

Introduced: 2/12/73
Referred: Commerce and
Judiciary

1 IN THE HOUSE

BY CHANCE

2 HOUSE BILL NO. 205

3 IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA

4 EIGHTH LEGISLATURE - FIRST SESSION

5 A BILL

6 For an Act entitled: "An Act relating to safety glazing labels and materials;
7 and providing for an effective date."

8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

9 * Section 1. AS 18.60 is amended by adding new sections to read:

10 ARTICLE 9. SAFETY GLAZING.

11 Sec. 18.60.750. LABELING REQUIRED. (a) Each lite of safety
12 glazing material manufactured, distributed, imported, sold for use or
13 installed in hazardous locations in the state shall be permanently
14 labeled by etching, sandblasting, firing of ceramic material, hot-die
15 stamping, transparent pressure sensitive labels, or by other suitable
16 means to ensure that the labeling will be permanent. The label shall
17 identify the manufacturer, fabricator, seller or installer, the
18 thickness and type of safety glazing material, and the fact that the
19 material meets the test requirements of the American National Standards
20 Institute Standard (ANSI Standard) Z-97.1-1972.

21 (b) The label must be visible and legible after installation, and
22 the label may not be used on other than safety glazing materials.

23 Sec. 18.60.755. SAFETY GLAZING MATERIALS REQUIRED. It is un-
24 lawful to knowingly install, have installed, or consent to the installa-
25 tion of glazing materials other than safety glazing materials in a
26 hazardous location in the state.

27 Sec. 18.60.760. EMPLOYEES NOT COVERED. No liability under secs.
28 750 - 755 of this chapter is created as to workmen who are employees
29 of a material supplier, contractor, subcontractor or other employer

1 responsible for compliance with secs. 750 - 755 of this chapter.

2 Sec. 18.60.765. PENALTY. A person who violates secs. 750 - 755 of
3 this chapter is guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction is punish-
4 able by a fine of not less than \$500 nor more than \$1,000, or by im-
5 prisonment for not more than a year, or by both.

6 Sec. 18.60.770. LOCAL ORDINANCES. Sections 750 - 755 of this
7 chapter supersede a city or borough ordinance relating to safety
8 glazing labels and materials.

9 Sec. 18.60.775. APPLICABILITY. Sections 750 - 755 of this chapter
10 apply only to installations or replacements of safety glazing materials
11 made after the effective date, but do not apply to contracts awarded,
12 under an invitation for bids, before the effective date of secs. 750 -
13 755 of this chapter.

14 Sec. 18.60.780. DEFINITIONS. In secs. 750 - 755 of this chapter

15 (1) "bathtub enclosure" means a sliding, pivoting, or hinged
16 door and fixed panels which are glazed or to be glazed and used to form
17 a barrier between the bathtub and the rest of the bathroom area or other
18 room in which bathing facilities are located;

19 (2) "commercial buildings" means buildings including but not
20 limited to wholesale and retail stores and storerooms, and office
21 buildings;

22 (3) "commercial entrance and exit door" means a hinged,
23 pivoting, revolving, or sliding door which is glazed or to be glazed and
24 used alone or in combination with other doors (other than doors defined
25 in (16) of this section) on interior or exterior walls of a commercial,
26 public or industrial building as a means of passage, ingress or egress;

27 (4) "fixed flat glazed panels immediately adjacent to entrance
28 or exit doors" means the first fixed flat glazed panel on either or both
29 sides of interior or exterior doors, 48 inches or less in width, the

1 nearest vertical edge of which is located within six feet horizontally
2 of the nearest vertical edge of the door;

3 (5) "glazing" means the act of installing and securing glass
4 or other glazing material into prepared openings in structural elements
5 including but not limited to doors, enclosures, and panels;

6 (6) "glazed" means the accomplished act of glazing;

7 (7) "hazardous locations" means those structural elements,
8 glazed or to be glazed, in residential buildings and other structures
9 used as dwellings, commercial buildings, industrial buildings, and
10 public buildings, known as interior and exterior commercial entrance
11 and exit doors and the immediately adjacent flat fixed glazed panels,
12 sliding glass door units including the fixed glazed panels which are
13 part of these units, storm or combination doors, shower and bathtub
14 enclosures, primary residential entrance and exit doors and the fixed
15 or operable adjacent sidelites, whether or not the glazing in these
16 doors, panels and enclosures is transparent;

17 (8) "industrial buildings" means buildings including but not
18 limited to factories, manufacturing plants or other auxiliary structures
19 used in a manufacturing process;

20 (9) "storm or combination door" means a door which is glazed
21 or to be glazed, and used in tandem with a primary residential or
22 commercial entrance and exit door to protect the primary residential or
23 commercial entrance or exit door against weather elements and to improve
24 indoor climate control;

25 (10) "other structures used as dwellings" means buildings
26 including but not limited to mobile homes, manufactured or industrial-
27 ized housing and lodging homes;

28 (11) "primary residential entrance and exit door" means a
29 door (other than doors defined in (16) of this section) which is glazed

1 or to be glazed and used in an exterior wall of a residential building
2 and other structures used as dwellings, as a means of passage, ingress
3 or egress;

4 (12) "public buildings" means buildings including but not
5 limited to hotels, hospitals, motels, dormitories, sanitariums, nursing
6 homes, theatres, stadiums, gymnasiums, amusement park buildings, schools
7 and other buildings used for educational purposes, museums, restaurants,
8 bars, correctional institutions, places of worship, and other buildings
9 of public accommodation or assembly;

10 (13) "residential buildings" means structures including but
11 not limited to homes and apartments used as dwellings for one or more
12 families or persons;

13 (14) "safety glazing material" means any glazing material
14 including but not limited to tempered glass, laminated glass, wire
15 glass or rigid plastic, which meets the test requirements of the Amer-
16 ican National Standards Institute Standard (ANSI Standard) Z-97.1-1972,
17 and which are so constructed, treated, or combined with other materials
18 as to minimize the likelihood of cutting and piercing injuries resulting
19 from human contact with the glazing material;

20 (15) "shower enclosure" means a hinged, pivoting, or sliding
21 door and fixed panels which are glazed or to be glazed and used to form
22 a barrier between the shower stall and the rest of the bathroom area
23 or other room in which bathing facilities are located;

24 (16) "sliding glass door units" means an assembly of glazed
25 or to be glazed panels contained in an overall frame, installed in
26 residential buildings and other structures used as dwellings, commercial,
27 industrial or public buildings, and so designed that one or more of the
28 panels is movable in a horizontal direction to produce or close off an
29 opening for use as a means of passage, ingress or egress.

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* Sec. 2. This Act takes effect January 1, 1974.