

Original sponsor: Judiciary Committee

Offered: 4/21/80  
Referred: Rules

1 IN THE HOUSE

BY THE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE

2 CS FOR HOUSE BILL NO. 983

3 IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA

4 ELEVENTH LEGISLATURE - SECOND SESSION

5 A BILL

6 For an Act entitled: "An Act relating to parole of offenders; continuing the  
7 Board of Parole; and providing for an effective date."

8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

9 \* Section 1. AS 33 is amended by adding a new chapter to read:

10 CHAPTER 16. PAROLE ADMINISTRATION.

11 Sec. 33.16.010. BOARD OF PAROLE. (a) There is in the Department  
12 of Health and Social Services a Board of Parole consisting of seven  
13 members appointed by the governor subject to confirmation by a majority  
14 of the members of the legislature in joint session.

15 (b) Members of the board serve for staggered terms of five years  
16 and until their successors are appointed and qualified. A vacancy on  
17 the board shall be filled for the unexpired term.

18 (c) The governor shall designate the presiding officer of the  
19 board.

20 Sec. 33.16.020. NOMINATIONS. The governor shall seek nominations  
21 for board members from civic, professional, and ethnic organizations in  
22 the state and shall make appointments to the board with due regard for  
23 representation on the board of the sexual, ethnic, racial, and cultural  
24 populations of the state.

25 Sec. 33.16.030. SELECTION CRITERIA FOR BOARD MEMBERS. (a) The  
26 governor shall appoint board members on the basis of their qualifica-  
27 tions to make decisions that are compatible with the welfare of the  
28 community and of individual offenders. The governor shall appoint board  
29 members who are able to consider the character and background of

1 offenders and the circumstances under which offenses were committed.

2 (b) At least one person appointed to the board shall have ex-  
3 perience in the field of criminal justice, psychology, or human rela-  
4 tions.

5 (c) Officers or employees of the department may not be appointed  
6 to the board.

7 Sec. 33.16.040. REMOVAL OF MEMBERS. (a) The governor may remove  
8 a board member only for disability, inefficiency, neglect of duty, or  
9 malfeasance in office.

10 (b) Removal of a board member is initiated by delivering to the  
11 board member a written statement of the charges against the board member  
12 and by giving the board member an opportunity to be heard in person or  
13 through counsel at a public hearing in defense of the charges. The  
14 hearing shall be before the governor or his designee. The time fixed  
15 for the hearing may not be less than 10 days after the statement is  
16 delivered to the board member. At the hearing the board member has the  
17 right of confrontation and cross-examination of the witnesses who  
18 testify.

19 (c) The removal of a board member is effective 15 days after a  
20 statement of the charges made against the board member and the findings  
21 on those charges are filed by the governor in the main office of the  
22 board. However, the board member may appeal the findings of the gover-  
23 nor or his designee to the superior court. The court shall limit its  
24 review to a determination of whether the findings of the governor or his  
25 designee are substantiated by the evidence presented. The removal of  
26 the board member is suspended while an appeal from the findings of the  
27 governor or his designee is pending.

28 Sec. 33.16.050. COMPENSATION AND EXPENSES. (a) A board member is  
29 entitled to compensation of \$100 per day for each day he is concerned

1 with the business of the board and is also entitled to the per diem and  
2 travel allowances provided by law for other boards and commissions.

3 (b) The governor shall adjust the compensation in (a) of this  
4 section to compensate the board members for changes in the cost of  
5 living as reflected in the consumer price index for Anchorage, Alaska.

6 Sec. 33.16.060. MEETINGS OF THE BOARD. (a) The board may meet as  
7 often as it considers necessary to consider its responsibilities. The  
8 board shall meet no less than four times a year.

9 (b) Four members of the board constitute a quorum for the conduct  
10 of business.

11 (c) Decisions and orders of the board require the votes of a  
12 majority of the members present and in no case less than the votes of  
13 three members.

14 Sec. 33.16.070. PROCESS. The board or a member of the board may  
15 issue subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum.

16 Sec. 33.16.080. RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE BOARD. (a) The board  
17 shall

18 (1) serve as the parole authority for the state;

19 (2) consider the suitability for parole of all prisoners  
20 serving sentences who are eligible for consideration for parole, unless  
21 a prisoner waives consideration of parole;

22 (3) discharge a person from parole when supervision is no  
23 longer required;

24 (4) maintain records of the meetings and proceedings of the  
25 board;

26 (5) adopt standards which shall apply fairly to all prisoners  
27 for determining when a prisoner should be considered for and receive  
28 parole;

29 (6) recommend to the legislature changes in the laws ad-

1 ministered by the board;

2 (7) recommend to the commissioner changes in the practices of  
3 the department and of other departments of the executive branch;

4 (8) execute other responsibilities prescribed by law.

5 (b) The board shall adopt regulations under the Administrative  
6 Procedure Act (AS 44.62)

7 (1) establishing the standards which shall apply fairly to  
8 all prisoners under which the suitability of a prisoner for parole will  
9 be decided; and

10 (2) providing for the supervision of parolees and for recom-  
11 mitment of parolees.

12 Sec. 33.16.090. EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR. The board shall hire an  
13 executive director who has training and experience in the field of  
14 probation and parole. The executive director shall serve as the execu-  
15 tive officer for the board in the accomplishment of its functions. He  
16 shall serve at the pleasure of the board. The executive director shall  
17 employ the staff of the board.

18 Sec. 33.16.100. ELIGIBILITY FOR PAROLE. (a) A state prisoner  
19 other than a juvenile delinquent, wherever confined, who is serving a  
20 definite term of over 180 days or a term the minimum of which is at  
21 least 181 days and who is not imprisoned in accordance with AS 12.55.-  
22 125(c)(1), (c)(2), (c)(3), (d)(1), (d)(2), (e)(1), or (e)(2), whose  
23 record shows that he has observed the rules of the institution in which  
24 he is confined, may, in the discretion of the board, be released on  
25 parole subject to AS 33.16.110 and 33.16.120(b).

26 (b) A state prisoner imprisoned in accordance with AS 12.55.125(a)  
27 or (b) may not be released on parole until he has served at least the  
28 prescribed minimum term of imprisonment.

29 (c) Any state prisoner, including a state prisoner imprisoned in

1 accordance with AS 12.55.125(c)(1), (c)(2), (c)(3), (d)(1), (d)(2),  
2 (e)(1), or (e)(2), who is released under AS 33.20.030 shall be placed on  
3 parole for the period specified in the certificate of deduction, subject  
4 to written conditions imposed by the board.

5 Sec. 33.16.110. FIXING ELIGIBILITY FOR PAROLE AT TIME OF SEN-  
6 TENCING. When in its opinion justice and the best interests of the  
7 public require that a defendant be sentenced to imprisonment for a term  
8 exceeding one year, the court having jurisdiction to impose sentence,  
9 upon entering a judgment of conviction, may designate in the sentence of  
10 imprisonment a term at the expiration of which the prisoner is eligible  
11 for parole. The term shall be at least one-third of the period of  
12 confinement imposed by the court or the minimum term prescribed in  
13 AS 12.25.125, whichever is greater.

14 Sec. 33.16.120. GRANTING OF PAROLE. (a) The board may authorize  
15 the release of a prisoner on parole if it determines that

16 (1) the prisoner eligible for parole will, in reasonable  
17 probability, live and remain at liberty without violating the laws or  
18 without violating the conditions imposed by the board; and

19 (2) his release on parole is not incompatible with the wel-  
20 fare of society.

21 (b) A prisoner may not be released on parole until the prisoner  
22 has served at least one-third of the period of confinement to which he  
23 was sentenced.

24 Sec. 33.16.130. SUITABILITY FOR PAROLE. In determining whether a  
25 prisoner is suitable for parole, the board shall consider

26 (1) the presentence report made to the sentencing court;

27 (2) the recommendations made by the sentencing court, by the  
28 prosecuting attorney, by the defense attorney, and any statement made by  
29 the prisoner at sentencing;

1 (3) the prisoner's history at the correctional facility to  
2 which he was assigned by the department;

3 (4) a recommendation made by an officer responsible for the  
4 correctional facility to which the prisoner was assigned;

5 (5) official reports of earlier crimes and earlier probation  
6 and parole experiences;

7 (6) physical, mental, and psychiatric examinations of the  
8 prisoner;

9 (7) information submitted by the prisoner, the attorney of  
10 the prisoner, a victim of the crime, or other persons; and

11 (8) other useful information that may be reasonably avail-  
12 able.

13 Sec. 33.16.140. LACK OF TREATMENT. The board may not deny parole  
14 to a prisoner otherwise suitable for parole solely on the ground that  
15 the prisoner did not obtain necessary or desirable treatment while  
16 confined if the treatment was not available to the prisoner at the  
17 correctional facility to which the prisoner was assigned by the depart-  
18 ment.

19 Sec. 33.16.150. HEARING ON APPLICATION FOR PAROLE. (a) The board  
20 shall hold a hearing to review the suitability of a prisoner for parole  
21 or for the setting, posting, or rescinding of parole dates. The  
22 prisoner shall be provided reasonable notice of the hearing.

23 (b) The prisoner shall be permitted to have a copy of all infor-  
24 mation and records which will be considered by the board no less than 30  
25 days before the hearing. The prisoner has a right to enter written  
26 responses to all information and records which will be considered by the  
27 board.

28 (c) The prisoner has a right to be present at the hearing, to  
29 present evidence on his behalf, and to cross-examine witnesses who

1 testify against him.

2 (d) The board shall issue its decision in writing and provide  
3 reasons for the decision. The prisoner is entitled to a copy of the  
4 decision on its issuance.

5 Sec. 33.16.160. ORDER FOR PAROLE. The board shall furnish to each  
6 person released under its supervision an order for parole. The order  
7 for parole shall contain the conditions imposed by the board for parole  
8 and the date that the parole supervision expires. The order for parole  
9 does not take effect until it is accepted and signed by the parolee.

10 Sec. 33.16.170. COMPUTATION OF GOOD TIME WHILE ON PAROLE. A  
11 person released from confinement under AS 33.16.120 or under AS 33.-  
12 20.040 is entitled to a deduction from the term of parole of one day for  
13 every three days of good conduct while on parole. Good time earned  
14 while on parole is subject to forfeiture by the board if a violation of  
15 a condition of parole occurs during parole.

16 Sec. 33.16.180. CONDITIONS OF PAROLE. (a) The board shall re-  
17 quire that a prisoner released on parole refrain from violation of state  
18 or federal law as a condition of parole.

19 (b) Depending on the nature and circumstances of the crime for  
20 which the prisoner was convicted, the board may require as a condition  
21 of parole under AS 33.16.160 that a parolee accept one or more of the  
22 conditions:

23 (1) that he meet his family obligations;

24 (2) that he apply himself to employment, education, training,  
25 or subsistence;

26 (3) that he remain within stated geographic limits unless  
27 granted written permission from his parole officer to depart from the  
28 stated limits;

29 (4) that he report on release to his parole officer;

1 (5) that he report at regular intervals to his parole officer;

2 (6) that he reside at a stated place and notify the parole  
3 officer of a change in his place of residence;

4 (7) that he have in his possession no dangerous firearm or  
5 dangerous weapon unless granted permission in writing by the board;

6 (8) that he refrain from consuming alcoholic beverages;

7 (9) that he submit to searches and seizures conducted reason-  
8 ably by a parole officer or by a peace officer acting under direction of  
9 a parole officer;

10 (10) that he submit to necessary medical, psychiatric, alcohol,  
11 or other examination or treatment if available;

12 (11) that he refrain from entering into an agreement or other  
13 arrangement with a law enforcement agency which will place him in the  
14 position of violating a state or federal law or a condition of his  
15 parole;

16 (12) that he refrain from opening, maintaining, or using a  
17 checking account;

18 (13) that he refrain from entering into a contract, other than  
19 a prenuptial contract or a contract of marriage, without permission in  
20 writing from his parole officer;

21 (14) that he refrain from operating a motor vehicle;

22 (15) that he refrain from entering a liquor store, bar, pub,  
23 tavern, or night club designated by the board.

24 Sec. 33.16.190. HEARING ON APPLICATION FOR CHANGE IN PAROLE CON-  
25 DITIONS. (a) A parolee is entitled to reasonable notice of and may  
26 request a hearing on a proposal to change a parole condition or to add  
27 new parole conditions. The board shall provide the parolee with the  
28 reasons for the proposal.

29 (b) The parolee shall be permitted to have a copy of all infor-

1 mation and records which will be considered by the board no less than 30  
2 days before the hearing. The parolee has a right to enter written  
3 responses to all information and records which will be considered by the  
4 board.

5 (c) The parolee has the right to be present at the hearing, to  
6 present evidence on his behalf, to cross-examine witnesses who testify  
7 against him, and to remain silent.

8 (d) The board shall issue its decision in writing and provide  
9 reasons for the decision. The parolee is entitled to a copy of the  
10 decision on its issuance.

11 Sec. 33.16.200. WAIVER OF HEARING. A prisoner or parolee may  
12 waive a hearing provided under AS 33.16.150 or 33.16.190 by submitting a  
13 written waiver to the board.

14 Sec. 33.16.210. CONFIDENTIALITY OF RECORDS AND INFORMATION. The  
15 pre-parole reports submitted to the board are confidential and may not  
16 be disclosed to anyone other than the board, the sentencing judge, the  
17 prosecuting and defense attorneys, the prisoner and the prisoner's  
18 attorney, or others granted the right under this chapter to receive the  
19 information.

20 Sec. 33.16.220 APPEALS. A prisoner or a parolee may appeal a  
21 decision or order of the board to the superior court on the ground of  
22 arbitrariness or abuse of discretion.

23 Sec. 33.16.230. DUTIES OF THE COMMISSIONER. The commissioner shall

24 (1) conduct investigations of prisoners eligible for parole  
25 as the board requests;

26 (2) supervise the conduct of parolees and institute programs  
27 for reform and rehabilitation of parolees as the board requests;

28 (3) appoint and assign parole officers and personnel to the  
29 judicial districts in the state and to train and supervise parole offi-

1 cers and personnel;

2 (4) keep records, files and accounts as the board requests.

3 Sec. 33.16.240. ACCESS TO LAW BY PRISONERS. The commissioner  
4 shall make available at each correctional facility in the state and at  
5 each correctional facility outside the state at which a prisoner of the  
6 state is maintained a current edition of Alaska Statutes, of the Alaska  
7 Administrative Code, and of the Alaska Rules of Court.

8 Sec. 33.16.250. PAROLE OFFICERS. The commissioner may assign the  
9 duties of probation officers under AS 33.05 to parole officers appointed  
10 under AS 33.16.230(3).

11 Sec. 33.16.260. DISCHARGE OF PAROLEE. (a) The board retains  
12 legal custody of a parolee until the expiration of the maximum term or  
13 terms to which the parolee is sentenced less a good time allowance  
14 provided by AS 33.16.170 and AS 33.20.010.

15 (b) The disability imposed by AS 33.30.320 applies to a parolee as  
16 long as he is in the legal custody of the board but the disability does  
17 not deny a parolee access to the courts to protect rights he may have.

18 (c) A parolee who has been on parole for five years and who has not  
19 been charged with a felony since entering parole shall be discharged from  
20 parole and from the custody of the board. A parolee who is charged with  
21 a felony within the five years remains in the custody of the board pend-  
22 ing a final decision on the charge. If the parolee is acquitted or the  
23 charge is dismissed, the board shall discharge the parolee from custody.

24 Sec. 33.16.270. DISCRETIONARY DISCHARGE OF PAROLEE. The board may  
25 discharge a parolee from supervision and the custody of the board and  
26 from further liability under his sentence after the parolee has com-  
27 pleted two years of parole.

28 Sec. 33.16.280. RELEASE OF PRISONER TO ANSWER PROCESS. If a court  
29 of this state, another state, or the United States, or other authority

1 issues a warrant charging a prisoner with a crime, the board may release  
2 the prisoner on parole to answer the warrant.

3 Sec. 33.16.290. REVOCATION OF PAROLE. (a) The board may revoke  
4 the parole granted to a parolee for violation of a state or federal law  
5 or a condition imposed by the board under AS 33.16.180(b).

6 (b) A parolee has the right to a preliminary hearing before a  
7 single member of the board or a person authorized by the board to act as  
8 a hearing officer to determine whether probable cause exists to revoke  
9 parole. The preliminary hearing shall be held within 14 days of the  
10 arrest of the parolee on the charge of violation of a state or federal  
11 law or violation of a condition of parole. The single member of the  
12 board or the hearing officer who holds the hearing may release the  
13 parolee pending the hearing under (c) of this section.

14 (c) The parolee is entitled to a hearing before the board at the  
15 first meeting of the board held after the preliminary hearing held under  
16 (b) of this section. The parolee has the rights of a parolee under  
17 AS 33.16.150 and 33.16.190 at the hearing. The board shall issue its  
18 decision in writing and provide reasons for the decision. The parolee  
19 is entitled to a copy of the decision on its issuance.

20 (d) At a hearing under this section, the commissioner has the  
21 burden to show that parole should be revoked by clear and convincing  
22 evidence.

23 (e) If after the hearing the board determines that a violation of  
24 a condition of parole has occurred, it may revoke a portion of the  
25 parole granted, change the conditions of parole, or cancel a portion of  
26 the good time earned on parole. If the board does not revoke a portion  
27 of the parole granted, the parolee shall be released from confinement  
28 and continued on parole under terms and conditions established by the  
29 board.

1 (f) If after the hearing the board determines that a parolee has  
2 violated a state or federal law, the board may require the parolee to  
3 serve all or a part of the remainder of the term to which he was sen-  
4 tenced. In fixing the term to be served, the board shall deduct good  
5 time earned by the parolee while on parole.

6 (g) If the board revokes parole for a reason other than a  
7 violation of a state or federal law, the board may not return the  
8 parolee to confinement for a period in excess of six months.

9 (h) A parolee may waive a hearing under (b) or (c) of this section  
10 by submitting a written waiver to the board.

11 Sec. 33.16.300. ARREST OF PAROLE VIOLATOR. (a) A parolee charged  
12 with violation of a condition of his parole may be arrested only on a  
13 warrant for arrest issued by a judicial officer based on probable cause  
14 to believe that a violation of the condition of parole has occurred.

15 (b) A parolee may be arrested without a warrant for his arrest for  
16 a violation of a condition of parole only under exigent conditions which  
17 require immediate arrest.

18 Sec. 33.16.310. EXECUTION OF WARRANT FOR ARREST OF PAROLEE. (a)  
19 A parole officer or a peace officer acting at the request of a parole  
20 officer shall execute the warrant issued under AS 33.16.300 by arresting  
21 the parolee and confining the parolee in a correctional facility desig-  
22 nated by the commissioner.

23 (b) The parole officer shall immediately notify the board or a  
24 member of the board of an arrest under (a) of this section. If the  
25 arrest was without warrant, the parole officer shall immediately provide  
26 the board or a member of the board with a report in writing indicating  
27 in what manner the parolee violated a condition of his parole.

28 Sec. 33.16.320. APPLICABILITY TO PERSONS ON PAROLE OR INCARCERATED.  
29 (a) This chapter applies to all persons convicted and sentenced in the

1 superior court and the district courts of the state.

2 (b) If the appropriate officers of the United States agree, the  
3 legislature intends that this chapter also apply to persons convicted  
4 before Alaska statehood of a crime punishable under the laws of a state  
5 notwithstanding the fact that the prosecution may have been brought by  
6 the United States and the prisoners were convicted and sentenced in  
7 courts of the United States before Alaska became a state or before the  
8 Alaska state court system was in operation.

9 Sec. 33.16.330. DEFINITIONS. In this chapter

10 (1) "board" means the Board of Parole;

11 (2) "commissioner" means the commissioner of health and  
12 social services;

13 (3) "department" means the Department of Health and Social  
14 Services;

15 (4) "parole" means the release of a prisoner to the community  
16 by the board or by operation of law before the expiration of his term,  
17 subject to conditions imposed by the board and subject to its super-  
18 vision;

19 (5) "parolee" means a prisoner released to the community by  
20 the board or by operation of law.

21 \* Sec. 2. AS 44.66.010(a)(3) is amended to read:

22 (3) State Board of Parole (AS 33.16.010) [(AS 33.15.010)] --  
23 June 30, 1984 [1980];

24 \* Sec. 3. AS 33.20.040(a) is amended to read:

25 (a) A prisoner serving the term or terms for which he was  
26 sentenced less good time deductions shall be released unconditionally if  
27 there remains less than 180 days to serve under his sentence. If there  
28 remains more than 180 days to serve under his sentence a prisoner shall  
29 be released on parole under AS 33.16.100(c) [, UPON RELEASE, SHALL BE

1        CONSIDERED AS IF RELEASED ON PAROLE] until the expiration of the maximum  
2        term or terms for which he was sentenced less 180 days.

3        \* Sec. 4. AS 33.15 is repealed.

4        \* Sec. 5. AS 33.16 enacted in sec. 1 of this Act applies to persons on  
5 parole or being considered for parole on the effective date of this Act.

6        \* Sec. 6. The terms of the members of the Board of Parole appointed under  
7 AS 33.15.010 terminate on the effective date of this Act. The governor shall  
8 appoint members to the Board of Parole established under AS 33.16.010 enacted  
9 in this Act for the following initial terms: two members for five-year terms;  
10 two members for four-year terms; one member for a three-year term; one member  
11 for a two-year term; and one member for a one-year term.

12       \* Sec. 7. This Act takes effect July 1, 1980.

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