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1 IN THE HOUSE

BY PARKER AND ROGERS

2 HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 1

3 IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA

4 ELEVENTH LEGISLATURE - FIRST SESSION

5 Proposing amendments to the Constitution  
6 of the State of Alaska providing for a  
7 unicameral legislature.

8 BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

9 \* Section 1. Article II, secs. 1, 2, 3, 12, 14, 16, 18 and 20, Constitu-  
10 tion of the State of Alaska are amended to read:

11 SECTION 1. LEGISLATIVE POWER; MEMBERSHIP. The legislative power  
12 of the State is vested in a legislature [CONSISTING OF A SENATE WITH A  
13 MEMBERSHIP OF TWENTY AND A HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES] with a membership  
14 of sixty-one senators [FORTY].

15 SECTION 2. MEMBERS' QUALIFICATIONS. A member of the legislature  
16 shall be a qualified voter who has been a resident of Alaska for at  
17 least three years and of the district from which elected for at least  
18 one year, immediately preceding his filing for office. A senator shall  
19 be at least [TWENTY-FIVE YEARS OF AGE AND A REPRESENTATIVE AT LEAST]  
20 twenty-one years of age.

21 SECTION 3. ELECTION AND TERMS. Senators [LEGISLATORS] shall be  
22 elected at general elections. Their terms begin on the second [FOURTH]  
23 Monday of the January following election unless otherwise provided by  
24 law. The [TERM OF REPRESENTATIVES SHALL BE TWO YEARS, AND THE] term of  
25 senators shall be [,] four years. Thirty-one [ONE-HALF] of the senators  
26 shall be elected in the presidential election year and thirty in the  
27 gubernatorial election year [EVERY TWO YEARS].

28 SECTION 12. RULES. The [HOUSE OF EACH] legislature shall adopt  
29 [UNIFORM] rules of procedure. The legislature [EACH HOUSE] may choose

1 its officers and employees. The legislature [EACH] is the judge of the  
2 election and qualifications of its members and may expel a member with  
3 the concurrence of two-thirds of its members. The legislature [EACH]  
4 shall keep a journal of its proceedings. A majority of the membership  
5 of the legislature [EACH HOUSE] constitutes a quorum to do business, but  
6 a smaller number may adjourn from day to day and may compel attendance  
7 of absent members. The legislature shall regulate lobbying.

8 SECTION 14. PASSAGE OF BILLS. (a) The legislature shall estab-  
9 lish the procedure for enactment of bills into law. No bill may become  
10 law unless it has passed three readings [IN EACH HOUSE] on three sepa-  
11 rate days, except that any bill may be advanced from second to third  
12 reading on the same day by concurrence of three-fourths of the member-  
13 ship [HOUSE CONSIDERING IT]. No bill may become law without an affirma-  
14 tive vote of a majority of the membership of the legislature [EACH  
15 HOUSE]. The yeas and nays on final passage shall be entered in the  
16 journal.

17 (b) No vote on final passage of a bill may be taken until five  
18 legislative days after its introduction and until at least one legis-  
19 lative day after the date publicly announced for it to appear on the  
20 daily calendar. However, in the case of an urgency bill necessary for  
21 the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety,  
22 three-fourths of the membership may dispense with this requirement. A  
23 statement of facts constituting the urgency shall be set out in one  
24 section of the bill, and the section and the bill shall be passed sepa-  
25 rately, each by the concurrence of two-thirds of the membership. An  
26 urgency bill may not create or abolish any office, change the salary,  
27 term, or duties of an office, grant a franchise or special privilege,  
28 create a vested right or interest, or levy a tax.

29 SECTION 15. VETO. The governor may veto bills passed by the

1 legislature. He may, by veto, strike or reduce items in appropriation  
2 bills. He shall return any vetoed bill, with a statement of his objec-  
3 tions, to the legislature [HOUSE OF ORIGIN].

4 SECTION 16. ACTION UPON VETO. Upon receipt of a veto message, the  
5 legislature shall meet immediately [IN JOINT SESSION] and reconsider  
6 passage of the vetoed bill or item. Bills to raise revenue and appro-  
7 priation bills or items, although vetoed, become law by affirmative vote  
8 of three-fourths of the membership of the legislature. Other vetoed  
9 bills become law by affirmative vote of two-thirds of the membership of  
10 the legislature. The vote on reconsideration of a vetoed bill shall be  
11 entered in [ON] the journal [JOURNALS] of the legislature [BOTH HOUSES].

12 SECTION 18. EFFECTIVE DATE. Laws passed by the legislature become  
13 effective ninety days after enactment. The legislature may, by con-  
14 currence of two-thirds of the membership [OF EACH HOUSE], provide for  
15 another effective date.

16 SECTION 20. IMPEACHMENT. All civil officers of the State are  
17 subject to impeachment by the legislature. Impeachment [SHALL ORIGINATE  
18 IN THE SENATE AND] must be approved by a majority [TWO-THIRDS] vote of  
19 its members. The resolution [MOTION] for impeachment shall list fully  
20 the basis for the proceeding. Trial on impeachment shall be conducted  
21 by the legislature [HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES]. A supreme court justice  
22 designated by the court shall preside at the trial. Concurrence of  
23 three-fourths [TWO-THIRDS] of the members of the legislature [HOUSE] is  
24 required for a judgment of impeachment. The judgment may not extend  
25 beyond removal from office, but shall not prevent proceedings in the  
26 courts on the same or related charges.

27 \* Sec. 2. Article VI, Constitution of the State of Alaska, is repealed  
28 and re-adopted to read:

29 ARTICLE VI. LEGISLATIVE DISTRICTING.

1 SECTION 1. LEGISLATIVE DISTRICTS. (a) Members of the legislature  
2 shall be elected by the qualified voters in the legislative districts  
3 established in the manner provided in this article.

4 (b) Legislative districts shall consist of compact, contiguous  
5 territory. Each senator shall represent, as nearly as possible, an  
6 equal number of persons. The number of persons represented by each  
7 senator is determined by dividing the total membership of the legisla-  
8 ture into the total population of the State. The basis for legislative  
9 redistricting shall be the total population of the state as reported in  
10 the most recent decennial federal census. If the redistricting is  
11 pursuant to a court order, the total population of the state as deter-  
12 mined by the most recent decennial federal census, or, if the census is  
13 five years old or older, then other reliable population data, including  
14 but not limited to population estimates based on public school enroll-  
15 ments, public utility connections, registered voters or certified  
16 employment payrolls, shall be used as the basis for the legislative  
17 redistricting.

18 (c) To the extent the requirements of equality in terms of popu-  
19 lation permit, each legislative district shall contain, as nearly as  
20 practicable, a relatively integrated socio-economic area. In the forma-  
21 tion of legislative districts, consideration shall be given to local  
22 government boundaries. Whenever possible, drainage basins and other  
23 identifiable geographic features shall be used in describing legislative  
24 district boundaries.

25 SECTION 2. REDISTRICTING. (a) The governor shall redistrict the  
26 legislature in the manner prescribed by this article immediately fol-  
27 lowing the official reporting of the decennial federal census, or imme-  
28 diately following a court order to redistrict.

29 (b) The term of office of a member of the legislature is not

1 affected by a change in the boundaries of the district from which he was  
2 elected.

3 SECTION 3. REDISTRICTING ADVISORY BOARD. (a) The governor shall  
4 appoint a redistricting board to act in an advisory capacity to him. It  
5 shall consist of five members, none of whom may be public employees or  
6 officials. At least one member each shall be appointed from the South-  
7 eastern, Southcentral, Central, and Western or Northwestern regions of  
8 the state. Appointments shall be made without regard to political  
9 affiliation; however, the board membership shall include at least one  
10 member of each political party which nominated a candidate for governor  
11 who received at least ten per cent of the total vote cast at the pre-  
12 ceding general election for governor.

13 (b) Board members shall be compensated.

14 (c) The board shall elect one of its members chairman and may  
15 employ a temporary staff. Concurrence of three members is required for  
16 a ruling or determination, but a lesser number may conduct hearings or  
17 otherwise act for the board.

18 SECTION 4. REDISTRICTING PLAN; PROCLAMATION. Within ninety days  
19 following the official reporting of the decennial federal census, the  
20 board shall submit to the governor a plan for redistricting as provided  
21 in this article and shall make the plan public. Within ninety days  
22 after receipt of the plan, the governor shall issue a proclamation of  
23 redistricting. An accompanying statement shall explain any change from  
24 the plan submitted to him by the board. The redistricting shall be  
25 effective for the election of members of the legislature until after the  
26 official reporting of the next decennial census.

27 SECTION 5. ENFORCEMENT; JUDICIAL REVIEW, CORRECTION. A qualified  
28 voter may apply to the supreme court to compel the governor to perform  
29 his redistricting duties, to review the redistricting plan, or to cor-

1 rect an error in redistricting. Application to compel the governor to  
2 perform his redistricting duties must be filed within thirty days of the  
3 expiration of either of the two ninety-day periods specified in Section  
4 4 of this article. Application to review the redistricting plan or to  
5 compel its correction must be filed within thirty days following the  
6 proclamation. Original jurisdiction in these matters is vested in the  
7 supreme court, and the cause may be reviewed by the supreme court upon  
8 the law and the facts.

9 \* Sec. 3. Article II and art. XIV, sec. 10, Constitution of the State of  
10 Alaska, are repealed.

11 \* Sec. 4. The amendments proposed by this resolution shall be placed  
12 before the voters of the state at the next general election in conformity  
13 with art. XIII, sec. 1, Constitution of the State of Alaska, and the election  
14 laws of the state.

15 \* Sec. 5. If the amendments proposed by this resolution are ratified by a  
16 majority of qualified voters voting on the resolution, the following pro-  
17 visions shall be followed in the transition from a bicameral to a unicameral  
18 legislature:

19 (1) the holdover members of the senate and those members of the  
20 senate and house of representatives elected to the Twelfth Alaska Legislature  
21 shall sit as a bicameral legislature during the first session, but shall sit  
22 as a unicameral legislature consisting of 60 members during the second  
23 session;

24 (2) at the first session of the Twelfth Alaska Legislature, the  
25 legislature shall make the necessary preparation for sitting as a unicameral  
26 legislature during the second session;

27 (3) no later than July 1, 1982, the governor shall redistrict the  
28 legislature in accordance with art. VI, Constitution of the State of Alaska,  
29 as amended by this resolution, to provide for a unicameral legislature con-

1 sisting of 61 members; the total population of the state as determined by the  
2 most recent decennial federal census shall be used as the basis for the leg-  
3 islative redistricting;

4 (4) at the 1982 general election, 30 members of the legislature  
5 shall be elected to four-year terms, and 21 members shall be elected to  
6 two-year terms, set by the governor in the redistricting plan provided for by  
7 (3) of this section; the 10 members of the senate elected to four-year terms  
8 in 1980 shall hold over as members of the Thirteenth Alaska Legislature until  
9 the expiration of their terms in 1984.  
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