

**HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 1**  
**IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA**  
**TWENTY-NINTH LEGISLATURE - FIRST SESSION**

**BY REPRESENTATIVES EDGMON, Tuck, Kito, Kreiss-Tomkins**

**Introduced: 1/21/15**

**Referred: Community and Regional Affairs, Judiciary**

**A RESOLUTION**

1 **Urging the Governor to acknowledge officially the sovereignty of Alaska tribal**  
2 **governments, to create clear and consistent policies for increased state collaboration and**  
3 **partnership with tribes, and to direct the attorney general to conduct a complete review**  
4 **of the state's litigation against Alaska Native tribes; urging the Governor to**  
5 **acknowledge the inherent criminal jurisdiction of Alaska tribal governments over tribal**  
6 **members within the boundaries of their villages; urging the Governor to cooperate with**  
7 **tribes' efforts to transfer Native land to trust; and urging the Governor to support**  
8 **multilateral negotiations between tribal governments, nontribal municipalities, and the**  
9 **state government to delineate clearly tribal geographical jurisdictions.**

10 **BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:**

11 **WHEREAS** the 229 federally recognized tribes in the state represent a vast  
12 continuum of cultural legacies enriched by thousands of years of traditions and place-based  
13 ways of life; and

1           **WHEREAS** many Alaska tribal communities face severe problems relating to  
2 poverty, lack of economic opportunity, alcoholism, drug abuse, domestic violence, and sexual  
3 assault; and

4           **WHEREAS** the percentage of Alaska Natives living below the federal poverty  
5 guideline is nearly twice the national average; and

6           **WHEREAS** the unemployment rate for Alaska Natives is dramatically higher than the  
7 national average; and

8           **WHEREAS** the alcohol-related death rate for Alaska Natives has, in recent years,  
9 been more than 16 times higher than the alcohol-related death rate for Caucasians; and

10          **WHEREAS** rural communities in the state have, in recent years, reported alarming  
11 opioid, heroin, and methamphetamine abuse; and

12          **WHEREAS** Alaska Native women in rural communities have reported rates of  
13 domestic violence multiple times higher than the national average; and

14          **WHEREAS** Alaska Native women suffer the highest rate of sexual assault of any  
15 population in the United States, and the rate of sexual assault for Alaska Native children is six  
16 times the national average; and

17          **WHEREAS**, while Alaska Natives represent 19 percent of the population of the state,  
18 they make up 36 percent of Alaskans in prisons or jails; and

19          **WHEREAS**, in the past 25 years, state, federal, and joint commissions, task forces,  
20 and committees established to address those issues have included the Alaska Natives  
21 Commission, created in 1990; the Alaska Supreme Court Advisory Committee on Fairness  
22 and Access, created in 1995; the Alaska Commission on Rural Governance and  
23 Empowerment, created in 1998; the Alaska Rural Justice and Law Enforcement Commission,  
24 created in 2004; the Indian Law and Order Commission, created in 2010; and the United  
25 States Attorney General's Advisory Committee on American Indian and Alaska Native  
26 Children Exposed to Violence, created in 2013; and

27          **WHEREAS** each of those bodies concluded that the strongly centralized law  
28 enforcement and justice systems of the state have been inadequate to alleviate crime, social  
29 ills, and community distress in rural Alaska; and

30          **WHEREAS** each of those bodies identified the need to strengthen the authority,  
31 responsibility, and capacity of local tribal governments to administer public safety and justice

1 in their communities; and

2 **WHEREAS** many experts agree that greater control, better defined jurisdiction, and  
3 increased accountability at the local level will lead to swifter response to violence and  
4 criminal activity in communities, increased crime prevention, and increased rehabilitative,  
5 rather than punitive, sentencing models; and

6 **WHEREAS**, in matters of jurisdiction and the delivery of justice at the local level, the  
7 state has too often and for too long been the adversary of Alaska Native tribes; and

8 **WHEREAS** ambiguities in state policy deprive Alaska tribes of jurisdictional tools to  
9 make their communities safer and healthier;

10 **BE IT RESOLVED** that the Alaska State Legislature urges the Governor to issue a  
11 proclamation officially acknowledging the sovereignty of Alaska tribal governments and  
12 detailing clear and consistent policies for increased state agency collaboration and partnership  
13 with tribes; and be it

14 **FURTHER RESOLVED** that the Alaska State Legislature urges the Governor to  
15 direct the attorney general to conduct a complete review of the state's litigation against Alaska  
16 Native tribes; and be it

17 **FURTHER RESOLVED** that the Alaska State Legislature urges the Governor to  
18 acknowledge the inherent criminal jurisdiction of Alaska tribal governments over tribal  
19 members within the boundaries of their villages, to be defined as an Alaska Native Village  
20 Statistical Area delineated for the Director of the United States Census Bureau by officials of  
21 a village for the purpose of presenting data for the decennial census conducted under 13  
22 U.S.C. 141(a); and be it

23 **FURTHER RESOLVED** that the Alaska State Legislature urges the Governor to  
24 cooperate with tribes' efforts to transfer Native land to trust in order to affirm concurrent state  
25 and tribal jurisdiction; and be it

26 **FURTHER RESOLVED** that the Alaska State Legislature urges the Governor to  
27 support eventual multilateral negotiations between tribal governments, nontribal  
28 municipalities, and the state government to delineate clearly tribal geographical jurisdictions.