

1 IN THE HOUSE BY THE RULES COMMITTEE BY REQUEST

2 HOUSE BILL NO. 234

3 IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA

4 FIRST LEGISLATURE - FIRST SESSION

5 A BILL

6 For an Act entitled: "An Act relating to executive clemency;
7 establishing a Board of Pardons; pro-
8 viding procedures for hearing petitions
9 for such clemency; providing penalties;
10 authorizing the Governor to execute a
11 compact relative to out-of-state parole
12 supervision; and providing for an effective
13 date."

14 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

15 ARTICLE I

16 PARDONS AND PAROLES

17 Section 1. PARDONS AND PAROLES: POWER OF GOVERNOR. The
18 Governor shall have power to grant, after conviction, reviews,
19 commutations, paroles and pardons, and to suspend or remit fines,
20 for all offenses, except cases of impeachment, upon such conditions
21 and such restrictions and limitations as he may deem proper, sub-
22 ject to the procedure prescribed in this Act.

23 Sec. 2. BOARD OF PARDONS: MEMBERS: CHAIRMAN. The Governor,
24 Attorney General and Secretary of State shall constitute a board
25 to be known as the Board of Pardons, of which the Governor shall
26 be the chairman.

27 Sec. 3. BOARD OF PARDONS: SECRETARY: DUTIES. The secretary
28 of state shall be the secretary of the board of pardons, the
29 custodian of its records, and is charged with the responsibility

1 for keeping such records and documents as are hereinafter provided
2 for.

3 Sec. 4. BOARD OF PARDONS: GENERAL POWERS. The board of
4 pardons, or a majority thereof, shall have power to recommend to
5 the governor that he remit or suspend fines and forfeitures and
6 that he grant commutations, pardons, reprieves, and paroles after
7 conviction and judgment, under such conditions as may be prescribed
8 by law, for offenses committed against the criminal laws of this
9 state, except cases of impeachment. Such recommendations shall be
10 advisory to the governor and not binding thereon.

11 Sec. 5. BOARD OF PARDONS: JURISDICTION. The board of
12 pardons shall have jurisdiction to recommend the granting or deny-
13 ing pardons, paroles, commutations, reprieves, and the remission
14 or suspension of fines or forfeitures. No person shall be released
15 nor shall any fines or forfeitures be remitted under the guise of
16 any other procedure or on the purport of any other document except
17 such as are specifically prescribed in this Act, and the governor
18 may not exercise his executive clemency except after recommenda-
19 tions by the board, whether such recommendations be followed in
20 whole, in part, or not at all.

21 Sec. 6. BOARD OF PARDONS: PROCEDURE: APPLICATION: HEARING:
22 NOTICE. Whenever any person under sentence for the commission of
23 any crime, or when any person in behalf of any individual so
24 sentenced shall desire any relief by way of clemency from the
25 complete consummation of such sentence, the procedure shall be as
26 hereinafter described.

27 (1) The person desiring such relief shall file with
28 the secretary of the board of pardons a written application
29 upon such forms as may be provided by the board, stating the

1 grounds upon which clemency is asked, and praying for the relief
2 sought.

3 (2) Upon receipt of such application, the same shall be
4 placed before the board at its next regular meeting at which time
5 the board may at its discretion fix a day and hour certain when
6 hearing will be had on the application, and, if a hearing is
7 ordered, shall enter upon the records of the board a notation of
8 the time upon which such application will be heard. The day of
9 hearing shall be fixed by the board not less than thirty days
10 subsequent to the date of the meeting at which the date of the
11 hearing is set.

12 (3) Within five days after the fixing of a date for
13 hearing upon the application, it shall be the duty of the
14 secretary of the board to cause notice of the date of the hearing
15 to be served (a) upon the judge who sentenced the applicant, or
16 if the judge is no longer a presiding judge in the same district,
17 then upon the presiding judge of the district; (b) upon the
18 prosecuting attorney of the district in which the applicant was
19 sentenced; (c) upon the chief peace officer of the district in
20 which the applicant was sentenced; and (d) upon the applicant.

21 (4) The notice shall be in manner and form as
22 follows:

23 Juneau, Alaska.....19

24 To, Judge:

25 You are hereby notified that.....

26 convicted in.....district, on the.....

27 day of....., of the offense of

28 has applied to the Board of

29 Pardons for a.....

1 Pursuant to law the board has set the.....
2 day of.....for hearing upon the application,
3 and you are hereby instructed to appear at the hearing if you
4 desire, or direct to the secretary of the board for use at the
5 hearing any statement you may desire to make regarding the merits
6 of the application.

7
8 Sealed by Board of Pardons. Secretary, Board of Pardons.

9 (5) Service of the notice upon each of the foregoing
10 parties shall be made either (a) by serving the same as any
11 summons in a civil action is served, and to make return thereof
12 to the secretary of the board, or (b) by posting of such letter
13 in the United States mail, registered, with return receipt
14 requested.

15 (6) The secretary of the board of pardons shall cause
16 to be published in a legal newspaper in the district in which the
17 conviction occurred for two successive weeks a notice in manner
18 and form as follows:

19 NOTICE

20 Whereas.....convicted
21 in..... district, on the.....
22 day of....., of the crime
23 of....., has made application
24 to the Board of Pardons, for a
25 Pursuant to law, the board has set the hour of.....
26 on theday
27 of, for hearing on the application,
28 all persons interested are hereby notified that they may appear
29 at..... on that day

1 and hour and show cause, if any, why the application should or
2 should not be granted.

3
4

Secretary, Board of Pardons.

5 The last day of such publication shall be at least five days before
6 the day set for hearing.

7 (7) Upon the day set for hearing on the application,
8 the board shall sit in open session and hold a hearing thereon.

9 (8) The board shall consider no such application until
10 there is on file with the secretary, either in the form of a
11 return receipt for registered mail, or the return showing that
12 service of notice of the date of such hearing was made upon the
13 judge, and prosecuting attorney of the district at least two
14 weeks prior to the day set for hearing, and the affidavit of a
15 newspaper publisher that such publication was made in accordance
16 with the provisions of this section.

17 Sec. 7. JUDGES, PROSECUTING ATTORNEYS: DUTY TO MAKE
18 RECOMMENDATIONS. The board of pardons is hereby given authority
19 to require, and it is hereby made the duty of every judge, and
20 prosecuting attorney in the state, when so requested by the board
21 by a resolution duly adopted, to return to the board a definite
22 recommendation as to whether such application should or should
23 not be granted.

24 Sec. 8. HEARING: APPEARANCE: RIGHTS OF APPLICANT, CITIZENS.
25 At the time of such hearing any citizen of Alaska and the
26 applicant for clemency shall be given the right to appear and be
27 heard, either for or against clemency.

28 Sec. 9. HEARING: OATHS: ADMINISTRATION. The board of
29 pardons through its chairman or presiding officer shall have the

1 power to administer oaths or affirmations.

2 Sec. 10. HEARING: WITNESSES: SUBPOENA: REFUSAL TO TESTIFY:
3 PENALTY: FEES AND MILEAGE. The board of pardons shall have power
4 to issue subpoenas and compel the attendance of witnesses from
5 any part of the State of Alaska. Whenever a majority of the
6 board shall so direct, the chairman or presiding member of the
7 board shall issue a subpoena for any person as directed by the
8 board, such subpoena to be in form as that provided for the
9 superior court. Such subpoena may be issued to any peace officer
10 in Alaska and shall by him be served in the same manner as are
11 subpoenas from the superior court. Any person who shall fail,
12 neglect or refuse to obey such subpoena, or having obeyed such
13 subpoena, shall refuse to be examined as a witness and give
14 evidence concerning any and all matters relating to such investiga-
15 tion when so required, shall be liable to the same penalties as
16 though such subpoena had been issued by, or such person had
17 refused to give evidence in the court having jurisdiction. When-
18 ever any person shall fail, refuse or neglect to obey such sub-
19 poena, or to give evidence concerning any matter pertaining to
20 such hearing, the person conducting such examination may forth-
21 with report in writing such disobedience, and file such report
22 and such subpoena with proof of service thereof in the superior
23 court in the district where such hearing is being had, if in
24 session, and if not, then with any judge of such court. There-
25 upon such court or judge shall forthwith cause such person so
26 subpoenaed or refusing to give evidence to be brought before the
27 court or judge, and such court or judge shall thereupon impose
28 like terms and penalties as though such person had been sub-
29 poenaed or had refused to testify or give evidence in any pro-

1 ceeding before such court or judge. Every person shall be
2 obliged to attend as a witness at the place of such hearing when
3 subpoenaed anywhere within the state, and shall be entitled to
4 the same fees and mileage, if claimed, as a witness in the
5 superior court, which fees, mileage and actual expense, if any,
6 necessarily incurred in securing the attendance of witnesses and
7 their testimony, shall be itemized and charged against and be
8 paid by the warrant of the board.

9 Sec. 11. HEARING: RULES OF EVIDENCE. The board of pardons
10 shall have the power to determine by its own rules what evidence
11 it will receive. All evidence submitted upon the hearing must
12 be made upon oath either by affidavit, deposition or oral
13 testimony.

14 Sec. 12. HEARING: CONFINED TO PROPRIETY OF EXTENDING
15 CLEMENCY. The board of pardons shall in no case assume to act
16 as a court of review to pass upon the correctness, regularity or
17 legality of the proceedings of the trial court, but shall confine
18 itself to a hearing and consideration of those matters only
19 which properly bear on the propriety of extending executive
20 clemency.

21 Sec. 13. HEARING: PERJURY: PENALTY. Any person who
22 shall knowingly submit any false affidavit or deposition to
23 the board of pardons, or shall knowingly testify falsely upon
24 any hearing of the board, shall be guilty of perjury and may be
25 imprisoned not less than one year nor more than five years.

26 Sec. 14. HEARING: PROCEEDINGS: TO BE REPORTED AND TRANS-
27 CRIPTED. The board of pardons shall be provided with a reporter
28 to make a complete transcript of all of the proceedings and
29 everything which is said and done at the hearing after the manner

1 of reporters in the district court; all of the testimony,
2 recommendations, reports of investigation, and other evidence
3 which are considered by the board shall be entered upon the
4 record of the case as exhibits; and the whole shall be bound and
5 filed together in the form of a single, complete, permanent
6 record in the office of the secretary of the board.

7 Sec. 15. HEARING: DENIAL OF CLEMENCY: FURTHER APPLICATION.

8 When any application for clemency for or on behalf of any person
9 confined in any penal institution shall be denied by the board
10 of pardons, the board may in its discretion disregard any further
11 application for or on behalf of such person until such time as
12 the board may deem advisable.

13 Sec. 16. HEARING: DECISION: DISSENTS: RECORD: CERTIFICA-
14 TION AND SIGNATURES. At the conclusion of the hearing, the board
15 of pardons shall by formal resolution enter of record on its
16 minutes as determined by majority vote, whether such application
17 should be recommended or denied, together with a statement by one
18 or all of the majority members assigning the reasons for such
19 action, if any be taken. If any member shall dissent from the
20 majority ruling, he may have incorporated in the permanent records
21 of the case, immediately following the finding of the majority
22 members, any such dissenting opinion as he may care to offer. It
23 shall be the duty of every member of the board to certify to the
24 correctness of the order, and sign the record in all cases in
25 which he is a member of the majority.

26 Sec. 17. BOARD OF PARDONS: INFLUENCING MEMBERS: PERSONAL
27 INTERVIEWS FORBIDDEN: PENALTY. It shall be unlawful for any
28 person at any time in any place, in any manner directly or in-
29 directly to approach or try to approach, or to discuss or attempt

1 to discuss with any member of the board of pardons any matters
2 relating to any application for clemency that may be pending under
3 the provisions of Section 6 of this Act, or that may later become
4 pending under the provisions of said section, except at the time
5 set for formal hearing upon the application, and except that
6 persons may communicate with a member of the board at the same
7 member's request. Any person violating any of the provisions of
8 this section shall be deemed guilty of a felony and may be punish-
9 ed by imprisonment in the penitentiary not exceeding one year,
10 or be fined in any sum not less than one hundred dollars or
11 exceeding five hundred dollars.

12 Sec. 18. BOARD OF PARDONS: MEETINGS: WHEN HELD. The
13 board of pardons may prescribe by its own rules the times of its
14 regular meetings, and the members may be called in special meeting
15 at any time at the summons of the chairman or the majority of the
16 board.

17 Sec. 19. HEARING: HOW CONDUCTED: COMMUNICATIONS PRIVILEGED:
18 TESTIMONY OF PRISONER. The prisoner shall not be present when
19 any hearing is being conducted, and any communication by any
20 person concerning any fact in the hearing shall not be divulged
21 to the prisoner; Provided, however, that the prisoner shall be
22 called by the board of pardons and testify in his own behalf.

23 Sec. 20. INFORMATION CONCERNING PRISONER: DUTY OF JUDGE
24 AND PROSECUTING ATTORNEY TO FURNISH. It shall be the duty of the
25 judge before whom the prisoner is tried and convicted, also of the
26 prosecuting attorney, to furnish the board of pardons, together
27 with the warrant of commitment, in writing, all the information
28 that they can give in regard to the career of the prisoner before
29 the commission of the crime for which he was sentenced, stating

1 to the best of their knowledge whether the prisoner was industrious
2 or not, of good character or not, what his associates were, what
3 his disposition was, and all the other facts and circumstances
4 that may tend to throw any light upon the question as to whether
5 such prisoner is capable of becoming a good citizen. The board
6 of pardons shall also have the power to call upon any other
7 official or person for similar information and, where practicable,
8 shall procure such information from the people who have known the
9 prisoner.

10 Sec. 21. REFORMATION OF PRISONERS: RULES AND REGULATIONS.

11 It shall be the duty of the board of pardons to adopt such rules
12 concerning all persons committed to their custody as shall prevent
13 them from returning to their criminal careers, best serve their
14 self-support, and accomplish their reformation.

15 Sec. 22. PAROLES: RULES AND REGULATIONS: CONDITIONS FOR
16 GRANTING: EMPLOYMENT: REIMPRISONMENT: POWERS OF THE BOARD OF
17 PARDONS. The board of pardons shall have power to establish rules
18 and regulations under which prisoners within the penitentiary may
19 be allowed to go upon parole outside the penitentiary building
20 and enclosure, but to remain while on parole in the legal custody
21 and under the control of the board. No such parole shall be
22 granted in any case unless the minimum term fixed by law for the
23 offense has expired, nor shall any prisoner be released on parole
24 until the board shall have made arrangements or have satisfactory
25 evidence that arrangements have been made for honorable and useful
26 employment while upon parole in some suitable occupation, and
27 also a proper or suitable home free from criminal influences. The
28 board shall have full power to make and enforce rules and regula-
29 tions governing the conduct of prisoners upon parole, and to ~~revoke~~

1 and reimprison any inmate so upon parole at any time, with or
2 without cause.

3 Sec. 23. PAROLEES: ORDERS TO APPREHEND AND RETURN: POWER
4 OF BOARD TO ISSUE: DUTIES OF PEACE OFFICERS TO EXECUTE. An
5 order passed by a majority of the board of pardons and certified
6 by the presiding officer of the board shall be a sufficient warrant
7 to the warden or any peace officer to authorize him to apprehend
8 and return to the institution any inmate released under the orders
9 of the board. It is hereby made the duty of all peace officers to
10 execute such warrants in the same manner as ordinary criminal
11 process.

12 Sec. 24. PROBATION OFFICERS: APPOINTMENT BY BOARD: DUTIES.
13 To assist the board of pardons in carrying out the provisions of
14 this Act, the board is authorized to appoint such persons as it
15 may desire as probation officers. Such probation officers may be
16 delegated by the board with all the powers of the board insofar as
17 the same relate to the investigation of matters coming before it,
18 the interviewing of witnesses, communication with convicts on
19 parole, and the apprehension of inmates who are to be returned to
20 the institution. Such probation officers may be authorized by
21 the board to execute the orders set forth in Section 23. Such
22 probation officers are hereby invested with such powers in every
23 judicial district in Alaska as each of the chief peace officer
24 exercises with his respective judicial district.

25 Sec. 25. PAROLEES: BOARD TO KEEP IN CONTACT WITH: DISCHARGE:
26 WHEN AUTHORIZED: FACTS TO BE CONSIDERED. It shall be the duty of
27 the board of pardons to keep in communication, as far as possible,
28 with all prisoners who are on parole, and also with their employers,
29 and when in its opinion any prisoner who has served not less than

1 six months of his parole acceptably, has given such evidence as is
2 deemed reliable and trustworthy, that he will remain at liberty
3 without violating the law, and that his final release is not incom-
4 patible with the welfare of society, the board shall at the next
5 meeting thereafter consider the case of the prisoner so presented.
6 When the board shall decide that such prisoner is entitled to his
7 final discharge, it shall cause a record of the case of the
8 prisoner to be made, showing the date of his commitment to the
9 penitentiary, his record while detained there, his record while
10 on parole and its reasons for recommending his final discharge,
11 and shall enter an order for the final discharge of the prisoner
12 from further liability under his sentence, which order shall be
13 subject to approval by the governor, and if not disapproved within
14 thirty days of his receipt thereof, the same shall be final.

15 Sec. 26. RELEASE OF PRISONERS: MATERIAL ASSISTANCE: DUTY
16 OF WARDEN TO PROVIDE. Upon the release of any prisoner from the
17 penitentiary, the warden shall provide him with suitable clothing,
18 with ten dollars in money, and shall procure transportation for
19 him to his place of employment. The warden shall make the same
20 provision for any prisoner discharged from the penitentiary by
21 expiration of his maximum sentence, save that he shall procure
22 transportation to his home, if within the state; if not, to the
23 place of his conviction or to some place not more distant selected
24 by the prisoner.

25 Sec. 27. PAROLE VIOLATION: FRESH CRIME: PENALTIES. If
26 any prisoner in the judgment of the board of pardons shall violate
27 the conditions of his parole or release as fixed by the board,
28 he shall thereafter be treated as an escaped prisoner owing ser-
29 vices to the state, and shall be liable, when arrested, to serve

1 out the unexpired term of his maximum possible imprisonment, and
2 the time from the date of his declared delinquency to the date of
3 his arrest shall not be counted as any portion or part of the time
4 served. Any prisoner at large upon parole or conditional release,
5 who shall commit a fresh crime and upon conviction thereof shall
6 be sentenced anew to the penitentiary, shall be subject to serve
7 the second sentence after the first sentence is served or annulled;
8 the second sentence to commence from the termination of his
9 liability upon the first or former sentence.

10 Sec. 28. PAROLEE LEAVING THE STATE WITHOUT AUTHORITY: FELONY:
11 PENALTY. Any prisoner at liberty on parole under the provisions of
12 this Act who shall violate his parole by leaving the State of
13 Alaska without authority of the board of pardons, shall be deemed
14 guilty of a felony, and upon conviction thereof may be sentenced in
15 the penitentiary for not less than one year nor more than five
16 years.

17 Sec. 29. REPRIEVES AND RESPITES: POWER OF GOVERNOR TO GRANT:
18 LIMITS: EXCEPTIONS. The governor shall have power to grant
19 respite or reprieves in all cases of conviction for offenses
20 against the laws of the state except cases of impeachment, but
21 such respites or reprieves shall not extend beyond the next meeting
22 of the board of pardons, and in no case for a greater period than
23 thirty days.

24 Sec. 30. REPRIEVED PRISONERS: CONFINEMENT IN PENITENTIARY:
25 POWER OF BOARD TO ORDER: DUTIES OF OFFICERS AND WARDEN: COST OF
26 TRANSPORTATION: HOW PAID. If in case of any reprieve the board
27 of pardons shall deem it expedient and proper to confine the
28 person so reprieved in the penitentiary, it being so specified in
29 the warrant, the officer having the person so reprieved in his

1 custody shall convey him to the penitentiary in the same manner
2 as other convicts are directed by law to be conveyed; and the
3 warden of the penitentiary shall receive such person, together
4 with the warrant of reprieve, and shall proceed with such convict
5 as such warrant may direct. The expenses of transporting such
6 person to the penitentiary shall be allowed and paid as in other
7 cases.

8 Sec. 31. CONVICTS: WARRANT OF DISCHARGE: WHEN ISSUED:
9 EFFECT. Whenever any convict shall have completed the lawful re-
10 quirements of his sentence, the board of pardons, upon receiving
11 a certificate of good conduct from the warden, shall immediately
12 issue a warrant for the discharge of such convict, and such warrant
13 shall in all cases restore the prisoner's civil rights the same
14 as though a pardon had been issued.

15 Sec. 32. PARDONS AND PAROLES: REPORT TO LEGISLATURE: CONTENTS:
16 DUTY OF GOVERNOR. The governor shall communicate to the legis-
17 lature at each regular session each case of remission of fine,
18 forfeiture, reprieve, commutation, pardon or parole granted after
19 recommendation by the board of pardons since the last previous re-
20 port, stating the name of the convict, the crime of which he was
21 convicted, the sentence and its date, the date of remission,
22 commutation, pardon, parole or reprieve, with the reasons for
23 granting the same, and the objections, if any, of any member of
24 the board made thereto.

25 Sec. 33. CONVICTS: RELEASE FOR NOT MORE THAN TEN DAYS:
26 CONDITIONS: RULES AND REGULATIONS: POWER OF BOARD TO ADOPT. The
27 board of pardons shall have power to make all needful rules and
28 regulations governing pardons, paroles, commutations and reprieves
29 not in conflict with this Act. The board may adopt rules under

1 which it may release for a period not exceeding ten days, under
2 such supervision as it shall deem necessary under such guards or
3 restrictions as it may care to impose, any inmate without hearing
4 on being convinced of serious illness of such inmate or his
5 immediate family, or of death among the members of said family.

6 ARTICLE II

7 UNIFORM ACT FOR OUT-OF-STATE PAROLEE

8 SUPERVISION

9 Sec. 34. COMPACT WITH OTHER STATES FOR COOPERATIVE EFFORT
10 AND MUTUAL ASSISTANCE IN PREVENTION OF CRIME: AUTHORIZED: TERMS.
11 The governor of this state is hereby authorized and directed to
12 execute a compact on behalf of the State of Alaska with any of the
13 United States legally joining therein in the form substantially
14 as follows:

15 A COMPACT, Entered into by and among the contracting states,
16 signatories hereto, with the consent of the Congress of the United
17 States of America, granted by an Act entitled "An Act Granting
18 the Consent of Congress to any two or more States to enter into
19 Agreements or Compacts for Cooperative Effort and Mutual Assistance
20 in the Prevention of Crime and for other purposes." The contract-
21 ing states solemnly agree:

22 (1) That it shall be competent for the duly
23 constituted judicial and administrative authorities of a state
24 party to this compact (herein called "sending state"), to permit
25 any person convicted of an offense within such state and placed
26 on probation or released on parole to reside in any other state
27 party to this compact (herein called "receiving state"), while on
28 probation or parole, if (a) such person is in fact a resident of
29 or has his family residing within the receiving state and can ob-

1 tain employment there; (b) though not a resident of the receiving
2 state and not having his family residing there, the receiving state
3 consents to such person being sent there. Before granting such
4 permission, opportunity shall be granted to the receiving state to
5 investigate the home and prospective employment of such person. A
6 resident of the receiving state, within the meaning of this section,
7 is one who has been an actual inhabitant of such state continuously
8 for more than one year prior to his coming to the sending state and
9 has not resided within the sending state more than six continuous
10 months immediately preceding the commission of the offense for
11 which he has been convicted.

12 (2) That each receiving state will assume the duties of
13 visitation of and supervision over probationer or parolees of any
14 sending state and in the exercise of those duties will be governed
15 by the same standards that prevail for its own probationers and
16 parolees.

17 (3) That duly accredited officers of a sending state
18 may at all times enter a receiving state and there apprehend and
19 retake any person on probation or parole. For that purpose no
20 formalities will be required other than establishing the authority
21 of the officer and the identity of the person to be retaken. All
22 legal requirements to obtain extradition of fugitives from justice
23 are hereby expressly waived on the part of states party thereto,
24 as to such persons. The decision of the sending state to retake
25 a person on probation or parole shall be conclusive upon and not
26 reviewable within the receiving state; Provided, however, that if
27 at the time when a state seeks to retake a probationer or parolee
28 there should be pending against him within the receiving state any
29 criminal charge, or he should be suspected of having committed

1 within such state a criminal offense, he shall not be retaken
2 without the consent of the receiving state until discharged from
3 prosecution or from imprisonment for such offense.

4 (4) That the duly accredited officers of the sending
5 state will be permitted to transport prisoners being retaken
6 through any and all states parties to this compact, without
7 interference.

8 (5) That the Governor of each state may designate an
9 officer who, acting jointly with like officers of other contract-
10 ing states, if and when appointed, shall promulgate such rules
11 and regulations as may be deemed necessary to more effectively
12 carry out the terms of this compact.

13 (6) That this compact shall become operative immediately
14 upon its execution by any state as between it and any other state
15 or states so executing. When executed it shall have the full
16 force and effect of law within such state, the form of execution
17 to be in accordance with the laws of the executing state.

18 (7) That this compact shall continue in force and
19 remain binding upon each executing state until renounced by it.
20 The duties and obligations hereunder of a renouncing state shall
21 continue as to parolees or probationers residing therein at the
22 time of withdrawal until retaken or finally discharged by the
23 sending state. Renunciation of this Compact shall be by the same
24 authority which executed it, by sending six months' notice in
25 writing of its intention to withdraw from the compact to the
26 other states party thereto.

27 Sec. 35. ACT: HOW CITED. Sections 34 and 35 may be cited
28 as the "Uniform Act for Out-of-State Parolee Supervision."

29 Sec. 36. EFFECTIVE DATE. This Act shall take effect upon
HB # 234

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its passage and approval or upon its becoming law without such approval.