#### ALASKA · STATE · CAPITOL

### Appropriations

### Limits

House Ways & Means Committee March 13, 2023 Rob Carpenter Legislative Finance Division

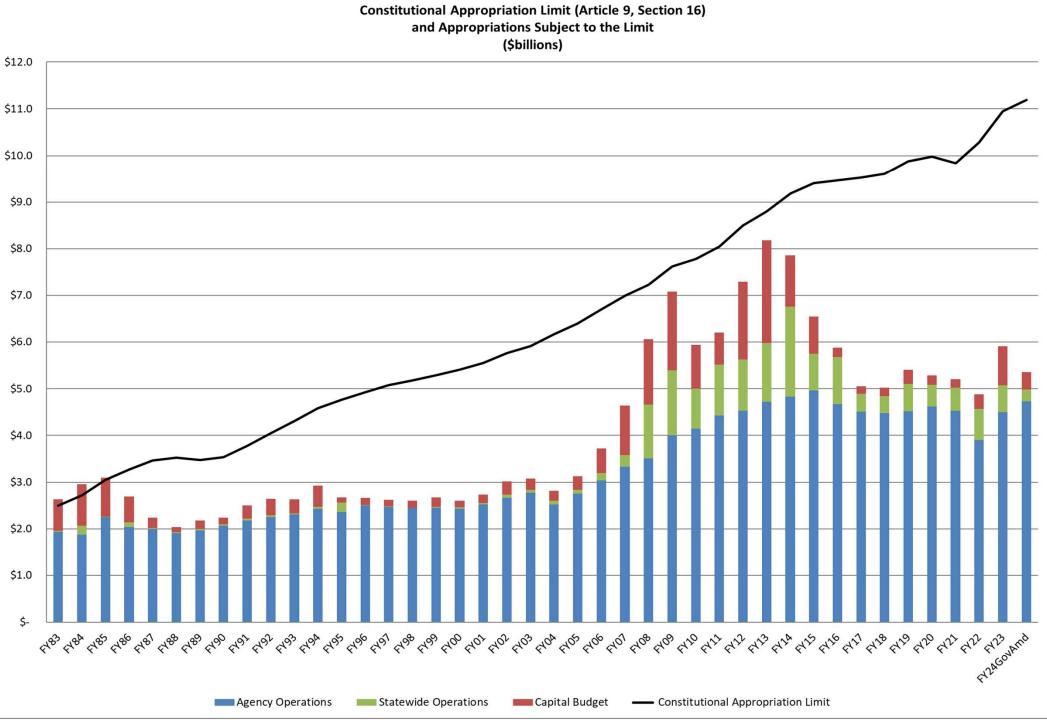
## Outline of presentation

- Current Constitutional Appropriations Limit
- Current Statutory Appropriations Limit
- Calculation and Modeling Assumptions HB 38/HJR 2
- Historical and Projected Modeling HB 38/ HJR 2

# Constitutional Appropriation Limit

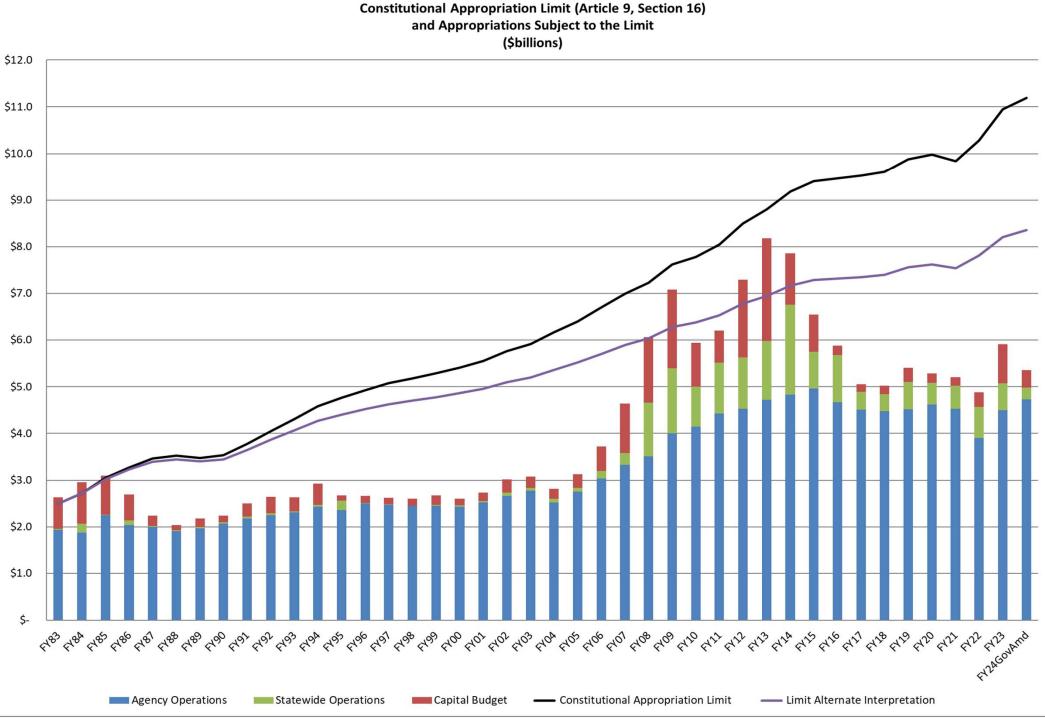
Article IX, §16 of the Alaska Constitution

- Appropriations from the treasury (implies exclusion of transfers and duplicate appropriations) made for a fiscal year shall not exceed \$2.5 billion by more than the cumulative change in the population and inflation since July 1, 1981.
- Exceptions: 1) PFD's, 2) Revenue Bond Proceeds, 3) Debt Service on GO Bonds, 4) federal funding, 5) revenue of public enterprises/corporations (that issue revenue bonds), 6) school debt reimbursement (AG opinion).
- Estimated to be \$11.2 billion for FY24
- Also requires that 1/3 of the limit must be reserved for capital projects



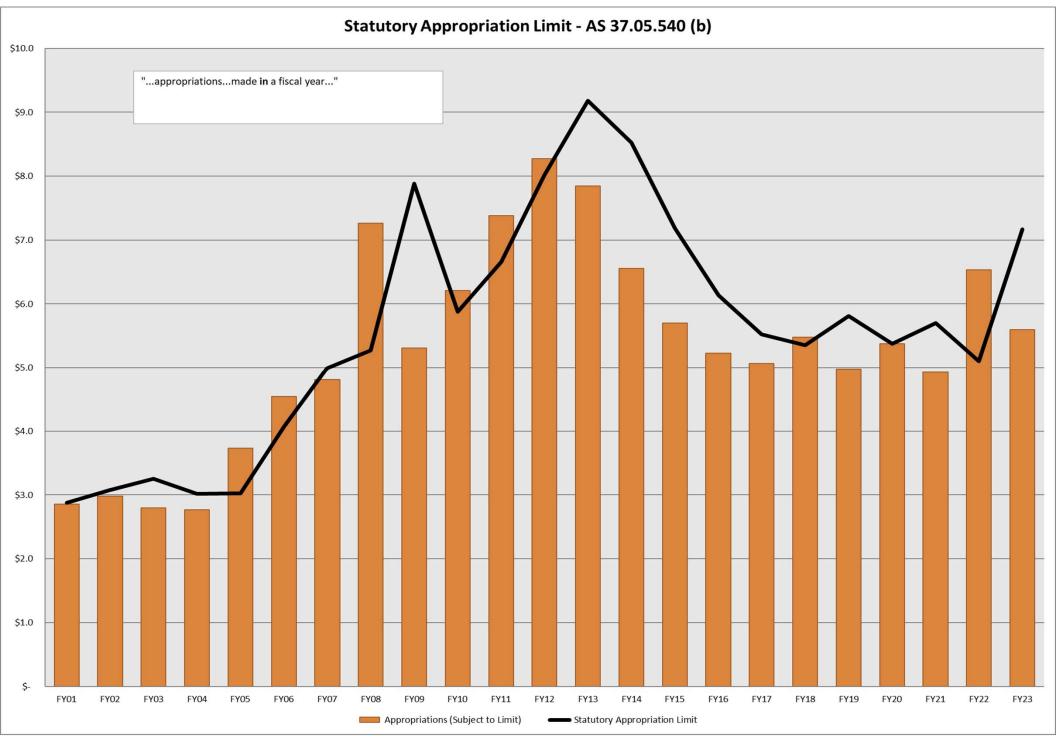
### Constitutional Limit Calculation

- \$2.5 billion by more than the cumulative change in population and inflation
  - Currently calculated as such:
    - \$2.5B \* (1+P)\*(1+I)
      - P = Cumulative change in Population
      - I Cumulative change in Inflation
  - Reinterpreted calculation:
    - \$2.5B \* (1+(P+I))
  - "and" typically denotes addition in Mathematics
    - Argument further supported by the MOA tax cap calculation



### Statutory Appropriation Limit AS 37.05.540 (b)

- Based on appropriations made *in* a fiscal year versus *for* a fiscal year
  - For example, this limit applies to appropriations made in FY23 (this session) for the FY24 budget and supplemental appropriations for FY23
- Uses similar exclusions as the Constitutional limit
  - LFD does not differentiate for modeling purposes
- Limit may not exceed appropriations made in the preceding fiscal year by more than five percent plus the change in population and inflation since the beginning of the preceding fiscal year
- Given the constitutional power of appropriation, this limit has largely been ignored



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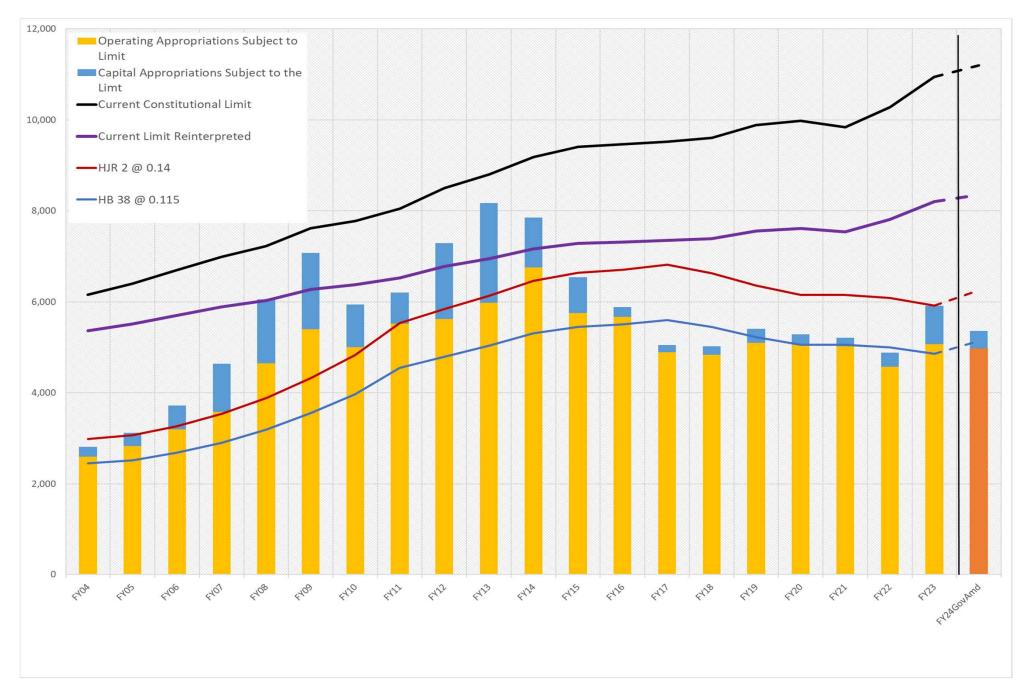
#### HB 38/HJR2 Calculations and Modeling Assumptions

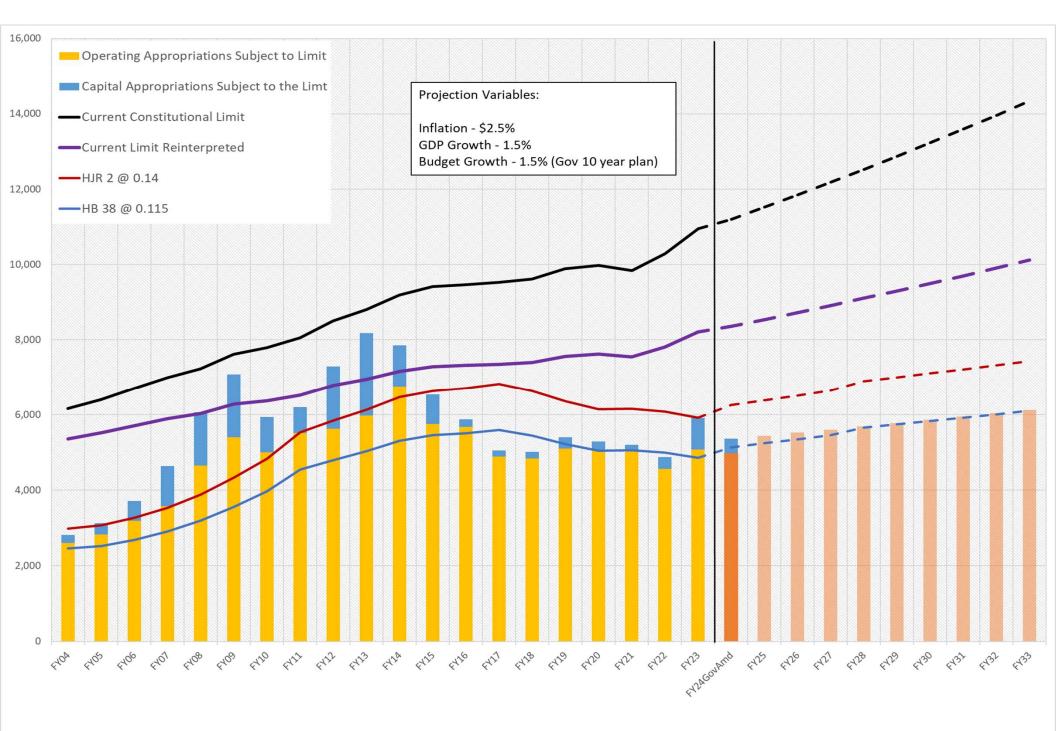
- Applicability "for the five calendar years immediately preceding the previous fiscal year."
  - The previous fiscal year is intended to be the year prior to the year the limit applies.
    - E.g. Today we are working on appropriations FOR FY24 where the limit would apply.
    - The previous fiscal year is therefore FY23
  - The 5 calendar years preceding FY23:
    - FY23 began July 1, 2022
    - Therefore applies to the calendar years 2022 back to 2017

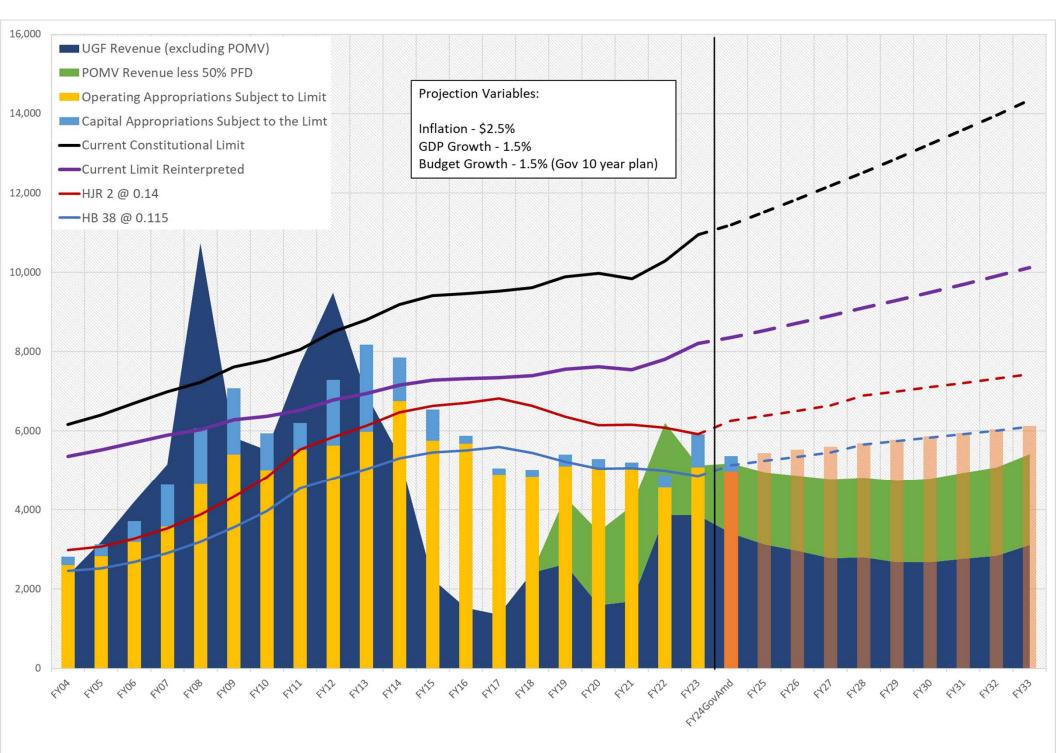
#### HB 38/HJR2 Calculations and Modeling Assumptions (cont.)

- Limits Calculation for FY24
  - Average value of
  - real gross domestic product
  - for calendar years 2017 to 2022
  - less government spending
  - Multiply by 11.5% or 14%

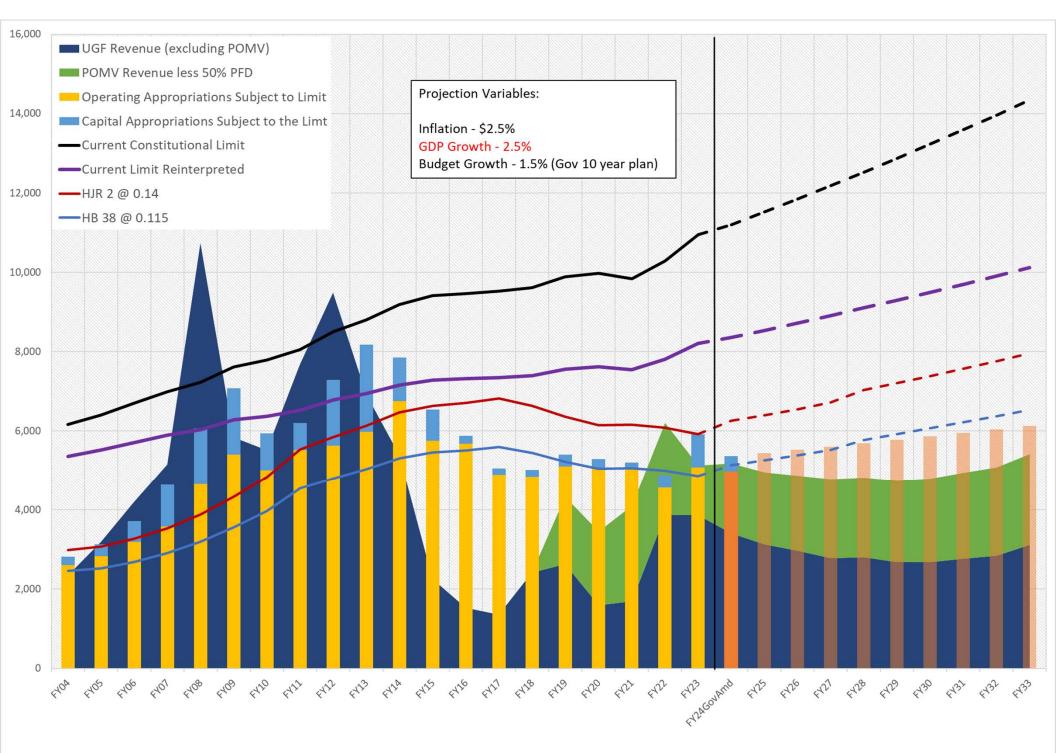
HB 38 -	2017	46,047.6	HJR2 -	2017	46,047.6
	2018	45,805.2		2018	45,805.2
	2019	45,008.5		2019	45,008.5
	2020	41,052.6		2020	41,052.6
	2021	45,506.9		2021	45,506.9
	Average	44,684.2		Average	44,684.2
	11.5%	5,138.7		14.0%	6,255.8



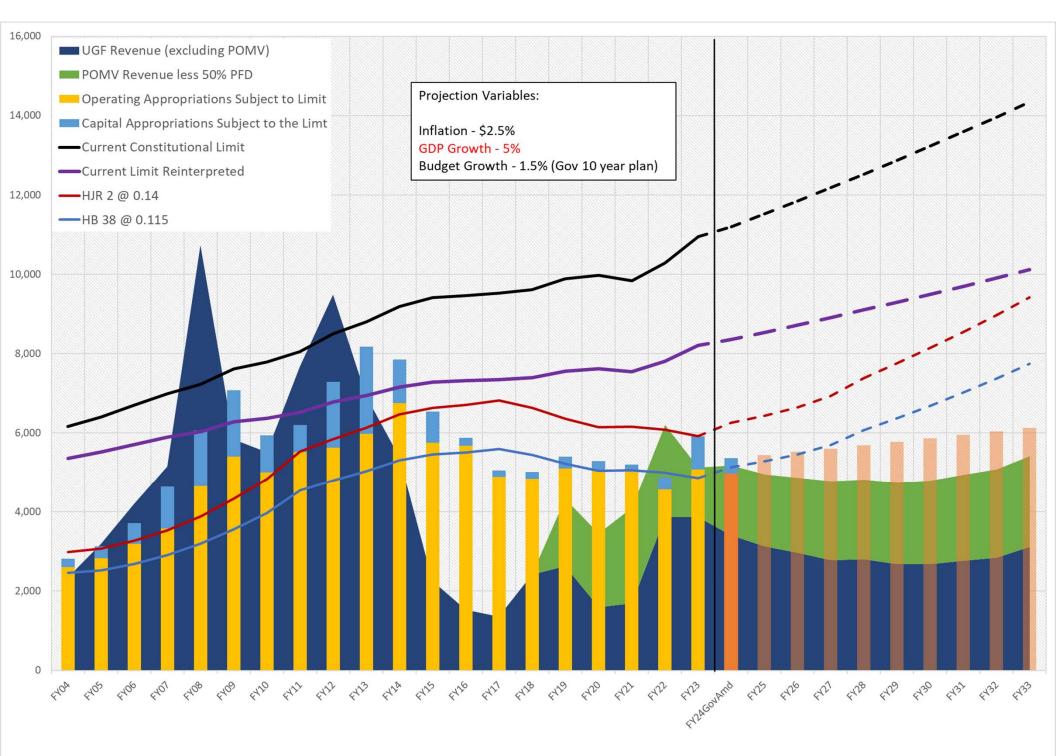




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# Questions?

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