

Fiscal Note

State of Alaska
2025 Legislative Session

Bill Version: HB 89
 Fiscal Note Number: _____
 () Publish Date: _____

Identifier: HB089-JUD-ACS-03-07-25
 Title: GUN VIOLENCE PROTECTIVE ORDERS
 Sponsor: JOSEPHSON
 Requester: House State Affairs Committee

Department: Judiciary
 Appropriation: Alaska Court System
 Allocation: Trial Courts
 OMB Component Number: 768

Expenditures/Revenues

Note: Amounts do not include inflation unless otherwise noted below. (Thousands of Dollars)

	FY2026	Included in	Out-Year Cost Estimates				
	Appropriation Requested	Governor's FY2026 Request	FY 2027	FY 2028	FY 2029	FY 2030	FY 2031
OPERATING EXPENDITURES	FY 2026	FY 2026					
Personal Services							
Travel							
Services							
Commodities							
Capital Outlay							
Grants & Benefits							
Miscellaneous							
Total Operating	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Fund Source (Operating Only)

None							
Total	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Positions

Full-time							
Part-time							
Temporary							

Change in Revenues

None							
Total	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Estimated SUPPLEMENTAL (FY2025) cost: 0.0 *(separate supplemental appropriation required)*

Estimated CAPITAL (FY2026) cost: 0.0 *(separate capital appropriation required)*

Does the bill create or modify a new fund or account? No
(Supplemental/Capital/New Fund - discuss reasons and fund source(s) in analysis section)

ASSOCIATED REGULATIONS

Does the bill direct, or will the bill result in, regulation changes adopted by your agency? N/A
 If yes, by what date are the regulations to be adopted, amended or repealed?

Why this fiscal note differs from previous version/comments:

Initial version.

Prepared By: <u>Nancy Meade, General Counsel</u>	Phone: <u>(907)463-4736</u>
Division: <u>Alaska Court System</u>	Date: <u>03/07/2025 10:00 AM</u>
Approved By: <u>Stacey Marz, Administrative Director</u>	Date: <u>03/07/25</u>
Agency: <u>Alaska Court System</u>	

FISCAL NOTE ANALYSIS

STATE OF ALASKA
2025 LEGISLATIVE SESSION

BILL NO. HB 89

Analysis

House Bill 89 would allow petitioners to seek a new kind of civil protective order from the court. Under section 6, a peace officer or household member who believes that a person is a danger to self or others by possessing, owning, purchasing, or receiving a firearm may petition for a protective order against the person. Generally, the bill provides that the court will handle these new types of petitions similarly to the way it currently handles domestic violence protective order proceedings. If the petitioner requests, the initial hearing may be ex parte, and may result in a short-term protective order (20-day) being issued by the court (new AS 18.65.820); if the petitioner requests long-term protection, a hearing will be scheduled and a six-month order may then be issued (new AS 18.65.815)

Section 6 of the bill, in new AS 18.65.830, also requires a court that issues a gun violence protective order to order the respondent to surrender or sell their firearms, and file with the court a receipt showing that the firearms have been surrendered.

The court anticipates that it can absorb the increase in protective order filings that will result under this bill with no fiscal impact.

Section 6 of the bill, new AS 18.65.835(b), requires the court system to prepare new forms for the petitions and orders, as well as instructions for those who may be interested in filing a gun violence protective order. This task will take court staff time to implement, but the court system anticipates that it can accomplish the work with existing staffing resources.

The court therefore submits this zero fiscal note.