

**HOUSE BILL NO. 95**

IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA

TWENTY-FOURTH LEGISLATURE - FIRST SESSION

BY THE HOUSE RULES COMMITTEE BY REQUEST OF THE GOVERNOR

Introduced: 1/21/05

Referred: Health, Education and Social Services, Judiciary

**A BILL**

**FOR AN ACT ENTITLED**

1 **"An Act relating to public health and public health emergencies and disasters; relating**  
2 **to duties of the public defender and office of public advocacy regarding public health**  
3 **matters; relating to certain claims for public health matters; making conforming**  
4 **amendments; and providing for an effective date."**

5 **BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:**

6 \* **Section 1.** The uncodified law of the State of Alaska is amended by adding a new section  
7 to read:

8 PURPOSE; INTENT. (a) The purpose of this Act is to

9 (1) protect and promote the health of the citizens of this state to the greatest  
10 extent possible through the public health system;

11 (2) further the Department of Health and Social Services' leadership in  
12 protecting and promoting the public's health by the department's

13 (A) assuring the conditions in which people can be healthy;

14 (B) providing or assuring the provision of essential public health

1 services and functions that are culturally and linguistically appropriate for the  
2 population being served;

3 (C) encouraging collaboration among public and private sector  
4 partners in the public health system; and

5 (D) seeking adequate financing and other resources to provide  
6 essential public health services and functions or accomplish public health goals  
7 through public or private sources.

8 (b) It is the intent of the legislature that this Act not be construed to require an  
9 individual or agency within the public health system to provide specific health services or to  
10 mandate implementation of unfunded programs.

11 \* **Sec. 2.** AS 09.50.250 is amended to read:

12 **Sec. 09.50.250. Actionable claims against the state.** A person or corporation  
13 having a contract, quasi-contract, or tort claim against the state may bring an action  
14 against the state. A person who may present the claim under AS 44.77 may not bring  
15 an action under this section except as set out in AS 44.77.040(c). A person who may  
16 bring an action under AS 36.30.560 - 36.30.695 may not bring an action under this  
17 section except as set out in AS 36.30.685. However, an action may not be brought if  
18 the claim

19 (1) is an action for tort, and is based upon an act or omission of an  
20 employee of the state, exercising due care, in the execution of a statute or regulation,  
21 whether or not the statute or regulation is valid; or is an action for tort, and based upon  
22 the exercise or performance or the failure to exercise or perform a discretionary  
23 function or duty on the part of a state agency or an employee of the state, whether or  
24 not the discretion involved is abused;

25 (2) is for damages caused by the imposition or establishment of, **or the**  
26 **failure to impose or establish,** a quarantine, **isolation, medical treatment, or other**  
27 **actions** by the state **or its agents, officers, or employees under AS 18.15.355 -**  
28 **18.15.390;**

29 (3) arises out of assault, battery, false imprisonment, false arrest,  
30 malicious prosecution, abuse of process, libel, slander, misrepresentation, deceit, or  
31 interference with contract rights;

1 (4) arises out of the use of an ignition interlock device certified under  
2 AS 33.05.020(c); or

3 (5) arises out of injury, illness, or death of a seaman that occurs or  
4 manifests itself during or in the course of, or arises out of, employment with the state;  
5 AS 23.30 provides the exclusive remedy for such a claim, and no action may be  
6 brought against the state, its vessels, or its employees under the Jones Act (46 U.S.C.  
7 688), in admiralty, or under the general maritime law.

8 \* **Sec. 3.** AS 14.07.020(a) is amended to read:

9 (a) The department shall

10 (1) exercise general supervision over the public schools of the state  
11 except the University of Alaska;

12 (2) study the conditions and needs of the public schools of the state,  
13 adopt or recommend plans, administer and evaluate grants to improve school  
14 performance awarded under AS 14.03.125, and adopt regulations for the improvement  
15 of the public schools;

16 (3) provide advisory and consultative services to all public school  
17 governing bodies and personnel;

18 (4) prescribe by regulation a minimum course of study for the public  
19 schools; the regulations must provide that if a course in American Sign Language is  
20 given, the course shall be given credit as a course in a foreign language;

21 (5) establish, in coordination with the Department of Health and Social  
22 Services, a program for the continuing education of children who are held in detention  
23 facilities in the state during the period of detention;

24 (6) accredit those public schools that meet accreditation standards  
25 prescribed by regulation by the department; these regulations shall be adopted by the  
26 department and presented to the legislature during the first 10 days of any regular  
27 session, and become effective 45 days after presentation or at the end of the session,  
28 whichever is earlier, unless disapproved by a resolution concurred in by a majority of  
29 the member of each house;

30 (7) prescribe by regulation, after consultation with the state fire  
31 marshal and the state sanitarian, standards [IN ADDITION TO THE

1           REQUIREMENTS OF AS 18.15.145] that will assure healthful and safe conditions in  
 2           the public and private schools of the state including a requirement of physical  
 3           examinations and immunizations in pre-elementary schools; the standards for private  
 4           schools may not be more stringent than those for public schools;

5                       (8) exercise general supervision over pre-elementary schools that  
 6           receive direct state or federal funding;

7                       (9) exercise general supervision over elementary and secondary  
 8           correspondence study programs offered by municipal school districts or regional  
 9           educational attendance areas; the department may also offer and make available to any  
 10          Alaskan through a centralized office a correspondence study program;

11                      (10) accredit private schools that request accreditation and that meet  
 12          accreditation standards prescribed by regulation by the department; nothing in this  
 13          paragraph authorizes the department to require religious or other private schools to be  
 14          licensed;

15                      (11) review plans for construction of new public elementary and  
 16          secondary schools and for additions to and major rehabilitation of existing public  
 17          elementary and secondary schools and, in accordance with regulations adopted by the  
 18          department, determine and approve the extent of eligibility for state aid of a school  
 19          construction or major maintenance project; for the purposes of this paragraph, "plans"  
 20          include educational specifications, schematic designs, and final contract documents;

21                      (12) provide educational opportunities in the areas of vocational  
 22          education and training, and basic education to individuals over 16 years of age who  
 23          are no longer attending school;

24                      (13) administer the grants awarded under AS 14.11;

25                      (14) establish, in coordination with the Department of Public Safety, a  
 26          school bus driver training course;

27                      (15) require the reporting of information relating to school disciplinary  
 28          and safety programs under AS 14.33.120 and of incidents of disruptive or violent  
 29          behavior.

30          \* **Sec. 4.** AS 18.05.010 is repealed and reenacted to read:

31                      **Sec. 18.05.010. Administration of laws by department.** (a) The

1 Department of Health and Social Services shall administer the statutes and regulations  
2 relating to the promotion and protection of the public health as provided by law.

3 (b) In performing its duties under this chapter and AS 18.15.355 - 18.15.390,  
4 the department may

5 (1) flexibly utilize the broad range of powers set out in this title  
6 assigned to the department to protect and promote the public health;

7 (2) provide public health information programs or messages to the  
8 public that promote healthy behaviors or lifestyles, or educate individuals about health  
9 issues;

10 (3) promote efforts among public and private sector partners to  
11 develop and finance programs or initiatives that identify and ameliorate health  
12 problems;

13 (4) establish, finance, provide, or endorse performance management  
14 standards for the public health system;

15 (5) develop, adopt, and implement public health plans and formal  
16 policies through regulations adopted under AS 44.62 or collaborative  
17 recommendations that guide or support individual and community public health  
18 efforts;

19 (6) establish formal or informal relationships with public or private  
20 sector partners within the public health system;

21 (7) identify, assess, prevent, and ameliorate conditions of public health  
22 importance through surveillance; epidemiological tracking, program evaluation, and  
23 monitoring; testing and screening programs; treatment; administrative inspections; or  
24 other techniques;

25 (8) promote the availability and accessibility of quality health care  
26 services through health care facilities or providers;

27 (9) promote availability of and access to preventive and primary health  
28 care when not otherwise available through the private sector, including acute and  
29 episodic care, prenatal and postpartum care, child health, family planning, school  
30 health, chronic disease prevention, child and adult immunization, testing and screening  
31 services, dental health, nutrition, and health education and promotion services;

1 (10) systematically and regularly review the public health system to  
 2 recommend modifications in its structure or other features to improve public health  
 3 outcomes; and

4 (11) collaborate with public and private sector partners, including  
 5 municipalities, Alaska Native organizations, health care providers, and health insurers,  
 6 within the public health system to achieve the mission of public health.

7 \* **Sec. 5.** AS 18.05.040(a) is amended to read:

8 (a) The commissioner shall adopt regulations consistent with existing law for

9 (1) **the time, manner, information to be reported, and persons**  
 10 **responsible for reporting for each disease or other condition of public health**  
 11 **importance on the list developed under AS 18.15.370** [THE DEFINITION,  
 12 REPORTING, AND CONTROL OF DISEASES OF PUBLIC HEALTH  
 13 SIGNIFICANCE];

14 (2) cooperation with local boards of health and health officers;

15 (3) protection and promotion of the public health and prevention of  
 16 disability and mortality;

17 (4) the transportation of dead bodies;

18 (5) carrying out the purposes of this chapter;

19 (6) the conduct of its business and for carrying out the provisions of  
 20 laws of the United States and the state relating to public health;

21 (7) establishing the divisions and local offices and advisory groups  
 22 necessary or considered expedient to carry out or assist in carrying out a duty or power  
 23 assigned to it;

24 (8) the voluntary certification of laboratories to perform diagnostic,  
 25 quality control, or enforcement analyses or examinations based on recognized or  
 26 tentative standards of performance relating to analysis and examination of food to  
 27 include seafood, milk, water, and specimens from human beings submitted by licensed  
 28 physicians and nurses for analysis;

29 (9) the regulation of quality and purity of commercially compressed  
 30 oxygen sold for human respiration;

31 (10) the licensure of midwifery birth centers, except that the

1 commissioner may not require the presence of a physician or nurse midwife at a birth  
 2 resulting from a **low-risk** [LOW RISK] pregnancy attended by a direct-entry midwife  
 3 certified in this state;

4 **(11) establishing confidentiality and security standards for**  
 5 **information and records received under AS 18.15.355 - 18.15.390.**

6 \* **Sec. 6.** AS 18.05.061 is amended to read:

7 **Sec. 18.05.061. Penalty for violation.** A person who violates a provision of  
 8 **AS 18.05.040 - 18.05.042** [AS 18.05.040 - 18.05.046] or a regulation adopted under  
 9 **AS 18.05.040 - 18.05.042** [AS 18.05.040 - 18.05.046] is guilty of a misdemeanor and,  
 10 upon conviction, is punishable by a fine of not more than \$500, or by imprisonment  
 11 for not more than one year. Each day that a person continues a violation is a separate  
 12 offense.

13 \* **Sec. 7.** AS 18.05.070 is amended by adding a new paragraph to read:

14 (4) "condition of public health importance" means a disease,  
 15 syndrome, symptom, injury, or other threat to health that is identifiable on an  
 16 individual or community level and can reasonably be expected to lead to adverse  
 17 health effects in the community.

18 \* **Sec. 8.** AS 18.15 is amended by adding new sections to read:

19 **Article 7A. Public Health Authority and Powers.**

20 **Sec. 18.15.355. Prevention and control of conditions of public health**  
 21 **importance.** (a) The department may use the powers and provisions set out in  
 22 AS 18.15.355 - 18.15.390 to prevent, control, or ameliorate conditions of public health  
 23 importance or accomplish other essential public health services and functions.

24 (b) In performing its duties under AS 18.15.355 - 18.15.390, the department  
 25 may

26 (1) establish standards

27 (A) for the prevention, control, or amelioration of conditions of  
 28 public health importance;

29 (B) to accomplish other essential public health services and  
 30 functions; and

31 (2) adopt regulations to implement and interpret AS 18.15.355 -

1 18.15.390.

2 **Sec. 18.15.360. Data collection.** (a) The department is authorized to collect,  
3 analyze, and maintain databases of information related to

4 (1) risk factors identified for conditions of public health importance;

5 (2) morbidity and mortality rates for conditions of public health  
6 importance;

7 (3) community indicators relevant to conditions of public health  
8 importance; and

9 (4) any other data needed to accomplish or further the mission or goals  
10 of public health, or provide essential public health services and functions.

11 (b) The department is authorized to obtain information from federal, state, and  
12 local governmental agencies, Alaska Native organizations, health care providers, pre-  
13 hospital emergency medical services, or other private and public organizations  
14 operating in the state. The department may also use information available from other  
15 governmental and private sources, reports of hospital discharge data, information  
16 included in death certificates, other vital statistics, environmental data, and public  
17 information. The department may request information from and inspect health care  
18 records maintained by health care providers that identify individuals or characteristics  
19 of individuals with reportable diseases or other conditions of public health importance.

20 (c) The department may collect information to establish and maintain a  
21 comprehensive vaccination registry to aid, coordinate, and promote effective and cost-  
22 efficient disease prevention and control efforts in this state.

23 (d) The department may not acquire identifiable health information without  
24 complying with the provisions of AS 18.15.355 - 18.15.390 and regulations adopted  
25 under those statutes.

26 **Sec. 18.15.365. Information security safeguards.** The department shall  
27 acquire, use, disclose, and store identifiable health information in a confidential  
28 manner that safeguards the security of the information, and maintain such information  
29 in a physically and technologically secure environment.

30 **Sec. 18.15.370. Reportable disease list.** The department shall maintain a list  
31 of reportable diseases or other conditions of public health importance that must be

1 reported to the department. The list may include birth defects, cancers, injuries, and  
 2 diseases or other conditions caused by exposure to microorganisms; pathogens; or  
 3 environmental, toxic, or other hazardous substances. The department shall regularly  
 4 maintain and may revise the list. The department may also establish registries for  
 5 diseases and conditions that must be reported to the department.

6 **Sec. 18.15.375. Epidemiological investigation.** (a) The department may  
 7 investigate conditions of public health importance in this state through methods of  
 8 epidemiological investigation. The department may also ascertain the existence of  
 9 cases of illness or other conditions of public health importance, investigate potential  
 10 sources of exposure or infection and ensure that they are subject to proper control  
 11 measures, and determine the extent of the disease outbreak, epidemic, risk to health  
 12 and safety, or disaster.

13 (b) Investigations under this section may include identification of individuals  
 14 who have been or may have been exposed to or affected by a condition of public  
 15 health importance, interviewing and testing those individuals, examining facilities or  
 16 materials that may pose a threat to the public's health, and interviewing other  
 17 individuals. In conducting the investigations the department may

18 (1) identify all individuals thought to have been exposed to any agent  
 19 that may be a potential cause of the disease outbreak, epidemic, or disaster;

20 (2) interview, test, examine or screen an individual where needed to  
 21 assist in the positive identification of those exposed or affected, or to develop  
 22 information relating to the source or spread of the disease or other condition of public  
 23 health importance; and

24 (3) inspect health care records maintained by a health care provider.

25 (c) When testing, screening, or examining an individual under this section, the  
 26 department shall adhere to the following requirements:

27 (1) the department may not require the testing, examination, or  
 28 screening of an individual without the consent of the individual or the individual's  
 29 legal guardian, except as otherwise provided in this section or other law;

30 (2) the department may require testing, examination, or screening of a  
 31 nonconsenting individual only upon an order of a state medical officer, and only upon

1 a finding that the individual has or may have been exposed to a contagious disease that  
2 poses a significant risk to the public's health; the order must be personally served on  
3 the person to be tested, examined, or screened within a reasonable period of time  
4 before the testing, examination, or screening is to take place;

5 (3) the department must obtain an ex parte order in accordance with (d)  
6 of this section if the individual to be tested, examined, or screened objects to the state  
7 medical officer's order;

8 (4) a health care practitioner shall perform an examination under this  
9 section; the person to be examined may, under conditions specified by the state  
10 medical officer, choose the health care practitioner who will perform the examination;

11 (5) a testing, examination, or screening program shall be conducted for  
12 the sole purpose of identifying a condition of public health importance that poses a  
13 threat to the public's health and may be avoided, cured, alleviated, or made less  
14 contagious through safe and effective treatment, modifications in individual behavior,  
15 or public health intervention;

16 (6) before testing, examination, or screening, the department shall  
17 explain to the individual or individual's legal representative the nature, scope,  
18 purposes, benefits, risks, and possible results of the testing, examination, or screening;

19 (7) in conjunction with or directly after the dissemination of the results  
20 of the testing, examination, or screening, the department shall fully inform the  
21 individual or individual's legal representative of the results of the testing, examination,  
22 or screening.

23 (d) A judicial officer may issue an ex parte order for testing, examination, or  
24 screening upon a showing of probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, that the  
25 individual has or may have been exposed to a contagious disease that poses a  
26 significant risk to the public's health. The court shall specify the duration of the  
27 ex parte order for a period not to exceed five days. To conduct the testing,  
28 examination, or screening of an individual who is not being detained under an order of  
29 isolation or quarantine, the court may order a peace officer to take the individual into  
30 protective custody until a hearing is held on the ex parte petition, if a hearing is  
31 requested.

1 (e) The individual subject to the ex parte order must be given, with the petition  
2 and order, a form to request a hearing to vacate the ex parte order. If a hearing is  
3 requested to vacate the ex parte order, the court shall hold the hearing within three  
4 working days after the date the request is filed with the court. The public shall be  
5 excluded from a hearing under this subsection unless the individual subject to the  
6 ex parte order elects to have the hearing open.

7 **Sec. 18.15.380. Medical treatment.** (a) A health care practitioner or public  
8 health agent who examines or treats an individual who has or may have been exposed  
9 to a contagious disease shall instruct the individual about the measures for preventing  
10 transmission of the disease and the need for treatment.

11 (b) The department may administer medication or other medical treatment,  
12 including the use of directly observed therapy where appropriate, to a consenting  
13 individual who has or may have been exposed to a contagious disease.

14 (c) An individual has the right to refuse treatment and may not be required to  
15 submit to involuntary treatment.

16 **Sec. 18.15.385. Isolation and quarantine.** (a) The department may isolate  
17 or quarantine an individual or group of individuals in accordance with regulations  
18 adopted by the department consistent with the provisions of this section and other law.

19 (b) The department shall adhere to the following conditions and standards  
20 when isolating or quarantining an individual or group of individuals:

21 (1) isolation and quarantine shall be by the least restrictive means  
22 necessary to prevent the spread of a contagious or possibly contagious disease or  
23 hazardous material to others; isolation and quarantine may include confinement to  
24 private homes or other private and public premises;

25 (2) isolated individuals shall be confined separately from quarantined  
26 individuals;

27 (3) the health status of an isolated or quarantined individual shall be  
28 monitored regularly to determine whether the individual continues to require isolation  
29 or quarantine;

30 (4) if a quarantined individual subsequently becomes infected or is  
31 reasonably believed to have become infected with a contagious or possibly contagious

1 disease, the individual shall promptly be removed to isolation;

2 (5) the department shall immediately terminate an isolation and  
3 quarantine order when an individual poses no substantial risk of transmitting a  
4 contagious or possibly contagious disease to others.

5 (c) The department may authorize health care practitioners, public health  
6 agents, or others access to an individual in isolation or quarantine as necessary to meet  
7 the needs of the isolated or quarantined individual. Any individual entering isolation  
8 or quarantine premises with or without authorization of the department may be  
9 isolated or quarantined if needed to protect the public's health.

10 (d) Before quarantining or isolating an individual, the department shall obtain  
11 a written order from the superior court authorizing the isolation or quarantine, unless  
12 the individual consents to the quarantine or isolation. The department shall file a  
13 petition for a written order under this subsection and the petition must

14 (1) allege

15 (A) the identity of each individual proposed to be quarantined  
16 or isolated;

17 (B) the premises subject to isolation or quarantine;

18 (C) the date and time the isolation or quarantine is to begin;

19 (D) the suspected contagious disease;

20 (E) that the individual poses a substantial risk to public health;

21 (F) whether testing, screening, examination, treatment, or  
22 related procedures are necessary;

23 (G) that the individual is unable or unwilling to behave so as  
24 not to expose other individuals to danger of infection; and

25 (H) that the department is complying or will comply with (b) of  
26 this section; and

27 (2) be accompanied by an affidavit signed by a state medical officer  
28 attesting to the facts asserted in the petition; the petition shall be personally served  
29 according to court rules, along with notice of the time and place of the hearing under  
30 (f) of this section.

31 (e) Notwithstanding (d) of this section, when the department has probable

1 cause to believe that the delay involved in seeking a court order imposing isolation or  
2 quarantine would pose a clear and immediate threat to the public health, a state  
3 medical officer in the department may issue an emergency administrative order to  
4 temporarily isolate or quarantine an individual or group of individuals. An emergency  
5 administrative order of temporary quarantine or isolation by a state medical officer is  
6 enforceable by any peace officer in this state. Within 24 hours after implementation of  
7 the emergency administrative order, the department shall notify the superior court by  
8 filing a petition under (d) of this section that also alleges that the emergency action  
9 was necessary to prevent or limit the transmission of a contagious or possibly  
10 contagious disease to others that would pose an immediate threat to the public health.  
11 The petition must be signed by a state medical officer.

12 (f) An individual served with a petition under (d) of this section or an  
13 emergency administrative order to temporarily isolate or quarantine under (e) of this  
14 section has the right to a court hearing. The court shall hold a hearing within 48 hours  
15 of a petition being filed. The department may request a continuance of the hearing for  
16 up to five days. The court may grant the continuance for good cause shown and in  
17 extraordinary circumstances, giving due regard to the rights of the affected  
18 individuals, the protection of the public's health, the severity of the need for isolation  
19 or quarantine, and other evidence. During a continuance, an isolated or quarantined  
20 individual shall remain in isolation or quarantine. The court may order the  
21 consolidation of individual claims into group claims if the number of individuals  
22 affected is so large as to render individual participation impractical, there are questions  
23 of law or fact common to the individual claims or rights to be determined, the group  
24 claims or rights are typical of the affected individuals' claims or rights, and the entire  
25 group can be adequately represented. The public shall be excluded from a hearing  
26 under this section unless the respondent elects to have the hearing open under (g)(2) of  
27 this section.

28 (g) An individual who is the respondent of a petition under (d) or (e) of this  
29 section is entitled to an attorney to represent the individual at the hearing. If the  
30 individual cannot afford an attorney, the court shall direct the public defender agency  
31 to provide an attorney. The court may, upon request of the individual's attorney, direct

1 the office of public advocacy to provide a guardian ad litem for the individual. During  
2 the hearing, the respondent has the right to

3 (1) view and copy all petitions and reports in the court file of the  
4 respondent's case;

5 (2) elect to have the hearing open to the public;

6 (3) have the rules of evidence and civil procedure applied so as to  
7 provide for the informal but efficient presentation of evidence;

8 (4) have an interpreter if the respondent does not understand English;

9 (5) present evidence on the respondent's behalf;

10 (6) cross-examine witnesses who testify against the respondent;

11 (7) call experts and other witnesses to testify on the respondent's  
12 behalf; and

13 (8) participate in the hearing; under this paragraph participation may  
14 be by telephone if the respondent presents a substantial risk of transmitting a  
15 contagious or possibly contagious disease to others.

16 (h) At the conclusion of the hearing the court may commit the respondent to  
17 isolation or quarantine for not more than 30 days if the court finds, by clear and  
18 convincing evidence, that the isolation or quarantine is necessary to prevent or limit  
19 the transmission to others of a disease that poses a substantial risk to the public's  
20 health. The court may issue other orders as necessary. Orders are enforceable by a  
21 peace officer of this state. The order shall

22 (1) identify the isolated or quarantined individual or group of  
23 individuals by name or shared or similar characteristics or circumstances;

24 (2) specify factual findings warranting isolation or quarantine under  
25 this section;

26 (3) include any conditions necessary to ensure that isolation or  
27 quarantine is carried out within the stated purposes and restrictions of this section; and

28 (4) be served on the affected individual or group of individuals in  
29 accordance with existing court rules.

30 (i) Before the expiration of an order issued under (h) of this section, the court  
31 may continue isolation or quarantine for additional periods not to exceed 30 days upon

1 a showing by the department by clear and convincing evidence that such action is  
 2 necessary to prevent or limit the transmission to others of a disease that poses a  
 3 substantial risk to the public's health.

4 (j) An isolated or quarantined individual or group of individuals may apply to  
 5 the court for an order to show cause why isolation or quarantine should not be  
 6 terminated. The court shall rule on the application to show cause within 48 hours after  
 7 its filing. An isolated or quarantined individual or group of individuals may request a  
 8 hearing in the court for remedies regarding breaches of the conditions of isolation or  
 9 quarantine. A request for a hearing may not stay or enjoin an isolation or quarantine  
 10 order. Where extraordinary circumstances justify the immediate granting of relief, the  
 11 court shall fix a date for hearing on the alleged matters within 24 hours after receipt of  
 12 the request. Otherwise, the court shall fix a date for hearing on the alleged matters  
 13 within five days after receipt of a request.

14 (k) The provisions of this section apply to minors. All notices required to be  
 15 served on an individual shall also be served on the parents or guardians of an  
 16 individual who is an unemancipated minor; however, parents or guardians of the  
 17 minor do not have party status in the proceedings under this section.

18 (l) The department shall adopt regulations to protect, as much as possible, the  
 19 privacy rights of individuals subject to isolation or quarantine under this section.

20 **Sec. 18.15.387. Powers of the department in a public health disaster.** If  
 21 the governor declares a condition of disaster emergency under AS 26.23.020(c) due to  
 22 an outbreak of disease or a credible threat of an imminent outbreak of disease, the  
 23 department, in coordination with the Department of Military and Veterans' Affairs,  
 24 may

25 (1) close, direct, and compel the evacuation of, or decontaminate or  
 26 cause to be decontaminated any facility if there is reasonable cause to believe that the  
 27 facility may endanger the public's health;

28 (2) decontaminate or cause to be decontaminated, or destroy, any  
 29 material if there is reasonable cause to believe that the material may endanger the  
 30 public's health;

31 (3) inspect, control, restrict, and regulate, by rationing and using

1 quotas, prohibitions on shipments, allocation, or other means, the use, sale, dispensing,  
2 distribution, or transportation of food, fuel, clothing, medicines, and other  
3 commodities, as may be reasonable and necessary to respond to the disaster;

4 (4) adopt and enforce measures to provide for the safe disposal of  
5 infectious waste or contaminated material as may be reasonable and necessary to  
6 respond to the disaster; these measures may include the collection, storage, handling,  
7 destruction, treatment, transportation, or disposal of infectious waste or contaminated  
8 material;

9 (5) require all bags, boxes, or other containers of infectious waste or  
10 contaminated material to be clearly identified as containing infectious waste or  
11 contaminated material, and if known, the type of infectious waste or contaminated  
12 material;

13 (6) adopt and enforce measures to provide for the safe disposal of  
14 human remains as may be reasonable and necessary to respond to the disaster; these  
15 measures may include the embalming, burial, cremation, interment, disinterment,  
16 transportation, or disposal of human remains;

17 (7) take possession or control of any human remains, require clear  
18 labeling of human remains before disposal with all available information to identify  
19 the decedent and the circumstances of death, and require that the human remains of a  
20 deceased individual with a contagious disease or transmissible agent have an external,  
21 clearly visible tag indicating that the human remains are infected and, if known, the  
22 contagious disease or transmissible agent;

23 (8) require persons in charge of disposing of any human remains to  
24 maintain and promptly deliver to the department a written or electronic record of each  
25 set of human remains, the disposal of the remains, and all available information to  
26 identify the decedent including fingerprints, photographs, dental information, and a  
27 deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) specimen of the human remains;

28 (9) order the disposal of the human remains of an individual who has  
29 died of a contagious disease or transmissible agent through burial or cremation within  
30 24 hours after death, taking into account the religious, cultural, family, and individual  
31 beliefs of the deceased individual and the individual's family;

1 (10) require any business or facility holding a funeral establishment  
 2 permit issued under AS 08.42.100 to accept human remains and provide the use of its  
 3 business or facility as is reasonable and necessary to respond to the disaster and, if  
 4 necessary, to transfer the management and supervision of the business or facility to the  
 5 state during the course of the disaster;

6 (11) procure, by condemnation or otherwise, a business or facility  
 7 authorized to embalm, bury, cremate, inter, disinter, transport, and dispose of human  
 8 remains under the laws of this state as may be reasonable and necessary to respond to  
 9 the disaster, with the right to take immediate possession of the facilities;

10 (12) appoint and prescribe the duties of emergency assistant medical  
 11 examiners as may be required for the proper performance of the duties of the office;  
 12 the appointment of emergency assistant medical examiners may not exceed the  
 13 termination of the declaration of a state of disaster; the department may terminate an  
 14 emergency appointment made under this paragraph for any reason.

15 **Sec. 18.15.390. Definitions.** In AS 18.15.355 - 18.15.390, unless the context  
 16 otherwise requires,

17 (1) "Alaska Native organization" means an organization recognized by  
 18 the United States Indian Health Service to provide health-related services;

19 (2) "condition of public health importance" means a disease,  
 20 syndrome, symptom, injury, or other threat to health that is identifiable on an  
 21 individual or community level and can reasonably be expected to lead to adverse  
 22 health effects in the community;

23 (3) "contagious disease" means an infectious disease that can be  
 24 transmitted from individual to individual;

25 (4) "contaminated material" means wastes or other materials exposed  
 26 to or tainted by chemical, radiological, or biological substances or agents;

27 (5) "court" means a court of competent jurisdiction under state law;

28 (6) "decontaminate" means to remove or neutralize chemical,  
 29 radiological, or biological substances or residues from individuals, buildings, objects,  
 30 or areas;

31 (7) "directly observed therapy" means a technique used to ensure that

1 an infectious individual complies with the individual's treatment regimen, whereby a  
 2 health worker observes the individual to ensure the ingestion of the individual's  
 3 medication for each dose the individual is required to take over the course of the  
 4 individual's treatment;

5 (8) "disease outbreak" means the sudden and rapid increase in the  
 6 number of cases of a disease or other condition of public health importance in a  
 7 population;

8 (9) "epidemic" means the occurrence in a community or region of a  
 9 group of similar conditions of public health importance that are in excess of normal  
 10 expectancy and derived from a common or propagated source;

11 (10) "essential public health services and functions" mean services and  
 12 functions to

13 (A) monitor health status to identify and solve community  
 14 health problems;

15 (B) investigate and diagnose health problems and health  
 16 hazards in the community;

17 (C) inform, educate, and empower individual people about  
 18 health issues;

19 (D) mobilize public and private sector collaboration and action  
 20 to identify and solve health problems;

21 (E) develop policies, plans, and programs that support  
 22 individual and community health efforts;

23 (F) enforce statutes and regulations of this state that protect  
 24 health and ensure safety;

25 (G) link individuals to needed health services and facilitate the  
 26 provision of health care when otherwise unavailable;

27 (H) assure a competent public health workforce;

28 (I) evaluate effectiveness, accessibility, and quality of personal  
 29 and population-based health services; or

30 (J) research for new insights and innovative solutions to health  
 31 problems;

1 (11) "health care practitioner" means a physician, nurse practitioner, or  
 2 physician assistant authorized to practice their respective professions in this state;

3 (12) "health care provider" means any person that provides health care  
 4 services; "health care provider" includes hospitals, medical clinics and offices, special  
 5 care facilities, medical laboratories, physicians, pharmacists, dentists, physician  
 6 assistants, nurses, paramedics, emergency medical or laboratory technicians,  
 7 community health workers, and ambulance and emergency medical workers;

8 (13) "identifiable health information" means any information, whether  
 9 oral, written, electronic, visual, pictorial, physical, or any other form, that relates to an  
 10 individual's past, present, or future physical or mental health status, condition,  
 11 treatment, service, products purchased, or provisions of care, and

12 (A) that reveals the identity of the individual whose health care  
 13 is the subject of the information; or

14 (B) regarding which there is a reasonable basis to believe that  
 15 the information could be used, either alone or with other information that is, or  
 16 should reasonably be known to be, available to predictable recipients of the  
 17 information, to reveal the identity of that individual;

18 (14) "infectious disease" means a disease caused by a living organism  
 19 or other pathogen, including a fungus, bacteria, parasite, protozoan, or virus; an  
 20 infectious disease may be transmissible from individual to individual, animal to  
 21 individual, or insect to individual;

22 (15) "infectious waste" means

23 (A) biological waste, including blood and blood products,  
 24 excretions, exudates, secretions, suctioning and other body fluids, and waste  
 25 materials saturated with blood or body fluids;

26 (B) cultures and stocks, including

27 (i) etiologic agents and associated biologicals;

28 (ii) specimen cultures and dishes and devices used to  
 29 transfer, inoculate, and mix cultures;

30 (iii) wastes from production of biologicals and serums;

31 and

1 (iv) discarded, killed, or attenuated vaccines;

2 (C) except for teeth or formaldehyde or other preservative  
3 agents, pathological waste, including

4 (i) biopsy materials and all human tissues;

5 (ii) anatomical parts that emanate from surgery,  
6 obstetrical procedures, necropsy or autopsy, and laboratory procedures;  
7 and

8 (iii) animal carcasses exposed to pathogens in research  
9 and the bedding and other waste from such animals; and

10 (D) sharps, including needles, intravenous tubing with needles  
11 attached, scalpel blades, lancets, breakable glass tubes, and syringes that have  
12 been removed from their original sterile containers;

13 (16) "isolation" means the physical separation and confinement of an  
14 individual who is, or group of individuals who are, infected or reasonably believed to  
15 be infected with a contagious or possibly contagious disease from nonisolated  
16 individuals, to prevent or limit the transmission of the disease to nonisolated  
17 individuals;

18 (17) "public health agent" means an official or employee of the  
19 department who is authorized to carry out provisions of AS 18.15.355 - 18.15.390;

20 (18) "public information" means information that is generally open to  
21 inspection or review by the public;

22 (19) "quarantine" means the physical separation and confinement of an  
23 individual or group of individuals, who are or may have been exposed to a contagious  
24 or possibly contagious disease and who do not show signs or symptoms of a  
25 contagious disease, from nonquarantined individuals, to prevent or limit the  
26 transmission of the disease to nonquarantined individuals;

27 (20) "screening" means the systematic application of a testing or  
28 examination to a defined population;

29 (21) "specimen" means blood; sputum; urine; stool; or other bodily  
30 fluids, wastes, tissues, and cultures necessary to perform required tests;

31 (22) "state medical officer" means a physician licensed to practice

1 medicine by this state and employed by the department, with responsibilities for public  
2 health matters;

3 (23) "testing" means any diagnostic or investigative analysis or  
4 medical procedure that determines the presence or absence of, or exposure to, a  
5 condition of public health importance, or its precursor, in an individual;

6 (24) "transmissible agent" means a biological substance capable of  
7 causing disease or infection through individual to individual, animal to individual, or  
8 other modes of transmission;

9 (25) "vaccination" means a suspension of attenuated or noninfectious  
10 microorganisms or derivative antigens administered to stimulate antibody production  
11 or cellular immunity against a pathogen for the purpose of preventing, ameliorating, or  
12 treating an infectious disease.

13 \* **Sec. 9.** AS 18.85.100(a) is amended to read:

14 (a) An indigent person who is under formal charge of having committed a  
15 serious crime and the crime has been the subject of an initial appearance or subsequent  
16 proceeding, or is being detained under a conviction of a serious crime, or is on  
17 probation or parole, or is entitled to representation under the Supreme Court  
18 Delinquency or Child in Need of Aid Rules, or is **isolated, quarantined, or required**  
19 **to be tested** [DETAINED] under an order issued under **AS 18.15.355 - 18.15.390**  
20 [AS 18.15.120 - 18.15.149], or against whom commitment proceedings for mental  
21 illness have been initiated, is entitled

22 (1) to be represented, in connection with the crime or proceeding, by  
23 an attorney to the same extent as a person retaining an attorney is entitled; and

24 (2) to be provided with the necessary services and facilities of this  
25 representation, including investigation and other preparation.

26 \* **Sec. 10.** AS 22.15.100 is amended to read:

27 **Sec. 22.15.100. Functions and powers of district judge and magistrate.**

28 Each district judge and magistrate has the power

29 (1) to issue writs of habeas corpus for the purpose of inquiring into the  
30 cause of restraint of liberty, returnable before a judge of the superior court, and the  
31 same proceedings shall be had on the writ as if it had been granted by the superior

1 court judge under the laws of the state in such cases;

2 (2) of a notary public;

3 (3) to solemnize marriages;

4 (4) to issue warrants of arrest, summons, and search warrants  
5 according to manner and procedure prescribed by law and the supreme court;

6 (5) to act as an examining judge or magistrate in preliminary  
7 examinations in criminal proceedings; to set, receive, and forfeit bail and to order the  
8 release of defendants under bail;

9 (6) to act as a referee in matters and actions referred to the judge or  
10 magistrate by the superior court, with all powers conferred upon referees by laws;

11 (7) of the superior court in all respects including but not limited to  
12 contempts, attendance of witnesses, and bench warrants;

13 (8) to order the temporary detention of a minor, or take other action  
14 authorized by law or rules of procedure, in cases arising under AS 47.10 or AS 47.12,  
15 when the minor is in a condition or surrounding dangerous or injurious to the welfare  
16 of the minor or others that requires immediate action; the action may be continued in  
17 effect until reviewed by the superior court in accordance with rules of procedure  
18 governing these cases;

19 (9) to issue a protective order in cases involving

20 (A) domestic violence as provided in AS 18.66.100 -  
21 18.66.180; or

22 (B) stalking as provided in AS 18.65.850 - 18.65.870;

23 (10) to review an administrative revocation of a person's driver's  
24 license or nonresident privilege to drive, and an administrative refusal to issue an  
25 original license, when designated as a hearing officer by the commissioner of  
26 administration and with the consent of the administrative director of the state court  
27 system;

28 (11) to establish the fact of death or inquire into the death of a person  
29 in the manner prescribed under AS 09.55.020 - 09.55.069;

30 **(12) to issue an ex parte testing, examination, or screening order**  
31 **according to the manner and procedure prescribed by AS 18.15.375.**

1 \* **Sec. 11.** AS 44.21.410(a) is amended to read:

2 (a) The office of public advocacy shall

3 (1) perform the duties of the public guardian under AS 13.26.360 -  
4 13.26.410;

5 (2) provide visitors and experts in guardianship proceedings under  
6 AS 13.26.131;

7 (3) provide guardian ad litem services to children in child protection  
8 actions under AS 47.17.030(e) and to wards and respondents in guardianship  
9 proceedings who will suffer financial hardship or become dependent upon a  
10 government agency or a private person or agency if the services are not provided at  
11 state expense under AS 13.26.025;

12 (4) provide legal representation in cases involving judicial bypass  
13 procedures for minors seeking abortions under AS 18.16.030, in guardianship  
14 proceedings to respondents who are financially unable to employ attorneys under  
15 AS 13.26.106(b), to indigent parties in cases involving child custody in which the  
16 opposing party is represented by counsel provided by a public agency, to indigent  
17 parents or guardians of a minor respondent in a commitment proceeding concerning  
18 the minor under AS 47.30.775;

19 (5) provide legal representation and guardian ad litem services under  
20 AS 25.24.310; in cases arising under AS 47.15 (Uniform Interstate Compact on  
21 Juveniles); in cases involving petitions to adopt a minor under AS 25.23.125(b) or  
22 petitions for the termination of parental rights on grounds set out in  
23 AS 25.23.180(c)(3); in cases involving petitions to remove the disabilities of a minor  
24 under AS 09.55.590; in children's proceedings under AS 47.10.050(a) or under  
25 AS 47.12.090; in cases involving appointments under AS 18.66.100(a) in petitions for  
26 protective orders on behalf of a minor; and in cases involving indigent persons who  
27 are entitled to representation under AS 18.85.100 and who cannot be represented by  
28 the public defender agency because of a conflict of interests;

29 (6) develop and coordinate a program to recruit, select, train, assign,  
30 and supervise volunteer guardians ad litem from local communities to aid in delivering  
31 services in cases in which the office of public advocacy is appointed as guardian ad

1 litem;

2 (7) provide guardian ad litem services in proceedings under  
3 AS 12.45.046 **or AS 18.15.355 - 18.15.390**;

4 (8) establish a fee schedule and collect fees for services provided by  
5 the office, except as provided in AS 18.85.120 or when imposition or collection of a  
6 fee is not in the public interest as defined under regulations adopted by the  
7 commissioner of administration;

8 (9) provide visitors and guardians ad litem in proceedings under  
9 AS 47.30.839;

10 (10) provide legal representation to an indigent parent of a child with a  
11 disability; in this paragraph, "child with a disability" has the meaning given in  
12 AS 14.30.350.

13 \* **Sec. 12.** AS 18.05.044, 18.05.046; AS 18.15.120, 18.15.130, 18.15.131, 18.15.133,  
14 18.15.135, 18.15.136, 18.15.137, 18.15.139, 18.15.140, 18.15.143, 18.15.145, 18.15.147,  
15 18.15.149, and 18.15.350 are repealed.

16 \* **Sec. 13.** This Act takes effect immediately under AS 01.10.070(c).