



EXEMPT VETERINARIANS

from the Prescription Drug Monitoring Program

Author: Alaska State Veterinary Medical Association

SB 51: AN ACT **EXEMPTING** VETERINARIANS FROM THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE PRESCRIPTION DATABASE.

THE ALASKA STATE VETERINARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION (AKVMA) SUPPORTS SB 51.

THE ALASKA BOARD OF VETERINARY EXAMINERS (BOVE) SUPPORTS SB 51.

THE ALASKA BOARD OF PHARMACY SUPPORTS EXEMPTING VETERINARIANS FROM PARTICIPATING IN THE PDMP

2.18.2022 Board of Pharmacy Meeting Voted and Passed Motion to Support





Background: The PDMP

Dear President Meyer and Speaker Chenault,

Senate Bill 74: Medice exclose exclose exclose provide a directive to the following jointly prepare exception of schedule II with the scribes recommended guidelines for the prescription of schedule II with the schedule in the schedule is the serve on the Division of Corporation Professional Licensing's Joint Committee on Prescriptive Guidelines to complete this report.

- Board of Dental Examiners: Dr. Thomas Kovaleski, DDS
- Medical Board: Dr. Grant Roderer, MD
- Board of Nursing: Wendy Thon, MSN, APRN, FAANP
- Board of Examiners in Optometry: Dr. Paul Barney, OD
- Board of Pharmacy: Leif Holm, RPH

The legislature requested that guidelines be drafted with the goal of reducing the over-prescription of highly addictive schedule II controlled substances. The committee reviewed several existing recommendations and popprofit organizations, notably:

2008: Alaska's PDMP established by SB 196.

2017: In reaction to growing opioid epidemic, the PDMP was amended by via HB 159 to include all DEA permit holders, including veterinarians.

Neither AKVMA nor BOVE were consulted regarding this amendment.

PDMP reporting is required for all actively licensed practitioners who hold a Federal Drug Enforcement Agency registration number and who **prescribe**, **administer**, **or dispense** federally scheduled II – IV controlled substances in the state.



The PDMP is not an effective database for veterinarians or our patients.

- The PDMP was established for human medicine. Querying of PDMP data for animals is not possible with the PDMP (and reported drugs for an animal are not visible in the PDMP database).
- A query is made on the individual(s) that bring the animal to the veterinarian and human data is obtained, not animal data.
- Human data obtained from the PDMP query is not usable for the veterinarian. Veterinarians are not trained in human medicine to understand what the dosages mean.



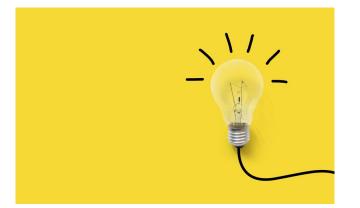
Querying of human PDMP information is invasion into an individual's medical privacy.

- Clients find it intrusive when the veterinarian is required to query their private health data in the PDMP.
- An individual's private medication information becomes known to the veterinarian for certain drugs, such as narcotics, sedatives, and stimulants.

Examples of some common medications seen include, but are not limited to: Adderall, Ritalin, anabolic steroids such as testosterone, postpartum depression medications, sex hormones, Xanax, Klonopin, Valium, Ativan, Domar, and sleep aids like Ambien and Lunesta.

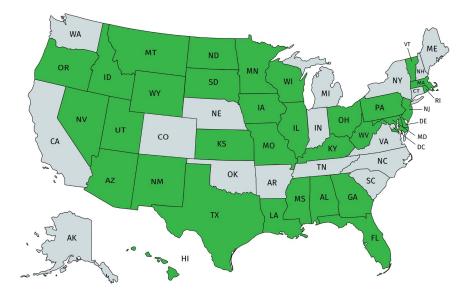
Veterinarians are monitored by the Drug Enforcement Agency and must adhere to controlled substance regulations.

- Veterinarians who prescribe or dispense controlled substances are licensed through the Drug Enforcement Agency (DEA). There is already a significant level of accountability, record keeping, and medication storage requirements that veterinarians must adhere to.
- Distributors of controlled substances monitor utilization patterns of veterinarians. The Suspicious Order Monitoring System is in place and data is gathered by distribution companies who are required by the DEA to monitor and report unusual purchase patterns a veterinarian may have. Distributors are required to flag purchases that fall outside of norms for either previous purchase history or the norms for practices of similar size/type. DEA oversight is to control/prevent diversion from licensed professionals to drug dealers and users.



33 other states have exempted veterinarians from participating in the PDMP.

States that exempt veterinarians from PDMP requirements.



- 10 states formerly mandated veterinary reporting but repealed their inclusion due to the problems experienced, lack of identified benefits to veterinary participation, and demonstration that exempting veterinarians does not decrease protection of public health and safety. These states are Alabama, Arizona, Idaho, Illinois, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, New Mexico, West Virginia (2021), and Wyoming.
- Missouri was the last state to implement a PDMP in 2021 and did not require veterinarians to participate.

Veterinarians are not a source of the drugs of primary concern.

Trends in U.S. Drug Overdose Deaths (1999 - 2021) https://www.hhs.gov/overdose-prevention/ 80,000 70,000 60,000 **Fotal Deaths** 50,000 40,000 30.000 20,000 10,000 2001 2003 2005 2007 2009 2011 2013 2015 2017 2019 2021 1990



Synthetic opioids excluding methadone overdose deaths increased-fold

Psychostimulants with abuse potential (primarily methamphetamine) overdose deaths increased **59-fold**

Cocaine increased 6.4-fold

Rx opioid deaths increased 4.9-fold

Opioid medications prescribed by veterinarians (728,223) were **only 0.34%** of the total opioid prescriptions (214 million) that were dispensed by U.S. retail pharmacies in 2017.



The unwieldy PDMP leads to costly and burdensome investigations of veterinarians by the Alaska Board of Veterinary Examiners.

Costly and onerous requirements for monitoring veterinarians have been placed on the board of veterinary examiners (BOVE).



BOVE Investigative Costs for Veterinarians



Licensing fees for veterinarians will likely increase as a result of the cost to conduct needless investigations of veterinarians with DEA licenses. The cost of doing business will be passed on to consumers.

Alaska has the highest licensing fees for veterinarians in the country.

Licensing fees are expected to increase in the State of Alaska as a result of the cost of PDMP investigations.

Charging veterinarians for the cost of enforcement of an unusable PDMP system, and regulations with which they are unable to comply, is not responsible stewardship of resources.

AKVMA and BOVE ASK FOR SUPPORT of SB 51



An Exemption of Veterinarians from participating in the PDMP:

Will allow veterinarians to provide the appropriate, timely, medical management appropriate for each patient.

Will increase the efficiency of the PDMP system for its intended purpose, by allowing for accurate interpretation of data and trends in human medicine.

Will allow continued judicious use of controlled substances that is already practiced by veterinarians.

Will eliminate unnecessary and disproportionate business burdens for veterinarians.

Thank you for your time and attention!



What questions can we answer?