

**CS FOR SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 12(TRA)**

**IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA**

**THIRTY-FOURTH LEGISLATURE - FIRST SESSION**

**BY THE SENATE TRANSPORTATION COMMITTEE**

**Offered: 3/26/25**

**Referred: Rules**

**Sponsor(s): SENATOR DUNBAR**

**A RESOLUTION**

1 **Urging the United States Congress and the National Oceanic and Atmospheric**  
2 **Administration to address outages of National Data Buoy Center stations.**

3 **BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:**

4 **WHEREAS** the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration operates and  
5 controls National Data Buoy Center stations; and

6 **WHEREAS** the National Data Buoy Center operates 27 automated  
7 meteorological/ocean stations in the state, including both terrestrial- and marine-based  
8 stations; and

9 **WHEREAS** the primary function of National Data Buoy Center meteorological/ocean  
10 stations is to collect and disseminate in situ, real-time, quality-controlled observations in the  
11 marine environment to ensure the nation's maritime safety and to understand and predict the  
12 atmosphere, ocean, waves, ice, and climate; and

13 **WHEREAS**, because of the state's extensive coastline, vital fishing and tourism  
14 industries, dependence on marine commerce, and reliance on oil exported by sea, the  
15 performance of National Data Buoy Center meteorological/ocean stations is critical to the  
16 citizens and economy of the state; and

1           **WHEREAS** the extreme weather and remote nature of the state necessitate a robust  
2 maritime infrastructure that incorporates redundancies to reduce the frequency and functional  
3 effects of outages; and

4           **WHEREAS** information from National Data Buoy Center meteorological/ocean  
5 stations is used by mariners and authorities to determine when conditions for navigation are  
6 safe; and

7           **WHEREAS** the Hinchinbrook Entrance in Prince William Sound is closed to  
8 outbound oil tanker traffic from the Port of Valdez if winds exceed 45 knots sustained or seas  
9 exceed 15 feet; and

10          **WHEREAS** weather-related closures are determined by the United States Coast  
11 Guard Vessel Traffic Service Prince William Sound; and

12          **WHEREAS** the Vessel Traffic Service uses the National Data Buoy Center Seal  
13 Rocks Buoy as the primary source of information to make weather-related closure decisions;  
14 and

15          **WHEREAS** the Seal Rocks Buoy was established in 1995; and

16          **WHEREAS**, since 1995, there have been six major outages, with the two longest  
17 outages occurring recently; and

18          **WHEREAS** the Seal Rocks Buoy broke free in October of 2023 and, when the buoy  
19 was reestablished in the spring of 2024, the wave sensor was faulty; and

20          **WHEREAS** the United States Coast Guard supported the replacement of the Seal  
21 Rocks Buoy wave sensor by National Data Buoy Center personnel on September 12, 2024;  
22 and

23          **WHEREAS** the Seal Rocks Buoy again stopped reporting wave information on  
24 October 17, 2024; and

25          **WHEREAS** almost all weather-related closures of Hinchinbrook Entrance are caused  
26 by wave heights, rather than windspeed; and

27          **WHEREAS** the Vessel Traffic Service relies on other nearby National Data Buoy  
28 Center meteorological/ocean stations at Cape Suckling and Cape Cleare as imperfect backups  
29 to the Seal Rocks Buoy, and those stations have also been recently plagued by extended  
30 periods of inoperability; and

31          **WHEREAS**, in the absence of National Data Buoy Center meteorological/ocean

1 station data, the Vessel Traffic Service must sometimes rely on subjective wave height reports  
2 made by crew members of commercial ships, putting the ship and crew members at risk; and

3 **WHEREAS** laden tankers exiting Hinchinbrook Entrance during conditions near the  
4 closure threshold is a safety concern, and a functional Seal Rocks Buoy is critical to the safe  
5 transportation of oil through Prince William Sound; and

6 **WHEREAS**, if a tanker were to lose power or steering in conditions near the closure  
7 threshold while the Seal Rocks, Cape Cleare, and Cape Suckling Buoys are inoperable, the  
8 risk increases to escort tugs and crews called on to assist the stricken tanker in time given the  
9 challenges of attaching a tether, crew members trying to work on deck, the additional strain  
10 on deck equipment, and other difficulties associated with operating in heavy weather; and

11 **WHEREAS** a major oil spill resulting from a tanker incident would have disastrous  
12 consequences on the regional environment, local ecosystems, subsistence lifestyles, Alaska  
13 Native villages, and economies of communities, particularly communities that rely on fishing  
14 or tourism;

15 **BE IT RESOLVED** that the Alaska State Legislature calls on the United States  
16 Congress to include language in annual appropriations legislation to address National Data  
17 Buoy Center meteorological/ocean station outages occurring in the state and specifically to  
18 require the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration to ensure the reliability of  
19 National Data Buoy Center meteorological/ocean stations and take actions necessary to  
20 restore the full functionality of National Data Buoy Center meteorological/ocean station  
21 equipment; and be it

22 **FURTHER RESOLVED** that the Alaska State Legislature calls on the United States  
23 Congress to maintain and enhance the critical public service the National Oceanic and  
24 Atmospheric Administration provides to mariners, authorities, and other users in the state  
25 through the observation and forecasting functions of the National Weather Service, including  
26 National Data Buoy Center meteorological/ocean stations; and be it

27 **FURTHER RESOLVED** that the Alaska State Legislature urges the National  
28 Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration to work with Senators Lisa Murkowski and Dan  
29 Sullivan and Representative Nicholas Begich to address, in appropriations legislation for  
30 Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies, the National Data Buoy Center  
31 meteorological/ocean station outages occurring in the state; and be it

1           **FURTHER RESOLVED** that the Alaska State Legislature urges the National  
2 Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration to adopt regulations that address National Data  
3 Buoy Center meteorological/ocean station outages occurring in the state in a manner that  
4 accounts for the weather and remote nature of the state, the importance of safe navigation to  
5 the state, and other unique challenges associated with maritime safety in the state.

6           **COPIES** of this resolution shall be sent to Dr. William Burnett, Director of the  
7 National Data Buoy Center; Commander Sarah Rousseau, United States Coast Guard, Marine  
8 Safety Unit Valdez; David Seris, United States Coast Guard, District 17 Waterways  
9 Management; the Honorable Lisa Murkowski and the Honorable Dan Sullivan, U.S. Senators,  
10 and the Honorable Nicholas Begich, U.S. Representative, members of the Alaska delegation  
11 in Congress.