

Fiscal Note

State of Alaska
2022 Legislative Session

Bill Version:	CSSB 182(JUD)
Fiscal Note Number:	1
(S) Publish Date:	3/4/2022

Identifier: SB182-LAW-CRIM-CJL-2-11-22
 Title: INTERFERENCE WITH EMERGENCY SERVICES
 Sponsor: WILSON
 Requester: (S) Judiciary

Department: Department of Law
 Appropriation: Criminal Division
 Allocation: Criminal Justice Litigation
 OMB Component Number: 2202

Expenditures/Revenues

Note: Amounts do not include inflation unless otherwise noted below. (Thousands of Dollars)

	FY2023	Included in	Out-Year Cost Estimates				
	Appropriation Requested	Governor's FY2023 Request	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	FY 2028
OPERATING EXPENDITURES	FY 2023	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	FY 2028
Personal Services							
Travel							
Services							
Commodities							
Capital Outlay							
Grants & Benefits							
Miscellaneous							
Total Operating	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Fund Source (Operating Only)

None							
Total	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Positions

Full-time							
Part-time							
Temporary							

Change in Revenues

None							
Total	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Estimated SUPPLEMENTAL (FY2022) cost: 0.0 *(separate supplemental appropriation required)*

Estimated CAPITAL (FY2023) cost: 0.0 *(separate capital appropriation required)*

Does the bill create or modify a new fund or account? No
(Supplemental/Capital/New Fund - discuss reasons and fund source(s) in analysis section)

ASSOCIATED REGULATIONS

Does the bill direct, or will the bill result in, regulation changes adopted by your agency? No
 If yes, by what date are the regulations to be adopted, amended or repealed?

Why this fiscal note differs from previous version/comments:

Not applicable, initial version.

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Division:	Administrative Services Division	Date:	02/11/2022
Approved By:	Amber LeBlanc, Administrative Services Director	Date:	02/11/22
Agency:	Office of Management and Budget		

FISCAL NOTE ANALYSIS

STATE OF ALASKA
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Analysis

This bill establishes the crime of interference with emergency communications. A person is guilty of interfering with emergency communications if they knowingly make repeated calls to an emergency communications center to report an incident that has already been reported and continues to call after being asked not to, makes repeated calls to an emergency communications center knowing that there is not an emergency, uses obscene language with an operator with the intent to intimate or harass the person, or, with the intent to disrupt the line of communication, the person interferes with or otherwise disrupts communications between an emergency communications worker and emergency personnel.

Interference with emergency communications is a class A misdemeanor. However, if the person has been convicted on two previous occasions within the preceding 10 years or the interference with the communication results in the serious physical injury or death of another person, interference with emergency communications is a class C felony.

It is unclear how many additional cases would be referred to the Criminal Division for prosecution if this bill were to pass. However, the targeted conduct is very specific and, therefore, the department does not anticipate that the potential increase in cases will have a fiscal impact.