

Bering Sea Conditions

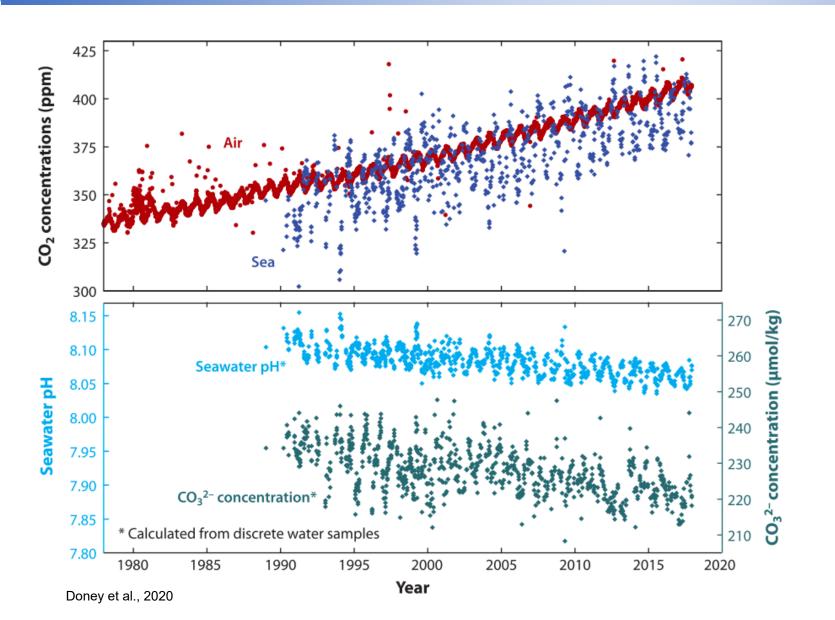


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Ocean Acidification (OA)



Increase in atmospheric CO₂



Ocean absorbs more carbon



Reduced pH and [CO₃]²-

2

Ocean Acidification (OA)









Photo credit: David Liittschwager/National Geographic Stock.

More difficult for calcifying organisms to build their shells

In addition to pH, often look at the aragonite saturation state (Ω_{arag})

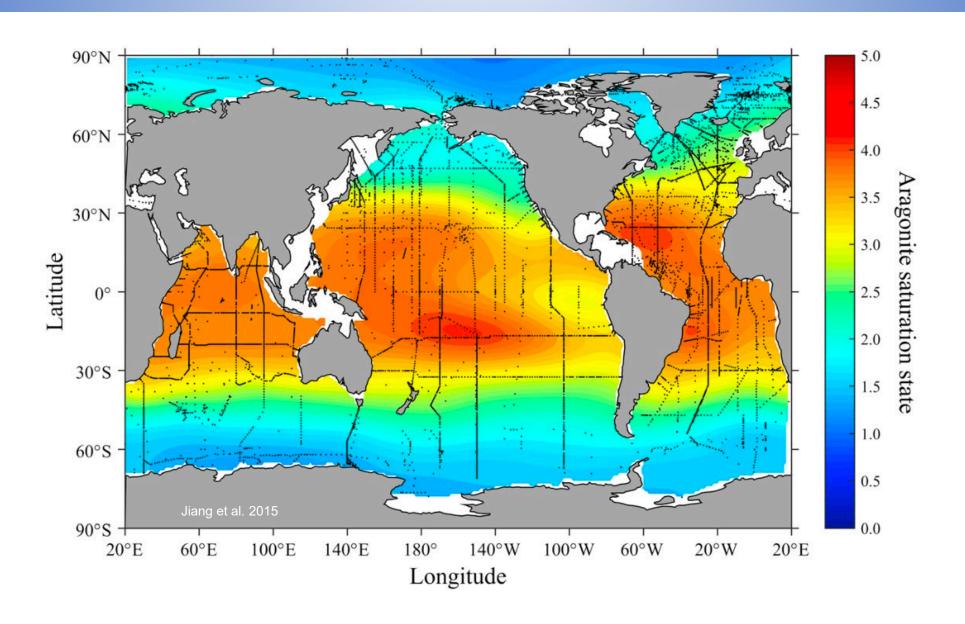
 Ω_{arag} > 1: Shell building favorable

 Ω_{araq} < 1: Shell building unfavorable

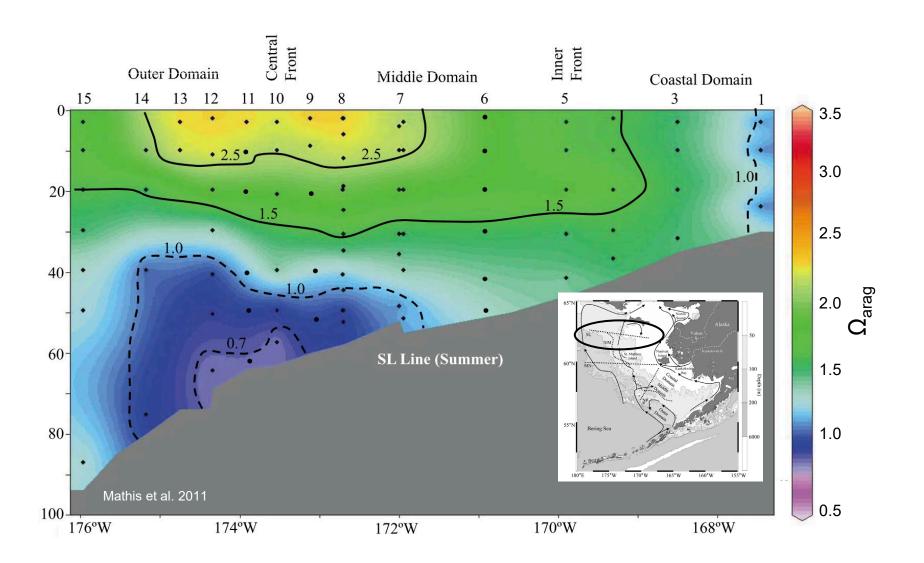
Biological Impact of Ocean Acidification in the Canadian Arctic: Widespread Severe Pteropod Shell Dissolution in Amundsen Gulf

Andrea Niemi^{1*}, Nina Bednaršek^{2,3}, Christine Michel¹, Richard A. Feely⁴, William Williams⁵, Kumiko Azetsu-Scott⁶, Wojciech Walkusz¹ and James D. Reist¹

Alaskan waters are naturally high in CO₂

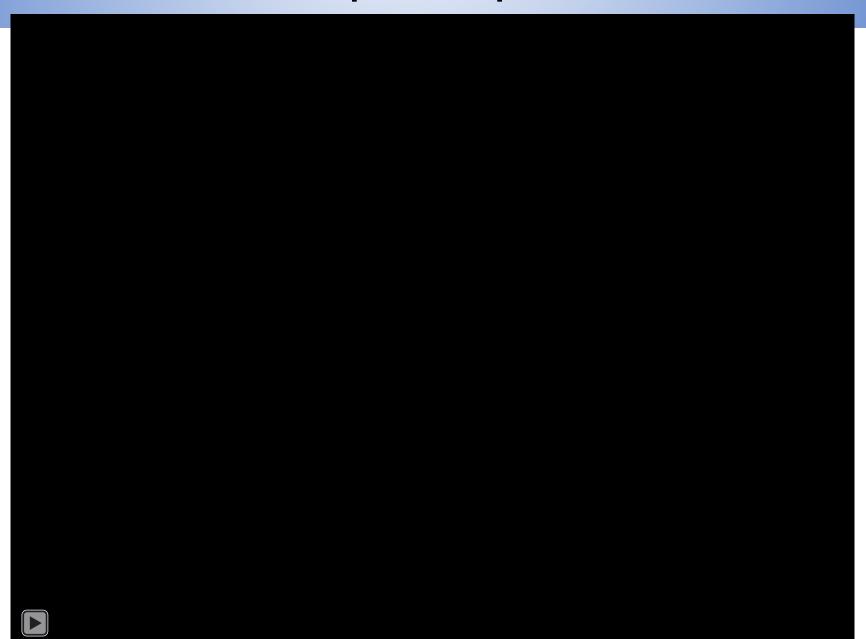


Bottom waters are already seasonally corrosive

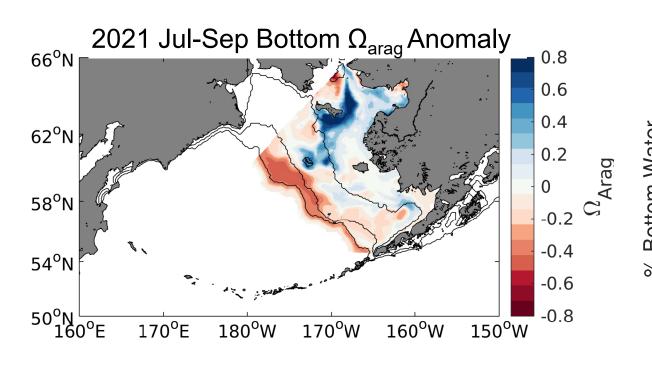


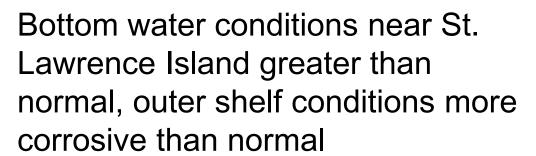
In addition to baseline conditions shown at left, we're expecting growth in spatial extent, duration, and intensity of these conditions due to OA

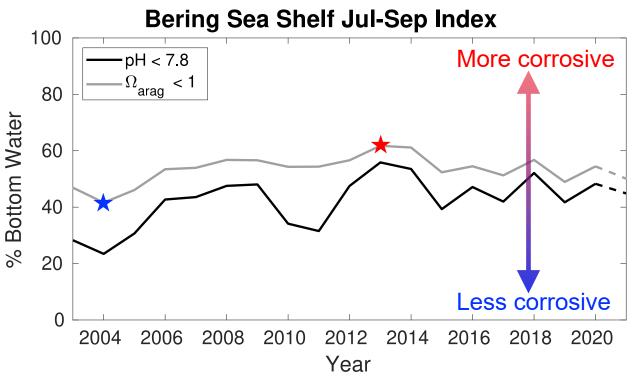
Use data to develop computational models



2021 In Review

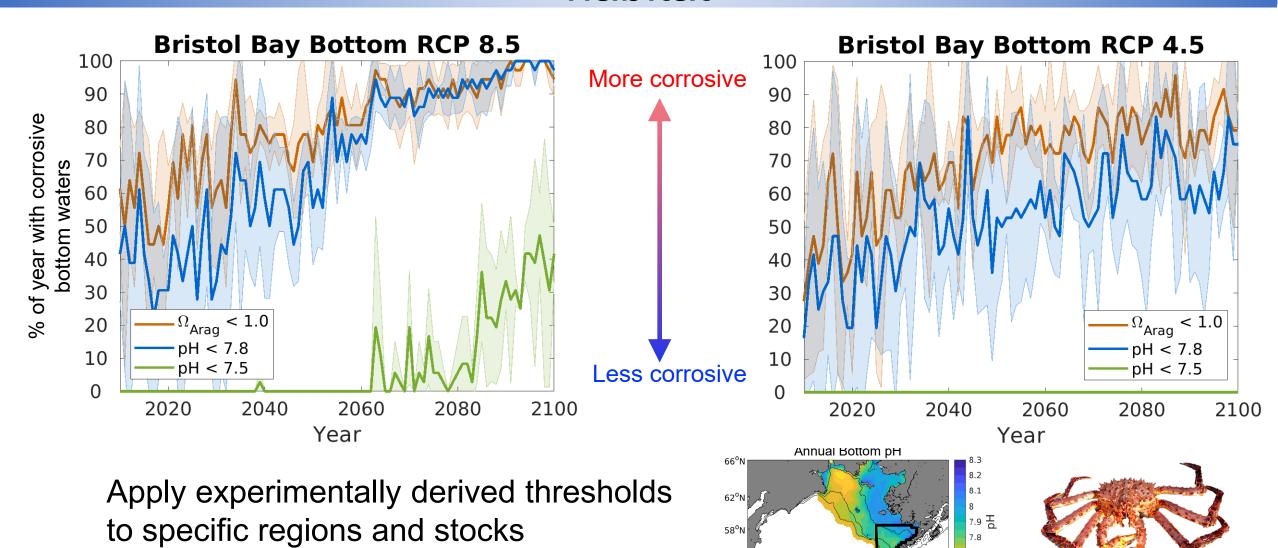






Both indices are slightly improved compared to 2020 and are near the 2003-2020 average

Projected changes to Bristol Bay red king crab suitable habitat



Key Stakeholders and Users

Connected with a wide range of federal, academic, commercial, and community partners!



Presentations from Crab/Climate Mini Workshop for Crabbers















