) does not include the Metlakatla Indian Community. It is not an organized borough or an incorporated city within the meaning of the statute. The Alaska Constitution, Article X, deals with local government within the context of boroughs and cities which are incorporated under state law. The definition of municipality in AS 46.03.900(11) should be construed within the framework of Article X of the Alaska Constitution inasmuch as it employs the words "borough" and "city" which are set out in the constitution.

There is no equal protection problem raised by the statute caused by the exclusion of the Metlakatla Indian Community from benefits under the statute because the basis of the exclusion is governmental and not race. The Metlakatla Indian Community may become a city or borough under state law upon compliance with the applicable provisions of Title 29. The equal protection clause does not deny to States the power to treat dif-

Ernst W. Mueller, Commissioner
Dept. of Environmental Conservation
366-747-82

July 28, 1982
Page 2

ferent classes in different ways so long as the classification is "reasonable, not arbitrary, and must rest upon some ground of difference having a fair and substantial relation to the object of the legislation, so that all persons similarly circumstanced shall be treated alike." Reed v Reed, 404 U.S. 71, 75-76, 30 L.Ed. 225, 229 (1971).

Further, this opinion does not mean that the legislature may not make grants to the Metlakatla Indian Community by designating that entity as eligible for a grant. See page 83 of 1982 SLA 101 for a grant to Metlakatla specifically within the group of municipalities. However, the statute must either include Metlakatla within a group, for example, as an unincorporated, or specifically describe the Metlakatla Indian Community as a grant recipient.

REP/jb

TRIBAL OPERATIONS OFFICE - JAO
Alaska Tribal Status

JULY 1982

Village Name	638 GRANTS	ANCSA VILLAGE	DETERMINED ELIGIBLE BY BIA	IRA COUNCIL	TRADITIONAL COUNCIL	BIA MARCH 72 LIST	HOME RULE	1ST CLASS CITY	2ND CLASS CITY
Afognak		X	X						
Akhiok		X	X		X	X			X
Akiachak	X	X	X	X		X			X
Akiak	X	X	X	X		X			X
Autan		X	X		X	X			X
Alakanuk	X	X	X		X	X			X
Alatna	X	X	X		X				
Aleknagik		X	X		X	X			X
Aleutian Pribilofs	X								
Alexander Creek									
Algaacig(St. Mary's)	X	X	X		X	X		X	
Allakaket	X	X	X		X	X			X
Ambler	X	X	X		X	X			X
Anaktuvuk Pass		X	X		X	X			X
Andreafsky (Andrefscy)		X	X		X				
Angoon	X	X	X	X		X			X
Aniak	X	X	X		X	X			X
Anvik	X	X	X		X	X			X
Arctic Village		X	X		X	X			

Village Name	638 GRANTS	ANCSA VILLAGE	DETERMINED ELIGIBLE BY BIA	IRA COUNCIL	TRADITIONAL COUNCIL	BIA MARCH 72 LIST	HOME RULE	1ST CLASS CITY	2ND CLASS CITY
Atka	X	X	X	X		X			
Atkasook (Atquasuk)	X	X	X		X				
Atmoutlauk	X	X	X		X	X			X
Ayakulik			X						
Barrow		X	X		X	X		X	
Bay	X	X	X		X	X			
Belkofsky		X	X		X	X			
Bells Flats			X						
Bethel (Orutsaramuit)	X	X	X		X	X			X
Bettles (Bettles Field)	X		X		X	X			
Bill Moore's		X	X						
Biorka		X							
Birch Creek	X	X	X		X	X			
Brevig Mission		X	X		X	X			X
Bristol Bay						X			
Buckland	X	X	X	X		X			X
Candle		X				X			
Cantwell	X	X	X		X	X			
Canyon Village		X				X			
Chalkyitsik	X	X	X		X	X			

Village Name	638 GRANTS	ANCSA VILLAGE	DETERMINED ELIGIBLE BY BIA	IRA COUNCIL	TRADITIONAL COUNCIL	BIA MARCH 72 LIST	HOME RULE	1ST CLASS CITY	2ND CLASS CITY
Chaloonawick			X		X	X			
Chaneliak						X			
Chanilut		X							
Chefornak (Cherfornak)	X	X	X		X	X			X
Chenega	X		X	X		X			
Chevak	X	X	X		X	X			X
Chickaloon	X		X		X				
Chignik	X	X	X		X	X			
Chignik Lagoon	X	X	X		X	X			
Chignik Lake	X	X	X		X	X			
Chilkat (Klukwan)	X	X	X	X		X			
Chistochina	X	X	X		X	X			
Chitina	X	X	X		X				
Chuathbaluk	X		X		X				X
Cookwuktoligamute		X							
Churarbalik (Russian Mission-Kuskokwim)						X			
Circle	X	X	X		X	X			
Clark's Point		X	X		X	X			X
Cook Inlet	X								
Copper Center	X	X	X		X	X			

Village Name	638 GRANTS	ANCSA VILLAGE	DETERMINED ELIGIBLE BY BIA	IRA COUNCIL	TRADITIONAL COUNCIL	BIA MARCH 72 LIST	HOME RULE	1ST CLASS CITY	2ND CLASS CITY
Cordova						X	X		
Council			X						
Craig	X	X	X	X		X		X	
Crooked Creek	X	X	X		X	X			
Deering	X	X	X	X		X			X
Delta Junction						X			X
Dillingham	X	X	X		X	X		X	
Dot Lake	X	X	X		X	X			
Douglas				X		X			
Eagle	X	X	X		X	X			
Eek	X	X	X		X	X			X
Egegik	X	X	X		X	X			
Eklutna	X	X	X		X	X			
Ekuk		X	X		X	X			
Ekwok		X	X		X	X			X
Elim		X	X	X		X			X
Emmonak		X	X		X	X			X
English Bay	X	X	X		X	X			
Eyak	X		X		X				
Fairbanks	X						X		

Village Name	638 GRANTS	ANCSA VILLAGE	DETERMINED ELIGIBLE BY BIA	IRA COUNCIL	TRADITIONAL COUNCIL	BIA MARCH 72 LIST	HOME RULE	1ST CLASS CITY	2ND CLASS CITY
False Pass	X	X	X		X	X			
Farewell						X			
Flat						X			
Fort Yukon	X	X	X	X		X			X
Gakona		X	X		X				
Galeana		X	X		X	X		X	
Gambell	X	X	X	X		X			X
Georgetown		X	X			X			
Golovin		X	X		X	X			X
Goodnews Bay	X	X	X		X	X			X
Grayling (Holikachuk)	X	X	X	X		X			X
Gulkana	X	X	X		X	X			
Haines (Chilkoot)	X			X		X		X	
Hamilton		X	X			X			
Healy Lake			X		X				X
Holy Cross	X	X	X		X	X			X
Hoonah	X	X	X	X		X		X	
Hooper Bay	X	X	X		X	X			X
Hughes	X	X	X		X	X			X
Huslia	X	X	X		X	X			X

Village Name	638 GRANTS	ANCSA VILLAGE	DETERMINED ELIGIBLE BY BIA	IRA COUNCIL	TRADITIONAL COUNCIL	BIA MARCH 72 LIST	HOME RULE	1ST CLASS CITY	2ND CLASS CITY
Hydaburg	X	X	X	X		X		X	
Igiugig	X	X	X		X				
Iliamna	X	X	X		X	X			
Inalik (Diomede)		X	X	X		X			X
Inupiat CAS				X		X			
Knob Bay		X	X		X	X			
Juneau	X	X	X				X		
Kaguyak		X	X						
Kake	X	X	X	X		X		X	
Kaktovik	X	X	X		X	X			X
Kalskag (Upper Kalskag)		X			X	X			X
Kaltag	X	X	X		X	X			X
Kanatak				X		X			
Karluk	X	X	X	X		X			
Kasaan		X	X	X		X			X
Kasigluk	X	X	X		X	X			
Kenaitze	X			X		X			
Kenai		X	X						
Ketchikan	X			X		X	X		
Kiana	X	X	X		X	X			X

Village Name	638 GRANTS	ANCSA VILLAGE	DETERMINED ELIGIBLE BY BIA	IRA COUNCIL	TRADITIONAL COUNCIL	BIA MARCH 72 LIST	HOME RULE	1ST CLASS CITY	2ND CLASS CITY
King Cove		X	X		X	X		X	
King Island	X		X	X		X			
Kipnuk	X	X	X		X	X			
Kivalina	X	X	X	X		X			X
Klawock	X	X	X	X		X		X	
Kolik			X		X				
Kobuk		X	X		X	X			X
Kodiak	X	X	X				X		
Kokhanok		X	X		X	X			
Koliganek	X	X	X		X	X			
Kongiganak	X	X	X		X	X			
Kotlik	X	X	X		X	X			X
Kotzebue	X	X	X	X		X			X
Koyuk		X	X	X		X			X
Koyukuk	X	X	X		X	X			X
Kwethluk	X	X	X	X		X			X
Kwigillingok	X	X	X	X		X			
Larsen Bay (Anton)	X	X	X		X	X			X
Lelida						X			
Levelock	X	X	X		X	X			

Village Name	638 GRANTS	ANCSA VILLAGE	DETERMINED ELIGIBLE BY BIA	IRA COUNCIL	TRADITIONAL COUNCIL	BIA MARCH 72 LIST	HOME RULE	1ST CLASS CITY	2ND CLASS CITY
Lime Village		X	X		X	X			
Litnik			X						
Louden	X								
Lower Kalskag		X	X		X	X			X
McGrath	X	X	X		X	X			X
Mek		X							
Manley Hot Springs	X	X	X		X	X			
Manokotak	X	X	X		X	X			X
Marshall (Fortuna Ledge)	X	X	X		X	X			X
Mary's Igloo		X	X						
Matanuska									X
Medfra		X							X
Mekoryuk	X	X	X	X		X			X
Metlakatla	X			X		X			
Mentasta (Lake)	X	X	X		X				
Minchumina Lake		X							X
Minto	X	X	X	X		X			
Mt. Village	X	X	X		X	X			X
Nabesna		X							
Naknek	X	X	X		X	X			

Village Name	638 GRANTS	ANCSA VILLAGE	DETERMINED ELIGIBLE BY BIA	IRA COUNCIL	TRADITIONAL COUNCIL	BIA MARCH 72 LIST	HOME RULE	1ST CLASS CITY	2ND CLASS CITY
Napaimute		X	X			X			
Napakiak	X	X	X	X		X			X
Napaskiak	X	X	X		X	X			X
Nelson Lagoon		X	X		X	X			
Nenana	X	X	X		X	X		X	
Unalakleet		X	X		X	X			X
New Stuyahok		X	X		X	X			X
Newtok	X	X	X		X	X			X
Nightmute	X	X	X		X	X			X
Nikolski		X	X	X		X			
Ninilchik	X	X	X		X	X			
Noatak		X	X	X		X			
Nikolai	X	X	X		X	X			X
Nome (Eskimo Comm.)	X	X	X	X		X		X	
Nondalton	X	X	X		X	X			X
Noorvik	X	X	X	X		X			X
Northeast Cape		X				X			
Northway	X	X	X		X	X			
Nuiqsuit (Nooiksut)	X	X	X		X				X
Nulato	X	X	X		X	X			X

Village Name	638 GRANTS	ANCSA VILLAGE	DETERMINED ELIGIBLE BY BIA	IRA COUNCIL	TRADITIONAL COUNCIL	BIA MARCH 72 LIST	HOME RULE	1ST CLASS CITY	2ND CLASS CITY
Nunapitchuk		X	X	X		X			
Ohogamuit		X	X		X				
Old Harbor	X	X	X		X	X			
Oscarville		X	X		X	X			
Ouzinkie	X	X	X		X	X			X
Paigute			X						
Palmer						X			
Paradise		X							
Pauloff Harbor (Sanak)		X	X			X			
Pedro Bay	X	X	X		X	X			
Pelican	X				X	X		X	
Perryville	X	X	X	X		X			
Petersburg	X			X		X	X		
Pilot Point	X	X	X		X	X			
Pilot Station	X	X	X		X	X			X
Pitka's Point		X	X		X	X			
Platinum	X	X	X		X	X			X
Point Hope		X	X	X		X			X
Point Lay	X	X	X	X		X			
Portage Creek		X	X		X	X			

Village Name	638 GRANTS	ANCSA VILLAGE	DETERMINED ELIGIBLE BY BIA	IRA COUNCIL	TRADITIONAL COUNCIL	BIA MARCH 72 LIST	HOME RULE	1ST CLASS CITY	2ND CLASS CITY
Port Graham	X	X	X		X	X			
Port Heiden	X	X	X		X	X			X
Port Lions		X	X		X	X			X
Port William			X						
Quinhagak (Kwinhagak)		X	X	X		X			X
R. Bart	X	X	X		X	X			
Red Devil		X	X		X	X			
Ruby	X	X	X		X	X			X
Russian Mission (Kuskokwim)		X				X			
Russian Mission (Yukon)		X	X		X	X			X
St. George	X	X	X	X		X			
St. Michael		X	X	X		X			X
St. Paul	X	X	X	X		X			X
Salamatof		X	X		X				
Sand Point	X	X	X		X	X		X	
Savonoski		X							
Savonga	X	X	X	X		X			X
Saxman	X	X	X	X		X			X
Scammon Bay		X	X		X	X			X
Selawik	X	X	X	X		X			X

Village Name	638 GRANTS	ANCSA VILLAGE	DETERMINED ELIGIBLE BY BIA	IRA COUNCIL	TRADITIONAL COUNCIL	BIA MARCH 72 LIST	HOME RULE	1ST CLASS CITY	2ND CLASS CITY
Seldovia	X	X	X		X			X	
Shageluk	X	X	X	X		X			X
Shagtoolik (Shaktoolik)		X	X	X		X			X
Sheldons Point		X	X		X	X			X
Shishmaref	X	X	X	X		X			X
Ungnak	X	X	X	X		X			X
Sitka	X	X	X	X		X	X		
Skagway	X				X	X		X	
Slana		X							
Sleetmute		X	X		X	X			
Solomon			X						
South Naknek	X	X	X		X	X			
Squaw Harbor		X							
Stebbins	X	X	X	X		X			X
Sterling						X			
Stevens Village	X	X	X	X		X			
Stony River		X	X		X	X			
Takotna	X	X	X		X	X			
Tanacross	X	X	X	X		X			
Tanana	X	X	X	X		X			X

Village Name	638 GRANTS	ANCSA VILLAGE	DETERMINED ELIGIBLE BY BIA	IRA COUNCIL	TRADITIONAL COUNCIL	BIA MARCH 72 LIST	HOME RULE	1ST CLASS CITY	2ND CLASS CITY
Tatitlek	X	X	X	X		X			
Tazlina	X	X	X		X				
Teller		X	X		X	X			X
Telida	X	X	X		X				
Tenakee (Springs)					X	X			X
Tulit	X	X	X	X		X			
Tigara	X								
Togiak	X	X	X		X	X			X
Tok	X				X	X			
Toksook Bay	X	X	X		X	X			X
Tuluksak	X	X	X	X		X			X
Tuntutuliak	X	X	X		X	X			
Tununak	X	X	X	X		X			X
Twin Hills	X	X	X		X	X			
Tyonek	X	X	X	X		X			
Uganik			X						
Ugashik		X	X		X	X			
Unkumiute (Umkumite)			X						
Unalaska		X	X		X	X		X	
Unalakleet	X	X	X	X		X			X

Village Name	638 GRANTS	ANCSA VILLAGE	DETERMINED ELIGIBLE BY BIA	IRA COUNCIL	TRADITIONAL COUNCIL	BIA MARCH 72 LIST	HOME RULE	1ST CLASS CITY	2ND CLASS CITY
Uyak		X	X						
Unga		X	X						
Valdez						X			
Venetie	X	X	X	X		X			
Wainwright	X	X	X		X	X			X
Wales		X	X	X		X			X
White Mountain	X	X	X	X		X			X
Woody Island			X						
Wrangell	X			X		X	X		
Yakutat	X	X	X		X	X		X	
TOTALS	160	219	222	71	142	217	8	19	100

FY 1982 STATE REVENUE SHARING ENTITLEMENTS
FOR MUNICIPALITIES

FEBRUARY 22, 1982

(REPLACES 2/19/82 COMPUTER RUN)

STATE OF ALASKA
DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY & REGIONAL AFFAIRS
DIVISION OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE
POUCH BH
JUNEAU, ALASKA 99811

(907) 465-4733 or 465-4736

FY 1982 MUNICIPAL REVENUE SHARING ENTITLEMENTS

TOTAL APPROPRIATION = \$55,707,600
 CHAPTER 88 APPROPRIATION = \$34,913,800
 CHAPTER 89 APPROPRIATION = \$14,047,800
 CHAPTER 90 APPROPRIATION = \$6,746,000

CHAPTER 88 PRORATION FACTOR = 0.43407506040690
 CHAPTER 89 PRORATION FACTOR = 0.92865022020026
 CHAPTER 90 PRORATION FACTOR = 0.83123348099043
 MINIMUM ENT. PRORATION FACTOR = 0.96709754619341
 HOLD HARMLESS PRORATION FACTOR = 0.99905232582675

KEY	MUNICIPALITY	POPULATION	MILL RATE EQV.	CHAPTER 88 ENTITLEMENT	CHAPTER 89 AND 90 ENTITLEMENT	MINIMUM ENTITL. ADD ON	HOLD HARMLESS ENTITLEMENT	TOTAL FY 1982 ENTITL.
BOROUGHES AND SERVICE AREAS								
0010	ANCHORAGE A.W.	180,740	6.25	\$6,005,670	\$7,565,322	\$0	\$0	\$13,570,993
0020	CITY S.A.	53,410	0.48	\$161,606	\$0	\$0	\$157,448	\$319,055
0030	EAGLE RIVER	7,639	0.78	\$37,384	\$60,281	\$0	\$0	\$97,666
0040	CHUGIAK	5,105	0.76	\$24,416	\$0	\$0	\$11,921	\$36,338
0060	GIRDWOOD	539	1.13	\$3,818	\$24,446	\$0	\$0	\$28,265
0070	GLEN ALPS	245	2.13	\$3,245	\$24,562	\$0	\$0	\$27,807
0080	FIRE S.A.	148,761	1.28	\$1,189,204	\$0	\$0	\$86,312	\$1,275,517
0090	ROADS & DRAINAGE	130,845	1.18	\$962,464	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$962,464
0095	LIMITED ROAD S.A.	5,172	0.77	\$25,002	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$25,002
0100	POLICE S.A.	146,004	1.87	\$1,699,341	\$0	\$0	\$414,200	\$2,113,542
0110	PARKS & REC	148,710	0.57	\$531,369	\$0	\$0	\$342,741	\$874,111
0120	P & R/CHUGIAK	13,789	0.60	\$51,969	\$0	\$0	\$10,290	\$62,260
0130	SOLID WASTE S.A.	149,215	0.32	\$299,716	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$299,716
0140	CHUGIAK/SOLID WASTE	13,789	0.16	\$14,342	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$14,342
0150	BUILDING SAFETY	148,676	0.17	\$157,829	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$157,829
0160	CITY SA ROADS & DRAINAGE	53,410	0.08	\$26,958	\$0	\$0	\$1,226	\$28,185
0170	SERVICE AREA 35	77,435	0.58	\$282,266	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$282,266
0175	UPPER O'MALLEY	1	0.00	\$0	\$33,863	\$0	\$0	\$33,863
0180	PORT OF ANCH.	180,740	0.35	\$397,677	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$397,677
0185	ROADS	1	0.00	\$0	\$134,897	\$0	\$0	\$134,897
0190	AIRPORT S.A.	180,740	0.01	\$17,127	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$17,127
0195	PUBLIC TRANSIT	180,740	0.09	\$108,844	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$108,844
0200	PARKING S.A.	180,740	0.13	\$150,294	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$150,294
TOTAL				\$12,150,548	\$7,843,375			\$21,018,066
0210	BRISTOL BAY BOROUGH	1,182	26.97	\$198,205	\$59,031	\$0	\$0	\$257,237
0230	FAIRBANKS BOROUGH	51,659	8.21	\$2,613,784	\$251,551	\$0	\$0	\$2,865,335
0240	ESTER F.P.	944	0.76	\$4,468	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$4,468
0250	NORTH STAR F.P.	5,575	1.05	\$36,425	\$0	\$0	\$19,636	\$56,062
0260	UNIVERSITY F.P.	6,156	1.49	\$57,199	\$0	\$0	\$4,702	\$61,902

FY 1982 MUNICIPAL REVENUE SHARING ENTITLEMENTS

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BOROUGHES AND SERVICE AREAS								
	TOTAL			\$2,711,877	\$251,551			\$2,987,768
0270	HAINES BOROUGH	1,712	5.85	\$62,294	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$62,294
0280	FIRE DISTRICT	394	1.89	\$4,632	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$4,632
	TOTAL			\$66,926	\$0			\$66,926
0290	JUNEAU BOROUGH A.W.	21,080	14.81	\$1,932,690	\$424,736	\$0	\$0	\$2,357,427
0300	S.A. 1	4,883	12.35	\$374,886	\$33,005	\$0	\$0	\$407,892
0310	S.A. 2	1,378	6.60	\$56,586	\$11,782	\$0	\$0	\$68,368
0320	S.A. 3	14,819	1.18	\$109,615	\$39,692	\$0	\$0	\$199,307
0330	S.A. 4	1,848	0.56	\$6,482	\$0	\$0	\$5,450	\$11,933
0340	S.A. 5	10,822	1.57	\$106,234	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$106,234
0350	S.A. 6	855	1.01	\$5,406	\$0	\$0	\$338	\$5,745
0360	S.A. 7	326	0.76	\$1,554	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,554
0370	S.A. 8	695	0.28	\$1,219	\$0	\$0	\$3,077	\$4,297
	TOTAL			\$2,594,675	\$559,217			\$3,162,759
0380	KENAI PENINSULA BOROUGH	26,520	4.01	\$649,435	\$6,965	\$0	\$0	\$656,401
0385	CENTRAL PENINSULA HOSPITAL	15,921	2.60	\$257,865	\$249,662	\$0	\$0	\$507,528
0390	NIKISKI F.P.	3,136	1.53	\$29,891	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$29,891
0395	SOUTH PENINSULA HOSPITAL	6,027	1.33	\$50,135	\$249,662	\$0	\$0	\$299,798
0400	NORTH KENAI REC.	2,344	0.58	\$8,571	\$0	\$0	\$11,971	\$20,543
0410	BEAR CREEK F.P.	674	2.82	\$11,830	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$11,830
	TOTAL			\$1,007,729	\$506,291			\$1,525,992
0420	KETCHIKAN BOROUGH	11,373	9.12	\$643,174	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$643,174
0430	SHORELINE S.A.	504	0.99	\$3,128	\$0	\$0	\$2,144	\$5,273

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BOROUGHES AND SERVICE AREAS								
	TOTAL			\$646,302	\$0			\$648,447
0440	KODIAK ISLAND BOROUGH	8,358	6.84	\$355,490	\$375,493	\$0	\$0	\$730,984
0450	FIRE DISTRICT I	1,480	2.01	\$18,560	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$18,560
0455	SERVICE DISTRICT	1,207	1.16	\$8,748	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$8,748
0460	ROAD DISTRICT	230	4.00	\$5,727	\$37,449	\$0	\$0	\$43,176
	TOTAL			\$388,527	\$412,942			\$801,469
0470	MAT-SU BOROUGH	19,123	7.42	\$831,340	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$831,340
0480	WASILLA F.P.	3,201	0.50	\$10,019	\$0	\$0	\$20,163	\$30,183
0490	BUTTE F.P.	2,068	0.68	\$8,839	\$0	\$0	\$10,659	\$19,499
0500	GREATER PALMER F.P.	2,498	0.49	\$7,635	\$0	\$0	\$20,182	\$27,818
0510	SUTTON F.P.	675	2.32	\$9,754	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$9,754
0515	NON AREA-WIDE	14,695	0.51	\$47,458	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$47,458
0525	TALKEETNA FLOOD S.A.	254	1.21	\$1,912	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,912
0530	TALKEETNA F.P.	371	0.61	\$1,420	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,420
0540	GARDEN TERRACE	65	1.62	\$654	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$654
0541	MIDWAY	1	0.00	\$0	\$1,417,588	\$0	\$0	\$1,417,588
0550	LAKES F.P.	1,485	1.35	\$12,551	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$12,551
	TOTAL			\$931,588	\$1,417,588			\$2,400,182
0560	NORTH SLOPE BOROUGH	7,098	9.71	\$428,833	\$258,665	\$0	\$0	\$687,499
0570	SITKA BOROUGH	7,927	13.58	\$669,578	\$311,990	\$0	\$0	\$981,568
FIRST CLASS CITIES								
1000	BARROW	2,539	5.98	\$94,458	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$94,458
1010	CORDOVA	2,223	29.61	\$409,286	\$317,530	\$0	\$0	\$726,817
1020	CRAIG	560	31.15	\$108,455	\$33,654	\$0	\$0	\$142,110

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FIRST CLASS CITIES								
1030	DILLINGHAM	1,670	24.03	\$249,506	\$23,318	\$0	\$0	\$272,824
1040	FAIRBANKS	25,568	15.67	\$2,492,152	\$1,850,514	\$0	\$0	\$4,342,666
1050	GALENA	805	22.08	\$110,500	\$28,363	\$0	\$0	\$136,199
1060	HAINES	1,017	23.97	\$151,555	\$26,064	\$0	\$0	\$177,619
1070	HOMER	2,588	13.27	\$213,571	\$45,188	\$0	\$0	\$258,760
1080	HOONAH	799	5.38	\$26,768	\$9,995	\$0	\$28,312	\$65,077
1090	HYDABURG	356	4.79	\$10,622	\$7,352	\$6,421	\$0	\$24,396
1100	KAKE	583	16.78	\$60,829	\$12,441	\$0	\$0	\$73,270
1110	KEMAI	4,558	23.13	\$655,599	\$130,498	\$0	\$0	\$786,098
1120	KETCHIKAN	7,200	28.29	\$1,266,560	\$348,215	\$0	\$0	\$1,614,775
1140	KING COVE	513	21.13	\$67,388	\$18,906	\$0	\$0	\$86,295
1150	KLAWOCK	389	2.93	\$7,094	\$11,341	\$6,091	\$0	\$24,527
1160	KODIAK	4,678	17.83	\$518,592	\$36,650	\$0	\$0	\$555,243
1170	NENANA	592	21.76	\$80,097	\$41,289	\$0	\$0	\$121,386
1180	NOME	3,039	16.96	\$320,508	\$418,924	\$0	\$0	\$739,433
1190	NORTH POLE	928	8.19	\$47,302	\$28,810	\$0	\$0	\$76,112
1200	PALMER	2,275	17.10	\$241,893	\$287,228	\$0	\$0	\$529,121
1210	PELICAN	172	22.30	\$23,852	\$10,735	\$0	\$0	\$34,587
1220	PETERSBURG	3,001	22.62	\$422,028	\$286,554	\$0	\$0	\$708,583
1230	SAND POINT	697	22.08	\$95,676	\$34,632	\$0	\$0	\$130,308
1240	SAINT MARY'S	432	28.36	\$76,165	\$53,732	\$0	\$0	\$129,897
1250	SELDOVIA	505	15.15	\$47,585	\$23,742	\$0	\$0	\$71,328
1260	SEWARD	1,943	16.45	\$198,785	\$439,281	\$0	\$0	\$638,067
1270	SKAGWAY	819	12.30	\$62,654	\$31,707	\$0	\$0	\$94,361
1280	SOLODTNA	2,445	15.43	\$234,580	\$61,866	\$0	\$0	\$296,447
1290	UNALASKA	1,944	36.39	\$439,880	\$124,905	\$0	\$0	\$564,786
1300	VALDEZ	3,279	6.38	\$130,103	\$331,793	\$0	\$0	\$461,897
1330	WRANGELL	2,345	23.04	\$335,932	\$273,199	\$0	\$0	\$609,131
1360	YAKUTAT	430	16.92	\$45,233	\$16,253	\$0	\$0	\$61,486
SECOND CLASS CITIES								
5000	AKHIK	103	0.00	\$0	\$9,986	\$16,341	\$0	\$19,870

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SECOND CLASS CITIES								
5010	AKIACHAK	435	3.23	\$8,763	\$31,760	\$0	\$1,115	\$39,154
5020	AKIAK	197	0.00	\$0	\$9,964	\$22,790	\$0	\$32,755
5030	AKOLMIUT	695	4.30	\$18,600	\$103,534	\$0	\$0	\$111,734
5040	AKUTAN	189	##.##	\$151,277	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$151,277
5050	ALAKANUK	534	14.26	\$47,349	\$37,365	\$0	\$0	\$84,715
5060	ALEKNAGIK	152	0.00	\$0	\$9,603	\$21,965	\$0	\$31,569
5070	ALLAKAKET	158	0.00	\$0	\$8,722	\$25,207	\$0	\$33,929
5080	AMBLER	198	8.05	\$9,919	\$27,200	\$0	\$0	\$37,120
5090	ANAKTUVUK PASS	235	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
5100	ANDERSON	500	3.75	\$11,659	\$16,152	\$6,362	\$0	\$34,173
5110	ANGOON	445	1.43	\$3,983	\$12,476	\$9,034	\$13,274	\$38,768
5120	ANIAK	338	5.28	\$11,100	\$93,361	\$0	\$0	\$104,461
5130	ANVIK	110	3.94	\$2,698	\$10,337	\$20,946	\$0	\$33,982
5140	ATMAUTLUAK	226	1.13	\$1,598	\$9,973	\$21,214	\$3,613	\$35,614
5150	BETHEL	3,549	23.43	\$516,963	\$255,489	\$0	\$0	\$772,453
5160	BREVIK MISSION	149	7.11	\$6,590	\$10,337	\$17,054	\$0	\$33,982
5170	BUCKLAND	211	6.03	\$7,917	\$0	\$25,724	\$0	\$33,642
5180	CHEFORNAK	230	7.61	\$10,887	\$9,964	\$11,903	\$0	\$32,755
5190	CHEVAK	491	2.55	\$7,811	\$11,521	\$13,473	\$0	\$32,806
5200	CHUATHBALUK	104	5.72	\$3,700	\$34,889	\$0	\$0	\$24,704
5210	CLARK'S POINT	78	12.74	\$6,177	\$9,603	\$15,788	\$0	\$31,569
5220	DEERING	155	18.80	\$18,118	\$10,337	\$5,526	\$0	\$32,592
5230	DELTA JUNCTION	945	0.00	\$0	\$37,876	\$0	\$4,987	\$42,863
5240	DIOMEDE	149	2.35	\$2,181	\$0	\$29,071	\$0	\$31,253
5250	EAGLE	186	2.11	\$2,450	\$6,423	\$19,325	\$0	\$28,199
5260	EEK	226	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
5270	EKWOK	76	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
5280	ELIM	228	3.93	\$5,571	\$15,507	\$13,076	\$0	\$30,754
5290	EMMONAK	568	6.32	\$22,318	\$34,594	\$0	\$0	\$56,913
5300	FORT YUKON	599	10.86	\$40,465	\$43,611	\$0	\$0	\$84,077
5310	FORTUNA LEDGE	243	3.87	\$5,856	\$25,533	\$1,877	\$0	\$33,267

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SECOND CLASS CITIES								
320	GAMBELL	480	3.91	\$11,681	\$0	\$21,960	\$0	\$33,642
330	GOLOVIN	94	6.93	\$4,050	\$10,337	\$19,594	\$0	\$32,010
340	GOODNEWS BAY	167	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
350	GRAYLING	202	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
360	HOLY CROSS	233	5.16	\$7,477	\$23,259	\$3,670	\$0	\$34,407
370	HOOPER BAY	624	2.45	\$9,513	\$0	\$22,913	\$0	\$32,427
380	HOUSTON	583	0.11	\$416	\$73,996	\$0	\$0	\$74,413
390	HUGHES	71	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
400	HUSLIA	230	0.00	\$1	\$67,517	\$0	\$0	\$67,519
410	KACHEMAK	425	2.06	\$5,461	\$0	\$20,538	\$0	\$25,999
420	KAKTOVIK	201	0.25	\$323	\$0	\$33,318	\$0	\$33,642
430	KALTAG	239	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
440	KASAAN	64	0.10	\$43	\$7,422	\$16,933	\$0	\$24,398
460	KIANA	356	2.64	\$5,856	\$17,444	\$10,915	\$0	\$34,216
470	KIVALINA	249	4.16	\$6,441	\$0	\$27,200	\$0	\$30,994
480	KOBUK	64	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
490	KOTLIK	339	3.48	\$7,339	\$9,964	\$15,451	\$0	\$32,755
500	KOTZEBUE	2,250	14.66	\$205,125	\$56,856	\$0	\$0	\$261,981
510	KOYUK	203	5.40	\$6,817	\$16,120	\$11,235	\$0	\$34,172
520	KOYUKUK	95	8.75	\$5,167	\$13,568	\$15,352	\$0	\$34,088
530	KUPREANOF	49	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
540	KWETHLUK	451	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
550	LARSEN BAY	167	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$25,999	\$0	\$25,999
555	LOWER KALSKAG	244	2.81	\$4,270	\$100,339	\$0	\$0	\$108,540
560	MANOKOTAK	290	1.51	\$2,737	\$10,894	\$17,980	\$0	\$31,611
570	MCGRATH	343	1.71	\$3,666	\$45,711	\$0	\$0	\$49,378
580	MEKORYUK	176	7.90	\$8,646	\$9,964	\$14,144	\$0	\$32,755
590	MOUNTAIN VILLAGE	580	13.89	\$50,109	\$54,492	\$0	\$0	\$104,601
600	NAPAKIAK	283	7.25	\$12,764	\$17,686	\$2,558	\$0	\$33,009
610	NAPASKIAK	242	0.00	\$0	\$9,964	\$22,791	\$0	\$32,755
620	NEWHALEN	135	0.39	\$335	\$9,603	\$21,630	\$0	\$31,569

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SECOND CLASS CITIES								
5630	NEW STUYAHOK	327	0.00	\$0	\$9,603	\$21,965	\$0	\$30,813
5640	NEWTOK	175	0.81	\$891	\$9,964	\$21,899	\$0	\$32,755
5650	NIGHTMUTE	135	7.12	\$5,977	\$9,964	\$16,814	\$0	\$32,755
5660	NIKOLAI	88	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
5670	NONDALTON	171	0.18	\$197	\$14,105	\$17,414	\$0	\$31,717
5680	NOORVIK	508	2.89	\$9,152	\$18,155	\$6,932	\$0	\$34,239
5690	NULATO	338	2.07	\$4,362	\$29,074	\$1,162	\$0	\$24,599
5700	NUIGSUT	271	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
5710	OLD HARBOR	334	0.18	\$387	\$11,110	\$14,867	\$0	\$26,365
5720	QUZINKIE	170	1.39	\$1,473	\$7,739	\$17,041	\$0	\$26,254
5730	PILOT STATION	323	5.17	\$10,398	\$6,227	\$16,005	\$0	\$32,632
5740	PLATINUM	55	13.59	\$4,653	\$0	\$27,805	\$1,294	\$33,752
5750	POINT HOPE	531	1.03	\$3,412	\$0	\$30,229	\$0	\$33,642
5760	PORT ALEXANDER	90	2.59	\$1,450	\$0	\$23,609	\$0	\$25,060
5770	PORT HEIDEN	91	1.08	\$613	\$89,432	\$0	\$0	\$90,046
5780	PORT LIONS	218	8.99	\$12,189	\$8,463	\$5,624	\$0	\$26,278
5790	QUINHAGAK	409	3.01	\$7,660	\$13,856	\$11,366	\$0	\$28,372
5800	RUBY	190	0.60	\$715	\$0	\$32,927	\$0	\$33,642
5810	RUSSIAN MISSION	168	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
5820	SAINT MICHAEL	258	2.33	\$3,750	\$10,337	\$19,894	\$0	\$33,982
5830	SAINT PAUL	591	8.45	\$31,051	\$112,541	\$0	\$0	\$143,592
5840	SAVOONGA	530	6.59	\$21,734	\$10,337	\$1,910	\$0	\$33,982
5850	SAXMAN	276	0.00	\$0	\$7,422	\$16,976	\$0	\$24,398
5860	SCAMMON BAY	249	2.36	\$3,667	\$3,892	\$24,995	\$0	\$32,555
5870	SELAWIK	372	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
5880	SHAGELUK	127	0.92	\$730	\$6,460	\$26,663	\$0	\$33,853
5890	SHAKTOOLIK	177	2.88	\$3,172	\$56,533	\$0	\$0	\$59,705
5900	SHELDON POINT	103	5.67	\$3,636	\$9,964	\$19,154	\$0	\$32,755
5910	SHISHMAREF	425	3.06	\$8,092	\$6,396	\$19,363	\$0	\$33,852
5920	SHUNGNAK	208	1.96	\$2,546	\$10,337	\$21,098	\$0	\$32,658
5930	STEBBINS	357	3.79	\$8,432	\$1,337	\$15,212	\$0	\$28,968

FY 1982 MUNICIPAL REVENUE SHARING ENTITLEMENTS

TOTAL APPROPRIATION = \$55,707,600
 CHAPTER 88 APPROPRIATION = \$34,913,800
 CHAPTER 89 APPROPRIATION = \$14,047,800
 CHAPTER 90 APPROPRIATION = \$6,746,000

CHAPTER 88 PRORATION FACTOR = 6.43407506040690
 CHAPTER 89 PRORATION FACTOR = 0.92865022020026
 CHAPTER 90 PRORATION FACTOR = 0.83123348099043
 MINIMUM ENT. PRORATION FACTOR = 0.96709754619341
 HOLD HARMLESS PRORATION FACTOR = 0.99905232582675

KEY	MUNICIPALITY	POPULATION	MILL RATE EQV.	CHAPTER 88 ENTITLEMENT	CHAPTER 89 AND 90 ENTITLEMENT	MINIMUM ENTITL. ADD ON	HOLD HARMLESS ENTITLEMENT	TOTAL FY 1982 ENTITL.
SECOND CLASS CITIES								
5940	TANANA	463	3.08	\$8,866	\$102,374	\$0	\$0	\$111,240
5950	TELLER	229	7.51	\$10,695	\$19,027	\$4,545	\$0	\$34,268
5980	TENAKEE SPRINGS	132	2.33	\$1,912	\$12,513	\$11,046	\$0	\$25,472
5990	TOGIAK	511	2.69	\$8,559	\$24,609	\$0	\$0	\$17,045
5000	TOKSOOK BAY	331	6.48	\$13,351	\$9,964	\$9,439	\$0	\$32,755
5010	TULUKSAK	234	2.93	\$4,265	\$119,882	\$0	\$0	\$124,147
5015	TUNUNAK	301	1.92	\$3,611	\$9,964	\$19,179	\$0	\$32,755
5020	UNALAKLEET	672	6.36	\$26,608	\$41,091	\$0	\$0	\$67,700
5030	UPPER KALSKAG	128	2.52	\$2,007	\$36,827	\$0	\$0	\$38,834
5040	WAINWRIGHT	410	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
5050	WALES	143	1.21	\$1,079	\$0	\$30,174	\$0	\$31,253
5060	WASILLA	<u>1,928</u>	0.33	\$4,026	\$124,026	\$0	\$0	\$128,052
5070	WHITE MOUNTAIN	135	10.18	\$8,549	\$14,165	\$9,004	\$0	\$31,719
5080	WHITTIER	211	33.93	\$44,509	\$16,125	\$0	\$0	\$60,635
5090	EXT FIRE AREAS	7,443	0.00	\$0	\$69,053	\$0	\$0	\$69,053
5100	NATIVE VILLAGE GOVT	1	0.00	\$0	\$1,275,683	\$0	\$0	\$1,275,683
TOTAL				\$32,610,625	\$20,774,190	\$1,147,716	\$1,175,067	\$55,627,711

THE FOLLOWING DOCUMENT(S) MAY NOT FILM
LEGIBLY BECAUSE OF POOR QUALITY OF THE
ORIGINAL.

\$25,076.00

	PUBLIC ROAD MILES	ICE ROAD MILES	HOSPITAL ENTITLEMENT	HEALTH FACILITIES ENTITLEMENT	HOSPITAL ENTITLEMENT
	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
	14.60	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
	6.87	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
	93.80	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
0.00	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
0.00	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
0.00	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
0.00	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0

0 HAINES BOROUGH

THE PRECEDING DOCUMENT(S) MAY NOT FILM
LEGIBLY BECAUSE OF POOR QUALITY OF THE
ORIGINAL.

FY 1981 MUNICIPAL REVENUE SHARING ENTITLEMENTS (#2)

FEBRUARY 22, 1982

TOTAL ENTITLEMENT = \$55,707,600

KEY	COMMUNITY	PUBLIC ROAD MILES	ICE ROAD MILES	HOSPITAL ENTITLEMENT	HEALTH FACILITIES ENTITLEMENT	HOSPITAL CONST. AID
0280	FIRE DISTRICT	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
0290	JUNEAU BOROUGH A.W.	0.00	0.00	\$231,342	\$159,576	\$33,217
0300	S.A. 1	14.23	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
0310	S.A. 2	5.08	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
0320	S.A. 3	38.67	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
0330	S.A. 4	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
0340	S.A. 5	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
0350	S.A. 6	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
0360	S.A. 7	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
0370	S.A. 8	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
0380	KENAI PENINSULA BOROUGH	2.79	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
0385	CENTRAL PENINSULA HOSPITAL	0.00	0.00	\$249,662	\$0	\$0
0390	NIKISKI F.P.	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
0395	SOUTH PENINSULA HOSPITAL	0.00	0.00	\$249,662	\$0	\$0
0400	NORTH KENAI REC.	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
0410	BEAR CREEK F.P.	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
0420	KETCHIKAN BOROUGH	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
0430	SHORELINE S.A.	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
0440	KODIAK ISLAND BOROUGH	0.00	0.00	\$249,662	\$125,830	\$0
0450	FIRE DISTRICT I	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
0455	SERVICE DISTRICT	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
0460	ROAD DISTRICT	15.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
0470	MAT-SU BOROUGH	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
0480	WASILLA F.P.	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
0490	BUTTE F.P.	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
0500	GREATER PALMER F.P.	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0

FY 1981 MUNICIPAL REVENUE SHARING ENTITLEMENTS (#2)

FEBRUARY 22, 1982

TOTAL ENTITLEMENT = \$55,707,600

KEY	COMMUNITY	PUBLIC ROAD MILES	ICE ROAD MILES	HOSPITAL ENTITLEMENT	HEALTH FACILITIES ENTITLEMENT	HOSPITAL CONST. AID
0510	SUTTON F.P.	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
0520	NON AREA-WIDE	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
0525	TALKEETNA FLOOD S.A.	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
0530	TALKEETNA F.P.	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
0540	GARDEN TERRACE	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
0550	MIDWAY	581.89	12.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
0550	LAKES F.P.	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
0560	NORTH SLOPE BOROUGH	54.47	0.00	\$0	\$82,700	\$0
0570	SITKA BOROUGH	16.05	0.00	\$240,640	\$32,727	\$0
FIRST CLASS CITIES						
1000	BARROW	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
1010	CORDOVA	8.55	0.00	\$268,751	\$25,800	\$0
1020	CRAIG	4.91	0.00	\$0	\$22,266	\$0
1030	DILLINGHAM	7.77	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
1040	FAIRBANKS	87.20	0.00	\$268,751	\$165,551	\$1,181,859
1050	GALENA	5.58	0.00	\$0	\$10,337	\$0
1060	HAINES	10.44	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
1070	HOMER	11.70	0.00	\$0	\$15,978	\$0
1080	HOONAH	4.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
1090	HYDABURG	3.17	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
1100	KAKE	5.17	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
1110	KENAI	45.87	0.00	\$0	\$15,978	\$0
1120	KETCHIKAN	16.60	0.00	\$231,942	\$37,110	\$40,659
1140	KING COVE	3.10	0.00	\$0	\$9,603	\$0
1150	KLAWOCK	1.69	0.00	\$0	\$7,422	\$0
1160	KODIAK	14.68	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
1170	NENANA	13.26	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
1180	NOME	13.60	0.13	\$323,049	\$51,687	\$0
1190	NORTH POLE	10.72	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
1200	PALMER	19.36	0.00	\$240,640	\$0	\$0
1210	PELICAN	1.10	0.00	\$0	\$7,989	\$0
1220	PETERSBURG	9.48	0.00	\$240,640	\$23,101	\$0
1230	SAND POINT	8.34	0.00	\$0	\$9,603	\$0
1240	SAINT MARY'S	7.93	10.21	\$0	\$9,964	\$0
1250	SELDOVIA	6.31	0.00	\$0	\$7,389	\$0

FY 1981 MUNICIPAL REVENUE SHARING ENTITLEMENTS (#2)

FEBRUARY 22, 1982

TOTAL ENTITLEMENT = \$55,707,600

KEY	COMMUNITY	PUBLIC ROAD MILES	ICE ROAD MILES	HOSPITAL ENTITLEMENT	HEALTH FACILITIES ENTITLEMENT	HOSPITAL CONST. AID
1260	SEWARD	18.35	0.00	\$249,662	\$143,805	\$0
1270	SKAGWAY	9.50	0.00	\$0	\$7,989	\$0
1280	SOLDDOTNA	24.78	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
1290	UNALASKA	38.42	0.00	\$0	\$9,603	\$0
1300	VALDEZ	15.80	0.00	\$278,818	\$8,922	\$0
1300	WRANGELL	7.13	0.00	\$240,640	\$15,400	\$0
1360	YAKUTAT	3.31	0.00	\$0	\$7,989	\$0
SECOND CLASS CITIES						
5000	AKHIOK	4.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
5010	AKIACHAK	1.59	9.00	\$0	\$9,964	\$0
5020	AKIAK	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$9,964	\$0
5030	AKOLMIUT	0.00	44.75	\$0	\$19,928	\$0
5040	AKUTAN	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
5050	ALAKANUIK	4.00	8.00	\$0	\$9,964	\$0
5060	ALEKNAGIK	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$9,603	\$0
5070	ALLAKAKET	2.70	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
5080	AMBLER	5.22	0.00	\$0	\$10,337	\$0
5090	ANAKTUVUK PASS	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
5100	ANDERSON	5.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
5110	ANGOON	5.18	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
5120	ANIAK	8.10	24.00	\$0	\$20,675	\$0
5130	ANVIK	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$10,337	\$0
5140	ATMAUTLUAK	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$9,964	\$0
5150	BETHEL	10.85	48.00	\$0	\$132,026	\$0
5160	BREVIK MISSION	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$10,337	\$0
5170	BUCKLAND	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
5180	CHEFORNAK	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$9,964	\$0
5190	CHEVAK	0.50	0.00	\$0	\$9,964	\$0
5200	CHUATHBALUK	4.00	6.00	\$0	\$10,337	\$0
5210	CLARK'S POINT	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$9,603	\$0
5220	DEERING	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$10,337	\$0
5230	DELTA JUNCTION	10.88	0.00	\$0	\$8,600	\$0
5240	DIOMEDE	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0

FY 1981 MUNICIPAL REVENUE SHARING ENTITLEMENTS (#2)

FEBRUARY 22, 1982

TOTAL ENTITLEMENT = \$55,707,600

KEY	COMMUNITY	PUBLIC ROAD MILES	ICE ROAD MILES	HOSPITAL ENTITLEMENT	HEALTH FACILITIES ENTITLEMENT	HOSPITAL CONST. AID
5250	EAGLE	2.39	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
5260	EEK	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
5270	EKWOK	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
5280	ELIM	1.60	0.00	\$0	\$10,338	\$0
5290	EMMONAK	3.41	7.50	\$0	\$9,964	\$0
5300	FORT YUKON	13.50	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
5310	FORTUNA LEDGE	5.00	0.00	\$0	\$9,964	\$0
5320	GAMBELL	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
5330	GOLOVIN	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$10,337	\$0
5340	GOODNEWS BAY	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
5350	GRAYLING	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
5360	HOLY CROSS	4.00	0.00	\$0	\$10,337	\$0
5370	HOOPER BAY	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
5380	HOUSTON	30.75	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
5390	HUGHES	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
5400	HUSLIA	17.70	0.00	\$0	\$10,337	\$0
5410	KACHEMAK	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
5420	KAKTOVIK	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
5430	KALTAG	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
5440	KASAAN	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$7,422	\$0
5460	KIANA	2.20	0.00	\$0	\$10,337	\$0
5470	KIVALINA	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
5480	KOBUK	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
5490	KOTLIK	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$9,964	\$0
5500	KOTZEBUE	15.50	3.50	\$0	\$0	\$0
5510	KOYUK	1.79	0.00	\$0	\$10,337	\$0
5520	KOYUKUK	1.00	0.00	\$0	\$10,337	\$0
5530	KUPREANOF	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
5540	KWETHLUK	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
5550	LARSEN BAY	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
5555	LOWER KALSKAG	3.86	40.00	\$0	\$10,337	\$0
5560	MANOKOTAK	0.43	0.00	\$0	\$9,603	\$0
5570	MCGRATH	10.95	0.00	\$0	\$10,337	\$0
5580	MEKORYUK	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$9,964	\$0
5590	MOUNTAIN VILLAGE	3.50	18.00	\$0	\$9,964	\$0
5600	NAPAKIAK	2.48	0.00	\$0	\$9,964	\$0

FY 1981 MUNICIPAL REVENUE SHARING ENTITLEMENTS (#2)

FEBRUARY 22, 1982

TOTAL ENTITLEMENT = \$55,707,600

KEY	COMMUNITY	PUBLIC ROAD MILES	ICE ROAD MILES	HOSPITAL ENTITLEMENT	HEALTH FACILITIES ENTITLEMENT	HOSPITAL CONST. AID
5610	NAPASKIAK	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$9,964	\$0
5620	NEWHALEN	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$9,603	\$0
5630	NEW STUYAHOK	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$9,603	\$0
5640	NEWTOK	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$9,964	\$0
5650	NIGHTMUTE	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$9,964	\$0
5660	NIKOLAI	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
5670	NONDALTON	1.50	0.00	\$0	\$9,603	\$0
5680	NOORVIK	2.42	0.00	\$0	\$10,337	\$0
5690	NULATO	5.80	0.00	\$0	\$10,337	\$0
5700	NUIGSUT	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
5710	OLD HARBOR	4.45	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
5720	CUZINKIE	3.10	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
5730	PILOT STATION	2.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
5740	PLATINUM	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
5750	POINT HOPE	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
5760	PORT ALEXANDER	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
5770	PORT HEIDEN	26.60	0.00	\$0	\$9,603	\$0
5780	PORT LIONS	3.39	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
5790	QUINHAGAK	1.25	0.00	\$0	\$9,964	\$0
5800	RUBY	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
5810	RUSSIAN MISSION	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
5820	SAINT MICHAEL	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$10,337	\$0
5830	SAINT PAUL	37.50	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
5840	SAVDONGA	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$10,337	\$0
5850	SAXMAN	3.20	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
5860	SCAMMON BAY	1.25	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
5870	SELAWIK	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
5880	SHAGELUK	2.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
5890	SHAKTOOLIK	3.50	18.00	\$0	\$10,337	\$0
5900	SHELDON POINT	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$9,964	\$0
5910	SHISHMAREF	1.98	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
5920	SHUNGNAK	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$10,337	\$0
5930	STEBBINS	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$10,337	\$0
5940	TANANA	31.69	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
5950	TELLER	2.69	0.00	\$0	\$10,337	\$0
5980	TENAKEE SPRINGS	2.00	0.00	\$0	\$7,700	\$0

FY 1981 MUNICIPAL REVENUE SHARING ENTITLEMENTS (#2)

FEBRUARY 22, 1982

TOTAL ENTITLEMENT = \$55,707,600

KEY	COMMUNITY	PUBLIC ROAD MILES	ICE ROAD MILES	HOSPITAL ENTITLEMENT	HEALTH FACILITIES ENTITLEMENT	HOSPITAL CONST. AID
5990	TOGIAK	5.00	0.00	\$0	\$9,603	\$0
5000	TOKSOOK BAY	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$9,964	\$0
5010	TULUKSAK	9.50	43.00	\$0	\$9,964	\$0
5015	TUNUNAK	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$9,964	\$0
5020	UNALAKLEET	9.52	0.00	\$0	\$10,337	\$0
5030	UPPER KALSKAG	1.50	16.50	\$0	\$0	\$0
5040	WAINWRIGHT	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
5050	WALES	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
5060	WASILLA	45.14	0.00	\$0	\$15,400	\$0
5070	WHITE MOUNTAIN	1.52	0.00	\$0	\$9,603	\$0
5080	WHITTIER	6.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
6090	EXT FIRE AREAS	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$61,810
6100	NATIVE VILLAGE GOVT	0.00	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$1,141,862
		TOTAL		\$4,028,354	\$2,476,985	\$7,943,279