



LAWS OF ALASKA

2000

Source
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Chapter No.
99

AN ACT

Relating to regulation of managed care insurance plans; amending Rule 602, Alaska Rules of Appellate Procedure; and providing for an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

THE ACT FOLLOWS ON PAGE 1

Approved by the Governor: June 1, 2000
Actual Effective Date: July 1, 2001

AN ACT

1 Relating to regulation of managed care insurance plans; amending Rule 602, Alaska Rules of
2 Appellate Procedure; and providing for an effective date.

3

4 * **Section 1.** The uncodified law of the State of Alaska is amended by adding a new
5 section to read:

6 **SHORT TITLE.** Section 2 of this Act may be known as the Alaska Patients' Bill of
7 Rights.

8 * **Sec. 2.** AS 21 is amended by adding a new chapter to read:

9 **Chapter 07. Regulation of Managed Care Insurance Plans.**

10 **Sec. 21.07.010. Patient and health care provider protection.** (a) A contract
11 between a participating health care provider and a managed care entity that offers a
12 group managed care plan must contain a provision that

13 (1) provides for a reasonable mechanism to identify all health care
14 services to be provided by the managed care entity;

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1 (2) clearly states or references an attachment that states the health care
2 provider's rate of compensation;

3 (3) clearly states all ways in which the contract between the health care
4 provider and managed care entity may be terminated; a provision that provides for
5 discretionary termination by either party must apply equitably to both parties;

6 (4) provides that, in the event of a dispute between the parties to the
7 contract, a fair, prompt, and mutual dispute resolution process must be used; at a
8 minimum, the process must provide

9 (A) for an initial meeting at which all parties are present or
10 represented by individuals with authority regarding the matters in dispute; the
11 meeting shall be held within 10 working days after the plan receives written
12 notice of the dispute or gives written notice to the provider, unless the parties
13 otherwise agree in writing to a different schedule;

14 (B) that if, within 30 days following the initial meeting, the
15 parties have not resolved the dispute, the dispute shall be submitted to
16 mediation directed by a mediator who is mutually agreeable to the parties and
17 who is not regularly under contract to or employed by either of the parties;
18 each party shall bear its proportionate share of the cost of mediation, including
19 the mediator fees;

20 (C) that if, after a period of 60 days following commencement
21 of mediation, the parties are unable to resolve the dispute, either party may
22 seek other relief allowed by law;

23 (D) that the parties shall agree to negotiate in good faith in the
24 initial meeting and in mediation;

25 (5) states that a health care provider may not be penalized or the health
26 care provider's contract terminated by the managed care entity because the health care
27 provider acts as an advocate for a covered person in seeking appropriate, medically
28 necessary health care services;

29 (6) protects the ability of a health care provider to communicate openly
30 with a covered person about all appropriate diagnostic testing and treatment options;
31 and

1 (7) defines words in a clear and concise manner.

2 (b) A contract between a participating health care provider and a managed care
3 entity that offers a group managed care plan may not contain a provision that

4 (1) has as its predominant purpose the creation of direct financial
5 incentives to the health care provider for withholding covered health care services that
6 are medically necessary; nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to prohibit a
7 contract between a participating health care provider and a managed care entity from
8 containing incentives for efficient management of the utilization and cost of covered
9 health care services;

10 (2) requires the provider to contract for all products that are currently
11 offered or that may be offered in the future by the managed care entity; and

12 (3) requires the health care provider to be compensated for health care
13 services performed at the same rate as the health care provider has contracted with
14 another managed care entity.

15 (c) A managed care entity may not enter into a contract with a health care
16 provider that requires the provider to indemnify or hold harmless the managed care
17 entity for the acts or conduct of the managed care entity. An indemnification or hold
18 harmless clause entered into in violation of this subsection is void.

19 **Sec. 21.07.020. Required contract provisions for group managed care**
20 **plans.** A group managed care plan must contain

21 (1) a provision that preauthorization for a covered medical procedure
22 on the basis of medical necessity may not be retroactively denied unless the
23 preauthorization is based on materially incomplete or inaccurate information provided
24 by or on behalf of the provider;

25 (2) a provision for emergency room services if any coverage is
26 provided for treatment of a medical emergency;

27 (3) a provision that covered health care services be reasonably available
28 in the community in which a covered person resides or that, if referrals are required
29 by the plan, adequate referrals outside the community be available if the health care
30 service is not available in the community;

31 (4) a provision that any utilization review decision

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1 (A) must be made within 72 hours after receiving the request
2 for preapproval for nonemergency situations; for emergency situations,
3 utilization review decisions for care following emergency services must be
4 made as soon as is practicable but in any event no later than 24 hours after
5 receiving the request for preapproval or for coverage determination; and

6 (B) to deny, reduce, or terminate a health care benefit or to
7 deny payment for a health care service because that service is not medically
8 necessary shall be made by an employee or agent of the managed care entity
9 who is a licensed health care provider;

10 (5) a provision that provides for an internal appeal mechanism for a
11 covered person who disagrees with a utilization review decision made by a managed
12 care entity; except as provided under (6) of this section, this appeal mechanism must
13 provide for a written decision

14 (A) from the managed care entity within 18 working days after
15 the date written notice of an appeal is received; and

16 (B) on the appeal by an employee or agent of the managed care
17 entity who holds the same professional license as the health care provider who
18 is treating the covered person;

19 (6) a provision that provides for an internal appeal mechanism for a
20 covered person who disagrees with a utilization review decision made by a managed
21 care entity in any case in which delay would, in the written opinion of the treating
22 provider, jeopardize the covered person's life or materially jeopardize the covered
23 person's health; the managed care entity shall

24 (A) decide an appeal described in this paragraph within 72
25 hours after receiving the appeal; and

26 (B) provide for a written decision on the appeal by an employee
27 or agent of the managed care entity who holds the same professional license
28 as the health care provider who is treating the covered person;

29 (7) a provision that discloses the existence of the right to an external
30 appeal of a utilization review decision made by a managed care entity; the external
31 appeal shall be as conducted in accordance with AS 21.07.050;

1 (8) a provision that discloses covered benefits, optional supplemental
2 benefits, and benefits relating to and restrictions on nonparticipating provider services;

3 (9) a provision that describes the preapproval requirements and whether
4 clinical trials or experimental or investigational treatment are covered;

5 (10) a provision describing a mechanism for assignment of benefits for
6 health care providers and payment of benefits;

7 (11) a provision describing availability of prescription medications or
8 a formulary guide, and whether medications not listed are excluded; if a formulary
9 guide is made available, the guide must be updated annually; and

10 (12) a provision describing available translation or interpreter services,
11 including audiotape or braille information.

12 **Sec. 21.07.030. Choice of health care provider.** (a) If a managed care entity
13 offers a group health plan that provides for coverage of health care services only if the
14 services are furnished through a network of health care providers that have entered into
15 a contract with the managed care entity, the managed care entity shall also offer a non-
16 network option to enrollees at initial enrollment, as provided under (c) of this section.
17 The non-network option may require that a covered person pay a higher deductible,
18 copayment, or premium for the plan if the higher deductible, copayment, or premium
19 results from increased costs caused by the use of a non-network provider. The
20 managed care entity shall provide an actuarial demonstration of the increased costs to
21 the director at the director's request. If the increased costs are not justified, the
22 director shall require the managed care entity to recalculate the appropriate costs
23 allowed and resubmit the appropriate deductible, copayment, or premium to the
24 director. This subsection does not apply to an enrollee who is offered non-network
25 coverage through another group health plan or through another managed care entity in
26 the group market.

27 (b) The amount of any additional premium charged by the managed care entity
28 for the additional cost of the creation and maintenance of the option described in (a)
29 of this section and the amount of any additional cost sharing imposed under this option
30 shall be paid by the enrollee unless it is paid by the employer through agreement with
31 the managed care entity.

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1 (c) An enrollee may make a change to the health care coverage option
2 provided under this section only during a time period determined by the managed care
3 entity. The time period described in this subsection must occur at least annually and
4 last for at least 15 working days.

5 (d) If a managed care entity that offers a group managed care plan requires or
6 provides for a designation by an enrollee of a participating primary care provider, the
7 managed care entity shall permit the enrollee to designate any participating primary
8 care provider that is available to accept the enrollee.

9 (e) Except as provided in this subsection, a managed care entity that offers a
10 group managed care plan shall permit an enrollee to receive medically necessary or
11 appropriate specialty care, subject to appropriate referral procedures, from any qualified
12 participating health care provider that is available to accept the individual for medical
13 care. This subsection does not apply to specialty care if the managed care entity
14 clearly informs enrollees of the limitations on choice of participating health care
15 providers with respect to medical care. In this subsection,

16 (1) "appropriate referral procedures" means procedures for referring
17 patients to other health care providers as set out in the applicable member contract and
18 as described under (a) of this section;

19 (2) "specialty care" means care provided by a health care provider with
20 training and experience in treating a particular injury, illness, or condition.

21 (f) If a contract between a health care provider and a managed care entity is
22 terminated, a covered person may continue to be treated by that health care provider
23 as provided in this subsection. If a covered person is pregnant or being actively
24 treated by a provider on the date of the termination of the contract between that
25 provider and the managed care entity, the covered person may continue to receive
26 health care services from that provider as provided in this subsection, and the contract
27 between the managed care entity and the provider shall remain in force with respect
28 to the continuing treatment. The covered person shall be treated for the purposes of
29 benefit determination or claim payment as if the provider were still under contract with
30 the managed care entity. However, treatment is required to continue only while the
31 group managed care plan remains in effect and

- 1 (1) for the period that is the longest of the following:
- 2 (A) the end of the current plan year;
- 3 (B) up to 90 days after the termination date, if the event
- 4 triggering the right to continuing treatment is part of an ongoing course of
- 5 treatment; or
- 6 (C) through completion of postpartum care, if the covered
- 7 person is pregnant on the date of termination; or
- 8 (2) until the end of the medically necessary treatment for the condition,
- 9 disease, illness, or injury if the person has a terminal condition, disease, illness, or
- 10 injury; in this paragraph, "terminal" means a life expectancy of less than one year.

11 (g) The requirements of this section do not apply to health care services
12 covered by Medicaid.

13 **Sec. 21.07.040. Confidentiality of managed care information.** (a)
14 Notwithstanding AS 21.86.280, medical and financial information in the possession of
15 a managed care entity regarding an applicant or a current or former person covered by
16 a managed care plan is confidential and is not subject to public disclosure.

17 (b) This section does not apply to medical information that is disclosed if
18 (1) the individual whose identity is disclosed gives oral, electronic, or
19 written consent to the disclosure;

20 (2) the information is disclosed for research
21 (A) that is subject to federal law and regulations protecting the
22 rights and welfare of research participants; or

23 (B) using health information that protects the confidentiality of
24 participants by coding or encryption of information that would otherwise
25 identify the patient;

26 (3) the information is disclosed for purposes of obtaining
27 reimbursement under health insurance;

28 (4) the information is disclosed at the written request of the covered
29 person;

30 (5) the disclosure is required by law.

31 (c) Nothing in this section may be construed to prohibit the exchange of

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1 medical information between and among health care providers of an applicant or a
2 current or former person covered by a managed care plan for purposes of providing
3 health care services.

4 **Sec. 21.07.050. External health care appeals.** (a) A managed care entity
5 offering group health insurance coverage shall provide for an external appeal process
6 that meets the requirements of this section in the case of an externally appealable
7 decision for which a timely appeal is made in writing either by the managed care
8 entity or by the enrollee.

9 (b) A managed care entity may condition the use of an external appeal process
10 in the case of an externally appealable decision upon a final decision in an internal
11 appeal under AS 21.07.020, but only if the decision is made in a timely basis
12 consistent with the deadlines provided under this chapter.

13 (c) Except as provided in this subsection, the external appeal process shall be
14 conducted under a contract between the managed care entity and one or more external
15 appeal agencies that have qualified under AS 21.07.060. The managed care entity
16 shall provide

17 (1) that the selection process among external appeal agencies qualifying
18 under AS 21.07.060 does not create any incentives for external appeal agencies to
19 make a decision in a biased manner;

20 (2) for auditing a sample of decisions by external appeal agencies to
21 assure that decisions are not made in a biased manner; and

22 (3) that all costs of the process, except those incurred by the enrollee
23 or treating professional in support of the appeal, shall be paid by the managed care
24 entity and not by the enrollee.

25 (d) An external appeal process must include at least the following:

26 (1) a fair, de novo determination based on coverage provided by the
27 plan and by applying terms as defined by the plan; however, nothing in this paragraph
28 may be construed as providing for coverage of items and services for which benefits
29 are excluded under the plan or coverage;

30 (2) an external appeal agency shall determine whether the managed care
31 entity's decision is (A) in accordance with the medical needs of the patient involved,

1 as determined by the managed care entity, taking into account, as of the time of the
2 managed care entity's decision, the patient's medical needs and any relevant and
3 reliable evidence the agency obtains under (3) of this subsection, and (B) in
4 accordance with the scope of the covered benefits under the plan; if the agency
5 determines the decision complies with this paragraph, the agency shall affirm the
6 decision, and, to the extent that the agency determines the decision is not in
7 accordance with this paragraph, the agency shall reverse or modify the decision;

8 (3) the external appeal agency shall include among the evidence taken
9 into consideration

10 (A) the decision made by the managed care entity upon internal
11 appeal under AS 21.07.020 and any guidelines or standards used by the
12 managed care entity in reaching a decision;

13 (B) any personal health and medical information supplied with
14 respect to the individual whose denial of claim for benefits has been appealed;

15 (C) the opinion of the individual's treating physician or health
16 care provider; and

17 (D) the group managed care plan;

18 (4) the external appeal agency may also take into consideration the
19 following evidence:

20 (A) the results of studies that meet professionally recognized
21 standards of validity and replicability or that have been published in peer-
22 reviewed journals;

23 (B) the results of professional consensus conferences conducted
24 or financed in whole or in part by one or more government agencies;

25 (C) practice and treatment guidelines prepared or financed in
26 whole or in part by government agencies;

27 (D) government-issued coverage and treatment policies;

28 (E) generally accepted principles of professional medical
29 practice;

30 (F) to the extent that the agency determines it to be free of any
31 conflict of interest, the opinions of individuals who are qualified as experts in

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1 one or more fields of health care that are directly related to the matters under
2 appeal;

3 (G) to the extent that the agency determines it to be free of any
4 conflict of interest, the results of peer reviews conducted by the managed care
5 entity involved;

6 (H) the community standard of care; and

7 (I) anomalous utilization patterns;

8 (5) an external appeal agency shall determine

9 (A) whether a denial of a claim for benefits is an externally
10 appealable decision;

11 (B) whether an externally appealable decision involves an
12 expedited appeal; and

13 (C) for purposes of initiating an external review, whether the
14 internal appeal process has been completed;

15 (6) a party to an externally appealable decision may submit evidence
16 related to the issues in dispute;

17 (7) the managed care entity involved shall provide the external appeal
18 agency with access to information and to provisions of the plan or health insurance
19 coverage relating to the matter of the externally appealable decision, as determined by
20 the external appeal agency; and

21 (8) a determination by the external appeal agency on the decision must

22 (A) be made orally or in writing and, if it is made orally, shall
23 be supplied to the parties in writing as soon as possible;

24 (B) be made in accordance with the medical exigencies of the
25 case involved, but in no event later than 21 working days after the appeal is
26 filed, or, in the case of an expedited appeal, 72 hours after the time of
27 requesting an external appeal of the managed care entity's decision;

28 (C) state, in layperson's language, the basis for the
29 determination, including, if relevant, any basis in the terms or conditions of the
30 plan or coverage; and

31 (D) inform the enrollee of the individual's rights, including any

1 time limits, to seek further review by the courts of the external appeal
2 determination.

3 (e) If the external appeal agency reverses or modifies the denial of a claim for
4 benefits, the managed care entity shall

5 (1) upon receipt of the determination, authorize benefits in accordance
6 with that determination;

7 (2) take action as may be necessary to provide benefits, including items
8 or services, in a timely manner consistent with the determination; and

9 (3) submit information to the external appeal agency documenting
10 compliance with the agency's determination.

11 (f) A decision of an external appeal agency is binding unless a person who is
12 aggrieved by a final decision of an external appeal agency appeals the decision to the
13 superior court.

14 (g) An appeal of a final decision of an external appeal agency must be filed
15 within six months after the date of the decision of the external appeal agency.

16 (h) In this section, "externally appealable decision"

17 (1) means

18 (A) a denial of a claim for benefits that is based in whole or in
19 part on a decision that the item or service is not medically necessary or
20 appropriate or is investigational or experimental, or in which the decision as to
21 whether a benefit is covered involves a medical judgment; or

22 (B) a denial that is based on a failure to meet an applicable
23 deadline for internal appeal under AS 21.07.020;

24 (2) does not include a decision based on specific exclusions or express
25 limitations on the amount, duration, or scope of coverage that do not involve medical
26 judgment, or a decision regarding whether an individual is a participant, beneficiary,
27 or enrollee under the plan or coverage.

28 **Sec. 21.07.060. Qualifications of external appeal agencies.** (a) An external
29 appeal agency qualifies to consider external appeals if, with respect to a group health
30 plan, the agency is certified by a qualified private standard-setting organization
31 approved by the director or by a health insurer operating in this state as meeting the

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1 requirements imposed under (b) of this section.

2 (b) An external appeal agency is qualified to consider appeals of group health
3 plan health care decisions if the agency meets the following requirements:

4 (1) the agency meets the independence requirements of this section;

5 (2) the agency conducts external appeal activities through a panel of
6 two clinical peers, unless otherwise agreed to by both parties; and

7 (3) the agency has sufficient medical, legal, and other expertise and
8 sufficient staffing to conduct external appeal activities for the managed care entity on
9 a timely basis consistent with this chapter.

10 (c) A clinical peer or other entity meets the independence requirements of this
11 section if

12 (1) the peer or entity does not have a familial, financial, or professional
13 relationship with a related party;

14 (2) compensation received by a peer or entity in connection with the
15 external review is reasonable and not contingent on any decision rendered by the peer
16 or entity;

17 (3) the plan and the issuer have no recourse against the peer or entity
18 in connection with the external review; and

19 (4) the peer or entity does not otherwise have a conflict of interest with
20 a related party.

21 (d) In this section, "related party" means

22 (1) with respect to

23 (A) a group health plan or health insurance coverage offered in
24 connection with a plan, the plan or the insurer offering the coverage; or

25 (B) individual health insurance coverage, the insurer offering
26 the coverage, or any plan sponsor, fiduciary, officer, director, or management
27 employee of the plan or issuer;

28 (2) the health care professional that provided the health care involved
29 in the coverage decision;

30 (3) the institution at which the health care involved in the coverage
31 decision is provided;

1 (4) the manufacturer of any drug or other item that was included in the
2 health care involved in the coverage decision;

3 (5) the covered person; or

4 (6) any other party that, under the regulations that the director may
5 prescribe, is determined by the director to have a substantial interest in the coverage
6 decision.

7 **Sec. 21.07.070. Limitation on liability of reviewers.** An external appeal
8 agency qualifying under AS 21.07.060 and having a contract with a managed care
9 entity, and a person who is employed by the agency or who furnishes professional
10 services to the agency, may not be held by reason of the performance of any duty,
11 function, or activity required or authorized under this chapter to have violated any
12 criminal law, or to be civilly liable if due care was exercised in the performance of the
13 duty, function or activity and there was no actual malice or gross misconduct in the
14 performance of the duty, function, or activity.

15 **Sec. 21.07.080. Religious nonmedical providers.** This chapter may not be
16 construed to

17 (1) restrict or limit the right of a managed care entity to include health
18 care services provided by a religious nonmedical provider as health care services
19 covered by the managed care plan;

20 (2) require a managed care entity, when determining coverage for
21 health care services provided by a religious nonmedical provider, to

22 (A) apply medically based eligibility standards;

23 (B) use health care providers to determine access by a covered
24 person;

25 (C) use health care providers in making a decision on an
26 internal or external appeal; or

27 (D) require a covered person to be examined by a health care
28 provider as a condition of coverage; or

29 (3) require a managed care plan to exclude coverage for health care
30 services provided by a religious nonmedical provider because the religious nonmedical
31 provider is not providing medical or other data required from a health care provider

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1 if the medical or other data is inconsistent with the religious nonmedical treatment or
2 nursing care being provided.

3 **Sec. 21.07.090. Construction.** This chapter may not be construed to supersede
4 or change the provisions of 29 U.S.C. 1001 - 1191 (Employee Retirement Income
5 Security Act of 1974) as those provisions apply to self-insured employers.

6 **Sec. 21.07.250. Definitions.** In this chapter,

7 (1) "clinical peer" means a health care provider who is licensed to
8 provide the same or similar health care services and who is trained in the specialty or
9 subspecialty applicable to the health care services that are provided;

10 (2) "clinical trial" means treatment, research, study, or investigation
11 over a period of time of an injury, illness, or medical condition;

12 (3) "emergency room services" means health care services provided by
13 a hospital or other emergency facility after the sudden onset of a medical condition
14 that manifests itself by symptoms of sufficient severity, including severe pain, that the
15 absence of immediate medical attention would reasonably be expected by a prudent
16 person who possesses an average knowledge of health and medicine to result in

17 (A) the placing of the person's health in serious jeopardy;

18 (B) a serious impairment to bodily functions; or

19 (C) a serious dysfunction of a bodily organ or part;

20 (4) "group managed care plan" or "plan" means a group health
21 insurance plan operated by a managed care entity;

22 (5) "health care provider" means a person licensed in this state or
23 another state of the United States to provide health care services;

24 (6) "health care services" means treatment of an individual for an
25 injury, illness, or disability and includes preventative treatment of an injury or illness;

26 (7) "health insurance" has the meaning given in AS 21.12.050(a);

27 (8) "managed care" means a contract given to an individual, family, or
28 group of individuals under which a member is entitled to receive a defined set of
29 health care benefits in exchange for defined consideration and that requires the member
30 to comply with utilization review guidelines; "managed care" does not include
31 Medicaid coverage under 42 U.S.C. 1396 - 1396p (Social Security Act);

1 (9) "managed care contractor" means a contractor who establishes,
2 operates, or maintains a network of participating health care providers, conducts or
3 arranges for utilization review activities, and contracts with a managed care entity;

4 (10) "managed care entity" means an insurer, a hospital or medical
5 service corporation, a health maintenance organization, an employer or employee
6 health care organization, a managed care contractor that operates a group managed care
7 plan, or a person who has a financial interest in health care services provided to an
8 individual;

9 (11) "medical emergency" means the sudden onset of a medical
10 condition that manifests itself by symptoms of sufficient severity, including severe pain
11 that in the absence of immediate medical attention would reasonably be expected by
12 a prudent person who possesses an average knowledge of health and medicine to result
13 in

14 (A) the placing of the person's health in serious jeopardy;

15 (B) a serious impairment to bodily functions; or

16 (C) a serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part;

17 (12) "participating health care provider" means a health care provider
18 who has entered into an agreement with a managed care entity to provide services or
19 supplies to a patient covered by a group managed care plan;

20 (13) "primary care provider" means a health care provider who provides
21 general health care services and does not specialize in treating a single injury, illness,
22 or condition or who provides obstetrical, gynecological, or pediatric health care
23 services;

24 (14) "provider" means a health care provider;

25 (15) "religious nonmedical provider" means a person who does not
26 provide medical care, but who provides only religious nonmedical treatment or nursing
27 care for an illness or injury;

28 (16) "utilization review" means a system of reviewing the medical
29 necessity, appropriateness, or quality of health care services and supplies provided
30 under a group managed care plan using specified guidelines, including preadmission
31 certification, the application of practice guidelines, continued stay review, discharge

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1 planning, preauthorization of ambulatory procedures, and retrospective review;
2 (17) "working day" means a day of the week that is not a Saturday,
3 Sunday, or a holiday.

4 * Sec. 3. AS 21.36.125 is amended by adding a new paragraph to read:

5 (16) violate a provision contained in AS 21.07.

6 * Sec. 4. The uncodified law of the State of Alaska is amended by adding a new section
7 to read:

8 INDIRECT COURT RULE AMENDMENT. AS 21.07.050(g), as enacted by sec. 2
9 of this Act, has the effect of amending Rule 602, Alaska Rules of Appellate Procedure, by
10 providing that an appeal from a decision of an external appeal agency must be filed within
11 six months of the decision of the external appeal agency.

12 * Sec. 5. The uncodified law of the State of Alaska is amended by adding a new section
13 to read:

14 CONDITIONAL EFFECT. AS 21.07.050(g), as enacted by sec. 2 of this Act, takes
15 effect only if sec. 4 of this Act receives the two-thirds majority vote of each house required
16 by art. IV, sec. 15, Constitution of the State of Alaska.

17 * Sec. 6. This Act takes effect July 1, 2001.