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DRAFTED CHANGES RECOMMENDED BY THE TECHNICAL COMMITTEE
06 December 1980

Sec. 29.48.010. **ASSESSMENT AND PROPOSAL.** The assembly or council may assess against the property of a governmental unit and private real property benefited all or a portion of the cost of acquiring, installing, or constructing [OR IMPROVING] capital improvements. The state shall pay an assessment levied, except as otherwise provided by law and subject to its right of protest under AS 29.48.020(a)(8). If a governmental unit other than the state benefited by an improvement [ASSESSMENT] refuses to pay the assessment, it shall be denied the benefit of the improvement. An improvement proposal may be initiated by

- (1) petition to the assembly or council of the owners of one-half in value of the property to be benefited or
- (2) the assembly or council.

EXPLANATION: This is primarily a technical revision although the language is broadened to make it clear that all costs of capital improvements may be paid for by assessments.

DRAFTED CHANGES RECOMMENDED BY THE TECHNICAL COMMITTEE
06 December 1980

Sec. 29.48.020. PROCEDURE. (a) The assembly or council may prescribe by ordinance the procedures relating to creating special assessment districts, making local improvements, levying and collecting assessments and financing of the improvements [SPECIAL ASSESSMENT PROCEDURE FOR LOCAL IMPROVEMENTS], including and subject to the following:

- (1) a [THE] procedure for filing petitions;
- (2) no change;
- (3) no change;
- (4) a resolution or ordinance of the assembly or council determining to proceed or not to proceed with the proposed local improvement;
- (5) no change;
- (6) published notice of each public hearing required by this section and mailing notice to each [LEGAL OWNER OF] record owner of real property within the special assessment district;
- (7) a resolution or ordinance confirming the special assessment roll for the local improvement;
- (8) no change;

(b) To the extent that [IF] the assembly or council does not prescribe a procedure for special assessments as permitted by this section, the assembly or council shall comply with the special assessment procedures set out in AS 29.48.030-100.

EXPLANATION: This is primarily a technical revision except that those items required to be done by resolution under existing law may be done by ordinance.

DRAFTED CHANGES RECOMMENDED BY THE TECHNICAL COMMITTEE
06 December 1980

Sec. 29.48.030. Creation of District. [DECISION AND NOTICE].

(a) When an improvement proposal has been filed with the municipal clerk and presented to the assembly or council, the assembly or council shall find by resolution or ordinance whether (1) the improvement requested [REQUEST] is necessary and should be made, and (2) if by petition, the request has sufficient and proper petitioners. The findings of the assembly or council are conclusive.

(b) If the assembly or council approves with the necessary findings [PASSES A RESOLUTION APPROVING] an improvement proposal, it shall develop a proposed improvement plan including the estimate of total cost and amount of the improvement cost to be assessed against each property benefited. This plan is to be filed with the municipal clerk.

(c) The assembly or council shall set a time for public hearing on the improvement plan and the period for filing objections to the plan. The assembly or council shall publish a notice of the hearing and of the period during which objections may be filed at least once a week for four consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation if distributed within the municipality and shall send notice by mail to every record owner of property within the special assessment district.

EXPLANATION: (b) changed to require an estimate of the amount to be assessed to each property rather than an estimate of the percentage of the total cost. (c) requires a period for filing of objections and notice of the period.

DRAFTED CHANGES RECOMMENDED BY THE TECHNICAL COMMITTEE
06 December 1980

Sec. 29.68.040. RECORD OWNER. The person in whose name property is listed on the municipal property tax roll as owner is conclusively presumed to be the legal owner of record. If the owner is unknown, the assessemnt roll may designate [BE MADE AGAINST] "unknown owner".

EXPLANATION: Technical clean-up. No substantive change.

DRAFTED CHANGES RECOMMENDED BY THE TECHNICAL COMMITTEE
06 December 1980

Sec. 29.48.050. OBJECTIONS AND REVISION. (a) Objections to the improvement plan may be filed during a period of 60 days [NOT LESS THAN 30 NOR MORE THAN 60 DAYS] after publication of notice [ON A DATE SPECIFIED BY THE ASSEMBLY OR COUNCIL]. The assembly or council may by resolution or ordinance approve the plan and order [PROCEED WITH] the improvement subject to the limitation of (b) of this section [IF THE OWNERS OF ONE-HALF IN VALUE OF THE PROPERTY TO BE BENEFITED DO NOT OBJECT IN WRITING].

(b) If objections are made in writing during the period set for objections by the owners of property bearing one-half or more of the estimated cost of the improvement, the assembly or council may not proceed with the improvement unless it revises the plan to meet the objections and the objections are reduced to less than 50 percent. A revised plan shall be approved and adopted as an original plan in accordance with AS 29.48.030.

EXPLANATION: Eliminates option of allowing objections for only 30 days in favor of a 60 day period. Requires objections by property owners under (b) to be in writing.

DRAFTED CHANGES RECOMMENDED BY THE TECHNICAL COMMITTEE
06 December 1980

Sec. 29.48.060. ASSESSMENT ROLL. (a) At any time after project approval, the assembly or council shall assess the authorized percentage of the cost against property within the district [TRACTS] in proportion to benefit received. [ASSESSMENTS MAY NOT EXCEED ACTUAL COSTS.]

(b) The special assessment roll shall contain [CONTAINS] property descriptions, names of record owners [OF RECORD] and assessment amounts.

(c) No change.

EXPLANATION: Technical clean-up only. The last line of (a) is deleted as redundant.

DRAFTED CHANGES RECOMMENDED BY THE TECHNICAL COMMITTEE
06 December 1980

Sec. 29.48.070. HEARING AND SETTLEMENT. After the public hearing, the assembly or council shall correct errors and any inequalities in the roll. If an assessment is increased, a new hearing shall be set and notice mailed, except that a new hearing and notice is not required if all record owners of property subject to the increased assessment consent in writing to the increase. Objections to the increased assessment shall be limited to record owners of property on which the assessment was increased. When the roll is corrected, it shall be confirmed by resolution or ordinance of the assembly or council. [THE CLERK SHALL SO CERTIFY].

EXPLANATION: Provides an opportunity for a new hearing if assessments are increased. Requires the governing body to confirm a new assessment roll.

DRAFTED CHANGES RECOMMENDED BY THE TECHNICAL COMMITTEE
06 December 1980

Sec. 29.48.080. PAYMENT. (a) The assembly or council shall fix times of payment, penalty on delinquent payments and the rate of interest on the unpaid balance of the assessment [INSTALLMENTS AND DELINQUENCY OF ASSESSMENTS. PAYMENT MAY NOT BE REQUIRED SOONER THAN 60 DAYS AFTER ASSESSMENT]. Payment may be in one sum or by installments. [BUT A SUM OR INSTALLMENT MAY NOT EXCEED 25 PERCENT OF THE ASSESSED VALUE OF THE PROPERTY AFFECTED.] If payment is to be in one sum, payment may not be required sooner than 60 days after mailing of the assessment statement. The entire assessment may be prepaid without interest or penalty within 30 days after mailing of the assessment statement; and thereafter the assessment may be prepaid in whole or in part with interest to the payment date. [PENALTY AND INTEREST ARE THE SAME AS FOR REAL PROPERTY TAXES.]

(b) Within 30 days after fixing the time of payment, the municipal clerk shall mail a statement to the owner of record of each property assessed. The statement designates the property, the assessment amount, method of payment, rate of interest on the unpaid balance of the assessment, the time of delinquency, and penalties on delinquent payments.

(c) No change.

(d) No change.

EXPLANATION: Removed the limitation that a payment not exceed 25 percent of the value of property. Allows a period of 30 days for payment without interest.

DRAFTED CHANGES RECOMMENDED BY THE TECHNICAL COMMITTEE
06 December 1980

Sec. 29.48.090. EXEMPTION. (a) No change.

(b) No exemption may be granted under this section except upon written application for the exemption on a form prescribed by the state assessor for use by local assessors and in accordance with the following requirements:

(1) the claimant must file the initial application during the period of time between the date the assessment roll is confirmed [CERTIFIED] and the time of payment fixed by the assembly or council. Within one year of the date the assessment roll is confirmed [CERTIFIED] the assembly or council for good cause shown may waive the claimant's failure to make timely initial application for the exemption and authorize the assessor to accept the application as if timely filed.

The rest of the section is unchanged.

EXPLANATION: Change in (b)(1) to conform to the change in AS 29.48.070 providing that the assessment roll be confirmed by the governing body.

DRAFTED CHANGES RECOMMENDED BY THE TECHNICAL COMMITTEE
06 December 1980

Sec. 29.48.105. ALLOWABLE COSTS. (a) Whenever a special assessment district is created, there may be included in the assessments

- (1) all of the cost of acquiring, installing, making or constructing the local improvement;
- (2) the costs of all engineering and surveying to be done in connection with creating the district or improvement;
- (3) the cost of mailing and publishing of notices;
- (4) interest on interim financing;
- (5) the cost of legal services and other expenses incurred in the formation of the special assessment district;
- (6) The cost of completing the improvement and financing the improvement, including the issuance of any bonds.

(b) The total amount of the assessment roll may not exceed actual costs but actual costs may include reasonable estimates of the costs to be incurred in connection with issuance of any bonds.

EXPLANATION: This s a new section clarifying which costs may be paid for through assessments.

DRAFTED CHANGES RECOMMENDED BY THE TECHNICAL COMMITTEE
06 December 1980

Sec. 29.48.115. INTERIM FINANCING. (a) The assembly or council may provide by resolution or ordinance for the issuance of notes in payment of the costs of any local improvement project, payable out of special assessments for the improvement. The notes shall bear interest at a rate or rates authorized by the resolution or ordinance and shall be redeemed either in cash or bonds for the improvement project.

(b) All notes issued against assessments shall be claims against the assessments which are prior and superior to a right, lien or claim of a surety upon the bond given to the municipality to secure the performance of its contract for a local improvement project or to secure the payment of persons who have performed work or furnished materials under the contract.

(c) The municipal treasurer may accept notes against special assessments upon conditions prescribed by the assembly or council in payment of

(1) assessments against which the notes were issued in order of priority;

(2) judgments rendered against property owners who have become delinquent in the payment of the assessments; and

(3) certificates of purchase when property has been sold under execution or at tax sale for failure to pay the assessments.

EXPLANATION: This new section has been added at the suggestion of bond counsel because no authorization now exists for interim financing.

DRAFTED CHANGES RECOMMENDED BY THE TECHNICAL COMMITTEE
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Sec. 29.48.120. SPECIAL ASSESSMENT BONDS. (a) No change.

(b) No change.

(c) Before the assembly or council may issue special assessment bonds, it shall establish a guarantee fund and appropriate to the fund annually a sum adequate to cover any deficiency in meeting payments of principal and interest of bonds issued by reason of nonpayment of assessments when due. Money received from actions taken against property for nonpayment of assessments shall be credited to the guarantee fund. [INTEREST ON THE GUARANTEE FUNDS SHALL BE A COST OF THE IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT.]

EXPLANATION: It is felt that the last line of (c) makes no sense. Interest ought to be a credit to the district, if anything.

DRAFTED CHANGES RECOMMENDED BY THE TECHNICAL COMMITTEE
06 December 1980

Sec. 29.48.010. ASSESSMENT AND PROPOSAL. The assembly or council may assess against the property of a governmental unit and private real property benefited all or a portion of the cost of acquiring, installing, or constructing [OR IMPROVING] capital improvements. The state shall pay an assessment levied, except as otherwise provided by law and subject to its right of protest under AS 29.48.020(a)(8). If a governmental unit other than the state benefited by an improvement [ASSESSMENT] refuses to pay the assessment, it shall be denied the benefit of the improvement. An improvement proposal may be initiated by

- (1) petition to the assembly or council of the owners of one-half in value of the property to be benefited or
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EXPLANATION: This is primarily a technical revision although the language is broadened to make it clear that all costs of capital improvements may be paid for by assessments.

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Sec. 29.48.020. PROCEDURE. (a) The assembly or council may prescribe by ordinance the procedures relating to creating special assessment districts, making local improvements, levying and collecting assessments and financing of the improvements [SPECIAL ASSESSMENT PROCEDURE FOR LOCAL IMPROVEMENTS], including and subject to the following:

- (1) a [THE] procedure for filing petitions;
- (2) no change;
- (3) no change;
- (4) a resolution or ordinance of the assembly or council determining to proceed or not to proceed with the proposed local improvement;
- (5) no change;
- (6) published notice of each public hearing required by this section and mailing notice to each [LEGAL OWNER OR] record owner of real property within the special assessment district;
- (7) a resolution or ordinance confirming the special assessment roll for the local improvement;
- (8) no change;
- (b) To the extent that [IF] the assembly or council does not prescribe a procedure for special assessments as permitted by this section, the assembly or council shall comply with the special assessment procedures set out in AS 29.48.030-100.

EXPLANATION: This is primarily a technical revision except that those items required to be done by resolution under existing law may be done by ordinance.

DRAFTED CHANGES RECOMMENDED BY THE TECHNICAL COMMITTEE
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Sec. 29.48.030. Creation of District. [DECISION AND NOTICE].

(a) When an improvement proposal has been filed with the municipal clerk and presented to the assembly or council, the assembly or council shall find by resolution or ordinance whether (1) the improvement requested [REQUEST] is necessary and should be made, and (2) if by petition, the request has sufficient and proper petitioners. The findings of the assembly or council are conclusive.

(b) If the assembly or council approves with the necessary findings [PASSES A RESOLUTION APPROVING] an improvement proposal, it shall develop a proposed improvement plan including the estimate of total cost and amount of the improvement cost to be assessed against each property benefited. This plan is to be filed with the municipal clerk.

(c) The assembly or council shall set a time for public hearing on the improvement plan and the period for filing objections to the plan. The assembly or council shall publish a notice of the hearing and of the period during which objections may be filed at least once a week for four consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation if distributed within the municipality and shall send notice by mail to every record owner of property within the special assessment district.

EXPLANATION: (b) changed to require an estimate of the amount to be assessed to each property rather than an estimate of the percentage of the total cost. (c) requires a period for filing of objections and notice of the period.

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Sec. 29.48.060. ASSESSMENT ROLL. (a) At any time after project approval, the assembly or council shall assess the authorized percentage of the cost against property within the district [TRACTS] in proportion to benefit received. [ASSESSMENTS MAY NOT EXCEED ACTUAL COSTS.]

(b) The special assessment roll shall contain [CONTAINS] property descriptions, names of record owners [OF RECORD] and assessment amounts.

(c) No change.

EXPLANATION: Technical clean-up only. The last line of (a) is deleted as redundant.

DRAFTED CHANGES RECOMMENDED BY THE TECHNICAL COMMITTEE
06 December 1980

Sec. 29.48.105. ALLOWABLE COSTS. ^(a) Whenever a special assessment district is created, there may be included in the assessments

(1) all of the cost of acquiring, installing, making or constructing the local improvement;

(2) the costs ~~and expenses~~ of all engineering and surveying ~~necessary~~ ^{(b) [to be done in connection with creating the ? district or improvement;]}

(3) the cost of ~~all advertising~~ mailing, and publishing of ~~all~~ notices;

(4) interest on interim financing;

(5) the cost of legal services and ~~any~~ other expenses incurred ~~for district or~~ in the formation of the district ^(3 special assessment) ~~or in connection with making the improvement and in the financing the improvement, including the issuance of any bonds;~~

(b) ^{(6) the cost of completing} The total amount of the assessment roll may not exceed actual costs but actual costs may include reasonable estimates of the costs to be incurred in connection with issuance of any bonds.

EXPLANATION: This s a new section clarifying which costs may be paid for through assessments.

Notable
drafting!

DRAFTED CHANGES RECOMMENDED BY THE TECHNICAL COMMITTEE
06 December 1980

Sec. 29.48.115. INTERIM FINANCING. (a) The assembly or council may provide by resolution or ordinance for the issuance of notes in payment of the costs of any local improvement project, payable out of special assessments for the improvement. The notes shall bear interest at a rate or rates authorized by the resolution or ordinance and shall be redeemed either in cash or bonds for the improvement project.

(b) All notes issued against assessments shall be claims against the assessments which are prior and superior to a right, lien or claim of a surety upon the bond given to the municipality to secure the performance of its contract for a local improvement project or to secure the payment of persons who have performed work or furnished materials under the contract.

(c) The municipal treasurer may accept notes against special assessments upon conditions prescribed by the assembly or council in payment of

(1) assessments against ^{which} ~~with~~ the notes were issued in order of priority;

(2) judgments rendered against property owners who have become delinquent in the payment of the assessments; and

(3) certificates of purchase when property has been sold under execution or at tax sale for failure to pay the assessments.

EXPLANATION: This new section has been added at the suggestion of bond counsel because no authorization now exists for interim financing.

Article 1. Special Assessments

Section

- 10. Assessment and proposal
- 15. Procedure
- 20. Decision and notice
- 25. Record owner
- 30. Objections and revision
- 40. Assessment roll
- 50. Hearing and settlement

Section

- 60. Payment
- 65. Exemption
- 70. Reassessment
- 75. Allowable costs
- 80. Objection and appeal
- 83. Interim financing
- 85. Special assessment bonds

SEC. 29. ^{48,010}~~63-010~~. ASSESSMENT AND PROPOSAL. The assembly or council may assess against the property of a governmental unit and private real property benefited all or a portion of the cost of acquiring, installing, making or constructing [OR IMPROVING] capital improvements. The state shall pay an assessment levied, except as otherwise provided by law and subject to its right of protest under ^{As 29, 48.020(a)(8)} ~~§ 15(a)(8)~~ of this chapter. If a governmental unit other than the state benefited by an improvement [ASSESSMENT] refuses to pay the assessment, it shall be denied the benefit of the improvement. An improvement proposal may be initiated by

(1) petition to the assembly or council of the owners of one-half in value of the property to be benefited or

(2) the assembly or council.

Ex: This is primarily a technical revision although the language is broadened to make it clear that all costs of capital improvements may be paid for by assessment.

SEC. 29. ^{48,020}~~63-015~~. PROCEDURE. (a) The assembly or council may prescribe by ordinance the ~~complete~~ procedure relating to creating special assessment districts, making local improvements, levying and collecting assessments and financing of the improvements [SPECIAL ASSESSMENT PROCEDURE FOR LOCAL IMPROVEMENTS], including and subject to the following:

(1) a [THE] procedure for filing petitions;

(2) ^{No change.} ~~a survey and report by the borough or city executive concerning the need for, desirable extent of, and estimated cost of each proposed local improvement;~~

(3) ^{No change.} ~~a public hearing on the necessity for the local improvement;~~

(4) a resolution or ordinance of the assembly or council determining to proceed or not to proceed with the proposed local improvement;

that these items appear to be done by resolution under existing law may be done by ordinance.
No change
(5) a public hearing by the assembly or council on the special assessment roll for the local improvement;

(6) published notice of each public hearing required by this section and mailing notice to each [LEGAL OWNER OF] record owner of real property within the special assessment district;

(7) a resolution or ordinance confirming the special assessment roll for the local improvement;

No change
(8) ~~if protests~~ as to the necessity of a local improvement ~~are~~ made by owners of property which will bear 50 per cent or more of the estimated cost of the improvement, the assembly or council may not proceed with the improvement until the objections have been reduced to less than 50 per cent, except upon approval of not fewer than three-fourths of the assembly or council.

(b) To the extent that [IF] the assembly or council does not prescribe a procedure for special assessments as permitted by this section, the assembly or council shall comply with the special assessment procedures set out in ~~§§ 20-70 of this chapter~~
AS. 29.42.030-100
Change so that will be applied.
Should just cite previous sections

48 030
SEC. 29.63.020. Creation of District [DECISION AND NOTICE].

(a) When an improvement proposal has been filed with the municipal clerk and presented to the assembly or council, the assembly or council shall find by resolution or ordinance whether (1) the improvement requested [REQUEST] is necessary and should be made, and (2) if by petition, the request has sufficient and proper petitioners. The findings of the assembly or council are conclusive.

(b) If the assembly or council approves [PASSES A RESOLUTION APPROVING] an improvement proposal with the necessary findings, it shall develop a proposed improvement plan including the ~~cost~~ ^{of total cost and estimated amount} estimate, and the percentage of the improvement plan cost to be assessed against ^{each} the property benefited. This plan is to be filed with the municipal clerk.

Change to add \$ amount of cost rather than %

(c) The assembly or council shall set a time for public hearing on and the period for filing objections to the plan. the improvement plan. The assembly or council shall publish a notice of the hearing and of the period during which objections may be filed at least once a week for four consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation if distributed within the municipality and shall send notice by mail to every record owner of property within the special assessment district.

Explanation: (b) changed to require an estimate of the amount to be assessed to each property rather than an estimate of the percentage of the total cost. (c) requires a period for filing of objections and notice of the period.

SEC. 29.63.025. RECORD OWNER. The person in whose name property is listed on the municipal property tax roll as owner is conclusively presumed to be the legal owner of record. If the owner is unknown, the assessment roll may designate [BE MADE AGAINST] "unknown owner."

Explanation: Technical clean-up. No substantive change.

SEC. 29.63.030. OBJECTIONS AND REVISION. (a) Objections to the improvement plan may be filed during a period of ^{60 days} ~~not~~ *less than 30* [(NOR MORE THAN 60] days ^{11:45 FIRST} AFTER PUBLICATION OF ^{small letters} NOTICE ^{ON A DATE} [ON A DATE] specified by the assembly or council. The assembly or council may by resolution or ordinance approve the plan and order [PROCEED WITH] the improvement subject to the limitation of (b) of this section [IF THE OWNERS OF ONE-HALF IN VALUE OF THE PROPERTY TO BE BENEFITED DO NOT OBJECT IN WRITING].

(b) If objections are made in writing during the period set for objections by the owners of property bearing one-half or more of the estimated cost of the improvement, the assembly or council may not proceed with the improvement unless it revises the plan to meet the objections and the objections are reduced to less than 50 per cent. A revised plan shall be approved and adopted as an original plan ^{AS 29.48.030} in accordance with 020(b) and (c) of this chapter.

Explanation: Eliminates option of allowing objections for only 30 days in favor of a 60 day period. Requires objections by property owners under (b) to be in writing.

48,060
SEC. 29.63.040. ASSESSMENT ROLL. (a) At any time after project approval, the assembly or council shall assess the authorized percentage of the cost against property within the district [TRACTS] in proportion to benefit received. [ASSESSMENTS MAY NOT EXCEED ACTUAL COSTS.]

(b) The special assessment roll shall contain [CONTAINS] property descriptions, names of record owners [OF RECORD] and assessment amounts.

No change.
(c) ~~The assembly or council shall fix a time to hear objections to the roll.~~ The municipal clerk shall send an ~~assessment~~ and hearing notice by mail to each record owner of ~~an~~ assessed tract not less than 15 days before the hearing.

Explanation: Technical clean-up only. The last line of (a) is deleted as redundant.

48,070
SEC. 29.63.050. HEARING AND SETTLEMENT. After the public hearing, the assembly or council shall correct errors and any inequalities in the roll. If an ~~assessment~~ is ~~raised~~, ^{increased} a new hearing shall be set and notice mailed, ~~as for the original assessment roll~~ except that a new hearing and notice is not required if all record owners of ~~the~~ property subject to the ~~raised~~ ^{increased} assessment consent in writing to the ~~increase~~ ^{increase}. ~~Objections to the raised assessment shall be limited to record owners of property on which the assessment was raised.~~ ^{increased} When the roll is corrected, it shall be confirmed by resolution or ordinance of the assembly or council. [THE CLERK SHALL SO CERTIFY.]

Explanation: Provides an opportunity for a new hearing if assessments are increased. Requires the governing body to confirm a new assessment roll.

SEC. 29.63.060. PAYMENT. (a) The assembly or council shall fix times of payment, ~~penalty and interest on delinquent~~ ^{and the rate of interest on the unpaid balance of the assessment} ~~payments and if payable in installments the~~ rate of interest on the unpaid balance of the assessment, [INSTALLMENTS] ~~AND DELINQUENCY OF ASSESSMENTS~~. PAYMENT MAY NOT BE REQUIRED SOONER THAN 60 DAYS AFTER ASSESSMENT. Payment may be in one sum or by installments. [BUT A SUM OR INSTALLMENT MAY NOT EXCEED 25 PER CENT OF THE ASSESSED VALUE OF THE PROPERTY AFFECTED.] If payment is to be in one sum, payment may not

be required sooner than 60 days after mailing of the assessment statement. ~~If payment is to be by installment, the~~ entire assessment may be prepaid without interest or penalty within 30 days after mailing of the assessment statement; and thereafter ^{the assessment} may be prepaid in whole or in part with interest to the ~~next installment~~ payment date. [PENALTY AND INTEREST ARE THE SAME AS FOR REAL PROPERTY TAXES.]

(b) Within 30 days after fixing the time of payment, the municipal clerk shall mail a statement to the owner of record of each property assessed. The statement designates the property, the assessment amount, method of payment, rate of interest on the unpaid balance of the assessment if ~~payable in installments~~, the time of delinquency, and penalties ~~and interest~~ on delinquent payments.

(c) ^{No change.} Within five days after the statements are mailed, the clerk shall publish notice that the statements have been mailed.

(d) ^{No change.} Assessments are liens upon the property assessed and are prior and paramount to all liens except municipal tax liens. They may be enforced as provided in AS 29.53.200-29.53.390 for enforcement of property tax liens.

Explanation: Removed the limitation that a payment not exceed 25 percent of the value of property. Allows a period of 30 days for payment without interest.

SEC. 29.63.065. EXEMPTION. (a) The real property owned and occupied by a resident 65 years of age or over, or the spouse, widow, widower, or minor heir of the original applicant, on which is located only his permanent abode which is a single-family residence, is exempt from (1) special sewer assessments levied by a home rule or general law municipality after September 2, 1975 and (2) special water assessments levied by a home rule or general law municipality after September 2, 1975. Only one exemption may be granted with respect to the same property, and, if two or more persons are eligible for an exemption with respect to the same property, the parties shall decide between or among themselves which shall receive the benefit of the exemption. No real property may be exempted under this subsection which the municipality determines, after

No
Type -> Sec. 29.4P.090. EXEMPTION. (a) No change.

notice and hearing to the parties concerned, has been conveyed to the applicant primarily for the purpose of obtaining the exemption. The determination of the municipality is appealable under AS 44.62.560 - 44.62.570.

Typ 2
(b) No exemption may be granted under this section except upon written application for the exemption on a form prescribed by the state assessor for use by local assessors and in accordance with the following requirements:

(1) the claimant must file the initial application during the period of time between the date the assessment roll is confirmed [CERTIFIED] and the time of payment fixed by the assembly or council. Within one year of the date the assessment roll is confirmed [CERTIFIED] the assembly or council for good cause shown may waive the claimant's failure to make timely initial application for the exemption and authorize the assessor to accept the application as if timely filed.

(The rest of the section is unchanged.)
(2) a claimant receiving the exemption must file with the department by March 15 of each subsequent year a separate application proving eligibility as of January 1 in order to retain the exemption. Within the same year the department for good cause shown may waive the claimant's failure to make timely application and approve the application as if timely filed.

(3) if an application is filed within the required time under this subsection and is approved by the assembly or council, the exemption shall be allowed in accordance with the provisions of this section. If a waiver under this subsection is granted and the application for exemption approved, the amount of any assessment, penalty or interest which the claimant may have already paid on the assessment shall be refunded to him. The municipality may at any time require proof in the form considered necessary of the right and amount of an exemption claimed under this section.

Explanation: Change in (b)(1) to conform to the change in AS 29.42.070 providing that the assessment roll be confirmed by the governing body.

(c) The state shall reimburse a home rule or general law municipality for the sewer and water assessment revenues which it would receive but for the operation of this section. Reimbursement under this subsection is a lien in favor of the state against the property exempted to the extent of the assessment against the property exempted. Upon recordation in the recording office of the district in which the property exempted is located the lien is prior and superior to other liens against the property except for general taxes or other special assessments and may be enforced by lien foreclosure as provided in AS 34.10.070 - 34.10.220. The lien becomes immediately due and payable

(1) upon sale or other transfer of the property except to a spouse, widow, widower, or minor heir; however, if the property is transferred to a minor heir the lien becomes due and payable on the date the minor heir reaches the age of 25 years; or

(2) when property exempted under (a)(1) or (2) of this section receives more than one sewer connection or more than one water connection; or

(3) when the claimant fails to prove eligibility under (b)(2) of this section.

(d) In this section

(1) "resident" means a person who for 12 consecutive months has maintained his permanent place of abode in the state;

(2) "real property" includes, but is not limited to, mobile homes, whether classified as real or personal property for municipal tax purposes.

(3) "minor heir" means a person who, at the time of transfer of the property, has not attained the age of 19 years or who, if he has not attained the age of 22 years, is a full-time student at an educational institution or a member of the armed forces of the United States.

SEC. 29.63.070. REASSESSMENT. (a) The assembly or council shall within one year correct any deficiency in a special assessment found by a court.

(b) Notice and hearing must conform to the initial assessment procedures.

(c) Payments on the initial assessment are credited to the property upon reassessment.

(d) The reassessment becomes a charge upon the property notwithstanding failure to comply with any provision of the assessment procedure.

48.105 (Do not underline)
SEC. 29.63.075. ALLOWABLE COSTS. Whenever special assessment district is created, there ^{may} ~~shall~~ be included in the ^{assessment's} ~~cost~~ and expense of the district

(1) all of the cost of acquiring, installing, making or constructing the local improvement;

(2) the costs and expenses of all engineering and surveying necessary to be done in connection with creating the district or with the improvement;

(3) the cost of all advertising, mailing, and publishing of all notices;

(4) interest on interim financing;

(5) the cost of legal services and any other expenses incurred for district or in the formation of the district, or in connection with making the improvement and in the financing the improvement, including the issuance of any bonds;

(6) the total amount of the assessment roll may not exceed actual costs but actual costs may include reasonable estimates of the costs to be incurred in connection with issuance of any bonds.

Explanation: This is a new section clarifying which costs may be paid for through assessments.

SEC. 29.63.080. OBJECTION AND APPEAL. (a) The regularity or validity of an assessment may not be contested by a person who did not file with the municipal clerk a written objection to the assessment roll before its confirmation.

(b) The decision of the assembly or council upon an objection may be appealed to the superior court within 30 days of the date of confirmation of the assessment roll. ~~that~~

(c) If no objection is filed or an appeal taken within the time provided in this section, the assessment procedure shall be considered regular and valid in all respects.

48.115 (Do Not underline)
SEC. 29. ~~63.003~~. INTERIM FINANCING. (a) The assembly or council may provide by resolution or ordinance for the issuance of ^{notes} ~~warrants~~ in payment of the costs and ~~expenses~~ of any local improvement project, payable out of ~~the~~ special assessments for ~~such~~ ^{the} improvement. The ^{notes} ~~warrants~~ shall bear interest at a rate or rates ~~as~~ authorized by the resolution or ordinance and shall be redeemed either in cash or ~~by~~ bonds for the ^{improvement} ~~same~~ project.

(b) All ^{notes} ~~warrants~~ issued against ~~the~~ assessments shall be claims ~~and~~ ^{notes} ~~liens~~ against ~~those~~ ^{the} assessments prior and superior to ~~any~~ right, lien or claim of ~~any~~ ^{whichever} surety upon the bond given to the ^{municipality} ~~borough or city~~ by or for the contract to secure the performance of its contract ^{for a local improvement project} or to secure the payment of persons who have performed work ~~thereon~~ ^{or} furnished materials ^{under the} ~~therefor~~ ^{contract.} or furnished provisions and supplies for the carrying on of the work.

(c) The municipal treasurer may accept ^{notes} ~~warrants~~ against special assessments upon conditions ^{prescribed by} ~~as~~ the assembly or council ~~may prescribe~~ in payment of

(1) assessments against which the ^{notes} ~~warrants~~ were issued in ~~any~~ order of priority;

(2) judgments rendered against property owners who have become delinquent in the payment of ~~the~~ ^{such} assessments; and

(3) certificates of purchase ~~in cases where~~ property ~~of delinquents~~ has been sold under execution or at tax sale for failure to pay the assessments.

Explanation: This new section has been added at the suggestion of bond counsel because, no authorization now exists for interim financing.

Nothing authorizing interim financing 100.

SEC. 29.63.085. SPECIAL ASSESSMENT BONDS. (a) ^{No change.} The assembly or council may be ordinance authorize the issuance and ~~sale of special assessment bonds~~ to pay all or part of the cost of an improvement in a special assessment district. The principal and interest of bonds issued shall be payable solely from the levy of special assessments against the property to be benefited. The assessments shall constitute a sinking fund for the payment of principal and interest on ~~the bonds~~. The property benefited may be pledged by the assembly or council to secure a payment.

(b) ^{No change.} Upon default in a payment due on a special assessment bond, a bondholder may enforce payment of principal and interest and costs of collection in a civil action in the same manner and with the same effect as actions for the foreclosure of mortgages on real property. Foreclosure shall be against all property on which assessments are in default. The period for redemption shall be the same as in the case of a mortgage foreclosure on real property.

(c) Before the assembly or council may issue special assessment bonds, it shall establish a guarantee fund and appropriate to the fund annually a sum adequate to cover any deficiency in meeting payments of principal and interest of bonds issued by reason of nonpayment of assessments when due. Money received from actions taken against property for nonpayment of assessments shall be credited to the guarantee fund. [INTEREST ON THE GUARANTEE FUNDS SHALL BE A COST OF THE IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT.]

Explanation: It is felt that the last line of (c) makes no sense. Interest ought to be a credit to the district, if anything.